

Exercice 1 - Simplex implementation

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1 Introduction

This work solves the following problem:

$$\begin{array}{ll}\text{minimize} & z = 80x_1 + 60x_2 \\ \text{subject to} & 0.20x_1 + 0.32x_2 \leq 0.25 \\ & x_1 + x_2 + x_4 = 1\end{array}$$

1.1 How it works

This problem is solved by running simplex2 implementation without specifying a feasible base. The function simplex2 calls simplex1 in order to find a feasible base, after that using the base found the function is called again solving problem.

1.2 Results

The optimum result for this problem is:

$$\begin{array}{l}z = -119.0278 \\ x = [0, 14.1667, 2.6389, 5.0000]\end{array}$$

1.3 Input parameters

The simplxe2 implementation was configured as follow:

```
1 c = [2 -10 1 4 0 0 0];
2
3 A = [ 3 6 0 3 1 0 0
4       4 0 0 10 0 -1 0
5       -3 1 6 0 0 0 -1];
6
7 b = [100
8       50
9       30];
10
11 [x, z, Ir, it, tipo] = simplex2(A, b, c)
```

2 Source Code

simplex1.m

```
1 function [x, z, I, it, tipo] = simplex1(A, b, c, I)
2     [~,n] = size(A);
3
4     J = 1:n;
5     J(I) = [];
6
7     it = 0;
8
9     while true
10         it = it + 1;
11
12         Ai = A(:, I) ^ -1;
13         Aj = A(:, J);
14         ci = c(:, I);
15         cj = c(:, J);
16
17         pi = ci * Ai;
18         ccj = pi * Aj - cj;
19
20         z = pi * b;
21
22         x = n:1;
23         x(I) = Ai * b;
24         x(J) = 0;
25         x = x.';
26
27         [t,k] = max(ccj);
28
29         if ccj == 0
30             tipo = 1;
31             break;
32         elseif t <= 0
33             tipo = 0;
34             break;
35         else
36             xi = Ai * b;
37             Ak = Ai * A(:, J(k));
38
39             byk = xi./Ak;
40
41             byk(byk <= 0) = inf;
```

```

42         [t,r] = min(byk);
43
44         if t == inf
45             tipo = -1;
46             break;
47         end
48
49         [J(k), I(r)] = deal(I(r), J(k));
50     end
51 end
52 end

```

simplex2.m

```

1  function [x, z, I, it, tipo] = simplex2(A, b, c)
2      [m,n] = size(A);
3      I = 1:n+m;
4      ct = zeros(1, n+m);
5
6      I(1:n) = [];
7      ct(I) = 1;
8
9      B = horzcat(A, eye(m));
10
11      [x, z_f1, I_f1, it_f1, ~] = simplex1(B, b, ct, I);
12
13      if z_f1 == 0
14          [x, z, I, it_f2, tipo] = simplex1(A, b, c, I_f1);
15
16          it = it_f2 + it_f1;
17      end
18  end

```