GKBoginyFreyaBank

February 14, 2023

1 Chapter I: Analyzing World' Stock Indices

Source:

• https://towardsdatascience.com/analyzing-world-stock-indices-performance-in-python-610df6a578f

The stock index is a list of selected companies, where its averaged price (or weighted-average) reflects the stock market. Stock indices also may reflect a certain industry or region that they cover. They are also often referred to as a benchmark to measure the performance of funds. The more important part of the stock index than its current price is the performance or price changes to a definitive previous moment, whether it is the day or three months before.

Why we compare indexes from all around the world? After reading the end of Chapter 7 of The Intelligent Investor, the author said that we need to allocate few money in foreign land / foreign bonds / foreign stocks. Enlarge your knowledge, unlimit your world.

Obtain the Financial Data Data related to stock indices can be retrieved from Yahoo! Finance. In Python, there has been a popular module to retrieve data more easily from Yahoo! Finance. If it has not been installed yet, you can install it in your Jupyter Notebook by typing this chunk of codes, followed by importing the needed libraries/modules for processing.

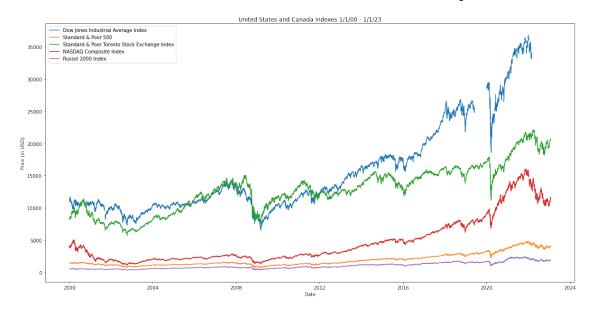
1.1 US and Canada Indexes

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import yfinance as yf

from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
from datetime import datetime

yf.pdr_override()
y_symbols = ['GSPC', 'DJI', 'TXIC', 'TRUT', 'GSPTSE']
from datetime import datetime
startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
```

[********* 5 of 5 completed

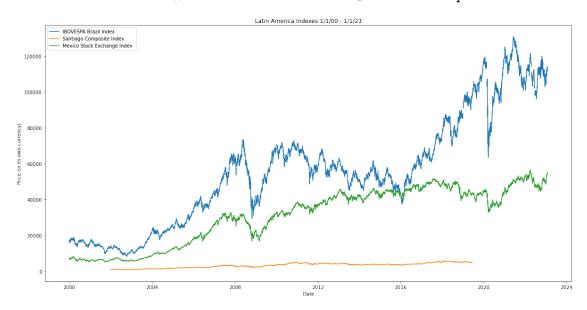


1.2 Latin America Indexes

```
[3]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import yfinance as yf from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
```

```
from datetime import datetime
yf.pdr_override()
y_symbols = ['^BVSP', '^MXX', '^IPSA']
from datetime import datetime
startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
data.rename(columns={'^BVSP': 'IBOVESPA Brazil Index',
                     '^MXX': 'Mexico Stock Exchange Index ',
                     '^IPSA': 'Santiago Composite Index'}, inplace=True)
#print(data)
#data['Close'].plot()
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Price (in its own currency)")
plt.title("Latin America Indexes 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[********* 3 of 3 completed



1.3 East Asia Indexes

```
[4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import yfinance as yf
     from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
     from datetime import datetime
     yf.pdr_override()
     y_symbols = ['^N225', '^HSI', '000001.SS', '399001.SZ', '^TWII', '^KS11']
     from datetime import datetime
     startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
     enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
     data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
     data.rename(columns={'^N225': 'Nikkei 225',
                          '^HSI': 'Hang Seng Index ',
                          '000001.SS': 'Shanghai Stock Exchange Composite Index',
                          '399001.SZ': 'Shenzhen Index ',
                          '^TWII': 'Taiwan Stock Exchange Composite Index ',
                          '^KS11': 'KOSPI Composite Index '}, inplace=True)
     #print(data)
     #data['Close'].plot()
     plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
     plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)
     plt.xlabel("Date")
     plt.ylabel("Price (in its own currency)")
     plt.title("East Asia Indexes 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
     plt.legend()
     plt.show()
```

[********* 6 of 6 completed

- 1 Failed download:
- ^TWII: No data found for this date range, symbol may be delisted

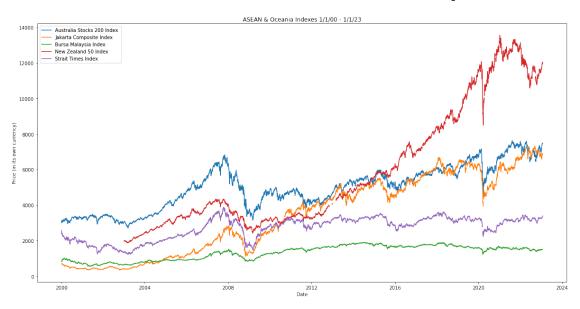


1.4 ASEAN & Oceania Indexes

```
[5]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import yfinance as yf
     from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
     from datetime import datetime
     yf.pdr_override()
     y_symbols = ['^STI', '^JKSE', '^KLSE', '^AXJO', '^NZ50']
     from datetime import datetime
     startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
     enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
     data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
     data.rename(columns={'^STI': 'Strait Times Index',
                          '^JKSE': 'Jakarta Composite Index ',
                          '^KLSE': 'Bursa Malaysia Index',
                          '^AXJO': 'Australia Stocks 200 Index ',
                          '^NZ50': 'New Zealand 50 Index '}, inplace=True)
     #print(data)
     #data['Close'].plot()
     plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
     plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)
```

```
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Price (in its own currency)")
plt.title("ASEAN & Oceania Indexes 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[********* 5 of 5 completed



1.5 South and West Asia Indexes

```
[10]: from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
    import yfinance as yf

yf.pdr_override()
y_symbols = ['^BSESN', '^TA125.TA']
from datetime import datetime
startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)

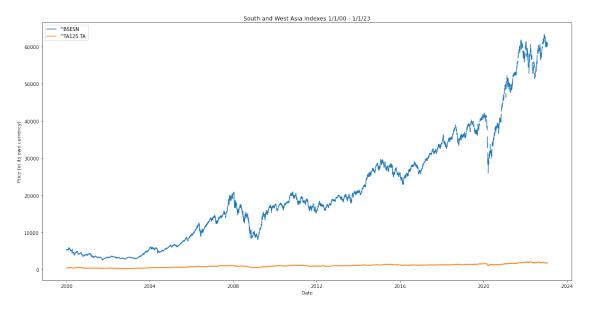
#print(data)
#data['Close'].plot()

plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)

plt.xlabel("Date")
```

```
plt.ylabel("Price (in its own currency)")
plt.title("South and West Asia Indexes 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[********* 2 of 2 completed

