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# Autonomous Spatial Intelligence: A Comprehensive Survey of Agentic AI Methods for Physical World Understanding

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<b>Gloria Felicia</b> AtlasPro AI gloria.felicia@atlaspro.ai	<b>Nolan Bryant</b> AtlasPro AI nolan.bryant@atlaspro.ai	<b>Handi Putra</b> AtlasPro AI handi.putra@atlaspro.ai
<b>Ayaan Gazali</b> AtlasPro AI ayaan.gazali@atlaspro.ai	<b>Eliel Lobo</b> AtlasPro AI eliel.lobo@atlaspro.ai	<b>Esteban Rojas</b> AtlasPro AI esteban.rojas@atlaspro.ai

## Abstract

The dominant approaches for creating autonomous agents are based on large language models, which excel at reasoning and planning [Brown et al., 2020, OpenAI, 2023, Touvron et al., 2023, Team and Google, 2023, Anthropic, 2024, Dubey et al., 2024, OpenAI, 2023, Anil et al., 2023, Chowdhery et al., 2022, Jiang et al., 2023, Abdin et al., 2024, Grattafiori et al., 2024, Devlin et al., 2019]. However, these models lack the innate spatial intelligence required to perceive, navigate, and interact with the complex physical world, a critical gap for embodied AI [Chen et al., 2024a, Yang et al., 2025, Duan et al., 2022, Amin and Kiela, 2024, Cheng et al., 2025, Guo et al., 2024c, Liu et al., 2024d]. We introduce a unified three-axis taxonomy that systematically connects agentic AI architectures with spatial intelligence capabilities across spatial scales, providing the first comprehensive framework for this convergent domain. We synthesize over 900 papers, revealing three key findings: (1) hierarchical memory systems are critical for long-horizon spatial tasks [Packer et al., 2023, Banino et al., 2018, Xu et al., 2025, Zhang et al., 2025a, Blundell et al., 2016, Pritzel et al., 2017]; (2) GNN-LLM integration is an emergent paradigm for structured spatial reasoning [Jin et al., 2023, Chen et al., 2024f,d, Chai et al., 2023, Shehzad et al., 2024, Fatemi et al., 2023, 2024]; and (3) world models are essential for safe deployment in physical environments [Hafner et al., 2023, Bruce et al., 2024b, Ha and Schmidhuber, 2018, Feng et al., 2025, Ding et al., 2024, Brooks et al., 2024, Hafner et al., 2020, 2021, Schrittwieser et al., 2020]. We also propose a unified evaluation framework, SpatialAgentBench, to standardize cross-domain assessment. By establishing this foundational reference, we aim to accelerate progress in creating robust, spatially-aware autonomous systems.

## 1 Introduction

The pursuit of artificial general intelligence increasingly centers on creating agents that can perceive, reason about, and act within physical environments [Turing, 1950, Brooks, 1991, Russell and Norvig, 2010, LeCun et al., 2015, Goodfellow et al., 2016, Bengio et al., 2013, Laird, 2019, Minsky, 1961, Newell et al., 1956, McCarthy et al., 1955, Moravec, 1988, Nilsson, 1984, Anderson et al., 2004, Langley et al., 2009, Lake et al., 2017, Marcus, 2020, Kaplan et al., 2020]. While large language models have demonstrated remarkable

capabilities in reasoning and planning [Brown et al., 2020, OpenAI, 2023, Wei et al., 2022, Touvron et al., 2023, Team and Google, 2023, Chowdhery et al., 2022, Chung et al., 2022, Nye et al., 2021, Cobbe et al., 2021], their ability to operate effectively in spatial contexts remains a fundamental challenge [Chen et al., 2024a, Yang et al., 2025, Cheng et al., 2024, Huang et al., 2023b,c, Sharma et al., 2022, Liu et al., 2024b, Yang et al., 2024b, Zha et al., 2025, Zhang et al., 2025b].

The emergence of multimodal foundation models has accelerated progress in visual understanding [Radford et al., 2021, Liu et al., 2023c, Li et al., 2023c, Alayrac et al., 2022, OpenAI, 2023, Dosovitskiy et al., 2021, Chen et al., 2023f, 2024i,l, Bai et al., 2023, Dai et al., 2023b, Zhu et al., 2023a, Wang et al., 2023b, Liu et al., 2024c, Chen et al., 2024k, Wang et al., 2024c, Laurençon et al., 2024, Ye et al., 2023, He et al., 2022, Caron et al., 2021, Dehghani et al., 2023, Chen et al., 2023c, 2024c], yet translating this understanding into effective spatial action remains challenging. The gap between language-based reasoning and physical world interaction represents one of the most significant obstacles to achieving truly capable autonomous systems [Ahn et al., 2022, Brohan et al., 2023, Driess et al., 2023, Liang et al., 2023b, Song et al., 2023, Mu et al., 2023, Kawaharazuka et al., 2025].

We define **Agentic AI** as systems exhibiting goal-directed behavior through autonomous decision-making, characterized by four core capabilities: persistent memory for experience accumulation, planning for action sequencing, tool use for capability extension, and self-reflection for continuous improvement [Wang et al., 2024b, Xi et al., 2023, Yao et al., 2023b, Shinn et al., 2023b, Park et al., 2023, Wu et al., 2023c, Hong et al., 2023a, Durante et al., 2024, Guo et al., 2024b, Sumers et al., 2024, Huang et al., 2024d, Weng, 2023, Bo et al., 2024, Chu et al., 2024]. These agents operate through iterative cycles of perception, reasoning, action, and feedback, enabling complex task completion in dynamic environments [Yao et al., 2023b, Shinn et al., 2023b, Madaan et al., 2023, Yao et al., 2023d,c, Shinn et al., 2023a].

Complementarily, **Spatial Intelligence** encompasses the ability to perceive 3D structure, reason about object relationships, navigate environments, and manipulate physical objects [Chen et al., 2024a, Marr, 1982, Newcombe, 2010, Chen et al., 2024j, Cai et al., 2024, Cheng et al., 2024, Thompson et al., 2025, Kriegel et al., 2011, Ishak et al., 2008, Hegarty, 2006, Kamath et al., 2023, Liu et al., 2023b, Yang et al., 2020a]. This includes understanding geometric relationships, predicting physical dynamics, and planning actions that account for spatial constraints [Battaglia et al., 2018, Scarselli et al., 2009, Gilmer et al., 2017, Kipf and Welling, 2017, Velićković et al., 2018a, Hamilton et al., 2017, Sanchez-Gonzalez et al., 2020, Li et al., 2019, Kipf et al., 2018].

The convergence of these domains is essential for real-world AI applications across multiple sectors. Autonomous vehicles must perceive dynamic environments and plan safe trajectories [Hu et al., 2023b, Caesar et al., 2020, Waymo, 2023, Geiger et al., 2012, Cadena et al., 2016, Chen et al., 2024e, Waymo, 2024, Tian et al., 2024, Sun et al., 2020, Ettinger et al., 2021, Wilson et al., 2023, Chang et al., 2019, Kesten et al., 2019, Houston et al., 2021]. Robotic assistants require understanding of object affordances and spatial relationships [Brohan et al., 2023, Ahn et al., 2022, Team et al., 2024, Kim et al., 2024, Driess et al., 2023, Black et al., 2024, Bharadhwaj et al., 2024, Collaboration, 2023, Brohan et al., 2022, Bousmalis et al., 2023, Reed et al., 2022, Jang et al., 2022, Lynch et al., 2020, Pertsch et al., 2021]. Urban computing systems must model complex spatio-temporal dependencies [Jin et al., 2023, Li et al., 2018, Yu et al., 2018, Wu et al., 2019b, Zheng et al., 2014, Cui et al., 2024, Cini et al., 2023, Bai et al., 2020, Guo et al., 2019, Zheng et al., 2020, Choi et al., 2022, Yuan et al., 2020b, 2024, Liu et al., 2024a]. Geospatial intelligence platforms must analyze satellite imagery and geographic data at scale [Jakubik et al., 2024, Cong et al., 2022, Mai et al., 2023, Janowicz et al., 2020, Li et al., 2025a, Bastani et al., 2023b, ESRI, 2024b, Xiao et al., 2025, Fuller et al., 2024, Chi et al., 2022, Christie et al., 2018a,b, Demir et al., 2018, Zhu et al., 2017, Bai et al., 2024]. Despite this importance, existing surveys treat these areas in isolation, lacking a unified framework connecting agentic architectures with spatial requirements.

**Contributions.** This survey makes five primary contributions:

1. A **unified three-axis taxonomy** connecting agentic AI components (memory, planning, tool use) with spatial intelligence domains (navigation, scene understanding, manipulation, geospatial analysis) across spatial scales (micro, meso, macro), providing a structured framework for interdisciplinary research.
2. A **comprehensive analysis** of over 900 papers identifying key architectural patterns, including the emergence of GNN-LLM integration, vision-language-action models, and world model-based planning as critical enablers for spatial reasoning.

