

② X_1, X_2, X_3 sample, I.I.D. $X \sim (\mu, \sigma^2)$
 $E[X_1] = E[X_2] = E[X_3] = \mu$
 $\text{Var} \dots$

$$\sigma^2 = c \cdot (X_1 - X_2)^2$$

$$E[c(X_1 - X_2)^2] = \sigma^2$$

$$E[\sigma^2] = \sigma^2$$

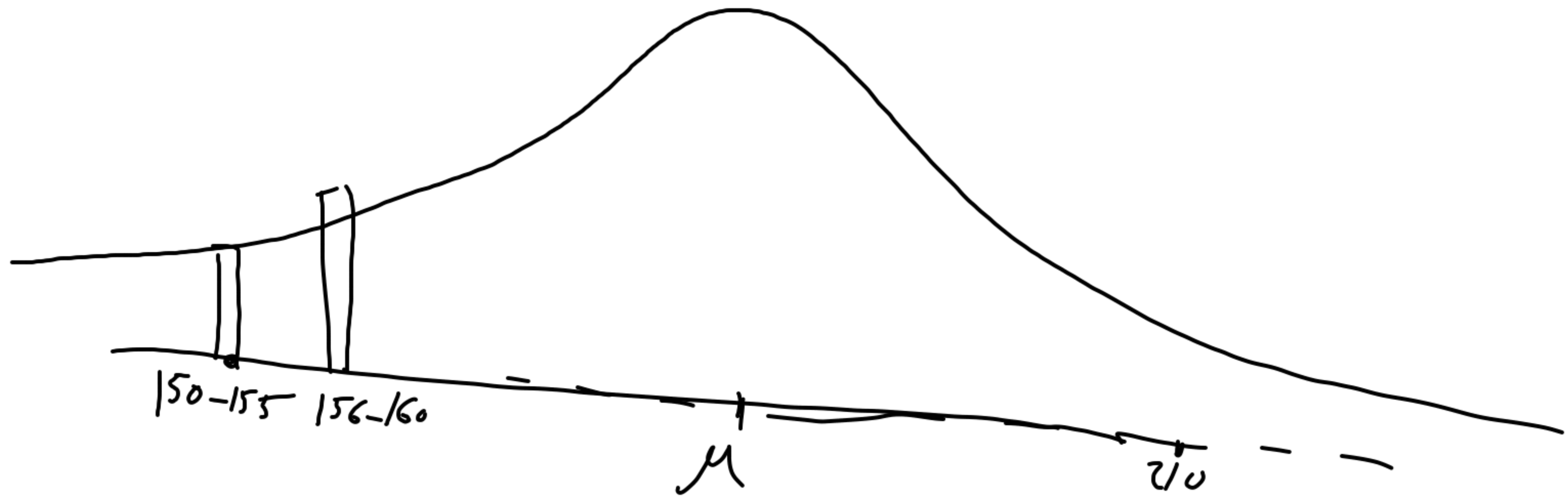
$$\sigma^2 = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2c\sigma^2 = \sigma^2$$

$$c = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$E[cX_1^2 - 2cX_1X_2 + cX_2^2] = cE[X_1^2] + cE[X_2^2] - 2cE[X_1X_2] =$$

$$= 2c(\sigma^2 + \mu^2) - 2c\mu^2 = \sigma^2 \Rightarrow$$



$X_1 \dots X_n$

X_n

$X \sim (\mu, \sigma^2)$

I.I.D.

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum X_i}{n}$$

$n=10$
 $n=20$
 $n=30$

$$Z_n = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}}$$

$f(z_n, n=30)$

$f(z_n, n=20)$

$f(z_n, n=10)$



$$Z_n = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} Z \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$\bar{X} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} W \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n}\right)$$

$$A \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

$$\frac{A - \mu}{\sigma} \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$\hat{\theta} = T(x_1, \dots, x_n) \rightarrow \theta$$

