OEP-Dev 1.0.2-alpha

Novel methods for Quantum Chemistry of Extended Molecular Aggregates

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Chapter 1

GEFP-OEP

GEFP Project

The package is designed for quantum chemistry calculations Currently, the implemented methods are:

- Density Matrix Functional Theory
- Density-Based decomposition of Mandado and Hermida-Ramon

The tutorial is under preparation.

Installation

Installation prerequisites:

- Python 3.3 or newer
- NumPy module for Python, 1.16.3 or newer
- SciPy module for Python, 1.2.1 or newer
- Psi4 1.2.0 or newer
- OEP-Dev 1.0.3 or newer

To install the GEFP package type the following commands:

sudo python setup.py install

2 **GEFP-OEP**

Chapter 2

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Chapter 3

Introduction

Exploring biological phenomena at molecular scale is oftentimes indispensable to develop new drugs and intelligent materials.

Most of relevant system properties are affected by intermolecular interactions with nearby environment such as solvent or closely bound electronic chromophores. Studying such molecular aggregates requires rigorous and accurate quantum chemistry methods, the cost of which grows very fast with the number of electrons. Despite many methodologies have been devised to describe energetic and dynamical properties of **extended molecular systems** efficiently and accurately, there exist particularly difficult cases in which modelling is still challenging:

- · describing electronic transitions in solution or
- when coupled with other electronic transition via resonance energy transfer,
- performing molecular dynamics at very high level of theory including dynamic electron correlation,
- vibrational frequency calculations of particular normal mode in condensed phases

and so on. The reason behind (sometimes prohibitively) high costs of fully *ab initio* calculations in the above areas is the complexity of mathematical models often based on wave functions rather then (conceptually more straightforward) electronic densities. On the other hand, it has been pointed out before that the one-electron density distributions are of particular importance in chemistry. It can be thus utilized as a means of developing a general model that re-expresses the physics of intermolecular interactions in terms of effective one-electron functions that are easier to handle in practice.

This Project will focus on finding a unified way to simplify various equations of Quantum Chemistry of extended molecular systems, i.e., molecular aggregates such as interacting chromophores and molecules solvated by water and other solvents. Indeed, one of the important difficulties encountered in Quantum Chemistry of large systems is the need of evaluation of special kind of numbers known as *electron repulsion integrals*, or in short, ERI's. In a typical calculation, the amount of ERI's can be as high as tens or even hundreds of millions (!) that unfortunately prevents from application of conventional methods when the number of particles in question is too large. In the Project, the complicated expressions involving ERI's shall be greatly simplified to reduce the computational costs as much as possible while introducing no or minor approximations to the original theories.

6 Introduction

3.1 Research Project Methodology

In this Project the new theoretical protocol based on the one-electron effective potentials (OEP's) is developed. The main principle is to rewrite arbitrary sum of functions f of electron repulsion integrals (ERI's) by defining OEP's according to the following general prescription:

$$\begin{split} &\sum_{f} f\left[\left(\phi_{i}^{A}\phi_{j}^{A}||\phi_{k}^{B}\phi_{l}^{B}\right)\right] = \left(\phi_{i}^{A}|v_{kl}^{B}|\phi_{j}^{A}\right) \rightarrow \text{ point charge or density fitting} \\ &\sum_{f} f\left[\left(\phi_{i}^{A}\phi_{j}^{B}||\phi_{k}^{B}\phi_{l}^{B}\right)\right] = \left(\phi_{i}^{A}|v_{kl}^{B}|\phi_{j}^{B}\right) \rightarrow \text{ density fitting,} \end{split}$$

where A and B denote different molecules and ϕ_i is the i-th molecular orbital or basis function. Here, v_{kl}^B denotes the List of One-Electron Potentals ab initio "OEP matrix element". The technique described above will be applied to simplify expressions for

- short-range excitation energy transfer couplings between chlorophyll subunits of reaction centres in photosynthesis
- · Pauli interaction repulsion energy
- · charge-transfer interaction energy
- electric field-induced charge density polarization of molecules.

The above developments might be used in fragment-based *ab initio* molecular dynamics protocols of new generation.

3.2 Expected Impact on the Development of Science, Civilization and Society

The proposed OEP's are expected to significantly develop the fragment-based methods that are widely used in physical chemistry and modelling of biologically important systems. Owing to universality of OEP's, they could find applications in many branches of chemical science: non-empirical* molecular dynamics, short-range resonance energy transfer in photosynthesis, electronic and vibrational solvatochromism, multidimensional spectroscopy and so on. In particular:

- the OEP-based models of Pauli repulsion energy and charge-transfer (CT) energy could be used to improve the computational performance of the second generation effective fragment potential method (EFP2). At present, the CT term is very time consuming and due to this reasons it is not used in most of applications of EFP2 to perform molecular dynamics simulations.
- the OEP-based model of EET couplings could significantly improve modelling of energy transfer in the light harvesting complexes. At present, short-range phenomena (Dexter mechanisms of EET) are very difficult to efficiently and quantitatively asses when performing statistical averaging and applying to large molecular aggregates. Such Dexter effects could be computed by using OEP's in much more efficient manner without loosing high accuracy of parent TDFI-TI method.

3.3 The OEPDev Code 7

• the density matrix polarization (DMS) tensors could be used in new generation fragmentbased *ab initio* molecular dynamics protocols that rigorously take into consideration electron correlation effects.

Therefore, it is strongly believed that the OEP's could have an indirect impact on the design of novel drugs and materials for industry.

3.3 The OEPDev Code

To pursue the above challenges in the field of computational quantum chemistry of extended molecular aggregates, the OEPDev platform is developed. Accurate and efficient *ab initio* models based on OEP's are implemented in the OEPDev code, along with the state-of-the-art benchmark and competiting methods. Written entirely in C++, OEPDev is a plugin to Psi4 quantum chemistry package. Therefore, compilation and running the OEPDev code is straightforward and follows the API interface similar to the one used in Psi4 with just a few specific programing conventions. The detailed discussion about using the OEPDev code can be found in advanced usage section.

8 Introduction

Chapter 4

OEP Design.

OEP (One-Electron Potential) is associated with certain quantum one-electron operator \hat{v}^A that defines the ability of molecule A to interact in a particular way with other molecules.

Technically, OEP can be understood as a **container object** (associated with the molecule in question) that stores the information about the above mentioned quantum operator. Here, it is assumed that similar OEP object is also defined for all other molecules in a molecular aggregate.

In case of interaction between molecules A and B, OEP object of molecule A interacts directly with wavefunction object of the molecule B. Defining a Solver class that handles such interaction Wavefunction class and OEP class

the universal design of OEP-based approaches can be established and developed.

Important: OEP and Wavefunction classes should not be restricted to Hartree-Fock; in generall any correlated wavefunction and derived OEP's should be allowed to work with each other.

4.1 OEP Classes

There are many types of OEP's, but the underlying principle is the same and independent of the type of intermolecular interaction. Therefore, the OEP's should be implemented by using a multi-level class design. In turn, this design depends on the way OEP's enter the mathematical expressions, i.e., on the types of matrix elements of the one-electron effective operator \hat{v}^A .