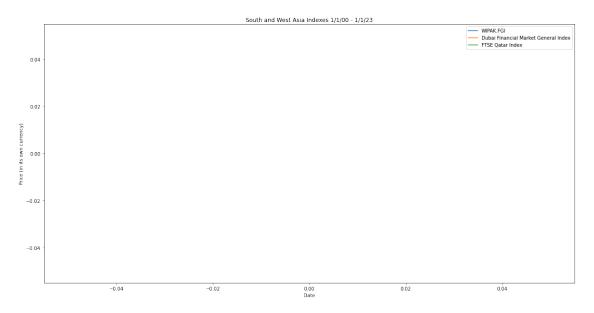


```
[11]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import yfinance as yf
      from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
      from datetime import datetime
      yf.pdr_override()
      y_symbols = ['^DFMGI.AE', '^WIQAT.FGI', 'WIPAK.FGI']
      from datetime import datetime
      startdate = datetime(2010,1,1)
      enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
      data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
      data.rename(columns={'^DFMGI.AE': 'Dubai Financial Market General Index',
                           '^WIQAT.FGI': 'FTSE Qatar Index ',
                           '^WIPAK.FGI': 'FTSE Pakistan Index'}, inplace=True)
      #print(data)
      #data['Close'].plot()
      plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
```

```
plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)

plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Price (in its own currency)")
plt.title("South and West Asia Indexes 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

- 3 Failed downloads:
- ^WIQAT.FGI: No timezone found, symbol may be delisted
- ^DFMGI.AE: No timezone found, symbol may be delisted
- WIPAK.FGI: Period 'max' is invalid, must be one of ['1d', '5d']



1.6 Europe Indexes

```
[1]: import yfinance as yf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
from forex_python.converter import CurrencyRates
from datetime import datetime

cr = CurrencyRates()

# Get exchange rate between GBP and USD and EUR and USD
```

```
gbp_to_usd = cr.get_rate('GBP', 'USD')
eur_to_usd = cr.get_rate('EUR', 'USD')
yf.pdr_override()
y_symbols = ['^FTSE', '^GDAXI', '^FCHI', '^STOXX50E','^N100', '^BFX']
startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
data.rename(columns={'^FTSE': 'FTSE 100 Index',
                     '^GDAXI': 'DAX Index',
                     '^FCHI': 'CAC 40 Index',
                     '^STOXX50E': 'EURO STOXX 50 Index',
                     '^N100': 'Euronext 100 Index',
                     '^BFX': 'BEL 20 Index'}, inplace=True)
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Price (in its own currency)")
plt.title("Europe Indexes 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[********** 6 of 6 completed

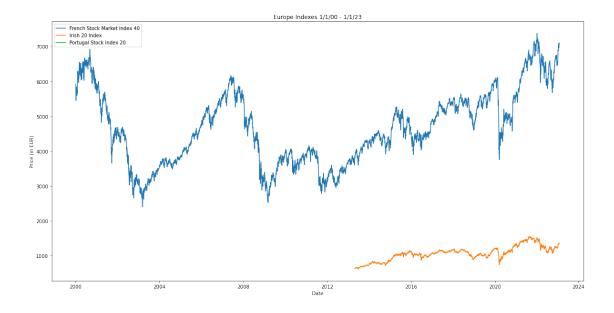


```
[18]: import yfinance as yf
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
      from forex_python.converter import CurrencyRates
      from datetime import datetime
      cr = CurrencyRates()
      \# Get exchange rate between GBP and USD and EUR and USD
      gbp_to_usd = cr.get_rate('GBP', 'USD')
      eur_to_usd = cr.get_rate('EUR', 'USD')
      yf.pdr_override()
      y_symbols = ['^FCHI', '^IETP', '^PSI20.LS']
      startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
      enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
      data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
      data.rename(columns={'^FCHI': 'French Stock Market Index 40',
                           '^IETP': 'Irish 20 Index',
                           '^PSI20.LS': 'Portugal Stock Index 20'}, inplace=True)
      plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
      plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)
      plt.xlabel("Date")
      plt.ylabel("Price (in EUR)")
      plt.title("Europe Indexes 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
      plt.legend()
     plt.show()
```

[********* 3 of 3 completed

```
1 Failed download:
```

^{- ^}PSI20.LS: No timezone found, symbol may be delisted



2 Chapter II: Comparing Multiple Corporation Stocks Price and Using Indicator for Single Stocks Price

Sources: * https://tcoil.info/plot-multiple-stocks-in-python/

- https://medium.com/wealthy-bytes/visualizing-free-stock-data-for-algorithmic-trading-with-python-and-matplotlib-dca1abbd286c
- https://pythoninoffice.com/draw-stock-chart-with-python/

In this section we are going to:

- 1. Plot multiple corporations stocks price to compare their performance against their competitor within an industry
- 2. Plot a single stocks price, to put all your eggs in a single basket, after choosing your winning corporation, all in.
- 3. Plot a single stocks price, with indicator Moving Average, the average price of the stocks in 50 days and 200 days
- 4. Plot a single stocks price, with indicator of Bollinger Bands. It is quite a strong indicator that trader will love.
- 5. Plot a single stocks price, with volume indicator. To make sure the corporation' stocks is liquid enough.
- 6. Plot a single stocks price, with candlestick style.
- 7. Plot a single stocks price, with candlestick style and 20 Days Moving Average.

8. Plot a single stocks price, with candlestick style and 20 Days Moving Average that hiding non-trading days.

Why comparing? we need to compare stock performance between each other or against the index during specific time interval to choose the one we want to invest in.

Very useful for comparing not only stocks between each other, but also major indexes (or ETFs) in the world, or commodities prices.

2.1 Multiple Plots using Pandas and yfinance

[7]: print(data)

	Adj Close			\
	Activision Blizzard	Electronic Arts	Take-Two Interactive	
Date				
2000-01-03	1.214421	24.965614	9.124436	
2000-01-04	1.177480	22.078434	8.874452	
2000-01-05	1.182098	22.062996	8.832788	
2000-01-06	1.159010	19.762518	8.749459	
2000-01-07	1.191333	20.349213	8.999444	
•••	•••	•••		
2023-01-24	75.110001	127.489998	111.269997	
2023-01-25	74.639999	127.559998	110.699997	
2023-01-26	75.599998	129.139999	111.889999	
2023-01-27	76.610001	128.869995	114.279999	
2023-01-30	75.959999	128.990005	112.660004	

