

Team 750C Nothing But Net Code Reference
Competition_2016-02-06_BCIT

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1 Class Index

1.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

joyState	
Representation of the operator controller's instructions at a point in time	3
MotorGroup	
Represents a logical motor grouping, to be used when testing motors	5

2 File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

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File for important motor functions	87
src/opcontrol.c	
File for operator control code	88
src/sensors.c	
File for important sensor declarations and functions	92

3 Class Documentation

3.1 joyState Struct Reference

Representation of the operator controller's instructions at a point in time.

```
#include <autonrecorder.h>
```

Public Attributes

- signed char [spd](#)
- signed char [turn](#)
- signed char [sht](#)
- signed char [intk](#)
- signed char [trans](#)
- signed char [dep](#)

3.1.1 Detailed Description

Representation of the operator controller's instructions at a point in time.

This state represents the values of the motors at a point in time. These instructions are played back at the rate polled to send the same commands the operator did.

Definition at line 67 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

3.1.2 Member Data Documentation

3.1.2.1 signed char joyState::dep

Speed of the lift deployment motor.

Definition at line 96 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

3.1.2.2 signed char joyState::intk

Speed of the intake motor.

Definition at line 86 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

3.1.2.3 signed char joyState::sht

Speed of the shooter motors.

Definition at line 81 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

3.1.2.4 signed char joyState::spd

Forward/backward speed of the drive motors.

Definition at line 71 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

3.1.2.5 signed char joyState::trans

Speed of the transmission motor.

Definition at line 91 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

3.1.2.6 signed char joyState::turn

Turning speed of the drive motors.

Definition at line 76 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [include/autonrecorder.h](#)

3.2 MotorGroup Struct Reference

Represents a logical motor grouping, to be used when testing motors.

```
#include <lcddiag.h>
```

Public Attributes

- bool [motor](#) [11]
- char [name](#) [LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1]

3.2.1 Detailed Description

Represents a logical motor grouping, to be used when testing motors.

Has flags for each motor that belongs to the group, as well as a 16-character name.

Definition at line [143](#) of file [lcddiag.h](#).

3.2.2 Member Data Documentation

3.2.2.1 bool MotorGroup::motor[11]

Stores if each motor is contained in this group or not.

This array contains 11 values. Element 0 is ignored. Elements 1-10 represent the respective motor ports.

Definition at line [149](#) of file [lcddiag.h](#).

3.2.2.2 char MotorGroup::name[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1]

The name of the motor group.

The name can be a maximum of 16 characters. The buffer is 17 characters to hold the null terminator.

Definition at line [157](#) of file [lcddiag.h](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [include/lcddiag.h](#)

4 File Documentation

4.1 include/autonrecorder.h File Reference

Header file for autonomous recorder functions and definitions.

Classes

- struct [joyState](#)

Representation of the operator controller's instructions at a point in time.

Macros

- `#define` [AUTON_TIME](#) 15
- `#define` [PROGSKILL_TIME](#) 60
- `#define` [JOY_POLL_FREQ](#) 50
- `#define` [MAX_AUTON_SLOTS](#) 10
- `#define` [AUTON_FILENAME_MAX_LENGTH](#) 8
- `#define` [AUTON_POT](#) 1
- `#define` [AUTON_BUTTON](#) 9
- `#define` [AUTON_POT_LOW](#) 0
- `#define` [AUTON_POT_HIGH](#) 4095

Typedefs

- `typedef struct` [joyState](#) [joyState](#)

Representation of the operator controller's instructions at a point in time.

Functions

- void [initAutonRecorder](#) ()
- void [recordAuton](#) ()
- void [saveAuton](#) ()
- void [loadAuton](#) ()
- void [playbackAuton](#) ()

Variables

- [joyState](#) [states](#) [[AUTON_TIME](#) *[JOY_POLL_FREQ](#)]
- int [autonLoaded](#)
- int [progSkills](#)

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Header file for autonomous recorder functions and definitions.

This file contains definitions and function declarations for the autonomous recorder. These definitions provide fundamental constants and classes that the autonomous recorder uses. Additionally, this file defines the autonomous selection potentiometer and button. It also provides access to the autonomous recorder functions from other files. This allows for the recorder to be accessed during operator control.

Definition in file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.1.2.1 `#define AUTON_BUTTON 9`

Button for confirming selection of an autonomous routine.

Definition at line 49 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.2.2 `#define AUTON_FILENAME_MAX_LENGTH 8`

Maximum file name length of autonomous routine files.

Definition at line 39 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.2.3 `#define AUTON_POT 1`

Potentiometer for selecting which autonomous routine to load.

Definition at line 44 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.2.4 `#define AUTON_POT_HIGH 4095`

Upper limit of the autonomous routine selector potentiometer.

Definition at line 59 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.2.5 `#define AUTON_POT_LOW 0`

Lower limit of the autonomous routine selector potentiometer.

Definition at line 54 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.2.6 `#define AUTON_TIME 15`

Number of seconds the autonomous period lasts.

Definition at line 17 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.2.7 `#define JOY_POLL_FREQ 50`

Frequency to poll the joystick for recording. The joystick values will be recorded this many times per second. The joystick updates every 20 milliseconds (50 times per second).

Definition at line 29 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.2.8 `#define MAX_AUTON_SLOTS 10`

Maximum number of autonomous routines to be stored.

Definition at line 34 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.2.9 `#define PROGSKILL_TIME 60`

Number of seconds the programming skills challenge lasts.

Definition at line 22 of file [autonrecorder.h](#).

4.1.3 Typedef Documentation

4.1.3.1 `typedef struct joyState joyState`

Representation of the operator controller's instructions at a point in time.

This state represents the values of the motors at a point in time. These instructions are played back at the rate polled to send the same commands the operator did.

4.1.4 Function Documentation

4.1.4.1 `void initAutonRecorder ()`

Initializes autonomous recorder by setting joystick states array to zero.

Initializes autonomous recorder by setting states array to zero.

Definition at line 74 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.1.4.2 `void loadAuton ()`

Loads autonomous file contents into states array for playback.

Loads autonomous file contents into states array.

Definition at line 218 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.1.4.3 `void playbackAuton ()`

Replays autonomous based on loaded values in states array.

Definition at line 317 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.1.4.4 `void recordAuton ()`

Records driver joystick values into states array for saving.

Records driver joystick values into states array.

Definition at line 90 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.1.4.5 void saveAuton ()

Saves contents of the states array to a file in flash memory for later playback.

Saves contents of the states array to a file in flash memory.

Definition at line 135 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.1.5 Variable Documentation

4.1.5.1 int autonLoaded

Slot number of currently loaded autonomous routine.

Definition at line 24 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.1.5.2 int progSkills

Section number (0-3) of currently loaded programming skills routine. Since programming skills lasts for 60 seconds, it can be represented by 4 standard autonomous recordings.

Section number (0-3) of currently loaded programming skills routine.

Definition at line 29 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.1.5.3 joyState states[AUTON_TIME *JOY_POLL_FREQ]

Stores the joystick state variables for moving the robot. Used for recording and playing back autonomous routines.

Definition at line 19 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.2 autonrecorder.h

```

00001
00011 #ifndef AUTONRECORDER_H
00012 #define AUTONRECORDER_H
00013
00017 #define AUTON_TIME 15
00018
00022 #define PROGSKILL_TIME 60
00023
00029 #define JOY_POLL_FREQ 50
00030
00034 #define MAX_AUTON_SLOTS 10
00035
00039 #define AUTON_FILENAME_MAX_LENGTH 8
00040
00044 #define AUTON_POT 1
00045
00049 #define AUTON_BUTTON 9
00050
00054 #define AUTON_POT_LOW 0
00055
00059 #define AUTON_POT_HIGH 4095
00060
00067 typedef struct joyState {
00071     signed char spd;

```

```

00072
00076     signed char turn;
00077
00081     signed char sht;
00082
00086     signed char intk;
00087
00091     signed char trans;
00092
00096     signed char dep;
00097 } joyState;
00098
00103 extern joyState states[AUTON_TIME*JOY_POLL_FREQ];
00104
00108 extern int autonLoaded;
00109
00114 extern int progSkills;
00115
00119 void initAutonRecorder();
00120
00124 void recordAuton();
00125
00129 void saveAuton();
00130
00134 void loadAuton();
00135
00139 void playbackAuton();
00140
00141 #endif
00142

```

4.3 include/autonroutines.h File Reference

Header file for hard-coded autonomous routines.

Macros

- #define [CLOSE_GOAL_ANGLE](#) 15
- #define [DISTANCE_TO_OTHER_SIDE](#) 100

Functions

- void [runHardCodedProgrammingSkills](#) ()

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Header file for hard-coded autonomous routines.

This file contains function declarations and definitions for use in the hard-coded autonomous routines. These functions can be called from other files to run hard-coded autonomous routines.

Definition in file [autonroutines.h](#).

4.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.3.2.1 #define CLOSE_GOAL_ANGLE 15

Angle that the robot must be from the vertical to shoot into the close goal while still being able to turn without hitting the wall.

Definition at line 14 of file [autonroutines.h](#).

4.3.2.2 #define DISTANCE_TO_OTHER_SIDE 100

Distance that the robot must travel to reach the other tile to shoot preloads.

Definition at line 19 of file [autonroutines.h](#).

4.3.3 Function Documentation

4.3.3.1 void runHardCodedProgrammingSkills ()

Runs a pre-written programming skills routine using sensors rather than the autonomous recorder.

Runs a programming skills routine using sensors rather than the autonomous recorder. Starts in the left side of the field shooting into the closer goal.

Definition at line 13 of file [autonroutines.c](#).

4.4 autonroutines.h

```
00001
00008 #ifndef AUTONROUTINES_H
00009 #define AUTONROUTINES_H
00010
00014 #define CLOSE_GOAL_ANGLE 15
00015
00019 #define DISTANCE_TO_OTHER_SIDE 100
00020
00024 void runHardCodedProgrammingSkills();
00025
00026 #endif
00027
```

4.5 include/bitwise.h File Reference

Header file for bitwise functions and operations.

Macros

- #define [bitRead](#)(value, bit) (((value) >> (bit)) & 0x01)
- #define [bitSet](#)(value, bit) ((value) |= (1UL << (bit)))
- #define [bitClear](#)(value, bit) ((value) &= ~(1UL << (bit)))
- #define [bitWrite](#)(value, bit, bitvalue) (bitvalue ? [bitSet](#)(value, bit) : [bitClear](#)(value, bit))

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Header file for bitwise functions and operations.

This file provides macro definitions for bitwise manipulation of variables. These definitions provide a more human-readable way to manipulate individual bits.

Definition in file [bitwise.h](#).

4.5.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.5.2.1 `#define bitClear(value, bit) ((value) &= ~(1UL << (bit)))`

Clears the value of a bit in a variable to 0.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	the variable to clear in
<i>bit</i>	the bit number to clear (0 being the rightmost)

Definition at line 35 of file [bitwise.h](#).

4.5.2.2 `#define bitRead(value, bit) (((value) >> (bit)) & 0x01)`

Reads the value of a bit (1 or 0) from a variable.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	the variable to read from
<i>bit</i>	the bit number to read (0 being the rightmost)

Returns

the value of the bit (1 or 0)

Definition at line 19 of file [bitwise.h](#).

4.5.2.3 `#define bitSet(value, bit) ((value) |= (1UL << (bit)))`

Sets the value of a bit in a variable to 1.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	the variable to set in
<i>bit</i>	the bit number to set (0 being the rightmost)

Definition at line 27 of file [bitwise.h](#).

4.5.2.4 `#define bitWrite(value, bit, bitvalue) (bitvalue ? bitSet(value, bit) : bitClear(value, bit))`

Writes a value (1 or 0) to a bit in a variable.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	the variable to write in
<i>bit</i>	the bit number to set (0 being the rightmost)
<i>bitvalue</i>	the value to write (1 or 0)

Definition at line 44 of file [bitwise.h](#).

4.6 bitwise.h

```

00001
00008 #ifndef BITWISE_H_
00009 #define BITWISE_H_
00010
00019 #define bitRead(value, bit) (((value) >> (bit)) & 0x01)
00020
00027 #define bitSet(value, bit) ((value) |= (1UL << (bit)))
00028
00035 #define bitClear(value, bit) ((value) &= ~(1UL << (bit)))
00036
00044 #define bitWrite(value, bit, bitvalue) (bitvalue ? bitSet(value, bit) : bitClear(value, bit))
00045
00046 #endif
00047

```

4.7 include/constants.h File Reference

Header file for mathematical constants.

Macros

- `#define MATH_PI` 3.141592653589793238462643383279
- `#define MATH_E` 2.718281828459045
- `#define PI` 3.1415926535897932384626433832795
- `#define HALF_PI` 1.5707963267948966192313216916398
- `#define TWO_PI` 6.283185307179586476925286766559
- `#define TAU` 6.283185307179586476925286766559
- `#define DEG_TO_RAD` 0.017453292519943295769236907684886
- `#define RAD_TO_DEG` 57.295779513082320876798154814105
- `#define ROTATION_DEG` 360
- `#define ROTATION_RAD TWO_PI`

4.7.1 Detailed Description

Header file for mathematical constants.

This file provides constant definitions for various mathematical values that appear frequently. These definitions provide a more human-readable way to do math operations on variables.

Definition in file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.7.2.1 `#define DEG_TO_RAD 0.017453292519943295769236907684886`

Conversion factor from degrees to radians.

Definition at line 44 of file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2.2 `#define HALF_PI 1.5707963267948966192313216916398`

Half the value of pi.

Definition at line 29 of file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2.3 `#define MATH_E 2.718281828459045`

The mathematical constant e (Euler's Number).

Definition at line 19 of file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2.4 `#define MATH_PI 3.141592653589793238462643383279`

The mathematical constant pi.

Definition at line 14 of file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2.5 `#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626433832795`

The mathematical constant pi.

Definition at line 24 of file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2.6 `#define RAD_TO_DEG 57.295779513082320876798154814105`

Conversion factor from radians to degrees.

Definition at line 49 of file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2.7 #define ROTATION_DEG 360

Amount of degrees in a circle.

Definition at line 54 of file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2.8 #define ROTATION_RAD TWO_PI

Amount of radians in a circle.

Definition at line 59 of file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2.9 #define TAU 6.283185307179586476925286766559

The mathematical constant tau (two times the value of pi).

Definition at line 39 of file [constants.h](#).

4.7.2.10 #define TWO_PI 6.283185307179586476925286766559

Two times the value of pi (the mathematical constant tau).

Definition at line 34 of file [constants.h](#).

4.8 constants.h

```
00001
00008 #ifndef CONSTANTS_H_
00009 #define CONSTANTS_H_
00010
00014 #define MATH_PI 3.141592653589793238462643383279
00015
00019 #define MATH_E 2.718281828459045
00020
00024 #define PI 3.1415926535897932384626433832795
00025
00029 #define HALF_PI 1.5707963267948966192313216916398
00030
00034 #define TWO_PI 6.283185307179586476925286766559
00035
00039 #define TAU 6.283185307179586476925286766559
00040
00044 #define DEG_TO_RAD 0.017453292519943295769236907684886
00045
00049 #define RAD_TO_DEG 57.295779513082320876798154814105
00050
00054 #define ROTATION_DEG 360
00055
00059 #define ROTATION_RAD TWO_PI
00060
00061 #endif
00062
```

4.9 include/friendly.h File Reference

Header file for human-readable definitions.

Macros

- `#define PRESSED LOW`
- `#define UNPRESSED HIGH`
- `#define UNRELEASED LOW`
- `#define RELEASED HIGH`

4.9.1 Detailed Description

Header file for human-readable definitions.

This file provides constant definitions for various sensory states that appear frequently. Since the button pressed state is represented by an unintuitive LOW value, these constants create definitions for the pressed and unpressed states of a button.

Definition in file [friendly.h](#).

4.9.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.9.2.1 `#define PRESSED LOW`

More readable definition for button pressed/unreleased state.

Definition at line 15 of file [friendly.h](#).

4.9.2.2 `#define RELEASED HIGH`

More readable definition for button released/unpressed state.

Definition at line 30 of file [friendly.h](#).

4.9.2.3 `#define UNPRESSED HIGH`

More readable definition for button unpressed/released state.

Definition at line 20 of file [friendly.h](#).

4.9.2.4 `#define UNRELEASED LOW`

More readable definition for button unreleased/pressed state.

Definition at line 25 of file [friendly.h](#).

4.10 friendly.h

```
00001
00009 #ifndef FRIENDLY_H_
00010 #define FRIENDLY_H_
00011
00015 #define PRESSED LOW
00016
00020 #define UNPRESSED HIGH
00021
00025 #define UNRELEASED LOW
00026
00030 #define RELEASED HIGH
00031
00032 #endif
00033
```

4.11 include/lcddiag.h File Reference

Header file for LCD diagnostic menu functions and definitions.

Classes

- struct [MotorGroup](#)
Represents a logical motor grouping, to be used when testing motors.

Macros

- #define [LCD_MENU_COUNT](#) 9
- #define [MENU_MOTOR](#) 0
- #define [MENU_MOTOR_MGMT](#) 1
- #define [MENU_BATTERY](#) 2
- #define [MENU_CONNECTION](#) 3
- #define [MENU_ROBOT](#) 4
- #define [MENU_AUTON](#) 5
- #define [MENU_BACKLIGHT](#) 6
- #define [MENU_SCREENSAVER](#) 7
- #define [MENU_CREDITS](#) 8

Typedefs

- typedef struct [MotorGroup](#) [MotorGroup](#)
Represents a logical motor grouping, to be used when testing motors.

Functions

- bool [lcdButtonPressed](#) (int btn)
- bool [lcdAnyButtonPressed](#) ()
- void [initGroups](#) ()
- char * [typeString](#) (char *dest)
- void [formatLCDDisplay](#) (void *ignore)

Variables

- char [menuChoices](#) [LCD_MENU_COUNT][LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1]
- TaskHandle [lcdDiagTask](#)
- [MotorGroup](#) * [groups](#)
- int [numgroups](#)
- bool [disableOpControl](#)

4.11.1 Detailed Description

Header file for LCD diagnostic menu functions and definitions.

This file contains function prototypes and definitions for the LCD diagnostic menu. The menu provides live debugging and testing functionality. It provides the following functions:

- Motor testing functionality (individual and group)
- Motor group management
- Battery voltage information
- Joystick connection status
- Robot sensory data
- Autonomous recorder status
- LCD backlight toggle
- Screensaver that displays during operator control
- Credits menu

This file maintains constants and internal states regarding the menu's functionality.

The idea behind this was inspired by Team 750W and Akram Sandhu. Without them, this project would not be possible.

Note: the implementation of this feature is completely different between the two teams. No code was reused from their implementation of the LCD diagnostic menu.

Definition in file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.11.2.1 #define LCD_MENU_COUNT 9

The number of top-level menus available in the LCD diagnostic menu system.

Definition at line 78 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2.2 #define MENU_AUTON 5

Menu ID number of the autonomous recorder status indicator.