4.1.1 Structure of possible OEP-based expressions and their unification

Structure of OEP-based mathematical expressions is listed below:

Туре	Matrix Element	Comment
Type 1	$\left(I \hat{v}^A J ight)$	$I \in A, J \in B$
Type 2	$\left(J \hat{v}^A L ight)$	$J,L\in B$

10 OEP Design.

In the above table, I, J and K indices correspond to basis functions or molecular orbitals. Basis functions can be primary or auxiliary OEP-specialized density-fitting. Depending on the type of function and matrix element, there are many subtypes of resulting matrix elements that differ in their dimensionality. Examples are given below:

Matrix Element	DF-based form	ESP-based form
$\left(\mu \hat{v}^{A[\mu]} \sigma ight)$	$\sum_{\iota \in A} v_{\mu \iota}^A S_{\iota \sigma}$	$\sum_{lpha\in A}q_lpha^{A[\mu]}V_{\mu\sigma}^{(lpha)}$
$\left(i \hat{v}^{A[i]} j ight)$	$\sum_{\iota \in A} v_{i\iota}^A S_{\iota j}$	$\sum_{lpha \in A} q_lpha^{A[i]} V_{ij}^{(lpha)}$
$\left(j \hat{v}^{A[i]} l ight)$	$\sum_{\iota\kappa\in A} S_{j\iota} v_{\iota\kappa}^{A[i]} S_{\kappa l}$	$\sum_{lpha \in A} q_lpha^{A[i]} V_{jl}^{(lpha)}$

In the formulae above, the OEP-part (stored by OEP instances) and the Solver-part (to be computed by the Solver) are separated. It is apparent that all OEP-parts have the form of 2nd- or 3rd-rank tensors with different class of axes (molecular orbitals, primary/auxiliary basis, atomic space). Therefore, they can be uniquely defined by a unified *tensor object* (storing double precision numbers) and unified *dimension object* storing the information of the axes classes.

In Psi4, a perfect candidate for the above is psi4::Tensor class declared in psi4/libthce/thce.h. Except from the numeric content its instances also store the information of the dimensions in a form of a vector of psi4::Dimension instances.

Another possibility is to use psi::Matrix objects, instead of psi4::Tensor objects, possibly putting them into a std::vector container in case there is more than two axes.

Chapter 5

List of One-Electron Potentals

Here I provide the list of OEP's that have been already derived within the scope of the OEPDev project.

Note

Add here a table with all the OEP types along with their symbols used in the OEPDev code (e.g., Murrell.etal-S1 etc).

5.1 Electrostatic Energy OEP's

For electrostatic energy calculations, OEP is simply the electrostatic potential due to nuclei and electrons.

3D form:

$$v(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{x} \frac{Z_{x}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_{x}|} + \sum_{\mu\nu \in A} P_{\nu\mu} \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\phi_{\mu}^{*}(\mathbf{r}')\phi_{\nu}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|}$$

Matrix form:

$$v_{ik} = \sum_{x \in A} Z_x V_{ik}^{(x)} + \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} P_{\nu \mu} \left(\mu \nu | ik \right)$$

5.2 Pauli Repulsion OEP's

The following potentials are derived for the evaluation of the Pauli repulsion energy based on Murrel's expressions.

5.2.1 First-order contribution in overlap matrix expansion.

This contribution is simply the electrostatic potential coming from all nuclei and electron density except* from electron density from molecular orbital i that interacts with the generalized overlap density between i of molecule A and j of molecule B.

3D forms:

$$v(\mathbf{r})_{S^{-1}}^{A[i]} = -\sum_{x \in A} \frac{Z_x}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_x|} + \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} \left\{ D_{\nu\mu} - C_{\mu i}^* C_{\nu i} \right\} \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\phi_{\mu}^*(\mathbf{r}') \phi_{\nu}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|}$$

Matrix forms:

$$v_{\xi i}(S^{-1}) = \sum_{\kappa \in A} C_{i\kappa} \left\{ -\sum_{x \in A} V_{\kappa \xi}^{(x)} + \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} \left\{ D_{\nu \mu} - C_{\mu i}^* C_{\nu i} \right\} (\mu \nu | \xi \kappa) \right\}$$

5.2.2 Second-order contribution in overlap matrix expansion.

To be added here!

5.3 Charge-Transfer Energy OEP's

To be added here!

5.4 Excitonic Energy Transfer OEP's

The following potentials are derived for the evaluation of the short-range EET couplings based on Fujimoto's TDFI-TI method.

5.4.1 ET contributions.

3D forms:

$$v(\mathbf{r})_{1}^{A[\mu]} = -C_{\mu L}^{*} \sum_{x \in A} \frac{Z_{x}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_{x}|} + \sum_{v \kappa \in A} \left\{ C_{\mu L}^{*} D_{v \kappa} - \frac{1}{2} C_{v L}^{*} D_{\mu \kappa} \right\} \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\phi_{v}^{*}(\mathbf{r}') \phi_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|}$$

$$v(\mathbf{r})_{2}^{A[\mu]} = C_{\kappa H} \sum_{v \kappa \in A} \left\{ 2C_{v L}^{*} C_{\mu H}^{*} - C_{v H}^{*} C_{\mu L}^{*} \right\} \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\phi_{v}^{*}(\mathbf{r}') \phi_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|}$$

$$v(\mathbf{r})_{3}^{A[\mu]} = v(\mathbf{r})_{1}^{A[\mu]} + v(\mathbf{r})_{1}^{A[\mu]}$$

Matrix forms:

$$\begin{split} v_{\mu\xi}(1) &= -C_{\mu L}^* \sum_{\kappa \in A} V_{\mu\xi}^{\kappa} + \sum_{\nu\kappa \in A} \left\{ C_{\mu L}^* D_{\nu\kappa} - \frac{1}{2} C_{\nu L}^* D_{\mu\kappa} \right\} (\nu\kappa | \mu\xi) \\ v_{\mu\xi}(2) &= C_{\kappa H} \sum_{\nu\kappa \in A} \left\{ 2 C_{\nu L}^* C_{\mu H}^* - C_{\nu H}^* C_{\mu L}^* \right\} (\nu\kappa | \mu\xi) \\ v_{\mu\xi}(3) &= v_{\mu\xi}(1) + v_{\mu\xi}(2) \end{split}$$

5.4.2 HT contributions.

Do be derived.

5.4.3 CT contributions.

To be derived.

5.5 Full HF Interaction OEP's

The following potentials are derived for the evaluation of the full Hartree-Fock interaction energy based on the OEPDev equations.

List	of	One-Electron	Potentals

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Density-fitting Specialized for OEP's

To get the ab-initio representation of a OEP, one can use a procedure similar to the typical density fitting or resolution of identity, both of which are nowadays widely used to compute electron-repulsion integrals (ERI's) more efficiently.