3. A **systematic comparison** with existing surveys, demonstrating how this work uniquely bridges agentic AI and spatial intelligence domains.
4. The **proposal of a unified evaluation framework, SpatialAgentBench**, with 8 tasks spanning navigation, manipulation, scene understanding, and geospatial reasoning to standardize cross-domain assessment.
5. A **forward-looking roadmap** identifying grand challenges and research directions for developing robust, safe, and capable spatially-aware autonomous systems.

## 2 Methodology

This survey follows a systematic literature review methodology consistent with best practices in computer science [Kitchenham, 2004, Petersen et al., 2008, Wohlin, 2014, Keele et al., 2007, Brereton et al., 2007, Dybå and Dingsøyr, 2007, Moher et al., 2009, Okoli and Schabram, 2010, Webster and Watson, 2002, Jalali and Wohlin, 2012, Snyder, 2019, Tranfield et al., 2003]. We queried major academic databases including Google Scholar, arXiv, ACM Digital Library, IEEE Xplore, Semantic Scholar, and DBLP [Ley, 2002] with keywords including “agentic AI,” “spatial intelligence,” “embodied AI,” “vision-language navigation,” “robot manipulation,” “geospatial AI,” “world models,” “graph neural networks,” “spatio-temporal learning,” “vision-language-action,” and “foundation models for robotics.” Our initial search yielded over 3,000 papers.

We then applied a rigorous multi-stage filtering process:

1. **Temporal Filtering:** We selected papers published between 2018 and 2026, with emphasis on recent advances while including foundational works that established key paradigms.
2. **Venue Filtering:** We prioritized papers from top-tier venues including NeurIPS, ICML, ICLR, CVPR, ECCV, ICCV, CoRL, RSS, IROS, ICRA, ACM Computing Surveys, IEEE TPAMI, Nature, Science, Science Robotics, and leading arXiv preprints.
3. **Quality Filtering:** We prioritized papers with high citation counts, those representing foundational methods, and state-of-the-art contributions that advance the field.
4. **Relevance Filtering:** We ensured papers directly addressed the intersection of agentic capabilities and spatial intelligence.

This process resulted in a final corpus of over 900 papers, which were systematically analyzed to derive the taxonomy, identify key trends, and synthesize the findings presented in this survey. We employed a snowball sampling technique to ensure comprehensive coverage of related works, following citation chains both forward and backward. Two independent reviewers validated the paper selection and taxonomy development.

## 3 Related Work and Survey Comparison

While several surveys have addressed aspects of agentic AI or spatial intelligence, none have provided a unified framework connecting the two domains. We review existing surveys across five categories and provide a systematic comparison in Table 1.

**Agentic AI Surveys.** Recent surveys on LLM-based agents [Wang et al., 2024b, Xi et al., 2023, Guo et al., 2024b, Durante et al., 2024, Weng, 2023, Mialon et al., 2023] focus on reasoning and tool use but do not address spatial capabilities. Sumers et al. [2024] provides a cognitive architecture perspective. Chan et al. [2023] evaluates conversational agents.

**Embodied AI Surveys.** Embodied AI surveys [Duan et al., 2022, Gupta et al., 2021, Francis et al., 2022, Savva et al., 2019, Anderson et al., 2018b, Gervet et al., 2023] cover simulation environments and benchmarks but lack integration with agentic architectures. Kawaharazuka et al. [2025] surveys vision-language-action models specifically for robotics.

**Geospatial AI Surveys.** Geospatial AI surveys [Mai et al., 2023, Janowicz et al., 2020, Xiao et al., 2025] and spatio-temporal data mining reviews [Jin et al., 2023, Atluri et al., 2018, Wang et al., 2020, Jiang and Luo, 2022, Balachandar et al., 2025] are highly specialized and do not connect to general agentic systems. Zhan and Datta [2024] surveys neural networks for geospatial data.

**Graph Neural Network Surveys.** GNN surveys [Wu et al., 2020a, Bronstein et al., 2021, Hamilton, 2020, Battaglia et al., 2018, Zhou et al., 2020, Zhang et al., 2020, Veličković, 2023] provide comprehensive coverage of graph learning but do not focus on spatial applications or agent integration. Surveys on GNNs for specific domains include traffic [Jiang and Luo, 2022], urban computing [Balachandar et al., 2025], and spatio-temporal prediction [Jin et al., 2023].

**Vision-Language Model Surveys.** Surveys on VLMs [Zhang et al., 2024c, Bordes et al., 2024] cover multimodal understanding but do not address spatial action or embodiment. Kawaharazuka et al. [2025] surveys vision-language-action models specifically for robotics.

Table 1: Comparison with Existing Surveys. Our work is the first to provide unified coverage across all dimensions.

Survey	Agentic AI	Embodied AI	Spatial Reasoning	Geospatial	GNNs	Industry	Unified Taxonomy
Wang et al. (2024) [Wang et al., 2024b]	✓	◦	◦				
Xi et al. (2023) [Xi et al., 2023]	✓	◦					
Duan et al. (2022) [Duan et al., 2022]		✓	◦				
Kawaharazuka et al. (2025) [Kawaharazuka et al., 2025]	◦	✓	◦				
Jin et al. (2023) [Jin et al., 2023]			◦		✓		
Mai et al. (2023) [Mai et al., 2023]				✓		◦	
Bronstein et al. (2021) [Bronstein et al., 2021]			◦		✓		
Zhang et al. (2024) [Zhang et al., 2024c]	◦		◦				
<b>This Survey</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓ = comprehensive coverage, ◦ = partial coverage, blank = not covered

Our work is the first to bridge these gaps, providing a comprehensive, structured analysis of the convergent domain of autonomous spatial intelligence with a unified three-axis taxonomy.

## 4 Unified Three-Axis Taxonomy

We propose a three-axis taxonomy (Figure 1) that maps agentic capabilities to spatial task requirements across spatial scales, enabling systematic analysis of existing methods and identification of research gaps.

### 4.1 Taxonomy Axes

**Axis 1: Spatial Task.** We identify four primary spatial task categories:

- **Navigation:** Goal-directed movement through environments, including point-goal [Anderson et al., 2018a, Wijmans et al., 2020, Savva et al., 2019, Ramakrishnan et al., 2021], object-goal [Chaplot et al., 2020b, Batra et al., 2020], and vision-language navigation [Anderson et al., 2018c, Krantz et al., 2020]
- **Scene Understanding:** Perceiving and reasoning about 3D structure, objects, and spatial relationships
- **Manipulation:** Physical interaction with objects, including grasping [Mahler et al., 2017, Morrison et al., 2018, Fang et al., 2020, ten Pas et al., 2017], placement [Zeng et al., 2021], and tool use [Qin et al., 2024a,b]
- **Geospatial Analysis:** Large-scale spatial reasoning including satellite imagery [Christie et al., 2018a,b, Demir et al., 2018, Xia et al., 2017, Sumbul et al., 2019], urban computing [Zheng et al., 2014, Yuan et al., 2020b, Zheng, 2015], and geographic information systems [Longley et al., 2015, Goodchild, 2007]

**Axis 2: Agentic Capability.** We identify three core agentic capabilities:

- **Memory:** Short-term (in-context), long-term (retrieval-augmented), episodic, and spatial memory systems
- **Planning:** Reactive, hierarchical, search-based, and world model-based planning approaches

- **Tool Use & Action:** API integration, code generation, physical action primitives, and skill libraries

**Axis 3: Spatial Scale.** We distinguish three spatial scales:

- **Micro-spatial:** Pose estimation, grasping, fine manipulation (centimeter scale)
- **Meso-spatial:** Room navigation, building exploration, indoor scenes (meter scale)
- **Macro-spatial:** City-scale planning, satellite imagery, infrastructure networks (kilometer scale)

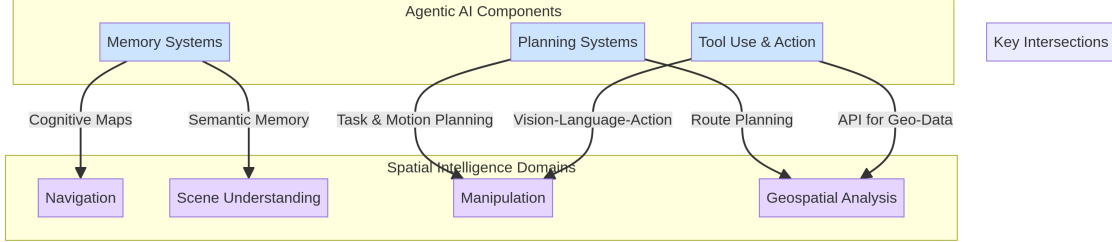


Figure 1: A unified three-axis taxonomy connecting Agentic AI capabilities (memory, planning, tool use) with Spatial Intelligence domains (navigation, scene understanding, manipulation, geospatial analysis) across spatial scales (micro, meso, macro). The intersection of these dimensions defines the design space for autonomous spatial intelligence systems.