$$P(\hat{\theta} = \theta) = 0$$

$1 - \alpha$, $\alpha \in (0, 1)$
Conf. Level

$$1 - \alpha = P(L < \theta < u)$$



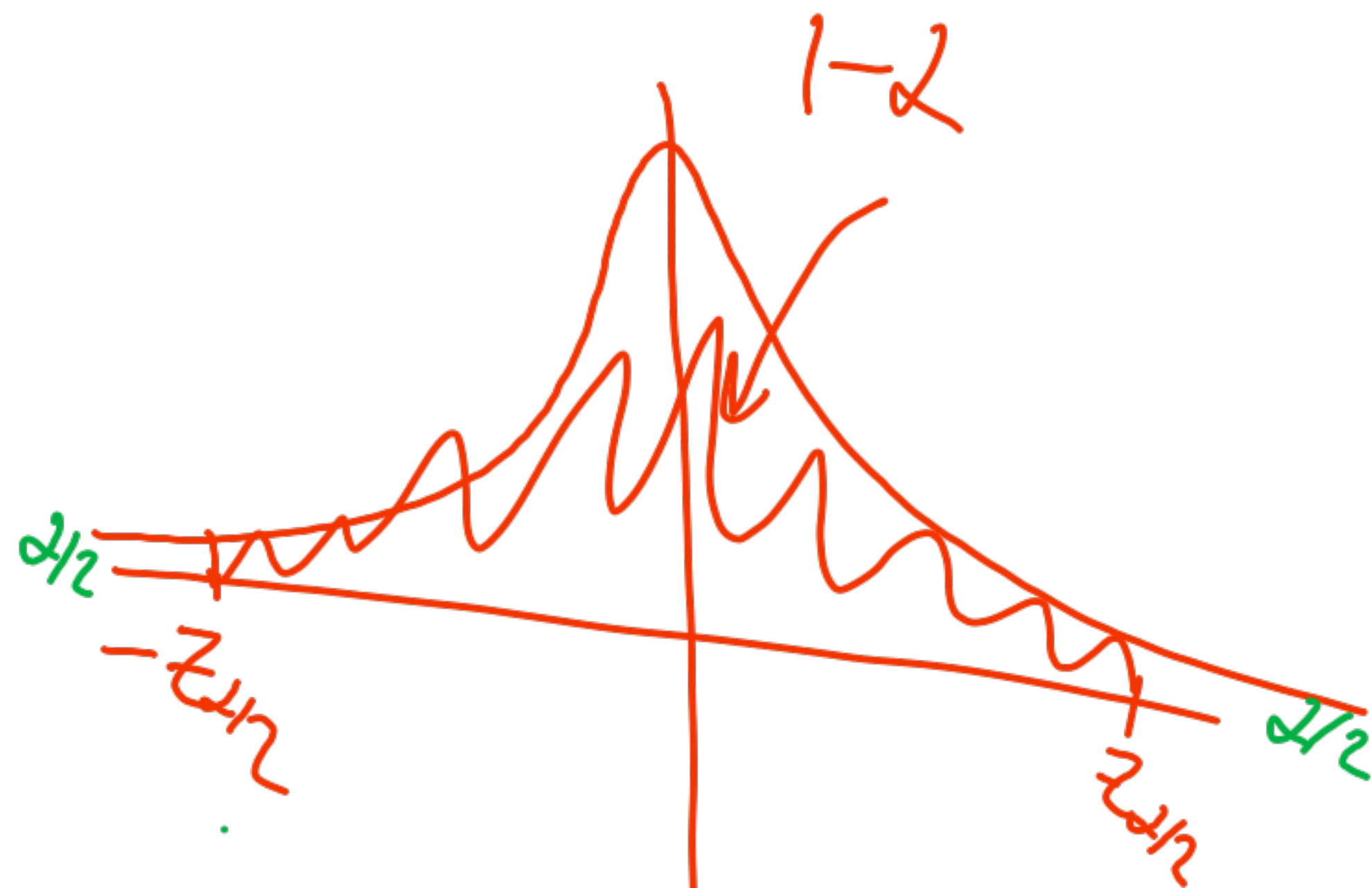
μ, σ^2 - Known

$$1-\alpha = P(L < \mu < U)$$

$$\frac{\bar{X} - U}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}} < \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}} < \frac{\bar{X} - L}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}}$$

$-z_{\alpha/2}$ $z_{\alpha/2}$

$$U = \bar{X} + z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$



$$z_{\alpha/2} = \frac{\bar{X} - L}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}}$$

$$L = \bar{X} - z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$L < \mu < U$$

Level of conf.

$$\frac{\bar{X} - L}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} = z_{\alpha/2} \Rightarrow L = \bar{X} - z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$U = \bar{X} + z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