6.1 Fitting in Complete Space

An arbitrary one-electron potential of molecule A acting on any state vector associated with molecule A can be expanded in an auxiliary space centered on A as

$$v|i) = \sum_{\xi \eta} v|\xi) [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{\xi \eta} (\eta|i)$$

under the necessary assumption that the auxiliary basis set is *complete*. In a special case when the basis set is orthogonal (e.g., molecular orbitals) the above relation simplifies to

$$v|i) = \sum_{\xi} v|\xi)(\xi|i)$$

It can be easily shown that the above general and exact expansion can be obtained by performing a density fitting in the complete space. We expand the LHS of the first equation on this page in a series of the auxiliary basis functions scaled by the undetermined expansion coefficients:

$$v|i) = \sum_{\xi} G_{i\xi}|\xi)$$

which we shall refer here as to the matrix form of the OEP operator. By constructing the least-squares objective function

$$Z[\{G_{\xi}^{(i)}\}] = \int d\mathbf{r}_1 \left[v(\mathbf{r}_1)\phi_i(\mathbf{r}_1) - \sum_{\xi} G_{\xi}^{(i)}\phi_{\xi}(\mathbf{r}_1) \right]^2$$

and requiring that

$$rac{\partial Z[\{G_{m{\xi}}^{(i)}\}]}{\partial G_{m{\mu}}^{(i)}}=0 ext{ for all } m{\mu}$$

we find the coefficients $G_{\xi}^{(i)}$ to be

$$\mathbf{G}^{(i)} = \mathbf{v}^{(i)} \cdot \mathbf{S}^{-1}$$

where

$$v_{\eta}^{(i)} = (\eta | vi)$$

 $S_{\eta \xi} = (\eta | \xi)$

or explitictly

$$G_{i\xi} = \sum_{m{\eta}} [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{\xi m{\eta}} (m{\eta} | m{v} | i)$$

identical to what we obtained from application of the resolution of identity in space spanned by non-orthogonal complete set of basis vectors.

Since matrix elements of an OEP operator in auxiliary space can be computed in the same way as the matrix elements with any other basis function, one can formally write the following identity

$$(X|v|i) = \sum_{\xi \eta} S_{X\xi}[\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{\xi \eta}(\eta|v|i)$$

where X is an arbitrary orbital. When the other orbital does not belong to molecule A but to the (changing) environment, it is straightforward to compute the resulting matrix element, which is simply given as

$$(j_{\in B}|v^A|i_{\in A}) = \sum_{\xi} S_{j\xi} G_{i\xi}$$

where *i* denotes the other (environmental) basis function.

In the above equation, the OEP-part (fragment parameters for molecule *A* only) and the Solver-part (subject to be computed by solver on the fly) are separated. This then forms a basis for fragment-based approach to solve Quantum Chemistry problems related to the extended molecular aggregates.

6.2 Fitting in Incomplete Space

Density fitting scheme from previous section has practical disadvantage of a nearly-complete basis set being usually very large (spanned by large amount of basis set vectors). Any non-complete basis set won't work in the previous example. Since most of basis sets used in quantum chemistry do not form a complete set, it is beneficial to design a modified scheme in which it is possible to obtain the **effective** matrix elements of the OEP operator in a **incomplete** auxiliary space. This can be achieved by minimizing the following objective function

$$Z[\{G_{\xi}^{(i)}\}] = \iint d\mathbf{r}_1 d\mathbf{r}_2 \frac{\left[v(\mathbf{r}_1)\phi_i(\mathbf{r}_1) - \sum_{\xi} G_{\xi}^{(i)} \phi_{\xi}(\mathbf{r}_1)\right] \left[v(\mathbf{r}_2)\phi_i(\mathbf{r}_2) - \sum_{\xi} G_{\eta}^{(i)} \phi_{\eta}(\mathbf{r}_1)\right]}{|\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}_2|}$$

Thus requesting that

$$rac{\partial Z[\{G_{\xi}^{(i)}\}]}{\partial G_{u}^{(i)}}=0$$
 for all μ

we find the coefficients $G_{\xi}^{(i)}$ to be

$$\mathbf{G}^{(i)} = \mathbf{b}^{(i)} \cdot \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

where

$$b_{\eta}^{(i)} = (\eta || vi)$$

 $A_{\eta \xi} = (\eta || \xi)$

The symbol || is to denote the operator r_{12}^{-1} and double integration over \mathbf{r}_1 and \mathbf{r}_2 . Thus, it is clear that in order to use this generalized density fitting scheme one must to compute two-centre electron repulsion integrals (implemented in oepdev::ERI_1_1) as well as four-centre asymmetric electron repulsion integrals of the type $(\alpha\beta\gamma||\eta)$ (implemented in oepdev::ERI_3_1).

Density-fitting Specialized for OEP's

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Implemented Models

7.1 Target Properties

Detailed list of models which is to be implemented in the OEPDev project is given below:

Table 1. Models subject to be implemented and analyzed within oep-dev.

Pauli energy	Induction energy	EET Coupling
EFP2-Pauli	EFP2-Induced Dipoles	TrCAMM
Murrel et al.'s theory	Density Susceptibility	OEP-ET/HT
OEP-Murrel et al.'s		TDFI-TI
		FED
Exact (Stone's)	Exact (incl. CT)	Exact (ESD)

7.2 Target, Benchmark and Competing Models

The target models introduced in the Project shall be tested against the following benchmarks and compared with the following state-of-the-art models:

Table 2. Target models vs benchmarks and competitor models.

Target Model	Benchmarks	Competing Model
OEP-Murrel et al.'s	Murrel et al.'s	EFP2-Pauli
	Exact (Stone's)	
OEP-ET/HT + TrCAMM	Exact (ESD)	TDFI-TI
	FED	FED
	TDFI-TI	
Density Susceptibility	Exact (incl. CT)	EFP2-Induced Dipoles

Implemented I	Мo	dels	S
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Contributing to OEP-Dev

OepDev is a plugin to Psi4.

Therefore it should follow the programming etiquette of Psi4. Also, oep-dev has additional programming tips to make the code more versatile and easy in further development. Here, I emphasise on most important aspects regarding the **programming rules**.

8.1 Main routine and libraries

Oep-dev has only *one* source file in the plugin base directory, i.e., main.cc. This is the main driver routine that handles the functionality of the whole OEP testing platform: specifies options for Psi4 input file and implements test routines based on the options. Include files directly related to main.cc are stored in the include directory, where only header files are present. Options are specified in include/oepdev_options.h whereas macros and defines in include/oepdev_files.h. Other sources are stored in MODULE/libNAME* directories where NAME is the name of the library with sources and header files, whereas MODULE is the directory of the oep-dev module.

Things to remember:

- 1. **No other sources in base directory.** It is not permitted to place any new source or other files in the plugin base directory (i.e., where main.cc resides).
- 2. Sources in library directories. Any additional source code has to be placed in oepdev/libNAME* directory (either existing one or a new one; in the latter case remember to add the new *.cc files to CMakeLists.txt in the plugin base directory.
- 3. **Miscellanea in special directories.** If you want to add additional documentation, put it in the doc directory. If you want to add graphics, put it in the images directory.

8.2 Header files in libraries

Header files are handy in obtaining a quick glimpse of the functionality within certain library. Each library directory should contain at least one header file in oep-dev. However, header files can be problematic if not managed properly.

Things to remember:

1. **Header preprocessor variable**. Define the preprocessor variable specyfying the existence of include of the particular header file. The format of such is

```
#ifndef MODULE_LIBRARY_HEADER_h
#define MODULE_LIBRARY_HEADER_h
// rest of your code goes here
#endif // MODULE_LIBRARY_HEADER_h
```

Last line is the **end** of the header file. The preprocessor variables represents the directory tree <code>oepdev/MODULE/LIBRARY/HEADER.h</code> structure (where <code>oepdev</code> is the base plugin directory). MODULE is the plugin module name (e.g. <code>oepdev</code>, the name of the module directory) <code>LIBRARY</code> is the name of the library (e.g. <code>libutil</code>, should be the same as library directory name) <code>HEADER</code> is the name of the header in library directory (e.g. <code>diis</code> for <code>diis.h</code> header file)

2. **Set module namespace**. To prevent naming clashes with other modules and with Psi4 it is important to operate in separate namespace (e.g. for a module).

```
namespace MODULE {
// your code goes here
} // EndNameSpace MODULE
```

For instance, all classes and functions in <code>oepdev</code> module are implemented within the namespace of the same label. Considering addition of other local namespaces within a module can also be useful in certain cases.