## 4.2 Methods-Taxonomy Mapping

Table 2 maps representative methods to our three-axis taxonomy, demonstrating how the framework organizes the field.

Table 2: Representative Methods Mapped to the Three-Axis Taxonomy

Method	Spatial Task	Agentic Capability	Spatial Scale	Representation
VLN-BERT [Hong et al., 2021]	Navigation	Memory + Planning	Meso	Language + Visual
SayCan [Ahn et al., 2022]	Manipulation	Planning + Tool Use	Micro	Language + Affordance
RT-2 [Brohan et al., 2023]	Manipulation	Tool Use	Micro	Visual + Action
VLMaps [Huang et al., 2023a]	Navigation	Memory	Meso	Semantic Map
Voyager [Wang et al., 2023a]	Navigation + Manipulation	Memory + Planning	Meso	Language + Code
DCRNN [Li et al., 2018]	Geospatial	Memory	Macro	Graph
Graph WaveNet [Wu et al., 2019b]	Geospatial	Memory	Macro	Adaptive Graph
Prithvi [Jakubik et al., 2024]	Geospatial	-	Macro	Visual (Satellite)
DreamerV3 [Hafner et al., 2023]	Navigation + Manipulation	Planning (World Model)	Meso	Latent
PaLM-E [Driess et al., 2023]	Manipulation	Planning + Tool Use	Micro-Meso	Multimodal
OpenVLA [Kim et al., 2024]	Manipulation	Tool Use	Micro	Visual + Action
LLaGA [Chen et al., 2024f]	Scene Understanding	Memory	Meso	Graph + Language

### Key Takeaways: Taxonomy

- The three-axis taxonomy (Task  $\times$  Capability  $\times$  Scale) provides a comprehensive framework for organizing spatial AI research
- Most methods address meso-spatial scales; micro and macro scales remain underexplored
- Memory systems are critical across all spatial tasks but implementations vary significantly by scale
- The intersection of GNN-based methods with agentic capabilities represents an emerging frontier

## 5 Agentic AI Components for Spatial Intelligence

This section examines how agentic capabilities enable spatial intelligence, organized around the core scientific question: *How do agents internally represent, reason about, and act within spatial environments?*

## 5.1 Memory Systems: How Do Agents Remember Spatial Information?

Memory enables agents to accumulate and retrieve experiential knowledge, forming the foundation for learning and adaptation [Tulving, 1972, Baddeley, 2003, Squire et al., 2004, Atkinson and Shiffrin, 1968, Cowan, 2008, Miller, 1956, Schacter et al., 2007, Eichenbaum, 2000, Baddeley, 2012, McClelland et al., 1995]. The central challenge is: *How can agents maintain persistent spatial knowledge across varying time horizons and scales?*

**Short-Term Memory.** In-context learning [Brown et al., 2020, Dong et al., 2022, Olsson et al., 2022, Akyurek et al., 2023, Dai et al., 2023a, Min et al., 2022, Xie et al., 2022, Wei et al., 2023, Chan et al., 2022] allows models to adapt to new tasks through examples in the prompt. This mechanism enables rapid adaptation without parameter updates, leveraging the attention mechanism to condition on provided demonstrations. Working memory mechanisms [Graves et al., 2014, Weston et al., 2015, Sukhbaatar et al., 2015, Kumar et al., 2016, Santoro et al., 2016, Graves et al., 2016, Munkhdalai and Yu, 2017] enable temporary information storage during reasoning, supporting multi-step computations that exceed single forward pass capabilities.

**Long-Term Memory.** Retrieval-augmented generation [Lewis et al., 2020, Packer et al., 2023, Guu et al., 2020, Borgeaud et al., 2022, Asai et al., 2023, Trivedi et al., 2023, Izacard et al., 2023, Shi et al., 2023, Ram et al., 2023, Khandelwal et al., 2020] enables knowledge persistence beyond context limits. MemGPT [Packer et al., 2023] introduces hierarchical memory management for extended conversations. AMEM [Xu et al., 2025] provides agentic memory for LLMs. MemEvolve [Zhang et al., 2025a] enables meta-evolution of agent memory. Vector databases [Johnson et al., 2019, Malkov and Yashunin, 2018, Douze et al., 2024, Wang et al., 2021, Pinecone, 2023, Jegou et al., 2011, Ge et al., 2014, Guo et al., 2020] provide efficient similarity search for memory retrieval, enabling agents to access relevant past experiences.

**Episodic Memory.** Episodic memory stores specific experiences and events, enabling agents to learn from past interactions [Blundell et al., 2016, Pritzel et al., 2017, Banino et al., 2018, Ritter et al., 2018, Fortunato et al., 2019, Botvinick et al., 2019, Gershman and Daw, 2017]. This type of memory is critical for spatial agents that must remember visited locations, encountered objects, and successful action sequences [Savinov et al., 2018, Chaplot et al., 2020c, Fang et al., 2019, Ramakrishnan et al., 2022, Ye et al., 2021, Chen et al., 2022f].

**Spatial Memory.** Specialized memory for spatial information includes cognitive maps [Tolman, 1948, O’Keefe and Nadel, 1978, Moser et al., 2008, Hafting et al., 2005], topological representations [Kuipers, 2000, Choset and Nagatani, 2001, Thrun, 1998, Kuipers and Byun, 1991], and metric maps [Thrun et al., 2005, Durrant-Whyte and Bailey, 2006, Cadena et al., 2016, Mur-Artal et al., 2015, Mur-Artal and Tardós, 2017, Campos et al., 2021, Engel et al., 2017, 2014]. Neural approaches to spatial memory include Neural SLAM [Chaplot et al., 2020c,d,b, 2021], semantic maps [Huang et al., 2023a, Henriques and Vedaldi, 2018, Shah et al., 2023b,a, Huang et al., 2023c, Chen et al., 2023a], and scene graphs [Armeni et al., 2019, Rosinol et al., 2020, Hughes et al., 2022, Gu et al., 2024, Wu et al., 2021, Wald et al., 2020, Kim et al., 2019].

**Spatial Failure Modes.** Language-only agents fail at spatial tasks because they lack grounded spatial representations. Key failure modes include: (1) *spatial hallucination*, where agents describe impossible spatial configurations; (2) *reference frame confusion*, where agents conflate egocentric and allocentric coordinates; (3) *scale insensitivity*, where agents fail to distinguish micro, meso, and macro-scale reasoning; and (4) *temporal drift*, where spatial memory degrades over long horizons without explicit persistence mechanisms.

## 5.2 Planning Systems: How Do Agents Plan Over Spatial Horizons?

Planning decomposes goals into executable action sequences, enabling complex task completion [Russell and Norvig, 2010, Ghallab et al., 2004, LaValle, 2006, Fikes and Nilsson, 1971, Sacerdoti, 1974, Nau et al., 2003, Bylander, 1994, Geffner and Bonet, 2013, Kautz and Selman, 1992, Helmert, 2006]. The central challenge is: *How can agents decompose spatial goals into feasible action sequences while accounting for geometric constraints?*

**Chain-of-Thought Reasoning.** Step-by-step reasoning [Wei et al., 2022, Kojima et al., 2022, Wang et al., 2022, Zhou et al., 2023a, Fu et al., 2023, Chen et al., 2023d, Zhang et al., 2023, Khot et al., 2023, Diao et al., 2023] enables systematic problem decomposition. Self-consistency [Wang et al., 2022] improves reliability through multiple reasoning paths. Zero-shot chain-of-thought [Kojima et al., 2022] enables reasoning without demonstrations.

**Tree-Based Search.** Tree of Thoughts [Yao et al., 2023a, Long, 2023, Xie et al., 2023, Hulbert et al., 2024] explores multiple solution branches through deliberate search. Graph of Thoughts [Besta et al., 2023, Lei et al., 2023, Yao et al., 2024] enables more complex reasoning structures with arbitrary connections. RAP [Hao et al., 2023, Shridhar et al., 2020b, Zhao et al., 2024, Liu et al., 2024e] combines reasoning with acting in a planning framework. Monte Carlo Tree Search variants [Silver et al., 2016, Schrittwieser et al., 2020, Browne et al., 2012, Anthony et al., 2017, Silver et al., 2017, 2018, Vinyals et al., 2019, Kocsis and Szepesvári, 2006] provide principled exploration with theoretical guarantees.

**Hierarchical Planning.** LLM-Planner [Song et al., 2023] enables few-shot grounded planning for embodied agents. Inner Monologue [Huang et al., 2022a] provides feedback-driven planning through internal dialogue. HiPlan [Li et al., 2025b] introduces hierarchical planning with LLMs. Hierarchical RL approaches [Nachum et al., 2018, Vezhnevets et al., 2017, Bacon et al., 2017, Pertsch et al., 2021, Kulkarni et al., 2016, Gupta et al., 2019, Levy et al., 2019, Li et al., 2020, Zhang et al., 2021b, Sutton et al., 1999] decompose tasks into subtasks with temporal abstraction.