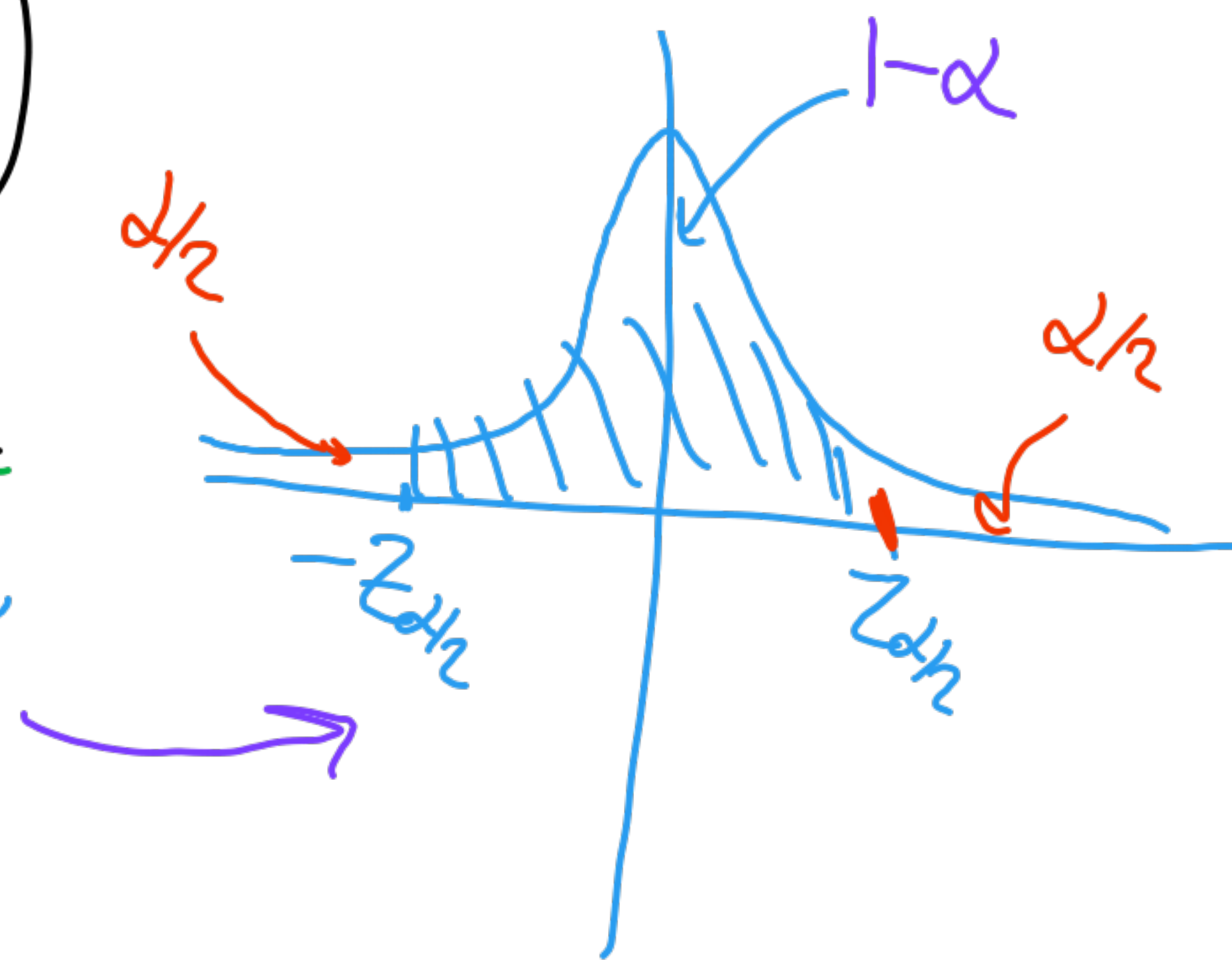
$$1 - \alpha = P(L < \mu < U)$$

$\sigma \sim (0, 1)$

$$\frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} < \frac{\bar{X} - L}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} < \frac{\bar{X} - U}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}}$$

$-z_{\alpha/2}$

$z_{\alpha/2}$



① 40 ; $\sigma = 12.5$

$\bar{x} = 76.3$

$\mu \in \left(\bar{x} - z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} ; \bar{x} + z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \right)$

$99\% = (1 - 0.01) \cdot 100\%$

$\alpha = 0.01$

$\mu \in \left(76.3 - 2.576 \cdot \frac{12.5}{\sqrt{40}} ; 76.3 + 2.576 \cdot \frac{12.5}{\sqrt{40}} \right)$