	Close			\
	Activision Plizzard	Floctronic Arts	Take-Two Interactive	
. .	ACCIVISION DIIZZAIG	Liectionic Arts	Take Two Interactive	
Date				
2000-01-03	1.369792	25.265625	9.125000	
2000-01-04	1.328125	22.343750	8.875000	
2000-01-05	1.333333	22.328125	8.833333	
2000-01-06	1.307292	20.000000	8.750000	
2000-01-07	1.343750	20.593750	9.000000	
			0.00000	
•••	•••	•••	•••	
2023-01-24	75.110001	127.489998	111.269997	
2023-01-25	74.639999	127.559998	110.699997	
2023-01-26	75.599998	129.139999	111.889999	
2023-01-27	76.610001	128.869995	114.279999	
2023-01-30	75.959999	128.990005	112.660004	
	High			\
	_	Electronic Auto	Take-Two Interactive	`
_	ACCIVISION BITZZARO	Electronic Arts	Take-Iwo Interactive	
Date				
2000-01-03	1.375000	28.765625	10.000000	
2000-01-04	1.354167	24.500000	9.333333	
2000-01-05	1.364583	24.375000	8.875000	
2000-01-06	1.333333	22.625000	9.000000	
2000-01-07	1.354167	21.656250	9.041667	
	 75 400000	400.070007		
2023-01-24	75.430000	128.070007	111.660004	
2023-01-25	75.110001	127.650002	111.389999	
2023-01-26	75.660004	129.449997	112.250000	
2023-01-27	76.760002	130.570007	115.339996	
2023-01-30	77.080002	129.470001	114.540001	
	Low			\
	Activision Blizzard	Electronic Arts	Take-Two Interactive	
D-+-	noutvibion bilizzara	DICCOLONIO WIND	Tane Two Interactive	
Date				
2000-01-03	1.166667	20.593750	8.666667	
2000-01-04	1.187500	22.312500	8.666667	
2000-01-05	1.312500	21.515625	8.333333	
2000-01-06	1.296875	19.843750	8.500000	
2000-01-07	1.291667	20.312500	8.375000	
•••	•••	***	•••	
2023-01-24	74.500000	126.370003	109.050003	
2023-01-25	74.529999	126.269997	109.269997	
2023-01-26	74.650002	128.190002	110.559998	
2023-01-27	75.220001	128.789993	113.360001	
2023-01-30	75.839996	128.110001	112.339996	
2023-01-30	10.039990	120.110001	112.339990	
	Open			\
	Activision Blizzard	Electronic Arts	Take-Two Interactive	

13

Date

2000-01-03	1.312500	21.250000	8.916667
2000-01-04	1.343750	23.750000	9.083333
2000-01-05	1.317708	22.000000	8.750000
2000-01-06	1.322917	22.062500	8.791667
2000-01-07	1.322917	21.015625	8.666667
•••	•••	•••	•••
2023-01-24	75.000000	127.709999	110.470001
2023-01-25	75.000000	126.589996	109.589996
2023-01-26	74.790001	128.309998	111.849998
2023-01-27	75.500000	129.139999	114.099998
2023-01-30	76.629997	128.919998	113.099998

Volume

Activision Blizzard Electronic Arts Take-Two Interactive

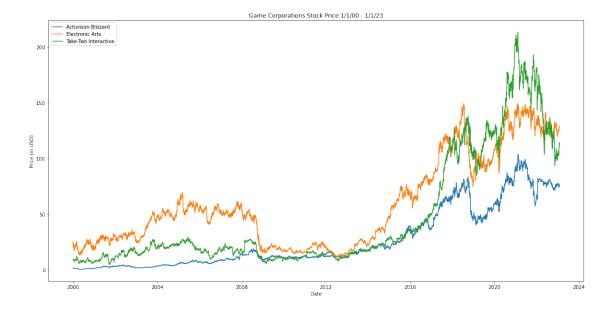
Date			
2000-01-03	7226400	9040800	1176750
2000-01-04	4262400	6331200	345300
2000-01-05	3390000	5072000	628800
2000-01-06	2430000	6408400	374100
2000-01-07	15549600	5456400	482850
•••	•••	•••	•••
 2023-01-24	 5069600	 1301800	 1245900
2023-01-24	5069600	1301800	1245900
2023-01-24 2023-01-25	5069600 4004300	1301800 1099800	1245900 1821200
2023-01-24 2023-01-25 2023-01-26	5069600 4004300 3960800	1301800 1099800 1196100	1245900 1821200 1252900

[5806 rows x 18 columns]

```
[8]: #data['Close'].plot()

plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)

plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Price (in USD)")
plt.title("Game Corporations Stock Price 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



2.2 Multiple Plot of Japan Game Corporations using Pandas and yfinance

Who does not remember PlayStation 1 and PlayStation 2 era? I love Crash Team Racing, Digimon World, Valkyrie Profile, Star Ocean 3, Suikoden series, Resident Evil, Final Fantasy VIII, Phoenix Wright and want to learn law to defend ourselves. Turns out we can sue anything.. anywhere.. if it means we have been abused not only physically, but mentally.

From game I met my best friends TREVOCALL. Met my wife Freya afterwards. Now with the 8 Queens all from game. Maybe just like Ghostbumps story when you thought your neighboor is a ghost, but in the end you are the ghost. Maybe we are just a game character, get what we will achieve due to our experiences in past lifes and karma and hard work through grinding in real life: work, study, connections..

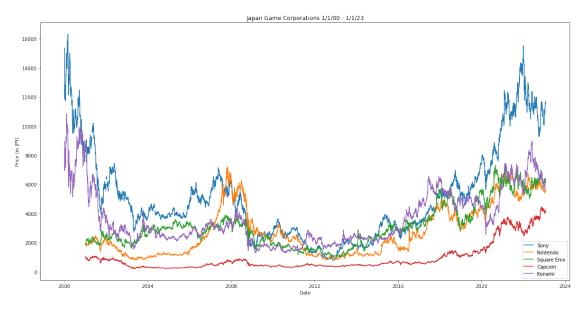
Thanks Konami, Capcom, Tri-Ace and Atlus...

```
[9]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import yfinance as yf

from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
from datetime import datetime

yf.pdr_override()
y_symbols = ['9684.T', '9697.T', '9766.T','7974.T', '6758.T']
from datetime import datetime
startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
```

[********* 5 of 5 completed



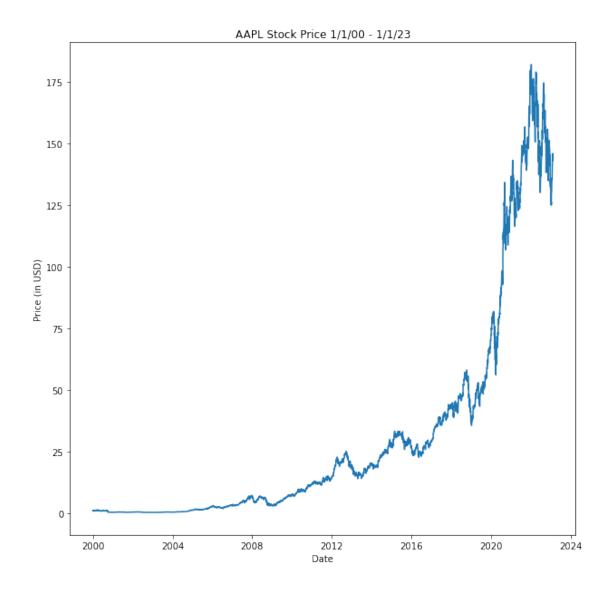
2.3 Single Plot using Pandas and yfinance