**Task and Motion Planning.** TAMP [Garrett et al., 2021, Kaelbling and Lozano-Pérez, 2011, Toussaint, 2015, Dantam et al., 2016, Srivastava et al., 2014, Garrett et al., 2020, Driess et al., 2020] integrates symbolic planning with continuous motion planning for robotic applications. This approach combines the expressiveness of symbolic reasoning with the precision of geometric planning.

**LLM-Based Planning.** Recent work leverages LLMs directly for planning [Huang et al., 2022b, Valmeekam et al., 2023a, Song et al., 2023, Silver et al., 2024, Liu et al., 2023a, Kambhampati et al., 2024, Valmeekam et al., 2023b]. SayCan [Ahn et al., 2022] grounds language models in affordances. Code as Policies [Liang et al., 2023b] generates executable robot code. ProgPrompt [Singh et al., 2023] uses programmatic prompting for task planning.

**Spatial Planning Failure Modes.** LLM-based planners fail when: (1) *geometric constraints are violated*, producing plans that ignore collision or reachability; (2) *action preconditions are unmet*, sequencing actions without verifying feasibility; (3) *long-horizon credit assignment fails*, losing track of subgoal dependencies; and (4) *dynamic replanning is absent*, failing to adapt when execution diverges from expectations.

### 5.3 Tool Use and Action: How Do Agents Ground Language in Geometry?

Tool use extends agent capabilities through external interfaces and physical actions [Osiurak and Badets, 2016, Vaesen, 2012, Beck et al., 2011, Shumaker et al., 2011, Seed and Byrne, 2010, Tomasello, 1999]. The central challenge is: *How can language-based reasoning be translated into precise geometric actions?*

**API Integration.** Toolformer [Schick et al., 2023, Parisi et al., 2022, Mialon et al., 2023, Nakano et al., 2021] enables self-supervised tool learning. Gorilla [Patil et al., 2023, Li et al., 2023d, Tang et al., 2023] specializes in API calling with retrieval augmentation. ToolLLM [Qin et al., 2024a, Hao et al., 2024, Qin et al., 2024b, Xu et al., 2023d] provides comprehensive tool use benchmarks. TaskMatrix [Liang et al., 2023c, Lu et al., 2023, Yang et al., 2023b] connects foundation models with millions of APIs. TALM [Parisi et al., 2022] augments language models with tool use. Additional tool-use frameworks include HuggingGPT [Shen et al., 2023b], ViperGPT [Surís et al., 2023], Visual ChatGPT [Wu et al., 2023a], and MM-REACT [Yang et al., 2023b].

**Code Generation.** PAL [Gao et al., 2023, Wang et al., 2024a] uses code for reasoning. Code as Policies [Liang et al., 2023b] generates executable robot code from language. Codex [Chen et al., 2021a], StarCoder [Li et al., 2023e], CodeLlama [Roziere et al., 2023], DeepSeek-Coder [Guo et al., 2024a], and WizardCoder [Luo et al., 2023] provide code generation capabilities. ProgPrompt [Singh et al., 2023] uses programmatic prompting for robotics. Self-debugging [Chen et al., 2023g, Olausson et al., 2023] improves code quality through iterative refinement.

**ReAct Architecture.** ReAct [Yao et al., 2023b,c, Liu et al., 2023d] interleaves reasoning with action execution, enabling agents to think before acting. Reflexion [Shinn et al., 2023b,a, Kim et al., 2023] adds self-reflection for improvement through verbal reinforcement. These architectures form the foundation for many spatial agents.

**Physical Action.** For embodied agents, tool use extends to physical manipulation [Zeng et al., 2021, Brohan et al., 2022, 2023, Shridhar et al., 2022, 2023]. Action primitives [Dalal et al., 2021, Nasiriany et al., 2022, Mandekar et al., 2021] provide reusable building blocks. Skill libraries [Wang et al., 2023a, Lynch et al., 2020, Pertsch et al., 2021, Singh et al., 2021, Xu et al., 2023a] enable compositional action.

#### Key Takeaways: Agentic Components

- Memory systems must be explicitly spatial: cognitive maps, semantic maps, and scene graphs outperform generic retrieval for spatial tasks
- Hierarchical planning with geometric grounding addresses the gap between high-level language goals and low-level motor commands
- Tool use bridges language and action through code generation, API calls, and learned action primitives
- Key failure modes stem from lack of spatial grounding: hallucination, reference frame confusion, and geometric constraint violation

## 6 Spatial Intelligence Domains

This section examines the four primary spatial task domains, organized around the question: *What spatial capabilities must agents possess to operate in the physical world?*

### 6.1 Navigation: How Do Agents Move Through Space?

Navigation requires agents to perceive environments, plan paths, and execute locomotion toward goals [Bonin-Font et al., 2008, DeSouza and Kak, 2002, Thrun, 2002, Siegwart et al., 2011, Choset et al., 2005, Cadena et al., 2016, Engel et al., 2017, Fuentes-Pacheco et al., 2015, Durrant-Whyte and Bailey, 2006, Konolige et al., 2008].

**Vision-Language Navigation.** VLN tasks require agents to follow natural language instructions in visual environments [Anderson et al., 2018c, Qi et al., 2020, Krantz et al., 2020, Fried et al., 2018, Chen et al., 2022h, Shah et al., 2023b, Hong et al., 2020, Chen et al., 2021c, An et al., 2023, Wang et al., 2019b, Ma et al., 2019a, Tan et al., 2019, Zhu et al., 2020, Hong et al., 2021, Qiao et al., 2022, Chen et al., 2022g, Guhur et al., 2021]. R2R [Anderson et al., 2018c] introduced the paradigm. REVERIE [Qi et al., 2020] adds object grounding. VLN-CE [Krantz et al., 2020] extends to continuous environments.

**Object-Goal Navigation.** ObjectNav requires navigating to object categories [Batra et al., 2020, Chaplot et al., 2020a, Majumdar et al., 2022, Gadre et al., 2022, 2023, Dorbala et al., 2022, Ramakrishnan et al., 2022, Ye et al., 2021, Khandelwal et al., 2022, Yokoyama et al., 2024]. ZSON [Majumdar et al., 2022] enables zero-shot navigation. CLIP-Nav [Dorbala et al., 2022] leverages vision-language models. CoW [Gadre et al., 2022] uses CLIP on wheels for semantic navigation.

**Audio-Visual Navigation.** Audio cues guide navigation in SoundSpaces [Chen et al., 2020, 2022d, Gan et al., 2020, Chen et al., 2021b, Majumder et al., 2022, Chen et al., 2022c]. This modality is critical for finding sound-emitting targets.

**Embodied Question Answering.** EQA requires navigation to answer questions [Das et al., 2018b, Gordon et al., 2018, Wijmans et al., 2019, Yu et al., 2019, Das et al., 2018a, Gordon et al., 2019]. 3D-QA [Azuma et al., 2022, Ma et al., 2022a, Hong et al., 2023b, Chen et al., 2024g, Zhu et al., 2023b, Huang et al., 2024b] extends to 3D scene understanding.

### 6.2 Scene Understanding: How Do Agents Perceive 3D Structure?

Scene understanding encompasses perceiving 3D geometry [Hartley and Zisserman, 2003, Szeliski, 2022, Forsyth and Ponce, 2011, Marr, 1982, Prince, 2012, Faugeras, 1993], recognizing objects [Krizhevsky et al., 2012, He et al., 2016, Simonyan and Zisserman, 2015, Szegedy et al., 2015, Huang et al., 2017, Tan and Le, 2019], and reasoning about spatial relationships [Johnson et al., 2015, Krishna et al., 2017, Lu et al., 2016, Xu et al., 2017, Zellers et al., 2019].

**Neural Scene Representations.** NeRF [Mildenhall et al., 2020, Barron et al., 2022, Müller et al., 2022, Park et al., 2019, Mescheder et al., 2019, Barron et al., 2023, Martin-Brualla et al., 2021, Tancik et al., 2022, Chen et al., 2022a, Fridovich-Keil et al., 2022] revolutionized 3D reconstruction. Mip-NeRF [Barron et al., 2022] handles multi-scale rendering. 3D Gaussian Splatting [Kerbl et al., 2023, Luiten et al., 2023, Fan et al., 2024, Yu et al., 2024, Huang et al., 2024a] enables real-time rendering. Integration with SLAM



[Sucar et al., 2021, Zhu et al., 2022, Keetha et al., 2024, Bird et al., 2025, Teed and Deng, 2021, Teed et al., 2024, Mur-Artal and Tardós, 2017, Campos et al., 2021] enables online reconstruction.