Definition at line 108 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2.3 #define MENU_BACKLIGHT 6

Menu ID number of the backlight toggle.

Definition at line 113 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2.4 #define MENU_BATTERY 2

Menu ID number of the battery voltage readout.

Definition at line 93 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2.5 #define MENU_CONNECTION 3

Menu ID number of the joystick connection state indicator.

Definition at line 98 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2.6 #define MENU_CREDITS 8

Menu ID number of the credits menu. Thanks again to Team 750W and Akram Sandhu.

Definition at line 124 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2.7 #define MENU_MOTOR 0

Menu ID number of the motor testing menu.

Definition at line 83 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2.8 #define MENU_MOTOR_MGMT 1

Menu ID number of the motor group manager.

Definition at line 88 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2.9 #define MENU_ROBOT 4

Menu ID number of the robot sensory state indicator.

Definition at line 103 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.2.10 `#define MENU_SCREENSAVER 7`

Menu ID number of the LCD message screensaver.

Definition at line 118 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.3 Typedef Documentation

4.11.3.1 `typedef struct MotorGroup MotorGroup`

Represents a logical motor grouping, to be used when testing motors.

Has flags for each motor that belongs to the group, as well as a 16-character name.

4.11.4 Function Documentation

4.11.4.1 `void formatLCDDisplay (void * ignore)`

Runs the LCD diagnostic menu task. The task starts in screensaver mode. Pressing any button cancels screensaver mode and enters the selection menu.

Parameters

<i>ignore</i>	does nothing - required by task definition
---------------	--

Runs the LCD diagnostic menu task. This thread executes concurrently with the operator control task. The LCD diagnostic menu starts in screensaver mode. Pressing any button cancels screensaver mode and enters the selection menu.

Parameters

<i>ignore</i>	does nothing - required by task definition
---------------	--

Definition at line 1298 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.11.4.2 `void initGroups ()`

Initializes the motor groups array to contain the standard set of groups. This includes: Left Drive, Right Drive, Full Drive, Nautilus Shooter, Intake, and Transmission.

Definition at line 230 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.11.4.3 `bool lcdAnyButtonPressed () [inline]`

Checks if the any LCD button is pressed. This function waits for the button to be released before terminating. Due to this, it can only be called once per loop iteration. Its value should be stored in a boolean variable.

Returns

true if pressed, false if not

Definition at line 64 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.4.4 bool lcdButtonPressed (int *btn*) [inline]

Checks if the specified LCD button is pressed. This function's valid parameters are:

- LCD_BTN_LEFT
- LCD_BTN_RIGHT
- LCD_BTN_CENTER.

This function waits for the specified button to be released before terminating. Due to this, it can only be called once per loop iteration. Its value should be stored in a boolean variable.

Parameters

<i>btn</i>	the button to check
------------	---------------------

Returns

true if pressed, false if not

Definition at line 44 of file [lcddiag.h](#).

4.11.4.5 char* typeString (char * *dest*)

Uses the LCD and the autonomous potentiometer to type a string. This is used to name motor groups and autonomous recordings. The maximum length of string this function can type is 16 characters.

Parameters

<i>dest</i>	a buffer to store the typed string (must be at least 17 characters to hold null terminator)
-------------	---

Returns

a pointer to the buffer

Definition at line 81 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.11.5 Variable Documentation

4.11.5.1 bool disableOpControl

Disables operator control loop during motor testing. Since running motors is not thread safe, it is necessary to stop operator control of the motors during testing.

Definition at line 42 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.11.5.2 MotorGroup* groups

Array that stores the motor groups. As this is a dynamic array, creating and editing new motor groups is possible. These motor groups are added to the array via the Motor Group Management menu.

Definition at line 49 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.11.5.3 TaskHandle lcdDiagTask

Object representing the LCD diagnostic menu task. The LCD diagnostic menu runs in a separate thread from the operator control code. The TaskHandle allows for pausing and resuming of the LCD diagnostic menu during autonomous recording.

Definition at line 31 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.11.5.4 char menuChoices[LCD_MENU_COUNT][LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1]

Stores the top-level menu names.

Definition at line 60 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.11.5.5 int numgroups

Stores the number of motor groups. This is functionally identical to the size of the motor group array.

Definition at line 55 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.12 lcddiag.h

```

00001
00026 #ifndef LCDDIAG_H
00027 #define LCDDIAG_H
00028
00044 inline bool lcdButtonPressed(int btn){
00045     if(lcdReadButtons(LCD_PORT) & btn){
00046         do{
00047             delay(20);
00048         } while (lcdReadButtons(LCD_PORT) & btn);
00049         return true;
00050     } else {
00051         return false;
00052     }
00053     return true;
00054 }
00055
00064 inline bool lcdAnyButtonPressed(){
00065     if(lcdReadButtons(LCD_PORT)){
00066         do{
00067             delay(20);

```

```

00068         } while (lcdReadButtons(LCD_PORT));
00069     } else {
00070         return false;
00071     }
00072     return true;
00073 }
00074
00078 #define LCD_MENU_COUNT 9
00079
00083 #define MENU_MOTOR 0
00084
00088 #define MENU_MOTOR_MGMT 1
00089
00093 #define MENU_BATTERY 2
00094
00098 #define MENU_CONNECTION 3
00099
00103 #define MENU_ROBOT 4
00104
00108 #define MENU_AUTON 5
00109
00113 #define MENU_BACKLIGHT 6
00114
00118 #define MENU_SCREENSAVER 7
00119
00124 #define MENU_CREDITS 8
00125
00129 extern char menuChoices[LCD_MENU_COUNT][
    LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00130
00136 extern TaskHandle lcdDiagTask;
00137
00143 typedef struct MotorGroup {
00149     bool motor[11];
00150
00157     char name[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00158 } MotorGroup;
00159
00165 extern MotorGroup *groups;
00166
00171 extern int numgroups;
00172
00177 extern bool disableOpControl;
00178
00183 void initGroups();
00184
00194 char* typeString(char* dest);
00195
00203 void formatLCDDisplay(void* ignore);
00204
00205 #endif
00206

```

4.13 include/lcdmsg.h File Reference

Header file for LCD message code.

Macros

- #define `LCD_PORT` `uart1`
- #define `LCD_750C_TITLE` `" $$$ 750C $$$ "`
- #define `LCD_MESSAGE_COUNT` `48`
- #define `LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH` `16`

Functions

- void `randlcdmsg` (FILE *lcdport, int line)
- void `screensaver` (FILE *lcdport)

Variables

- char * [lcdmsg](#) []

4.13.1 Detailed Description

Header file for LCD message code.

This file contains definitions for the LCD screensaver messages. This file also defines the LCD port. These messages display randomly while the LCD diagnostic menu is set to the screensaver mode. These messages are mainly inside jokes among the team.

Definition in file [lcdmsg.h](#).

4.13.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.13.2.1 `#define LCD_750C_TITLE " $$$ 750C $$$ "`

Defines title string for LCD to display.

Definition at line [21](#) of file [lcdmsg.h](#).

4.13.2.2 `#define LCD_MESSAGE_COUNT 48`

Defines the amount of LCD messages in the master list.

Definition at line [26](#) of file [lcdmsg.h](#).

4.13.2.3 `#define LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH 16`

Defines the max length for LCD messages.

Definition at line [31](#) of file [lcdmsg.h](#).

4.13.2.4 `#define LCD_PORT uart1`

Defines the port the LCD is plugged into.

Definition at line [16](#) of file [lcdmsg.h](#).

4.13.3 Function Documentation

4.13.3.1 `void randlcdmsg (FILE * lcdport, int line)`

Displays a random LCD message from the master list.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the port the LCD is connected to
<i>line</i>	the line to display the message on

Definition at line 71 of file [lcdmsg.c](#).

4.13.3.2 void screensaver (FILE * lcdport)

Formats the LCD by displaying 750C title and message.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the port the LCD is connected to
----------------	----------------------------------

Definition at line 90 of file [lcdmsg.c](#).

4.13.4 Variable Documentation

4.13.4.1 char* lcdmsg[]

Master list of all LCD messages.

Definition at line 14 of file [lcdmsg.c](#).

4.14 lcdmsg.h

```

00001
00010 #ifndef LCDMSG_H_
00011 #define LCDMSG_H_
00012
00016 #define LCD_PORT uart1
00017
00021 #define LCD_750C_TITLE " $$$ 750C $$$ "
00022
00026 #define LCD_MESSAGE_COUNT 48
00027
00031 #define LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH 16
00032
00036 extern char* lcdmsg[];
00037
00044 void randlcdmsg(FILE *lcdport, int line);
00045
00051 void screensaver(FILE *lcdport);
00052
00053 #endif
00054

```

4.15 include/macros.h File Reference

Header file for macro definitions.

Macros

- `#define min(a, b) ((a)<(b)?(a):(b))`
- `#define MIN(a, b) ((a)<(b)?(a):(b))`
- `#define max(a, b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))`
- `#define MAX(a, b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))`
- `#define abs(x) ((x)>0?(x):- (x))`
- `#define constrain(amt, low, high) ((amt)<(low)?(low):((amt)>(high)?(high):(amt)))`
- `#define round(x) (((x) >=0) ?(long)((x)+0.5):(long)((x)-0.5))`
- `#define sign(x) ((x)>0?1:((x)<0?-1:0))`
- `#define radians(deg) ((deg)*DEG_TO_RAD)`
- `#define degrees(rad) ((rad)*RAD_TO_DEG)`
- `#define sq(x) ((x)*(x))`
- `#define SQ(x) ((x)*(x))`

4.15.1 Detailed Description

Header file for macro definitions.

This file provides macro definitions for various basic functions that come about frequently.

Definition in file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.15.2.1 `#define abs(x) ((x)>0?(x):- (x))`

Returns the absolute value of the input value.

Parameters

<i>x</i>	the input value
----------	-----------------

Returns

the absolute value of x

Definition at line 57 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.2 `#define constrain(amt, low, high) ((amt)<(low)?(low):((amt)>(high)?(high):(amt)))`

Constrains a value to a set of boundaries.

Parameters

<i>amt</i>	the value to constrain
<i>low</i>	the lower bound
<i>high</i>	the higher bound

Returns

high, amt, or low if amt is higher, in between, or lower than the range specified, respectively

Definition at line 68 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.3 #define degrees(rad) ((rad)*RAD_TO_DEG)

Converts an angle measure in degrees to radians.

Parameters

<i>rad</i>	the angle measure in radians
------------	------------------------------

Returns

the angle measure in degrees

Definition at line 104 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.4 #define max(a, b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))

Returns the maximum of the two values.

Parameters

<i>a</i>	the first input value
<i>b</i>	the second input value

Returns

the greater of the two values

Definition at line 38 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.5 #define MAX(a, b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))

Returns the maximum of the two values.

Parameters

<i>a</i>	the first input value
<i>b</i>	the second input value

Returns

the greater of the two values

Definition at line 48 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.6 `#define min(a, b) ((a)<(b)?(a):(b))`

Returns the minimum of the two values.

Parameters

<i>a</i>	the first input value
<i>b</i>	the second input value

Returns

the lesser of the two values

Definition at line 18 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.7 `#define MIN(a, b) ((a)<(b)?(a):(b))`

Returns the minimum of the two values.

Parameters

<i>a</i>	the first input value
<i>b</i>	the second input value

Returns

the lesser of the two values

Definition at line 28 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.8 `#define radians(deg) ((deg)*DEG_TO_RAD)`

Converts an angle measure in degrees to radians.

Parameters

<i>deg</i>	the angle measure in degrees
------------	------------------------------

Returns

the angle measure in radians

Definition at line 95 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.9 `#define round(x) (((x) >= 0) ? (long)((x) + 0.5) : (long)((x) - 0.5))`

Rounds a value to the nearest integer.

Parameters

<code>x</code>	the value to round
----------------	--------------------

Returns

the rounded value

Definition at line 77 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.10 `#define sign(x) ((x) > 0 ? 1 : ((x) < 0 ? -1 : 0))`

Returns the sign of the input value.

Parameters

<code>x</code>	the value to determine the sign of
----------------	------------------------------------

Returns

-1, 0, or 1 if the value is negative, zero, or positive, respectively

Definition at line 86 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.11 `#define sq(x) ((x) * (x))`

Squares the input value.

Parameters

<code>x</code>	the value to square
----------------	---------------------

Returns

the square of the input value

Definition at line 113 of file [macros.h](#).

4.15.2.12 `#define SQ(x) ((x)*(x))`

Squares the input value.

Parameters

<code>x</code>	the value to square
----------------	---------------------

Returns

the square of the input value

Definition at line [122](#) of file [macros.h](#).

4.16 `macros.h`

```

00001
00007 #ifndef MACROS_H_
00008 #define MACROS_H_
00009
00018 #define min(a,b) ((a)<(b)?(a):(b))
00019
00028 #define MIN(a,b) ((a)<(b)?(a):(b))
00029
00038 #define max(a,b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))
00039
00048 #define MAX(a,b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))
00049
00057 #define abs(x) ((x)>0?(x):- (x))
00058
00068 #define constrain(amt,low,high) ((amt)<(low)?(low):((amt)>(high)?(high):(amt)))
00069
00077 #define round(x) (((x) >=0) ? (long) ((x)+0.5) : (long) ((x)-0.5))
00078
00086 #define sign(x) ((x)>0?1:((x)<0?-1:0))
00087
00095 #define radians(deg) ((deg)*DEG_TO_RAD)
00096
00104 #define degrees(rad) ((rad)*RAD_TO_DEG)
00105
00113 #define sq(x) ((x)*(x))
00114
00122 #define SQ(x) ((x)*(x))
00123
00124 #endif
00125

```

4.17 `include/main.h` File Reference

Header file for global functions.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <API.h>
#include <constants.h>
#include <friendly.h>
#include <macros.h>
#include <bitwise.h>
#include <sensors.h>
#include <motors.h>
#include <robot.h>
#include <lcdmsg.h>
#include <lcddiag.h>
#include <autonroutines.h>
#include <autonrecorder.h>
#include <opcontrol.h>
```

Functions

- void [autonomous](#) ()
- void [initializeIO](#) ()
- void [initialize](#) ()
- void [operatorControl](#) ()

4.17.1 Detailed Description

Header file for global functions.

Any experienced C or C++ programmer knows the importance of header files. For those who do not, a header file allows multiple files to reference functions in other files without necessarily having to see the code (and therefore causing a multiple definition). To make a function in "opcontrol.c", "auto.c", "main.c", or any other C file visible to the core implementation files, prototype it here.

This file is included by default in the predefined stubs in each VEX Cortex PROS Project.

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Definition in file [main.h](#).

4.17.2 Function Documentation

4.17.2.1 void autonomous ()

C standard integer type header. C standard string function header. PROS main API header. Mathematical constant definitions. Useful redefinitions to make code more readable. Simple macros for performing common operations. Macros for performing bitwise operations. Sensor definitions and function declarations. Motor definitions and function declarations. Robot physical constant definitions and function declarations. LCD definitions and function declarations. LCD diagnostics menu definitions and function declarations. Hard-coded autonomous routine definitions and function declarations. Autonomous recorder definitions and function declarations. Operator control definitions and function declarations. Runs the user autonomous code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the autonomous mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the autonomous task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the task, not re-start it from where it left off.

Code running in the autonomous task cannot access information from the VEX Joystick. However, the autonomous function can be invoked from another task if a VEX Competition Switch is not available, and it can access joystick information if called in this way.

The autonomous task may exit, unlike [operatorControl\(\)](#) which should never exit. If it does so, the robot will await a switch to another mode or disable/enable cycle.

Definition at line 51 of file [auto.c](#).

4.17.2.2 void initialize ()

Runs user initialization code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size once when the robot is starting up. It is possible that the VEXnet communication link may not be fully established at this time, so reading from the VEX Joystick may fail.

This function should initialize most sensors (gyro, encoders, ultrasonics), LCDs, global variables, and IMEs.

This function must exit relatively promptly, or the [operatorControl\(\)](#) and [autonomous\(\)](#) tasks will not start. An autonomous mode selection menu like the [pre_auton\(\)](#) in other environments can be implemented in this task if desired.

Definition at line 61 of file [init.c](#).

4.17.2.3 void initializeIO ()

Runs pre-initialization code. This function will be started in kernel mode one time while the VEX Cortex is starting up. As the scheduler is still paused, most API functions will fail.

The purpose of this function is solely to set the default pin modes (pinMode()) and port states (digitalWrite()) of limit switches, push buttons, and solenoids. It can also safely configure a UART port (usartOpen()) but cannot set up an LCD (lcdInit()).

Definition at line 45 of file [init.c](#).

4.17.2.4 void operatorControl ()

Runs the user operator control code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the operator control mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the operator control task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the task, not resume it from where it left off.

If no VEX Competition Switch or Field Management system is plugged in, the VEX Cortex will run the operator control task. Be warned that this will also occur if the VEX Cortex is tethered directly to a computer via the USB A to A cable without any VEX Joystick attached.

Code running in this task can take almost any action, as the VEX Joystick is available and the scheduler is operational. However, proper use of delay() or taskDelayUntil() is highly recommended to give other tasks (including system tasks such as updating LCDs) time to run.

This task should never exit; it should end with some kind of infinite loop, even if empty.

Definition at line 153 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.18 main.h

```

00001
00041 #ifndef MAIN_H_
00042 #define MAIN_H_
00043
00047 #include <stdint.h>
00048
00052 #include <string.h>
00053
00057 #include <API.h>
00058
00062 #include <constants.h>
00063
00067 #include <friendly.h>
00068
00072 #include <macros.h>
00073
00077 #include <bitwise.h>
00078
00082 #include <sensors.h>
00083
00087 #include <motors.h>
00088
00092 #include <robot.h>
00093
00097 #include <lcdmsg.h>
00098
00102 #include <lcddiag.h>
00103
00107 #include <autonroutines.h>

```