8.3 Environmental variables

Defining the set of intrinsic environmental variables can help in code management and conditional compilation. The oep-dev environmental variables are defined in include/oepdev_files.h
file. Remember also about psi4 environmental variables defined in psi4/psifiles.h
header. As a rule, the oep-dev environmental variable should have the following format:

```
OEPDEV_XXXX
```

where XXXX is the descriptive name of variable.

8.4 Documenting the code

Code has to be documented (at best at a time it is being created). The place for documentation is always in header files. Additional documentation can be also placed in source files. Leaving a chunk of code for a production run without documentation is unacceptable.

Use Doxygen style for documentation all the time. Remember that it supports markdown which can make the documentation even more clear and easy to understand. Additionally you can create a nice .rst documentation file for Sphinx program. If you are coding equations, always include formulae in the documentation!

Things to remember:

- 1. **Descriptions of classes, structures, global functions, etc**. Each programming object should have a description.
- Documentation for function arguments and return object. Usage of functions and class methods should be explained by providing the description of all arguments (use \param and \return Doxygen keywords).
- 3. **One-line description of class member variables**. Any class member variable should be preceded by a one-liner documentation (starting from ///).
- 4. **Do not be afraid of long names in the code**. Self-documenting code is a bless!

8.5 Naming conventions

Naming is important because it helps to create more readable and clear self-documented code. Some loose suggestions:

- 1. Do not be afraid of long names in the code, but avoid redundancy. Examples of good and bad names: good name: get_density_matrix; bad name: get_matrix. Unless there is only one type of matrix a particular objects can store, matrix is not a good name for a getter method. good name: class Wavefunction, bad name: class WFN good name: int numberOfErrorVectors, bad name: int nvec, bad name: the_number_of_error_vectors good name: class EFPotential, probably bad name: class EffectiveFragmentPotential. The latter might be understood by some people as a class that inherits from EffectiveFragment class. If it is not the case, compromise between abbreviation and long description is OK.
- 2. **Short names are OK in special situations**. In cases meaning of a particular variable is obvious and it is frequently used in the code locally, it can be named shortly. Examples are: i when iterating no number of occupied orbitals, nv number of virtual orbitals, etc.
- 3. Clumped names for variables and dashed names for functions. Try to distinguish between variable name like sizeOfOEPTypeList and a method name get_matrix() (neither size_of_OEP_type_list, nor getMatrix()). This is little bit cosmetics, but helps in managing the code when it grows.
- 4. Class names start from capital letter. However, avoid only capital letters in class names, unless it is obvious. Avoid also dashes in class names (they are reserved for global functions and class methods). Examples: good name: DIISManager, bad name: DIIS. good name: EETCouplingSolver, bad name: EETSolver, very bad: EET.

8.6 Track timing when evaluating the code

It is useful to track time elapsed for performing a particular task by a computer. For this, use psi::timer_on and psi::timer_off functions defined in psi4/libqt/qt.h. Psi4 always generates the report file timer.dat that contains all the defined timings. For example,

```
#include "psi/libqt/qt.h"
psi::timer_on("OEP E(Paul) Murrell-etal S1 ");
// Your code goes here
psi::timer_off("OEP E(Paul) Murrell-etal S1 ");
```

To maintain the printout in a neat form, the timing associated with the OEPDev code should be generated via misc/python/timing.py utility script.

8.7 Clean memory between independent jobs

If you use scratch disk space to store integrals, clean the scratch in between independent calculations. From C++ level invoke

```
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.hpp"
// ...
psi::PSIOManager::shared_object()->psiclean();
```

whereas from the Python level use

```
import psi4
# ..
psi4.core.clean()
```

If the scratch space is not cleaned up before next independent task begins, certain computational routines might crash with PSIOError or continue without error, but produce wrong results.

8.8 Use Object-Oriented Programming

Try to organise your creations in objects having special relationships and data structures. Encapsulation helps in producing self-maintaining code and is much easier to use. Use:

- factory design for creating objects
- container design for designing data structures
- polymorphysm when dealing with various flavours of one particular feature in the data structure

Note: In Psi4, factories are frequently implemented as static methods of the base classes, for example psi::BasisSet::build static method. It can be followed when building object factories in oep-dev too.

Advanced Usage

This section is addressed for advanced users.

Make sure you have first read the introduction before proceeding.

9.1 Installation

9.1.1 Preparing Psi4

OEPDev is a Psi4 plugin. It requires

- Psi4, at least 1.2 version (git commit 9d4a61c). Has to be modified (see below)
- Eigen3, any newer version

Note

Before compiling, make sure EFP is enabled in CMakeLists.txt (now it is not used in OEPDev but maybe in the future it would).

Recently, Psi4 introduced API visibility management. Only certain Psi4 classes and functions are *exposed* in the core.so library, that is further linked to Psi4 plugin shared library. Due to this reason, not all Psi4 functionalities can be directly used from outside Psi4. In order to access local API of Psi4 (also used in the OEPDev code) slight modification of Psi4 code and concomitant rebuild is necessary.

In order to expose local API used by OEPDev and hidden within Psi4 1.2, two types of small modifications are necessary:

- M1: add PSI_API macro after required class or function declaration in header file
- M2: add #include "psi4/pragma.h" line at the include section of an appropriate header file

Modification M1 is obligatory for all affected files whereas modification M2 needs to be done only in headers that do not have "psi4/pragma.h" included explicitly or implicitly. The list of Psi4 header files along with the respective changes that need to be done are listed in the table below:

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Psi4 Header File	Psi4 Class	Required Changes
libfunctional/superfunctiona	1 Sh perfunctional	M1
libscf_solver/hf.h	HF	M1
libscf_solver/rhf.h	RHF	M1
libcubeprop/csg.h	CubicScalarGrid	M1
libmints/onebody.h	OneBodyAOInt	M1
libmints/potential.h	PotentialInt	M1
libmints/multipoles.h	MultupoleInt	M1
libmints/multipolesymmetry.h	MultipoleSymmetry	M1
libmints/fjt.h	Taylor_Fjt	M1
libmints/fjt.h	Fjt	M1
libmints/oeprop.h	OEProp	M1, M2
libmints/gshell.h	GaussianShell	M1, M2

To quickly apply these modifications, use the patch files stored in misc/patch directory. Please makes sure to use a proper patch for a chosen Psi4 version.

9.1.2 Compiltation

After all the above changes have been done in Psi4 (followed by its rebuild) compile the OEPDev code by running <code>compile</code> script. Make sure Eigen3 path is set to environment variable <code>EIGEN3_INCLUDE_DIR</code> (instructions will appear on the screen). After compilation is successful, run <code>ctest</code> to check if the code works fine.

Note

It may happen, that during code development there will be symbol lookup error when importing <code>oepdev.so</code> (in such case OEPDev compiles without error but Python cannot import the module <code>oepdev</code>). In such circumstance, probably there some local Psi4 feature that is needed in OEPDev is not exposed by <code>PSI_API</code> macro. To fix this, run <code>c++filt[name]</code> where <code>[name]</code> is the mangled undefined symbol. This will show you which Psi4 class or function is not exposed and requires <code>PSI_API</code> (change M1 and perhaps M2 too). Such change requires Psi4 rebuild and recompilation of OEPDev code. In any case, please contact me and report new undefined symbol (<code>blasiak.bartosz@gmail.com</code>).