```
[67]: import datetime as dt import yfinance as yf company = 'AAPL'
```

```
# Define a start date and End Date
     start = dt.datetime(2000,1,1)
     end = dt.datetime(2023,1,31)
     # Read Stock Price Data
     data = yf.download(company, start , end)
     data.tail(10)
     #print(data)
     [******** 100%********** 1 of 1 completed
[67]:
                       Open
                                  High
                                               Low
                                                         Close
                                                                Adj Close \
     Date
     2023-01-17 134.830002
                                                    135.940002
                                                               135.732758
                             137.289993
                                        134.130005
     2023-01-18 136.820007
                             138.610001
                                        135.029999
                                                    135.210007
                                                               135.003876
     2023-01-19 134.080002
                            136.250000
                                        133.770004
                                                    135.270004
                                                               135.063782
     2023-01-20 135.279999
                                                    137.869995
                                                               137.659805
                             138.020004
                                        134.220001
     2023-01-23 138.119995
                             143.320007
                                        137.899994
                                                    141.110001
                                                               140.894882
     2023-01-24 140.309998
                            143.160004
                                        140.300003 142.529999 142.312714
     2023-01-25 140.889999
                            142.429993
                                        138.809998
                                                    141.860001 141.643738
     2023-01-26 143.169998
                            144.250000
                                        141.899994
                                                    143.960007 143.740540
     2023-01-27 143.160004
                             147.229996
                                        143.080002 145.929993 145.707520
     2023-01-30 144.960007
                             145.550003 142.850006 143.000000 142.781998
                   Volume
     Date
     2023-01-17
                 63646600
     2023-01-18 69672800
     2023-01-19 58280400
     2023-01-20 79972200
     2023-01-23 81760300
     2023-01-24 66435100
     2023-01-25 65799300
     2023-01-26 54105100
     2023-01-27 70492800
     2023-01-30 64015300
[68]: #data['Close'].plot()
     plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
     plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'])
     plt.xlabel("Date")
     plt.ylabel("Price (in USD)")
```

[68]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'AAPL Stock Price 1/1/00 - 1/1/23')

plt.title("AAPL Stock Price 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")



2.4 Single Plot using Pandas and yfinance with Moving Average

```
[84]: import datetime as dt
import yfinance as yf

company = 'ATVI'

# Define a start date and End Date
start = dt.datetime(2000,1,1)
end = dt.datetime(2023,1,1)

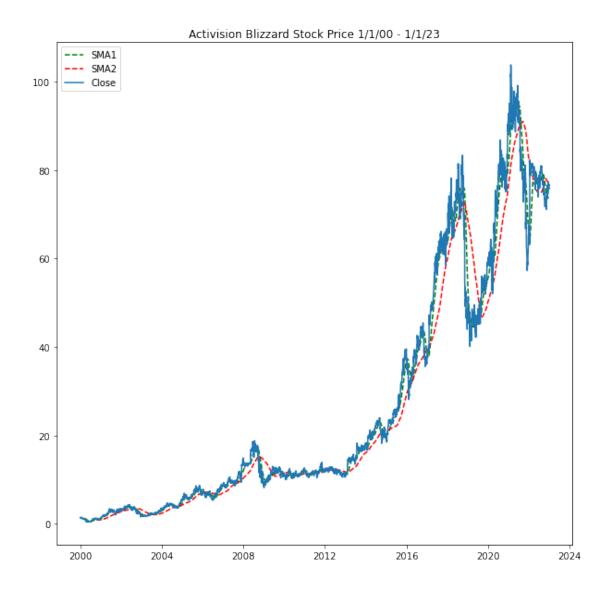
# Read Stock Price Data
```

```
data = yf.download(company, start , end)

#data.tail(10)
#print(data)

# Creating and Plotting Moving Averages
data["SMA1"] = data['Close'].rolling(window=50).mean()
data["SMA2"] = data['Close'].rolling(window=200).mean()
data['ewma'] = data['Close'].ewm(halflife=0.5, min_periods=20).mean()

plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.plot(data['SMA1'], 'g--', label="SMA1")
plt.plot(data['SMA2'], 'r--', label="SMA2")
plt.plot(data['Close'], label="Close")
plt.title("Activision Blizzard Stock Price 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



2.5 Single Plot using Pandas and yfinance with Bollinger Bands

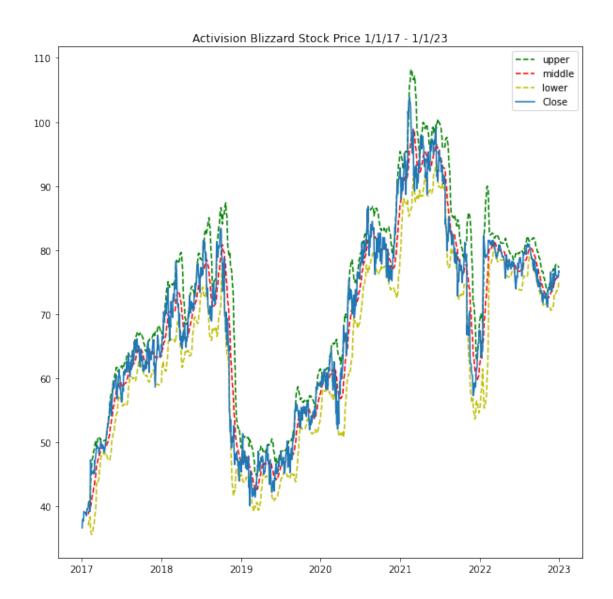
```
[86]: import datetime as dt
import yfinance as yf

company = 'ATVI'

# Define a start date and End Date
start = dt.datetime(2017,1,1)
end = dt.datetime(2023,1,1)

# Read Stock Price Data
```

```
data = yf.download(company, start , end)
#data.tail(10)
#print(data)
# Creating and Plotting Bollinger Bands
data['middle_band'] = data['Close'].rolling(window=20).mean()
data['upper_band'] = data['Close'].rolling(window=20).mean() + data['Close'].
 →rolling(window=20).std()*2
data['lower_band'] = data['Close'].rolling(window=20).mean() - data['Close'].
 →rolling(window=20).std()*2
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.plot(data['upper_band'], 'g--', label="upper")
plt.plot(data['middle_band'], 'r--', label="middle")
plt.plot(data['lower_band'], 'y--', label="lower")
plt.plot(data['Close'], label="Close")
plt.title("Activision Blizzard Stock Price 1/1/17 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



Bollinger Bands that zooms in on the past 300 days of trading

