

Part1:

Report Summarize your findings regarding the pros and cons for each of these three motion planning algorithms.

RRT:

Pro: It is suitable for exploration of detecting various working path.

Cons: In the case of RRT, it takes the random sample too much and converge much later than BiRRT. Moreover, the generated paths are usually longer than BiRRT.

BiRRT:

Pro: It converges much faster than RRT. In addition, the resultant path are usually shorter than RRT.

Cons: In the case of RRT, it takes the random sample too much and converge much later than BiRRT. Moreover

BiRRT:

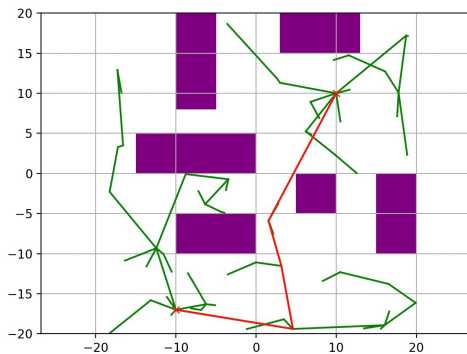
Pro: It results in much simpler and direct path than BiRRT.

Cons: It takes the extra computation to remove the unnecessary intermediate nodes.

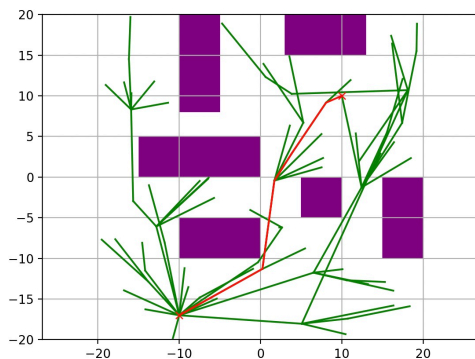
Part2:

Q4:

RRT: Average Cost: 50.31796 || Average Computation time: 0.08sec

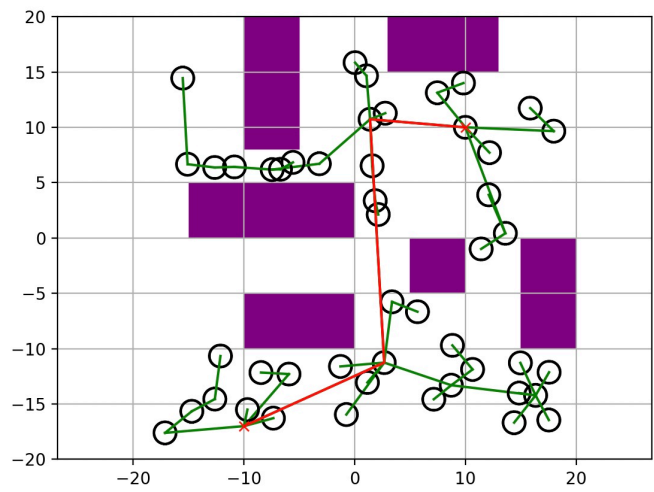


RRT*: Average Cost: 42.02298 || Average Computation time: 1.22sec

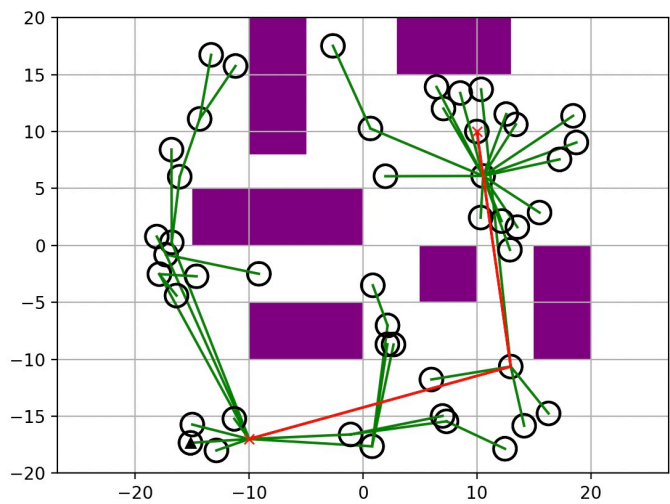


Q5:

RRT: Average Cost: 47.57319 || Average Computation time: 1.16sec

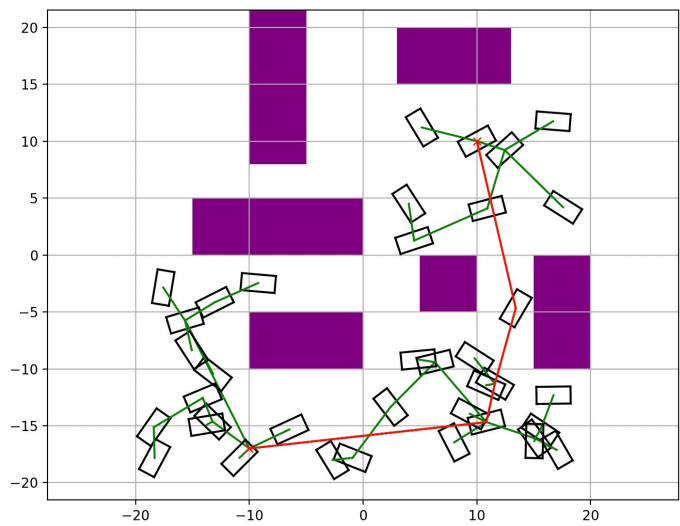


RRT*: Average Cost: 41.25241 || Average Computation time: 11.87sec



Q6:

RRT: Average Cost: 53.56179 || Average Computation time: 1.12sec



RRT*: Average Cost: 42.16621 || Average Computation time: 10.81sec