**Point Cloud Processing.** Point cloud methods [Qi et al., 2017a,b, Wang et al., 2019c, Thomas et al., 2019, Zhao et al., 2021, Wu et al., 2019a, Liu et al., 2019, Ma et al., 2022b] process raw 3D data. Point-BERT [Yu et al., 2022b], Point-MAE [Pang et al., 2022], PointGPT [Chen et al., 2024b], Point-Bind [Guo et al., 2023], and Uni3D [Zhou et al., 2024] introduce self-supervised pretraining. 3D object detection [Shi et al., 2019, Qi et al., 2019, Shi et al., 2020, Chen et al., 2023h, Lang et al., 2019, Yin et al., 2021, Fan et al., 2022, Zhou and Tuzel, 2018] enables scene parsing.

**Depth Estimation.** Monocular depth estimation [Godard et al., 2019, Ranftl et al., 2021, 2020, Yang et al., 2024c, Fu et al., 2024b, Bhat et al., 2021, Li et al., 2022, Yuan et al., 2022, Eigen et al., 2014] provides geometric understanding from single images. Depth Anything [Yang et al., 2024c] achieves strong zero-shot transfer. Metric3D [Yin et al., 2023] recovers metric depth.

**Semantic Segmentation.** Semantic segmentation [Long et al., 2015, Chen et al., 2017, Kirillov et al., 2023, Peng et al., 2023a, Chen et al., 2023b, Xie et al., 2021, Cheng et al., 2022, Jain et al., 2023] enables scene parsing. SAM [Kirillov et al., 2023] provides promptable segmentation. Open-vocabulary methods [Ghiasi et al., 2022, Liang et al., 2023a, Chen et al., 2023a, Ding et al., 2022, Xu et al., 2023b, Zhou et al., 2022] enable zero-shot recognition.

### 6.3 Manipulation: How Do Agents Interact with Objects?

Manipulation requires understanding object affordances [Gibson, 1979, Do et al., 2018, Nagarajan et al., 2019, Fang et al., 2018, Zhu et al., 2015, Myers et al., 2015], planning contact-rich interactions [Chitnis et al., 2020, Kroemer et al., 2021], and executing precise motor commands [Argall et al., 2009, Billard et al., 2008, Ravichandar et al., 2020].

**Vision-Language-Action Models.** VLA models [Brohan et al., 2022, 2023, Team et al., 2024, Kim et al., 2024, Black et al., 2024, Driess et al., 2023, Collaboration, 2023, Zitkovich et al., 2023, Padalkar et al., 2023] directly map visual observations and language instructions to actions. RT-1 [Brohan et al., 2022] introduced large-scale robot learning. RT-2 [Brohan et al., 2023] demonstrated web-scale pretraining transfer. RT-X [Collaboration, 2023] enables cross-embodiment learning. Octo [Team et al., 2024] provides an open generalist policy. OpenVLA [Kim et al., 2024] offers open-source VLA.  $\pi_0$  [Black et al., 2024] introduces flow matching for robot learning. RoboCat [Bousmalis et al., 2023] demonstrates self-improvement.

**Imitation Learning.** Behavior cloning [Pomerleau, 1988, Chi et al., 2023, Zhao et al., 2023b, Chi et al., 2024, Florence et al., 2022, Mandlekar et al., 2021, 2022] learns from demonstrations. Diffusion Policy [Chi et al., 2023] applies diffusion models to action generation. ACT [Zhao et al., 2023b] uses action chunking with transformers. Learning from play [Lynch et al., 2020] enables unstructured learning.

**Reinforcement Learning.** RL for manipulation [Kalashnikov et al., 2018, Levine et al., 2018, Haarnoja et al., 2018, Schulman et al., 2017, Fujimoto et al., 2018, Lillicrap et al., 2016, Mnih et al., 2015, 2016] enables learning from interaction. QT-Opt [Kalashnikov et al., 2018] scales to real-world grasping. SAC [Haarnoja et al., 2018] provides sample-efficient learning.

**Simulation Environments.** Simulation platforms [James et al., 2020, Yu et al., 2020, Makovychuk et al., 2021, Savva et al., 2019, Kolve et al., 2017, Gu et al., 2023, Deitke et al., 2023, Xiang et al., 2020, Mu et al., 2021, Ehsani et al., 2021, Szot et al., 2021, Li et al., 2021, Shen et al., 2021] provide training environments. RL Bench [James et al., 2020] offers diverse manipulation tasks. Meta-World [Yu et al., 2020] provides multi-task benchmarks. Isaac Gym [Makovychuk et al., 2021] enables GPU-accelerated simulation.

### 6.4 Geospatial Analysis: How Do Agents Reason at Planetary Scale?

Geospatial analysis requires processing satellite imagery [Zhu et al., 2017, Ma et al., 2019b, Yuan et al., 2020a, Zhang et al., 2016, Tuia et al., 2016, Camps-Valls et al., 2014], modeling urban dynamics [Bibri and Krogstie, 2017, Batty, 2013, Kitchin, 2014, Jiang et al., 2021], and reasoning about geographic relationships [Egenhofer and Franzosa, 1991, Cohn and Renz, 2008, Randell et al., 1992].

**Remote Sensing Foundation Models.** Prithvi [Jakubik et al., 2024] provides geospatial foundation models trained on Harmonized Landsat Sentinel-2 data. SatMAE [Cong et al., 2022] introduces masked

autoencoders for satellite imagery. Satlas [Bastani et al., 2023a] enables large-scale geospatial understanding. GeoAI [Janowicz et al., 2020, Mai et al., 2023] surveys the field. CROMA [Fuller et al., 2024] and microestimates [Chi et al., 2022] advance remote sensing analysis.

**Spatio-Temporal Graph Neural Networks.** STGNNs model complex urban dynamics through graph-structured representations [Jin et al., 2023, Atluri et al., 2018, Wang et al., 2020, Jiang and Luo, 2022, Balachandar et al., 2025]. The general formulation combines spatial and temporal operators:

$$\mathbf{H}^{(l+1)} = \sigma \left( \mathbf{A} \mathbf{H}^{(l)} \mathbf{W}^{(l)} + \text{TemporalConv}(\mathbf{H}^{(l)}) \right) \quad (1)$$

DCRNN [Li et al., 2018] models traffic as diffusion on graphs:

$$\mathbf{H}^{(l)} = \sum_{k=0}^K (\mathbf{P}_f^k \mathbf{X} \mathbf{W}_{k,1} + \mathbf{P}_b^k \mathbf{X} \mathbf{W}_{k,2}) \quad (2)$$

where  $\mathbf{P}_f$  and  $\mathbf{P}_b$  are forward and backward transition matrices.

STGCN [Yu et al., 2018] combines graph and temporal convolutions through a sandwiched structure. Graph WaveNet [Wu et al., 2019b] learns adaptive graph structures without predefined adjacency:

$$\tilde{\mathbf{A}} = \text{SoftMax} \left( \text{ReLU} \left( \mathbf{E}_1 \mathbf{E}_2^T \right) \right) \quad (3)$$

where  $\mathbf{E}_1, \mathbf{E}_2$  are learnable node embeddings.

AGCRN [Bai et al., 2020, Song et al., 2020] introduces node-specific patterns through adaptive modules. ASTGCN [Guo et al., 2019, 2021] adds spatial and temporal attention mechanisms. GMAN [Zheng et al., 2020, Park et al., 2020] uses graph multi-attention with transform attention for long-range dependencies. STGRAT [Choi et al., 2022] advances the field.

**Urban Computing.** Urban computing [Zheng et al., 2014, Yuan et al., 2020b, Zheng, 2015] applies AI to city-scale challenges. ST-LLM [Liu et al., 2024a] and UniST [Yuan et al., 2024] integrate language models with spatio-temporal reasoning. Traffic prediction [Li et al., 2018, Yu et al., 2018, Wu et al., 2019b] and demand forecasting [Geng et al., 2019, Yao et al., 2018, Zhang et al., 2017] represent key applications.

#### Key Takeaways: Spatial Domains

- Navigation has progressed from point-goal to language-guided and zero-shot paradigms through vision-language integration
- Scene understanding benefits from neural implicit representations (NeRF, 3DGS) combined with semantic grounding
- Manipulation is being transformed by VLA models that transfer web-scale knowledge to robotic control
- Geospatial analysis increasingly leverages foundation models and GNNs for planetary-scale reasoning

## 7 Enabling Technologies

### 7.1 Graph Neural Networks for Spatial Reasoning

GNNs provide inductive biases well-suited to spatial reasoning through message passing on graph structures [Kipf and Welling, 2017, Veličković et al., 2018b, Xu et al., 2019, Hamilton et al., 2017, Wu et al., 2020b,a, Zhou et al., 2020, Zhang et al., 2020, Li et al., 2016, Defferrard et al., 2016, Bruna et al., 2014].

