# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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**Branch: REC** 

Department: I AI & ML FA

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 3\_COD

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 50
Marks Obtained : 50

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Given a list of positive and negative numbers, arrange them such that all negative integers appear before all the positive integers in the array. The order of appearance should be maintained.

## Example

Input:

[12, 11, -13, -5, 6, -7, 5, -3, -6]

Output:

List = [-13, -5, -7, -3, -6, 12, 11, 6, 5]

**Explanation:** 

The output is the arranged list where all the negative integers appear before the positive integers while maintaining the original order of appearance.

### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single line containing a list of integers enclosed in square brackets separated by commas.

## **Output Format**

The output displays "List = " followed by an arranged list of integers as required, separated by commas and enclosed in square brackets.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

```
Input: [12, 11, -13, -5, 6, -7, 5, -3, -6]

Output: List = [-13, -5, -7, -3, -6, 12, 11, 6, 5]

Answer

# You are using Python
a=input()
o=[]
e=[]
a=eval(a)
for i in a:
    if i<0:
        o.append(i)
else:
        e.append(i)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement

o=o+e

print("list=",o)

Dhruv wants to write a program to slice a given string based on user-

defined start and end positions.

The program should check whether the provided positions are valid and then return the sliced portion of the string if the positions are within the string's length.

## **Input Format**

The first line consists of the input string as a string.

The second line consists of the start position (0-based index) as an integer.

The third line consists of the end position (0-based index) as an integer.

## **Output Format**

The output displays the following format:

If the start and end positions are valid, print the sliced string.

If the start and end positions are invalid, print "Invalid start and end positions".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

```
Input: pythonprogramming 0
5
Output: python

Answer

a=input().strip()
b=int(input().strip())
c=int(input().strip())
if(b>=0 and c<len(a) and b<=c):
    print(a[b:c+1])
else:
    print("Invalid start and end positions")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

## 3. Problem Statement

Ram is working on a program to manipulate strings. He wants to create a program that takes two strings as input, reverses the second at the then concatenates it will be a second at the then concatenates it with the first string.

Ram needs your help to design a program.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of two strings in separate lines.

## **Output Format**

The output displays a single line containing the concatenated string of the first string and the reversed second string.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: hello word

Output: hellodrow

#### Answer

# You are using Python a=input() b=input() b=b[::-1] print(a+b)

> Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

You have a string containing a phone number in the format "(XXX) XXX-XXXX". You need to extract the area code from the phone number and create a new string that contains only the area code.

Write a Python program for the same.

### Note

(XXX) - Area code

XXX-XXXX - Phone number

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a string, representing the phone number in the format "(XXX) XXX-XXXX".

#### **Output Format**

The output displays "Area code: " followed by a string representing the area code for the given phone number.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: (123) 456-7890 Output: Area code: 123

#### Answer

# You are using Python a=input() b=a[1:4] print("Area code:",b)

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 5. Problem Statement

Alex is working on a Python program to manage a list of elements. He needs to append multiple elements to the list and then remove an element from the list at a specified index.

Your task is to create a program that helps Alex manage the list. The

program should allow Alex to input a list of elements, append them to the existing list, and then remove an element at a specified index.

## **Input Format**

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of elements to be appended to the list.

The next n lines contain integers, representing the elements to be appended to the list.

The third line of input consists of an integer M, representing the index of the element to be popped from the list.

## **Output Format**

The first line of output displays the original list.

The second line of output displays the list after popping the element of the index M.

The third line of output displays the popped element.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

```
Input: 5
64
98
-1
```

5

26 3

Output: List after appending elements: [64, 98, -1, 5, 26]

List after popping last element: [64, 98, -1, 26]

Popped element: 5

#### Answer

# You are using Python a=int(input())

24,150,1051 24,150,1051 b.append(int(input()))
c=int(input())
print(": print("List after appending elements:",b) d=b.pop(c) print("List after popping last element:",b) print("Popped element:",d) Status: Correct Marks: 10/10 24,150,1057 24,150,1051 24,150,1051 24,150,1051 24,150,1057 24,150,1051 24,150,1051 24,150,1051

24,150,1051

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 3\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 30 Marks Obtained : 30

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

A company is creating email accounts for its new employees. They want to use a naming convention for email addresses that consists of the first letter of the employee's first name, followed by their last name, followed by @company.com.