```
[102]: import datetime as dt
import yfinance as yf

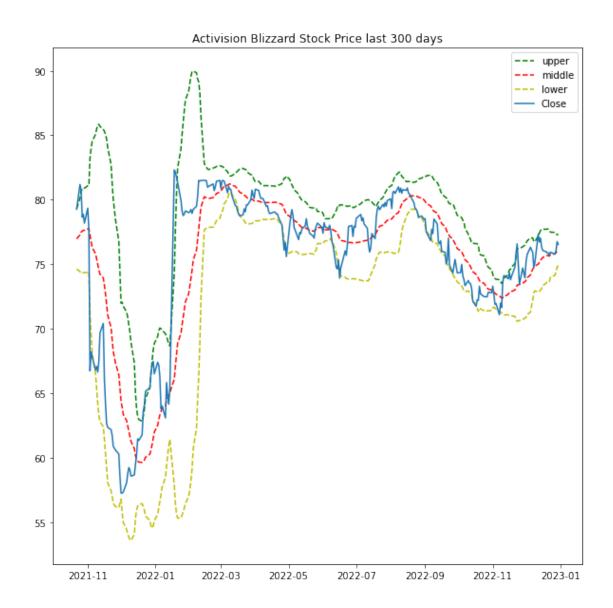
company = 'ATVI'

# Define a start date and End Date
start = dt.datetime(2017,1,1)
end = dt.datetime(2023,1,1)

# Read Stock Price Data
data = yf.download(company, start, end)
```

```
#data.tail(10)
#print(data)
# Creating and Plotting Bollinger Bands
data['middle_band'] = data['Close'].rolling(window=20).mean()
data['upper_band'] = data['Close'].rolling(window=20).mean() + data['Close'].
 →rolling(window=20).std()*2
data['lower_band'] = data['Close'].rolling(window=20).mean() - data['Close'].
 rolling(window=20).std()*2
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.plot(data['upper_band'].iloc[-300:], 'g--', label="upper")
plt.plot(data['middle_band'].iloc[-300:], 'r--', label="middle")
plt.plot(data['lower_band'].iloc[-300:], 'y--', label="lower")
plt.plot(data['Close'].iloc[-300:], label="Close")
plt.title("Activision Blizzard Stock Price last 300 days")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[******** 100%********* 1 of 1 completed



2.6 Single Plot using Pandas and yfinance with Volume

2.7 Single Candlestick Plot using Pandas and yfinance

```
[127]: import yfinance
       stockvol = yfinance.Ticker('CAT')
       hist = stockvol.history(period='3y')
       import plotly.graph_objects as go
       fig = go.Figure(data=go.Scatter(x=hist.index,y=hist['Close'],__

→mode='lines+markers'))
       fig2 = make_subplots(specs=[[{"secondary_y": True}]])
       fig2.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=hist.
        →index,y=hist['Close'],name='Price'),secondary_y=False)
       fig2.add_trace(go.Bar(x=hist.
        →index,y=hist['Volume'],name='Volume'),secondary_y=True)
       fig2.update_yaxes(range=[0,7000000000],secondary_y=True)
       fig2.update_yaxes(visible=False, secondary_y=True)
       fig3 = make_subplots(specs=[[{"secondary_y": True}]])
       fig3.add_trace(go.Candlestick(x=hist.index,
                                     open=hist['Open'],
                                     high=hist['High'],
                                     low=hist['Low'],
                                     close=hist['Close'],
                                    ))
       fig3.show()
       #fig3.add_trace(go.Bar(x=hist.index, y=hist['Volume'],_
        →name='Volume'), secondary_y=True)
       #fiq3.update_layout(xaxis_rangeslider_visible=False)
```

2.8 Single Candlestick Plot using Pandas and yfinance with 20 Days MA

```
[128]: import yfinance
       stockvol = yfinance.Ticker('CAT')
       hist = stockvol.history(period='3y')
       import plotly.graph_objects as go
       fig3.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=hist.index,y=hist['Close'].rolling(window=20).
        →mean(),marker color='blue',name='20 Day MA'))
       fig3.add trace(go.Bar(x=hist.index, y=hist['Volume'],

¬name='Volume'), secondary y=True)
       fig3.update_layout(title={'text':'CAT', 'x':0.5})
       fig3.update_yaxes(range=[0,1000000000],secondary_y=True)
       fig3.update yaxes(visible=False, secondary y=True)
       fig3.update_layout(xaxis_rangeslider_visible=False) #hide range slider
       fig3.show()
       #hist['diff'] = hist['Close'] - hist['Open']
       #hist.loc[hist['diff']>=0, 'color'] = 'green'
       #hist.loc[hist['diff']<0, 'color'] = 'red'</pre>
```

2.9 Single Candlestick Plot using Pandas and yfinance with 20 Days MA + Hide Non-trading Days

```
[134]: import yfinance
       stockvol = yfinance.Ticker('CAT')
       hist = stockvol.history(period='1y')
       import plotly.graph_objects as go
       hist['diff'] = hist['Close'] - hist['Open']
       hist.loc[hist['diff']>=0, 'color'] = 'green'
       hist.loc[hist['diff']<0, 'color'] = 'red'</pre>
       fig3 = make_subplots(specs=[[{"secondary_y": True}]])
       fig3.add_trace(go.Candlestick(x=hist.index,
                                      open=hist['Open'],
                                      high=hist['High'],
                                      low=hist['Low'],
                                      close=hist['Close'],
                                      name='Price'))
       fig3.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=hist.index,y=hist['Close'].rolling(window=20).
        →mean(),marker_color='blue',name='20 Day MA'))
```

3 Chapter III: Commodities

Sources:

- https://www.icdx.co.id/product/gold?category=goldud
- https://finance.yahoo.com/commodities?.tsrc=fin-srch

We are going to plot the prices of several commodities:

- 1. Gold
- 2. Silver
- 3. Crude Oil
- 4. Aluminum
- 5. Natural Gas
- 6. Copper
- 7. Cocoa
- 8. Ethanol
- 9. Palladium
- 10. Soybean
- 11. Sugar
- 12. Cotton

Commodities are traded on Futures Exchange. Futures Exchange is the Exchange for commodities that will deliver the products from the seller of the contracts to the buyer at certain date in the future for fixed price paid today. If you look at the price of commodities it will contain the month and

year of delivery as well, e.g Aluminum Futures, Apr-2023 (ALI=F). It means that the Aluminum contract you will buy at a price X will be delivered on April 2023. If you buy it today on February 14th, 2023, at a price of USD 2425 per metric ton to fill the base material of your packaging factory that will need new aluminum on April 2023, you will be happy if the Aluminum price on April 2023 (at spot rate / spot market) is USD 2788 (above your future price that you have bought on February 14th, 2023)

Why we need to learn this? Simple.. you can hedge and minimize your losses, mazimize your profit, another example if you want to start a business in garment / textile you might need to enter a contract with seller of Cotton in Futures Market / Exchange to deliver it at date which you predict your storage will be running out of cotton. You might have a lot of contracts ordering your garments if it is loved and have high quality and always stylist. It is better than buying cotton in the spot market, the futures market might be a good hedging that can save you a lot of money. Bad weather in the future can make the cotton price at spot market hikes beyond anticipation.

3.1 Gold

Gold is considered a category of precious metal because of its relatively high rarity. Due to its valuable nature and widespread use throughout the world, gold is valued universally almost equally between places or countries.

In the past, gold was used as bartering currency for daily necessities. However, its shape and weight made gold difficult to carry in large quantities. To that end, central banks then based their currency printing on the gold deposits in their vaults.