**Message Passing Framework.** The general GNN formulation follows the message passing paradigm [Gilmer et al., 2017, Scarselli et al., 2009, Battaglia et al., 2018, Xu et al., 2018, Morris et al., 2019]:

$$\mathbf{m}_v^{(l)} = \text{AGGREGATE}^{(l)} \left( \left\{ \mathbf{h}_u^{(l-1)} : u \in \mathcal{N}(v) \right\} \right) \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{h}_v^{(l)} = \text{UPDATE}^{(l)} \left( \mathbf{h}_v^{(l-1)}, \mathbf{m}_v^{(l)} \right) \quad (5)$$

where  $\mathcal{N}(v)$  denotes the neighbors of node  $v$ , and AGGREGATE and UPDATE are learnable functions.

**GNN-LLM Integration.** Emerging work combines GNNs with LLMs for structured spatial reasoning [Chen et al., 2024f, Tang et al., 2024, Fatemi et al., 2023, 2024, Gowda et al., 2025, Ye et al., 2024, Zhao et al., 2023a, Huang et al., 2024c]. This integration enables leveraging both the relational reasoning of GNNs and the semantic understanding of LLMs. Graph instruction tuning [Zhang et al., 2024b] further enhances this capability. LLaGA [Chen et al., 2024f] provides language-graph alignment. GraphGPT [Tang et al., 2024] enables graph reasoning through language models.

**Geometric Deep Learning.** Geometric deep learning [Bronstein et al., 2021] provides theoretical foundations for spatial reasoning on non-Euclidean domains. Equivariant networks [Cohen and Welling, 2016, Fuchs et al., 2020, Satorras et al., 2021, Weiler and Cesa, 2019, Thomas et al., 2018, Kondor et al., 2018] respect spatial symmetries through:

$$f(T_g \cdot x) = T_g \cdot f(x) \quad (6)$$

where  $T_g$  is a group transformation. Graph transformers [Ying et al., 2021, Dwivedi et al., 2023, Rampásek et al., 2022, Kreuzer et al., 2021, Chen et al., 2022e] combine attention with graph structure. E3NN [Batzner et al., 2022], geometric message passing [Brandstetter et al., 2022], and SchNet [Schütt et al., 2017] advance equivariant architectures.

## 7.2 World Models

World models learn predictive representations enabling planning through imagination [LeCun, 2022, Schmidhuber, 2015, Matsuo et al., 2022, LeCun, 2024b,a, Moerland et al., 2023, Sutton, 1991, Deisenroth and Rasmussen, 2011].

**Latent Dynamics Models.** World models learn a latent dynamics model that predicts future states:

$$\text{Encoder: } \mathbf{z}_t = q_\phi(\mathbf{z}_t | \mathbf{o}_{\leq t}, \mathbf{a}_{< t}) \quad (7)$$

$$\text{Dynamics: } \hat{\mathbf{z}}_{t+1} = p_\theta(\hat{\mathbf{z}}_{t+1} | \mathbf{z}_t, \mathbf{a}_t) \quad (8)$$

$$\text{Decoder: } \hat{\mathbf{o}}_t = p_\psi(\hat{\mathbf{o}}_t | \mathbf{z}_t) \quad (9)$$

**Model-Based Reinforcement Learning.** Dreamer [Hafner et al., 2020, 2019b] introduced latent imagination for sample-efficient learning through recurrent state-space models. DreamerV2 [Hafner et al., 2021] achieved human-level Atari performance with discrete latent states. DreamerV3 [Hafner et al., 2023] demonstrated cross-domain mastery with a single algorithm through symlog predictions. DayDreamer [Wu et al., 2023b] transferred world models to real robots with minimal real-world data. PlaNet [Hafner et al., 2019a,b] pioneered latent dynamics learning. MuZero [Schrittwieser et al., 2020] combined learned models with MCTS for game playing. Additional approaches include MBPO [Janner et al., 2019, Chua et al., 2018], World Models [Ha and Schmidhuber, 2018], TD-MPC [Hansen et al., 2022, 2024], and IRIS [Micheli et al., 2023].

**Video World Models.** Genie [Bruce et al., 2024b] learns controllable world models from internet videos enabling interactive environments. WorldDreamer [Yang et al., 2024d] generates driving world models for autonomous vehicles. GAIA-1 [Hu et al., 2023a] produces realistic driving videos conditioned on actions and text. Sora [OpenAI, 2024] demonstrates video generation as world simulation at scale. Video prediction models [Yang et al., 2024a, Baker et al., 2022, Wu et al., 2024, Yan et al., 2021, Wu et al., 2022] provide foundations for world understanding.

**LLM-Based World Models.** LLMs can serve as world models for planning [Hao et al., 2023, Huang et al., 2022b], predicting state transitions without explicit environment models. This approach leverages the vast knowledge encoded in LLMs to simulate world dynamics. RAP [Hao et al., 2023] combines reasoning with acting through world model rollouts. TransDreamer [Chen et al., 2022b], UniSim [Yang et al., 2023a], and Genie 2 [Bruce et al., 2024a] advance world modeling.

## 7.3 Multimodal Foundation Models

Multimodal models integrate vision, language, and action understanding [Baltrušaitis et al., 2019, Xu et al., 2023c, Liang et al., 2024, Ngiam et al., 2011, Srivastava and Salakhutdinov, 2012, Ramachandram and Taylor, 2017].

**Vision-Language Models.** CLIP [Radford et al., 2021] enabled zero-shot visual recognition through contrastive pretraining on web-scale data. BLIP-2 [Li et al., 2023c] introduced efficient vision-language pretraining with frozen encoders. LLaVA [Liu et al., 2023c, 2024c] demonstrated visual instruction tuning with strong performance. GPT-4V [OpenAI, 2023, Zheng et al., 2024, Yan et al., 2023] achieved strong multimodal reasoning. Gemini [Team and Google, 2023] provides native multimodal capabilities. Flamingo [Alayrac et al., 2022] enables few-shot visual learning through interleaved attention. PaLI [Chen et al., 2023e,f] scales vision-language models. Kosmos-2 [Peng et al., 2023b] adds grounding capabilities. Qwen-VL [Bai et al., 2023] provides open multilingual VLMs. Additional models include InstructBLIP [Dai et al., 2023b], CogVLM [Wang et al., 2023b], InternVL [Chen et al., 2024k], and Ferret [You et al., 2023, Zhang et al., 2024a].

**Spatial Vision-Language Models.** SpatialVLM [Chen et al., 2024a, Yang et al., 2024b] specializes in spatial reasoning with fine-grained understanding. SpatialRGPT [Cheng et al., 2024] provides regional spatial reasoning. VoxPoser [Huang et al., 2023b] extracts affordances from VLMs into 3D representations. VLMs [Huang et al., 2023a] creates semantic spatial maps for navigation. These models bridge vision-language understanding with spatial reasoning.

**3D Vision-Language Models.** 3D-LLM [Hong et al., 2023b, Chen et al., 2024g, Zhu et al., 2023b] enables language understanding of 3D scenes. Open3D-VQA [Zhang et al., 2025b] provides open-vocabulary 3D visual question answering. LLM-Grounder [Yang et al., 2024b] grounds language in 3D environments.

#### Key Takeaways: Enabling Technologies

- GNN-LLM integration represents a paradigm shift, combining relational reasoning with semantic understanding
- World models enable sample-efficient learning and safe planning through imagination
- Spatial VLMs (SpatialVLM, VLMs, VoxPoser) bridge the gap between vision-language understanding and spatial action
- Equivariant architectures provide principled approaches to geometric reasoning

## 8 Industry Applications as Design Patterns

Rather than cataloging company capabilities, we abstract industry deployments into reusable design patterns for spatial AI systems.

### 8.1 Design Pattern 1: Human-in-the-Loop Spatial Reasoning

This pattern combines AI spatial analysis with human expert validation [Amershi et al., 2019, Shneiderman, 2022, Wang et al., 2019a, Green and Chen, 2019, Fails and Olsen Jr, 2003, Stumpf et al., 2009, Holzinger, 2016, Dudley and Kristensson, 2018, Zanzotto, 2019], exemplified by:

**Geospatial Intelligence.** Palantir [Palantir, 2023, Palantir Technologies, 2024] integrates AI with human analysts for defense and commercial applications. The Gotham platform enables intelligence analysis with spatial reasoning while maintaining human oversight for critical decisions.

**GIS Workflows.** ESRI [ESRI, 2023, 2024b,a] provides ArcGIS with integrated GeoAI capabilities where AI assists human planners in urban planning, environmental monitoring, and disaster response. The pattern: AI proposes, human validates, system learns from corrections.