```

00108
00112 #include <autonrecorder.h>
00113
00117 #include <opcontrol.h>
00118
00119 // Allow usage of this file in C++ programs
00120 #ifdef __cplusplus
00121 extern "C" {
00122 #endif
00123
00124 // A function prototype looks exactly like its declaration, but with a semicolon instead of
00125 // actual code. If a function does not match a prototype, compile errors will occur.
00126
00127 // Prototypes for initialization, operator control and autonomous
00128
00143 void autonomous();
00152 void initializeIO();
00166 void initialize();
00184 void operatorControl();
00185
00186 // End C++ export structure
00187 #ifdef __cplusplus
00188 }
00189 #endif
00190
00191 #endif
00192

```

4.19 include/motors.h File Reference

Header file for important motor functions and definitions.

Macros

- #define `MOTOR_MAX` 127
- #define `MOTOR_MIN` -127
- #define `TRANSMISSION_MOTOR` 1
- #define `LEFT_MOTOR_TOP` 2
- #define `LEFT_MOTOR_BOT` 5
- #define `RIGHT_MOTOR_TOP` 3
- #define `RIGHT_MOTOR_BOT` 4
- #define `SHOOTER_HAS_THREE_MOTORS`
- #define `NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_LEFT` 6
- #define `NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_RIGHT` 7
- #define `NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_CENTER` 8
- #define `INTAKE_ROLLER_MOTOR` 10
- #define `ROBOT_HAS_LIFT_DEPLOY_MOTOR` 1
- #define `LIFT_DEPLOY` 9

Functions

- void `transmission` (int `spd`)
- void `transmissionSetPos` (void *pos)
- void `changeGear` (int gear)
- void `move` (int `spd`, int `turn`)
- void `shoot` (int `spd`)
- void `intake` (int `spd`)
- void `deploy` (int `spd`)

4.19.1 Detailed Description

Header file for important motor functions and definitions.

This file contains the code for functions and definitions regarding motor status. Mainly, this file defines the motor ports for each mechanism. It also defines certain motor-related constants. Lastly, basic movement functions are defined as inline in this file.

Some functions are too complex to be defined as inline functions in the [motors.h](#) file. See the [motors.c](#) file for these more complicated movement functions.

See also

[motors.c](#)

Definition in file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.19.2.1 `#define INTAKE_ROLLER_MOTOR 10`

Defines motor ports for the intake mechanism.

Definition at line 107 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.2 `#define LEFT_MOTOR_BOT 5`

Definition at line 63 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.3 `#define LEFT_MOTOR_TOP 2`

Defines motor ports for the left side of the drivetrain.

Definition at line 62 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.4 `#define LIFT_DEPLOY 9`

Definition at line 121 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.5 `#define MOTOR_MAX 127`

Defines maximum motor speed value.

Definition at line 21 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.6 `#define MOTOR_MIN -127`

Defines motor minimum speed value.

Definition at line 26 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.7 `#define NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_CENTER 8`

Definition at line 91 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.8 `#define NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_LEFT 6`

Definition at line 89 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.9 `#define NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_RIGHT 7`

Definition at line 90 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.10 `#define RIGHT_MOTOR_BOT 4`

Definition at line 69 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.11 `#define RIGHT_MOTOR_TOP 3`

Defines motor ports for the right side of the drivetrain.

Definition at line 68 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.12 `#define ROBOT_HAS_LIFT_DEPLOY_MOTOR 1`

Definition at line 118 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.13 `#define SHOOTER_HAS_THREE_MOTORS`

Defines motor ports for the nautilus gear shooting mechanism.

Definition at line 87 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.2.14 `#define TRANSMISSION_MOTOR 1`

Defines motor port for the transmission to change between driving and lifting

Definition at line 31 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.3 Function Documentation

4.19.3.1 `void changeGear (int gear) [inline]`

Changes the gear of the transmission to either driving or lifting. Runs a task in a separate thread to change the gear.

Parameters

<i>gear</i>	the gear to change to
-------------	-----------------------

Definition at line 55 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.3.2 void deploy (int *spd*) [inline]

Definition at line 123 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.3.3 void intake (int *spd*) [inline]

Intakes balls using the intake mechanism by setting the intake motor values.

Parameters

<i>spd</i>	the speed to set the intake motors
------------	------------------------------------

Definition at line 114 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.3.4 void move (int *spd*, int *turn*) [inline]

Moves the robot by setting the drive motor values.

Parameters

<i>spd</i>	the forward/backward speed value
<i>turn</i>	the turning speed value

Definition at line 77 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.3.5 void shoot (int *spd*) [inline]

Shoots balls from the shooter mechanism by setting the shooter motor values.

Parameters

<i>spd</i>	the speed to set the shooter motors
------------	-------------------------------------

Definition at line 98 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.3.6 void transmission (int *spd*) [inline]

Runs the transmission motor by setting the motor value.

Parameters

<i>spd</i>	the speed to run the transmission motor
------------	---

Definition at line 38 of file [motors.h](#).

4.19.3.7 void transmissionSetPos (void * pos)

Sets the position of the transmission.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	the position to set the transmission to.
------------	--

Definition at line 19 of file [motors.c](#).

4.20 motors.h

```

00001
00015 #ifndef MOTORS_H_
00016 #define MOTORS_H_
00017
00021 #define MOTOR_MAX 127
00022
00026 #define MOTOR_MIN -127
00027
00031 #define TRANSMISSION_MOTOR 1
00032
00038 inline void transmission(int spd){
00039     motorSet(TRANSMISSION_MOTOR, spd);
00040 }
00041
00047 void transmissionSetPos(void *pos);
00048
00055 inline void changeGear(int gear){
00056     taskCreate(transmissionSetPos, TASK_DEFAULT_STACK_SIZE, (void *) (intptr_t) gear,
00057         TASK_PRIORITY_DEFAULT);
00058 }
00058
00062 #define LEFT_MOTOR_TOP 2
00063 #define LEFT_MOTOR_BOT 5
00064
00068 #define RIGHT_MOTOR_TOP 3
00069 #define RIGHT_MOTOR_BOT 4
00070
00077 inline void move(int spd, int turn){
00078     motorSet(LEFT_MOTOR_TOP, spd + turn);
00079     motorSet(LEFT_MOTOR_BOT, spd + turn);
00080     motorSet(RIGHT_MOTOR_TOP, -spd + turn);
00081     motorSet(RIGHT_MOTOR_BOT, -spd + turn);
00082 }
00083
00087 #define SHOOTER_HAS_THREE_MOTORS
00088
00089 #define NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_LEFT 6
00090 #define NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_RIGHT 7
00091 #define NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_CENTER 8
00092
00098 inline void shoot(int spd){
00099     motorSet(NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_LEFT, -spd);
00100     motorSet(NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_RIGHT, spd);
00101     motorSet(NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_CENTER, spd);
00102 }
00103

```

```

00107 #define INTAKE_ROLLER_MOTOR 10
00108
00114 inline void intake(int spd){
00115     motorSet(INTAKE_ROLLER_MOTOR, spd);
00116 }
00117
00118 #define ROBOT_HAS_LIFT_DEPLOY_MOTOR 1
00119
00120 #ifdef ROBOT_HAS_LIFT_DEPLOY_MOTOR
00121 #define LIFT_DEPLOY 9
00122
00123 inline void deploy(int spd){
00124     motorSet(LIFT_DEPLOY, spd);
00125 }
00126 #endif
00127
00128 #ifndef ROBOT_HAS_LIFT_DEPLOY_MOTOR
00129
00132 #define SHOOTER_ANGLE_MOTOR 10
00133
00139 inline void adjust(int spd){
00140     motorSet(SHOOTER_ANGLE_MOTOR, spd);
00141 }
00142 #endif /* SHOOTER_HAS_THREE_MOTORS */
00143
00144 #endif
00145

```

4.21 include/opcontrol.h File Reference

Header file for operator control definitions and prototypes.

Functions

- void [recordJoyInfo](#) ()
- void [moveRobot](#) ()

Variables

- int [spd](#)
- int [turn](#)
- int [sht](#)
- int [intk](#)
- int [trans](#)
- int [dep](#)

4.21.1 Detailed Description

Header file for operator control definitions and prototypes.

This file contains definitions of the internal motor state variables and prototypes for functions that record these variables and move the robot based on their value.

Definition in file [opcontrol.h](#).

4.21.2 Function Documentation

4.21.2.1 void moveRobot ()

Moves the robot based on the motor state variables.

Definition at line [128](#) of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.21.2.2 void recordJoyInfo ()

Populates the motor state variables based on the joystick's current values.

Definition at line [81](#) of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.21.3 Variable Documentation

4.21.3.1 int dep

Speed of the lift deployment motor.

Definition at line [65](#) of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.21.3.2 int intk

Speed of the intake motor.

Speed of the intake motors.

Definition at line [55](#) of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.21.3.3 int sht

Speed of the shooter motors.

Definition at line [50](#) of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.21.3.4 int spd

Forward/backward speed of the drive motors.

Definition at line [40](#) of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.21.3.5 int trans

Speed of the transmission motor.

Speed of the transmission motors.

Definition at line [60](#) of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.21.3.6 int turn

Turning speed of the drive motors.

Definition at line 45 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.22 opcontrol.h

```
00001
00008 #ifndef OPCONTROL_H
00009 #define OPCONTROL_H
00010
00014 extern int spd;
00015
00019 extern int turn;
00020
00024 extern int sht;
00025
00029 extern int intk;
00030
00034 extern int trans;
00035
00039 extern int dep;
00040
00044 void recordJoyInfo();
00045
00049 void moveRobot();
00050
00051 #endif
00052
```

4.23 include/robot.h File Reference

File for robot constant definitions.

Macros

- #define [DRIVE_WHEELBASE](#) 16
- #define [DRIVE_DIA](#) 3
- #define [DRIVE_GEARRATIO](#) 1

4.23.1 Detailed Description

File for robot constant definitions.

This file contains definitions for constants regarding the robot. These definitions pertain to physical properties of the robot.

Definition in file [robot.h](#).

4.23.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.23.2.1 `#define DRIVE_DIA 3`

Defines the diameter of the robot's wheels, in inches.

Definition at line 20 of file [robot.h](#).

4.23.2.2 `#define DRIVE_GEARRATIO 1`

Defines the drive's gear ratio.

Definition at line 25 of file [robot.h](#).

4.23.2.3 `#define DRIVE_WHEELBASE 16`

Defines the robot's wheelbase, in inches.

This is equivalent to the distance between the midpoints of the wheels.

Definition at line 15 of file [robot.h](#).

4.24 `robot.h`

```
00001
00007 #ifndef ROBOT_H_
00008 #define ROBOT_H_
00009
00015 #define DRIVE_WHEELBASE 16
00016
00020 #define DRIVE_DIA 3
00021
00025 #define DRIVE_GEARRATIO 1
00026
00027 #endif
```

4.25 `include/sensors.h` File Reference

File for important sensor declarations and functions.

Macros

- #define [LEFT_ENC_TOP](#) 1
- #define [LEFT_ENC_BOT](#) 2
- #define [RIGHT_ENC_TOP](#) 3
- #define [RIGHT_ENC_BOT](#) 4
- #define [TRANSMISSION_POT](#) 2
- #define [GEAR_DRIVE](#) 1860
- #define [GEAR_LIFT](#) 4095
- #define [POWER_EXPANDER_STATUS](#) 3
- #define [POWER_EXPANDER_VOLTAGE_DIVISOR](#) 280
- #define [NUM_BATTS](#) 3
- #define [BATT_MAIN](#) 0
- #define [BATT_BKUP](#) 1
- #define [BATT_PEXP](#) 2
- #define [GYRO_PORT](#) 4
- #define [GYRO_SENSITIVITY](#) 0
- #define [GYRO_NET_TARGET](#) 0
- #define [GYRO_P](#) 10
- #define [SHOOTER_LIMIT](#) 10
- #define [ULTRASONIC_ECHO_PORT](#) 11
- #define [ULTRASONIC_PING_PORT](#) 12
- #define [SONG_COUNT](#) 15

Functions

- void [clearDriveEncoders](#) ()
- void [lturn](#) (int bodydegs)
- void [rtturn](#) (int bodydegs)
- void [goForward](#) (int inches)
- void [goBackward](#) (int inches)
- unsigned int [powerLevelExpander](#) ()
- void [playSpeaker](#) (void *ignore)
- char * [randsong](#) ()

Variables

- Encoder [leftenc](#)
- Encoder [rightenc](#)
- Gyro [gyro](#)
- Ultrasonic [sonar](#)
- char * [songs](#) []
- TaskHandle [speakerTask](#)

4.25.1 Detailed Description

File for important sensor declarations and functions.

This file contains the code for declarations and functions regarding sensors. The definitions contained herein define sensor ports. The functions contained herein process certain sensor values for later use.

Some functions defined herein are too complex to be defined as inline functions in the [sensors.h](#) file. Additionally, some sensors must be instantiated as object types. See the [sensors.c](#) file for these more object instantiations and function definitions

See also

[sensors.c](#)

Definition in file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.25.2.1 `#define BATT_BKUP 1`

Battery ID number of the robot's backup battery.

Definition at line [126](#) of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.2 `#define BATT_MAIN 0`

Battery ID number of the robot's main battery.

Definition at line [121](#) of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.3 `#define BATT_PEXP 2`

Battery ID number of the power expander's battery.

Definition at line [131](#) of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.4 `#define GEAR_DRIVE 1860`

Defines potentiometer values for drive gearing.

Definition at line [84](#) of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.5 `#define GEAR_LIFT 4095`

Defines potentiometer values for lift gearing.

Definition at line [89](#) of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.6 `#define GYRO_NET_TARGET 0`

Defines gyroscope target angle for the opposite corner net.

Definition at line 146 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.7 `#define GYRO_P 10`

Defines the proportional error-correction term for the gyroscope alignment velocity control loop.

Definition at line 151 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.8 `#define GYRO_PORT 4`

Defines the port for the gyroscope.

Definition at line 136 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.9 `#define GYRO_SENSITIVITY 0`

Defines the gyroscope sensitivity. A value of zero represents the default sensitivity.

Definition at line 141 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.10 `#define LEFT_ENC_BOT 2`

Definition at line 22 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.11 `#define LEFT_ENC_TOP 1`

Defines the encoder ports on the left side of the drivetrain.

Definition at line 21 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.12 `#define NUM_BATTS 3`

The number of batteries present on the robot.

Definition at line 116 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.13 `#define POWER_EXPANDER_STATUS 3`

Defines power expander status port. This is used to get the power expander battery voltage.

Definition at line 95 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.14 `#define POWER_EXPANDER_VOLTAGE_DIVISOR 280`

Defines power expander divisor. This varies by hardware revision. This value is for hardware revision A2. The sensor's value is divided by this to get the battery voltage.

Definition at line 102 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.15 `#define RIGHT_ENC_BOT 4`

Definition at line 33 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.16 `#define RIGHT_ENC_TOP 3`

Defines the encoder ports on the right side of the drivetrain.

Definition at line 32 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.17 `#define SHOOTER_LIMIT 10`

Defines the port for the limit switch that is triggered when the shooter fires.

Definition at line 161 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.18 `#define SONG_COUNT 15`

Defines the amount of songs in the master list.

Definition at line 181 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.19 `#define TRANSMISSION_POT 2`

Defines the transmission potentiometer for position determination.

Definition at line 79 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.20 `#define ULTRASONIC_ECHO_PORT 11`

Defines the port for the ultrasonic echo wire (orange).

Definition at line 166 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.2.21 `#define ULTRASONIC_PING_PORT 12`

Defines the port for the ultrasonic ping wire (yellow).

Definition at line 171 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.3 Function Documentation

4.25.3.1 `void clearDriveEncoders () [inline]`

Clears the drive encoders by resetting their value to zero.

Definition at line 43 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.3.2 `void goBackward (int inches)`

Moves the robot backward a specified distance.

Parameters

<i>inches</i>	the amount of inches to move backward
---------------	---------------------------------------

Definition at line 71 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.3.3 void goForward (int *inches*)

Moves the robot forward a specified distance.

Parameters

<i>inches</i>	the amount of inches to move forward
---------------	--------------------------------------

Definition at line 55 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.3.4 void lturn (int *bodydegs*)

Turns the robot left to a specified angle.

Parameters

<i>bodydegs</i>	the amount of degrees to turn the robot
-----------------	---

Definition at line 40 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.3.5 void playSpeaker (void * *ignore*)

Plays a song over the speaker. This task plays a random song from the array of songs.

Parameters

<i>ignore</i>	does nothing - required by task definition
---------------	--

Definition at line 129 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.3.6 unsigned int powerLevelExpander () [inline]

Returns the electric potential of the power expander battery in millivolts.

Returns

the power expander battery voltage, in millivolts

Definition at line 109 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.25.3.7 `char* randsong ()`

Returns a random song from the master list.

Returns

a pointer to the song

Definition at line 111 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.3.8 `void rturn (int bodydegs)`

Turns the robot right to a specified angle.

Parameters

<i>bodydegs</i>	the amount of degrees to turn the robot
-----------------	---

Definition at line 25 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.4 Variable Documentation

4.25.4.1 Gyro gyro

Object representing the gyroscope.

Definition at line 78 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.4.2 Encoder leftenc

Object representing the encoder on the left side of the drivetrain.

Definition at line 18 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.4.3 Encoder rightenc

Object representing the encoder on the right side of the drivetrain.

Definition at line 23 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.4.4 Ultrasonic sonar

Object representing the ultrasonic sensor.

Definition at line 83 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.4.5 char* songs[]

Master list of all songs.

Definition at line 88 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.25.4.6 TaskHandle speakerTask

Object representing the speaker song task. The speaker song task runs in a separate thread from the operator control code. This prevents it from blocking the driving code from executing.

Definition at line 193 of file [sensors.h](#).

4.26 sensors.h

```

00001
00015 #ifndef SENSORS_H_
00016 #define SENSORS_H_
00017
00021 #define LEFT_ENC_TOP 1
00022 #define LEFT_ENC_BOT 2
00023
00027 extern Encoder leftenc;
00028
00032 #define RIGHT_ENC_TOP 3
00033 #define RIGHT_ENC_BOT 4
00034
00038 extern Encoder rightenc;
00039
00043 inline void clearDriveEncoders(){
00044     encoderReset(leftenc);
00045     encoderReset(rightenc);
00046 }
00047
00053 void lturn(int bodydegs);
00054
00060 void rturn(int bodydegs);
00061
00067 void goForward(int inches);
00068
00074 void goBackward(int inches);
00075
00079 #define TRANSMISSION_POT 2
00080
00084 #define GEAR_DRIVE 1860
00085
00089 #define GEAR_LIFT 4095
00090
00095 #define POWER_EXPANDER_STATUS 3
00096
00102 #define POWER_EXPANDER_VOLTAGE_DIVISOR 280 //Hardware revision A2
00103
00109 inline unsigned int powerLevelExpander(){
00110     return analogRead(POWER_EXPANDER_STATUS)*1000/
00111         POWER_EXPANDER_VOLTAGE_DIVISOR;
00112 }
00116 #define NUM_BATTS 3
00117
00121 #define BATT_MAIN 0
00122
00126 #define BATT_BKUP 1
00127
00131 #define BATT_PEXP 2
00132
00136 #define GYRO_PORT 4
00137
00141 #define GYRO_SENSITIVITY 0
00142
00146 #define GYRO_NET_TARGET 0

```

```

00147
00151 #define GYRO_P 10
00152
00156 extern Gyro gyro;
00157
00161 #define SHOOTER_LIMIT 10
00162
00166 #define ULTRASONIC_ECHO_PORT 11
00167
00171 #define ULTRASONIC_PING_PORT 12
00172
00176 extern Ultrasonic sonar;
00177
00181 #define SONG_COUNT 15
00182
00186 extern char* songs[];
00187
00193 TaskHandle speakerTask;
00194
00201 void playSpeaker(void *ignore);
00202
00208 char* randsong();
00209
00210 #endif
00211

```

4.27 src/auto.c File Reference

File for autonomous code.

```
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

- void `autonomous()`

4.27.1 Detailed Description

File for autonomous code.

This file should contain the user `autonomous()` function and any functions related to it.

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Purdue Robotics OS contains FreeRTOS (<http://www.freertos.org>) whose source code may be obtained from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/freertos/files/> or on request.