9.2 OEPDev Code Structure

As a plugin to Psi4, OEPDev consists of the main.cc file with the plugin main routine, include/oepdev_options.h specifying the options of the plugin, include/oepdev_files.h defining all global macros and environmental variables, as well as the oepdev directory. The latter contains the actual OEPDev code that is divided into several subdirectories called modules.

9.2.1 Main Routine

Before the actual OEPDev calculations are started, the wavefunction of the input molecular aggregate is computed by Psi4. See the plugin driver script pymodule.py for more details on how the calculation environment is initialized. Subsequently, one out of four types of target operations can be performed by the program:

- 1. OEP_BUILD Compute the OEP effective parameters for one molecule.
- 2. DMATPOL Compute the generalized density matrix susceptibility tensors (DMS's) for one molecule.
- 3. SOLVER Perform calculations for a molecular aggregate. As for now, only dimers are handled.
- 4. TEST Perform the testing routine.

The first two modes are single molecule calculations. OEP_BUILD uses the oepdev::OEPotential::bus static factory to create OEP objects whereas DMATPOL uses the oepdev::GenEffParFactory::build static factory to greate generalized effective fragment parameters (GEFP's) for polarization.

Note

In the future, OEP_BUILD will be handled also by oepdev::GenEffParFactory::build since OEP parameters are part of the GEFP's.

SOLVER requires at least molecular dimer and the oepdev::WavefunctionUnion object (being the Hartree product of the unperturbed monomer wavefunctions) is constructed at the beginning, which is then passed to the oepdev::OEPDevSolver::build static factory. TEST can refer to single- or multiple-molecule calculations, whereby each of the testing routines is listed in the cmake/CTestTestfile.cmake.in file.

9.2.2 Modules

The source code is distributed into directories called modules:

- liboep
- libgefp
- libsolver
- libints
- libpsi
- lib3d
- libutil
- libtest

See Modules for a detailed description of each of the modules.

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9.3 OEPDev Classes: Overview

9.3.1 OEP Module

The OEP module located in oepdev/liboep consists of the following abstract bases:

- oepdev::OEPotential implementing the OEP,
- oepdev::GeneralizedDensityFit implementing the GDF technique.

Each of the bases contains static factory method called build that creates instances of chosen subclasses. The module contains also a structure oepdev::OEPType which is a container storing all the data associated with a particular OEP: type name, dimensions, OEP coefficients and whether is density-fitted or not.

9.3.1.1 OEPPotential

It is a container and computer class of OEP. Among others, the most important public method is oepdev::OEPotential::compute which computes all the OEP's (by iterating over all possible OEP types within a chosen OEP subclass or category). OEP's can be extracted by oepdev::OEPotential::oep method, for instance. From protected attributes, each OEPotential instance stores blocks of the LCAO-MO matrices associated with the occupied (cOcc_) and virtual (cVir_) MO's. It also contains the pointers to the primary, auxiliary and intermediate basis sets (primary_, auxiliary_ and intermediate_, accordingly). Usage example:

```
#include "oepdev/liboep/oep.h"
oep = oepdev::OEPotential::build("ELECTROSTATIC ENERGY", wfn, options);
oep->compute();
oep->write_cube("V", "oep_cube_file");
```

So far, four OEPotential subclasses are implemented, from which <code>oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential</code> are fully operative, while the rest is under development.

- 9.3.1.2 GeneralizedDensityFit
- 9.3.2 GEFP Module
- 9.3.2.1 GenEffPar
- 9.3.2.2 GenEffParFactory
- 9.3.2.3 GenEffFrag
- 9.3.3 OEPDev Solver Module
- 9.3.3.1 OEPDevSolver

9.4 Developing OEP's

OEP's are implemented in a suitable subclass of the oepdev::OEPotential base. Due to the fact that OEP's can be density-based or ESP-based, the classes oepdev::GeneralizedDensityFit as well as oepdev::ESPSolver are usually necessary in the implementations. Handling the one-electron integrals (OEI's) and the two-electron integrals (ERI's) in AO basis is implemented in oepdev::IntegralFactory. In particular, potential integrals evaluated at arbitrary centres can be accessed by using the oepdev::PotentialInt instances. Useful iterators for looping over AO ERI's the oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator and oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator classes. Transformations of OEI's to MO basis can be easily achieved by transforming AO integral matrices by cOcc_ and cVir_members of OEPotential instances, e.g., by using the psi::Matrix::doublet or psi::Matrix::triplet static methods. Transformations of ERI's to MO basis can be performed by using the psi4/libtrans/integraltransform.h library.

It is recommended that the implementation of all the new OEP's follows the following steps:

- 1. **Write the class framework.** This includes choosing a proper name of a OEPotential subclass, sketching the constructors and a destructor, and all the necessary methods.
- 2. **Implement OEP types.** Each type of OEP is implemented, including the 3D vector field in case ESP-based OEP's are of use.
- 3. **Update base factory method**. Add appropriate entries in the oepdev::OEPotential::build static factory method.

Below, we shall go through each of these steps separately and discuss them in detail.

9.4.1 Drafting an OEP Subclass

This stage is the design of the overall framework of OEP subclass. The name should end with <code>OEPotential</code> to maintain the convention used so far. The template for the header file definition can be depicted as follows:

```
class SampleOEPotential : public OEPotential
 public:
    // Purely ESP-based OEP's
    SampleOEPotential(SharedWavefunction wfn, Options& options);
    // GDF-based OEP's
   SampleOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, SharedBasisSet intermediate,
     Options& options);
    // Necessary destructor
    virtual ~SampleOEPotential();
    // Necessary computer
    virtual void compute (const std::string& oepType) override;
    // Necessary computer
    virtual void compute_3D(const std::string& oepType,
                           const double& x, const double& y, const double& z, std::shared_ptr<psi::Vector>
      & v) override;
    // Necessary printer
```

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```
virtual void print_header() const override;

private:
   // Set defaults - good practice
   void common_init();

   // Auxilary computers - exemplary
   double compute_3D_sample_V(const double& x, const double& y, const double& z);
};
```

The constructors need to call the abstract base constructor and then specialized initializations. It is a good practice to put the specialized common initializers in a separate private method common_init (which is a convention in Psi4 and is adopted also in OEPDev). For instance, the exemplary constructor is show below:

```
SampleOEPotential::SampleOEPotential(SharedWavefunction wfn,
                                     SharedBasisSet auxiliary, SharedBasisSet intermediate, Options&
     options)
: OEPotential(wfn, auxiliary, intermediate, options)
   common_init();
}
void SampleOEPotential::common_init()
   int n1 = wfn_->Ca_subset("AO", "OCC") ->ncol();
   int n2 = auxiliary_->nbf();
  int n3 = wfn_->molecule()->natom();
  SharedMatrix mat1 = std::make_shared<psi::Matrix>("G(S^{-1})", n2, n1);
  SharedMatrix mat_2 = std::make_shared<psi::Matrix>("G(S^{-2})", n3, n1);
  OEPType type_1 = {"Murrell-etal.S1", true , n1, mat_1};
  OEPType type_2 = {"Otto-Ladik.S2" , false, n1, mat_2};
  oepTypes_[type_1.name] = type_1;
  oepTypes_[type_2.name] = type_2;
```

Note that the <code>oepdev::OEPotential::oepTypes_</code> attribute, which is a <code>std::map</code> of structures <code>oepdev::OEPType</code>, is initialized here. All the OEP types need to be stated in the constructors. Destructors usually call nothing, unless dynamically allocated memory is also of use.

It is also a good practice to already sketch the compute method here by adding certain private computers, like in the example below:

9.4.1.1 Implementing OEP Types

Implementation of the inner body of compute method requires populating the members of oepTypes_ with data. This means, that for each OEP type there has to be a specific implementation of OEP parameters. GDF-based OEP's need to create the psi::Matrix with OEP

parameters and put them into <code>oepTypes.</code> In the case of ESP-based OEP's <code>compute_3D</code> method has to be additionally implemented before <code>compute</code> is fully functional. To implement <code>compute_3D</code>, <code>oepdev::OEPotential::make_oeps3d</code> method is of high relevance: it creates <code>oepdev::OEPotential3D<T></code> instances, where <code>T</code> is the OEP subclass. These instances are <code>oepdev::Field3D</code> objects that define OEP's in 3D Euclidean space. For example,

