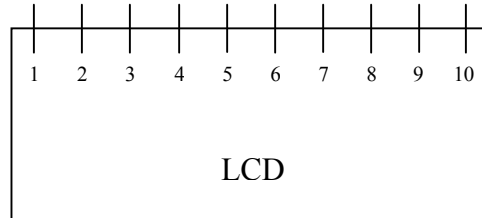


LCD Interface Notes

LCD Pinout



Note1: Verify Pin #1 on your LCD. There should be a 1 next to pin 1 and a 10 next to pin 10.

Note2: RS signal is similar to an address line input on the device and can be connected directly to CPU A0.

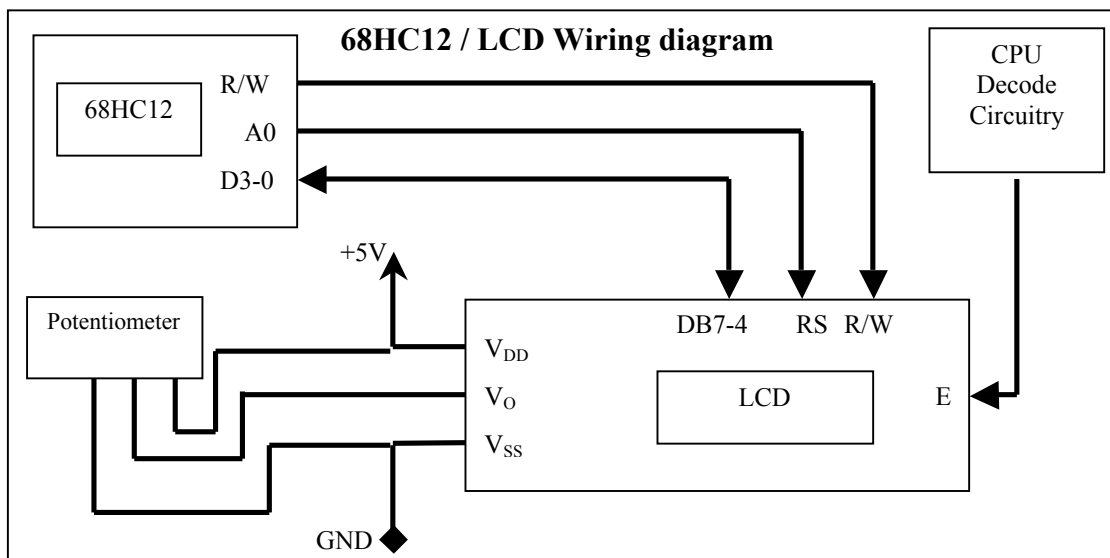
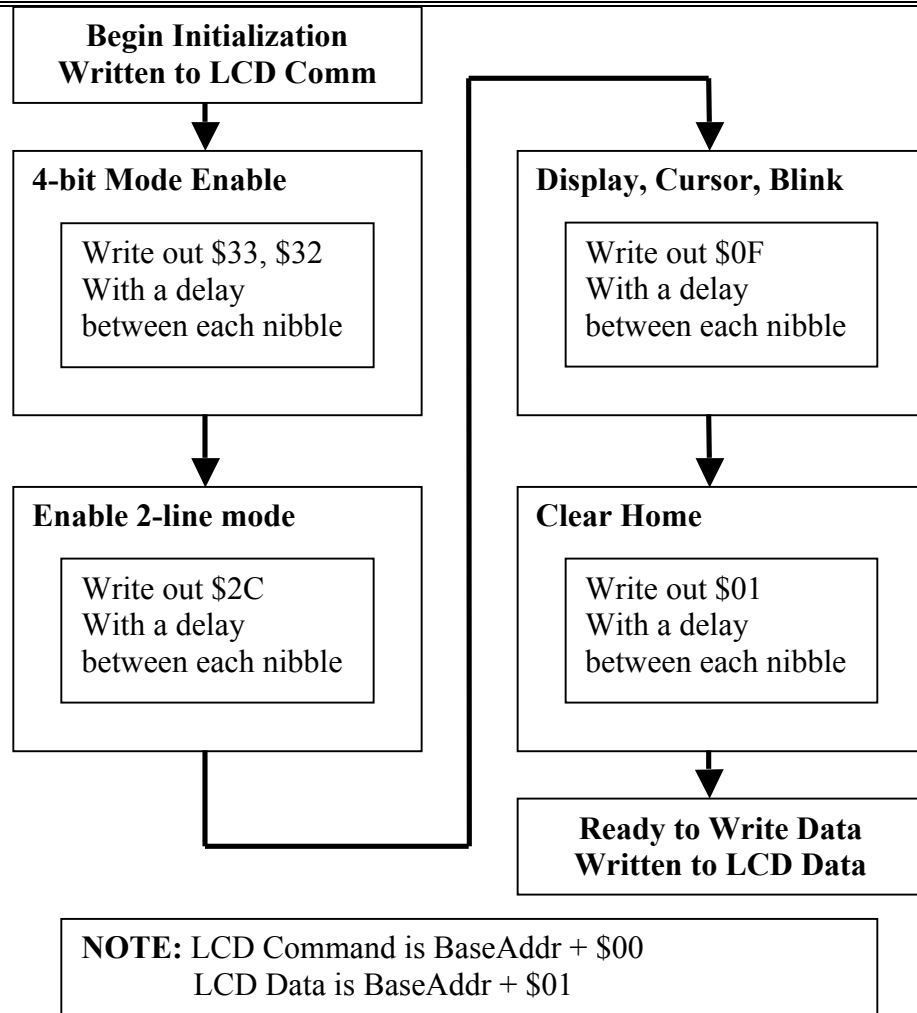
Note3: E is the enable or CS for the device. A memory mapped decoded CS signal needs to be created for enabling/disabling this signal. Consider it a write-only device.

