

## Asymmetric encryption for integrity

Alice encrypts a message m with her private key KsA  $\rightarrow$  Everybody can decrypt m using Alice's public key  $Kp_A$ ✓ Authentication with non-repudiation (a.k.a Digital Signature)







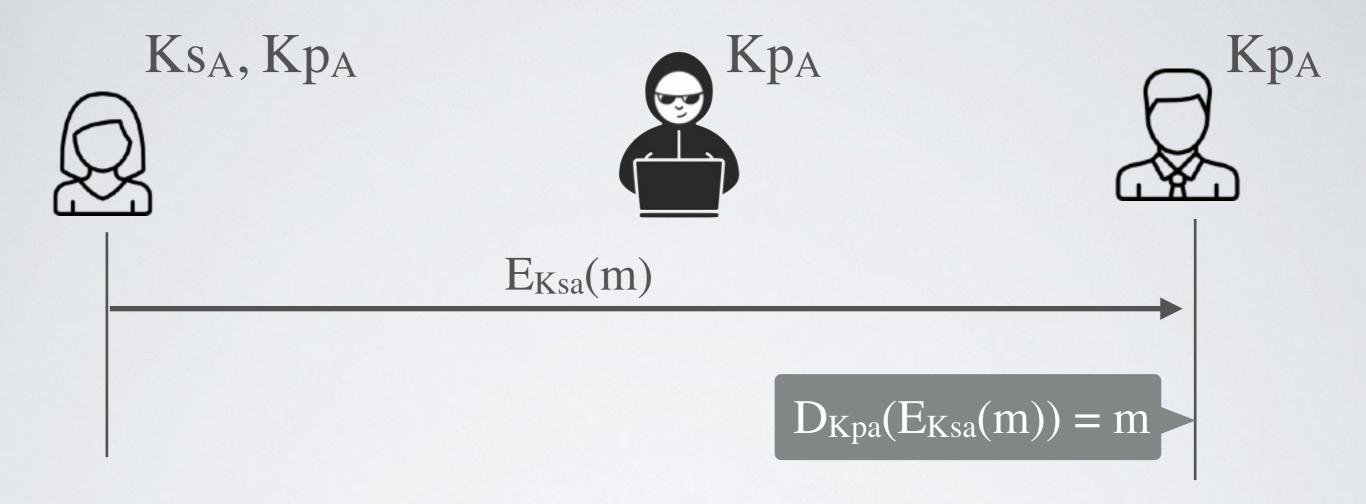
Ks<sub>A</sub>, Kp<sub>A</sub>





 $D_{Kpa}(E_{Ksa}(m)) = m$ 

## Asymmetric encryption for integrity



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- Everybody can decrypt m using Alice's public key KpA
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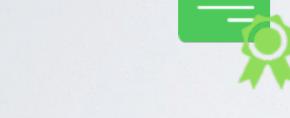
## Digital Signature

Ksa Alice's Secret Key



Kpa, Kpb public keys





→ Use public cryptography to sign and verify

 $m \parallel SIG_{Ksa}(m)$ 

 $SIG_{Ksa}(m) = E_{Ksa}(H(m))$