Definition in file [auto.c](#).

4.27.2 Function Documentation

4.27.2.1 void autonomous ()

C standard integer type header. C standard string function header. PROS main API header. Mathematical constant definitions. Useful redefinitions to make code more readable. Simple macros for performing common operations. Macros for performing bitwise operations. Sensor definitions and function declarations. Motor definitions and function declarations. Robot physical constant definitions and function declarations. LCD definitions and function declarations. LCD diagnostics menu definitions and function declarations. Hard-coded autonomous routine definitions and function declarations. Autonomous recorder definitions and function declarations. Operator control definitions and function declarations. Runs the user autonomous code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the autonomous mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the autonomous task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the task, not re-start it from where it left off.

Code running in the autonomous task cannot access information from the VEX Joystick. However, the autonomous function can be invoked from another task if a VEX Competition Switch is not available, and it can access joystick information if called in this way.

The autonomous task may exit, unlike [operatorControl\(\)](#) which should never exit. If it does so, the robot will await a switch to another mode or disable/enable cycle.

Definition at line 51 of file [auto.c](#).

4.28 auto.c

```
00001
00035 #include "main.h"
00036
00037 /*
00038  * Runs the user autonomous code. This function will be started in its own task with the default
00039  * priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the
00040  * VEX Competition Switch in the autonomous mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is
00041  * lost, the autonomous task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart
00042  * the task, not re-start it from where it left off.
00043  *
00044  * Code running in the autonomous task cannot access information from the VEX Joystick. However,
00045  * the autonomous function can be invoked from another task if a VEX Competition Switch is not
00046  * available, and it can access joystick information if called in this way.
00047  *
00048  * The autonomous task may exit, unlike operatorControl() which should never exit. If it does
00049  * so, the robot will await a switch to another mode or disable/enable cycle.
00050  */
00051 void autonomous() {
00052     playbackAuton();
00053 }
00054
```

4.29 src/autonrecorder.c File Reference

File for autonomous recorder code.

```
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

- int [selectAuton](#) ()
- void [initAutonRecorder](#) ()
- void [recordAuton](#) ()
- void [saveAuton](#) ()
- void [loadAuton](#) ()
- void [playbackAuton](#) ()

Variables

- [joyState](#) states [AUTON_TIME *JOY_POLL_FREQ]
- int [autonLoaded](#)
- int [progSkills](#)

4.29.1 Detailed Description

File for autonomous recorder code.

This file contains the code for the saving, loading, and playback of autonomous files. When an autonomous routine is recorded, it is saved to a file to flash memory. This file is loaded and executed during the autonomous period of the game. It works by saving the motor values at a point in time. At the corresponding point in time, the values are played back.

This file also handles the recording of programming skills by stitching 4 autonomous routines together.

Definition in file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.29.2 Function Documentation

4.29.2.1 void [initAutonRecorder](#) ()

Initializes autonomous recorder by setting states array to zero.

Definition at line 74 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.29.2.2 void [loadAuton](#) ()

Loads autonomous file contents into states array.

Definition at line 218 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.29.2.3 void playbackAuton ()

Replays autonomous based on loaded values in states array.

Definition at line 317 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.29.2.4 void recordAuton ()

Records driver joystick values into states array.

Definition at line 90 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.29.2.5 void saveAuton ()

Saves contents of the states array to a file in flash memory.

Definition at line 135 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.29.2.6 int selectAuton ()

Selects which autonomous file to use based on the potentiometer reading.

Returns

the autonomous selected (slot number)

Definition at line 36 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.29.3 Variable Documentation

4.29.3.1 int autonLoaded

Slot number of currently loaded autonomous routine.

Definition at line 24 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.29.3.2 int progSkills

Section number (0-3) of currently loaded programming skills routine.

Definition at line 29 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.29.3.3 joyState states[AUTON_TIME *JOY_POLL_FREQ]

Stores the joystick state variables for moving the robot. Used for recording and playing back autonomous routines.

Definition at line 19 of file [autonrecorder.c](#).

4.30 autonrecorder.c

```

00001
00013 #include "main.h"
00014
00019 joyState states[AUTON_TIME*JOY_POLL_FREQ];
00020
00024 int autonLoaded;
00025
00029 int progSkills;
00030
00036 int selectAuton() {
00037     bool done = false;
00038     int val;
00039     do {
00040         val = (float) ((float) analogRead(AUTON_POT)/(float)
AUTON_POT_HIGH) * (MAX_AUTON_SLOTS+3);
00041         if(val > MAX_AUTON_SLOTS+2){
00042             val = MAX_AUTON_SLOTS+2;
00043         }
00044         if(val == 0) {
00045             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "NONE");
00046         } else if(val == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS+1) {
00047             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "Prog. Skills");
00048         } else if (val == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS+2) {
00049             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "Hardcoded Skills");
00050         } else {
00051             char filename[AUTON_FILENAME_MAX_LENGTH];
00052             snprintf(filename, sizeof(filename)/sizeof(char), "a%d", val);
00053             FILE* autonFile = fopen(filename, "r");
00054             if(autonFile == NULL){
00055                 lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Slot: %d (EMPTY)", val);
00056             } else {
00057                 char name[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00058                 memset(name, 0, sizeof(name));
00059                 fread(name, sizeof(char), sizeof(name) / sizeof(char), autonFile);
00060                 lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, name);
00061                 fclose(autonFile);
00062             }
00063         }
00064         done = (digitalRead(AUTON_BUTTON) == PRESSED);
00065         delay(20);
00066     } while(!done);
00067     printf("Selected autonomous: %d\n", val);
00068     return val;
00069 }
00070
00074 void initAutonRecorder() {
00075     printf("Beginning initialization of autonomous recorder...\n");
00076     lcdClear(LCD_PORT);
00077     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Init recorder...");
00078     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00079     memset(states, 0, sizeof(*states));
00080     printf("Completed initialization of autonomous recorder.\n");
00081     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Init-ed recorder!");
00082     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00083     autonLoaded = -1;
00084     progSkills = 0;
00085 }
00086
00090 void recordAuton() {
00091     lcdClear(LCD_PORT);
00092     for(int i = 3; i > 0; i--){
00093         lcdSetBacklight(LCD_PORT, true);
00094         printf("Beginning autonomous recording in %d...\n", i);
00095         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Recording auton");
00096         lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "in %d...", i);
00097         delay(1000);
00098     }
00099     printf("Ready to begin autonomous recording.\n");
00100     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Recording auton...");
00101     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00102     bool lightState = false;
00103     for (int i = 0; i < AUTON_TIME * JOY_POLL_FREQ; i++) {
00104         printf("Recording state %d...\n", i);
00105         lcdSetBacklight(LCD_PORT, lightState);
00106         lightState = !lightState;
00107         recordJoyInfo();
00108         states[i].spd = spd;
00109         states[i].turn = turn;

```

```

00110         states[i].sht = sht;
00111         states[i].intk = intk;
00112         states[i].trans = trans;
00113         states[i].dep = dep;
00114         if (joystickGetDigital(1, 7, JOY_UP)) {
00115             printf("Autonomous recording manually cancelled.\n");
00116             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Cancelled record.");
00117             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00118             memset(states + i + 1, 0, sizeof(joyState) * (AUTON_TIME * JOY_POLL_FREQ - i
- 1));
00119             i = AUTON_TIME * JOY_POLL_FREQ;
00120         }
00121         moveRobot();
00122         delay(1000 / JOY_POLL_FREQ);
00123     }
00124     printf("Completed autonomous recording.\n");
00125     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Recorded auton!");
00126     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00127     motorStopAll();
00128     delay(1000);
00129     autonLoaded = 0;
00130 }
00131
00132 void saveAuton() {
00133     printf("Waiting for file selection...\n");
00134     lcdClear(LCD_PORT);
00135     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Save to?");
00136     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00137     int autonSlot;
00138     if (progSkills == 0) {
00139         autonSlot = selectAuton();
00140     } else {
00141         printf("Currently in the middle of a programming skills run.\n");
00142         autonSlot = MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1;
00143     }
00144     char name[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00145     memset(name, 0, sizeof(name));
00146     if (autonSlot == 0) {
00147         printf("Not saving this autonomous!\n");
00148         return;
00149     } else if (autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS+1) {
00150         typeString(name);
00151     }
00152     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Saving auton...");
00153     char filename[AUTON_FILENAME_MAX_LENGTH];
00154     if (autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1) {
00155         printf("Not doing programming skills, recording to slot %d.\n", autonSlot);
00156         snprintf(filename, sizeof(filename)/sizeof(char), "a%d", autonSlot);
00157         //lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Slot: %d", autonSlot);
00158         lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "%s", name);
00159     } else {
00160         printf("Doing programming skills, recording to section %d.\n",
progSkills);
00161         snprintf(filename, sizeof(filename)/sizeof(char), "p%d", progSkills);
00162         lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Skills Part: %d", progSkills+1);
00163     }
00164     printf("Saving to file %s...\n", filename);
00165     FILE *autonFile = fopen(filename, "w");
00166     if (autonFile == NULL) {
00167         printf("Error saving autonomous in file %s!\n", filename);
00168         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Error saving!");
00169         if (autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1) {
00170             printf("Not doing programming skills, error saving auton in slot %d!\n", autonSlot);
00171             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Error saving!");
00172             lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Slot: %d", autonSlot);
00173         } else {
00174             printf("Doing programming skills, error saving auton in section 0!\n");
00175             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Error saving!");
00176             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "Prog. Skills");
00177         }
00178         delay(1000);
00179         return;
00180     }
00181     if (autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS+1) {
00182         fwrite(name, sizeof(char), sizeof(name) / sizeof(char), autonFile);
00183     }
00184     for (int i = 0; i < AUTON_TIME * JOY_POLL_FREQ; i++) {
00185         printf("Recording state %d to file %s...\n", i, filename);
00186         signed char write[6] = {states[i].spd, states[i].turn, states[i].
sht, states[i].intk, states[i].trans,
00187             states[i].dep};
00188     }
00189 }

```

```

00191         fwrite(write, sizeof(char), sizeof(write) / sizeof(char), autonFile);
00192         delay(10);
00193     }
00194     fclose(autonFile);
00195     printf("Completed saving autonomous to file %s.\n", filename);
00196     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Saved auton!");
00197     if(autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1) {
00198         printf("Not doing programming skills, recorded to slot %d.\n", autonSlot);
00199         lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Slot: %d", autonSlot);
00200     } else {
00201         printf("Doing programming skills, recorded to section %d.\n", progSkills);
00202         lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Skills Part: %d", progSkills+1);
00203     }
00204     delay(1000);
00205     if(autonSlot == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1) {
00206         printf("Proceeding to next programming skills section (%d).\n", ++
progSkills);
    }
00207     if(progSkills == PROGSKILL_TIME/AUTON_TIME) {
00208         printf("Finished recording programming skills (all parts).\n");
00209         progSkills = 0;
00210     }
00211     autonLoaded = autonSlot;
00212 }
00213
00214 void loadAuton() {
00215     lcdClear(LCD_PORT);
00216     bool done = false;
00217     int autonSlot;
00218     FILE* autonFile;
00219     char filename[AUTON_FILENAME_MAX_LENGTH];
00220     do {
00221         printf("Waiting for file selection...\n");
00222         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Load from?");
00223         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00224         autonSlot = selectAuton();
00225         if(autonSlot == 0) {
00226             printf("Not loading an autonomous!\n");
00227             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Not loading!");
00228             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00229             autonLoaded = 0;
00230             return;
00231         } else if(autonSlot == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1){
00232             printf("Performing programming skills.\n");
00233             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Loading skills...");
00234             lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Skills Part: 1");
00235             autonLoaded = MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1;
00236         } else if (autonSlot == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 2) {
00237             printf("Performing hard-coded programming skills.\n");
00238             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Loading skills...");
00239             lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Hardcoded Skills");
00240             autonLoaded = MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 2;
00241             return;
00242         } else if(autonSlot == autonLoaded) {
00243             printf("Autonomous %d is already loaded.\n", autonSlot);
00244             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Loaded auton!");
00245             lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Slot: %d", autonSlot);
00246             return;
00247         }
00248         printf("Loading autonomous from slot %d...\n", autonSlot);
00249         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Loading auton...");
00250         if(autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1){
00251             lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Slot: %d", autonSlot);
00252         }
00253         if(autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1){
00254             printf("Not doing programming skills, loading slot %d\n", autonSlot);
00255             snprintf(filename, sizeof(filename)/sizeof(char), "a%d", autonSlot);
00256         } else {
00257             printf("Doing programming skills, loading section 0.\n");
00258             snprintf(filename, sizeof(filename)/sizeof(char), "p0");
00259         }
00260         printf("Loading from file %s...\n", filename);
00261         autonFile = fopen(filename, "r");
00262         if (autonFile == NULL) {
00263             printf("No autonomous was saved in file %s!\n", filename);
00264             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "No auton saved!");
00265             if(autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1){
00266                 printf("Not doing programming skills, no auton in slot %d!\n", autonSlot);
00267                 lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "No auton saved!");
00268                 lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Slot: %d", autonSlot);
00269             } else {

```

```

00274         printf("Doing programming skills, no auton in section 0!\n");
00275         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "No skills saved!");
00276     }
00277     delay(1000);
00278 } else {
00279     done = true;
00280 }
00281 } while(!done);
00282 fseek(autonFile, 0, SEEK_SET);
00283 char name[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00284 memset(name, 0, sizeof(name));
00285 if(autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1){
00286     fread(name, sizeof(char), sizeof(name) / sizeof(char), autonFile);
00287 }
00288 for (int i = 0; i < AUTON_TIME * JOY_POLL_FREQ; i++) {
00289     printf("Loading state %d from file %s...\n", i, filename);
00290     char read[6] = {0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0};
00291     fread(read, sizeof(char), sizeof(read) / sizeof(char), autonFile);
00292     states[i].spd = (signed char) read[0];
00293     states[i].turn = (signed char) read[1];
00294     states[i].sht = (signed char) read[2];
00295     states[i].intk = (signed char) read[3];
00296     states[i].trans = (signed char) read[4];
00297     states[i].dep = (signed char) read[5];
00298     delay(10);
00299 }
00300 fclose(autonFile);
00301 printf("Completed loading autonomous from file %s.\n", filename);
00302 lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Loaded auton!");
00303 if(autonSlot != MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1){
00304     printf("Not doing programming skills, loaded from slot %d.\n", autonSlot);
00305     //lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Slot: %d", autonSlot);
00306     lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "%s", name);
00307 } else {
00308     printf("Doing programming skills, loaded from section %d.\n", progSkills);
00309     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "Skills Section: 1");
00310 }
00311 autonLoaded = autonSlot;
00312 }
00313
00317 void playbackAuton() { //must load autonomous first!
00318     if (autonLoaded == -1 /* nothing in memory */) {
00319         printf("No autonomous loaded, entering loadAuton()\n");
00320         loadAuton();
00321     }
00322     if(autonLoaded == 0) {
00323         printf("autonLoaded = 0, doing nothing.\n");
00324         return;
00325     } else if (autonLoaded == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 2) {
00326         runHardCodedProgrammingSkills();
00327         return;
00328     }
00329     printf("Beginning playback...\n");
00330     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Playing back...");
00331     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00332     lcdSetBacklight(LCD_PORT, true);
00333     int file=0;
00334     do{
00335         FILE* nextFile = NULL;
00336         lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "File: %d", file+1);
00337         char filename[AUTON_FILENAME_MAX_LENGTH];
00338         if(autonLoaded == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1 && file <
PROGSKILL_TIME/AUTON_TIME - 1){
00339             printf("Next section: %d\n", file+1);
00340             snprintf(filename, sizeof(filename)/sizeof(char), "p%d", file+1);
00341             nextFile = fopen(filename, "r");
00342         }
00343         for(int i = 0; i < AUTON_TIME * JOY_POLL_FREQ; i++) {
00344             printf("Playing back state %d...\n", i);
00345             spd = states[i].spd;
00346             turn = states[i].turn;
00347             sht = states[i].sht;
00348             intk = states[i].intk;
00349             trans = states[i].trans;
00350             dep = states[i].dep;
00351             if (joystickGetDigital(1, 7, JOY_UP) && !isOnline()) {
00352                 printf("Playback manually cancelled.\n");
00353                 lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Cancelled playback.");
00354                 lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00355                 i = AUTON_TIME * JOY_POLL_FREQ;
00356                 file = PROGSKILL_TIME/AUTON_TIME;

```

```

00357         }
00358         moveRobot();
00359         if(autonLoaded == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1 && file <
PROGSKILL_TIME/AUTON_TIME - 1){
00360             printf("Loading state %d from file %s...\n", i, filename);
00361             char read[6] = {0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0};
00362             fread(read, sizeof(char), sizeof(read) / sizeof(char), nextFile);
00363             states[i].spd = (signed char) read[0];
00364             states[i].turn = (signed char) read[1];
00365             states[i].sht = (signed char) read[2];
00366             states[i].intk = (signed char) read[3];
00367             states[i].trans = (signed char) read[4];
00368             states[i].dep = (signed char) read[5];
00369         }
00370         delay(1000 / JOY_POLL_FREQ);
00371     }
00372     if(autonLoaded == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1 && file <
PROGSKILL_TIME/AUTON_TIME - 1){
00373         printf("Finished with section %d, closing file.\n", file+1);
00374         fclose(nextFile);
00375     }
00376     file++;
00377 } while(autonLoaded == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1 && file <
PROGSKILL_TIME/AUTON_TIME);
00378 motorStopAll();
00379 printf("Completed playback.\n");
00380 lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Played back!");
00381 lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00382 delay(1000);
00383 }
00384

```

4.31 src/autonroutines.c File Reference

File for hard-coded autonomous routines.

```
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

- void [runHardCodedProgrammingSkills](#) ()

4.31.1 Detailed Description

File for hard-coded autonomous routines.

This file contains code for hard-coded autonomous routines that use sensors.

Definition in file [autonroutines.c](#).

4.31.2 Function Documentation

4.31.2.1 void runHardCodedProgrammingSkills ()

Runs a programming skills routine using sensors rather than the autonomous recorder. Starts in the left side of the field shooting into the closer goal.

Definition at line 13 of file [autonroutines.c](#).

