



*MA-INF 3232 Lab Enterprise Information Systems*

# Development of an Ontology Tutorial for TurtleEditor

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# Problem

- Many ontology tutorials exist. All of them → offline with an installed ontology editor;
- Lack of step-by-step guidance, feedback and poor didactics;
- No possibility of using hints/help;





# Relevance and Importance

- Implementation of a chosen tutorial by the user into TurleEditor;
- Everything in one place;
- Online;
- Sharable;
- No installation costs;
- Easy way to learn ontology engineering;
- Getting feedback;



# Challenges

- Specification of the structure of the input files (guidelines, hints, solutions);
- Parsing the files and displaying the outputs;
- Checking user's input and types of mistakes;
- Classification of user's mistakes;





# Proposed Solution

review the TurtleEditor source code  
+  
review existing JavaScript tutorial  
frameworks  
+  
review of ontology tutorials  
=  
**Online Tutorial Framework**

1

2

3

step-by-step  
guidelines  
examples  
tasks  
hints  
mistakes  
scores

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**RDW/OWL**  
**Javascript/PHP**  
**HTML/CSS**



# Implementation Details

- input files  
(guidelines, hints → .ttl file), (solutions → .ttl file);

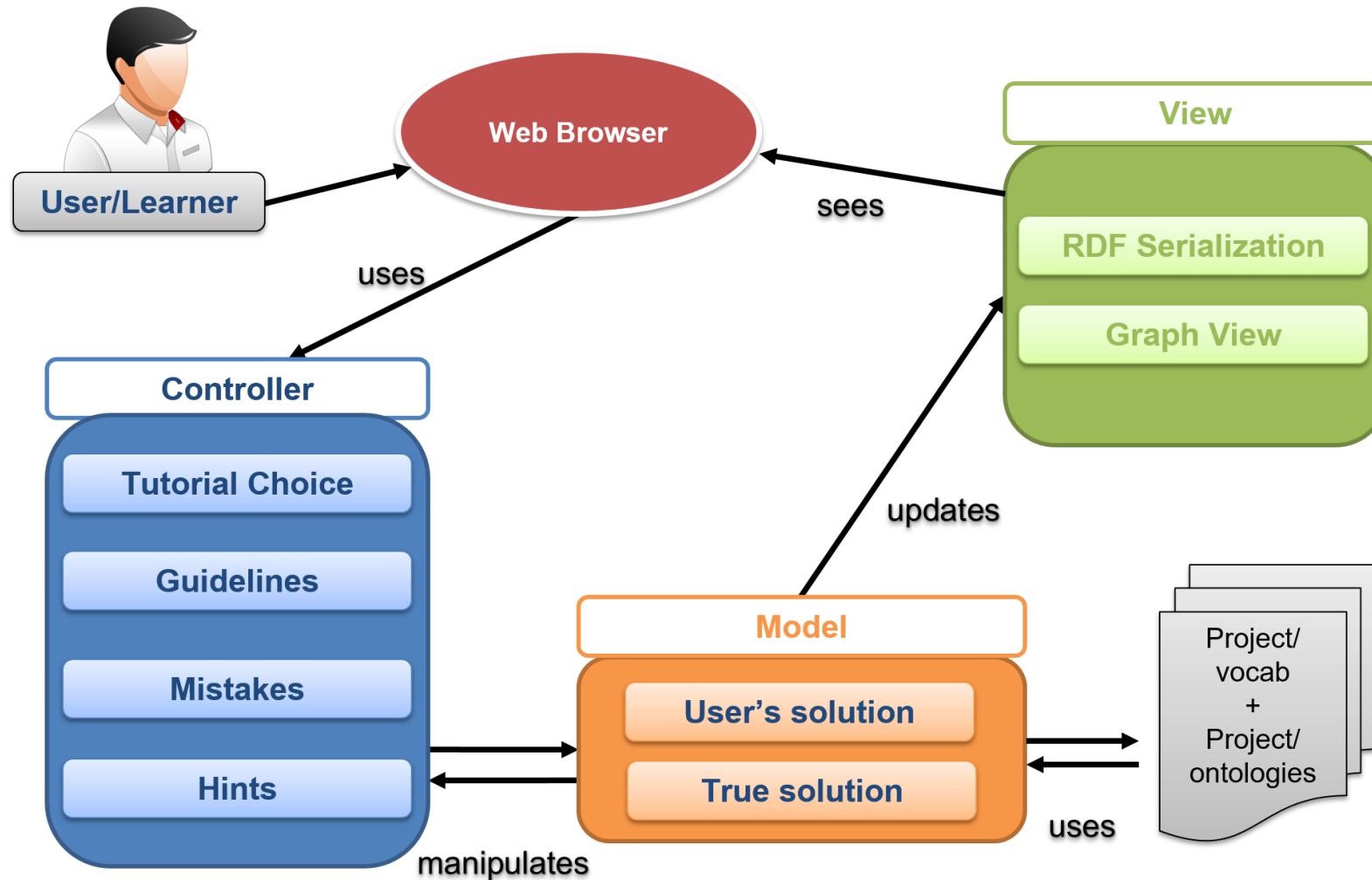
```
ex:Step1
  ex:id "1";
  ex:exampleText "To say that the dog is called Oddie and Odie is an English name you have to write a triple in the following way:";
  ex:exampleAnswer "ex:dog ex:isCalled 'Odie'@en.";
  ex:question "Please write a triple where the owner has a name Jon and this name is an English name.";
  ex:sparqlAskValidation "ex:owner ex:hasName 'Jon'@en.";
  ex:hint "When the predicate consists of two words, the we use the lowerCamelCaseNotation.".
```

