

$$\begin{array}{c}
 R: G \times E \rightarrow E \\
 TR: G \times E \rightarrow TE \\
 (u, X) \quad \tilde{X}(u) \text{ fundamental vector field of } X \\
 (u, X) \xrightarrow{g} (ug, \text{ad}_g^{-1} X) \\
 E \times G \xrightarrow{\cong} VE \rightarrow TE \rightarrow p^* TM
 \end{array}$$

Lemma: $R: G \times E \rightarrow E$

$\tilde{X} = \text{f.v.f. of } X$

$$TR_g \tilde{X}(u) = (\text{ad}_g^{-1}(X))(u \cdot g)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 0 \rightarrow \text{ad } E \xrightarrow{\omega} TE/G \rightarrow TM \rightarrow 0 \\
 \uparrow P_1 \quad \uparrow P_2 \quad \uparrow P_3 \\
 M
 \end{array}$$

connection: $TE = VE \oplus HE$

$$\pi_{ad} E := \overset{s:}{M} \rightarrow ad E \times P, \circ s = id_M$$

$$0 \rightarrow \pi_{ad} E \xrightarrow{\quad ? \quad} \pi_{TE/G} \xrightarrow{\quad \text{G-inv.} \quad} \pi_{TM} \rightarrow 0$$

exact sequence of lie algebras

$[X, Y]$ bracket of vector fields

$$F_\omega(X, Y) = \omega([lift X, lift Y])$$

$$X, Y: \pi_{TM} \quad \updownarrow$$

$$F_\omega(X, Y) = 0 \quad \text{iff} \quad [lift X, lift Y] \text{ is horizontal}$$

A splitting of $\pi_{TE/G} = \pi_{TM} \oplus \pi_{ad} P$

would mean $\gamma, \chi: M \rightarrow TE/G$.

$$X = (X_1, X_2) \quad \gamma, \chi: \pi_{ad} P$$

$$\gamma = (\gamma_1, \gamma_2) \quad \gamma_2, \chi_2: \pi_{TM}$$

$$[X, Y] \stackrel{?}{=} \left[[X_1, \gamma_1], \underbrace{[X_2, \gamma_2]} \right]$$

yes iff $F_\omega = 0$

$$E|_{u,v} \hookrightarrow E$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$u, v \hookrightarrow M$$

u, v open in M

$$u \cap v \neq \emptyset$$

$$\phi_u: E|_u \rightarrow u \times G$$

$$\phi_v: E|_v \rightarrow v \times G$$

$$\phi_u \circ \phi_v^{-1}: (u \cap v) \times G \rightarrow (u \cap v) \times G$$

$$\rightarrow s: U \cup V \rightarrow E \text{ section}$$

$$\phi_u \circ s: U \rightarrow U \times G$$

$$\phi_v \circ s: V \rightarrow V \times G$$

$$\text{pr}_2 \circ \phi_u \circ s: U \rightarrow G$$

$$\text{pr}_2 \circ \phi_v \circ s: V \rightarrow G$$

$$\text{pr}_2 \circ \phi_u \circ s = (\text{pr}_2 \circ \phi_v \circ s) \cdot \phi_{uv} \text{ on } U \cap V$$

$$A: \Omega^1(U \cup V; \sigma_g)$$

$$A|_u(m): \mathfrak{g}$$

$$A|_v(m): \sigma_g$$

$$m: U \cap V$$

$$A|_u = \underbrace{\phi_{uv}^{-1}}_{\text{vertical vectors}} A|_v \underbrace{\phi_{uv}}_{\text{pullback of forms}} + \underbrace{\phi_{uv}^*(\mu)}_{\text{pullback of forms}}$$

$$\mu: \Omega^1(G; \sigma_g) \text{ Maurer-Cartan form}$$

$$TG \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}$$

$$v_g \mapsto T_{g^{-1}} v_g: T_e G$$

$$A|_u = g^{-1} A|_v g + \underbrace{g^{-1} dg}_{\text{Maurer-Cartan form on a matrix group}}$$

$$g = e^A$$

$$\rightarrow \phi_{uv}: U \cap V \rightarrow G$$

$$\left(U \cap V \rightarrow GL(V) \right)$$

in a r.b.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 0) & E \times G & \longrightarrow & E & \longrightarrow & * & \longleftarrow & G \\
 & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 & E & \longrightarrow & M & \longrightarrow & BG & \longleftarrow & *
 \end{array}$$

Additional axioms

- open immersion classifier \mathcal{O}
- ring object R, R^n
- $R^n \rightarrow BG$ is constant

$$R^n \rightarrow BG \text{ commutes}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \searrow \nearrow \\
 *
 \end{array}$$

$$BG^{R^n}$$

- Objects w/ atlases "good open covers"

$$\coprod_{\text{family}} R^n \rightarrow M$$

$n: \mathbb{N}$ fixed
 D_i discrete

$$R^n \times D_1 \xrightleftharpoons[t]{s} R^n \times D_0 \rightarrow M$$

Groupoid, in fact equiv. rel. (quotient is 0-type)

s, t open immersions on $R^n \times (d: D_1)$

(c.f. quasi-compact, quasi-separated schemes)

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 \mathbb{R}^n \times D_i & \longrightarrow & E \times G & \xrightarrow{\text{pr}_2} & G \\
 \downarrow \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{action} & & \downarrow \downarrow \\
 \mathbb{R}^n \times D_0 & \longrightarrow & E & \longrightarrow & 1 \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 & \text{given} & M & \xrightarrow{\phi} & BG
 \end{array}$$

\mathbb{R}^n, D_i projective 0-types w.r.t. $1 \rightarrow BG$
 weakly orthogonal

$$\mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow BG \quad \sim \quad \begin{array}{c} P \cong \mathbb{R}^n \times G \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{R}^n \end{array}$$

Theorem (Gleason) 2.1. Extremally disconnected topological spaces are precisely the projective objects in the category of compact Hausdorff topological spaces.

1) $Y \rightarrow X$ special class of maps s.t. locally triv.
 "open covers"

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} Y \times G \rightarrow E & \longrightarrow & * \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ Y & \longrightarrow & X & \longrightarrow & BG \end{array}$$

2) open inclusions $U \hookrightarrow X$ s.t. (axioms about π_1 , covering)

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} U \times G \rightarrow E & \longrightarrow & * \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ U & \longrightarrow & X & \longrightarrow & BG \end{array}$$