Other than its past function and characteristics, gold is also considered a safe haven asset because its value will remain the same over time. Regarding the characteristics of gold as a safe haven asset, gold prices move relatively in line with changes in global risk sentiment.

3.2 Silver

Silver is among the most traded commodities in the world. It is a precious metal which has been used by humanity for millennia now. Silver is intrinsic to industrial demand in sectors such as electronics, medicine etc. in fact, more than half of all silver consumption is for industrial purposes.

Futures contracts are the main way to trade silver. A futures contract is an agreement to buy or sell silver for a set price on a future date. While futures contracts can be used to take possession of the physical commodity, you don't necessarily have to – futures contracts can be settled in cash

3.3 Crude Oil

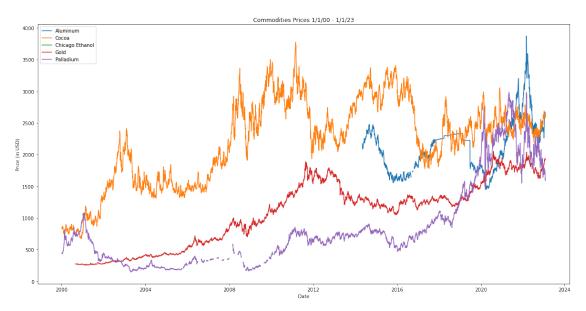
Crude oil is still the world's main energy source, contributing 40% of the world's total energy needs. The world consumes about 76 million barrels of crude oil per day. With more than 160 different types of benchmarks for oil, crude oil prices are pegged to three main benchmarks: London Brent, West Texas Intermediate (WTI) and Dubai / Oman crude.

```
[34]: import yfinance as yf
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
      from datetime import datetime
      yf.pdr_override()
      y_symbols = ['GC=F', 'ALI=F', 'CU=F', 'CC=F', 'PA=F']
      startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
      enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
      data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
      data.rename(columns={'GC=F': 'Gold',
                           'ALI=F': 'Aluminum',
                           'CU=F': 'Chicago Ethanol',
                           'PA=F': 'Palladium',
                           'CC=F': 'Cocoa'}, inplace=True)
      plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
      plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)
      plt.xlabel("Date")
      plt.ylabel("Price (in USD)")
      plt.title("Commodities Prices 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
      plt.legend()
      plt.show()
```

[********* 5 of 5 completed

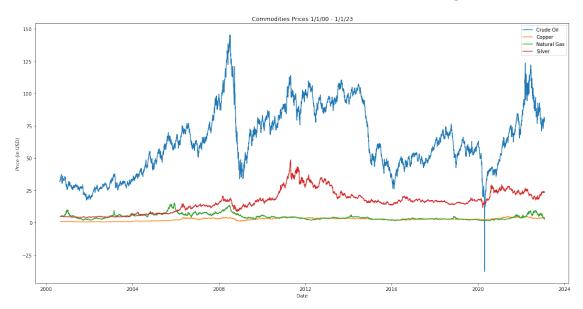
1 Failed download:

- CU=F: Period 'max' is invalid, must be one of ['1d', '5d']



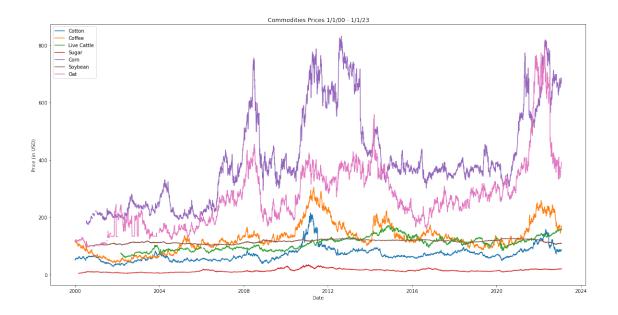
```
[28]: import yfinance as yf
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
      from datetime import datetime
      yf.pdr_override()
      y_symbols = ['SI=F', 'CL=F', 'NG=F', 'HG=F']
      startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
      enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
      data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
      data.rename(columns={'SI=F': 'Silver',
                           'CL=F': 'Crude Oil',
                           'NG=F': 'Natural Gas',
                           'HG=F': 'Copper'}, inplace=True)
      plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
      plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)
      plt.xlabel("Date")
      plt.ylabel("Price (in USD)")
      plt.title("Commodities Prices 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
      plt.legend()
      plt.show()
```

[******** 4 of 4 completed



```
[32]: import yfinance as yf
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
      from datetime import datetime
      yf.pdr_override()
      y_symbols = ['ZC=F', 'ZO=F', 'LE=F', 'KC=F', 'SB=F', 'CT=F', 'ZF=F']
      startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
      enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
      data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
      data.rename(columns={'ZC=F': 'Corn',
                           'ZO=F': 'Oat',
                           'LE=F': 'Live Cattle',
                           'KC=F': 'Coffee',
                           'SB=F': 'Sugar',
                           'CT=F': 'Cotton',
                           'ZF=F': 'Soybean'}, inplace=True)
      plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
      plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)
      plt.xlabel("Date")
      plt.ylabel("Price (in USD)")
      plt.title("Commodities Prices 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
      plt.legend()
      plt.show()
```

[********* 7 of 7 completed



4 Chapter IV: Foreign Exchange

After paying with gold in the past, we are now stuck for a very long time with cash money: USD, GBP, CNY, JPY. The exchange rate between a pair / two currencies are traded in the futures exchange, tourists are the targets to increase the value of one currency, you can see that country with lots of tourist will have high value of its own currency compared to country with less tourist. Besides tourist, trade is also the main factor, if a country is main exporter of almost all commodities that needed by other countries then its currencies will also have high value.

```
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Rates")
plt.title("Currencies 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[********* 2 of 2 completed



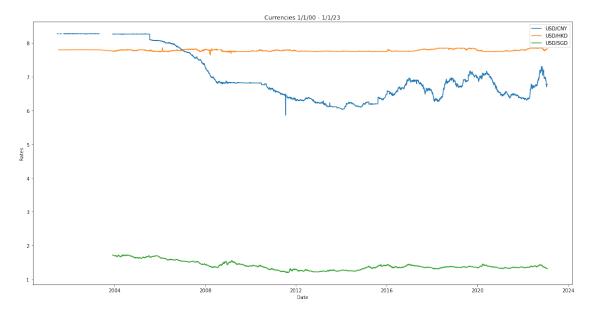
```
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Rates")
plt.title("Currencies 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[********* 3 of 3 completed



```
plt.ylabel("Rates")
plt.title("Currencies 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[********* 3 of 3 completed



5 Chapter V: Bonds

Bonds are the safest instrument to invest in, either corporate or government, bondholders receive the right to be paid first before shareholders. It is based on the U.S. laws that is applied now.

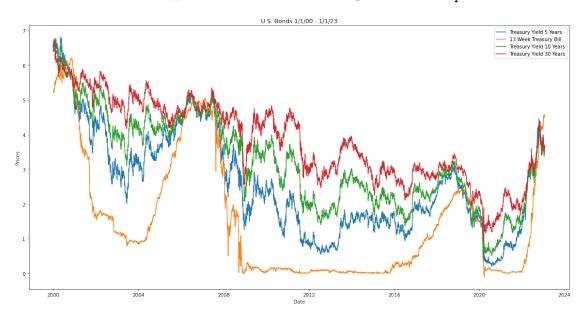
Bonds are paid in coupon ever period (every 3 months, every 6 months or every year) before its maturity date, and it will pay the maturity price. There are lots of variations in bonds, bonds with lower face value, below its par value, or premium bonds.

Yahoo Finance provides the bonds price for the U.S. government only.

5.1 Foreign Bonds: Indonesia Government Bond

In Indonesia there is SBR012, a government bond with maturity of 2 years(SBR012-T2) and 4 years(SBR012-T4), offered if you have an account in BNI Sekuritas around January 2023 and February 2023. The coupon for SBR012-T2 is 6.15 %, and the coupon for SBR012-T4 is 6.35 %. The rates / coupon might be higher than the U.S. government bonds with same maturity, but we know that the currency of Indonesia is very weak, with USD/IDR around 15,500 in February 14th, 2023. But if you are confident in 2 years USD/IDR could become 5,000 then why not take the chance?