4.32 autonroutines.c

```

00001
00007 #include "main.h"
00008
00013 void runHardCodedProgrammingSkills() {
00014     int numShots = 0;
00015     bool shooterLimitPressed = PRESSED;
00016     shoot(-127);
00017     while (numShots - 1 <= 32 /* one shot subtracted because the shooter starts uncocked */) {
00018         if (shooterLimitPressed == PRESSED && digitalRead(SHOOTER_LIMIT) ==
UNPRESSED) {
00019             numShots++;
00020         }
00021         shooterLimitPressed = digitalRead(SHOOTER_LIMIT);
00022         delay(20);
00023     }
00024     shoot(0);
00025
00026     while (gyroGet(gyro) % ROTATION_DEG != -90 -
CLOSE_GOAL_ANGLE /* turning right */) {
00027         int error = (-90 - CLOSE_GOAL_ANGLE) - gyroGet(gyro) %
ROTATION_DEG;
00028         move(0, error * GYRO_P);
00029     }
00030     while (ultrasonicGet(sonar) < DISTANCE_TO_OTHER_SIDE - 30) {
00031         move(127, 0);
00032     }
00033     while (ultrasonicGet(sonar) < DISTANCE_TO_OTHER_SIDE) {
00034         move(64, 0);
00035     }
00036     while (gyroGet(gyro) % ROTATION_DEG != -2*CLOSE_GOAL_ANGLE /* turning
left */) {
00037         int error = (-2*CLOSE_GOAL_ANGLE) - gyroGet(gyro) %
ROTATION_DEG;
00038         move(0, error * GYRO_P);
00039     }
00040
00041     numShots = 0;
00042     shooterLimitPressed = digitalRead(SHOOTER_LIMIT);
00043     shoot(-127);
00044     while (numShots - 1 <= 32 /* one shot subtracted because the shooter starts uncocked */) {
00045         if (shooterLimitPressed == PRESSED && digitalRead(SHOOTER_LIMIT) ==
UNPRESSED) {
00046             numShots++;
00047         }
00048         shooterLimitPressed = digitalRead(SHOOTER_LIMIT);
00049         delay(20);
00050     }
00051     shoot(0);
00052 }
00053

```

4.33 src/init.c File Reference

File for initialization code.

```
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

- void `initializeIO()`
- void `initialize()`

4.33.1 Detailed Description

File for initialization code.

This file should contain the user `initialize()` function and any functions related to it.

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Definition in file `init.c`.

4.33.2 Function Documentation

4.33.2.1 `void initialize ()`

Runs user initialization code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size once when the robot is starting up. It is possible that the VEXnet communication link may not be fully established at this time, so reading from the VEX Joystick may fail.

This function should initialize most sensors (gyro, encoders, ultrasonics), LCDs, global variables, and IMEs.

This function must exit relatively promptly, or the `operatorControl()` and `autonomous()` tasks will not start. An autonomous mode selection menu like the `pre_auton()` in other environments can be implemented in this task if desired.

Definition at line 61 of file `init.c`.

4.33.2.2 void initializeIO ()

Runs pre-initialization code. This function will be started in kernel mode one time while the VEX Cortex is starting up. As the scheduler is still paused, most API functions will fail.

The purpose of this function is solely to set the default pin modes (pinMode()) and port states (digitalWrite()) of limit switches, push buttons, and solenoids. It can also safely configure a UART port (usartOpen()) but cannot set up an LCD (lcdInit()).

Definition at line 45 of file [init.c](#).

4.34 init.c

```

00001
00035 #include "main.h"
00036
00037 /*
00038  * Runs pre-initialization code. This function will be started in kernel mode one time while the
00039  * VEX Cortex is starting up. As the scheduler is still paused, most API functions will fail.
00040  *
00041  * The purpose of this function is solely to set the default pin modes (pinMode()) and port
00042  * states (digitalWrite()) of limit switches, push buttons, and solenoids. It can also safely
00043  * configure a UART port (usartOpen()) but cannot set up an LCD (lcdInit()).
00044  */
00045 void initializeIO() {
00046 }
00047
00048 /*
00049  * Runs user initialization code. This function will be started in its own task with the default
00050  * priority and stack size once when the robot is starting up. It is possible that the VEXnet
00051  * communication link may not be fully established at this time, so reading from the VEX
00052  * Joystick may fail.
00053  *
00054  * This function should initialize most sensors (gyro, encoders, ultrasonics), LCDs, global
00055  * variables, and IMEs.
00056  *
00057  * This function must exit relatively promptly, or the operatorControl() and autonomous() tasks
00058  * will not start. An autonomous mode selection menu like the pre_auton() in other environments
00059  * can be implemented in this task if desired.
00060  */
00061 void initialize() {
00062     int seed = powerLevelMain() + powerLevelBackup();
00063     for(int i = 0; i < BOARD_NR_ADC_PINS; i++) {
00064         seed += analogRead(i);
00065     }
00066     srand(seed);
00067     pinMode(SHOOTER_LIMIT, INPUT);
00068     leftenc = encoderInit(LEFT_ENC_TOP, LEFT_ENC_BOT, false);
00069     rightenc = encoderInit(RIGHT_ENC_TOP, RIGHT_ENC_BOT, false);
00070     lcdInit(LCD_PORT);
00071     lcdClear(LCD_PORT);
00072     lcdSetBacklight(LCD_PORT, true);
00073     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Init-ing gyro...");
00074     gyro = gyroInit(GYRO_PORT, GYRO_SENSITIVITY);
00075     sonar = ultrasonicInit(ULTRASONIC_ECHO_PORT,
00076         ULTRASONIC_PING_PORT);
00077     speakerInit();
00078     delay(1100);
00079     gyroReset(gyro);
00080     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Init-ed gyro!");
00081     initAutonRecorder();
00082     initGroups();
00083     if(isOnline()){
00084         loadAuton();
00085     }
00086 }

```

4.35 src/lcddiag.c File Reference

File for LCD diagnostic menu code.

```
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

- char * [typeString](#) (char *dest)
- void [saveGroups](#) ()
- void [loadGroups](#) ()
- void [initGroups](#) ()
- void [formatMenuNameCenter](#) (FILE *lcdport, int line, int index)
- int [selectMenu](#) ()
- void [runScreensaver](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- void [runBattery](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- int [selectMotor](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- int [selectSpd](#) (int mtr)
- void [runIndivMotor](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- int [selectMotorGroup](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- int [selectSpdGroup](#) (int mtr)
- void [runGroupMotor](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- void [runMotor](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- bool * [selectMotorGroupMembers](#) (bool *motor)
- void [addMotorGroup](#) ()
- void [editMotorGroup](#) (int mtr)
- void [delMotorGroup](#) (int mtr)
- void [runMotorGroupMgmt](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- void [runConnection](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- void [runRobot](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- void [runAuton](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- void [runCredits](#) (FILE *lcdport)
- void [doMenuChoice](#) (int choice)
- void [formatLCDDisplay](#) (void *ignore)

Variables

- TaskHandle [lcdDiagTask](#) = NULL
- bool [backlight](#) = true
- bool [disableOpControl](#) = false
- [MotorGroup](#) * [groups](#)
- int [numgroups](#)
- char [menuChoices](#) [LCD_MENU_COUNT][LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1]

4.35.1 Detailed Description

File for LCD diagnostic menu code.

This file contains the code for the LCD diagnostic menu. The menu provides live debugging and testing functionality. It provides the following functions:

- Motor testing functionality (individual and group)
- Motor group management
- Battery voltage information
- Joystick connection status
- Robot sensory data
- Autonomous recorder status
- LCD backlight toggle
- Screensaver that displays during operator control
- Credits menu

The idea behind this was inspired by Team 750W and Akram Sandhu. Without them, this project would not be possible.

Note: the implementation of this feature is completely different between the two teams. No code was reused from their implementation of the LCD diagnostic menu.

Definition in file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2 Function Documentation

4.35.2.1 void addMotorGroup ()

Adds a new motor group to the dynamic array.

Definition at line [899](#) of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.2 void delMotorGroup (int *mtr*)

Deletes a motor group. Prompts the user whether to cancel or to proceed with deletion.

Parameters

<i>mtr</i>	the ID number to delete
------------	-------------------------

Definition at line [970](#) of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.3 void doMenuChoice (int *choice*)

Dispatcher function that executes the selected LCD diagnostic menu function. This function is called with the result of [selectMenu\(\)](#).

See also

[selectMenu\(\)](#)

Parameters

<i>choice</i>	the selected menu to run
---------------	--------------------------

Definition at line 1276 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.4 void editMotorGroup (int *mtr*)

Edits a motor group. Prompts the user to either edit the name or the motors in a motor group.

Parameters

<i>mtr</i>	the ID number of the motor group to edit
------------	--

Definition at line 915 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.5 void formatLCDDisplay (void * *ignore*)

Runs the LCD diagnostic menu task. This thread executes concurrently with the operator control task. The LCD diagnostic menu starts in screensaver mode. Pressing any button cancels screensaver mode and enters the selection menu.

Parameters

<i>ignore</i>	does nothing - required by task definition
---------------	--

Definition at line 1298 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.6 void formatMenuNameCenter (FILE * *lcdport*, int *line*, int *index*)

Formats the LCD diagnostic menu name in the center of the screen.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
<i>line</i>	the line on the LCD to print the name
<i>index</i>	the ID number of the menu

Definition at line 282 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.7 void initGroups ()

Initializes the motor groups array to contain the standard set of groups. This includes: Left Drive, Right Drive, Full Drive, Nautilus Shooter, Intake, and Transmission.

Definition at line 230 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.8 void loadGroups ()

Loads motor groups from a file on the Cortex flash memory. This is used to add custom motor groups for testing purposes.

Definition at line 198 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.9 void runAuton (FILE * *lcdport*)

Runs the autonomous recorder status menu. Displays the autonomous that is currently loaded, and if controller playback is enabled. Controller playback is automatically disabled when plugged into the competition switch.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------	---

Definition at line 1168 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.10 void runBattery (FILE * *lcdport*)

Displays the battery voltages, allowing for switching between batteries.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------	---

Definition at line 354 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.11 void runConnection (FILE * *lcdport*)

Runs the joystick connection debugging menu. Prints whether the main and partner joysticks are connected.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------	---

Definition at line 1068 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.12 void runCredits (FILE * *lcdport*)

Runs the credits menu. The LCD diagnostic menu was inspired by Team 750W and Akram Sandhu. This would not be possible without their generosity and permissiveness to use their idea.

Note: the implementation of this feature is completely different between the two teams. No code was reused from their implementation of the LCD diagnostic menu.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------	---

Definition at line 1233 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.13 void runGroupMotor (FILE * *lcdport*)

Runs the motor group test. Selection of the motor group and speed is handled by other functions.

See also

[selectMotorGroup\(\)](#)
[selectSpdGroup\(\)](#)

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------	---

Definition at line 727 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.14 void runIndivMotor (FILE * *lcdport*)

Runs the individual motor test. Selection of the motor and speed is handled by other functions

See also

[selectMotor\(\)](#)
[selectSpd\(\)](#)

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------	---

Definition at line 555 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.15 void runMotor (FILE * *lcdport*)

Runs the top-level motor testing menu. Prompts the user to select between individual and group motor testing.

Parameters

<code>lcdport</code>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------------	---

Definition at line 791 of file `lcddiag.c`.

4.35.2.16 `void runMotorGroupMgmt (FILE * lcdport)`

Runs the top-level motor group management menu. Prompts the user whether to add, edit, or delete motor groups.

Parameters

<code>lcdport</code>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------------	---

Definition at line 1027 of file `lcddiag.c`.

4.35.2.17 `void runRobot (FILE * lcdport)`

Runs the robot sensory information menu. Displays information regarding competition switch status and gyroscope angle.

Parameters

<code>lcdport</code>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------------	---

Definition at line 1117 of file `lcddiag.c`.

4.35.2.18 `void runScreensaver (FILE * lcdport)`

Runs the screensaver that displays LCD messages.

See also

[lcdmsg.c](#)

Parameters

<code>lcdport</code>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------------	---

Definition at line 335 of file `lcddiag.c`.

4.35.2.19 `void saveGroups ()`

Saves motor groups out to a file. This file can be loaded to add custom motor groups into memory.

Definition at line 173 of file `lcddiag.c`.

4.35.2.20 `int selectMenu ()`

Displays the list of menus and waits for the user to select one.

Returns

the ID number of the menu selected

Definition at line 300 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.21 `int selectMotor (FILE * lcdport)`

Prompts the user to select an individual motor to test.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------	---

Returns

the motor number selected

Definition at line 422 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.22 `int selectMotorGroup (FILE * lcdport)`

Selects the motor group to test.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the LCD screen's port (either UART1 or UART2)
----------------	---

Returns

the ID number of the group to test

Definition at line 618 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.23 `bool* selectMotorGroupMembers (bool * motor)`

Selects the motors that constitute the specified motor group.

Parameters

<i>motor</i>	a boolean array that stores the states of each motor in the group
--------------	---

Returns

a pointer to the array passed

Definition at line [829](#) of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.24 int selectSpd (int *mtr*)

Selects the speed of the motor to test.

Parameters

<i>mtr</i>	the motor number that is being tested
------------	---------------------------------------

Returns

the speed selected

Definition at line [490](#) of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.25 int selectSpdGroup (int *mtr*)

Selects the speed of the motor group to be tested.

Parameters

<i>mtr</i>	the ID number of the motor group to be tested
------------	---

Returns

the speed selected

Definition at line [665](#) of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.2.26 char* typeString (char * *dest*)

Uses the LCD and the autonomous potentiometer to type a string. This is used to name motor groups and autonomous recordings. The maximum length of string this function can type is 16 characters.

Parameters

<i>dest</i>	a buffer to store the typed string (must be at least 17 characters to hold null terminator)
-------------	---

Returns

a pointer to the buffer

Definition at line 81 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.3 Variable Documentation**4.35.3.1 bool backlight = true**

Boolean representing the LCD screen's backlight state.

Definition at line 36 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.3.2 bool disableOpControl = false

Disables operator control loop during motor testing. Since running motors is not thread safe, it is necessary to stop operator control of the motors during testing.

Definition at line 42 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.3.3 MotorGroup* groups

Array that stores the motor groups. As this is a dynamic array, creating and editing new motor groups is possible. These motor groups are added to the array via the Motor Group Management menu.

Definition at line 49 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.3.4 TaskHandle lcdDiagTask = NULL

Object representing the LCD diagnostic menu task. The LCD diagnostic menu runs in a separate thread from the operator control code. The TaskHandle allows for pausing and resuming of the LCD diagnostic menu during autonomous recording.

Definition at line 31 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.3.5 char menuChoices[LCD_MENU_COUNT][LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1]**Initial value:**

```
= {
    "Motor Test",
    "Motor Group Mgmt",
    "Battery Info",
    "Connection Info",
    "Robot Info",
    "Autonomous Info",
    "Toggle Backlight",
    "Screensaver",
    "Credits"
}
```

Stores the top-level menu names.

Definition at line 60 of file [lcddiag.c](#).

4.35.3.6 int numgroups

Stores the number of motor groups. This is functionally identical to the size of the motor group array.

Definition at line 55 of file `lcddiag.c`.

4.36 lcddiag.c

```

00001
00024 #include "main.h"
00025
00031 TaskHandle lcdDiagTask = NULL;
00032
00036 bool backlight = true;
00037
00042 bool disableOpControl = false;
00043
00049 MotorGroup *groups;
00050
00055 int numgroups;
00056
00060 char menuChoices[LCD_MENU_COUNT][LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] =
00061 {
00062     "Motor Test",
00063     "Motor Group Mgmt",
00064     "Battery Info",
00065     "Connection Info",
00066     "Robot Info",
00067     "Autonomous Info",
00068     "Toggle Backlight",
00069     "Screensaver",
00070     "Credits"
00071 };
00071
00081 char* typeString(char *dest){
00082     bool done = false;
00083     int val;
00084     memset(dest, 0, sizeof(*dest));
00085     int i = 0;
00086     typedef enum Case {
00087         UPPER, LOWER, NUMBER
00088     } Case;
00089     Case c = UPPER;
00090     int mult = 28;
00091     int spacecode = 26;
00092     int endcode = 27;
00093     do {
00094         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00095         bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00096         bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00097
00098         switch(c){
00099             case UPPER:
00100                 case LOWER: mult = 28; spacecode = 26; endcode = 27; break;
00101                 case NUMBER: mult = 12; spacecode = 10; endcode = 11; break;
00102             }
00103         val = (float) ((float) analogRead(AUTON_POT) / (float)
00104             AUTON_POT_HIGH) * mult;
00105         if(val > endcode){
00106             val = endcode;
00107         }
00108         if(val == spacecode){
00109             dest[i] = ' ';
00110         } else if(val == endcode) {
00111             dest[i] = '~';
00112         } else {
00113             switch(c){
00114                 case UPPER: dest[i] = val + 'A'; break;
00115                 case LOWER: dest[i] = val + 'a'; break;
00116                 case NUMBER: dest[i] = val + '0'; break;
00117             }
00118         }
00119         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(dest))/2;

```

```

00120     char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00121     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00122         strcat(str, " ");
00123     }
00124     strcat(str, dest);
00125     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00126         strcat(str, " ");
00127     }
00128
00129     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, str);
00130
00131     if(i > 0){
00132         if(c == UPPER){
00133             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "DEL    SEL    abc");
00134         } else if(c == LOWER) {
00135             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "DEL    SEL    123");
00136         } else { //NUMBER
00137             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "DEL    SEL    ABC");
00138         }
00139     } else {
00140         if(c == UPPER){
00141             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "|      SEL    abc");
00142         } else if(c == LOWER) {
00143             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "|      SEL    123");
00144         } else { //NUMBER
00145             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "|      SEL    ABC");
00146         }
00147     }
00148
00149     if((centerPressed) && val != endcode){
00150         i++;
00151     } else if(leftPressed && i > 0){
00152         dest[i] = 0;
00153         i--;
00154     } else if(rightPressed) {
00155         switch(c){
00156             case UPPER: c = LOWER; break;
00157             case LOWER: c = NUMBER; break;
00158             case NUMBER: c = UPPER; break;
00159         }
00160     }
00161
00162     done = ((centerPressed && val == endcode) || i == LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH);
00163     delay(20);
00164 } while(!done);
00165 dest[i] = 0;
00166 return dest;
00167 }
00168
00173 void saveGroups(){
00174     FILE* group = fopen("grp", "w");
00175     taskPrioritySet(NULL, TASK_PRIORITY_HIGHEST-1);
00176     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Saving groups...");
00177     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00178     for(int i = 0; i < numgroups; i++){
00179         fwrite(groups[i].motor, sizeof(bool), sizeof(groups[i].motor) / sizeof(bool), group);
00180         fwrite("\n", sizeof(char), sizeof("\n") / sizeof(char), group);
00181         fwrite(groups[i].name, sizeof(char), sizeof(groups[i].name) / sizeof(char), group);
00182         if(i == numgroups-1){
00183             fwrite("\t", sizeof(char), sizeof("\t") / sizeof(char), group);
00184         } else {
00185             fwrite("\n", sizeof(char), sizeof("\n") / sizeof(char), group);
00186         }
00187     }
00188     taskPrioritySet(NULL, TASK_PRIORITY_DEFAULT);
00189     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Saved groups!");
00190     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00191     delay(1000);
00192 }
00193
00198 void loadGroups(){
00199     FILE* group = fopen("grp", "r");
00200     taskPrioritySet(NULL, TASK_PRIORITY_HIGHEST-1);
00201     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Loading groups...");
00202     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00203     if(groups != NULL){
00204         free(groups);
00205     }
00206     groups = NULL;
00207     int i = 0;
00208     bool done = false;