### 8.2 Design Pattern 2: Weakly Supervised Planetary-Scale Learning

This pattern leverages massive unlabeled data with minimal supervision for global-scale models [Ratner et al., 2017, Zhang and Yang, 2022, Zhou, 2018, Chapelle et al., 2009, Zhu, 2005, Oliver et al., 2018, Lee, 2013, Tarvainen and Valpola, 2017]:

**Satellite Foundation Models.** NASA-IBM Prithvi [Jakubik et al., 2024] trains on Harmonized Landsat Sentinel-2 data using self-supervised learning. Planet Labs [Planet Labs PBC, 2023, 2024] operates the largest Earth-imaging constellation, enabling daily global monitoring. Maxar provides high-resolution imagery for

defense applications. The pattern: self-supervised pretraining on petabyte-scale imagery, fine-tuning for specific tasks.

**Mapping at Scale.** Google [Google, 2023, 2024b,a] deploys AI for global-scale mapping through Google Earth Engine and Maps AI. The pattern: leverage user interactions and multi-source data for continuous model improvement.

### 8.3 Design Pattern 3: Agent-Assisted Spatial Workflows

This pattern deploys AI agents to augment human spatial reasoning [Shneiderman, 2020, Horvitz, 1999, Amershi et al., 2014, Abdul et al., 2018, Gillies et al., 2016, Yang et al., 2020b]:

**Autonomous GIS.** AutonomousGIS [Li et al., 2025a] and GeoGPT [Bai et al., 2024] integrate agentic capabilities with geospatial analysis. The pattern: LLM-based agents that can query spatial databases, generate maps, and answer geographic questions.

**Location Intelligence.** Foursquare [Foursquare, 2023, 2024] and Carto [CARTO, 2023, 2024] provide location-based services with AI-powered analytics. Wherobots [Wherobots, 2023, 2024] offers cloud-native spatial analytics. The pattern: spatial data infrastructure with AI-powered query and analysis.

### 8.4 Design Pattern 4: Embodied AI at Scale

This pattern deploys learned spatial policies in physical systems [Kober et al., 2013, Levine et al., 2016, Ibarz et al., 2021, Kalashnikov et al., 2021, Julian et al., 2020, Akkaya et al., 2019, Levine et al., 2018, Tobin et al., 2017]:

**Autonomous Vehicles.** Waymo [Waymo, 2023, 2024,?] has deployed autonomous vehicles at scale with millions of miles driven. EMMA [Waymo, 2024] provides end-to-end multimodal models for driving. Tesla [Tesla, 2023, 2024] pursues vision-only autonomy. The pattern: massive simulation, careful real-world deployment, continuous learning from fleet data.

**Robot Learning Platforms.** Open X-Embodiment [Collaboration, 2023] provides large-scale robot data from Google DeepMind and collaborating institutions. Bridge Data [Walke et al., 2023, 2024] enables cross-domain transfer. The pattern: diverse data collection, foundation model training, transfer to specific embodiments.

#### Key Takeaways: Industry Patterns

- Human-in-the-loop patterns dominate safety-critical applications (defense, urban planning)
- Weakly supervised learning enables planetary-scale models without exhaustive labeling
- Agent-assisted workflows augment rather than replace human spatial reasoning
- Embodied AI deployment requires massive simulation followed by careful real-world transfer

## 9 Evaluation Framework and Benchmark Analysis

### 9.1 Existing Benchmarks

Table 3 summarizes key benchmarks organized by our taxonomy.

### 9.2 Evaluation Metrics

We propose standardized metrics across domains with formal definitions [Powers, 2011, Sokolova and Lapalme, 2009, Hossin and Sulaiman, 2015, Deng and Yu, 2014, Hand and Till, 2001, Manning et al., 2008, Japkowicz and Shah, 2011, Ferri et al., 2009]:

**Navigation Metrics.** Success Rate (SR) measures task completion. Success weighted by Path Length (SPL) [Anderson et al., 2018b] accounts for path efficiency:

$$\text{SPL} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N S_i \cdot \frac{\ell_i}{\max(\ell_i, p_i)} \quad (10)$$

Table 3: Spatial AI Benchmarks Organized by Taxonomy

Benchmark	Spatial Task	Scale	Environment	Primary Metric	Agentic Capability
R2R [Anderson et al., 2018c]	Navigation	Meso	Simulated	SPL, SR	Memory + Planning
REVERIE [Qi et al., 2020]	Navigation	Meso	Simulated	SPL, RGS	Memory + Planning
Habitat [Savva et al., 2019]	Navigation	Meso	Simulated	SPL	Planning
AI2-THOR [Kolve et al., 2017]	Navigation + Manipulation	Meso	Simulated	SR	Planning + Tool Use
RLBench [James et al., 2020]	Manipulation	Micro	Simulated	SR	Tool Use
Meta-World [Yu et al., 2020]	Manipulation	Micro	Simulated	SR	Tool Use
nuScenes [Caesar et al., 2020]	Scene Understanding	Meso-Macro	Real	mAP, NDS	Memory
KITTI [Geiger et al., 2012]	Scene Understanding	Meso	Real	mAP	Memory
ScanNet [Dai et al., 2017]	Scene Understanding	Meso	Real	mIoU	Memory
AgentBench [Liu et al., 2023d]	General	-	Mixed	SR	All
WebArena [Zhou et al., 2023b]	Web	-	Simulated	SR	Planning + Tool Use
SWE-Bench [Jimenez et al., 2024]	Code	-	Real	Pass@k	Planning + Tool Use
EmbodiedBench [Yang et al., 2025]	Embodied	Meso	Simulated	SR	All
SafeAgentBench [Yin et al., 2025]	Safety	-	Simulated	Safety Rate	Planning

where  $S_i$  is the binary success indicator,  $\ell_i$  is the shortest path length, and  $p_i$  is the actual path length.

Normalized Dynamic Time Warping (nDTW) measures trajectory similarity:

$$\text{nDTW} = \exp\left(-\frac{\text{DTW}(P, R)}{\ell_R}\right) \quad (11)$$

where  $P$  is the predicted path,  $R$  is the reference path, and  $\ell_R$  is the reference path length.

**Manipulation Metrics.** Task Success Rate measures goal achievement. Goal Condition Satisfaction evaluates partial completion. Efficiency metrics include action count and time to completion.

**Reasoning Metrics.** Accuracy, F1 Score, and BLEU scores assess spatial reasoning and question answering.

**Safety Metrics.** Collision Rate, Safety Violation Rate, and Risk-Aware Success measure safe operation.

### 9.3 Critical Analysis: What Benchmarks Fail to Measure

While existing benchmarks have advanced the field [Raji et al., 2021, Liao et al., 2021, Ribeiro et al., 2020, Buolamwini and Gebru, 2018, Mitchell et al., 2019, Gebru et al., 2021, Denton et al., 2020, Bender et al., 2021], several fundamental limitations warrant critical examination:

**Simulation-Reality Gap.** Most benchmarks rely on simulated environments [Savva et al., 2019, Kolve et al., 2017, James et al., 2020, Chattopadhyay et al., 2021, Szot et al., 2021, Puig et al., 2018, Shridhar et al., 2020a], which differ from real-world conditions in visual appearance, physics, and dynamics. Policies trained in simulation often fail to transfer [Zhao et al., 2020, Tobin et al., 2017, Andrychowicz et al., 2020, OpenAI et al., 2019, Akkaya et al., 2019, Rusu et al., 2017], limiting practical applicability. *Gap: No benchmark systematically measures sim-to-real transfer degradation.*

**Metric Limitations.** Standard metrics like SPL assume optimal paths are known, which is unrealistic in novel environments. Success Rate ignores partial progress and efficiency. Current metrics do not capture important aspects such as safety, robustness to perturbations, and graceful degradation. *Gap: Metrics reward task completion but not safe, robust, or interpretable behavior.*

**Long-Horizon Evaluation.** Most benchmarks evaluate short episodes (tens to hundreds of steps). Real-world tasks require sustained performance over hours or days with memory persistence and error recovery. *Gap: No benchmark evaluates multi-day spatial tasks with persistent memory.*

**Safety-Critical Evaluation.** Benchmarks rarely evaluate failure modes, adversarial robustness, or behavior under distribution shift. Safety-critical applications require understanding of worst-case performance. *Gap: Safety evaluation remains ad-hoc rather than systematic.*

**Cross-Scale Evaluation.** Benchmarks typically operate at a single spatial scale. Real applications require reasoning across micro (grasping), meso (navigation), and macro (planning) scales simultaneously. *Gap: No benchmark evaluates cross-scale spatial reasoning.*

## 9.4 SpatialAgentBench: Proposed Unified Framework

Our proposed benchmark addresses these gaps with eight tasks designed to evaluate the full spectrum of spatial agent capabilities:

1. **VLN-Instruct**: Vision-language navigation with complex, multi-step instructions requiring spatial reasoning and landmark recognition.
2. **ObjectSearch**: Multi-room object search with semantic reasoning, requiring agents to leverage commonsense knowledge about object locations.
3. **SceneQA**: 3D scene question answering requiring understanding of spatial relationships, object properties, and scene semantics.
4. **ManipSeq**: Sequential manipulation planning with long-horizon tasks requiring tool use and state tracking.
5. **GeoReason**: Geospatial reasoning from satellite imagery including change detection, land use classification, and spatial pattern analysis.
6. **TrafficPredict**: Spatio-temporal traffic prediction requiring modeling of complex urban dynamics and graph-structured dependencies.
7. **SafeNav**: Navigation with safety constraints including obstacle avoidance, social navigation, and risk-aware planning.
8. **MultiAgent**: Coordinated multi-agent spatial tasks requiring communication, task allocation, and collaborative planning.