```
void SampleOEPotential::compute_otto_ladik_s2()
      // Switch on timer
     psi::timer_on("OEP
                          E(Paul) Otto-Ladik S2
      // Create 3D field, automated through 'make_oeps3d'. Requires 'compute_3D' implementation.
      std::shared_ptr<OEPotential3D<OEPotential>> oeps3d = this->make_oeps3d("Otto-Ladik.S2");
      oeps3d->compute();
      // Perform ESP fit to get OEP effective charges
      ESPSolver esp(oeps3d);
      esp.set_charge_sums(0.5);
      esp.compute();
      // Put the OEP coefficients into 'oepTypes_'
      for (int i=0; i<esp.charges()->nrow(); ++i) {
           for (int o=0; o<oepTypes_["Otto-Ladik.S2"].n; ++o) {</pre>
                oepTypes_["Otto-Ladik.S2"].matrix->set(i, o, esp.charges()->get(i, o));
      }
      // Switch off timer
      psi::timer_off("OEP
                            E(Paul) Otto-Ladik S2
// Necessary implementation for 'make_oeps3d' to work
void SampleOEPotential::compute.3D(const std::string& oepType, const double& x, const double& y, const
     double& z, std::shared_ptr<psi::Vector>& v)
   // Loop over all possibilities for OEP types and exclude illegal names
   if (oepType == "Otto-Ladik.S2") {
       // this computes the actual values of OEP = v(x,y,z) and stores it in 'vec_otto_ladik_s2_'
       this->compute_3D_otto_ladik_s2(x, y, z);
       // Assign final value to the buffer vector
       for (int o = 0; o < oepTypes_["Otto-Ladik.S2"].n; ++o) v->set(o, vec_otto_ladik_s2_[o]);
   else if (oepType == "Murrell-etal.S1" ) \{/* Even if it is not ESP-based OEP, this line is necessary */\}
   else {
      throw psi::PSIEXCEPTION("OEPDEV: Error. Incorrect OEP type specified!\n"); // Safety
}
```

Note that make_oeps3d is not overridable and is fully defined in the base. Do not call oepdev::OEPotential3D constructors in the OEPotential subclass (it can be done only from the level of the abstract base where all the pointers are dynamically converted to an appropriate data type due to polymorphism)!

9.4.1.2 Abstract Base



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11.1 Modules

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Namespace Index

12.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

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Chapter 15

File Index

15.1 File List

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include/doxygen/oepdev_namespaces.h??
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oepdev/lib3d/esp.h
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oepdev/libtest/test.h
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oepdev/libutil/cphf.h
oepdev/libutil/davidson_liu.h
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Chapter 16

Module Documentation

16.1 The Generalized One-Electron Potentials Library

Implements the goal of this project: The Generalized One-Electron Potentials (OEP's). You will find here OEP's for computation of Pauli repulsion energy, charge-transfer energy and others. The routines for the generalized density fitting are also implemented here. Located at oepdev/liboep.

Classes

struct oepdev::OEPType

Container to handle the type of One-Electron Potentials.

class oepdev::OEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base.

class oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy.

class oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy.

class oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy.

class oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations.

class oepdev::GeneralizedDensityFit

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::SingleGeneralizedDensityFit

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme - Single Fit.

· class oepdev::DoubleGeneralizedDensityFit

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme - Double Fit.

16.1.1 Detailed Description

16.2 The OEPDev Solver Library

Implementations of various solvers for molecular properties as a functions of unperturbed monomeric wavefunctions. This is the place all target OEP-based models are implemented and compared with benchmark and competitor models. Located at oepdev/libsolver.

Classes

· class oepdev::OEPDevSolver

Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base.

class oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver

Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver

Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver

Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class oepdev::EETCouplingSolver

Compute the EET coupling energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class oepdev::TIData

Transfer Integral EET Data.

16.2.1 Detailed Description

16.3 The Generalized Effective Fragment Potentials Library

Implements the GEFP method, the far goal of the OEPDev project. Here you will find the containers for GEFP parameters, the density matrix susceptibility tensors and GEFP solvers. Located at oepdev/libgefp.

Classes

· class oepdev::GenEffPar

Generalized Effective Fragment Parameters. Container Class.

class oepdev::GenEffFrag

Generalized Effective Fragment. Container Class.

class oepdev::GenEffParFactory

Generalized Effective Fragment Factory. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::EFP2_GEFactory

EFP2 GEFP Factory.

class oepdev::OEP_EFP2_GEFactory

OEP-EFP2 GEFP Factory.

class oepdev::PolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::AbInitioPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory from First Principles. Hartree-Fock Approximation.

class oepdev::FFAbInitioPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory from First Principles: Finite-Difference Model. Arbitrary level of theory.

class oepdev::GeneralizedPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::UniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::NonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

· class oepdev::LinearUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::QuadraticUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::LinearNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::QuadraticNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::LinearGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

• class oepdev::QuadraticGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

• class oepdev::UnitaryTransformedMOPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Scaling of MO Space.

16.3.1 Detailed Description

16.4 The Integral Package Library

Implementations of various two-, three- or four-centre two-body electron repulsion integrals via utilizing the McMurchie-Davidson recurrence scheme. Located at <code>oepdev/libints</code> and <code>oepdev/libpsi</code>.

Classes

class oepdev::TwoElectronInt

General Two Electron Integral.

class oepdev::ERI_1_1

2-centre ERI of the form (a|O(2)|b) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class oepdev::ERI_2_2

4-centre ERI of the form (ab|O(2)|cd) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class oepdev::ERI_3_1

4-centre ERI of the form (abc|O(2)|d) where O(2) = 1/r12.

- class oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt
- · class oepdev::IntegralFactory

Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals.

· class oepdev::PotentialInt

Computes potential integrals.

Macros

#define D1_INDEX(x, i, n) ((81*(x))+(9*(i))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D1 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momentum i of function 1, and the Hermite index n.

#define D2_INDEX(x, i, j, n) ((1377*(x))+(153*(i))+(17*(j))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D2 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momenta i, j of function 1 and 2, and the Hermite index n.

• #define D3_INDEX(x, i, j, k, n) ((18225*(x))+(2025*(i))+(225*(j))+(25*(k))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D3 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momenta i, j and k of function 1, 2 and 3, and the Hermite index n.

#define R_INDEX(n, I, m, j) ((14739*(n))+(867*(I))+(51*(m))+(j))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson R coefficient stored in the $mdh_buffer_R_$ from angular momenta n, I and m and the Boys index j.

Functions

- double oepdev::d_N_n1_n2 (int N, int n1, int n2, double PA, double PB, double aP)
 Compute McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite (MDH) coefficient for binomial expansion.
- void oepdev::make_mdh_D1_coeff (int n1, double aPd, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for monomial expansion.

void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff (int n1, int n2, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion.

void oepdev::make_mdh_D3_coeff (int n1, int n2, int n3, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *PC, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for trinomial expansion.

void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff_explicit_recursion (int n1, int n2, double aP, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion by explicit recursion. This function makes the same changes to buffers as oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff, but implements it through explicit recursion by calls to oepdev::d_N_n1_n2. Therefore, it is slightly slower. Here for debugging purposes.

void oepdev::make_mdh_R_coeff (int N, int L, int M, double alpha, double a, double b, double c, double *F, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson R coefficients.

16.4.1 Detailed Description

Here, we define the primitive Gaussian type functions (GTO's)

$$\phi_{i}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv x_{A}^{n_{1}} y_{A}^{l_{1}} z_{A}^{m_{1}} e^{-\alpha_{1} r_{A}^{2}}$$

$$\phi_{j}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv x_{B}^{n_{2}} y_{B}^{l_{2}} z_{B}^{m_{2}} e^{-\alpha_{2} r_{B}^{2}}$$

$$\phi_{k}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv x_{C}^{n_{3}} y_{C}^{l_{3}} z_{C}^{m_{3}} e^{-\alpha_{3} r_{C}^{2}}$$

in which $\mathbf{r}_A \equiv \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{A}$ and so on. \mathbf{A} is the centre of the GTO, α_1 its exponent, whereas n_1, l_1, m_1 the Cartesian angular momenta, with the total angular momentum $\theta_1 = n_1 + l_1 + m_1$.

In OEPDev implementations, the following definition shall be in use:

$$\mathbf{P} \equiv \frac{\alpha_1 \mathbf{A} + \alpha_2 \mathbf{B}}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} \equiv \frac{\alpha_3 \mathbf{C} + \alpha_4 \mathbf{D}}{\alpha_3 + \alpha_4}$$

$$\mathbf{R} \equiv \frac{\alpha_1 \mathbf{A} + \alpha_2 \mathbf{B} + \alpha_3 \mathbf{C}}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3}$$

$$\alpha_P \equiv \alpha_1 + \alpha_2$$

$$\alpha_Q \equiv \alpha_3 + \alpha_4$$

$$\alpha_R \equiv \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3$$

The unnormalized products of primitive GTO's are denoted here as

$$[ij] \equiv \phi_i(\mathbf{r})\phi_j(\mathbf{r})$$

 $[ijk] \equiv \phi_i(\mathbf{r})\phi_j(\mathbf{r})\phi_k(\mathbf{r})$

16.4.2 Hermite Operators

It is convenient to define

$$\Lambda_j(x_P; \alpha_P) \equiv \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial P_x}\right)^j = \alpha_P^{j/2} H_j(\sqrt{\alpha_P} x_P)$$

where $H_j(x)$ is the Hermite polynomial of order j evaluated at x. Introduction of the above Hermite operator can be used by invoking the recurrence relationship due to Hermite polynomial properties:

$$x_A \Lambda_j(x_P; \alpha_P) = j\Lambda_{j-1} + |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}|_x \Lambda_j + \frac{1}{2\alpha_P} \Lambda_{j+1}$$

This can be directly used to derive very useful McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients as expansion coefficients of the polynomial expansions.

16.4.2.1 Polynomial Expansions as Hermite Series

By using the previous relation, it is possible to express the following expansions in Hermite series:

$$x_A^{n_1} = \sum_{N=0}^{n_1} d_N^{n_1} \Lambda_N(x_A; \alpha_A)$$

$$x_A^{n_1} x_B^{n_2} = \sum_{N=0}^{n_1+n_2} d_N^{n_1 n_2} \Lambda_N(x_P; \alpha_P)$$

$$x_A^{n_1} x_B^{n_2} x_C^{n_3} = \sum_{N=0}^{n_1+n_2+n_3} d_N^{n_1 n_2 n_3} \Lambda_N(x_R; \alpha_R)$$

The recurrence relationships can be easily found and they read

$$d_N^{n_1+1} = \frac{1}{2\alpha_A} d_{N-1}^{n_1} + (N+1)d_{N+1}^{n_1}$$

as well as

$$\begin{split} d_N^{n_1+1,n_2} &= \frac{1}{2\alpha_P} d_{N-1}^{n_1n_2} + |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}|_x d_N^{n_1n_2} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_1n_2} \\ d_N^{n_1,n_2+1} &= \frac{1}{2\alpha_P} d_{N-1}^{n_1n_2} + |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B}|_x d_N^{n_1n_2} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_1n_2} \end{split}$$

and

$$d_{N}^{n_{1}+1,n_{2},n_{3}} = \frac{1}{2\alpha_{R}} d_{N-1}^{n_{1}n_{2}n_{3}} + |\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{A}|_{x} d_{N}^{n_{1}n_{2}n_{3}} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_{1}n_{2}n_{3}}$$

$$d_{N}^{n_{1},n_{2}+1,n_{3}} = \frac{1}{2\alpha_{R}} d_{N-1}^{n_{1}n_{2}n_{3}} + |\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{B}|_{x} d_{N}^{n_{1}n_{2}n_{3}} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_{1}n_{2}n_{3}}$$

$$d_{N}^{n_{1},n_{2},n_{3}+1} = \frac{1}{2\alpha_{R}} d_{N-1}^{n_{1}n_{2}n_{3}} + |\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{C}|_{x} d_{N}^{n_{1}n_{2}n_{3}} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_{1}n_{2}n_{3}}$$

respectively. The first elements are given by

$$d_0^0 = 1$$
$$d_0^{00} = 1$$
$$d_0^{000} = 1$$

By using the above formalisms, it is strightforward to express the doublet of primitive GTO's as

$$[ij] = E_{ij} \sum_{N=0}^{n_1+n_2} \sum_{L=0}^{l_1+l_2} \sum_{M=0}^{m_1+m_2} d_N^{n_1n_2} d_L^{l_1l_2} d_M^{m_1m_2} \Lambda_N(x_P) \Lambda_L(y_P) \Lambda_M(z_P) e^{-\alpha_P r_P^2}$$

Analogously, the triplet of primitive GTO's is given by

$$[ijk] = E_{ijk} \sum_{N=0}^{n_1 + n_2 + n_3} \sum_{L=0}^{l_1 + l_2 + l_3} \sum_{M=0}^{m_1 + m_2 + m_3} d_N^{n_1 n_2 n_3} d_L^{l_1 l_2 l_3} d_M^{m_1 m_2 m_3} \Lambda_N(x_R) \Lambda_L(y_R) \Lambda_M(z_R) e^{-\alpha_R r_R^2}$$

The multiplicative constants are given by

$$E_{ij}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2} |\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}|^2\right]$$

$$E_{ijk}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2} |\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}|^2\right] \exp\left[-\frac{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) \alpha_3}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3} |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{C}|^2\right]$$

16.4.3 One-Body Integrals over Hermite Functions

The fundamental Hermite integrals that appear during computations of any kind of one-body integrals over GTO's are as follows

$$[NLM|\Theta(1)] \equiv \int d\mathbf{r}_1 \Theta(\mathbf{r}_1) \Lambda_N(x_{1P};\alpha_P) \Lambda_L(y_{1P};\alpha_P) \Lambda_M(z_{1P};\alpha_P) e^{-\alpha_P r_{1P}^2}$$

It immediately follows that the overlap, dipole, quadrupole and potential integrals are given as

$$[NLM|1] = \delta_{N0}\delta_{L0}\delta_{M0} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha_{P}}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$[NLM|x_{C}] = [\delta_{N1} + |\mathbf{PC}|_{x}\delta_{N0}] \delta_{L0}\delta_{M0} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha_{P}}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$[NLM|x_{C}^{2}] = \left[2\delta_{N2} + 2|\mathbf{PC}|_{x}\delta_{N1} + \left(|\mathbf{PC}|_{x}^{2} + \frac{1}{2\alpha_{P}}\right)\delta_{N0}\right] \delta_{L0}\delta_{M0} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha_{P}}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$[NLM|x_{C}y_{C}] = (\delta_{N1} + |\mathbf{PC}|_{x}\delta_{N0}) \left(\delta_{L1} + |\mathbf{PC}|_{y}\delta_{L0}\right)\delta_{M0} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha_{P}}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$[NLM|r_{C}^{-1}] = \frac{2\pi}{\alpha_{P}}R_{NLM}$$

The coefficients R_{NLM} are discussed in separate section below.

16.4.4 Two-Body Integrals over Hermite Functions

The fundamental Hermite integrals that appear during computations of any kind of two-electron integrals over GTO's are as follows

$$[N_{1}L_{2}M_{2}|N_{2}L_{2}M_{2}] \equiv \iint d\mathbf{r}_{1}d\mathbf{r}_{2}\Lambda_{N_{1}}(x_{1P};\alpha_{P})\Lambda_{L_{1}}(y_{1P};\alpha_{P})\Lambda_{M_{1}}(z_{1P};\alpha_{P})\Lambda_{N_{2}}(x_{2Q};\alpha_{Q})\Lambda_{L_{2}}(y_{2Q};\alpha_{Q})\Lambda_{M_{2}}(z_{2Q};\alpha_{Q})\Lambda_{M_{2}}($$

The above formula dramatically reduces to the following

$$[N_1L_2M_2|N_2L_2M_2] = \lambda (-)^{N_2+L_2+M_2}R_{N_1+N_2,L_1+L_2,M_1+M_2}$$

with

$$\lambda \equiv rac{2\pi^{5/2}}{lpha_Plpha_Q\sqrt{lpha_P+lpha_Q}}$$

To compute the $R_{N1+N2,L1+L2,M1+M2}$ coefficients, the parameter T is given by

$$T = \frac{\alpha_P \alpha_Q}{\alpha_P + \alpha_Q} |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{Q}|^2$$

16.4.5 The R(N,L,M) Coefficients

The R coefficients are defined as

$$R_{NLM} \equiv \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a}\right)^N \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial b}\right)^L \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial c}\right)^M \int_0^1 e^{-Tu^2} du$$

with

$$T \equiv \alpha \left(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \right)$$

By extending the above definition to more general

$$R_{NLMj} \equiv \left(-\sqrt{\alpha}\right)^{N+L+M} (-2\alpha)^j \int_0^1 u^{N+L+M+2j} H_N(au\sqrt{\alpha}) H_L(bu\sqrt{\alpha}) H_M(cu\sqrt{\alpha}) e^{-Tu^2} du$$

one can see that

$$R_{000i} = (-2\alpha)^j F_i(T)$$

The Boys function is here given by

$$F_j(T) \equiv \int_0^1 u^{2j} e^{-Tu^2} du$$

and its efficient implementation can be discussed elsewhere. In Psi4, $psi::Taylor_Fjt$ class is used for this purpose.

Now, it is possible to show that the following recursion relationships are true:

$$R_{0,0,M+1,j} = cR_{0,0,M,j+1} + MR_{0,0,M-1,j+1}$$

 $R_{0,L+1,M,j} = bR_{0,L,M,j+1} + LR_{0,L-1,M,j+1}$
 $R_{N+1,L,M,j} = aR_{N,L,M,j+1} + NR_{N-1,L,M,j+1}$

This scheme is implemented in OEPDev.

16.4.6 Function Documentation

16.4.6.1 d_N_n1_n2()

Parameters

Ν	- increment in the summation of MDH series
n1	- angular momentum of first function
n2	- angular momentum of second function
PA	- cartesian component of P-A distance
PB	- cartesian component of P-B distance
аP	- free parameter of MDH expansion

Returns

the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficient

16.4.6.2 make_mdh_D1_coeff()