- Parser for .ttl files and organization of different triples depending what do they represent (rdfstore);
- Checking user's input  
(ASK queries + comparison function: S,P,O);
- Printing mistakes and errors (syntax & semantics);
- Ontology tests;



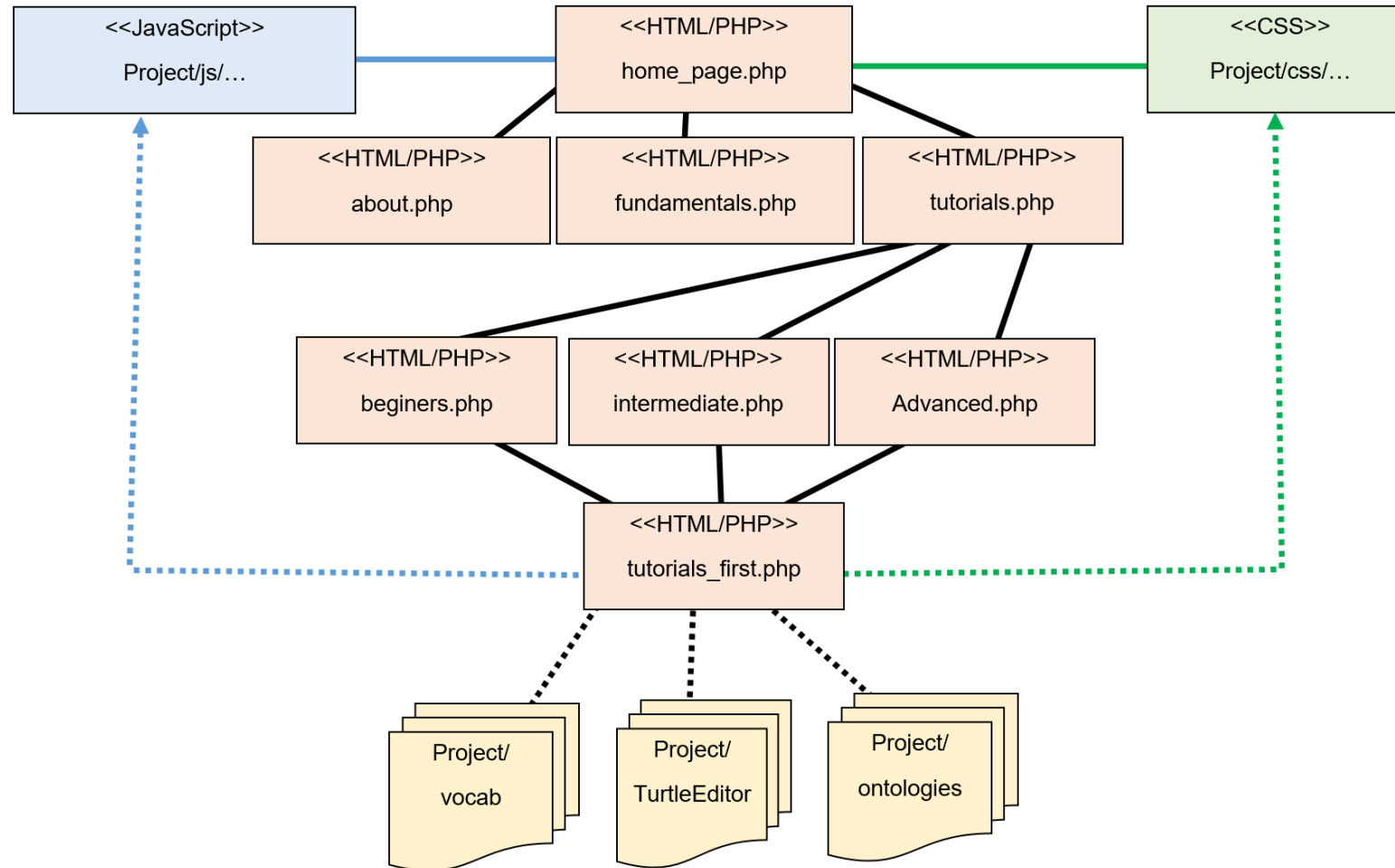


# Model-View-Controller Diagram





# JavaScript Data Diagram







# Use Cases Details

- Actors:

**User/Learner**

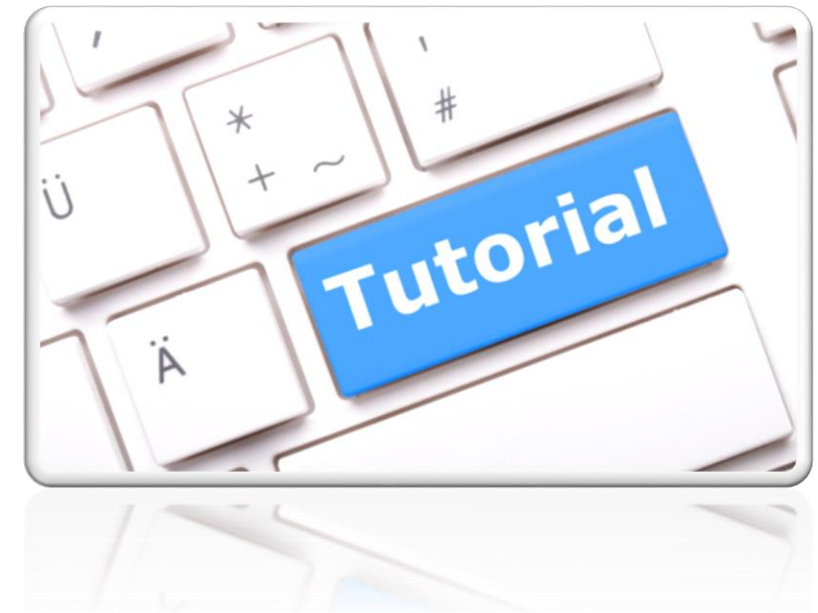
**Developer**

- Profile of the targeted user:

**someone interested into learning Turtle serialization  
using online tutoring framework;**

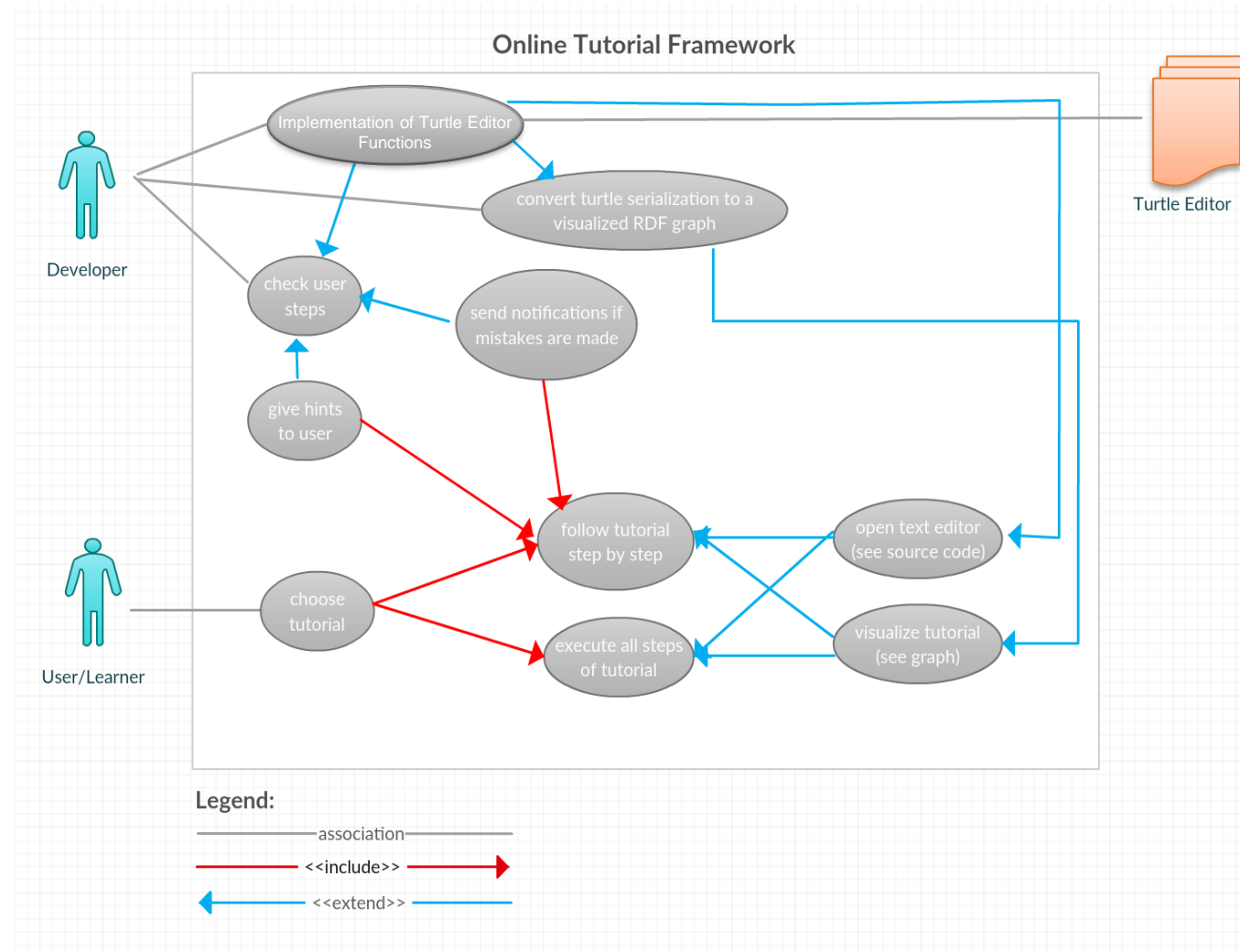
- Preconditions:

**Choosing a tutorial from the framework depending on  
the level of previous knowledge;**





# Use Cases 1/2





# Use Cases 2/2

- User/Learner

Read Turtle Fundamentals

Choose a tutorial

Follow the tutorial step-by-step

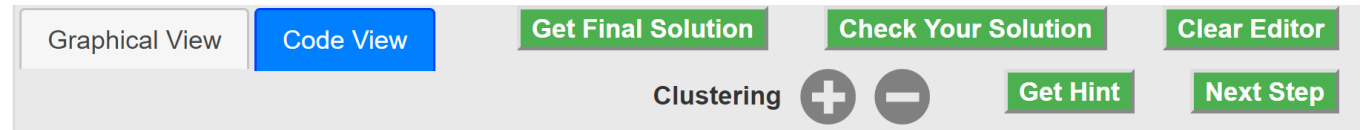
Get hints

Get feedback

Get the input checked

Choose a tutorial

**:turtle:Board**



SCORES	
User:	Bob
Level:	beginner
Used hints:	4
Mistakes:	2
Timer:	39



DEMO





# Lessons Learned

- Anything can be represented in terms of RDF graph and after that used for a specific purpose;
- Turtle serialization → human readable  
(many things can be done in terms of structure representation);
- The amount of details in tutorial depends on the specified vocabularies.
- Better step guidelines and hints, detailed score feedback  
→ less mistakes, better results;







# Conclusions & Future work



- **User Profile**  
(registration, score analysis, user's learning timeline, logins, graphics, statistics);
- Variety of **vocabularies**  
(more choices, better user satisfaction, shuffling of tutorials);
- **Lessons** before each tutorial  
(preparation for the chosen tutorial, better user performance);
- Checking onload() - automatically;
- Using the **same framework structure** for implementation of a new tutorial frameworks for **other RDF serializations**;