LCD Pin assignments			
Adapted from the Densitron LM2022 LCD SpecSheet			
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	V _{SS}	-	Ground (0V)
2	V _{DD}	-	Logic Supply Voltage (+5V)
3	V _O	-	LC Drive voltage for contrast adjustment
4	RS	I	Register Select 0: Command Register 1: Data Register
5	R/W	I	Read/Write 0: Data Write (Module ← MPU) 1: Data Read (Module → MPU)
6	E	I	Enable Signal Active High
7	DB4	I/O	Bi-directional data bus line 4 (LSB)
8	DB5	I/O	Bi-directional data bus line 5
9	DB6	I/O	Bi-directional data bus line 6
10	DB7	I/O	Bi-directional data bus line 7 (MSB)

Important Notes regarding 4-bit mode:

The difference between 4-bit and 8-bit LCD operation is that data is sent out as **nibbles** instead of a single **byte**. DB7:DB4 are used to transfer nibbles to/from the LCD module (DB7 is the MSB). Commands and data are still 8 bits long, but are transferred as two 4-bit nibbles on the LCD data bus lines DB7:DB4. **The most significant nibble should be transferred first, followed by the least significant nibble.** There must be a delay (approx. 1.5 ms) between each nibble transfer. The optimal contrast for the LCD (V_O) is 3.3 - 3.7V.

LCD Interface Notes



LCD Interface Notes

Higher 4bit Lower 4bit	0000	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
xxxx0000		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B
xxxx0001		C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
xxxx0010		O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
xxxx0011		[\	^	_	`	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
xxxx0100		h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s
xxxx0101		t	u	v	w	x	y	z	{		}	~	
xxxx0110													
xxxx0111													
xxxx1000													
xxxx1001													
xxxx1010													
xxxx1011													
xxxx1100													
xxxx1101													
xxxx1110													
xxxx1111													

LCD Character Codes¹

¹ Schwartz, Eric M. "EEL 4744: Microprocessor Applications." LCD Character Set. 28 Feb. 2002.
<<http://mil.ufl.edu/4744/docs/lcdmanual/characterset.html>>.

LCD Interface Notes

SUMMARY OF LCD COMMANDS²

Instruction	Code										Description
	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	
Clear display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Clears display and returns cursor to the home position (address 0).
Cursor home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	*	Returns cursor to home position (address 0). Also returns display being shifted to the original position. DDRAM contents remains unchanged.
Entry mode set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	S	Sets cursor move direction (I/D), specifies to shift the display (S). These operations are performed during data read/write.
Display On/Off control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	C	B	Sets On/Off of all display (D), cursor On/Off (C) and blink of cursor position character (B).
Cursor/display shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	*	*	Sets cursor-move or display-shift (S/C), shift direction (R/L). DDRAM contents remains

² Schwartz, Eric M. "EEL 4744: Microprocessor Applications." LCD Commands. 17 Mar. 2002.
<<http://mil.ufl.edu/4744/docs/lcdmanual/commands.html>>.

LCD Interface Notes

											unchanged.
Function set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	*	*	Sets interface data length (DL), number of display line (N) and character font(F).
Set CGRAM address	0	0	0	1	CGRAM address						Sets the CGRAM address. CGRAM data is sent or received after this setting.
Set DDRAM address	0	0	1	DDRAM address							Sets the DDRAM address. DDRAM data is sent or received after this setting.
Read busy-flag and address counter	0	1	BF	DDRAM address							Reads Busy-flag (BF) indicating internal operation is being performed and reads address counter contents.
Write to CGRAM or DDRAM	1	0	write data								Writes data to CGRAM or DDRAM.
Read from CGRAM or DDRAM	1	1	read data								Reads data from CGRAM or DDRAM.