Global Map Specifications Version 2

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For more information on the Global Mapping project, please visit the Global Map site.

ISCGM Home Page http://www.iscgm.org/



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1. Introduction

1.1 The need for a Global Map

Since the 1972 United Nations Human Environment Conference, people around the world have realised that solving global environmental problems must be done at a global scale through communication and collaboration. One principle declared at this conference was that, "International matters concerning the protection and improvement of the environment should be handled in a cooperative spirit by all countries, big and small, on an equal footing. Cooperation through multilateral or bilateral arrangements or other appropriate means is essential to effectively control, prevent, reduce and eliminate adverse environmental effects resulting from activities conducted in all spheres."

For this reason, international organizations and institutions provide and share map information about the changing state of the planet. The Agenda 21 plan resulting from 1992's Earth Summit (the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development held in Rio de Janeiro in June 1992) addressed the need for improved accessibility, quality, standardization, and availability of geographic information between nations. National and international organizations were urged to strengthen their mechanisms of information processing and exchange in order to, "Ensure effective and equitable availability of information," throughout the world.

This was reinforced by the Special Session of the United Nation General Assembly on the implementation of Agenda 21 held five years later. One resolution stated that, "A supportive environment needs to be established to enhance national capacities and capabilities for information collection, processing and dissemination, especially in developing countries, to facilitate public access to information on global environmental issues through appropriate means, including...global mapping."

"Initiatives and partnerships for global mapping," were strongly encouraged in the Johannesburg Plan of Implementation following the World Summit on Sustainable Development in 2002. The Global Map project was subsequently registered as an initiative following this summit with the goal of completing global coverage by the year 2007.

Clearly, it is essential that the citizens, researchers, and decision makers of the world have access to accurate, authoritative and up-to-date maps of fundamental environmental features if they are to fully understand and appreciate their shared global environment. Without the Global Map, reliable cartographic data and information of the entire world would remain difficult to find, get, and use. Participating national mapping organizations are urged to, "Foster the use of Global Map and identify the needs for basic geographic data and reflect these needs in new specifications."

This document contains the latest Global Map Specifications.

1.2 Purpose and intended use of the Global Map

The concept of Global Mapping and the establishment of an international body for Global Mapping were first proposed by the Ministry of Construction of Japan in 1992.

In 1994, Geographical Survey Institute of Japan (GSI) proposed the first draft set of technical specifications. The Global Map project has grown significantly to involve the participation of many interested nations.

The main objective of this global project is to bring all nations and concerned organizations together to collaboratively develop and provide easy and open access to worldwide geographic information at a scale of 1:1,000,000. The use of these data will facilitate the implementation of global agreements and conventions for environmental protections; will support the monitoring of major environmental phenomena; and will encourage economic growth within the context of sustainable development. As part of this objective, Global Map products will be developed to this specification.

2. General Information

2.1 Product extents

The Global Map product will encompass the entire globe, at a scale of 1:1 million. All the data sets will be consistent with this scale and these specifications.

2.2 Reference coordinate system

The ITRF94 coordinate system will be adopted as the reference coordinate system. GRS80 ellipsoid will be adopted to represent the position of spatial objects in longitude and latitude. As the difference between these coordinates and WGS84 coordinates is negligible at the scale of this product, data in WGS84 will be taken to be in ITRF94.

2.3 Precision

A pair of longitude and latitude values describes the position of spatial objects. The data shall be stored in decimal degrees to a minimum of three decimal points as geographic coordinates with southern and western hemispheres having a negative sign for latitude and longitude, respectively.

Resolution of vertical values is 1 metre.

2.4 Accuracy

The positional accuracy of spatial data is the degree to which planimetric coordinates and elevations of features agree with their real world values. The planimetric accuracy will be composed of errors from three sources:

- The positional accuracy of the source material
- Errors due to conversion processes.
- Errors due to the manipulation processes.

Absolute horizontal and vertical accuracy will vary by location according to the source data. Absolute accuracy is defined as the difference between the stored coordinates and the true coordinates for a specific point.

For horizontal accuracy, 90% of points will be within ± 2 km of their actual location. In the case of data obtained from satellite images, the maximum error is less than or equal to 0.5km.

Vertical accuracy is notionally ± 150 metres for 90% of points. This figure may need to be reviewed once the data are available, as sources to this accuracy may not be available in areas of high relief.

2.5 Series of Global Map

There are two series of Global Map. One is National and Regional version which each participating NMOs are basically in charge of development of their own Global Map. The other is Global Version which is developed by using satellite imagery with cooperation between participating NMOs and supporting stakeholders. (Global version covers only in vegetation layer and land cover layer.)

2.6 Relationship to other international efforts, specifications, and standards

The Global Map directly contributes to the development of a global Spatial Data Infrastructure. Formal relationships exist between the ISCGM and the GSDI, the GEOSS, and the One Geology initiatives. Global Map specifications have been written to comply with international standardization agreements, specifically the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) TC 211 recommendations for geographic data.

3. Data Model

Spatial features are organised into thematic layers, with each layer containing logically related geographic information. These layers will either be in vector or raster form.

3.1 Vector Data

3.1.1 Representation of features and layers

The layers in vector representation will include all those layers other than elevation, vegetation, land cover and land use. The features of the vector data model will be comprised of three spatial objects: points, edges and faces. (Formal ISO/TC211 terminology for these can be found in Appendix B.) Vector layers and the associated feature types are shown in the following table.

Layer	Feature name	Feature type	Inclusion	Abbreviation	
Transportation	Airport	point	optional	airp	
Trunoportuno.	Railroad Station	point	optional	rstatp	
	Port	point	optional	portp	
	Railroad	edge	mandatory	raill	
	Road	edge	mandatory	roadl	
	Trails and Tracks Line	edge	mandatory	traill	
	Ferry route	edge	optional	ferryl	
Boundaries	Political Boundary	point	mandatory	polbndp	
	Coast Line	edge	mandatory	coastl	
	Political Boundary Line	edge	mandatory	polbndl	
	Political Boundary Area	face	mandatory	polbnda	
Drainage (Hydrography)	Miscellaneous (Dam/Weir/Island/Spring /Water-Hole)	point	optional	miscp	
	Miscellaneous (Dam/Weir)	edge	optional	miscl	

Layer	Feature name	Feature type	Inclusion	Abbreviation
	Aqueduct/Canal/Flume/ Penstock	edge	optional	aquel
	Water Course	edge	mandatory	riverl
	Inland Water	face	mandatory	inwatera
Population	Built-up Area	point	optional	builtupp
Centres	Built-up Area	face	optional	builtupa

^{*} The last character of abbreviation indicates primitive type (p: point, I: line, a: area).

Fig. 1 Vector layers and associated feature types

Note: Mandatory layers will only be populated where the features are present and are significant at the scale of the data.

International boundaries for the Global Map will be as defined by nations supplying data. Where adjoining nations supply different representations of the border both will be included in the product. All data will be identified as to its origin (see Appendix D).

3.1.2 Topology

Vector data in the Global Map will be partially topologically structured. Features stored as edges and faces will be individually structured.

Topology will be retained across the tile boundaries. Real world phenomena that cross the tile edge will have exactly the same coordinates on the nodes on the tile edge on each tile. This will enable the database to function as a seamless unit for analysis purposes. For example, in the diagram below, the road edge in both tiles will be matched at the edge of both tiles.

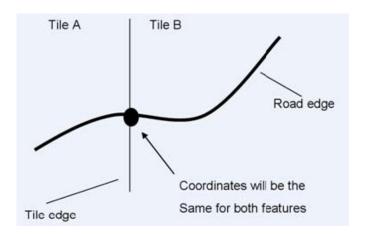


Fig. 2 Topology across the tile edge

3.1.3 Data quality

- Logical consistency will be kept.
- Features will not be duplicated or omitted where they meet the selection criteria.
- Metadata will document the data's quality (see section 5 Metadata).

3.2 Raster Data

3.2.1 Representation of features and layers

Raster grid cells will be arrayed on a horizontal coordinate system in degrees of latitude and longitude referenced to ITRF94 and GRS80. Small islands less than approximately 1 square kilometre may not be represented.

The following groups of features are stored as raster layers:

ELEVATION: The vertical distance between the surface of the earth and the standard sea level that the nation has defined. Vertical units represent elevation in meters above Mean Sea Level (MSL).

VEGETATION: Percent tree cover data by an integer value from 0 to 100 will be used as vegetation layer.

LAND COVER: GLCNMO global legend (APPENDIX D Table 2) will be used for land cover layer.

LAND USE: Codes developed for the Global Map (APPENDIX D Table 2) will be adopted.

3.2.2 Data structure

Cell size for raster data will be 30 arc-seconds by 30 arc-seconds. With the origin being the NW corner of the tile.

3.2.3 Determination of cell's attributes

A cell's attribute value represents a characteristic that is dominant near the centre position of the cell.

3.2.4 Header file

A header file will accompany each raster file. Items to be included in the header file are as follows. One of the figures in parentheses is chosen if there are any. Data will meet the default values where specified in parentheses and italicised.

. . . .

BYTEORDER	Byte order in which image pixel values are stored. Big endian
	(M).
LAYOUT	organisation of the bands in the file (BIL = band interleaved by
	line) (note: all files are single band images)
NROWS	Number of rows (cells) in longitude direction of the image
NCOLS	Number of columns (cells) in latitude direction of the image
NBANDS	Number of spectral bands in the image (1)
NBITS	Number of bits per cell (8 for land cover, land use and vegetation
	layers and 16 for elevation)
BANDROWBYTES	Number of bytes of data per row
TOTALROWBYTES	Total number of bytes of data per row
BANDGAPBYTES	The number of bytes between bands in a BSQ format image (0)
NODATA	Value used for masking purposes (For the higher, 9998 for
	elevation, 255 for vegetation, land cover, and land use. For
	the sea -9999 for elevation, 0 for vegetation, land cover,
	and land use.)

ULXMAP Longitude of the centre of the upper-left pixel

ULYMAP Latitude of the centre of the upper-left pixel**XDIM** Width of a cell in longitude direction**YDIM** Width of a cell in latitude direction

A sample raster header file is at Appendix F.

3.2.5 Attributes description

The attribute for a raster file is the value of each of the cells, as referred to in the data dictionary.

3.3 Attributes

An attribute is a particular property of a feature.

The non-locational information about a feature instance will be stored as attributes. Attributes are classified into two groups: mandatory attributes and optional attributes. Names should be stored in roman characters without diacritical marks. Attributes other than names will be stored in English characters.

3.4 Data Dictionary

The data dictionary is included as Appendix D. The table lists vector and raster feature types and their attributes.

Vector features will be selected on the basis of their suitability for 1:1 million scale mapping and the feature definitions. As a result some feature types will only occur in the less densely settled areas where they are relatively more important than in the more densely settled areas. For example, Trails will be shown where there is not a well developed road network.

4. Output formats

For interoperability of Global Map uses, user friendly formats are defined independently with the official formats.

4.1 File format

4.1.1 Vector

GML 3.2.1, standardized in ISO19136, has replaced VPF as the official distribution format. This format provides a standard format for transferring digital geographic data. (Details are shown in Appendix H.)

4.1.2 Raster

BIL (Band Interleaved by Line) format; a simple binary raster format without embedded header will be adopted as the official distribution format. This type of data stores pixel information band by band for each line, or row, of the image. For example, given a one-band image such as the ones for Global Map, data is written for row 1, data is written for row 2, and so on, until the total number of rows in the image is reached. Vegetation,

elevation data will be 16-bit signed.

A header file will accompany each raster file.

The data are stored in row major order (all the data for row 1, followed by all the data for row 2. etc.).

Land Cover and Land Use layers will be 8-bit unsigned data and the

The elevation data are in big-endian byte order, that is, the most significant byte is stored first.

4.2 Area of file coverage (tiling)

4.2.1 Vector

Where a Nations territory is less than 3,000,000 square km the data are delivered as one separate file for each feature class.

For those Nations with territory spanning greater than 3,000,000 square km the data will be divided into tiles. Files should be adjusted so that extreme differences in size do not occur.

4.2.2 Raster

Whole national territory is basically defined as one file coverage,

The tiling of Global version series (referred to 2.5) is to be divided by the tiles of 30 deg x 30 deg which starts from the equator and the Greenwich meridian.

4.3 File names

4.3.1 Vector

Vector data have a file name of the form wwww_xxx_y.zzz where wwww identifies the abbreviation of the feature shown in fig.1, xxx identifies the country code which is defined at three-character ISO 3166 Nation Code, y shows the Unique ID (refer to 4.2) if a territory is divided, zzz is the extension identifying the data (gml). In the case that a nation territory is less than 3,000,000 square km and not needed to be tiling, the data have a file name of wwww_xxx.zzz

Example of file name

coastl_ind_2.gml: Coastline of Global Map India in gml format in the case of tiling

coastl_jpn.gml: Coastline of Global Map Japan in gml format in the case of no tiling

4.3.2 Raster

4.3.2.1 National and Regional version

National and Regional version of Raster data have a file name of the form ww_xxx.zzz where ww identifies the theme, xxx identifies the country code which is defined at three-character ISO 3166 Nation Code, and zzz is the extension identifying the data (bil) or the header (hdr).

Identifier	Theme
el	elevation
ve	vegetation
lc	land cover
lu	land use

Fig. 3 Theme identifiers for raster

4.3.2.2 Global version

Global version of Raster data have a file name of the form wwyy.zzz where ww indentifies the theme, and yy identifies the file number as shown in the following Fig.4, and zzz is the extension identifying the data (bil) or the header (hdr)

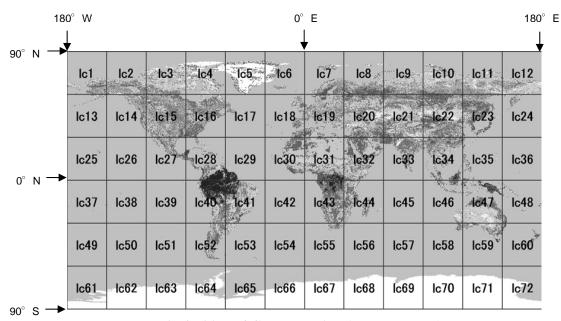


Fig.4 Tiling of Global version (ex. land cover)

4.4 Directory Structure

Each database directory such as gm_xxx will contain a national or a regional dataset. The directory structure is as follows.

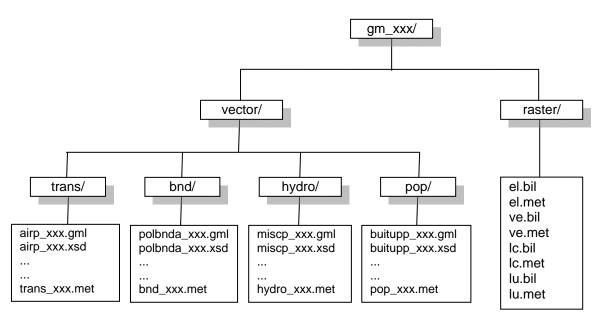


Fig. 5 Directory structure (ex. accompanying a metadata file in each layer)

5. Metadata

Metadata is data about the contents, quality, condition and other characteristics of the data. It also describes the lineage, process and accuracy of the dataset. Metadata for Global Map follows the Global Map metadata profile based on the ISO19115 core metadata elements and other essential elements for Global Map. Encoding methods follow ISO19139.

5.1 Metadata file

A metadata file accompanies each layer or feature. This file will be a XML file with utf8. Metadata have a file name of the form wwww_xxx.zzz where wwww identifies the abbreviation of the layer name or feature name shown table, xxx identifies the country code which is defined at three-character ISO 3166 Nation Code and zzz is the extension 'met'.

Example of file name (metadata)

trans_ind.met: name of the metadata file for transportation layer of Global Map India

airp_jpn.met: name of the metadata file for airport feature of Global Map Japan

5.2 Contents

The contents of metadata follow the ISO standard of metadata (ISO 19115). Metadata will be described in English. Metadata will be supplied separately for each layer in the dataset. For details, please refer to Appendix G.

6. Suggestions for change

Suggestions for changes or corrections to these Specifications should be referred to the Secretariat of ISCGM (sec@iscgm.org) or:

Secretariat of ISCGM Geographical Survey Institute Kitasato 1, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, 305-0811 JAPAN

7. Data Sources

When the Global Mapping project started, existing data was utilized as an initial Global Map data as follows.

Global 30 Arc Second Elevation Data Set (GTOPO30) (US Geol. Survey, EROS Data Centre)

Elevation (DEM)

Global Land Cover Characteristics Database (US Geol. Survey, U. of Nebraska-Lincoln, EC Joint Research Centre).

Land Cover Land Use Vegetation

VMAP Level 0 (NGA)

Drainage System (rivers, streams, lakes) Transportation (roads, railways, airports) Political Boundaries (including coastlines) Populated Places

8. References

Global Map Technical Specifications (Draft), Secretariat of ISCGM, Global Mapping Forum '97, Gifu, Japan.

Directorate of Geomatics, Department of National Defence, Canada, June 1997, *The Digital Geographic Information Exchange Standard (DIGEST)* URL: http://www.digest.org (custodian NGA).

NGA (former NIMA), 1995, *VMAPO Military Specifications*, URL: http://earth-info.nga.mil/publications/specs/ (MIL-STD-2407 and its Change Notice 1)

U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL), and European Commission's Joint Research Centre (JRC), 1996, *Global Land Cover Characterization Data Set*, product documentation, URL: http://edcsns17.cr.usgs.gov/glcc/

U.S. Geological Survey's EROS Data Center (EDC), 1996, *Global 30 Arc Second Elevation Data Set*, product documentation, URL: http://www1.gsi.go.jp/geowww/globalmap-gsi/gtopo30/gtopo30.html

APPENDIX A Update History of the Specifications

Discussions on the specifications of Global Map were started at ISCGM3 in Gifu, Japan on November 12-14, 1997 through discussions and subsequent adoption of provisional technical specifications. The discussions were thereafter continued at WG2 on Specifications. The specifications have been revised in contents as follows:

- Ver. 1.0: Adopted at ISCGM5 in Canberra, Australia on November 20, 1998.
- Ver. 1.1: Adopted at ISCGM7 in Cape Town, South Africa on March 16, 2000. Text representation was amended.
- Ver. 1.2: Adopted at ISCGM12 in Cairo, Egypt on April 17, 2005.