```

```

00209     while(!done){
00210         groups = (MotorGroup *) realloc(groups, sizeof(MotorGroup)*(i+1));
00211         fread(groups[i].motor, sizeof(bool), sizeof(groups[i].motor) / sizeof(bool), group);
00212         fgetc(group);
00213         fread(groups[i].name, sizeof(char), sizeof(groups[i].name) / sizeof(char), group);
00214         if(fgetc(group) == '\\t'){
00215             done = true;
00216         }
00217         i++;
00218     }
00219     numgroups = i;
00220     taskPrioritySet(NULL, TASK_PRIORITY_DEFAULT);
00221     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Loaded groups!");
00222     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "");
00223     delay(1000);
00224 }
00225
00230 void initGroups(){
00231     FILE* group = fopen("grp", "r");
00232     if(group == NULL){
00233         numgroups = 6; //LDRIVE, RDRIVE, DRIVE, SHOOT, INTK, TRANS
00234         groups = (MotorGroup*) malloc(sizeof(MotorGroup) *
numgroups);
00235         if(groups == NULL){
00236             return;
00237         }
00238         memset(groups, 0, sizeof(*groups));
00239         for(int i = 0; i<numgroups; i++){
00240             for(int j = 0; j<=10; j++){
00241                 groups[i].motor[j] = false;
00242             }
00243         }
00244         groups[0].motor[LEFT_MOTOR_TOP] = true;
00245         groups[0].motor[LEFT_MOTOR_BOT] = true;
00246         strcpy(groups[0].name, "Left Drive");
00247
00248         groups[1].motor[RIGHT_MOTOR_TOP] = true;
00249         groups[1].motor[RIGHT_MOTOR_BOT] = true;
00250         strcpy(groups[1].name, "Right Drive");
00251
00252         groups[2].motor[LEFT_MOTOR_TOP] = true;
00253         groups[2].motor[LEFT_MOTOR_BOT] = true;
00254         groups[2].motor[RIGHT_MOTOR_TOP] = true;
00255         groups[2].motor[RIGHT_MOTOR_BOT] = true;
00256         strcpy(groups[2].name, "Full Drive");
00257
00258         groups[3].motor[NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_LEFT] = true;
00259         groups[3].motor[NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_RIGHT] = true;
00260         groups[3].motor[NAUTILUS_SHOOTER_MOTOR_CENTER] = true;
00261         strcpy(groups[3].name, "Nautilus Shooter");
00262
00263         groups[4].motor[INTAKE_ROLLER_MOTOR] = true;
00264         strcpy(groups[4].name, "Intake");
00265
00266         groups[5].motor[TRANSMISSION_MOTOR] = true;
00267         strcpy(groups[5].name, "Transmission");
00268
00269         //saveGroups();
00270     } else {
00271         //loadGroups();
00272     }
00273 }
00274
00282 void formatMenuNameCenter(FILE* lcdport, int line, int index){
00283     int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(
menuChoices[index]))/2;
00284     char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00285     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00286         strcat(str, " ");
00287     }
00288     strcat(str, menuChoices[index]);
00289     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00290         strcat(str, " ");
00291     }
00292     lcdSetText(lcdport, line, str);
00293 }
00294
00300 int selectMenu() {
00301     bool done = false;
00302     int val = 0;
00303     do {

```

```

00304     bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00305     bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00306     bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00307
00308     if(rightPressed && val != LCD_MENU_COUNT-1) val++;
00309     else if(rightPressed && val == LCD_MENU_COUNT-1) val = 0;
00310     else if(leftPressed && val != 0) val--;
00311     else if(leftPressed && val == 0) val = LCD_MENU_COUNT - 1;
00312
00313     formatMenuNameCenter(LCD_PORT, 1, val);
00314     if(val == 0){
00315         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "<      SEL      >");
00316     } else if(val == LCD_MENU_COUNT-1) {
00317         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "<      SEL      >");
00318     } else {
00319         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "<      SEL      >");
00320     }
00321     delay(20);
00322     done = centerPressed;
00323 } while(!done);
00324 printf("Selected menu choice: %d\n", val);
00325 return val;
00326 }
00327
00335 void runScreensaver(FILE *lcdport){
00336     int cycle = 0;
00337     do {
00338         if(cycle == 0){
00339             screensaver(LCD_PORT);
00340         }
00341         delay(20);
00342         cycle++;
00343         if(cycle==150){
00344             cycle=0;
00345         }
00346     } while(!lcdAnyButtonPressed());
00347 }
00348
00354 void runBattery(FILE *lcdport){
00355     bool done = false;
00356     int val = BATT_MAIN;
00357     do {
00358         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00359         bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00360         bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00361
00362         if(rightPressed && val != BATT_PEXP) val++;
00363         else if(rightPressed && val == BATT_PEXP) val = BATT_MAIN;
00364         else if(leftPressed && val != BATT_MAIN) val--;
00365         else if(leftPressed && val == BATT_MAIN) val = BATT_PEXP;
00366
00367         int beforepoint = 0;
00368         int afterpoint = 0;
00369         char battdisp[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00370         char temp[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00371         memset(battdisp, 0, sizeof(battdisp));
00372         memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00373
00374         switch(val){
00375             case BATT_MAIN: beforepoint = powerLevelMain()/1000;
00376                             afterpoint = powerLevelMain()%1000;
00377                             strcat(battdisp, "Mn Batt: ");
00378                             break;
00379             case BATT_BKUP: beforepoint = powerLevelBackup()/1000;
00380                             afterpoint = powerLevelBackup()%1000;
00381                             strcat(battdisp, "Bk Batt: ");
00382                             break;
00383             case BATT_PEXP: beforepoint = powerLevelExpander()/1000;
00384                             afterpoint = powerLevelExpander()%1000;
00385                             strcat(battdisp, "Ex Batt: ");
00386                             break;
00387         }
00388         sprintf(temp, "%d.%d V", beforepoint, afterpoint);
00389         strcat(battdisp, temp);
00390
00391         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(battdisp))/2;
00392         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00393         memset(str, 0, sizeof(str));
00394         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00395             strcat(str, " ");
00396         }

```

```

00397     strcat(str, battdisp);
00398     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00399         strcat(str, " ");
00400     }
00401     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, str);
00402
00403     if(val == BATT_MAIN){
00404         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "EX      ESC   BK");
00405     } else if(val == BATT_PEXP) {
00406         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "BK      ESC   MN");
00407     } else { //BATT_BKUP
00408         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "MN      ESC   EX");
00409     }
00410     delay(20);
00411     done = centerPressed;
00412 } while(!done);
00413 }
00414
00422 int selectMotor(FILE *lcdport){
00423     bool done = false;
00424     int val = 1;
00425     do {
00426         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00427         bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00428         bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00429
00430         if(rightPressed && val != 10) val++;
00431         else if(rightPressed && val == 10) val = 0;
00432         else if(leftPressed && val != 0) val--;
00433         else if(leftPressed && val == 0) val = 10;
00434
00435         char motorstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00436         if(val != 0){
00437             char temp[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00438             memset(motorstr, 0, sizeof(motorstr));
00439             memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00440             strcpy(motorstr, "Motor: ");
00441             sprintf(temp, "%d", val);
00442             strcat(motorstr, temp);
00443         } else {
00444             strcpy(motorstr, "Cancel");
00445         }
00446
00447         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(motorstr))/2;
00448         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00449         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00450             strcat(str, " ");
00451         }
00452         strcat(str, motorstr);
00453         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00454             strcat(str, " ");
00455         }
00456
00457         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, str);
00458
00459         done = centerPressed;
00460         if(val == 0){
00461             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "10      SEL    1");
00462         } else if(val == 1) {
00463             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "ESC     SEL    2");
00464         } else if(val == 10) {
00465             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "9       SEL   ESC");
00466         } else if (val == 9) {
00467             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "8       SEL   10");
00468         } else {
00469             char navstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00470             memset(navstr, 0, sizeof(navstr));
00471             sprintf(navstr, "%c      SEL    %c", (val-1) + '0', (val+1) + '0');
00472             /*navstr[0] = (val-1) + '0';*/
00473             /*strcat(navstr, "      SEL    ");*/
00474             /*navstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH] = (val+1) + '0';*/
00475             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, navstr);
00476         }
00477         delay(20);
00478     } while(!done);
00479     printf("Testing motor %d.\n", val);
00480     return val;
00481 }
00482
00490 int selectSpd(int mtr) {
00491     bool done = false;

```

```

00492     int val=0;
00493     do {
00494         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00495         /*bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);*/
00496         /*bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);*/
00497
00498         val = (float) ((float) analogRead(AUTON_POT) / (float)
AUTON_POT_HIGH) * 254;
00499         val -= 127;
00500         char motorstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00501         char temp[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00502         memset(motorstr, 0, sizeof(motorstr));
00503         memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00504         strcpy(motorstr, "Motor: ");
00505         sprintf(temp, "%d", mtr);
00506         strcat(motorstr, temp);
00507
00508         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(motorstr))/2;
00509         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00510         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00511             strcat(str, " ");
00512         }
00513         strcat(str, motorstr);
00514         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00515             strcat(str, " ");
00516         }
00517
00518         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, str);
00519
00520         char speedstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00521         memset(speedstr, 0, sizeof(speedstr));
00522         memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00523         strcpy(speedstr, "Speed: ");
00524         sprintf(temp, "%d", val);
00525         strcat(speedstr, temp);
00526
00527         spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(speedstr))/2;
00528         strcpy(str, "");
00529         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00530             strcat(str, " ");
00531         }
00532         strcat(str, speedstr);
00533         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00534             strcat(str, " ");
00535         }
00536
00537         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, str);
00538
00539         done = (digitalRead(AUTON_BUTTON) == PRESSED || centerPressed);
00540         delay(20);
00541     } while(!done);
00542     printf("Using speed: %d\n", val);
00543     return val;
00544 }
00545
00555 void runIndivMotor(FILE *lcdport){
00556     bool done = false;
00557     int mtr = selectMotor(lcdport);
00558     if(mtr == 0) return;
00559     int spd = selectSpd(mtr);
00560     int val = spd;
00561     disableOpControl = true;
00562     motorStopAll();
00563     do {
00564         char motorstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00565         char temp[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00566         memset(motorstr, 0, sizeof(motorstr));
00567         memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00568         strcpy(motorstr, "Motor: ");
00569         sprintf(temp, "%d", mtr);
00570         strcat(motorstr, temp);
00571
00572         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(motorstr))/2;
00573         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00574         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00575             strcat(str, " ");
00576         }
00577         strcat(str, motorstr);
00578         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00579             strcat(str, " ");
00580         }

```



```

00581     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, str);
00582
00583
00584     char speedstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00585     memset(speedstr, 0, sizeof(speedstr));
00586     memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00587     strcpy(speedstr, "Run Speed: ");
00588     sprintf(temp, "%d", val);
00589     strcat(speedstr, temp);
00590
00591     spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(speedstr))/2;
00592     strcpy(str, "");
00593     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00594         strcat(str, " ");
00595     }
00596     strcat(str, speedstr);
00597     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00598         strcat(str, " ");
00599     }
00600
00601     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, str);
00602
00603     done = lcdAnyButtonPressed();
00604     motorSet(mtr, val);
00605
00606     delay(20);
00607 } while(!done);
00608 disableOpControl = false;
00609 }
00610
00618 int selectMotorGroup(FILE *lcdport){
00619     bool done = false;
00620     int val = 0;
00621     do {
00622         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00623         bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00624         bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00625
00626         if(rightPressed && val != numgroups-1) val++;
00627         else if(rightPressed && val == numgroups-1) val = -1;
00628         else if(leftPressed && val != -1) val--;
00629         else if(leftPressed && val == -1) val = numgroups-1;
00630
00631         char motorstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00632         if(val != -1){
00633             memset(motorstr, 0, sizeof(motorstr));
00634             strcpy(motorstr, groups[val].name);
00635         } else {
00636             strcpy(motorstr, "Cancel");
00637         }
00638
00639         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(motorstr))/2;
00640         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00641         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00642             strcat(str, " ");
00643         }
00644         strcat(str, motorstr);
00645         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00646             strcat(str, " ");
00647         }
00648
00649         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, str);
00650
00651         done = centerPressed;
00652         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "<      SEL      >");
00653         delay(20);
00654     } while(!done);
00655     return val;
00656 }
00657
00665 int selectSpdGroup(int mtr) {
00666     bool done = false;
00667     int val;
00668     do {
00669         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00670         /*bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);*/
00671         /*bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);*/
00672
00673         val = (float) ((float) analogRead(AUTON_POT)/(float)
AUTON_POT_HIGH) * 254;
00674         val -= 127;

```

```

00675     char motorstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00676     char temp[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00677     memset(motorstr, 0, sizeof(motorstr));
00678     memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00679     strcpy(motorstr, groups[mtr].name);
00680
00681     int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(motorstr))/2;
00682     char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00683     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00684         strcat(str, " ");
00685     }
00686     strcat(str, motorstr);
00687     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00688         strcat(str, " ");
00689     }
00690
00691     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, str);
00692
00693     char speedstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00694     memset(speedstr, 0, sizeof(speedstr));
00695     memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00696     strcpy(speedstr, "Speed: ");
00697     sprintf(temp, "%d", val);
00698     strcat(speedstr, temp);
00699
00700     spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(speedstr))/2;
00701     strcpy(str, "");
00702     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00703         strcat(str, " ");
00704     }
00705     strcat(str, speedstr);
00706     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00707         strcat(str, " ");
00708     }
00709
00710     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, str);
00711
00712     done = (digitalRead(AUTON_BUTTON) == PRESSED || centerPressed);
00713     delay(20);
00714 } while(!done);
00715 return val;
00716 }
00717
00727 void runGroupMotor(FILE *lcdport){
00728     bool done = false;
00729     int mtr = selectMotorGroup(lcdport);
00730     if(mtr == -1) return;
00731     int spd = selectSpdGroup(mtr);
00732     int val = spd;
00733     disableOpControl = true;
00734     motorStopAll();
00735     do {
00736         char motorstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00737         char temp[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00738         memset(motorstr, 0, sizeof(motorstr));
00739         memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00740         strcpy(motorstr, groups[mtr].name);
00741
00742         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(motorstr))/2;
00743         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00744         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00745             strcat(str, " ");
00746         }
00747         strcat(str, motorstr);
00748         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00749             strcat(str, " ");
00750         }
00751
00752         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, str);
00753
00754         char speedstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00755         memset(speedstr, 0, sizeof(speedstr));
00756         memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00757         strcat(speedstr, "Run Speed: ");
00758         sprintf(temp, "%d", val);
00759         strcat(speedstr, temp);
00760
00761         spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(speedstr))/2;
00762         strcpy(str, "");
00763         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00764             strcat(str, " ");

```

```

00765     }
00766     strcat(str, speedstr);
00767     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00768         strcat(str, " ");
00769     }
00770
00771     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, str);
00772
00773     for(int i = 1; i <= 10; i++){
00774         if(groups[mtr].motor[i]){
00775             motorSet(i, val);
00776         }
00777     }
00778
00779     done = lcdAnyButtonPressed();
00780     delay(20);
00781 } while(!done);
00782 disableOpControl = false;
00783 }
00784
00791 void runMotor(FILE *lcdport){
00792     bool done = false;
00793     int val = 0;
00794     do {
00795         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00796         bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00797         bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00798
00799         if(rightPressed && val != 1) val++;
00800         else if(leftPressed && val != 0) val--;
00801
00802         if(val){
00803             lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, "Indiv Motor Test");
00804         } else {
00805             lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, "Group Motor Test");
00806         }
00807         done = centerPressed;
00808         if(val == 0){
00809             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "|      SEL      >");
00810         } else if(val == 1){
00811             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "<      SEL      |");
00812         }
00813         delay(20);
00814     } while(!done);
00815     if(val){
00816         runIndivMotor(lcdport);
00817     } else {
00818         runGroupMotor(lcdport);
00819     }
00820 }
00821
00829 bool* selectMotorGroupMembers(bool *motor){
00830     bool done = false;
00831     int val = 1;
00832     do {
00833         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00834         bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00835         bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00836
00837         if(rightPressed && val != 10) val++;
00838         else if(rightPressed && val == 10) val = 0;
00839         else if(leftPressed && val != 0) val--;
00840         else if(leftPressed && val == 0) val = 10;
00841
00842         char motorstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00843         if(val != 0){
00844             char temp[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00845             memset(motorstr, 0, sizeof(motorstr));
00846             memset(temp, 0, sizeof(temp));
00847             strcpy(motorstr, "Motor ");
00848             sprintf(temp, "%d:", val);
00849             strcat(motorstr, temp);
00850             if(motor[val]){
00851                 strcat(motorstr, " On");
00852             } else {
00853                 strcat(motorstr, " Off");
00854             }
00855         } else {
00856             strcpy(motorstr, "Confirm");
00857         }
00858         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(motorstr))/2;

```

```

00859     char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00860     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00861         strcat(str, " ");
00862     }
00863     strcat(str, motorstr);
00864     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00865         strcat(str, " ");
00866     }
00867
00868     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, str);
00869
00870     done = (centerPressed && val == 0);
00871     if(centerPressed && val != 0){
00872         motor[val] = !motor[val];
00873     }
00874     if(val == 0){
00875         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "10      SEL      1");
00876     } else if(val == 1) {
00877         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "ESC      SEL      2");
00878     } else if(val == 10) {
00879         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "9        SEL      ESC");
00880     } else if (val == 9) {
00881         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "8        SEL      10");
00882     } else {
00883         char navstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00884         memset(navstr, 0, sizeof(navstr));
00885         sprintf(navstr, "%c      SEL      %c", (val-1) + '0', (val+1) + '0');
00886         /*navstr[0] = (val-1) + '0';*/
00887         /*strcat(navstr, "      SEL      ");*/
00888         /*navstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH] = (val+1) + '0';*/
00889         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, navstr);
00890     }
00891     delay(20);
00892 } while(!done);
00893 return motor;
00894 }
00895
00899 void addMotorGroup(){
00900     MotorGroup *temp = (MotorGroup*) realloc(groups, sizeof(
MotorGroup)*(numgroups+1));
00901     if(temp == NULL) return;
00902     groups = temp;
00903     numgroups++;
00904     memset(&groups[numgroups-1], 0, sizeof(groups[numgroups-1]));
00905     typeString(groups[numgroups-1].name);
00906     selectMotorGroupMembers(groups[numgroups-1].motor);
00907 }
00908
00915 void editMotorGroup(int mtr){
00916     if(mtr == -1) return;
00917     bool done = false;
00918     int val = 0;
00919     FILE *lcdport = LCD_PORT;
00920     do {
00921         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00922         bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00923         bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00924
00925         if(rightPressed && val != 1) val++;
00926         else if(leftPressed && val != 0) val--;
00927
00928         char motorstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00929         memset(motorstr, 0, sizeof(motorstr));
00930
00931         if(val){
00932             strcpy(motorstr, "Edit Name");
00933         } else {
00934             strcpy(motorstr, "Edit Motors");
00935         }
00936
00937         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(motorstr))/2;
00938         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00939         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00940             strcat(str, " ");
00941         }
00942         strcat(str, motorstr);
00943         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00944             strcat(str, " ");
00945         }
00946
00947         lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, str);

