### **Table of Contents**

Underapproximative verification of an automated anesthesia delivery system	1
Problem Formulation	1
Safety specifications	2
Computation of the underapproximation of the stochastic viability set	2
Plotting the stochastic viable set	3
Validate the underapproximative set and the controller using Monte-Carlo	4

# Underapproximative verification of an automated anesthesia delivery system

This example will demonstrate the use of <a href="https://abyvinod.github.io/SReachTools/SReachTools">https://abyvinod.github.io/SReachTools/SReachTools</a> in verification and controller synthesis for stochastic continuous-state discrete-time linear time-invariant (LTI) systems.

In this example, we will verify an automated anesthesia delivery model.

We wish to ascertain the set of intial states (patient sedation levels) from which the automated anesthesia delivery system can continue to maintain within pre-specified safe bounds.

This Live Script is part of the SReachTools toolbox. License for the use of this function is given in <a href="https://github.com/unm-hscl/SReachTools/blob/master/LICENSE">https://github.com/unm-hscl/SReachTools/blob/master/LICENSE</a>.

```
% Prescript running
close all;
% clc;
clear;
srtinit
```

### **Problem Formulation**

We first define a LtiSystem object corresponding to the discrete-time approximation of the three-compartment pharmacokinetic system model.

We bound the anesthesia the automation can deliver to [0, 7] mg/dL and account for patient model mismatch via an additive Gaussian noise.

## Safety specifications

```
We desire that the state remains inside a set \mathcal{K} = \{x \in \mathbf{R}^3 : 0 \le x_1 \le 6, 0 \le x_2 \le 10, 0 \le x_3 \le 10\}. \texttt{time\_horizon} = 5; \texttt{safe\_set} = \texttt{Polyhedron('lb',[1, 0, 0], 'ub', [6, 10, 10])}; \texttt{safety\_tube} = \texttt{Tube('viability',safe\_set, time\_horizon)};
```

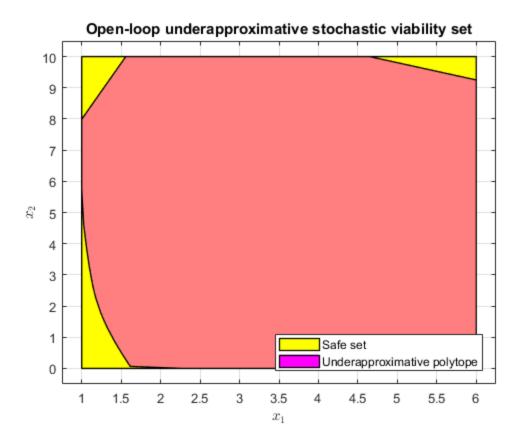
## Computation of the underapproximation of the stochastic viability set

We are interested in computing the stochastic viability set at probability 0.99.

For using SReachSet with chance-open option, we need a set of direction vectors and an affine hull (n-2 dimensional) intersecting the initial state. Since  $x_3$  of the dynamics is slow, we fix it  $x_3 = 5$  and analyze the rest of the system.

## Plotting the stochastic viable set

```
figure(1);
hold on;
safe_set_2D = safe_set.intersect(init_safe_set_affine);
plot(safe_set_2D, 'color', 'y');
plot(underapprox_stoch_viab_polytope, 'color', 'm', 'alpha', 0.5);
leg=legend({'Safe set', 'Underapproximative polytope'});
set(leg, 'Location', 'SouthEast');
xlabel('$x_1$', 'interpreter', 'latex')
ylabel('$x_2$', 'interpreter', 'latex')
box on;
grid on;
view([0,90]);
title('Open-loop underapproximative stochastic viability set');
```



# Validate the underapproximative set and the controller using Monte-Carlo

We will now check how the optimal policy computed for each corners perform in Monte-Carlo simulations.