```
[41]: import yfinance as yf
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
      from datetime import datetime
      yf.pdr_override()
     y_symbols = ['^IRX', '^FVX', '^TNX', '^TYX']
      startdate = datetime(2000,1,1)
      enddate = datetime(2023,1,31)
      data = pdr.get_data_yahoo(y_symbols, start=startdate, end=enddate)
      data.rename(columns={'^IRX': '13 Week Treasury Bill',
                           '^FVX': 'Treasury Yield 5 Years',
                           '^TNX': 'Treasury Yield 10 Years',
                           '^TYX': 'Treasury Yield 30 Years'}, inplace=True)
      plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
      plt.plot(data.index, data['Close'], label=data["Close"].columns)
      plt.xlabel("Date")
      plt.ylabel("Prices")
      plt.title("U.S. Bonds 1/1/00 - 1/1/23")
      plt.legend()
      plt.show()
```

6 Chapter VI: Codes not working (Check)

6.1 Codes 1 not working (Check)

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import yfinance as yf
     # Retrieving List of World Major Stock Indices from Yahoo! Finance
     df_list = pd.read_html('https://finance.yahoo.com/world-indices/')
     majorStockIdx = df_list[0]
     majorStockIdx.head()
[1]:
       Symbol
                                        Name
                                              Last Price
                                                          Change % Change
                                                                              Volume
     0
        ^GSPC
                                     S&P 500
                                                 4090.46
                                                            8.96
                                                                    +0.22%
                                                                              2.312B
         ^DJI
               Dow Jones Industrial Average
                                                33869.27
                                                          169.37
                                                                    +0.50%
                                                                            289.725M
     1
       ^IXIC
                                                                    -0.61%
     2
                           NASDAQ Composite
                                                11718.12
                                                          -71.48
                                                                              4.223B
     3
         ^NYA
                        NYSE COMPOSITE (DJ)
                                                           82.09
                                                                    +0.52%
                                                15910.69
                                                                                   0
         ^XAX
                  NYSE AMEX COMPOSITE INDEX
                                                 4344.55
                                                         126.93
                                                                    +3.01%
                                                                                   0
        Intraday High/Low
                           52 Week Range
                                          Day Chart
     0
                                      NaN
                      NaN
                                                 NaN
     1
                      NaN
                                      NaN
                                                 NaN
     2
                      NaN
                                      NaN
                                                 NaN
     3
                      NaN
                                     NaN
                                                 NaN
     4
                      NaN
                                      NaN
                                                 NaN
[2]: # ~GSPC is the symbol of S&P 500 in Yahoo! Finance
     # the data will be retrieved daily ('1d') and started from 1 January 2020 until_{11}
      →30 September 2020.
     tickerData = yf.Ticker('^GSPC')
     tickerDf1 = tickerData.history(period='1d', start='2010-1-1', end='2020-10-1')
[3]: tickerData.history(period='1d', start='2010-1-1', end='2020-10-1')
[3]:
                                        Open
                                                                               Close \
                                                     High
                                                                    Low
     Date
                                1116.560059
     2010-01-04 00:00:00-05:00
                                              1133.869995
                                                           1116.560059
                                                                         1132.989990
     2010-01-05 00:00:00-05:00
                                 1132.660034
                                              1136.630005
                                                           1129.660034
                                                                         1136.520020
     2010-01-06 00:00:00-05:00
                                1135.709961
                                              1139.189941
                                                           1133.949951
                                                                         1137.140015
     2010-01-07 00:00:00-05:00
                                1136.270020
                                              1142.459961
                                                           1131.319946
                                                                         1141.689941
     2010-01-08 00:00:00-05:00
                                1140.520020
                                              1145.390015
                                                           1136.219971
                                                                         1144.979980
     2020-09-24 00:00:00-04:00 3226.139893
                                              3278.699951
                                                           3209.449951 3246.590088
```

```
2020-09-25 00:00:00-04:00 3236.659912 3306.879883 3228.439941 3298.459961
2020-09-28 00:00:00-04:00
                           3333.899902
                                        3360.739990 3332.909912
                                                                  3351.600098
2020-09-29 00:00:00-04:00
                           3350.919922
                                        3357.919922
                                                    3327.540039
                                                                  3335.469971
2020-09-30 00:00:00-04:00
                          3341.209961 3393.560059
                                                     3340.469971
                                                                  3363.000000
                               Volume Dividends Stock Splits
Date
2010-01-04 00:00:00-05:00
                           3991400000
                                             0.0
                                                           0.0
2010-01-05 00:00:00-05:00
                                             0.0
                                                           0.0
                           2491020000
                                             0.0
                                                           0.0
2010-01-06 00:00:00-05:00
                           4972660000
                                                           0.0
2010-01-07 00:00:00-05:00
                           5270680000
                                             0.0
2010-01-08 00:00:00-05:00
                           4389590000
                                             0.0
                                                           0.0
2020-09-24 00:00:00-04:00
                           4601920000
                                             0.0
                                                           0.0
                                                           0.0
2020-09-25 00:00:00-04:00
                                             0.0
                           3803330000
                                                           0.0
2020-09-28 00:00:00-04:00
                           3950910000
                                             0.0
2020-09-29 00:00:00-04:00
                                             0.0
                                                           0.0
                           3661590000
2020-09-30 00:00:00-04:00 4738640000
                                                           0.0
                                             0.0
```

[2705 rows x 7 columns]

^CASE30: No data found for this date range, symbol may be delisted

[5]: pd.concat(stock_list, axis = 0)

