

## **CSM025AY Hall-effect Current Sensor Series**

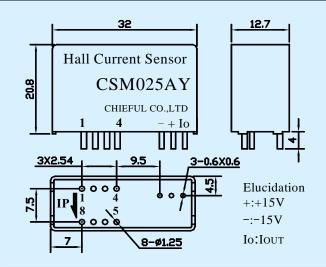


Closed loop current sensor based on the principle of Hall-effect. It can be used for measuring AC,DC,pulsed and mixed current.

| Electrical characteristics |   |   |         |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                            | Туре  | CSM025AY  |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $I_{PN}$                   | Primary nominal input current               | 25  |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $I_P$                      | Measuring range of primary current          | 0~±36   |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $I_{SN}$                   | Secondary nominal output current            | 25  |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{N}}$  | Conversion ratio                            | 1-2-3-4:1000                                      |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $R_{M}$                    | Measuring resistance (V <sub>C</sub> =±15V) | $I_P = \pm 25A$ 54~360 $I_P = \pm 36A$ 68~190     | $R_{M}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{c}}$  | Supply voltage                              | ±12~±15(±5%)                                      |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $I_{C}$                    | Current consumption                         | $V_C = \pm 15V$ 10+Is                             |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $V_{D}$                    | Insulation voltage                          | AC/50Hz/1min 2.5                                  |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\epsilon_{ m L}$          | Linearity                                   | <0.2  |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| X                          | Accuracy                                    | $T_A = 25^{\circ} C V_C = \pm 15 V$ <= 0.7        |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Io                         | Zero offset current                         | T <sub>A</sub> =25°C <±0.15                       | mA      |  |  |  |  |  |
| $I_{OM}$                   | Residual current                            | I <sub>P</sub> →0 <±0.15                          |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| IoT                        | Thermal drift of I <sub>0</sub>             | I <sub>P</sub> =0 T <sub>A</sub> =-25~+70°C <±0.5 |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $T_R$                      | Response time                               | <1  |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| f                          | Frequency bandwidth(-1dB)                   | DC~100  |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| TA                         | Ambient operating temperature               | -25~+70   |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $T_{S}$                    | Ambient storage temperature                 | -40~+100  |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| R <sub>P</sub>             | Primary coil resistance                     | T <sub>A</sub> =25℃ ≤1.25                         |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| $R_{S}$                    | Secondary coil resistance                   | T <sub>A</sub> =70℃ 40                            |         |  |  |  |  |  |
| R <sub>IS</sub>            | Isolation resistance                        | T <sub>A</sub> =25℃ ≥1500                         |         |  |  |  |  |  |
|                            | Standard                                    | Q/3201CHGL02-2007                                 |         |  |  |  |  |  |

## **Dimensions of drawing (mm)**





| Conversion ratio | I <sub>PN</sub> (A) | I <sub>P</sub> (A) | Isn(mA) | Primary connection                            |
|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------|---|
| 1:1000           | 25                  | 36                 | 25      | 8 <b>0-0-0-0</b> 50UT<br>IN1 <b>0-0-0-0</b> 4 |
| 2:1000           | 12                  | 18                 | 24      | 80-0 0-050UT<br>IN10-0 0-04                   |
| 3:1000           | 8                   | 12                 | 24      | 80 0 0-050UT<br>IN10 0 0 04                   |
| 4:1000           | 6                   | 9                  | 24      | 80 0 0 050UT<br>IN10 0 0 04                   |

## Remarks

- ·Incorrect connection may lead to the damage of the sensor.
- $\cdot I_{SN}$  is positive when the  $I_P$  flows in the direction of the arrow.