 A condition to express names thoroughly in upper case characters was modified so that the Secretariat can more smoothly process the data to upload them on the Web site. On the expression of a river mouth, it was decided to draw a temporary line on the border of river and sea.
- Ver. 1.2.1: Adopted at ISCGM13 in Santiago, Chile on November 11, 2006. Small correction on the description of meta data (See Annex C) and correction on the expression of data dictionary were made.
- Ver. 1.3: Adopted at ISCGM14 in Cambridge, U. K. on July 14, 2007
 Items on the data development and provision in tiling of the global coverage of "Land Cover data (GLCNMO)" and "Percent Tree Cover data" in Raster layers and description method of the header file, terminology and Data Dictionary were added.
- Ver. 2: Adopted at ISCGM16 in Bangkok, Thailand on October 25, 2009.

 The specifications were totally revised based on the opinions from participating organization. The main points of this revision are as follows:
 - Rearrangement of chapters and articles
 - Addition and deletion of features and attributes and attribute values in Vector layers
 - Change of official format in vector data from VPF to GML 3.2.1 standardized in ISO19136
 - Adoption of Metadata based on ISO19115
 - Change of the tiling method
 - Addition of "Update History of Specifications" as Appendixes
 - Some corrections on the description associated with points shown above and others

APPENDIX B Glossary of terms

Terminology definitions according to ISO/TC211 (Source: ISO/TC211 Terminology web page; URL: http://www.isotc211.org/ dated 19th August 2008, except for "Attribute" and "Percent tree cover")

Accuracy

Closeness of agreement between a test result and the accepted reference value.

Altitude

Distance of a point from a chosen reference surface along a line perpendicular to that surface.

Attribute

A property which describes a geometrical, topological, thematic, or other characteristic of an entity.

[ISO/TC 211 N 279, Geospatial services - Portrayal of Geographic Information; WG 4 Date of source document: 1996-10-23

Term status: comments given in ISO/TC 211/WG 1/PT 04 N 015

Document status: Working Draft]

Boundary

Set that represents the limit of an entity.

Code

Representation of a label according to a specified scheme.

Connected node

Node that starts or ends one or more edges.

Coordinate

One of a sequence of n numbers designating the position of a point in n-dimensional space.

Curve

1-dimensional geometric primitive, representing the continuous image of a line.

Data

Reinterpretable representation of information in a formalised manner suitable for communication, interpretation, or processing.

Data element

Unit of data that, in a certain context, is considered indivisible.

Dataset

Identifiable collection of data.

Edge

1-dimensional topological primitive.

Face

2-dimensional topological primitive.

Feature

Abstraction of real world phenomena.

Feature attribute

Characteristic of a feature.

Geographic data

Data with implicit or explicit reference to a location relative to the Earth.

Grid

Network composed of two or more sets of curves in which the members of each set intersect the members of the other sets in an algorithmic way.

Metadata

Data about data

NOTE — Metadata for geographic data typically provides information about its identification, extent, quality, spatial and temporal schema, spatial reference, metadata and distribution.

Metadata element

Discrete unit of metadata.

Model

Abstraction of some aspects of reality.

Node

0-dimensional topological primitive.

Percent tree cover

A percentage of the area covered by a vertical projection of the canopy of the tree within a unit mapping area or a pixel.

Point

0-dimensional geometric primitive, representing a position.

Quality

Totality of characteristics of a product that bear on its ability to satisfy stated and implied needs.

Raster

Usually rectangular pattern of parallel scanning lines forming or corresponding to the display on a cathode ray tube.

Schema

Formal description of a model.

Spatial object

Object used for representing a spatial characteristic of a feature.

Surface

2-dimensional geometric primitive, locally representing a continuous image of a region of a plane.

Vector

Quantity having direction as well as magnitude.

APPENDIX C Acronyms and Abbreviations

BIL Byte Interleaved by Line

BSQ Band Sequential

DEM Digital Elevation Model

DIGEST Digital Geographic Information Exchange Standard

GLCNMO Global Land Cover by NMO
GML Geography Markup Language
GRS80 Geodetic Reference System 1980

GTOPO30 Global digital elevation model (DEM) with a horizontal grid

spacing of 30 arc seconds.

ISCGM International Steering Committee for Global Mapping

ISO International Organization for Standardization
ITRF94 International Terrestrial Reference Frame 1994

MSL Mean Sea Level

VMAP0 Vector Smart Map Level 0 VPF Vector Product Format

WG Working Group

WGS84 World Geodetic System 84
XML Extensible Markup Language

APPENDIX D Global Map Data Dictionary

Table 1 Vector data

Optional features are put in parentheses in italics such as (Airport).

The attribute named 'soc' will identify the source country for the data. Values will be the country code of the country supplying the data (see Appendix E). The additional value 'vma' will indicate data that has been taken unchanged from the Vmap level 0 product.

Definitions in this dictionary are based on DIGEST Edition 2.1 September 2000 as reference.

Field size of * is a variable length field and may be of any length.

Layer	Feature Name	Abbreviation	Definition	Feature type	Attributes	Field name	Field type	Field size (bytes)	Value type/codes	Value Description or Example					
Transportation	(Airport)	airp	A defined area used for landing, take-off and movement of aircraft	point	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	GB005						
	including associated building facilities.		including associated buildings and facilities.		ICAO designator	iko	Character text string	4	UNK Actual value	if not applicable eg FAJS					
				-						IATA designator	ita	Character text string	3	UNK Actual value	if not applicable eg NRT
					Name	nam	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	Unknown eg JOHANNESBURG INTERNATIONAL					
					Usage	use	Number (short integer)	2	0 4 8 22 23 999	Unknown National (Domestic) Military/Defence Joint Military/Defence/ Civilian International Other					
					Airfield/Aerodrome elevation	zv3	Number (short integer)	2	-99999999 -500 to 9999	Unknown Elevation in metres					

Layer	Feature Name	Abbreviation	Definition	Feature type	Attributes	Field name	Field type	Field size (bytes)	Value type/codes	Value Description or Example
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	(Railroad Station)	rstatp	A stopping place for the transfer of passengers and/or freight.	point	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	AQ125	
					Name	nam	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	Unknown eg Tokyo
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	Railroad	raill	A rail or set of parallel rails on which a train or tram runs.	edge	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	AN010	
					Existence category	exs	Number (short integer)	2	2 5 28 55 59	Doubtful Under construction Operational Unexamined/Unsurveyed Not useable
					Feature configuration	fco	Number (short integer)	2	0 2 3	Unknown Multiple Single
					Location	loc	Number (short integer)	2	0 4 8 25 999	Unknown Below surface/ Submerged underground On ground surface Suspended or elevated above ground or water surface Other
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap level 0
	Road	roadl	An open way maintained for vehicular use.	edge	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	AP030	

Layer	Feature Name	Abbreviation	Definition	Feature type	Attributes	Field name	Field type	Field size (bytes)	Value type/codes	Value Description or Example
					Accuracy category	acc	Number (short integer)	2	1 2	Accurate Approximate
					Existence category	exs	Number (short integer)	2	2 5 28 55	Doubtful Under construction Operational Unexamined/Unsurveyed
					Surface	rst	Number (short integer)	2	0 1 2	Unknown Paved Not paved
					Median category	med	Number (short integer)	2	0 1 2	Unknown With median Without median
					Route intended use	rtt	Number (short integer)	2	0 14 15 16 999	Unknown Primary route Secondary route Highway Other
					Seasonal availability	rsu	Number (short integer)	2	0 1 2	Unknown All year Seasonal
					Location	loc	Number (short integer)	2	0 4	Unknown Below surface / Submerged underground
									8 25 999	On ground surface Suspended or elevated above ground or water surface Other
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	Trails and Tracks Line	traill	A path worn by the passage of people or animals.	edge	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	AP050	
					Existence category	exs	Number (short integer)	2	2 5 28	Doubtful Under construction Operational

Layer	Feature Name	Abbreviation	Definition	Feature type	Attributes	Field name	Field type	Field size (bytes)	Value type/codes	Value Description or Example
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendic E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	(Ferry Route)	ferryl	A ferry route in a body of inland water connecting a road or railroad.	edge	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	AQ070	
					Transportation use category	tuc	Number (short integer)	2	3 4	Railroad Road
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	(Port)	portp	A point where a ferry takes on or discharges its load.	point	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	AQ080	
					Name	nam	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	Unknown eg Yokohama port
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
Boundaries	Political Boundary	polbndp	An area controlled by administrative authority.	point	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	FA001	
				_	Country code	coc	Character text string	3	Country code	See Appendix E for county codes list (eg USA)
					State/Province/ Prefecture name	nam	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	if not applicable eg VIRGINIA
					Local admistrative area name	laa	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	if not applicable eg FAIRFAX
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
					Administrative code	adm_co de	Chatacter text string	*	UNK Actual value	if not applicable
					SALB code	salb	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	if not applicable eg JPN001001
	Coast Line	coastl	The line where a land mass is in contact with a body of water.	edge	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	BA010	

Layer	Feature Name	Abbreviation	Definition	Feature type	Attributes	Field name	Field type	Field size (bytes)	Value type/codes	Value Description or Example
					Accuracy category	acc	Number (short integer)	2	0 1 2 3	Unknown Accurate Approximate Tentative
					Existence category	exs	Number (short integer)	2	0 1 3 44 46 55 60	Unknown Definite Tentative Approximate/About Man-made Unexamined/Unsurveyed Indefinite (shoreline)
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	Political Boundary Line	polbndl	A line of demarcation between controlled areas.	edge	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	FA000	
					Boundary status type	bst	Number (short integer)	2	1 2 3	Definite Indefinite In dispute
					Usage	use	Number (short integer)	2	23 26 30 39	International Primary ie state Secondary ie local Special
					Source Country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	Political Boundary Area	polbnda	An area controlled by administrative authority.	face	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	FA001	
					Country code	coc	Character text string	3	Country code	See Appendix E for county codes list (eg USA)
					State/Province/ Prefecture name	nam	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	if not applicable eg VIRGINIA
					Local admistrative area name	laa	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	if not applicable eg FAIRFAX

Layer	Feature Name	Abbreviation	Definition	Feature type	Attributes	Field name	Field type	Field size (bytes)	Value type/codes	Value Description or Example
					Population	рор	Number (long integer)	4	-99999999 -89999999 Actual value	Unknown *1Attributed in the main polygon (see the end of Appendix D) eg 10000
					Year of population census	урс	Number (short integer)	2	0 Actual value	Unknown eg 2009
					Administrative code	adm_co de	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	if not applicable
					SALB code	salb	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	if not applicable eg JPN001001
Drainage (Hydrography)	(Miscellaneous (Dam/Weir/Islan d/Spring/Water-	miscp	A permanent barrier across a watercourse used to impound water or to control its flow.	point	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	BI020	
	Hole))				Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap level 0
	(Miscellaneous (Dam/Weir))	niscp miscp	A permanent barrier across a watercourse used to impound water or to control its flow.	edge	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	BI020	
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap level 0
	(Aqueduct/Canal /Flume/	aquel	A pipe or artificial channel designed to transport water from a remote source,	edge	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	BH000	
	Penstock)		usually by gravity. A man-made or improved natural waterway used for transportation. An open, inclined channel which carries water for use in such operations as mining or logging. A pipeline or channel generally used by hydroelectric plants or water mills to transport water by gravity or under pressure.		Existence category	exs	Number (short integer)	2	0 1 5 6	Unknown Definite Under construction Abandoned/Disused
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	Water Course	riverl	A natural flowing watercourse. (from origin to end point)	edge	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	BH140	

Layer	Feature Name	Abbreviation	Definition	Feature type	Attributes	Field name	Field type	Field size (bytes)	Value type/codes	Value Description or Example
					Hydrological category	hyc	Number (short integer)	2	0 6 8	Unknown Non-perennial/Intermittent/ Fluctuating Perennial/Permanent
					Line type	lit	Number (short integer)	2	0 1 2	Unknown Single line stream Network connector/Imaginary line
					Name	nam	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	Unknown eg NILE
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code Vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	Inland Water iwater	iwatera	Any known inland waterway body, such as: lake/pond, reservoir, river/stream, etc. requiring separation into individual features due to status/type grouping that is currently indeterminable.	-	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	BH000	
					Hydrological category	hyc	Number (short integer)	2	0 6 8	Unknown Non-perennial/Intermittent/ Fluctuating Perennial/Permanent
					Hydrological type	hyt	Number (short integer)	2	0 1 4 7 10 13 16	Unknown River Lake Lagoon Reservoir Swamp or marsh Glacier
					Name	nam	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	Unknown eg LAKE TANGANYIKA
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap level 0
Population	(Built-up Area)	builtupp	An area containing a concentration of buildings and other structures.(smaller	point	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	AL020	

Layer	Feature Name	Abbreviation	Definition	Feature type	Attributes	Field name	Field type	Field size (bytes)	Value type/codes	Value Description or Example
Centres			than Built-up Area(face))		Population	рор	Number (long integer)	4	-9999999 -89999999 Actual value	Unknown *1Attributed in the main polygon (see the end of Appendix D) eg10000
					Year of population census	урс	Number (short integer)	2	0 Actual value	Unknown eg 2009
					Name	nam	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	Unknown eg EMBARCACION
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0
	(Built-up Area)	builtupa	An area containing a concentration of buildings and other structures.(larger than Built-up Area(point))	face	FACC feature code	f_code	Character text string	5	AL020	
					Population	рор	Number (long integer)	*	-9999999 -89999999 Actual value	Unknown *1Attributed in the main polygon (see the end of Appendix D) eg 10000
				Year of population census	урс	Number (short integer)	2	0 Actual value	Unknown eg 2009	
					Name	nam	Character text string	*	UNK Actual value	Unknown eg NAIROBI
					Source country or VMA	soc	Character text string	3	Country code vma	See Appendix E for country codes list (eg USA) Vmap lebel 0

^{*1} The population value of multiple polygons will be assigned to main area and "-89999999", indicating "attributed in the main polygon" will be assigned to the other polygons.

Table 2 Raster data

Layer	Definition	Feature Class	Value	Value Meaning
Elevation	Elevation above mean sea level.	cell	-407 to 8752	Elevation in metres
			-9999	areas masked as sea
Vegetation	Percent tree cover	cell	0 to 100	Percent
			254	areas masked as water bodies
			255	areas of no data
Land Cover	GLCNMO land cover classification	cell	1	Broadleaf Evergreen Forest LCC Code: 21496-121340 // 10001-1 LCC Formula: A3A20B2XXD1E1-A21 // A1-A7A9
				The main layer consists of broadleaved evergreen closed to open trees. The crown cover is between 100 and 40%. The height is in the range of >30 - 3m but may be further defined into a smaller range. // Tree crops cover a defined area. The leaf type and leaf phenology can be further specified optionally.
			2	Broadleaf Deciduous Forest LCC Code: 21497-121340 // 10001-1891 LCC Formula: A3A20B2XXD1E2-A21 // A1-A7A10
				The main layer consists of broadleaved deciduous closed to open trees. The crown cover is between 100 and 40%. The height is in the range of >30 - 3m but may be further defined into a smaller range. // Tree crops cover a defined area. The leaf type and leaf phenology can be further specified optionally.
			3	Needleleaf Evergreen Forest LCC Code: 21499-121340 // 10001-5671 LCC Formula: A3A20B2XXD2E1-A21 // A1-A8A9
				The main layer consists of needleleaved evergreen closed to open trees. The crown cover is between 100 and 40%. The height is in the range of >30 - 3m but may be further defined into a smaller range. // Tree crops cover a defined area. The leaf type and leaf phenology can be further specified optionally.
			4	Needleleaf Deciduous Forest LCC Code: 21500-121340 // 10001-7561 LCC Formula: A3A20B2XXD2E2-A21 // A1-A8A10
				The main layer consists of needleleaved deciduous closed to open trees. The crown cover is between 100 and 40%. The height is in the range of >30 - 3m but may be further defined into a

		smaller range. // Tree crops cover a defined area. The leaf type and leaf phenology can be further
		specified optionally.
	5	Mixed Forest LCC Code: A3A20B2XXD1E1-A21 // A3A20B2XXD1E2-A21 // A3A20B2XXD2E1-A21 // A3A20B2XXD2E2-A21 // A1 LCC Formula: 21496-121340 // 21497-121340 // 21499-121340 // 21500-121340 // 10001
		The main layer consists of broadleaved evergreen closed to open trees. The crown cover is between 100 and 40%. The height is in the range of >30 - 3m but may be further defined into a smaller range. // The main layer consists of broadleaved deciduous closed to open trees. The crown cover is between 100 and 40%. The height is in the range of >30 - 3m but may be further defined into a smaller range. // The main layer consists of needleleaved evergreen closed to open trees. The crown cover is between 100 and 40%. The height is in the range of >30 - 3m but may be further defined into a smaller range. // The main layer consists of needleleaved deciduous closed to open trees. The crown cover is between 100 and 40%. The height is in the range of >30 - 3m but may be further defined into a smaller range. // Tree crops cover a defined area. The leaf type and leaf phenology can be further specified optionally.
	6	Tree Open LCC Code: 20013-3012 LCC Formula: A3A11-A13
		The main layer consists of open trees. The crown cover is between 40% and (20-10)%. The openness of the vegetation may be further specified.
	7	Shrub LCC Code: 20017 // 20021 LCC Formula: A4A10 // A4A11
		The main layer consists of closed shrubland. The crown cover is more than (70-60)%. // The main layer consists of open shrubland. The crown cover is between (70-60) and (20-10)%. The openness of the vegetation may be further specified.
	8	Herbaceous, single layer LCC Code: 20409 // 20454 LCC Formula: A2A10B4XXXXXXF1 // A2A11B4XXXXXXF1
		The main layer consists of closed herbaceous vegetation. The crown cover is more than (70-60)%. The height is in the range of 3 - 0.03m but may be further defined into a smaller range. The vegetation consists of one single layer. // The main layer consists of open herbaceous vegetation. The crown cover is between (70-60) and (20-10)%. The openness of the vegetation may be further specified. The height is in the range of 3 - 0.03m but may be further defined into a smaller range. The vegetation consists of one single layer.
	9	Herbaceous with Sparse Tree / Shrub LCC Code: 20412 // 20457 LCC Formula: A2A10B4XXXXXXF2F5F10G2F2F6F10G3 // A2A11B4XXXXXXXF2F5F10G2F2F6F10G3
		The main layer consists of closed herbaceous vegetation. The crown cover is more than (70-60)%. The height is in the range of 3 - 0.03m but may be further defined into a smaller range. The second layer consists of sparse trees. The third layer consists of sparse shrubs. // The main layer consists of open herbaceous vegetation. The crown cover is between (70-60) and (20-10)%. The openness of the vegetation may be further specified. The height is in the range of 3 - 0.03m but may be further defined into a smaller range. The second layer consists of sparse trees. The third layer consists of
		sparse shrubs.