```

```

00948
00949     done = centerPressed;
00950     if(val == 0){
00951         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "|      SEL      >");
00952     } else if(val == 1) {
00953         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "<      SEL      |");
00954     }
00955     delay(20);
00956 } while(!done);
00957 if(val){
00958     typeString(groups[mtr].name);
00959 } else {
00960     selectMotorGroupMembers(groups[mtr].motor);
00961 }
00962 }
00963
00970 void delMotorGroup(int mtr){
00971     if(mtr == -1) return;
00972     int val = 0;
00973     FILE *lcdport = LCD_PORT;
00974     bool done = false;
00975     do {
00976         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
00977         bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
00978         bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
00979
00980         if(rightPressed && val != 1) val++;
00981         else if(leftPressed && val != 0) val--;
00982
00983         char motorstr[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
00984         memset(motorstr, 0, sizeof(motorstr));
00985
00986         if(val){
00987             strcpy(motorstr, "Delete Forever");
00988         } else {
00989             strcpy(motorstr, "Cancel Delete");
00990         }
00991
00992         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(motorstr))/2;
00993         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00994         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00995             strcat(str, " ");
00996         }
00997         strcat(str, motorstr);
00998         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00999             strcat(str, " ");
01000         }
01001
01002         lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, str);
01003
01004         done = centerPressed;
01005         if(val == 0){
01006             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "|      SEL      >");
01007         } else if(val == 1) {
01008             lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "<      SEL      |");
01009         }
01010         delay(20);
01011     } while(!done);
01012     if(val){
01013         memset(&groups[mtr], 0, sizeof(groups[mtr]));
01014         for(int i = mtr; i < numgroups - 1; i++){
01015             memcpy(&groups[i], &groups[i+1], sizeof(groups[i]));
01016         }
01017         numgroups--;
01018     }
01019 }
01020
01027 void runMotorGroupMgmt(FILE *lcdport){
01028     bool done = false;
01029     int val = 0;
01030     do {
01031         bool centerPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_CENTER);
01032         bool leftPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_LEFT);
01033         bool rightPressed = lcdButtonPressed(LCD_BTN_RIGHT);
01034
01035         if(rightPressed && val != 3) val++;
01036         else if(rightPressed && val == 3) val = 0;
01037         else if(leftPressed && val != 0) val--;
01038         else if(leftPressed && val == 0) val = 3;
01039
01040         switch(val){

```

```

01041         case 0: lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, "Add Motor Group"); break;
01042         case 1: lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, "Edit Motor Group"); break;
01043         case 2: lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, "Del Motor Group"); break;
01044         case 3: lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, "Cancel Grp. Mgmt"); break;
01045     }
01046     done = centerPressed;
01047     if(val == 0){
01048         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "<      SEL      >");
01049     } else {
01050         lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 2, "<      SEL      >");
01051     }
01052     delay(20);
01053 } while(!done);
01054 switch(val){
01055     case 0: addMotorGroup(); break;
01056     case 1: editMotorGroup(selectMotorGroup(lcdport)); break;
01057     case 2: delMotorGroup(selectMotorGroup(lcdport)); break;
01058     case 3: break;
01059 }
01060 }
01061
01062 void runConnection(FILE *lcdport){
01063     do {
01064         char strjoy1[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01065         char strjoy2[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01066         if(isJoystickConnected(1)){
01067             strcat(strjoy1, "J1: Connected");
01068         } else {
01069             strcat(strjoy1, "J1: Disconnected");
01070         }
01071         if(isJoystickConnected(2)){
01072             strcat(strjoy2, "J2: Connected");
01073         } else {
01074             strcat(strjoy2, "J2: Disconnected");
01075         }
01076
01077         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(strjoy1))/2;
01078         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01079         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01080             strcat(str, " ");
01081         }
01082         strcat(str, strjoy1);
01083         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01084             strcat(str, " ");
01085         }
01086         lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, str);
01087
01088         spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(strjoy2))/2;
01089         strcpy(str, "");
01090         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01091             strcat(str, " ");
01092         }
01093         strcat(str, strjoy2);
01094         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01095             strcat(str, " ");
01096         }
01097         lcdSetText(lcdport, 2, str);
01098
01099         delay(20);
01100     } while(!lcdAnyButtonPressed());
01101 }
01102
01103 void runRobot(FILE *lcdport){
01104     do {
01105         char strjoy1[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01106         char strjoy2[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01107         if(isOnline()){
01108             strcat(strjoy1, "Competition Mode");
01109         } else {
01110             strcat(strjoy1, "Practice Mode");
01111         }
01112         /*if(isEnabled()){
01113             strcat(strjoy2, "Robot Enabled");
01114         } else {
01115             strcat(strjoy2, "Robot Disabled");
01116         }*/
01117         sprintf(strjoy2, "Angle: %d", gyroGet(gyro));
01118
01119         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(strjoy1))/2;

```

```

01134     char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01135     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01136         strcat(str, " ");
01137     }
01138     strcat(str, strjoy1);
01139     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01140         strcat(str, " ");
01141     }
01142
01143     lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, str);
01144
01145     spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(strjoy2))/2;
01146     strcpy(str, "");
01147     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01148         strcat(str, " ");
01149     }
01150     strcat(str, strjoy2);
01151     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01152         strcat(str, " ");
01153     }
01154
01155     lcdSetText(lcdport, 2, str);
01156
01157     delay(20);
01158 } while(!lcdAnyButtonPressed());
01159 }
01160
01161 void runAuton(FILE *lcdport){
01162     do {
01163         char strjoy1[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01164         char strjoy2[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01165         if(autonLoaded == -1){
01166             strcat(strjoy1, "No Auton Loaded");
01167         } else if(autonLoaded == 0){
01168             strcat(strjoy1, "Empty Auton");
01169         } else if(autonLoaded == MAX_AUTON_SLOTS + 1){
01170             strcat(strjoy1, "Prog. Skills");
01171         } else {
01172             FILE* autonFile;
01173             char filename[AUTON_FILENAME_MAX_LENGTH];
01174             snprintf(filename, sizeof(filename)/sizeof(char), "a%d", autonLoaded);
01175             autonFile = fopen(filename, "r");
01176             char name[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1];
01177             memset(name, 0, sizeof(name));
01178             fread(name, sizeof(char), sizeof(name) / sizeof(char), autonFile);
01179             strcpy(strjoy1, name);
01180             fclose(autonFile);
01181         }
01182         if(isOnline()){
01183             strcat(strjoy2, "Recorder Off");
01184         } else {
01185             strcat(strjoy2, "Recorder On");
01186         }
01187
01188         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(strjoy1))/2;
01189         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01190         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01191             strcat(str, " ");
01192         }
01193         strcat(str, strjoy1);
01194         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01195             strcat(str, " ");
01196         }
01197
01198         lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, str);
01199
01200         spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(strjoy2))/2;
01201         strcpy(str, "");
01202         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01203             strcat(str, " ");
01204         }
01205         strcat(str, strjoy2);
01206         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01207             strcat(str, " ");
01208         }
01209
01210         lcdSetText(lcdport, 2, str);
01211
01212         delay(20);
01213     } while(!lcdAnyButtonPressed());
01214 }

```

```

01222
01233 void runCredits(FILE *lcdport){
01234     do {
01235         char strjoy1[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01236         char strjoy2[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01237         strcat(strjoy1, "Thanks Team 750W");
01238         strcat(strjoy2, "Akram Sandhu");
01239
01240         int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(strjoy1))/2;
01241         char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
01242         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01243             strcat(str, " ");
01244         }
01245         strcat(str, strjoy1);
01246         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01247             strcat(str, " ");
01248         }
01249
01250         lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, str);
01251
01252         spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(strjoy2))/2;
01253         strcpy(str, "");
01254         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01255             strcat(str, " ");
01256         }
01257         strcat(str, strjoy2);
01258         for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
01259             strcat(str, " ");
01260         }
01261
01262         lcdSetText(lcdport, 2, str);
01263
01264         delay(20);
01265     } while(!lcdAnyButtonPressed());
01266 }
01267
01276 void doMenuChoice(int choice){
01277     switch(choice){
01278         case MENU_SCREENSAVER: runScreensaver(
LCD_PORT); break;
01279         case MENU_BATTERY: runBattery(LCD_PORT); break;
01280         case MENU_MOTOR: runMotor(LCD_PORT); break;
01281         case MENU_MOTOR_MGMT: runMotorGroupMgmt (
LCD_PORT); break;
01282         case MENU_CONNECTION: runConnection(LCD_PORT); break;
01283         case MENU_ROBOT: runRobot(LCD_PORT); break;
01284         case MENU_AUTON: runAuton(LCD_PORT); break;
01285         case MENU_BACKLIGHT: lcdSetBacklight(LCD_PORT, !
backlight); backlight = !backlight; break;
01286         case MENU_CREDITS: runCredits(LCD_PORT); break;
01287     }
01288 }
01289
01298 void formatLCDDisplay(void *ignore){
01299     lcdSetBacklight(LCD_PORT, backlight);
01300     doMenuChoice(MENU_SCREENSAVER);
01301     while(true){
01302         doMenuChoice(selectMenu());
01303     }
01304 }
01305

```

4.37 src/lcdmsg.c File Reference

File for LCD message code.

```
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

- void [randlcdmsg](#) (FILE *lcdport, int line)
- void [screensaver](#) (FILE *lcdport)

Variables

- char * [lcdmsg](#) []

4.37.1 Detailed Description

File for LCD message code.

This file contains the code for the LCD screensaver messages. These messages display randomly while the LCD diagnostic menu is set to the screensaver mode. These messages are mainly inside jokes among the team.

Definition in file [lcdmsg.c](#).

4.37.2 Function Documentation

4.37.2.1 void randlcdmsg (FILE * *lcdport*, int *line*)

Displays a random LCD message from the master list.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the port the LCD is connected to
<i>line</i>	the line to display the message on

Definition at line [71](#) of file [lcdmsg.c](#).

4.37.2.2 void screensaver (FILE * *lcdport*)

Formats the LCD by displaying 750C title and message.

Parameters

<i>lcdport</i>	the port the LCD is connected to
----------------	----------------------------------

Definition at line [90](#) of file [lcdmsg.c](#).

4.37.3 Variable Documentation

4.37.3.1 char* lcdmsg[]

Master list of all LCD messages.

Definition at line [14](#) of file [lcdmsg.c](#).

4.38 lcdmsg.c

```

00001
00009 #include "main.h"
00010
00014 char* lcdmsg[] = {
00015     "Hint of Lime",
00016     "Review Committee",
00017     "Exacerbate",
00018     "Get Schwifty",
00019     "Hot Knife",
00020     "Mikel",
00021     "Michael",
00022     "Donald J. Trump",
00023     "Nautilus Gears",
00024     "Drop and Pop",
00025     "More Flip",
00026     "Alfred & Robin",
00027     "Quinnipiac",
00028     "Yeah",
00029     "YEAH",
00030     "YEAH!",
00031     "Did You Get That",
00032     "On Video",
00033     "MGNT",
00034     "LC/DC",
00035     "You Seem Tense",
00036     "Root Theta Gears",
00037     "Money Shot",
00038     "Jaskirat Vig",
00039     "Torsionify",
00040     "Chortler",
00041     "750 Crust",
00042     "Crusty Teeth",
00043     "Moneyballs",
00044     "dooDAH",
00045     "Wobbly Pobbly",
00046     "Hallen Key",
00047     "24 Motors",
00048     "Complicate THIS!",
00049     "Meshing",
00050     "Shikhar Crustogi",
00051     "Neural Network",
00052     "easyAuton()",
00053     "Loctite",
00054     "Skin Irritant",
00055     "Akram Sandhu",
00056     "Therapy Dogs",
00057     "Staples Bands",
00058     "New Nautilus",
00059     "Nauty Gears",
00060     "New 'n' Nauty",
00061     "TURBO GEARS",
00062     "ittoa() Sucks"
00063 };
00064
00071 void randlcdmsg(FILE *lcdport, int line){
00072     int index = rand() % LCD_MESSAGE_COUNT;
00073     int spaces = (LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH - strlen(lcdmsg[index]))/2;
00074     char str[LCD_MESSAGE_MAX_LENGTH+1] = "";
00075     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00076         strcat(str, " ");
00077     }
00078     strcat(str, lcdmsg[index]);
00079     for(int i = 0; i < spaces; i++){
00080         strcat(str, " ");
00081     }
00082     lcdSetText(lcdport, line, str);
00083 }
00084
00090 void screensaver(FILE *lcdport) {
00091     lcdSetText(lcdport, 1, LCD_750C_TITLE);
00092     randlcdmsg(lcdport, 2);
00093 }
00094

```

4.39 src/motors.c File Reference

File for important motor functions.

```
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

- void [transmissionSetPos](#) (void *pos)

4.39.1 Detailed Description

File for important motor functions.

This file contains the code for functions regarding motor status. These functions are too complex to be defined as inline functions in the [motors.h](#) file.

See the [motors.h](#) file for the basic movement functions.

See also

[motors.h](#)

Definition in file [motors.c](#).

4.39.2 Function Documentation

4.39.2.1 void transmissionSetPos (void * pos)

Sets the position of the transmission.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	the position to set the transmission to.
------------	--

Definition at line 19 of file [motors.c](#).

4.40 motors.c

```
00001
00012 #include "main.h"
00013
00019 void transmissionSetPos(void *pos){
00020     int pot = (intptr_t) pos;
```

```

00021     printf("Target: %d\n", pot);
00022     if(analogRead(TRANSMISSION_POT) < pot) {
00023         while(analogRead(TRANSMISSION_POT) < pot){
00024             printf("Current: %d, Target: %d\n", analogRead(TRANSMISSION_POT), pot);
00025             transmission(sign(analogRead(TRANSMISSION_POT)-pot)*50);
00026             delay(20);
00027         }
00028     } else if(analogRead(TRANSMISSION_POT) > pot){
00029         while(analogRead(TRANSMISSION_POT) > pot){
00030             printf("Current: %d, Target: %d\n", analogRead(TRANSMISSION_POT), pot);
00031             transmission(sign(analogRead(TRANSMISSION_POT)-pot)*50);
00032             delay(20);
00033         }
00034     }
00035     printf("Task loop completed.\n");
00036     transmission(0);
00037 }
00038

```

4.41 src/opcontrol.c File Reference

File for operator control code.

```
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

- void [targetNet](#) (int target)
- void [recordJoyInfo](#) ()
- void [moveRobot](#) ()
- void [operatorControl](#) ()

Variables

- int [spd](#)
- int [turn](#)
- int [sht](#)
- int [intk](#)
- int [trans](#)
- int [dep](#)

4.41.1 Detailed Description

File for operator control code.

This file should contain the user [operatorControl\(\)](#) function and any functions related to it.

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Definition in file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.2 Function Documentation

4.41.2.1 void moveRobot ()

Moves the robot based on the motor state variables.

Definition at line 128 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.2.2 void operatorControl ()

Runs the user operator control code. This function will be started in its own task with the default priority and stack size whenever the robot is enabled via the Field Management System or the VEX Competition Switch in the operator control mode. If the robot is disabled or communications is lost, the operator control task will be stopped by the kernel. Re-enabling the robot will restart the task, not resume it from where it left off.

If no VEX Competition Switch or Field Management system is plugged in, the VEX Cortex will run the operator control task. Be warned that this will also occur if the VEX Cortex is tethered directly to a computer via the USB A to A cable without any VEX Joystick attached.

Code running in this task can take almost any action, as the VEX Joystick is available and the scheduler is operational. However, proper use of `delay()` or `taskDelayUntil()` is highly recommended to give other tasks (including system tasks such as updating LCDs) time to run.

This task should never exit; it should end with some kind of infinite loop, even if empty.

Definition at line 153 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.2.3 void recordJoyInfo ()

Populates the motor state variables based on the joystick's current values.

Definition at line 81 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.2.4 void targetNet (int target)

Faces the robot towards the desired gyroscope angle by turning it. This function implements a simple PID control loop in order to correct for error.

Parameters

<i>target</i>	the desired robot angle
---------------	-------------------------

Definition at line 73 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.3 Variable Documentation

4.41.3.1 int dep

Speed of the lift deployment motor.

Definition at line 65 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.3.2 int intk

Speed of the intake motors.

Definition at line 55 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.3.3 int sht

Speed of the shooter motors.

Definition at line 50 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.3.4 int spd

Forward/backward speed of the drive motors.

Definition at line 40 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.3.5 int trans

Speed of the transmission motors.

Definition at line 60 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.41.3.6 int turn

Turning speed of the drive motors.

Definition at line 45 of file [opcontrol.c](#).

4.42 opcontrol.c

```

00001
00035 #include "main.h"
00036
00040 int spd;
00041
00045 int turn;
00046
00050 int sht;
00051
00055 int intk;
00056
00060 int trans;
00061
00065 int dep;
00066
00073 void targetNet(int target){
00074     int error = gyroGet(gyro) % ROTATION_DEG - target;
00075     turn = error * GYRO_P;
00076 }
00077
00081 void recordJoyInfo(){
00082     spd = joystickGetAnalog(1, 3);
00083     turn = joystickGetAnalog(1, 1);
00084     sht = 0;
00085     intk = 0;
00086     trans = 0;
00087     if(joystickGetDigital(1, 6, JOY_UP) || joystickGetDigital(2, 6, JOY_UP)){
00088         sht = 127;
00089     } else if(joystickGetDigital(1, 6, JOY_DOWN) || joystickGetDigital(2, 6, JOY_DOWN)){
00090         sht = -127;
00091     } else {
00092         sht = 0;
00093     }
00094     if(joystickGetDigital(1, 5, JOY_UP) || joystickGetDigital(2, 5, JOY_UP)){
00095         intk = 127;
00096     } else if(joystickGetDigital(1, 5, JOY_DOWN) || joystickGetDigital(2, 5, JOY_DOWN)){
00097         intk = -127;
00098     } else {
00099         intk = 0;
00100     }
00101     if(joystickGetDigital(1, 8, JOY_LEFT)){
00102         trans = 80;
00103         /*changeGear(GEAR_LIFT);*/
00104     } else if(joystickGetDigital(1, 8, JOY_RIGHT)){
00105         trans = -80;
00106         /*changeGear(GEAR_DRIVE);*/
00107     } else {
00108         trans = 0;
00109     }
00110     if(joystickGetDigital(1, 8, JOY_UP) || joystickGetDigital(2, 8, JOY_UP)){
00111         dep = 127;
00112     } else if(joystickGetDigital(1, 8, JOY_DOWN) || joystickGetDigital(2, 8, JOY_DOWN)){
00113         dep = -127;
00114     } else {
00115         dep = 0;
00116     }
00117
00118     if(joystickGetDigital(1, 7, JOY_DOWN)){
00119         targetNet(GYRO_NET_TARGET);
00120     } else if(joystickGetDigital(1, 7, JOY_UP)){
00121         gyroReset(gyro);
00122     }
00123 }
00124
00128 void moveRobot(){
00129     move(spd, turn);
00130     shoot(sht);
00131     intake(intk);
00132     transmission(trans);
00133     deploy(dep);
00134 }
00135
00153 void operatorControl() {
00154     lcdSetBacklight(LCD_PORT, true);
00155     bool speakerPlay = false;
00156     bool speakerButtonPressed = false;
00157     speakerTask = NULL;
00158     while (true) {

```