The company also has a separate email domain for administrative employees.

Write a program that prompts the user for their first name, last name, role, and company and then generates their email address using the appropriate naming convention based on their role. This is demonstrated in the below examples.

Note:

The generated email address should consist of the first letter of the first name, the last name in lowercase, and a suffix based on the role and company, all in lowercase.

## **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of the first name of an employee as a string.

The second line consists of the last name of an employee as a string.

The third line consists of the role of the employee as a string.

The last line consists of the company name as a string.

The output consists of a single line containing the generated email address for the employee, following the specified naming convention

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: John Smith admin iamNeo

Output: jsmith@admin.iamneo.com

#### Answer

# You are using Python first\_name=input() last\_name=input() role=input() company=input()

first\_initial\_lower=first\_name[0].lower() last\_name\_lower=last\_name.lower() role\_lower=role.lower() company\_lower=company.lower()

```
if (role == "admin"):
```

print(f"{first\_initial\_lower}{last\_name\_lower}@admin.{company\_lower}.com")
else:

print(f"{first\_initial\_lower}{last\_name\_lower}@{company\_lower}.com")

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

Raja needs a program that helps him manage his shopping list efficiently. The program should allow him to perform the following operations:

Add Items: Raja should be able to add multiple items to his shopping list at once. He will input a space-separated list of items, each item being a string.

Remove Item: Raja should be able to remove a specific item from his shopping list. He will input the item he wants to remove, and if it exists in the list, it will be removed. If the item is not found, the program should notify him.

Update List: Raja might realize he forgot to add some items initially. After removing unnecessary items, he should be able to update his list by adding more items. Similar to the initial input, he will provide a space-separated list of new items.

## **Input Format**

The first line consists of the initial list of integers should be entered as spaceseparated values.

The second line consists of the element to be removed should be entered as a single integer value.

The third line consists of the new elements to be appended should be entered as space-separated values.

## **Output Format**

The output displays the current state of Raja's shopping list after each operation.

After adding items, removing items, and updating the list, the program prints the updated shopping list in the following format:

```
"List1: [element1, element2, ... ,element_n]
List after removal: [element1, element2, ... ,element_n]
```

Final list: [element1, element2, ...,element\_n]".

If the item is not found in the removing item process, print the message "Element not found in the list".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1 2 3 4 5
3
6 7 8
Output: List1: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
List after removal: [1, 2, 4, 5]
Final list: [1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

#### Answer

```
initial_list_str = input()
initial_list = initial_list_str.split()
initial_list = [str(item) for item in initial_list]
item_to_remove = input().strip()
new_items_str = input()
new_items = new_items_str.split()
new_items = [str(item) for item in new_items]
print(f"List1: [{', '.join(initial_list)}]")
if item_to_remove in initial_list:
    initial_list.remove(item_to_remove)
```

```
print(f"List after removal: [{', '.join(initial_list)}]")
else:
   print("Element not found in the list")
initial_list.extend(new_items)
print(f"Final list: [{', '.join(initial_list)}]")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Sarah is a technical writer who is responsible for formatting two important documents. Both documents contain a certain placeholder character that needs to be replaced with another character before they can be finalized. To ensure consistency in formatting, Sarah wants you to help her write a program that processes both documents by replacing the placeholder character with the new one.

Sarah also prefers a neat and structured output, so she wants you to ensure that both modified documents are printed in a single line, separated by a space, using the format() function.

Input:
Hello
World
o
a
Output:
Hella Warld
Explanation:
Here the character 'o' is replaced with 'a' in the concatenated string.

Input Format

The first line contains string1, the first document.

The second line contains string2, the second document.

The third line contains char1, the placeholder character that needs to be replaced.

The fourth line contains char2, the new character that will replace the placeholder.

## **Output Format**

The output displays a single line containing the modified string1 and string2, separated by a space.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: Hello World o a

Output: Hella Warld

#### Answer

# You are using Python
str1=input()
str2=input()
char1=input()
char2=input()
str3=str1+" "+str2
modify1=str3.replace(char1,char2)
print(modify1)

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10