	10	Sparse Vegetation LCC Code: 20058 // 20049 LCC Formula: A2A14 // A1A14
		The main layer consists of sparse herbaceous vegetation. The crown cover is between (20-10) and 1%. The sparseness of the vegetation may be further specified. // The main layer consists of sparse woody vegetation. The crown cover is between (20-10) and 1%. The sparseness of the vegetation may be further specified.
	11	Cropland LCC Code: 10025 LCC Formula: A3
		A defined area is covered by herbaceous crops. This cover excludes paddy field.
	12	Paddy field LCC Code: 3001 // 3013 LCC Formula: A1 // A2
		A defined area is covered with graminoid crops. // A defined area is covered with non-graminoid crops.
		The main cover type is rice paddy.
	13	Cropland / Natural Vegetation Mosaic LCC Code: 0003 // 0006 // 0004 LCC Formula: A11 // A23 // A12
		Primarily vegetated areas containing more than four percent vegetation during at least two months a year. The environment is influenced by the edaphic substratum. The vegetative cover is characterised by the removal of the (semi)natural vegetation and replacement with a vegetative cover resulting from human activities. This cover is artificial and requires maintenance. It is grown with the intention to be managed and/or (partly) harvested at the end of the growing season. Before or after harvest there may be a period without vegetative cover. // Primarily vegetated areas containing more than four percent vegetation during at least two months a year. The environment is significantly influenced by the presence of water over extensive periods of time, i.e. water is present for more than three months a year and when water is present less than three months a year, it is present 75 percent of the flooding time. The vegetative cover is characterised by the removal of the (semi)natural vegetation and replacement with a vegetative cover resulting from human activities. This cover is artificial and requires maintenance. It is grown with the intention to be managed and/or (partly) harvested at the end of the growing season. Before or after harvest there may be a period without vegetative cover. // Primarily vegetated areas containing more than four percent vegetation during at least two months a year. The environment is influenced by the edaphic substratum. The vegetative cover is characterised by the presence of (semi)natural vegetation which species composition, its environmental and ecological processes are indistinguishable from, or in a process of achieving, its undisturbed state. The vegetative cover is not artificial and does not need to be managed nor maintained.
	14	Mangrove LCC Code: 41519-R3 LCC Formula: A1A20-R3
		The main layer consists of closed to open woody vegetation. The crown cover is between 100 and 15% (a further sub range can be defined – Closed to Open 100-40%). The openness of the vegetation may be further specified. [Note: water quality is saline.]
		Depending on the level of Total Dissolve Solids (TDS) expressed in parts per million (ppm), three

		classes are distinguished: fresh, brackish and saline water (Cowardin et al., 1979). 1) Fresh Water: Less than 1000 ppm TDS.
		2) Brackish Water: Between 1000 and 10000 ppm TDS.
		3) Saline Water: More than 10000 ppm TDS.
		Wetland
	15	LCC code: 41519-R1 // 41519-R2 // 42155 LCC formula: A1A20-R1 // A1A20-R2 // A2A20
		The main layer consists of closed to open woody vegetation. The crown cover is between 100 and 15% (a further sub range can be defined – Closed to Open 100-40%). The openness of the
		vegetation may be further specified. [Note: water quality is fresh.] // The main layer consists of closed
		to open woody vegetation. The crown cover is between 100 and 15% (a further sub range can be
		defined – Closed to Open 100-40%). The openness of the vegetation may be further specified. [Note:
		water quality is brackish.] // The main layer consists of closed to open herbaceous vegetation. The crown cover is between 100 and 15% (a further sub range can be defined – Closed to Open
		100-40%). The openness of the vegetation may be further specified.
		Depending on the level of Total Dissolve Solids (TDS) expressed in parts per million (ppm), three
		classes are distinguished: fresh, brackish and saline water (Cowardin et al., 1979).
		1) Fresh Water: Less than 1000 ppm TDS. 2) Brackish Water: Between 1000 and 10000 ppm TDS.
		3) Saline Water: More than 10000 ppm TDS.
		Bare area, consolidated (gravel, rock) LCC code: 6001
	16	LCC code. 6001 LCC formula: A1
		The land cover consists of consolidated material(s).
		Bare area, unconsolidated (sand)
	17	LCC code: 6004 LCC formula: A2
		The land cover consists of unconsolidated material(s).
		Urban LCC code: 0010
	18	LCC formula: B15
		Primarily non-vegetated areas containing less than four percent vegetation during at least 10 months
		a year. The environment is influenced by the edaphic substratum. The cover is artificial and a result
		of human activities.
	40	Snow / Ice LCC code: 8005 // 8008
	19	LCC formula: A2 // A3
		The land cover consists of perennial snow. // The land cover consists of perennial ice. A further
		specification can be made in moving or stationary ice.
		Perennial: The snow/ice covers the surface for more than 9 months each year in all years.
		Water Bodies LCC code: 7001 // 8001
	20	LCC tode: 7001 // 8001 LCC formula: A1 // A1
		The land cover consists of artificial water bodies. A further specification can be made in flowing or
		standing water. // The land cover consists of natural water bodies. A further specification can be
		made in flowing or standing water.

			255	no data
Land Use	Global Map land use classification	cell	10	Forest: Area dominated by trees higher than shrubs with a canopy cover greater than or equal to 10 percent.
			20	Mixture: Area where more than two classes are mixed including Non-vegetated area, Agricultural area, Grassland/Shrub and Wetland. This class is not applied where one class dominates.
			30	Grassland/shrub: Area covered by trees with canopy cover less than l0percent.
			40	Agricultural area: Area where agricultural activities are implemented constantly.
			50	Wetland: Area where underground water level is near the ground surface, or area with humid soil.
			60	Barren area: Non-vegetated area where no artificial structures exist.
			70	Built-up area: Area where artificial structures occupy significant surfaces.
			80	Drainage/water: Area inside coastline forming water surface.
			90	Ocean: Area outside coastline forming water surface.
			255	no data

"GLCNMO land cover classification" in the above table is used for global or continental land cover products. LCC code and LCC formula in the Value Meaning column is the land cover definition by Land Cover Classification System version 2 (LCCS2) developed by FAO (http://www.glcn-lccs.org/). "//" in LCC code and LCC formula means "or".

(Informative) Table 3 Raster data (Former Global Map Specifications before version 1.2.1)

The definitions and classifications of vegetation and land cover data were revised in Specifications version 1.3. On the other hand, vegetation and land cover data based on former Specifications are released from ISCGM website together with some national websites. The former specifications about vegetation and land cover data are shown below for reference.

Layer	Definition	Feature Class	Value	Value Meaning
Vegetation	Global Map Vegetation Classification (Modified Walter)	cell	10	Tropical rainforest: Evergreen forest which has high rainfall and high humidity throughout the year. This class has an upper canopy formed by trees from 30 to 40m tall and may have occasional emerging trees taller than the upper canopy.
			20	Hydrotropic forest: Deciduous broad-leaved trees which are defoliated in dry season and foliate in rainy season.
			30	Grassland in tropical or sub-tropical zone: Grassland which has a long dry season and is heavily dried. Trees are only sparsely distributed. Plant density depends on dryness.
			40	Semi desert in tropical or sub-tropical zone: Plants are sparsely distributed in the area which has a little rainfall and is heavily dried
			50	Desert in tropical or sub-tropical zone: Plants are very sparsely distributed in the area which has a little rainfall and is extremely dried.
			60	Evergreen thick-leaved forest: Forest which has high rainfall in the rainy season and is relatively dried in summer. Trees which have evergreen thick and hard leaves dominate this forest.
			70	Evergreen broad-leaved forest: Forest in the warm temperate zone which has high rainfall in summer, or is humid throughout the year. Broad-leaved trees which have a little larger leaves than evergreen thich-leaved trees are the main component of this forest.
			80	Deciduous broad-leaved forest: Forest which mainly consists of trees defoliated in winter. This forest appears in the area which has sufficient rainfall in cool temperate zone.
			90	Grassland in temperate zone: Grassland in drier climates in temperate zone. No trees grow.
			100	Semi-desert in temperate zone: Heavily dried area in the temperate zone. Grasses, such as mugwort and pigweed cover this area.
			110	Desert in temperate zone: Extremely dried area in temperate zone. Grasses, such as mugwort and pigweed cover this area.
			120	Northern coniferous forest: Coniferous trees in semi-frigid zone which has very cold and long winter. Trees in this forest are usually evergreen
			130	Tundra: Plant colony consists of shrub, grass with broad leaves, moss and lichen. Trees cannot become tall due to severe cold.
			140	Water body: Water surfaces, such as rivers and lakes.
			150	Ice and snow: Area which is covered with snow and ice throughout the year.
			210	Wetland: Vegetated area with waterlogged soils or surface water for significant periods of the year.
			220	Mixed forest: Forest containing a mixture of types. Usually deciduous and coniferous.
-			230	Mixed land: Area containing a mosaic of other types.
	-		240	Non natural: Cultivated, urban or otherwise modified vegetation.
			250	Unclassified: Areas not included in other classifications. For example, baren land.
Land Cover	International Geosphere Biosphere Programme Land Cover Classification (DISCOVer data set)	cell	1	Evergreen Needleleaf Forest: Lands dominated by trees with a percent canopy cover >60% and height exceeding 2 meters. Almost all trees remain green all year. Canopy is never without green foliage.

2	Evergreen Broadleaf Forest: Lands dominated by trees with a percent canopy cover > 60% and height exceeding 2 meters.
	Almost all trees remain green all year. Canopy is never without green foliage.
3	Deciduous Needleleaf Forest: Lands dominated by trees with a percent canopy cover > 60% and height exceeding 2 meters.
	Consists of seasonal needleleaf tree communities with an annual cycle of leaf-on and leaf-off periods.
4	Deciduous Broadleaf Forest: Lands dominated by trees with a percent canopy cover > 60% and height exceeding 2 meters. Consists of seasonal broadleaf tree communities with an annual cycle of leaf-on and leaf-off periods.
5	Mixed Forest: Lands dominated by trees with a percent canopy cover > 60% and height exceeding 2 meters. Consists of tree
	communities with interspersed mixtures or mosaics of the other four forest cover types. None of the forest types exceeds 60% of the landscape.
6	Closed Shrublands: Lands with woody vegetation less than 2 meters tall and with shrub canopy cover > 60%. The shrub
	foliage can be either evergreen or deciduous.
7	Open Shrublands: Lands with woody vegetation less than 2 meters tall and with shrub canopy cover between 10-60%. The
	shrub foliage can be either evergreen or deciduous.
8	Woody Savannas: Lands with herbaceous and other understory systems, and with forest canopy cover between 3-=60%. The
	forest cover height exceeds 2 meters.
9	Savannas: Lands with herbaceous and other understory systems, and with forest canopy cover between 10-30%. The forest
	cover height exceeds 2 meters.
10	Grasslands: Lands with herbaceous types of cover. Tree and shrub cover is less than 10%.
11	Permanent Wetlands: Lands with a permanent mixture of water and herbaceous or woody vegetation that cover extensive areas.
	The vegetation can be present in either salt, brackish, or fresh water.
12	Croplands: Lands covered with temporary crops followed by harvest and a bare soil period (e.g., single and multiple cropping
	systems). Note that perennial woody crops will be classified as the appropriate forest or shrub land cover type.
13	Urban and Built-Up: Land covered by buildings and other man-made structures.
14	Cropland/Natural Vegetation Mosaic: Lands with a mosaic of croplands, forests, shrublands, and grasslands in which no one
	component comprises more than 60% of the landscape.
15	Snow and Ice: Lands under snow and/or ice cover throughout the year.
16	Barren or Sparsely Vegetated: Lands with exposed soil, sand, rocks, or snow and never has more than 10% vegetated cover
	during any time of the year.
17	Water Bodies: Oceans, seas, lakes, reservoirs, and rivers. Can be either fresh or salt water bodies.

(Informative) Table 4 Comparative listing between the legend of land cover based on current specifications (after version 1.3) and former ones (before version 1.2.1)

Land cover data based on former Specifications (before version 1.2.1) are also available together with ones based on specifications after version 1.3. Comparative listing between current land cover legend and former one is shown below for reference.

Current land Cover (After Specification version 1.3)	Former land cover (Before specifications version 1.2.1)
Broadleaf Evergreen Forest	2. Evergreen Broadleaf Forests
2. Broadleaf Deciduous Forest	4. Deciduous Broadleaf Forests
3. Needleleaf Evergeen Forest	Evergreen Needleleaf Forests
4. Needleleaf Deciduous Forest	3. Deciduous Needleleaf Forests
5. Mixed Forest	5. Mixed Forests
6. Tree Open	8. Woody Savannas
7. Shrub	6. Closed Shrublands
	7. Open Shrublands
8. Herbaceous, single layer	10. Grasslands
Herbaceous with Sparse and Tree/Shrub	9. Savanna
10. Sparse Vegetation	16. Barren
11. Cropland	12. Croplands
12. Paddy field	
13. Cropland/Natural Vegetation Mosaic	14. Cropland/Natural Vegetation Mosaics
14. Mangrove	
15. Wetland	11. Permanent Wetlands
16. Bare area, consolidated (gravel, rock)	
17. Bare area, unconsolidated (sand)	16. Barren
18. Urban	13. Urban and Built-up
19. Snow/Ice	15. Snow and Ice
20. Water Bodies	17. Water Bodies

APPENDIX E Three-character ISO 3166 Nation Code

Afghanistan AFG Aland Islands ALA Albania ALB Algeria DZA American Samoa ASM Andorra AND Angola AGO Anguilla AIA Arremia ARG Argentina ARG Arremia ARG Armenia ARG Armenia ARG Armenia ARG Armenia ARM Aruba ABW Australia AUS Australia AUT Azerbaijan BHR Bangladesh BGD Barbados BRB Belarus BLR Belize BLZ Benin BEN Bermuda BMU Bhutan BTN Bolivia (Plurinational State of) BOL Bosnia and Herzegovina BIH Botswana BRA Burundi Cameroon CMR Burndi Cameroon CMR Cameroon CMR Cameroon CMR Canada CAN Cape Verde Cayman Islands		
Aland Islands Albania Albania Algeria DZA American Samoa ASM Andorra Andorra Angola Anguilla Alia Antigua and Barbuda Argentina Aruba Australia Australia Australia Bahrain Bahrain Bahrain Belarus Belairus Belairus Belize Belize Belize Belize Belize Belize Belixa Bermuda Bhutan Bhutan Bolivia (Plurinational State of) Borsha and Herzegovina Brish Sirab Burian Burian Burian Bolivia (Plurinstional State of) Brish Sirab Burian Burian Burian Burian Burian Burian Burian Bolivia (Plurinational State of) Borsha and Herzegovina Brish Bris	Country	3 character code
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Bulgaria BGR Burkina Faso BFA Burundi BDI Cambodia KHM Cameroon CMR Canada CAN Cape Verde CPV	British Virgin Islands	VGB
Burkina Faso BFA Burundi BDI Cambodia KHM Cameroon CMR Canada CAN Cape Verde CPV	Brunei Darussalam	BRN
Burundi BDI Cambodia KHM Cameroon CMR Canada CAN Cape Verde CPV	Bulgaria	BGR
CambodiaKHMCameroonCMRCanadaCANCape VerdeCPV	Burkina Faso	BFA
CameroonCMRCanadaCANCape VerdeCPV	Burundi	BDI
Canada CAN Cape Verde CPV	Cambodia	KHM
Cape Verde CPV	Cameroon	CMR
	Canada	CAN
Cayman Islands CYM	Cape Verde	CPV
	Cayman Islands	CYM

Country	3 character code
Central African Republic	CAF
Chad	TCD
Channel Islands	
Chile	CHL
China	CHN
Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China	HKG
Macao Special Administrative Region of China	MAC
Colombia	COL
	COL
Comoros	COM
Congo	COG
Cook Islands	COK
Costa Rica	CRI
Côte d'Ivoire	CIV
Croatia	HRV
Cuba	CUB
Cyprus	СҮР
Czech Republic	CZE
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PRK
Democratic Republic of the Congo	COD
Denmark	DNK
Djibouti	DJI
Dominica	DMA
Dominican Republic	DOM
Ecuador	ECU
Egypt	EGY
El Salvador	SLV
Equatorial Guinea	GNQ
Eritrea	ERI
Estonia	EST
Ethiopia	ETH
Faeroe Islands	FRO
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	FLK
Fiji	FJI
Finland	FIN
France	FRA
French Guiana	GUF
French Polynesia	PYF
Gabon	GAB
Gambia	GMB
Georgia	GEO

