DRAFT: Discrete differential geometry in homotopy type theory

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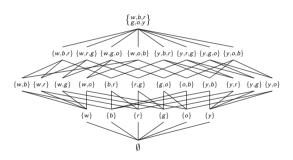
- 1 Introduction
- 2 The plan
- 3 Discrete manifolds
- 4 Classifying space
- 6 Results

The motivation is to provide a deeper explanation for Chern-Weil theory by finding connections and curvature in everyday principal bundles.

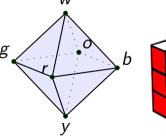
- Construct a type of manifolds
- Construct a classifying space of principal bundles
- Identify connections and curvature
- Put these to use in 2-d to prove that total curvature is an integer

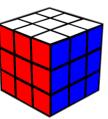
- The classical theory of simplicial complexes
- A realization functor via higher inductive types (pushouts)

Simplicial complexes



A Hasse diagram presents a poset of simplicial complex inclusions (named for the colors on a Hungarian Cube)



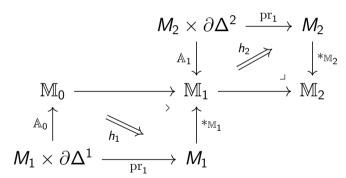


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Higher realization

$$M_1 imes \partial \Delta^1 \stackrel{\operatorname{pr}_1}{\longrightarrow} M_1$$
 $A_0 \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow^{*_{\mathbb{M}_1}} \downarrow^{*_{\mathbb{M}_2}}$
 $M_0 = \mathbb{M}_0 \longrightarrow \mathbb{M}_1$

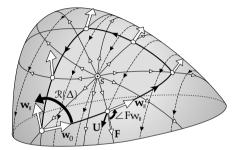
Higher realization



Torsors

 $\mathrm{EM}(\mathbb{Z},1)$, $\mathrm{K}(\mathbb{Z},2)$

Classical proof



[26.2] The difference $\Re(\Delta) - 2\pi \Im_F(s)$ can be found by summing over the edges K_j the change $\Phi(K_j)$ in the illustrated angle $\angle Fw_{||}$, i.e., the rotation of $\mathbf{w}_{||}$ relative to \mathbf{F} .

Figure: from Tristan Needham, Visual Differential Geometry and Forms

- The classical proof is discrete-flavored.
- " $\angle Fw_{||}$ " looked a lot like a pathover.
- Hopf's Φ is defined on edges, not loops. We imitated that too.