CS435/Spring 2014/Handout: LZW

LZW encoding

This handout describes a simplified version of LZW (Lempel-Ziv-Welch) encoding, a common data compression method.

The input consists of a sequence of integers in the range 0–255, representing a stream of 8-bit characters. The output consists of a sequence of integers in the range 0-4095, corresponding to codes. The encoder maintains a table with slots indexed 0–4095. Each entry is a list of integers. Initially slots 0–257 contain a list containing only the index. Indices 0–255 correspond to single 8-bit characters, 256 is reserved for the code CLEAR_TABLE, and 257 for the code EOD (end of data).

The encoder works as follows:

- 1. Accumulate the longest sequence of one or more input characters matching a sequence already present in the table.
- 2. Output the code corresponding to that sequence.
- 3. Construct a new table entry for the first unused code. Its value is the sequence found in step 1 followed by the next input character.

When the table is full (and possibly before), the encoder issues a CLEAR_TABLE code, which resets the encoding table. When input is complete the encoder issues an EOD code.

Example

Suppose the input sequence is

45 45 45 45 45 65 45 45 45 66

The output sequence will be

256 45 258 258 65 259 66 257

generated as follows:

${\bf Input}$	Output code	\mathbf{Code}	Sequence represented
sequence		added	by new code
-	256 (CLEAR_TABLE)		
45	45	258	45 45
$45 \ 45$	258	259	45 45 45
$45 \ 45$	258	260	45 45 65
65	65	261	65 45
$45\ 45\ 45$	259	262	45 45 45 66
66	66		
	$257 \; (\mathtt{EOD})$		

LZW decoding

The decoder works similarly:

- 1. If the current free position is greater than 258, append the first element of the current sequence to the last table entry.
- 2. Output the sequence corresponding to the current code.
- 3. Make a new table entry consisting of a copy of the current sequence.

Here is a trace of decoding the previous example:

Input	Code modified	Sequence	Output
256			
45	258	45	45
258	258	45 45	45 45
	259	$45 \ 45$	
258	259	45 45 45	45 45
	260	$45 \ 45$	
65	260	45 45 65	65
	261	65	
259	261	65 45	45 45 45
	262	$45\ 45\ 45$	
66	262	45 45 45 66	66
	263	66	
257			