Country	3 character code
Gountry	o character code
Germany	DEU
Ghana	GHA
Gibraltar	GIB
Greece	GRC
Greenland	GRL
Grenada	GRD
Guadeloupe	GLP
Guam	GUM
Guatemala	GTM
Guernsey	GGY
Guinea	GIN
Guinea-Bissau	GNB
Guyana	GUY
Haiti	НТІ
Holy See	VAT
Honduras	HND
Hungary	HUN
Iceland	ISL
India	IND
Indonesia	IDN
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	IRN
Iraq	IRQ
Ireland	IRL
Isle of Man	IMN
Israel	ISR
Italy	ITA
Jamaica	JAM
Japan	JPN
Jersey	JEY
Jordan	JOR
Kazakhstan	KAZ
Kenya	KEN
Kiribati	KIR
Kuwait	KWT
Kyrgyzstan	KGZ
Lao People's Democratic Republic	LAO
Latvia	LVA
Lebanon	LBN
Lesotho	LSO
Liberia	LBR
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	LBY
Liechtenstein	LIE
2.5011011510111	

Г	
Country	3 character code
Lithuania	LTU
Luxembourg	LUX
Madagascar	MDG
Malawi	MWI
Malaysia	MYS
Maldives	MDV
Mali	MLI
Malta	MLT
Marshall Islands	MHL
Martinique	MTQ
Mauritania	MRT
Mauritius	MUS
Mayotte	MYT
Mexico	MEX
Micronesia (Federated States of)	FSM
Monaco	MCO
Mongolia	MNG
Montenegro	MNE
Montserrat	MSR
Morocco	MAR
Mozambique	MOZ
Myanmar	MMR
Namibia	NAM
Nauru	NRU
Nepal	NPL
Netherlands	NLD
Netherlands Antilles	ANT
New Caledonia	NCL
New Zealand	NZL
Nicaragua	NIC
Niger	NER
Nigeria	NGA
Niue	NIU
Norfolk Island	NFK
Northern Mariana Islands	MNP
Norway	NOR
Occupied Palestinian Territory	*PSE
Oman	OMN
Pakistan	PAK
Palau	PLW
Panama	PAN
Papua New Guinea	PNG

Country	3 character code
Paraguay	PRY
Peru	PER
Philippines	PHL
Pitcairn	PCN
Poland	POL
Portugal	PRT
Puerto Rico	PRI
Qatar	QAT
Republic of Korea	KOR
Republic of Moldova	MDA
Réunion	REU
Romania	ROU
Russian Federation	RUS
Rwanda	RWA
Saint-Barthélemy	BLM
Saint Helena	SHN
Saint Kitts and Nevis	KNA
Saint Lucia	LCA
Saint-Martin (French part)	MAF
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	SPM
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	VCT
Samoa	WSM
San Marino	SMR
Sao Tome and Principe	STP
Saudi Arabia	SAU
Senegal	SEN
Serbia	SRB
Seychelles	SYC
Sierra Leone	SLE
Singapore	SGP
Slovakia	SVK
Slovenia	SVN
Solomon Islands	SLB
Somalia	SOM
South Africa	ZAF
Spain	ESP
Sri Lanka	LKA
Sudan	SDN
Suriname	SUR
Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands	SJM
Swaziland	SWZ
Sweden	SWE

Country	3 character code			
Switzerland	CHE			
Syrian Arab Republic	SYR			
Tajikistan	TJK			
Thailand	THA			
The former Yugoslav Republic of	MKD			
Macedonia				
Timor-Leste	TLS			
Togo	TGO			
Tokelau	TKL			
Tonga	TON			
Trinidad and Tobago	TTO			
Tristan da Cunha	*TDC			
Tunisia	TUN			
Turkey	TUR			
Turkmenistan	TKM			
Turks and Caicos Islands	TCA			
Tuvalu	TUV			
Uganda	UGA			
Ukraine	UKR			
United Arab Emirates	ARE			
United Kingdom of Great Britain and	GBR			
Northern Ireland				
United Republic of Tanzania	TZA			
United States of America	USA			
United States Virgin Islands	VIR			
Uruguay	URY			
Uzbekistan	UZB			
Vanuatu	VUT			
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	VEN			
Viet Nam	VNM			
Wallis and Futuna Islands	WLF			
Western Sahara	ESH			
Yemen	YEM			
Zambia	ZMB			
Zimbabwe	ZWE			

^{*} The codes shown below which are not designed by ISO 3166 are used as a country code for attribute value in vector data (For details, refer to Appendix D).

Palestinian PSE
Tristan da Cunha TDC
China and Republic of Korea C&P

APPENDIX F Sample header file for Raster representation

BYTEORDER	M
LAYOUT	BIL
NROWS	600
NCOLS	600
NBANDS	1
NBITS	8
BANDROWBYTES	600
TOTALROWBYTES	600
BANDGAPBYTES	0
NODATA	

NODATA

ULXMAP 100.0041666666667 ULYMAP 9.9958333333333 XDIM 0.0083333333333 YDIM 0.00833333333333

APPENDIX G Metadata

1. Foreword

Global Map Metadata Profile is based on ISO 19115 core metadata elements and other profiles to provide information about Global Map data. This profile is created strictly according to the rules for creating a profile in ISO/IS 19115 clause C6.

2. Normative reference

All normative references of this profile are the same as ISO19115.

3. Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms

Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms used in this profile refer to those in ISO19115.

4. Metadata

4.1 Descriptions of Metadata package

Metadata package members of this metadata profile are shown in the following table. Metadata package is a subset of metadata that define the related metadata entities and elements. Metadata element is a base component of metadata and assembly of elements will be a metadata entity. Moreover, assembly of entity under the same theme will be a metadata package. Metadata package corresponds to UML (Unified Modeling Language) package, metadata entity corresponds to UML class, and metadata element corresponds to UML class or role of association.

Package	Explanation
Metadata entity set information	This package includes all root classes for describing metadata, and indicates their correlation
Identification information	Identification information is for identifying particular data set. It includes citation, abstract, purpose, credits and contact information of the information resource.
Constraint information	This package includes information about constraint matters such as access constraints and use constraints.
Data quality information	This package is composed of information describing the quality of the data. Lineage information is described.
Maintenance information	This package is composed of information describing the maintenance and update practice for information.
Reference system	This package is composed of information describing the spatial reference

information	system used.
Distribution information	This package is composed of information describing the information for accessing resource.
Extent information	This package is composed of information describing the spatial and temporal extent covered by a resource.
Citation and responsible party information	This package is composed of authoritative reference information including responsible party and contact information.

4.2 Relationship between Metadata packages and Metadata entities

Relationship between metadata packages and metadata entities is shown in the following table. Metadata entity corresponding to the package is listed in the second line (named entity). Corresponding numbers are also indicated in UML diagram line and data dictionary line.

Metadata package	Entity	UML diagram	Data dictionary
		(Figure)	
Metadata entity set information	MD_Metadata	G.A.1	G.B.2.1
Identification information	MD_Identification	G.A.2	G.B.2.2
Constraint information	MD_Constraints	G.A.3	G.B.2.3
Data quality information	DQ_DataQuality	G.A.4	G.B.2.4
Lineage information	LI_Lineage	G.A.5	G.B.2.4
Maintenance information	MD_MaintenanceInformation	G.A.6	G.B.2.5
Reference system information	MD_ReferenceSystem	G.A.7	G.B.2.6
Distribution information	MD_Distribution	G.A.8	G.B.2.7
Extent information	EX_Extent	G.A.9	G.B.3.1
Citation and responsible party information	CI_Ciation CI_ResponsibleParty	G.A.10	G.B.3.2

Annex G.A (normative)

Metadata schemas

G.A.1 Metadata UML models

Metadata for describing Global Map data is defined using and abstract object model in the Unified Modeling Language (UML)

G.A.2 Metadata package UML diagrams

G.A.2.1 Metadata entity set information

Figure G.A.1 define the class "MD_Metadata" and shows containment relationships with the other metadata classes which, in aggregate, define metadata for geographic data. The other metadata class diagrams can be found on the following pages. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.2.1.

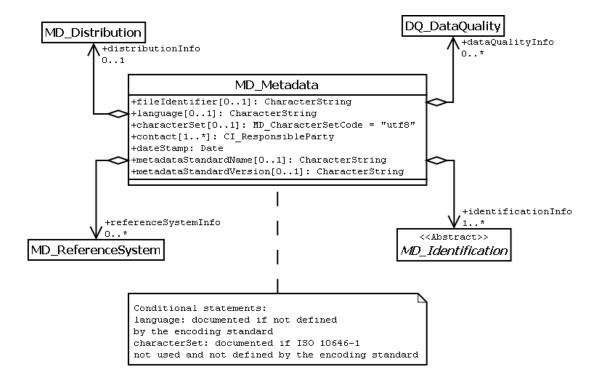


Figure G.A.1 --- Metadata entity set information

G.A.2.2 Identification information

Figure G.A.2 defines the metadata classes required to identify a resource. It also defines separate specialization sub-classes for identifying data and services. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.2.2.

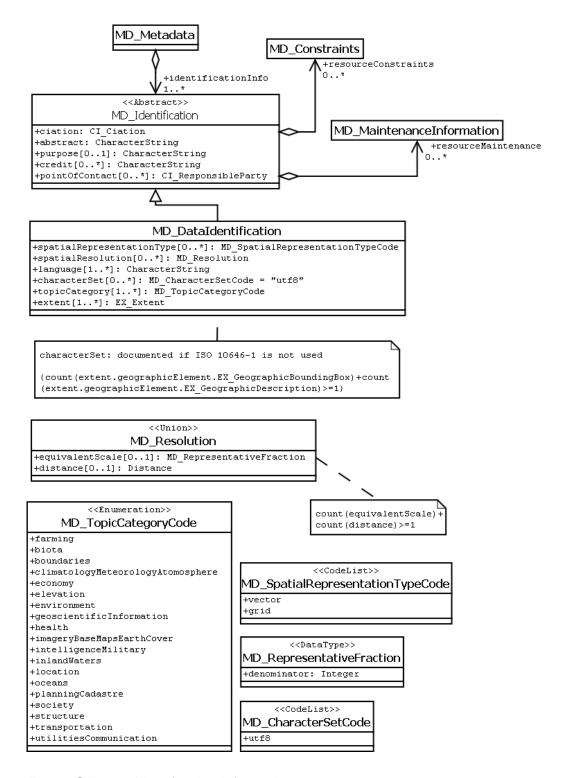


Figure G.A.2 --- Identification information

G.A.2.3 Constraint information

Figure G.A.3 defines the metadata required for managing rights to information including restrictions on access and use. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.2.3

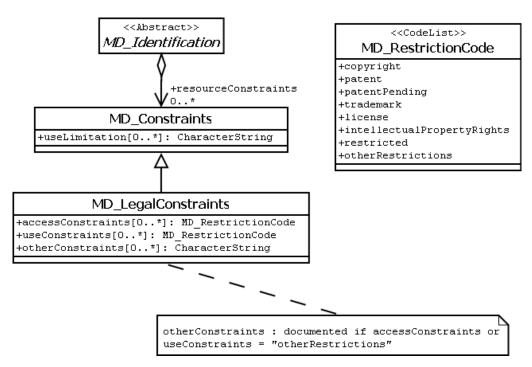


Figure G.A.3 --- Constraint information

G.A.2.4 Data quality information

G.A.2.4.1 General

Figure G.A.4 defines the metadata required to give a general assessment of the quality of resource. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.2.4

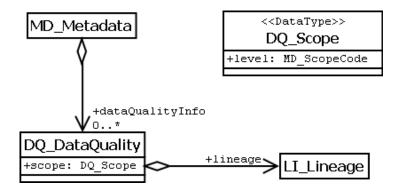


Figure G.A.4 --- Data quality information

G.A.2.4.2 Lineage information

Figure G.A.5 defines metadata required to describe the sources and production processes used in producing a dataset. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.2.4.

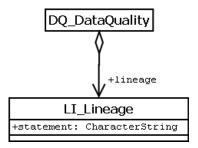


Figure G.A.5 --- Lineage information

G.A.2.5 Maintenance information

Figure G.A.6 defines the metadata required to describe the maintenance and update practices for information. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.2.5.

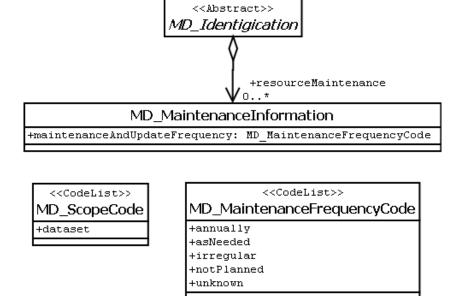


Figure G.A.6 --- Maintenance information

G.A.2.6 Reference system information

Figure G.A.7 defines metadata required to describe the spatial and temporal reference system used. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.2.6

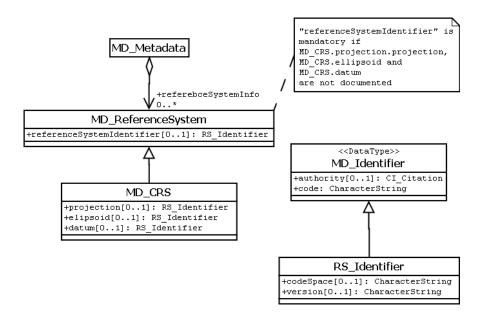


Figure G.A.7 --- Reference system information

G.A.2.7 Distribution information

Figure G.A.8 defines metadata required for accessing a resource. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.2.7

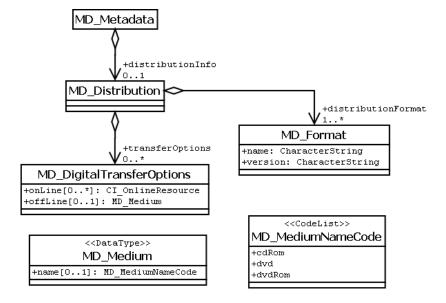


Figure G.A.8 --- Distribution information

G.A.3 Metadata data types

G.A.3.1 Extent information

Figure G.A.9 defines metadata describing the spatial and temporal extent covered by a resource. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.3.1.

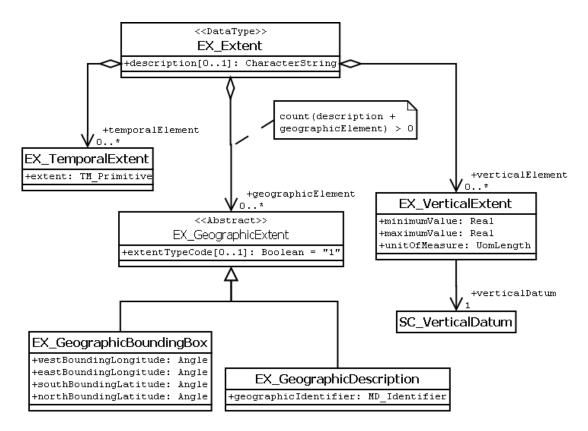


Figure G.A.9 --- Extent information

G.A.3.2 Citation and responsible party information

Figure G.A.10 defines metadata describing authoritative reference information, including responsible party and contact information. The data dictionary for this diagram is located in G.B.3.2.

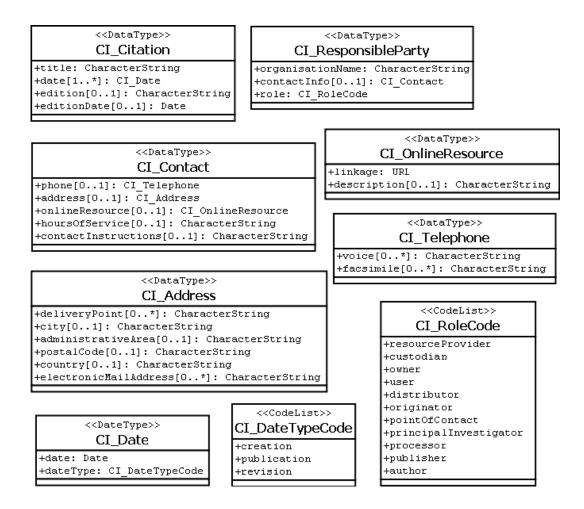


Figure G.A.10--- Citation and responsible party information

Annex G.B (normative)

Data Dictionary for geographic metadata

G.B.1 Data dictionary overview

This data dictionary describes the characteristic of the metadata defined in Clause 6 and Annex G.A. A metadata entity or metadata element shall always be documented in the metadata or sometimes documented. This descriptor may have the following values: M (mandatory), C (conditional), or O (optional). Maximum occurrence specifies the maximum number of instances the metadata entity or the metadata element may have. Single occurrences are shown by "1"; repeating occurrences are represented by "N." For an entity, the domain indicates the line numbers covered by that entity. For a metadata element, the domain specifies the values allowed or use of free text.

G.B.2 Metadata package data dictionary

G.B.2.1 Metadata entity set information

UML model shown in Figure G.A.1.

