CaMa-Flood User/Developer Meeting 2024: Tentative Schedule

5-7 Friday

3-1	rriuay			
9:00-10:00	Icebreaker			
10:00-11:00	Opening			
		Dai Yamazaki	Institute of Industrial Science, The University of Tokyo	Recent advances and next challenges in global hydrodynamics modelling
11:00-11:55	Settion 1	Flood Risk Assessment [1]		
		Tobias CONRADT	Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research	Application of CaMa-Flood in the Danube River Basin
		Fang Zhao	East China Normal University	Analyzing the Impact of Precipitation Patterns on Historical Mega-Flood Events in the Yangtze River Basin
		Masahiro ABE	University of Michigan; Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism in Japan	Model Development to Assess Corporate Financial Flood Risks under Climate Change
11:55-12:00	Group Photo			
12:00-13:00	Lunch	At Foyer		
13:00-14:10	Session 2	Real-time Flood Impact Assessment		
		Kei Yoshimura	The University of Tokyo	Introduction of Today's Earth
		Fitsum Woldemeskel	Bureau of Meteorology	Implementation of CaMa-Flood for seamless hydrological prediction across Australia: progress and challenges
		Yuki Kita	Institute of Industrial Science, The University of Tokyo	Flood risk reduction effect of levee in a global riverine inundation model
		Menaka REVEL	Department of Civil Engineering, University of Waterloo/Institute of Industrial Science, The University of Tokyo	CaMa-DA: Global Data Assimilation Framework for CaMa-Flood
14:15-15:10	Session 3	Benchmark & Calibration		
		Xudong Zhou	Ningbo University	Benchmark System of Global River Models
		Dung Trung VU	Institute of Industrial Science, The University of Tokyo	Improving the performance of flow simulations in mega river deltas by upgrading bifurcation computational scheme in global hydrodynamic model CaMa-Flood
		Nans ADDOR	Fathom, UK	Benchmarking of routing models over the US
15:10-15:30	Poster Flush Talk			
15:30-15:50	Coffee Break			
15:50-16:45	Session 4	Earth System Coupling		
		Zhongwang Wei	Sun Yat-sen University	Development of a Land-River Bidirectionally Coupled Land Surface Model Considering Re-infiltration and Re-evaporation Processes during Flooding
		Sonja Folwell	UK Centre for Ecology and Hydrology	Improved modelling of Sudd wetland extents in a CaMa-Flood land surface configuration.
		Muhammad Hasnain Aslam	Department of Civil Engineering, The University of Tokyo	Enhanced Dynamic Sediment Transport Model to Simulate Global Riverine Sediment Fluxes Incorporating the Impact of In-line Storage Systems
16:50-17:30	Session 5	Computational Efficiency		
		Dai Yamazaki	The University of Tokyo	Making CaMa-Flood faster for more complex applications
		Michel Wortmann	ECMWF	CaMa-Flood as part of the ECMWF Integrated Forecasting System
		Shengyu Kang	Wuhan University	A Computationally-efficient practice for global river hydrodynamic models
17:30-18:30	Poster	At Foyer		
18:45-20:45	Social Dinner	At KOMANI café	(optional) fee: about 3000 yen per person	

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0-1	Outurday			
9:00-9:05	Day-2 Opening			
9:05-10:00	Session 6	Flood Risk Assessment [2]		
		Ridwan Adebayo BELLO	Technical University of Dresden	Investigating Basin-Scale Flood Risk in Elbe Using the CaMa-Flood Model
		Sujeet Desai	ICAR-Central Coastal Agricultural Research Institute, Goa, India	Flood susceptibility modelling in the west coast river basins of India using a global hydrodynamic model
		Prakat MODI	Shibaura Institute of Technology	Impact of Sea Level Rise on Fluvial Flooding on Coastal Mega Cities
10:00-10:55	Session 7	Baseline Data		
		Haoyu Jin	Sun Yat-sen University	Spatiotemporal distribution and influencing factors analysis of extreme precipitation in different climate regions around the world
		Orie Sasaki	Tokyo Institute of Technology	Rver data integration
		Peirong Lin	Peking University	Variations of river channel hydraulic geometry and its implications to global river modeling
11:10-12:20	Session 8	Flood Protection Modelling		
		Gang Zhao	School of Environment and Society, Tokyo Institute of Technology	The newly developed levee module in the CaMa-Flood model
		Mizuki FUNATO	Faculty of Engineering, The University of Tokyo	Development of a Modified Reservoir Operation Scheme for Improved Global Flood Modeling
		Faizal Immaddudin Wira Rohmat	Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Institut Teknologi Bandung, Indonesia	Optimizing Flood Control Reservoir Operations in the Citarum Watershed: A Reinforcement Learning Approach
		Youjiang SHEN	The University of Tokyo	CaMa-Flood-Dam-Module
12:20-12:30	Closing			
13:00-17:00	Free discussion	(optional)	In Yamazalki Lab or somewhere outside	
		Poster		
		Toby Marthews	UK Centre for Ecology & Hydrology	Inundation in JULES-Camaflood and the CHAMFER project
		David Gustafsson	Swedish Meteorological and Hydrological Institute	Combination of CaMa-Flood and HYPE hydrological model for simulation of Arctic rivers
		Shuping LI	Department of Civil Engineering	Representing hillslope-scale land surface heterogeneity in land surface model substantially modulates water and energy budget
		Yang Hu	Institute of Industrial Science, The University of Tokyo	A new perspective of assessing flood impact with daily nighttime light remote sensing data
		Riaz Muhammad Shiraz	The University of Tokyo	Flood Zoning Map for Risk Mitigation in Pakistan
		Khan Kinza	Institute of Industrial Science, The University of Tokyo	How Much Flood Impact Can Be Mitigated By Infrastructure (Case Study Pakistan Flood 2022)
		Dhruv Sehgal	Institute of Industrial Science, The University of Tokyo	Understanding the Impact of River Sediment Outflow on Coastal Oceans

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Title Missing

Improving CaMa flood model simulations with remote sensing