```

00159         if(isOnline() || progSkills == 0){
00160             if(joystickGetDigital(1, 8, JOY_UP) || joystickGetDigital(1, 8, JOY_DOWN)) {
00161                 if(!speakerButtonPressed) {
00162                     speakerPlay = !speakerPlay;
00163                     speakerButtonPressed = true;
00164                 }
00165             } else {
00166                 speakerButtonPressed = false;
00167             }
00168             if(speakerPlay){
00169                 if(speakerTask == NULL){
00170                     speakerTask = taskCreate(playSpeaker, TASK_DEFAULT_STACK_SIZE,
00171 NULL, TASK_PRIORITY_DEFAULT);
00172                     speakerPlay = false;
00173                 }
00174                 if(lcdDiagTask == NULL){
00175                     lcdDiagTask = taskCreate(formatLCDDisplay,
00176 TASK_DEFAULT_STACK_SIZE, NULL, TASK_PRIORITY_DEFAULT);
00177                 } else if(taskGetState(lcdDiagTask) == TASK_SUSPENDED){
00178                     taskResume(lcdDiagTask);
00179                 }
00180                 if(!disableOpControl){
00181                     recordJoyInfo();
00182                     if (joystickGetDigital(1, 7, JOY_RIGHT) && !isOnline()) {
00183                         taskSuspend(lcdDiagTask);
00184                         recordAuton();
00185                         lcdSetBacklight(LCD_PORT, true);
00186                         saveAuton();
00187                     } else if (joystickGetDigital(1, 7, JOY_LEFT) && !isOnline()) {
00188                         taskSuspend(lcdDiagTask);
00189                         lcdSetBacklight(LCD_PORT, true);
00190                         loadAuton();
00191                         playbackAuton();
00192                     }
00193                     moveRobot();
00194                 } else {
00195                     motorStopAll();
00196                     lcdSetText(LCD_PORT, 1, "Press 7R");
00197                     lcdPrint(LCD_PORT, 2, "Last Skills: %d", progSkills);
00198                     if (joystickGetDigital(1, 7, JOY_RIGHT) && !isOnline()) {
00199                         recordAuton();
00200                         saveAuton();
00201                     } else if(joystickGetDigital(1, 7, JOY_UP) && !isOnline()) {
00202                         progSkills = 0;
00203                     }
00204                 }
00205                 delay(20);
00206             }
00207 }
00208

```

4.43 src/sensors.c File Reference

File for important sensor declarations and functions.

```
#include "main.h"
```

Functions

- void `return` (int bodydegs)
- void `lturn` (int bodydegs)
- void `goForward` (int inches)
- void `goBackward` (int inches)
- char * `randsong` ()
- void `playSpeaker` (void *ignore)

Variables

- Encoder [leftenc](#)
- Encoder [rightenc](#)
- Gyro [gyro](#)
- Ultrasonic [sonar](#)
- char * [songs](#) []
- TaskHandle [speakerTask](#)

4.43.1 Detailed Description

File for important sensor declarations and functions.

This file contains the code for declarations and functions regarding sensors. The definitions contained herein define objects representing more complex sensors. The functions contained herein are too complex to be defined as inline functions in the [sensors.h](#) file.

See the [sensors.h](#) file for the basic sensory definitions and functions.

See also

[sensors.h](#)

Definition in file [sensors.c](#).

4.43.2 Function Documentation

4.43.2.1 void goBackward (int *inches*)

Moves the robot backward a specified distance.

Parameters

<i>inches</i>	the amount of inches to move backward
---------------	---------------------------------------

Definition at line 71 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.43.2.2 void goForward (int *inches*)

Moves the robot forward a specified distance.

Parameters

<i>inches</i>	the amount of inches to move forward
---------------	--------------------------------------

Definition at line 55 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.43.2.3 void lturn (int *bodydegs*)

Turns the robot left to a specified angle.

Parameters

<i>bodydegs</i>	the amount of degrees to turn the robot
-----------------	---

Definition at line 40 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.43.2.4 void playSpeaker (void * *ignore*)

Plays a song over the speaker. This task plays a random song from the array of songs.

Parameters

<i>ignore</i>	does nothing - required by task definition
---------------	--

Definition at line 129 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.43.2.5 char* randsong ()

Returns a random song from the master list.

Returns

a pointer to the song

Definition at line 111 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.43.2.6 void rturn (int *bodydegs*)

Turns the robot right to a specified angle.

Parameters

<i>bodydegs</i>	the amount of degrees to turn the robot
-----------------	---

Definition at line 25 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.43.3 Variable Documentation

4.43.3.1 Gyro gyro

Object representing the gyroscope.

Definition at line 78 of file sensors.c.

4.43.3.2 Encoder leftenc

Object representing the encoder on the left side of the drivetrain.

Definition at line 18 of file sensors.c.

4.43.3.3 Encoder rightenc

Object representing the encoder on the right side of the drivetrain.

Definition at line 23 of file sensors.c.

4.43.3.4 Ultrasonic sonar

Object representing the ultrasonic sensor.

Definition at line 83 of file sensors.c.

4.43.3.5 char* songs[]

Initial value:

```
= {
    "Batman:d=8,o=5,b=180:d,d,c#,c#,c,c,c#,c#,d,d,c#,c#,c,c,c#,c#,d,d#,c,c#,c,c,c#,f,p,4f",
    "Spiderman:d=4,o=6,b=200:c,8d#g.,p,f#,8d#c.,p,c,8d#g,8g#p,g,f#,8d#c.,p,f,8g#c,7,p,a#,8g#f.,p,c,8d#g.,p,f#,8d#c,p,8g#,
    "Star
        Wars:d=8,o=6,b=180:f5,f5,f5,2a#5.,2f.,d#,d,c,2a#. ,4f.,d#,d,c,2a#. ,4f.,d#,d,d#,2c,4p,f5,f5,f5,2a#5.,2f.,d#,d,c,2a#. ,4f.,d#,
    "Final
        Countdown:d=16,o=5,b=125:b,a,4b,4e,4p,8p,c6,b,8c6,8b,4a,4p,8p,c6,b,4c6,4e,4p,8p,a,g,8a,8g,8f#,8a,4g.,f#,g,4a.,g,a,8b,8a,8g,
    "Deep Purple-Smoke on the
        Water:d=4,o=4,b=112:c,d#,f.,c,d#,8f#,f,p,c,d#,f.,d#,c,2p,8p,c,d#,f.,c,d#,8f#,f,p,c,d#,f.,d#,c",
    "Ghost Busters:d=8,o=5,b=145:16c6,32p,16c6,e6,c6,d6,a#,2p,32c6,32p,32c6,32p,c6,a#,c6",
    "Fresh Prince Of Bel Air Themed:d=4,o=5,b=112:16a,16p,16a,8p,8a,32d7,32d#7,16e7,8p,8e7,8p,
        32c7,32c#7,8d7,16d#7,16d7,16p,16c7,16d6,16p,16c6,16p,8b,8p,16a,16p,16a,8p,8a6,32d7,32d#7,
        16e7,8p,8e7,8p,32c7,32c#7,8d7,16d#7,16d7,16p,16c7,16a,16p,16e6,16p,16a,8p,32b,32c6,32b,
        32c6,32b,32c6,32b,32c6,32b,32c6,32b,32c6,32b,32c6,32b,32c6,32b,32c6,32b,32c6,32b,32c6,32b,
        32c6",
    "Funky Town:d=8,o=4,b=125:c6,c6,a#5,c6,p,g5,p,g5,c6,f6,e6,c6,2p,c6,c6,a#5,c6,p,g5,p,g5,c6,f6,e6,c6",
    "Macarena:d=8,o=5,b=180:f,f,f,4f,f,f,f,f,f,f,a,c,c,4f,f,f,4f,f,f,f,f,f,f,d,c,4p,4f,f,f,4f,f,f,f,f,f,f,a,4p,2c.6,4a,c6,a,
    "Mission
        Impossible:d=16,o=5,b=100:32d,32d#,32d,32d#,32d,32d#,32d,32d,32d#,32e,32f,32f#,32g,g,8
        p,g,8p,a#,p,c6,p,g,8p,g,8p,f,p,f#,p,g,8p,g,8p,a#,p,c6,p,g,8p,g,8p,f,p,f#,p,a#,g,2d,32p,a#,g,2c#,32p,a#,g,2c,p,a#4,c",
    "USA National
        Anthem:d=8,o=5,b=120:e.,d,4c,4e,4g,4c6.,p,e6.,d6,4c6,4e,4f#,4g.,p,4g,4e6.,d6,4c6,2b,a,4b,c6.,16p,4c6,4g,4e,32p,4c",
    "Bond:d=4,o=5,b=80:32p,16c#6,32d#6,32d#6,16d#6,8d#6,16c#6,16c#6,16c#6,16c#6,32e6,32e6,16e6,8e6,16d#6,16d
        #6,16d#6,16c#6,32d#6,32d#6,16d#6,8d#6,16c#6,16c#6,16c#6,16c#6,32e6,32e6,16e6,8e6,16d#6,16d6,16c#6,16c#7,c.7,16g#6,16f#6,g#.
    "GoodBad:d=4,o=5,b=56:32p,32a#,32d#6,32a#,32d#6,8a#. ,16f#. ,16g#. ,d#,32a#,32d#6,32a#,32d#6,8a#. ,16f#. ,16g#. ,c#6,32a#,32d#6,32
    "MetalGear:d=8,o=6,b=125:4e5,4d5,2c5,d5,e5,a4,4e5,2d5,c5,d5,4e.5,a5,g5,e5,4c5,2d5,e5,a5,2c,b5,c,d,4c,2a5
        ,g5,a5,4b.5,c,4b5,a5,g5,1a5,4b5,4a5,2g5,a5,b5,e5,4b5,2a5,g5,a5,4b.5,e,d,b5,4g5,2a5,b5,e,2g,f#,g,a,4g,2e,d,e,4f#. ,g,4f#,e,d,
    "Jeopardy:d=4,o=6,b=125:c,f,c,f5,c,f,2c,c,f,c,f,a.,8g,8f,8e,8d,8c#,c,f,c,f5,c,f,2c,f.,8d,c,a#5,a5,g5,f5,
        p,d#,g#,d#,g#5,d#,g#,2d#,d#,g#,d#,g#,c.7,8a#,8g#,8g,8f,8e,d#,g#,d#,g#5,d#,g#,2d#,g#. ,8f,d#,c#,c,p,a#5,p,g#.5,d#,g#"
}
```

Master list of all songs.

Definition at line 88 of file `sensors.c`.

4.43.3.6 TaskHandle speakerTask

Object representing the speaker song task. The speaker song task runs in a separate thread from the operator control code. This prevents it from blocking the driving code from executing.

Definition at line 121 of file [sensors.c](#).

4.44 sensors.c

```

00001
00013 #include "main.h"
00014
00018 Encoder leftenc;
00019
00023 Encoder rightenc;
00024
00025 void rturn(int bodydegs) {
00026     clearDriveEncoders();
00027     float turndeg;
00028     float encdegperbodydeg = DRIVE_WHEELBASE / (DRIVE_DIA *
DRIVE_GEARRATIO);
00029     turndeg = encdegperbodydeg * bodydegs;
00030
00031     while(abs(encoderGet(rightenc)) < abs(turndeg)) {
00032         move(0, MOTOR_MAX);
00033         delay(20);
00034     }
00035
00036     move(0, 0);
00037     clearDriveEncoders();
00038 }
00039
00040 void lturn(int bodydegs) {
00041     clearDriveEncoders();
00042     float turndeg;
00043     float encdegperbodydeg = DRIVE_WHEELBASE / (DRIVE_DIA *
DRIVE_GEARRATIO);
00044     turndeg = encdegperbodydeg * bodydegs;
00045
00046     while(abs(encoderGet(leftenc)) < abs(turndeg)) {
00047         move(0, -MOTOR_MAX);
00048         delay(20);
00049     }
00050
00051     move(0, 0);
00052     clearDriveEncoders();
00053 }
00054
00055 void goForward(int inches) {
00056     int deg;
00057     float encperinch;
00058     encperinch = 360/(DRIVE_DIA * PI * DRIVE_GEARRATIO);
00059     deg = encperinch * (float)inches;
00060
00061     clearDriveEncoders();
00062     while(abs(encoderGet(rightenc)) < abs(deg))
00063     {
00064         move(sign(inches) * 127, 0);
00065         delay(20);
00066     }
00067     move(0,0);
00068     clearDriveEncoders();
00069 }
00070
00071 void goBackward(int inches) {
00072     goForward(-inches);
00073 }
00074
00078 Gyro gyro;
00079
00083 Ultrasonic sonar;
00084
00088 char* songs[] = {
00089     "Batman:d=8,o=5,b=180:d,d,c#,c#,c,c,c#,c#,d,d,c#,c#,c,c,c#,c#,d,d#,c,c#,c,c,c#,c#,f,p,4f",

```

```

00090     "
Spiderman:d=4,o=6,b=200:c,8d#,g.,p,f#,8d#,c.,p,c,8d#,g,8g#,g,f#,8d#,c.,p,f,8g#,c.7,p,a#,8g#,f.,p,c,8d#,g.,p,f#,8d#,c,p,8g#,
00091     "Star
Wars:d=8,o=6,b=180:f5,f5,f5,2a#5.,2f.,d#,d,c,2a#.,4f.,d#,d,c,2a#.,4f.,d#,d,d#,2c,4p,f5,f5,f5,2a#5.,2f.,d#,d,c,2a#.,4f.,d#,
00092     "Final
Countdown:d=16,o=5,b=125:b,a,4b,4e,4p,8p,c6,b,8c6,8b,4a,4p,8p,c6,b,4c6,4e,4p,8p,a,g,8a,8g,8f#,8a,4g.,f#,g,4a.,g,a,8b,8a,8g,
00093     "Deep Purple-Smoke on the
Water:d=4,o=4,b=112:c,d#,f.,c,d#,8f#,f,p,c,d#,f.,d#,c,2p,8p,c,d#,f.,c,d#,8f#,f,p,c,d#,f.,d#,c",
00094     "Ghost Busters:d=8,o=5,b=145:16c6,32p,16c6,e6,c6,d6,a#,2p,32c6,32p,32c6,32p,c6,a#,c6",
00095     "Fresh Prince Of Bel Air Theme:d=4,o=5,b=112:16a, 16p, 16a, 8p, 8a, 32d7, 32d#7, 16e7, 8p, 8e7, 8p,
32c7, 32c#7, 8d7, 16d#7, 16d7, 16p, 16c7, 16d6, 16p, 16c6, 16p, 8b, 8p, 16a, 16p, 16a, 8p, 8a6, 32d7, 32d#7,
16e7, 8p, 8e7, 8p, 32c7, 32c#7, 8d7, 16d#7, 16d7, 16p, 16c7, 16a, 16p, 16e6, 16p, 16a, 8p, 32b, 32c6, 32b,
32c6, 32b, 32c6, 32b, 32c6, 32b, 32c6, 32b, 32c6, 32b, 32c6, 32b, 32c6, 32b, 32c6, 32b, 32c6, 32b,
32c6",
00096     "Funky Town:d=8,o=4,b=125:c6,c6,a#5,c6,p,g5,p,g5,c6,f6,e6,c6,2p,c6,c6,a#5,c6,p,g5,p,g5,c6,f6,e6,c6",
00097     "
Macarena:d=8,o=5,b=180:f,f,f,4f,f,f,f,f,f,f,a,c,c,4f,f,f,4f,f,f,f,f,f,f,d,c,4p,4f,f,f,4f,f,f,f,f,f,f,a,4p,2c.6,4a,c6,a,
00098     "Mission
Impossible:d=16,o=5,b=100:32d,32d#,32d,32d#,32d,32d#,32d,32d#,32d,32d,32d#,32e,32f,32f#,32g,g,8
p,g,8p,a#,p,c6,p,g,8p,g,8p,f,p,f#,p,g,8p,g,8p,a#,p,c6,p,g,8p,g,8p,f,p,f#,p,a#,g,2d,32p,a#,g,2c,p,a#4,c",
00099     "USA National
Anthem:d=8,o=5,b=120:e.,d,4c,4e,4g,4c6.,p,e6.,d6,4c6,4e,4f#,4g.,p,4g,4e6.,d6,4c6,2b,a,4b,c6.,16p,4c6,4g,4e,32p,4c",
00100     "
Bond:d=4,o=5,b=80:32p,16c#6,32d#6,32d#6,16d#6,8d#6,16c#6,16c#6,16c#6,16c#6,32e6,32e6,16e6,8e6,16d#6,16d
#6,16d#6,16c#6,32d#6,32d#6,16d#6,8d#6,16c#6,16c#6,16c#6,16c#6,32e6,32e6,16e6,8e6,16d#6,16d6,16c#6,16c#7,c.7,16g#6,16f#6,g#.
00101     "
GoodBad:d=4,o=5,b=56:32p,32a#,32d#6,32a#,32d#6,8a#.,16f#.,16g#.,d#,32a#,32d#6,32a#,32d#6,8a#.,16f#.,16g#.,c#6,32a#,32d#6,32a
00102     "
MetalGear:d=8,o=6,b=125:4e5,4d5,2c5,d5,e5,a4,4e5,2d5,c5,d5,4e.5,a5,g5,e5,4c5,2d5,e5,a5,2c,b5,c,d,4c,2a5
,g5,a5,4b.5,c,4b5,a5,g5,1a5,4b5,4a5,2g5,a5,b5,e5,4b5,2a5,g5,a5,4b.5,e,d,b5,4g5,2a5,b5,e,2g,f#,g,a,4g,2e,d,e,4f#.,g,4f#,e,d,
00103     "
Jeopardy:d=4,o=6,b=125:c,f,c,f5,c,f,2c,c,f,c,f,a.,8g,8f,8e,8d,8c#,c,f,c,f5,c,f,2c,f.,8d,c,a#5,a5,g5,f5,
p,d#,g#,d#,g#5,d#,g#,2d#,d#,g#,d#,g#,c.7,8a#,8g#,8g,8f,8e,d#,g#,d#,g#5,d#,g#,2d#,g#.,8f,d#,c#,c,p,a#5,p,g#.5,d#,g#"
00104 };
00105
00111 char* randsong() {
00112     int index = rand() % SONG_COUNT;
00113     return songs[index];
00114 }
00115
00121 TaskHandle speakerTask;
00122
00129 void playSpeaker(void *ignore){
00130     char *rtttl = randsong();
00131     speakerPlayRtttl(rtttl);
00132     speakerTask = NULL;
00133 }

```


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