No.	ISONo.	Name / Role	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
		name		Condition	occurrence		
1	1	MD_Metadata	root entity which defines metadata about a resource or resources	М	1	Class	
2	2	fileIdentifier	unique identifier for this metadata file	0	1	CharacterString	Free Text

Global Map Specifications

3	3	language	language used for documenting	М	1	CharacterString	ISO639-2, other parts
			metadata				may be used
4	4	characterSet	full name of the character	C / ISO/IEC 10646-1	1	Class	MD_CharacterSetCode
			coding standard used for the	not used and not			< <codelist>></codelist>
			metadata set	defined by encoding?			
5	8	contact	party responsible for the	М	N	Class	CI_ResponsibleParty
			metadata information				< <data type="">></data>
6	9	dateStamp	date that the metadata was	M	1	Class	Date
			created				
7	10	metadataStandar	name of the metadata	0	1	CharacterString	Free Text
		dName	standard (including profile				
			name) used				
8	11	metadataStandar	version (profile) of the metadata	0	1	CharacterString	Free Text
		dVersion	standard used				
9	13	Role name:	description of the spatial and	0	N	Association	MD_ReferenceSystem
		referenceSystemI	temporal reference systems				
		nfo	used in the dataset				
10	15	Role name:	basic information about the	M	N	Association	MD_Identification
		identificationInfo	resource(s) to which the				< <abstract>></abstract>
			metadata applies				
11	17	Role name:	provides information about the	0	1	Association	MD_Distribution
		distributionInfo	distributor of and options for				
			obtaining the resource(s)				
12	18	Role name:	provides overall assessment of	0	N	Association	DQ_DataQuality
		dataQualityInfo	quality of a resource(s)				

G.B.2.2 Identification information

G.B.2.2.1 General

UML model shown in Figure G.A.2

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
		name		Condition	occurrence		
13	23	MD_Identification	basic information required to	Use obligation from	use maximum	Aggregated Class	
			uniquely identify a resource or	referencing object	occurrence	(MD_Metadata)	
			resources		from	< <abstract>></abstract>	
					referencing		
					object		
14	24	citation	citation data for the resource(s)	М	1	Class	CI_Citation
							< <data type="">></data>
15	25	abstract	brief narrative summary of the	М	1	CharacterString	
			content of the resource(s)				
16	26	purpose	summary of the intentions with	0	1	CharacterString	
			which the resource(s) was				
			developed				
17	27	credit	recognition of those who	0	N	CharacterString	
			contributed to the resource(s)				
18	29	pointOfContact	identification of, and means of	0	N	Class	CI_ResponsibleParty
			communication with,				< <data type="">></data>
			person(s) and organization(s)				
			associated with the resource(s)				
19	30	Role name:	Provides information about the	0	N	Association	MD_MaintenanceInform
		resourceMainten	frequency of resource updates,				ation
		ance	and the scope of those updates				

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20	35	Role name: resourceConstrai	provides information about constraints which apply to the resource(s)	0	N	Association	MD_Constraints
21	36	MD_DataIdentific ation	information required to identify a dataset	Use obligation from referencing object	use maximum occurrence from referencing object	Specified Class (MD_Identification)	
22	37	spatialRepresent ationType	method used to spatially represent geographic information	0	N	Class	MD_SpatialRepresentati onTypeCode < <code list="">></code>
23	38	spatialResolution	factor which provides a general understanding of the density of spatial data in the dataset	0	N	Class	MD_Resolution < <union>></union>
24	39	language	language(s) used within the dataset	М	N	CharacterString	ISO639-2, other parts may be used
25	40	characterSet	full name of the character coding standard used for the dataset	C / ISO/IEC 10646-1 not used?	N	Class	MD_CharacterSetCode < <code list="">></code>
26	41	topicCategory	main theme(s) of the dataset	М	N	Class	MD_TopicCategaryCode < <enumeriation>></enumeriation>
27	45	extent	extent information including the bounding box, bounding polygon, vertical, and temporal extent of the dataset	М	N	Class	EX_Extent < <data type="">></data>

G.B.2.2.2 Representative fraction information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation / Condition	Maximum occurrence	Data type	Domain
28	56	eFraction		referencing object	Use maximum occurrence from referencing object	Class < <data type="">></data>	
29	57	denominator	the number below the line in a vulgar fraction	М	1	Integer	Integer > 0

G.B.2.2.3 Resolution information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
30	59	MD_Resolution	level of detail expressed as a	Use obligation from	Use maximum	Class	
			scale factor or a ground	referencing object	occurrence	< <union>></union>	
			distance		from		
					referencing		
					object		
31	60	equivalentScale	level of detail expressed as the	C / distance not	1	Class	MD_RepresentativeFra
			scale of a comparable	documented?			ction
			hardcopy map or chart				< <data type="">></data>
32	61	distance	ground sample distance	C / equivalentScale	1	Class	Distance
				not documented?			

G.B.2.3 Constraint information

UML model shown in Figure G.A.3

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
33	67	MD_Constraints	restrictions on the access and	Use Obligation from	Use maximum	Aggregated Class	
			use of a resource of metadata	referencing object	occurrence	(MD_Identification)	
					from		
					referencing		
					object		
34	68	useLimitation	limitation affecting the fitness for	0	N	CharacterString	Free text
			use of the resource or				
			metadata.				
			Example,"not to be used for				
			navigation"				
35	69	MD_LegalConstrai	restrictions and legal	Use Obligation from	N	Specified Class	
		nts	prerequisites for accessing and	referencing object		(MD_Constraints)	
			using the resource or metadata				
36	70	accessConstraints	access constraints applied to	0	N	Class	MD_RestrictionCode
			assure the protection of privacy				< <code list="">></code>
			or intellectual property, and				
			any special restrictions or				
			limitations on obtaining the				
			resource or metadata				
37	71	useConstraints	constraints applied to assure	0	N	Class	MD_RestrictionCode
			the protection of privacy or				< <code list="">></code>
			intellectual property, and any				
			special restrictions or				
			limitations or warnings on using				
			the resource or rmetadata				

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ſ	38	72	otherConstraints	other restrictions and legal	C / access	N	CharacterString	Free text
				prerequisites for accessing and	Constraints or use			
				using the resource or metadata	Constraints equal			
					"other Restrictions"?			

G.B.2.4 Data quality information

G.B.2.4.1 General

UML model shown in Figure G.A.4, G.A.5

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
		name		Condition	occurrence		
39	78	DQ_DataQuality	quality information for the data	Use Obligation from	Use maximum	Aggregated Class	
			specified by a data quality scope	referencing object	occurrence	(MD_Metadata)	
					from		
					referencing		
					object		
40	79	scope	the specific data to which the	M	1	Class	DQ_Scope
			data quality information applies				
41	81	Role name:	non-quantitative quality	M	1	Association	LI_Lineage
		lineage	information about the lineage of				
			the data specified by the scope				

G.B.2.4.2 Lineage information

G.B.2.4.2.1 General

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
42	82	LI_Lineage	information about the events	Use obligation from	Use	Aggregated Class	
			or source data used in	referencing object	maximum	(DQ_DataQuality)	
			constructing the data specified		occurrence		
			by the scope or lack of		from		
			knowledge about lineage		referencing		
					object		
43	83	statement	general explanation of the data	М	1	CharacterString	Free text
			producer's knowledge about the				
			lineage of a dataset				

G.B.2.4.3 Scope information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
44	138	DQ_Scope	extent of characteristic(s) of	Use obligation from	Use maximum	Class	
			the data for which quality	referencing object	occurrence	< <datatype>></datatype>	
			information is reported		from		
					referencing		
					object		
45	139	level	hierarchical level of the data	М	1	Class	MD_ScopeCode
			specified by the scope				< <codelist>></codelist>

G.B.2.5 Maintenance information

G.B.2.5.1 General

UML model shown in Figure G.A.6

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
46	142	MD_Maintenancel	information about the scope	Use obligation from	Use maximum	Aggregated Class	
		nformation	and frequency of updating	referencing object	occurrence	(MD_Identification)	
					from		
					referencing		
					object		
47	143	maintenanceAndU	frequency with which changes	М	1	Class	MD_MaintenanceFreq
		pdateFrequency	and additions are made to				uencyCode
			resource after the initial				< <codelist>></codelist>
			resource is completed				

G.B.2.6 Reference system information

G.B.2.6.1 General

UML model shown in Figure G.A.7

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
48	186	MD_ReferenceSyst	information about the reference	Use	Use maximum	Aggregated Class	
		em	system	obligation/conditi	occurrence	(MD_Metadata)	
				on from	from		
				referencing object	referencing		
					object		

	•						
49	187	referenceSystemId	name of reference system	C / MD_CRS.	1	Class	RS_Identifier
		entifier		projection,			
				MD_CRS.			
				Ellipsoid, and			
				MD_CRS.datum			
				not documented?			
50	189	MD_CRS	metadata about a coordinate	Use	Use maximum	Specified Class	
			system in which attributes have	obligation/conditi	occurrence	(MD_Referencing	
			been derived from SC_CRS as	on from	from	System)	
			defined in ISO 19111 - Spatial	referencing object	referencing		
			referencing by coordinates		object		
51	190	projection	identity of the projection used	0	1	Class	RS_Identifier
52	191	ellipsoid	identity of the ellipsoid used	0	1	Class	RS_Identifier
53	192	datum	identity of the datum used	0	1	Class	RS_Identifier

G.B.2.6.2 Identifier information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
54	205	MD_Identifier	value uniquely identifying an object	Use	Use maximum	Class	
			within a namespace	obligation/conditi	occurrence		
				on from	from		
				referencing object	referencing		
					object		
55	206	authority	person or party responsible for	0	1	Class	CI_Citation
			maintenance of the namespace				
56	207	code	alphanumeric value identifying an	М	1	CharacterString	Free text
			instance in the namespace				

57	208	RS_Identifier	identifier used for reference systems	Use obligation/conditi on from referencing object	Use maximum occurrence from referencing object	Specified Class (MD_Identifier)	
58	208.1	codeSpace	name or indentifier of the person or organizaiton responsible for namespace	0	1	CharacterString	Free text
59	208.2	version	version identifier for the namespace	0	1	CharacterString	Free text

G.B.2.7 Distribution information

G.B.2.7.1 General

UML model shown in Figure G.A.8

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
60	270	MD_Distribution	information about the distributor	Use	Use maximum	Aggregated Class	
			of and options for obtaining the	obligation/conditi	occurrence	(MD_Metadata)	
			resource	on from	from		
				referencing object	referencing		
					object		
61	271	Role name:	provides a description of the	М	N	Association	MD_Format
		distributionFormat	format of the data to be distributed				

62	273	Role name:	provides information about	0	N	Association	MD_DigitalTransferO	
		transferOptions	technical means and media by				ptions	
			which a resource is obtained from					
			the distributor					

G.B.2.7.2 Digital transfer options information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
63	274	MD_DigitalTransfer	technical means and media by	Use	Use maximum	Aggregated Class	
		Options	which a resource is obtained from	obligation/conditi	occurrence	(MD_Distribution)	
			the distributor	on from	from		
				referencing object	referencing		
					object		
64	277	onLine	information about online sources	0	N	Class	CI_OnlineResource
			from which the resource can be				< <data type="">></data>
			obtained				
65	278	offLine	information about offline media on	0	1	Class	MD_Medium
			which the resource can be				< <data type="">></data>
			obtained				

G.B.2.7.3 Format information

ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
			Condition	occurrence		
284	MD_Format	description of the computer	Use	Use maximum	Aggregated Class	
		language construct that specifies	obligation/conditio	occurrence	(MD_Distribution)	
		the representation of data objects	n from	from		
		in a record, file, message, storage	referencing object	referencing		
		device or transmission channel		object		
285	name	name of the data transfer format(s)	M	1	CharacterString	Free text
286	version	version of the format (date,	M	1	CharacterString	Free text
		•			3	
		,				
	284	284 MD_Format 285 name	284 MD_Format description of the computer language construct that specifies the representation of data objects in a record, file, message, storage device or transmission channel 285 name name of the data transfer format(s)	284 MD_Format description of the computer language construct that specifies the representation of data objects in a record, file, message, storage device or transmission channel 285 name name of the data transfer format(s) M 286 version version of the format (date, M	284 MD_Format description of the computer language construct that specifies the representation of data objects in a record, file, message, storage device or transmission channel name of the data transfer format(s) 285 name condition occurrence obligation/condition occurrence from referencing object object 286 version version of the format (date, M 1	284 MD_Format description of the computer language construct that specifies the representation of data objects in a record, file, message, storage device or transmission channel 285 name name of the data transfer format(s) 286 version version of the computer description of the computer language construct that specifies obligation/condition occurrence from referencing object 188 Use maximum occurrence from referencing object 189 obligation/condition occurrence from referencing object 199 object 100 occurrence from occurrence from referencing object 199 object 190

G.B.2.7.4 Medium information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
69	291	MD_Medium	information about the media on	Use	Use	Aggregated Class	
			which the resource can be	obligation/condition	maximum	(MD_Distribution)	
			distributed	from referencing	occurrence		
				object	from		
					referencing		
					object		
70	292	name	name of the medium on which	0	1	Class	MD_MediumNameC
			the resource can be received				ode < <codelist>></codelist>

G.B.3 Data type information

G.B.3.1 Extent information

G.B.3.1.1 General

UML model shown in Figure G.A.9

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation / Condition	Maximum occurrence	Data type	Domain
71	334	EX_Extent	information about horizontal, vertical, and temporal extent	Use obligation/condition from referencing object	Use maximum occurrence from referencing object	Class< <data type="">></data>	
72	335	description	spatial and temporal extent for the referring object	C / geographicElement not documented?	1	CharacterString	FreeText
73	336	Role name: geographicElement	provides temporal component of the extent of the referring object	C / description not documented?	N	Association	EX_GeographicExtent < <abstract>></abstract>
74	337	Role name: temporalElement	provides temporal component of the extent of the referring object	0	N	Association	EX_TemporalExtent
75	338	Role name: verticalElement	provides vertical component of the extent of the referring object	0	N	Association	EX_VerticalExtent

G.B.3.1.2 Geographic extent information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
76	339	EX_GeographicExt	geographic area of the dataset	Use	Use	Aggregated Class	
		ent		obligation/condition	maximum	(EX_Extent)	
				from referencing	occurrence	< <abstract>></abstract>	
				object	from		
					referencing		
					object		
77	340	extentTypeCode	indication of whether the bounding	0	1	Boolean	0-exclusion
			polygon encompasses an area				1-inclusion
			covered by the data or an area				
			where data is not present				
78	343	EX_GeographicBo	geographic position of the dataset	Use	Use	Specified Class	
		undingBox	NOTE This is only an approximate	obligation/condition	maximum	(EX_Geographic	
			reference so specifying the	from referencing	occurrence	Extent)	
			coordinate reference system is	object	from		
			unnecessary		referencing		
					object		
79	344	westBoundLongitu	western-most coordinate of the	М	1	Class	Angle
		de	limit of the dataset extent,				
			expressed in longitude in decimal				
			degrees (positive east)				
80	345	eastBoundLongitu	eastern-most coordinate of the	М	1	Class	Angle
		de	limit of the dataset extent,				
			expressed in longitude in decimal				
			degrees (positive east)				
81	346	southBoundLatitu	southern-most coordinate of the	М	1	Class	Angle
		de	limit of the dataset extent,				
			expressed in latitude in decimal				

		_	degrees (positive north)				
82	347	northboundLatitude	northern-most coordinate of the limit of the dataset extent, expressed in latitude in decimal degrees (positive north)	M	1	Class	Angle
83	348	EX_GeographicDe scription	description of the geographic area using identifiers	Use obligation/condition from referencing object	Use maximum occurrence from referencing object	Specified Class (EX_Geographic Extent)	
84	349	geographicIdentifier	identifier used to represent a geographic area	М	1	Class	MD_Identifier

G.B.3.1.3 Temporal extent information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
85	350	EX_TemporalExte	time period covered by the	Use	Use	Aggregated Class	
		nt	content of the dataset	obligation/conditio	maximum	(EX_Extent)	
				n from referencing	occurrence		
				object	from		
					referencing		
					object		
86	351	extent	date and time for the content of the	М	1	Class	TM_Primitive
			dataset				

G.B.3.1.4 Vertical extent information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
87	354	EX_VerticalExtent	vertical domain of dataset	Use	Use	Aggregated Class	
				obligation/condition	maximum	(EX_Extent)	
				from referencing	occurrence		
				object	from		
					referencing		
					object		
88	355	minimumValue	lowest vertical extent contained in	М	1	Real	Real
			the dataset				
89	356	maximumValue	highest vertical extent contained	М	1	Real	Real
			in the dataset				
90	357	unitOfMeasure	vertical units used for vertical	М	1	Class	UomLength
			extent information Examples:				
			metres, feet, millimetres,				
			hectopascals				
91	358	role name:	provides information about the	М	1	Association	SC_VerticalDatum
		verticalDatum	origin from which the maximum				
			and minimum elevation values				
			are measured				

G.B.3.2 Citation and responsible party information

G.B.3.2.1 General

UML model shown in Figure G.A.10

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation / Condition	Maximum occurrence	Data type	Domain
92	359	CI_Citation	standardized resource reference	Use	Use	Class	
				obligation/condition	maximum	< <data type="">></data>	
				from referencing	occurrence		
				object	from		
					referencing		
					object		
93	360	title	name by which the cited resource	М	1	CharacterString	Free text
			is known				
94	362	date	reference date for the cited	М	N	Class	CI_Date
			resource				< <datatype>></datatype>
95	363	edition	version of the cited resource	0	1	CharacterString	Free text
96	364	editionDate	date of the edition	0	1	Class	Date
97	374	CI_ResponsiblePa	identification of, and means of	Use	Use	Class	
		rty	communication with, person(s)	obligation/condition	maximum	< <data type="">></data>	
			and organizations associated with	from referencing	occurrence		
			the dataset	object	from		
					referencing		
					object		
	376	organisationName	name of the responsible	М	1	CharacterString	Free text
98			organization				
99	378	contactInfo	address of the responsible party	0	1	Class	CI_Contact
100	379	role	function performed by the	М	1	Class	CI_RoleCode
			responsible party				< <codelist>></codelist>

G.B.3.2.2 Address information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
101	380	CI_Adress	location of the responsible	Use	Use	Class	
			individual or organization	obligation/condition	maximum	< <data type="">></data>	
				from referencing	occurrence		
				object	from		
					referencing		
					object		
102	381	deliveryPoint	address line for the location (as	0	N	CharacterString	Free text
			described in ISO 11180, Annex A)				
103	382	city	city of the location	0	1	CharacterString	Free text
104	383	administrativeArea	state, province of the location	0	1	CharacterString	Free text
105	384	postalCode	ZIP or other postal code	0	1	CharacterString	Free text
106	385	country	country of the physical address	0	1	CharacterString	Free text
107	386	electronicMailAddr	address of the electronic mailbox	0	N	CharacterString	Free text
		ess	of the responsible organization or				
			individual				