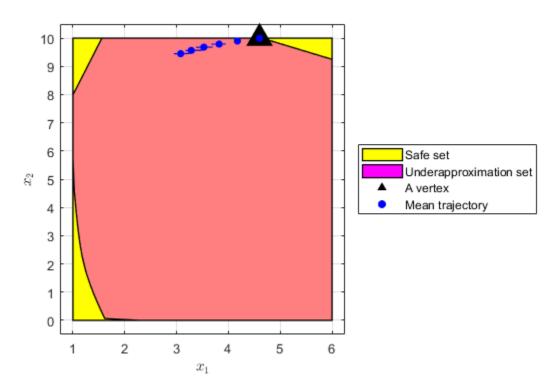
```
n mcarlo sims = 1e5;
vertex indx = 8;
if ~isEmptySet(underapprox_stoch_viab_polytope)
    % Obtain info about the vertices from extra_info struct given by
 SReachSet
    initial state =
 extra_info(1).vertices_underapprox_polytope(:,vertex_indx);
    opt_input_vec =
 extra_info(1).opt_input_vec_at_vertices(:,vertex_indx);
    stoch viab prob lb = extra info(1).opt reach prob i(vertex indx);
    % Compute Monte-Carlo realizations
    concat_state_realization = generateMonteCarloSims(n_mcarlo_sims,
 sys, ...
        initial_state, time_horizon, opt_input_vec);
    % Optimal mean trajectory generation
    [~, H, ~] = sys.getConcatMats(time_horizon);
```

```
sysnoi =
LtvSystem('StateMatrix', sys.state mat, 'DisturbanceMatrix', ...
       sys.dist_mat,'Disturbance',sys.dist);
    [mean_X_sans_input, ~] = SReachFwd('concat-stoch',sysnoi,
 initial_state, ...
       time horizon);
    optimal_mean_X = reshape(mean_X_sans_input + H *
 opt input vec, ...
       sys.state_dim,[]);
    % Monte-Carlo estimate of the safety probability
    mcarlo_result = safety_tube.contains(concat_state_realization);
   stoch viab prob mc estim = sum(mcarlo result)/n mcarlo sims;
   fprintf(['Open-loop-based lower bound and Monte-Carlo simulation
             '(%1.0e particles): %1.3f, %1.3f\n'], ...
           n_mcarlo_sims, ...
            stoch_viab_prob_lb, ...
            stoch viab prob mc estim);
    % Plotting
    % -----
   figure(2);
   hold on;
   plot(safe_set_2D.slice(3,x3_initial_state), 'color', 'y');
plot(underapprox_stoch_viab_polytope.slice(3,x3_initial_state), ...
        'color', 'm', 'alpha', 0.5);
    scatter(initial_state(1),initial_state(2), 300,'k^','filled');
    % Plot the optimal mean trajectory from the vertex under study
    scatter([initial_state(1), optimal_mean_X(1,:)], ...
            [initial_state(2), optimal_mean_X(2,:)], ...
         30, 'bo', 'filled');
   legend_cell = {'Safe set', 'Underapproximation set', 'A
vertex', ...
        'Mean trajectory'};
    leg = legend(legend cell, 'Location', 'EastOutside');
    ellipsoidsFromMonteCarloSims(concat_state_realization,
 sys.state_dim, ...
        [1,2], \{'b'\});
   title(sprintf(['Open-loop-based lower bound: %1.3f\n Monte-Carlo
                   'simulation: %1.3f\n'], stoch_viab_prob_lb, ...
                   stoch_viab_prob_mc_estim));
   box on;
   grid on;
   xlabel('$x_1$','interpreter','latex')
   ylabel('$x_2$','interpreter','latex');
end
Open-loop-based lower bound and Monte-Carlo simulation (1e+05
particles): 0.990, 1.000
Warning: CVX failed to obtain the ellipsoid, potentially due to
numerical
```

issues.
Warning: CVX failed to obtain the ellipsoid, potentially due to numerical

issues.

#### Open-loop-based lower bound: 0.990 Monte-Carlo simulation: 1.000



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