[5]:			Open	High	Low	Close	\
	Date						
	2010-01-04	00:00:00-05:00	1116.560059	1133.869995	1116.560059	1132.989990	
	2010-01-05	00:00:00-05:00	1132.660034	1136.630005	1129.660034	1136.520020	
	2010-01-06	00:00:00-05:00	1135.709961	1139.189941	1133.949951	1137.140015	
	2010-01-07	00:00:00-05:00	1136.270020	1142.459961	1131.319946	1141.689941	
	2010-01-08	00:00:00-05:00	1140.520020	1145.390015	1136.219971	1144.979980	
	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	
	2020-09-22	00:00:00+02:00	3134.750000	3198.909912	3111.439941	3155.520020	
	2020-09-23	00:00:00+02:00	3138.000000	3205.540039	3117.360107	3162.409912	

```
2020-09-28 00:00:00+02:00
                                3123.300049
                                             3203.389893
                                                          3121.090088
                                                                       3170.429932
     2020-09-29 00:00:00+02:00
                                3183.360107
                                             3211.629883
                                                          3141.090088
                                                                       3186.250000
                                      Volume Dividends
                                                         Stock Splits
                                                                         ticker \
    Date
     2010-01-04 00:00:00-05:00 3.991400e+09
                                                    0.0
                                                                   0.0
                                                                           ^GSPC
     2010-01-05 00:00:00-05:00 2.491020e+09
                                                    0.0
                                                                   0.0
                                                                           ^GSPC
                                                    0.0
     2010-01-06 00:00:00-05:00 4.972660e+09
                                                                   0.0
                                                                           ^GSPC
     2010-01-07 00:00:00-05:00 5.270680e+09
                                                    0.0
                                                                  0.0
                                                                           ^GSPC
     2010-01-08 00:00:00-05:00
                               4.389590e+09
                                                    0.0
                                                                   0.0
                                                                           ^GSPC
     2020-09-22 00:00:00+02:00 0.000000e+00
                                                    0.0
                                                                   0.0
                                                                       ^JNOU.JO
                                                                  0.0 ^JNOU.JO
     2020-09-23 00:00:00+02:00
                                0.000000e+00
                                                    0.0
     2020-09-25 00:00:00+02:00
                                                    0.0
                                0.000000e+00
                                                                  0.0 ^JNOU.JO
     2020-09-28 00:00:00+02:00
                                0.000000e+00
                                                    0.0
                                                                  0.0 ^JNOU.JO
     2020-09-29 00:00:00+02:00
                                0.000000e+00
                                                    0.0
                                                                  0.0 ^JNOU.JO
                                Adj Close
    Date
     2010-01-04 00:00:00-05:00
                                      NaN
     2010-01-05 00:00:00-05:00
                                      NaN
     2010-01-06 00:00:00-05:00
                                      NaN
     2010-01-07 00:00:00-05:00
                                      NaN
     2010-01-08 00:00:00-05:00
                                      NaN
     2020-09-22 00:00:00+02:00
                                      NaN
     2020-09-23 00:00:00+02:00
                                      NaN
     2020-09-25 00:00:00+02:00
                                      NaN
     2020-09-28 00:00:00+02:00
                                      NaN
     2020-09-29 00:00:00+02:00
                                      NaN
     [90016 rows x 9 columns]
[6]: # categorize each index by the region
     region_idx={ 'US & Canada' : ['^GSPC', '^DJI', '^IXIC', '^RUT', '^GSPTSE'],
       'Latin America' : ['^BVSP', '^MXX', '^IPSA'],
       'East Asia' : ['^N225', '^HSI', '000001.SS', '399001.SZ', '^TWII', '^KS11'],
       'ASEAN & Oceania' : ['^STI', '^JKSE', '^KLSE', '^AXJO', '^NZ50'],
       'South & West Asia' : ['^BSESN', '^TA125.TA'],
       'Europe' : ['^FTSE', '^GDAXI', '^FCHI', '^STOXX50E', '^N100', '^BFX']
     }
     # make a new column for the region.
     def getRegion(ticker):
         for k in region_idx.keys():
```

3066.290039 3105.010010

2020-09-25 00:00:00+02:00 3193.300049 3193.870117

```
if ticker in region_idx[k]:
    return k
msi['region'] = msi.ticker.apply(lambda x: getRegion(x))
```

```
begRef = msi.loc[msi.index == '2010-01-04']
def retBegin(ticker, val):
    start_val = begRef.loc[begRef.ticker == ticker, 'Close'].values[0]
    return (val/start_val - 1) * 100

msi['chBegin'] = msi.apply(lambda x: retBegin(x.ticker, x.Close), axis = 1)

# Transform the data to be ticker column-wise
chBegin = msi.groupby(['Date', 'ticker'])['chBegin'].first().unstack()
# Fill null values with the values on the row before
chBegin = chBegin.fillna(method='bfill')
```

```
[]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(3,2, figsize=(12, 8),sharex=True)
    pagoda = ["#965757", "#D67469", "#4E5A44", "#A1B482", '#EFE482', "#99BFCF"] #_
     ⇔for coloring
    for i, k in enumerate(region_idx.keys()):
    # Iterate for each region
        ax = axes[int(i/2), int(i%2)]
        for j,t in enumerate(region idx[k]):
            # Iterate and plot for each stock index in this region
            ax.plot(chBegin.index, chBegin[t], marker='', linewidth=1, color =_u
     →pagoda[j])
            ax.legend([ticker[t] for t in region_idx[k]], loc='upper left', __
      ⇔fontsize=7)
            ax.set_title(k, fontweight='bold')
    fig.text(0.5,0, "Year", ha="center", va="center", fontweight ="bold")
    fig.text(0,0.5, "Price Change/Return (%)", ha="center", va="center", u
     →rotation=90, fontweight ="bold")
    fig.suptitle("Price Change/Return for Major Stock Indices based on 2010", __
      fig.tight layout()
```

6.2 Codes 2 not working (Check)

```
[39]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from pandas_datareader import data as wb
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import yfinance as yf
```

```
stocks = [
    {
        'ticker': 'UU.L',
        'name': 'United Utilities'
    },
        'ticker': 'VOD.L',
        'name': 'Vodafone Group'
    },
        'ticker': 'BP.L',
        'name': 'BP Group'
    }
]
def create_plots(stocks):
    data = pd.DataFrame()
    for stock in stocks:
        data[stock['ticker']] = yf.download(stock['ticker'],__

data_source='yahoo', start='2007-1-1')['Adj Close']

    returns = data.apply(lambda x: (x / x[0] * 100))
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
    for stock in stocks:
        plt.plot(returns[stock['ticker']], label=stock['name'])
    plt.legend()
    plt.ylabel('Cumulative Returns %')
    plt.xlabel('Time')
    plt.show
```

7 Appendix

```
[]: # To activate project designated for GKBoginyFreyaBank

# Create an empty folder named GKBoginyFreyaBank that is in one folder with

this notebook

import Pkg

Pkg.activate("GKBoginyFreyaBank")

[]: pip list

[]: pip install yfinance # install yfinance
```

Е]:	pip	install	pandas_datareader
[]:	pip	install	seaborn
[]:			