G.B.3.2.3 Contact information

		Name (Balamana		Oblination I	M	Data toma	Damain.
No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
108	387	CI_Contact	information required to enable	Use	Use	Class	
			contact with the responsible	obligation/conditio	maximum	< <data type="">></data>	
			person and/or organization	n from referencing	occurrence		
				object	from		
					referencing		
				_	object		
109	388	phone	telephone numbers at which the	0	1	Class	CI_Telephone
			organization or individual may be				
			contacted				
110	389	address	physical and email address at	0	1	Class	CI_Address
			which the organization or				
			individual may be contacted				
111	390	onlineResource	on-line information that can be	0	1	Class	CI_OnlineResource
			used to contact the individual or				
			organization				
112	391	hoursOfService	time period (including time zone)	0	1	CharacterString	Free text
			when individuals can contact the				
			organization or individual				
113	392	contactInstructions	supplemental instructions on how	0	1	CharacterString	Free text
			or when to contact the individual				
			or organization				

G.B.3.2.4 Date information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
114	393	CI_Date	reference date and event used to	Use	Use	Class	
			describe it	obligation/condition	maximum	< <data type="">></data>	
				from referencing	occurrence		
				object	from		
					referencing		
					object		
115	394	date	reference date for the cited	M	1	Class	Date
			resource				
116	395	dateType	event used for reference date	M	1	Class	CI_DateTypeCode
							< <codelist>></codelist>

G.B.3.2.5 OnLine resource information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
				Condition	occurrence		
117	396	CI_OnlineResource	information about on-line sources from which the dataset, specification, or community profile name and extended metadata elements can be obtained	Use obligation/condition from referencing object	Use maximum occurrence from referencing	Class < <data type="">></data>	
					object		
118	397	linkage	location (address) for on-line accesss using a Uniform Resource Locator address or similar addressing scheme such as http://www.statkart.no/isotc211	M	1	Class	URL

119	401	description	detailed text description of what	0	1	CharacterString	Free text
			the online resource is /does				

G.B.3.2.6 Telephone information

No.	ISO No.	Name / Role name	Definition	Obligation /	Maximum	Data type	Domain
			20	Condition	occurrence	2 a.u. 19p0	
120	407	CI_Telephone	telephone numbers for contacting	Use	Use	Class	
			the responsible individual or	obligation/condition	maximum	< <data type="">></data>	
			organization	from referencing	occurrence		
				object	from		
					referencing		
					object		
121	408	voice	telephone number by which	0	N	CharacterString	Free text
			individuals can speak to the				
			responsible organization or				
			individual				
122	409	facsimile	telephone number of a facsimile	0	N	CharacterString	Free text
			machine for the responsible				
			organization or individual				

G.B.4 Externally referenced entities

G.B.4.1 Introduction

There are several entities referenced by this International Standard that are documented by other external standards. Those externally referenced entities are explained below.

G.B.4.2 Date

Date: gives values for year, month and day. Character encoding of a date is a string which shall follow the format for date specified by ISO 8601. This class is documented in full in ISO/TS 19103.

G.B.4.3 Distance, angle and UomLength information

Distance: This class is documented in full in ISO/TS 19103.

Angle: Amount of rotation need to bring one line or plane into coincidence with another, generally measured in radians or degrees. This class is documented in full in ISO/TS 19103.

UomLength: any of the measuring systems to measure the length, distance between two entities. This class is documented in full in ISO/TS 19103.

G.B.4.4 Temporal primitive information

TM_Primitive: an abstract class representing a non-decomposed element of geometry or topology. This class is fully documented in ISO 19108.

G.B.4.5 Vertical datum information

SC_VerticalDatum: set of parameters describing the relation of gravity-related heights to the Earth. This class is fully documented in ISO 19111

G.B.5 CodeLists and enumerations

CI_DateTypeCode<<CodeList>>

	Name	Domain code	Definition
1	CI_DateTypeCode	DateTypCd	identification of when a given event occurred
			date identifies when the resource was brought into
2	creation	001	existence
3	publication	002	date identifies when the resource was issued
			date identifies when the resource was examined or
4	revision	003	re-examined and improved or amended

CI_RoleCode<<CodeList>>

	Name	Domain code	Definition
1	CI_RoleCode	RoleCd	function performed by the responsible party
2	resourceProvider	001	party that supplies the resource
			party that accepts accountability and responsibility
			for the data and ensures appropriate care and
3	custodian	002	maintenance of the resource
4	owner	003	party that owns resource
5	user	004	party who uses the resource
6	distributor	005	party who distributes the resource
7	originator	006	party who created the resource
			party who can be contacted for acquiring knowledge
8	pointOfContact	007	about or acquisition of the resource
			key party responsible for gathering information and
9	principalInvestigator	008	conducting research
			party who has processed the data in a manner such
10	processor	009	that the resource has been modified
11	publisher	010	party who published the resource
12	author	011	party who authored the resource

MD_CharacterSetCode<<CodeList>>

	Name	Domain code	Definition
			name of the character coding standard used for the
1	MD_CharacterSetCode	CharSetCd	resource
			8-bit variable size UCS Transfer Format, based on
2	utf8	004	ISO/IEC 10646

MD_MaintenanceFrequencyCode<<CodeList>>

	Name	Domain code	Definition
	MD_Maintenance		frequency with which modifications and deletions are
1	FrequencyCode	MaintFreqCd	made to the data after it is first produced
2	annually	008	data is updated every year
3	asNeeded	009	data is updated as deemed necessary
4	irregular	010	data is updated in intervals that are uneven in duration
5	notPlanned	011	there are no plans to update the data
6	unknown	012	frequency of maintenance for the data is not known

MD_MediumNameCode<<CodeList>>

	Name	Domain code	Definition
1	MD_MediumNameCode	MedNameCd	name of the medium
2	cdRom	001	read-only optical disk
3	dvd	002	digital versatile disk
4	dvdRom	003	digital versatile disk, read only

MD_RestrictionCode<<CodeList>>

	Name	Domain code	Definition
1	MD_RestrictionCode	RestrictCd	limitaion(s) placed upon the access or use of the data
			exclusive right to the publication, production, or sale
			of the rights to a literary, dramatic, musical, or artistic
			work, or to the use of a commercial print or label,
			granted by law for a specified period of time to an
2	copyright	001	author, composer, artist, distributor
			government has granted exclusive right to make, sell,
3	patent	002	use or license an invention or discovery
4	patentPending	003	produced or sold information awaiting a patent
			a name, symbol, or other device identifying a product,
			officially registered and legally restricted to the use of
5	trademark	004	the owner or manufacturer
6	license	005	formal permission to do something
			rights to financial benefit from and control of
			distribution of non-tangible property that is a result of
7	intellectualPropertyRights	006	creativity
8	restricted	007	withheld from general circulation or disclosure
9	otherRestrictions	008	limitation not listed

MD_ScopeCode<<CodeList>>

	Name	Domain code	Definition
			class of information to which the referencing entity
1	MD_ScopeCode	ScopeCd	applies
6	dataset	005	information applies to the dataset

MD_SpatialRepresentationTypeCode<<CodeList>>

	Name	Domain code	Definition
	MD_SpatialRepresentation		method used to represent geographic information in
1	TypeCode	SpaRepTypCd	the dataset
2	vector	001	vector data is used to represent geographic data
3	grid	002	grid data is used to represent geographic data

MD_TopicCategoryCode<<Enumeration>>

	Name	Domain code	Definition
			high-level geographic data thematic classification to
			assist in the grouping and search of available
			geographic data sets. Can be used to group keywords
			as well. Listed examples are not exhaustive.
			NOTE It is understood there are overlaps between
			general categories and the user is encouraged to
1	MD_TopicCategoryCode	TopicCatCd	select the one most appropriate.
			rearing of animals and/or cultivation of plants
			Examples: agriculture, irrigation, aquaculture,
			plantations, herding, pests and diseases affecting
2	farming	001	crops and livestock
			flora and/or fauna in natural environment
			Examples: wildlife, vegetation, biological sciences,
3	biota	002	ecology, wilderness, sealife, wetlands, habitat
			legal land descriptions
4	boundaries	003	Examples: political and administrative boundaries
			processed and phenomena of the atmosphere
	climatologyMeteorologyAt		Examples: cloud cover, weather, climate, atmospheric
5	mosphere	004	conditions, climate change, precipitation
			economic activities, conditions and employment
			Examples: production, labour, revenue, commerce,
			industry, tourism and ecotourism, forestry, fisheries,
			commercial or subsistence hunting, exploration and
6	economy	005	exploitation of resources such as minerals, oil and gas

height above or below sea level
Examples: altitude, bathymetry, digital elevation
models, derived products
environmental resources, protection and conservation
Examples: environmental pollution, waste storage and
treatment, environmental impact assessment,
monitoring environmental risk, nature reserves,
landscape
information pertaining to earth sciences
Examples: geophysical features and processes,
geology, minerals, sciences dealing with the
composition, structure and origin of the earth's rocks,
risks, risks of earthquakes, volcanic activity, landslides,
gravity information, soils, permafrost, hydrogeology,
erosion
health, health services, human ecology, and safety
Examples: disease and illness, factors affecting health,
hygiene, substance abuse, mental and physical health,
health services
base maps
Examples: land cover, topographic maps, imagery,
unclassified images, annotations
military bases, structures, activities
Examples: barracks, training grounds, military
transportation, information collection
inland water features, drainage systems and their characteristics
Examples: rivers and glaciers, salt lakes, water
utilization plans, dams, currents, floods, water quality, hydrographic charts
positional information and services
Examples: addresses, geodetic networks, control
points, postal zones and services, place names
features and characteristics of salt water bodies
(excluding inland waters)
Examples: tides, tidal waves, coastal information, reefs
information used for appropriate actions for future use
of the land
Examples: land use maps, zoning maps, cadastral
surveys, land ownership
characteristics of society and cultures
Examples: settlements, anthropology, archaeology,
education, traditional beliefs, manners and customs,
demographic data, recreational areas and activities,

			social impact assessments, crime and justice, census information
			man-made construction
			Examples: buildings, museums, churches, factories,
18	structure	017	housing, monuments, shops, towers
			means and aids for conveying persons and/or goods
			Examples: roads, airports/airstrips, shipping routes,
			tunnels, nautical charts, vehicle or vessel location,
19	transportation	018	aeronautical charts, railways
			energy, water and waste systems and communications
			infrastructure and services
			Examples: hydroelectricity, geothermal, solar and
			nuclear sources of energy, water purification and
			distribution, sewage collection and disposal, electricity
			and gas distribution, data communication,
20	utilitiesCommunication	019	telecommunication, radio, communication networks

Annex G.C (informative)

Dataset metadata - XML Schema

The XML schema for Global Map Metadata Profile is created based on ISO 19139 (which defines the XML Schema implementation of ISO19115).

```
Global Map Metadata Profile XML Schema implementation
                  * GMMP Metadata Classes *
*** gmp.xsd ***
<schema targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMMP_MetadataSchema"</p>
xmlns:gmmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMMP_MetadataSchema" xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified" version="1.0">
_______
       Global Map Metadata Profile Classes
______
 <!-- ========== MD_Metadata ========== -->
 <element name="MD_Metadata" type="gmmp:MD_Metadata" />
 <complexType name="MD_Metadata">
  <sequence>
  <element name="fileIdentifier" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
   <element name="language" type="string" />
   <element name="characterSet" type="gmmp:MD_CharacterSetCode" minOccurs="0" />
  <element name="contact" type="gmmp:CI_ResponsibleParty" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
   <element name="dateStamp" type="date" />
   <element name="metadataStandardName" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
   <element name="metadataStandardVersion" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
   <element name="referenceSystemInfo" minOccurs="0">
    <complexTvpe>
    <sequence>
     <element ref="gmmp:MD_ReferenceSystem" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </sequence>
   </complexType>
   </element>
   <element name="identificationInfo">
   <complexType>
     <element ref="gmmp:MD_Identification" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </sequence>
    </complexType>
   </element>
   <element name="distributionInfo" minOccurs="0">
   <complexType>
    <sequence>
     <element ref="gmmp:MD_Distribution" />
    </sequence>
   </complexType>
   </element>
   <element name="dataQualityInfo" minOccurs="0">
   <complexType>
    <sequence>
     <element ref="gmmp:DQ_DataQuality" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </sequence>
   </complexType>
   </element>
  </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <!-- =========== MD_Identification ==========================
 <element name="MD_Identification" type="gmmp:MD_Identification" abstract="true" />
 <complexType name="MD_Identification" abstract="true">
  <sequence>
  <element name="citation" type="gmmp:CI_Citation" />
```

```
<element name="abstract" type="string" />
   <element name="purpose" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
   <element name="credit" type="string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
   <element name="pointOfContact" type="gmmp:CI_ResponsibleParty" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
   <element name="resourceMaintenance" minOccurs="0">
    <complexType>
     <sequence>
     <element ref="gmmp:MD_MaintenanceInformation" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     </sequence>
    </complexType>
   </element>
   <element name="resourceConstraints" minOccurs="0">
    <complexType>
     <sequence>
     <element ref="gmmp:MD_Constraints" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     </sequence>
    </complexType>
   </element>
  </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <!-- =========== MD DataIdentification ======================
 <element name="MD_DataIdentification" type="gmmp:MD_DataIdentification" substitutionGroup="gmmp:MD_Identification" />
 <complexType name="MD_DataIdentification">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gmmp:MD Identification">
    <sequence>
     <element name="spatialRepresentationType" type="gmmp:MD_SpatialRepresentationTypeCode" minOccurs="0"</p>
maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     <element name="spatialResolution" type="gmmp:MD_Resolution" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     <element name="language" type="string" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     <element name="characterSet" type="gmmp:MD_CharacterSetCode" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     <element name="topicCategory" type="gmmp:MD_TopicCategoryCode" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     <element name="extent" type="gmmp:EX_Extent" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
 <element name="MD_RepresentativeFraction" type="gmmp:MD_RepresentativeFraction" />
 <complexType name="MD_RepresentativeFraction">
  <sequence>
   <element name="denominator" type="positiveInteger" />
  </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <!-- ========= MD_Resolution =========
 <element name="MD_Resolution" type="gmmp:MD_Resolution" />
 <complexType name="MD_Resolution">
  <sequence>
   <element name="equivalentScale" type="gmmp:MD_RepresentativeFraction" minOccurs="0" />
   <element name="distance" type="gmmp:Distance" minOccurs="0" />
 </sequence>
 </complexType>
                    ==== MD_Constraints ==
 <element name="MD_Constraints" type="gmmp:MD_Constraints" />
 <complexType name="MD_Constraints">
  <sequence>
   <element name="useLimitation" type="string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <element name="MD_LegalConstraints" type="gmmp:MD_LegalConstraints" substitutionGroup="gmmp:MD_Constraints" />
 <complexType name="MD_LegalConstraints">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gmmp:MD_Constraints">
    <seguence>
     <element name="accessConstraints" type="gmmp:MD_RestrictionCode" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     <element name="useConstraints" type="gmmp:MD_RestrictionCode" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     <element name="otherConstraints" type="string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
```

```
<!-- ========== DQ_DataQuality ==============================
<element name="DQ_DataQuality" type="gmmp:DQ_DataQuality" />
<complexType name="DQ_DataQuality">
 <sequence>
 <element name="scope" type="gmmp:DQ_Scope" />
 <element name="lineage">
  <complexType>
   <sequence>
    <element ref="gmmp:LI_Lineage" />
   </sequence>
  </complexType>
  </element>
</sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- =========== LI_Lineage =========== -->
<element name="LI_Lineage" type="gmmp:LI_Lineage" />
<complexType name="LI_Lineage">
<sequence>
 <element name="statement" type="string" />
</sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- ========= DQ Scope ============ -->
<element name="DQ_Scope" type="gmmp:DQ_Scope" />
<complexType name="DQ_Scope">
<sequence>
 <element name="level" type="gmmp:MD_ScopeCode" />
</sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- ========= MD MaintenanceInformation =========== -->
<element name="MD_MaintenanceInformation" type="gmmp:MD_MaintenanceInformation" />
<complexType name="MD_MaintenanceInformation">
<sequence>
 <element name="maintenanceAndUpdateFrequency" type="gmmp:MD_MaintenanceFrequencyCode" />
 </sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- =========== MD_ReferenceSystem =========================
<element name="MD_ReferenceSystem" type="gmmp:MD_ReferenceSystem" />
<complexType name="MD_ReferenceSystem">
<seguence>
 <element name="referenceSystemIdentifier" type="gmmp:RS_Identifier" minOccurs="0" />
</sequence>
</complexType>
           ===== MD_CRS ====
<element name="MD_CRS" type="gmmp:MD_CRS" substitutionGroup="gmmp:MD_ReferenceSystem" />
<complexType name="MD_CRS">
 <complexContent>
 <extension base="gmmp:MD_ReferenceSystem">
  <sequence>
   <element name="projection" type="gmmp:RS_Identifier" minOccurs="0" />
   <element name="ellipsoid" type="gmmp:RS_Identifier" minOccurs="0" />
   <element name="datum" type="gmmp:RS_Identifier" minOccurs="0" />
  </sequence>
 </extension>
 </complexContent>
</complexType>
<element name="MD_Identifier" type="gmmp:MD_Identifier" />
<complexType name="MD_Identifier">
 <sequence>
 <element name="authority" type="gmmp:CI_Citation" minOccurs="0" />
 <element name="code" type="string" />
</sequence>
</complexType>
<element name="RS_Identifier" type="gmmp:RS_Identifier" substitutionGroup="gmmp:MD_Identifier" />
<complexType name="RS_Identifier">
<complexContent>
 <extension base="gmmp:MD_Identifier">
  <sequence>
```