### Key Takeaways: Evaluation

- Existing benchmarks are fragmented across domains with incompatible metrics
- Critical gaps exist in sim-to-real transfer, long-horizon, safety-critical, and cross-scale evaluation
- SpatialAgentBench proposes unified evaluation across navigation, manipulation, scene understanding, and geospatial reasoning
- Standardized metrics (SPL, nDTW, safety rates) enable cross-domain comparison

## 10 Grand Challenges and Future Directions

We identify six grand challenges that represent fundamental bottlenecks for the field [Marcus, 2020, Chollet, 2019, Lake et al., 2017, Bengio et al., 2019, Bommasani et al., 2021, LeCun, 2022, Kaplan et al., 2020, Hoffmann et al., 2022, Sutton, 2019, Bengio et al., 2023, Mitchell, 2021]:

### 10.1 Grand Challenge 1: Unified Spatial Representation

*How can agents maintain a single, coherent spatial representation that supports reasoning across micro, meso, and macro scales?*

Current approaches use separate representations for different scales: point clouds for grasping [Rusu and Cousins, 2011, Fang et al., 2020, Mahler et al., 2017, Morrison et al., 2018, ten Pas et al., 2017, Lenz et al., 2015], topological maps for navigation [Thrun, 1998, Kuipers and Byun, 1991, Kuipers, 2000, Konolige et al., 2008], and raster imagery for geospatial analysis [Goodfellow et al., 2016, LeCun et al., 2015]. A unified representation would enable seamless reasoning across scales. Key research directions include:

- Hierarchical scene graphs that span from object parts to city infrastructure
- Neural implicit representations with multi-scale querying

- Foundation models for 3D understanding [Hong et al., 2023b, Fu et al., 2024a, Shen et al., 2023a, Oquab et al., 2024, 2023, Chen et al., 2023a, Zhou et al., 2024, Wu et al., 2015, Girdhar et al., 2023, Xu et al., 2024]

## 10.2 Grand Challenge 2: Grounded Long-Horizon Planning

*How can agents plan over extended horizons while maintaining geometric feasibility?*

LLMs can generate high-level plans but struggle with geometric constraints [Valmeekam et al., 2023b, Kambhampati et al., 2024, Huang et al., 2024d, Valmeekam et al., 2024, Stechly et al., 2024, Helmert, 2006]. TAMP systems handle geometry but lack semantic flexibility. Bridging this gap requires:

- Hybrid neuro-symbolic planners that combine LLM reasoning with geometric verification
- Hierarchical planning with learned abstractions [Song et al., 2023, Valmeekam et al., 2023a, Huang et al., 2022a, Li et al., 2025b, Silver et al., 2024, Liu et al., 2023a]
- World models that predict both semantic and geometric consequences

## 10.3 Grand Challenge 3: Safe Deployment Under Uncertainty

*How can spatial AI systems operate safely in safety-critical applications with guaranteed bounds on failure?*

Current systems lack formal safety guarantees [Seshia et al., 2022, Koopman and Wagner, 2019, Amodei et al., 2016a, Hendrycks et al., 2022, Ngo et al., 2022, Leike et al., 2018, Russell, 2019, Christiano et al., 2017]. Deployment in autonomous vehicles, medical robotics, and infrastructure requires:

- Uncertainty quantification for spatial predictions
- Out-of-distribution detection for novel environments
- Formal verification of spatial reasoning [Yin et al., 2025, Amodei et al., 2016b,a, Bai et al., 2022, Ouyang et al., 2022]
- Graceful degradation under adversarial conditions

## 10.4 Grand Challenge 4: Sim-to-Real Transfer

*How can policies learned in simulation transfer reliably to the physical world?*

The reality gap affects perception, dynamics, and control [Peng et al., 2018, Rusu et al., 2017, Sadeghi and Levine, 2017, Bousmalis et al., 2018, Ho et al., 2021, James et al., 2019]. Bridging requires:

- Photorealistic simulation with accurate physics [Zhao et al., 2020, Tobin et al., 2017, James et al., 2019, Matas et al., 2018, Muratore et al., 2022]
- Domain randomization and adaptation
- Real-world fine-tuning with minimal data
- Hybrid simulation-real training pipelines

## 10.5 Grand Challenge 5: Scalable Multi-Agent Coordination

*How can large numbers of spatial agents coordinate effectively with limited communication?*

Current multi-agent systems scale poorly [Stone and Veloso, 2000, Busoniu et al., 2008, Foerster et al., 2016, Lowe et al., 2017, Rashid et al., 2018, Sunehag et al., 2018, Son et al., 2019, Yu et al., 2022a, Hernandez-Leal et al., 2019]. Real applications (warehouse robotics, autonomous traffic) require:

- Emergent communication protocols for spatial coordination



- Decentralized planning with global consistency [Zhang et al., 2021a, Wu et al., 2023c, Hong et al., 2023a, Li et al., 2023b, Qian et al., 2023, Chen et al., 2024h, Talebirad and Nadiri, 2023, Park et al., 2023, Li et al., 2023a]
- Heterogeneous agent coordination
- Robust coordination under partial observability

## 10.6 Grand Challenge 6: Efficient Edge Deployment

*How can capable spatial AI systems run on resource-constrained platforms?*

Foundation models require significant compute. Edge deployment requires:

- Model compression without capability loss [Han et al., 2016, Howard et al., 2017, Dehghani et al., 2023, Hinton et al., 2015, Frankle and Carbin, 2019, Jacob et al., 2018, Sandler et al., 2018, Tan and Le, 2019, Gholami et al., 2022]
- Efficient architectures for spatial reasoning
- Hardware-software co-design for spatial AI
- Adaptive compute allocation based on task difficulty

### Grand Challenges Summary

1. **Unified Representation:** Single representation spanning micro to macro scales
2. **Grounded Planning:** Long-horizon planning with geometric feasibility
3. **Safe Deployment:** Formal safety guarantees for critical applications
4. **Sim-to-Real:** Reliable transfer from simulation to physical world
5. **Multi-Agent:** Scalable coordination with limited communication
6. **Edge Deployment:** Capable systems on resource-constrained platforms

## 11 Limitations

This survey, while comprehensive, has several limitations:

- Our paper selection process, though systematic, may have missed relevant works in adjacent fields or non-English publications.
- The proposed taxonomy, while unifying, is one of many possible categorizations and may not capture all nuances of the field.
- Our analysis is based on publicly available information and does not include proprietary details from industry labs.
- The field is rapidly evolving, and some recent works may not be fully represented.
- We focus primarily on English-language publications from major venues.
- The proposed SpatialAgentBench is conceptual and requires implementation and validation.
- Our analysis of industry applications relies on public information and may not reflect current capabilities.

## 12 Conclusion

This survey has provided a unified three-axis taxonomy connecting Agentic AI and Spatial Intelligence across spatial scales, synthesizing over 900 papers across foundational architectures, state-of-the-art methods, industry applications, and evaluation benchmarks. Our analysis reveals three key findings:

1. **Hierarchical memory systems** are critical for long-horizon spatial tasks, enabling agents to accumulate and retrieve spatial knowledge effectively. Advances in retrieval-augmented generation, episodic memory, and spatial memory representations provide foundations for persistent spatial understanding.
2. **GNN-LLM integration** is an emergent paradigm combining the relational reasoning of graph networks with the semantic understanding of language models. This integration enables structured spatial reasoning that leverages both geometric relationships and semantic knowledge.
3. **World models** are essential for safe deployment, enabling agents to predict consequences and plan in imagination before acting. Video world models, latent dynamics models, and LLM-based world models provide complementary approaches to predictive understanding.

We have identified six grand challenges that represent fundamental bottlenecks: unified spatial representation, grounded long-horizon planning, safe deployment under uncertainty, sim-to-real transfer, scalable multi-agent coordination, and efficient edge deployment [Russell and Norvig, 2010, 2021]. The convergence of vision-language-action models, graph neural networks, world models, and foundation models provides promising directions for addressing these challenges.

By establishing this foundational reference with a three-axis taxonomy and proposing SpatialAgentBench, we aim to accelerate progress toward capable, robust, and safe spatially-aware autonomous systems that can perceive, reason about, and act within the physical world [Wooldridge, 2009]. The intersection of agentic AI and spatial intelligence represents a critical frontier for artificial intelligence, with profound implications for autonomous vehicles, robotics, urban computing, and geospatial intelligence.

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