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```
<element name="codeSpace" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
    <element name="version" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
  </sequence>
  </extension>
 </complexContent>
</complexType>
<!-- ============ MD_Distribution ============= -->
<element name="MD_Distribution" type="gmmp:MD_Distribution" />
<complexType name="MD_Distribution">
 <sequence>
  <element name="distributionFormat">
  <complexType>
   <sequence>
    <element ref="gmmp:MD_Format" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </sequence>
  </complexType>
  </element>
  <element name="transferOptions" minOccurs="0">
  <complexType>
   <sequence>
    <element ref="gmmp:MD_DigitalTransferOptions" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </sequence>
  </complexType>
 </element>
</sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- ========== MD_DigitalTransferOptions ============= -->
<element name="MD_DigitalTransferOptions" type="gmmp:MD_DigitalTransferOptions" />
<complexType name="MD_DigitalTransferOptions">
 <sequence>
 <element name="onLine" type="qmmp:CI OnlineResource" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  <element name="offLine" type="gmmp:MD_Medium" minOccurs="0" />
 </sequence>
</complexType>
                  ==== MD_Format ====
<element name="MD_Format" type="gmmp:MD_Format" />
<complexType name="MD_Format">
 <sequence>
 <element name="name" type="string" />
 <element name="version" type="string" />
 </sequence>
</complexType>
<element name="MD_Medium" type="gmmp:MD_Medium" />
<complexType name="MD_Medium">
 <sequence>
 <element name="name" type="gmmp:MD_MediumNameCode" minOccurs="0" />
 </sequence>
</complexType>
       GMMP Data Type Classes
<!-- Type EX_Extent Classes -->
      <element name="EX_Extent" type="gmmp:EX_Extent" />
<complexType name="EX_Extent">
 <element name="description" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
  <element name="geographicElement" minOccurs="0">
  <complexType>
    <sequence>
    <element ref="gmmp:EX_GeographicExtent" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </sequence>
  </complexType>
  </element>
  <element name="temporalElement" minOccurs="0">
   <complexType>
   <sequence>
    <element ref="gmmp:EX_TemporalExtent" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </sequence>
```

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```
</complexType>
   </element>
   <element name="verticalElement" minOccurs="0">
    <complexType>
     <seauence>
      <element ref="gmmp:EX_VerticalExtent" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
     </sequence>
    </complexType>
   </element>
  </sequence>
 </complexType>
                    ==== EX_GeographicExtent ====
 <element name="EX GeographicExtent" type="gmmp:EX GeographicExtent" abstract="true" />
 <complexType name="EX_GeographicExtent" abstract="true">
  <sequence>
   <element name="extentTypeCode" type="boolean" minOccurs="0" />
  </sequence>
 </complexType>
                       === EX_GeographicBoundingBox ==
<element name="EX_GeographicBoundingBox" type="gmmp:EX_GeographicBoundingBox"</p>
substitutionGroup="gmmp:EX_GeographicExtent" />
 <complexType name="EX_GeographicBoundingBox">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gmmp:EX_GeographicExtent">
    <sequence>
     <element name="westBoundLongitude" type="gmmp:approximateLongitude" />
     <element name="eastBoundLongitude" type="gmmp:approximateLongitude" />
<element name="southBoundLatitude" type="gmmp:approximateLatitude" />
     <element name="northBoundLatitude" type="gmmp:approximateLatitude" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
                     ==== EX_GeographicDescription ======
 <element name="EX_GeographicDescription" type="gmmp:EX_GeographicDescription"</p>
substitutionGroup="gmmp:EX_GeographicExtent" />
 <complexType name="EX_GeographicDescription">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gmmp:EX_GeographicExtent">
    <sequence>
     <element name="geographicIdentifier" type="gmmp:MD_Identifier" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
                     ==== EX_TemporalExtent ===
 <element name="EX_TemporalExtent" type="gmmp:EX_TemporalExtent" />
 <complexType name="EX_TemporalExtent">
 <sequence>
   <element name="extent" type="gmmp:TimeDuration" />
  </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <!-- ========== EX VerticalExtent ============= -->
 <element name="EX_VerticalExtent" type="gmmp:EX_VerticalExtent" />
 <complexType name="EX_VerticalExtent">
  <sequence>
   <element name="minimumValue" type="decimal" />
<element name="maximumValue" type="decimal" />
   <element name="unitOfMeasure" type="gmmp:UomLength" />
   <element name="verticalDatum">
    <complexType>
     <sequence>
      <element ref="gmmp:SC_VerticalDatum" />
     </sequence>
    </complexType>
   </element>
  </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <!-- Class SC_VerticalDatum -->
 <element name="SC_VerticalDatum" type="gmmp:SC_VerticalDatum" />
 <complexType name="SC_VerticalDatum">
  <sequence>
```

```
<element name="datumID" type="gmmp:RS_Identifier" />
 </sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- Type CI_Citation Classes -->
              ===== CI_Citation =====
<element name="CI_Citation" type="gmmp:CI_Citation" />
<complexType name="CI_Citation">
 <sequence>
 <element name="title" type="string" />
 <element name="date" type="gmmp:CI_Date" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
 <element name="edition" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
<element name="editionDate" type="date" minOccurs="0" />
</sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- Type CI_ResponsibleParty Classes -->
         <element name="CI_ResponsibleParty" type="gmmp:CI_ResponsibleParty" />
<complexType name="CI_ResponsibleParty">
<sequence>
 <element name="organisationName" type="string" />
  <element name="contactInfo" type="gmmp:CI_Contact" minOccurs="0" />
  <element name="role" type="gmmp:CI_RoleCode" />
 </sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- ========== CI_Address =========== -->
<element name="CI_Address" type="gmmp:CI_Address" />
<complexType name="CI_Address">
 <sequence>
 <element name="deliveryPoint" type="string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
 <element name="city" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
  <element name="administrativeArea" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
 <element name="postalCode" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
<element name="country" type="gmmp:CI_CountryCode" minOccurs="0" />
 <element name="electronicMailAddress" type="string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
 </sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- =========== CI_Contact =========== -->
<element name="CI_Contact" type="gmmp:CI_Contact" />
<complexType name="CI_Contact">
<sequence>
  <element name="phone" type="gmmp:CI_Telephone" minOccurs="0" />
 <element name="address" type="gmmp:CI_Address" minOccurs="0" />
<element name="onlineResource" type="gmmp:CI_OnlineResource" minOccurs="0" />
  <element name="hoursOfService" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
  <element name="contactInstructions" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
 </sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- ============ CI_Date ============ -->
<element name="CI_Date" type="gmmp:CI_Date" />
<complexType name="CI_Date">
 <sequence>
  <element name="date" type="date" />
 <element name="dateType" type="gmmp:CI_DateTypeCode" />
</sequence>
</complexType>
              ====== CI_OnlineResource ========
<element name="CI_OnlineResource" type="gmmp:CI_OnlineResource" />
<complexType name="CI_OnlineResource">
<sequence>
  <element name="linkage" type="anyURI" />
  <element name="description" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
</sequence>
</complexType>
<!-- ========== CI_Telephone ============ -->
<element name="CI_Telephone" type="gmmp:CI_Telephone" />
<complexType name="CI_Telephone">
 <element name="voice" type="string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
 <element name="facsimile" type="string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
 </sequence>
```

```
</complexType>
 <!--
______
       GMMP Constraint types Classes
<element name="TimeDuration" type="gmmp:TimeDuration" />
 <complexType name="TimeDuration">
 <sequence>
  <element name="beginEnd" type="gmmp:startEndTime" />
 </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <element name="startEndTime" type="gmmp:startEndTime" />
 <complexType name="startEndTime">
 <sequence>
  <element name="begin" type="date" />
  <element name="end" type="date" />
 </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <element name="approximateLongitude" type="gmmp:approximateLongitude" />
 <simpleType name="approximateLongitude">
 <restriction base="decimal">
  <minInclusive value="-180.0" />
  <maxInclusive value="180.0" />
 </restriction>
 </simpleType>
 <element name="approximateLatitude" type="gmmp:approximateLatitude" />
 <simpleType name="approximateLatitude">
 <restriction base="decimal">
  <minInclusive value="-90.0" />
  <maxInclusive value="90.0" />
 </restriction>
 </simpleType>
<!--
_____
       GMMP Conceptual Schema Language Classes
 <!-- Measure Classes -->
 <complexType name="Distance">
 <complexContent>
  <extension base="gmmp:Measure" />
 </complexContent>
 </complexType>
 <complexType name="Measure">
 <sequence>
  <element name="value" type="decimal" />
  <element name="uom">
   <complexType>
    <sequence>
     <element name="UnitOfMeasure" type="gmmp:UnitOfMeasure" />
    </sequence>
   </complexType>
  </element>
 </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <!-- Units of Measure-->
 <complexType name="UnitOfMeasure">
  <sequence>
  <element name="name" type="string" />
  <element name="measurementType" type="string" minOccurs="0" />
 </sequence>
 </complexType>
 <complexType name="UomLength">
  <complexContent>
  <extension base="gmmp:UnitOfMeasure" />
 </complexContent>
 </complexType>
```

```
<!--
______
        GMMP Code Lists
<!-- CodeList CI_DateTypeCode -->
<element name="CI_DateTypeCode" type="gmmp:CI_DateTypeCode" />
<simpleType name="CI_DateTypeCode">
 <restriction base="xs:string">
  <enumeration value="001" />
  <enumeration value="002" />
  <enumeration value="003" />
 </restriction>
</simpleType>
<!-- CodeList CI_RoleCode -->
<element name="CI_RoleCode" type="gmmp:CI_RoleCode" />
<simpleType name="CI_RoleCode">
 <restriction base="xs:string">
  <enumeration value="001" />
  <enumeration value="002" />
   <enumeration value="003" />
   <enumeration value="004" />
  <enumeration value="005" />
   <enumeration value="006" />
   <enumeration value="007" />
   <enumeration value="008" />
   <enumeration value="009" />
  <enumeration value="010" />
   <enumeration value="011" />
 </restriction>
</simpleType>
<!-- CodeList MD_CharacterSetCode -->
<element name="MD_CharacterSetCode" type="gmmp:MD_CharacterSetCode" />
<simpleType name="MD_CharacterSetCode">
 <restriction base="xs:string">
  <enumeration value="004" />
 </restriction>
</simpleType>
<!-- CodeList MD_MaintenanceFrequencyCode -->
<element name="MD_MaintenanceFrequencyCode" type="gmmp:MD_MaintenanceFrequencyCode" />
<simpleType name="MD_MaintenanceFrequencyCode">
 <restriction base="xs:string">
  <enumeration value="008" />
  <enumeration value="009" />
   <enumeration value="010" />
  <enumeration value="011" />
  <enumeration value="012" />
 </restriction>
</simpleType>
<!-- CodeList MD_MediumNameCode -->
<element name="MD_MediumNameCode" type="gmmp:MD_MediumNameCode" />
<simpleType name="MD_MediumNameCode">
 <restriction base="xs:string">
  <enumeration value="001" />
   <enumeration value="002" />
  <enumeration value="003" />
 </restriction>
</simpleType>
<!-- CodeList MD_RestrictionCode -->
<element name="MD_RestrictionCode" type="gmmp:MD_RestrictionCode" />
<simpleType name="MD_RestrictionCode">
 <restriction base="xs:string">
  <enumeration value="001" />
   <enumeration value="002" />
   <enumeration value="003" />
  <enumeration value="004" />
   <enumeration value="005" />
   <enumeration value="006" />
   <enumeration value="007" />
  <enumeration value="008" />
  </restriction>
```

Global Map Specifications

```
</simpleType>
<!-- CodeList MD_ScopeCode -->
 <element name="MD_ScopeCode" type="gmmp:MD_ScopeCode" />
 <simpleType name="MD_ScopeCode">
 <restriction base="xs:string">
   <enumeration value="005" />
 </restriction>
 </simpleType>
 <!-- CodeList MD_SpatialRepresentationTypeCode -->
<= "Codected wib_operationTypeCode" />
<element name="MD_SpatialRepresentationTypeCode" type="gmmp:MD_SpatialRepresentationTypeCode" />
<simpleType name="MD_SpatialRepresentationTypeCode">
 <restriction base="xs:string">
   <enumeration value="001" />
   <enumeration value="002" />
  </restriction>
 </simpleType>
<!-- Enumeration MD_TopicCategoryCode --> <element name="MD_TopicCategoryCode" />
 <simpleType name="MD_TopicCategoryCode">
 <restriction base="xs:string">
  <enumeration value="001" />
   <enumeration value="002" />
   <enumeration value="003" />
   <enumeration value="004" />
   <enumeration value="005" />
   <enumeration value="006" />
   <enumeration value="007" />
   <enumeration value="008" />
   <enumeration value="009" />
   <enumeration value="010" />
   <enumeration value="011" />
   <enumeration value="012" />
   <enumeration value="013" />
   <enumeration value="014" />
   <enumeration value="015" />
   <enumeration value="016" />
   <enumeration value="017" />
   <enumeration value="018" />
   <enumeration value="019" />
 </restriction>
 </simpleType>
</schema>
```

Annex G.D (informative)

Implementation examples

The XML schema for Global Map Metadata Profile is created based on ISO 19139 (which defines the XML Schema implementation of ISO19115)

```
<!-- Sample metadata for Global Map metadata -->
<MD_Metadata xmlns="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMMP_MetadataSchema"
xmlns:gmmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMMP_MetadataSchema" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMMP_MetadataSchema gmmp.xsd">
 <fileIdentifier>Global Map Sample Metadata</fileIdentifier>
 <language>en</language>
 <characterSet>004</characterSet>
 <contact>
  <CI_ResponsibleParty>
   <organisationName>Secretariat of ISCGM</organisationName>
   <contactInfo>
    <CI_Contact>
     <phone>
      <CI_Telephone>
       <voice>81 29 864 6910</voice>
       <facsimile>81 29 864 6923</facsimile>
      </CI_Telephone>
     </phone>
     <address>
      <CI_Address>
       <deliveryPoint>Kitasato 1</deliveryPoint>
       <city>Tsukuba</city>
       <administrativeArea>lbaraki</administrativeArea>
       <postalCode>305-0811</postalCode>
       <country>Japan</country>
       <electronicMailAddress>sec@iscgm.org</electronicMailAddress>
      </CI_Address>
     </address>
     <onlineResource>
      <CI_OnlineResource>
       <linkage>http://www.iscgm.org</linkage>
      </CI_OnlineResource>
     </onlineResource>
    </CI_Contact>
   </contactInfo>
   <role>002</role>
  </CI_ResponsibleParty>
 </contact>
 <dateStamp>2009-10-25</dateStamp>
 <metadataStandardName>ISO 19115 Global Map Metadata Profile</metadataStandardName>
 <metadataStandardVersion>1.0</metadataStandardVersion>
 <referenceSystemInfo>
  <MD CRS>
   ction>
    <RS_Identifier>
     <code>Geographic</code>
    </RS_Identifier>
   </projection>
   <elipsoid>
    <RS Identifier>
     <code>GRS80</code>
     <codeSpace>Geodetic Reference System 1980</codeSpace>
    </RS_Identifier>
   </elipsoid>
   <datum>
    <RS_Identifier>
     <code>ITRF94</code>
     <codeSpace>International Terrestrial Reference Frame</codeSpace>
    </RS_Identifier>
   </datum>
  </MD CRS>
 </referenceSystemInfo>
 <identificationInfo>
  <MD_DataIdentification>
```

```
<citation>
 <CI_Citation>
 <title>Global Map Sample Boundary layer</title>
  <date>
   <CI_Date>
   <date>2009-10-25</date>
   <dateType>002</dateType>
  </CI_Date>
 </date>
  <edition>Version 1.0</edition>
</CI Citation>
</citation>
<abstract>Global Map Sample layer is one layer of the Global Map A. etc. etc.etc. </abstract>
<credit>Secretariat of ISCGM</credit>
<pointOfContact>
 <CI_ResponsibleParty>
  <organisationName>Secretariat of ISCGM</organisationName>
  <contactInfo>
   <CI_Contact>
   <phone>
    .
<CI_Telephone>
      <voice>81 29 864 6910</voice>
      <facsimile>81 29 864 6923</facsimile>
    </CI Telephone>
   </phone>
    <address>
    <CI_Adress>
      <deliveryPoint>Kitasato 1</deliveryPoint>
      <city>Tsukuba</city>
      <administrativeArea>lbaraki</administrativeArea>
      <postalCode>305-0811/postalCode>
      .
<country>Japan</country>
      <electronicMailAddress>sec@iscgm.org</electronicMailAddress>
    </CI_Adress>
   </address>
   <onlineResource>
    <CI_OnlineResource>
     <linkage>http://www.iscgm.org</linkage>
    </CI_OnlineResource>
   </onlineResource>
   </CI_Contact>
  </contactInfo>
 <role>007</role>
</CI_ResponsibleParty>
</pointOfContact>
<re>ourceConstraint>
<MD_LegalConstraints>
  <useLimitation>This data is suitable in smaller scales than 1 to 1,000,000</useLimitation>
 <useConstraints>001</useConstraints>
</MD LegalConstraints>
</resourceConstraint>
<spatialRepresentationType>001</spatialRepresentationType>
<spatialResolution>
<MD_Resolution>
  <equivalentScale>
   <MD_RepresentativeFraction>
   <denominator>1000000</denominator>
   </MD_RepresentativeFraction>
  </equivalentScale>
</MD_Resolution>
</spatialResolution>
<language>en</language>
<topicCategory>003</topicCategory>
<extent>
<EX_Extent>
  <description>This dataset covers ABC country</description>
  <geographicElement>
  <EX_GeographicBoundingBox>
   <westBoundingLongitude>129.0
   <eastBoundingLongitude>141.0</eastBoundingLongitude>
   <southBoundingLatitude>-38.5</southBoundingLatitude>
   <northBoundingLatitude>-25.5</northBoundingLatitude>
   </EX_GeographicBoundingBox>
  </geographicElement>
</EX Extent>
</extent>
```

Global Map Specifications

```
</MD_DataIdentification>
 </identificationInfo>
 <distributionInfo>
  <MD_Distribution>
<distributionFormat>
    <MD_Format>
      <name>Global Map GML Schema</name>
     <version>1.0</version>
    </MD_Format>
   </distributionFormat>
   <transferOptions>
    <MD_DigitalTransferOptions>
      <onLine>
       <CI_OnlineResource>
       <inkage>http://www.iscgm.org</linkage>
</CI_OnlineResource>
      </onLine>
      <offLine>
       <MD_Medium>
<name>001</name>
       </MD_Medium>
   </ordinal/publications/
</ordinal/publications/
</ordinal/publications/
</or>
  </MD_Distribution>
 </distributionInfo>
 <dataQualityInfo>
  <DQ_DataQuality>
   <scope>
     <level>005</level>
    </DQ_Scope>
   </scope>
   eineage>
    <LI_Lineage>
     <statement>Source Data History: ABCs were sourced from the official map DEF.</statement>
    </LI_Lineage>
   </lineage>
  </DQ_DataQuality>
</dataQualityInfo>
</MD_Metadata>
```

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APPENDIX H GML Documents

The following are GML schemas for Global Map data (Global Map GML profile) and sample GML instances. These schemas specify the structure and contents of each feature class of Global Map vector data. Each feature data must be prepared in accordance with the corresponding schema.

GML Schema - Airport (point data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="airp" type="gmp:airpType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="airpType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="iko">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="4" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="ita">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="nam" type="string" />
     <element name="use">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="4" />
        <enumeration value="8" />
        <enumeration value="22" />
        <enumeration value="23" />
        <enumeration value="999" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="zv3" type="integer" />
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:pointProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema - Railroad Station (point data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="rail" type="gmp:railType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="railType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="exs">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="2" />
        <enumeration value="5" />
        <enumeration value="28" />
        <enumeration value="55" />
        <enumeration value="59" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="fco">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="2" />
        <enumeration value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="loc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="4" />
        <enumeration value="8" />
        <enumeration value="25" />
        <enumeration value="999" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:curveProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema – Port (point data)

```
<complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="nam" type="string" />
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:pointProperty" />
    </sequence>
  </extension>
 </complexContent>
</complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema - Railroad (edge data)

<enumeration value="999" />

</restriction>

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2" xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"</p>
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO 19136 Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="raill" type="gmp:raillType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="railIType">
  <complexContent>
    <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
     <sequence>
      <element name="f_code">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="string">
         <length value="5" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element name="exs">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="integer">
         <enumeration value="2" />
         <enumeration value="5" />
         <enumeration value="28" />
         <enumeration value="55" />
         <enumeration value="59" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element name="fco">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="integer">
         <enumeration value="0" />
         <enumeration value="2" />
         <enumeration value="3" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element name="loc">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="integer">
         <enumeration value="0" />
         <enumeration value="4" />
         <enumeration value="8" />
         <enumeration value="25" />
```

```
</simpleType>
</element>
<element name="soc">
<simpleType>
<restriction base="string">
<length value="3" />
</restriction>
</simpleType>
</element>
<element ref="gml:curveProperty" />
</sequence>
</extension>
</complexContent>
</complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema - Road (edge data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="roadl" type="gmp:roadlType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="roadIType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="acc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="1" />
        <enumeration value="2" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="exs">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="2" />
        <enumeration value="5" />
        <enumeration value="28" />
        <enumeration value="55" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="rst">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="1" />
        <enumeration value="2" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="med">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="1" />
        <enumeration value="2" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="rtt">
      <simpleType>
```

```
<restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="14" />
        <enumeration value="15" />
        <enumeration value="16" />
        <enumeration value="999" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="rsu">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="1" />
        <enumeration value="2" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="loc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="4" />
        <enumeration value="8" />
        <enumeration value="25" />
        <enumeration value="999" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:curveProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
 </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema - Trail and Tracks Line (edge data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="traill" type="gmp:traillType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="trailIType">
  <complexContent>
    <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
     <sequence>
      <element name="f_code">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="string">
          <length value="5" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element name="exs">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="integer">
          <enumeration value="2" />
          <enumeration value="5" />
         <enumeration value="28" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element name="soc">
       <simpleType>
```

```
<restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:curveProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema – Ferry route (edge data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="ferryl" type="gmp:ferrylType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="ferrylType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="tuc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="3" />
        <enumeration value="4" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:curveProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema – Political Boundary (point data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
<import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="polbndp" type="gmp:polbndpType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="polbndpType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
```

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```
</simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="nam" type="string" />
     <element name="coc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="laa" type="string" />
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="adm_code" type="string" />
     <element name="salb" type="string" />
     <element ref="gml:pointProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema - Coast Line (edge data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="coastl" type="gmp:coastlType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="coastlType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
     <sequence>
      <element name="f_code">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="string">
         <length value="5" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element name="acc">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="integer">
         <enumeration value="0" />
         <enumeration value="1" />
         <enumeration value="2" />
         <enumeration value="3" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element name="exs">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="integer">
         <enumeration value="0" />
         <enumeration value="1" />
         <enumeration value="3" />
         <enumeration value="44" />
         <enumeration value="46" />
         <enumeration value="55" />
         <enumeration value="60" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element name="soc">
       <simpleType>
```

<restriction base="string"> <length value="3" />

GML Schema – Political Boundary Line (edge data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="polbndl" type="gmp:polbndlType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="polbndlType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="bst">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="1" />
        <enumeration value="2" />
        <enumeration value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="use">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="23" />
        <enumeration value="26" />
        <enumeration value="30" />
        <enumeration value="39" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:curveProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema – Political Boundary Area (face data)

```
<complexType name="polbndaType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="nam" type="string" />
     <element name="coc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="laa" type="string" />
<element name="pop" type="integer" />
     <element name="ypc" type="integer" />
     <element name="adm_code" type="string" />
     <element name="salb" type="string" />
     <element ref="gml:surfaceProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema – Miscellaneous (Dam/Weir/Island/Spring/Water-Hole) (point data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="miscp" type="gmp:miscpType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="miscpType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:pointProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

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GML Schema - Miscellaneous (Dam/Weir) (edge data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"</pre>
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO 19136 Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="miscl" type="gmp:misclType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="misclType">
  <complexContent>
    <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
     <sequence>
      <element name="f_code">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="string">
          <length value="5" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element name="soc">
       <simpleType>
        <restriction base="string">
          <length value="3" />
        </restriction>
       </simpleType>
      </element>
      <element ref="gml:curveProperty" />
     </sequence>
    </extension>
   </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema - Aqueduct/Canal/Flume/Penstock (edge data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="aquel" type="gmp:aquelType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="aquelType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
       <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="exs">
       <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="1" />
        <enumeration value="5" />
        <enumeration value="6" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:curveProperty" />
```

```
</sequence>
</extension>
</complexContent>
</complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema – Water Course (edge data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema"
targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="riverl" type="gmp:riverlType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
 <complexType name="riverlType">
  <complexContent>
   <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
    <sequence>
     <element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="hyc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="6" />
        <enumeration value="8" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="lit">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="1" />
        <enumeration value="2" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="nam" type="string" />
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:curveProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema – Inland Water (face data)

```
<element name="f_code">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="5" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="hyc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="6" />
        <enumeration value="8" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="hyt">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="integer">
        <enumeration value="0" />
        <enumeration value="1" />
        <enumeration value="4" />
        <enumeration value="7" />
        <enumeration value="10" />
        <enumeration value="13" />
        <enumeration value="16" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element name="nam" type="string" />
     <element name="soc">
      <simpleType>
       <restriction base="string">
        <length value="3" />
       </restriction>
      </simpleType>
     </element>
     <element ref="gml:surfaceProperty" />
    </sequence>
   </extension>
  </complexContent>
 </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema – Built-up Area (point data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2" xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" />
 <element name="builtupp" type="gmp:builtuppType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" />
  <complexType name="builtuppType">
   <complexContent>
    <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
      <sequence>
       <element name="f code">
         <simpleType>
          <restriction base="string">
           <length value="5" />
          </restriction>
         </simpleType>
       </element>
       <element name="pop" type="integer" />
<element name="ypc" type="integer" />
       <element name="nam" type="string" />
       <element name="soc">
         <simpleType>
          <restriction base="string">
           <length value="3" />
          </restriction>
        </simpleType>
       </element>
```

```
<element ref="gml:pointProperty" />
    </sequence>
    </extension>
    </complexContent>
    </complexType>
</schema>
```

GML Schema - Built-up Area (face data)

```
<schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</p>
xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" targetNamespace="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified">
 <import namespace="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/ISO_19136_Schemas/gml.xsd" /> <element name="builtupa" type="gmp:builtupaType" substitutionGroup="gml:AbstractFeature" /> <complexType name="builtupaType">
   <complexContent>
    <extension base="gml:AbstractFeatureType">
      <sequence>
       <element name="f_code">
        <simpleType>
          <restriction base="string">
           <length value="5" />
          </restriction>
        </simpleType>
       </element>
       <element name="pop" type="integer" />
       <element name="ypc" type="integer" />
<element name="nam" type="string" />
       <element name="soc">
        <simpleType>
          <restriction base="string">
           <length value="3" />
          </restriction>
        </simpleType>
       </element>
       <element ref="gml:surfaceProperty" />
      </sequence>
    </extension>
   </complexContent>
  </complexType>
</schema>
```

<gml:FeatureCollection xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2" xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"</p>

Sample Data - Airport (point data)

```
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema airp.xsd">
 <gml:boundedBy>
  <gml:Envelope srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
   <gml:lowerCorner>24.0606 122.9754/gml:lowerCorner>
   <gml:upperCorner>45.4517 144.9584/gml:upperCorner>
  </gml:Envelope>
 </gml:boundedBy>
 <gml:featureMember>
  <gmp:airp gml:id="airp_jpn.1">
   <gmp:f_code>GB005/gmp:f_code>
   <gmp:iko>RJCR</gmp:iko>
   <gmp:ita>RBJ/gmp:ita>
   <gmp:nam>REBUN</gmp:nam>
   <gmp:use>4</gmp:use>
   <gmp:zv3>27/gmp:zv3>
   <gmp:soc>JPN</gmp:soc>
   <gml:pointProperty>
    <gml:Point srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
     <gml:pos>45.4517 141.0417
    </gml:Point>
   </gml:pointProperty>
  </gmp:airp>
 </gml:featureMember>
 <gml:featureMember>
  <gmp:airp gml:id="airp_jpn.2">
   <gmp:f_code>GB005/gmp:f_code>
   <gmp:iko>RJCW</gmp:iko>
   <gmp:ita>WKJ</gmp:ita>
   <gmp:nam>WAKKANAI</gmp:nam>
   <gmp:use>4</gmp:use>
   <gmp:zv3>8</gmp:zv3>
   <gmp:soc>JPN</gmp:soc>
   <gml:pointProperty>
    <gml:Point srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
     <gml:pos>45.4029 141.8080/gml:pos>
    </gml:Point>
   </gml:pointProperty>
  </gmp:airp>
 </gml:featureMember>
 <gml:featureMember>
  <gmp:airp gml:id="airp_jpn.3">
   <gmp:f_code>GB005</gmp:f_code>
   <gmp:iko>RJER</gmp:iko>
   <gmp:ita>RIS/gmp:ita>
   <gmp:nam>RISHIRI IS.</gmp:nam>
   <gmp:use>4</gmp:use>
   <gmp:zv3>30</gmp:zv3>
   <gmp:soc>JPN</gmp:soc>
   <gml:pointProperty>
    <gml:Point srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
     <gml:pos>45.2360 141.1903/gml:pos>
    </gml:Point>
   </gml:pointProperty>
  </gmp:airp>
 </gml:featureMember>
</gml:FeatureCollection>
```

Sample Data – Coastline (edge data)

```
<qml:featureMember>
  <gmp:coastl gml:id="coastl_jpn.1">
   <gmp:f_code>BA010/gmp:f_code>
   <gmp:acc>1</gmp:acc>
   <gmp:exs>1</gmp:exs>
<gmp:soc>JPN</gmp:soc>
   <gml:curveProperty>
    <gml:LineString srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
     <gml:posList>45.4762 140.9649 45.4770 140.9704 45.4795 140.9705 45.4794 140.9686 45.4793 140.9666 45.4805 140.9645
45.4779 140.9629 45.4762 140.9649</gml:posList>
    </gml:LineString>
   </gml:curveProperty>
  </gmp:coastl>
 </gml:featureMember>
 <gml:featureMember>
  <gmp:coastl gml:id="coastl_jpn.2">
   <gmp:f_code>BA010/gmp:f_code>
   <qmp:acc>1</qmp:acc>
   <gmp:exs>1</gmp:exs>
   <gmp:soc>JPN</gmp:soc>
   <gml:curveProperty>
    <gml:LineString srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
     <gml:posList>45.4033 142.0509 45.4181 142.0357 45.4199 142.0349 45.4266 142.0333 45.4314 142.0356 45.4373 142.0253
45.4431 142.0243 45.4487 142.0239 45.4554 142.0173 45.4581 142.0080 45.4613 142.0031 45.4613 141.9988 45.4621
141.9968</gml:posList>
    </gml:LineString>
   </gml:curveProperty>
  </gmp:coastl>
 </gml:featureMember>
 <gml:featureMember>
  <gmp:coastl gml:id="coastl_jpn.3">
   <gmp:f_code>BA010/gmp:f_code>
   <qmp:acc>1
   <gmp:exs>1</gmp:exs>
   <gmp:soc>JPN</gmp:soc>
   <gml:curveProperty>
    <qml:LineString srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
     <gml:posList>45.4371 140.9968 45.4424 140.9899 45.4424 140.9887 45.4465 140.9856 45.4488 140.9848 45.4513 140.9811
45.4549 140.9799 45.4576 140.9751 45.4633 140.9696 45.4646 140.9679 45.4596 140.9670 45.4536 140.9695 45.4529 140.9745
45.4477 140.9773 45.4424 140.9725 45.4394 140.9671 45.4363 140.9832 45.4275 140.9940 45.4199 140.99400 45.4183 140.9906
45.4170\ 140.9864\ 45.4159\ 140.9836\ 45.4146\ 140.9873\ 45.4115\ 140.9861\ 45.4122\ 140.9905\ 45.4072\ 140.9915\ 45.4067\ 140.9906
45.4041 140.9886 45.4017 140.9870 45.3991 140.9864 45.3956 140.9873 45.3919 140.9896 45.3867 140.9906 45.3843 140.9835
45.3753 140.9867 45.3653 140.9936 45.3600 140.9968</gml:posList>
    </gml:LineString>
   </gml:curveProperty>
  </gmp:coastl>
 </gml:featureMember>
</gml:FeatureCollection>
```

Sample Data - Inland Water (face data)

<gml:LinearRing>

```
<gml:FeatureCollection xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2" xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"</p>
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:gmp="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema" xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.iscgm.org/spec/2.0/GMP_GMLSchema inwatera.xsd">
 <gml:boundedBy>
  <gml:Envelope srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
   <gml:lowerCorner>24.4227 124.2111/gml:lowerCorner>
   <gml:upperCorner>45.4334 147.2508
  </gml:Envelope>
 </aml:boundedBv>
 <gml:featureMember>
  <gmp:inwatera gml:id="inwatera_jpn.1">
   <gmp:f_code>BH000/gmp:f_code>
   <gmp:hyc>8</gmp:hyc>
   <gmp:hyt>4</gmp:hyt>
   <gmp:nam>KUSHU KO</gmp:nam>
   <amp:soc>JPN</amp:soc>
   <gml:surfaceProperty>
    <gml:Surface srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
      <gml:patches>
       <gml:PolygonPatch>
        <gml:exterior>
```

Global Map Specifications

```
<gml:posList>45.4269 141.0445 45.4269 141.0425 45.4283 141.0406 45.4334 141.0413 45.4329 141.0457 45.4315
141.0476 45.4287 141.0476 45.4269 141.0445</gml:posList>
        </gml:LinearRing>
       </gml:exterior>
     </gml:PolygonPatch>
</gml:patches>
    </gml:Surface>
   </gml:surfaceProperty>
  </gmp:inwatera>
 </gml:featureMember>
 <gml:featureMember>
 <gmp:inwatera gml:id="inwatera_jpn.2">
<gmp:f_code>BH000</gmp:f_code>
   <qmp:hyc>8</qmp:hyc>
   <gmp:hyt>4</gmp:hyt>
<gmp:nam>MEGUMA NUMA</gmp:nam>
   <gmp:soc>JPN</gmp:soc>
   <gml:surfaceProperty>
    <qml:Surface srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
     <gml:patches>
      <gml:PolygonPatch>
       <gml:exterior>
        <gml:LinearRing>
         <gml:posList>45.3982 141.8208 45.3991 141.8164 45.4024 141.8164 45.4038 141.8215 45.4033 141.8265 45.4005
141.8259 45.3987 141.8240 45.3982 141.8208</gml:posList>
        </gml:LinearRing>
       </gml:exterior>
      </gml:PolygonPatch>
     </gml:patches>
    </gml:Surface>
   </gml:surfaceProperty>
 </gmp:inwatera>
 </gml:featureMember>
 <gml:featureMember>
  <gmp:inwatera gml:id="inwatera_jpn.3">
   <gmp:f_code>BH000
   <gmp:hyc>8</gmp:hyc>
   <gmp:hty>4</gmp:hyt>
   <gmp:nam>O NUMA</gmp:nam>
   <gmp:soc>JPN</gmp:soc>
   <gml:surfaceProperty>
    <gml:Surface srsName="EPSG:4326" srsDimension="2">
     <gml:patches>
      -
<gml:PolygonPatch>
       <gml:exterior>
        <gml:LinearRing>
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