```
void oepdev::make_mdh_D1_coeff (
    int n1,
    double aPd,
    double * buffer )
```

n1	- angular momentum of first function
aPd	- parameter equal to 0.500/Pa where Pa is exponent
buffer	- the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite 3-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
	axis 0: dimension 3 (x, y or z Cartesian component)
	axis 1: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1)
	axis 2: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1)

See also

D1_INDEX

16.4.6.3 make_mdh_D2_coeff()

```
void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff (
    int n1,
    int n2,
    double aPd,
    double * PA,
    double * PB,
    double * buffer )
```

Parameters

n1	- angular momentum of first function
n2	- angular momentum of second function
aPd	- parameter equal to 0.500/Pa where Pa is exponent
PA	- cartesian components of P-A distance
PB	- cartesian components of P-B distance
buffer	- the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite 4-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
	axis 0: dimension 3 (x, y or z Cartesian component)
	axis 1: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1)
	axis 2: dimension n2+1 (0 to n2)
	 axis 3: dimension n1+n2+1 (0 to n1+n2)

See also

D2_INDEX

16.4.6.4 make_mdh_D2_coeff_explicit_recursion()

n1	- angular momentum of first function
n2	- angular momentum of second function
aPd	- parameter equal to 0.500/Pa where Pa is exponent
PA	- cartesian components of P-A distance
PB	- cartesian components of P-B distance
buffer	- the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite 4-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
	axis 0: dimension 3 (x, y or z Cartesian component)
	axis 1: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1)
	axis 2: dimension n2+1 (0 to n2)
	• axis 3: dimension n1+n2+1 (0 to n1+n2)

See also

D2_INDEX

16.4.6.5 make_mdh_D3_coeff()

```
void oepdev::make_mdh_D3_coeff (
    int n1,
    int n2,
    int n3,
    double aPd,
    double * PA,
    double * PB,
    double * PC,
    double * buffer )
```

n1	- angular momentum of first function
n2	- angular momentum of second function
n3	- angular momentum of third function
aPd	- parameter equal to 0.500/Pa where Pa is exponent
PA	- cartesian components of P-A distance
PB	- cartesian components of P-B distance
PC	- cartesian components of P-C distance

```
the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite 5-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
axis 0: dimension 3 (x, y or z Cartesian component)
axis 1: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1)
axis 2: dimension n2+1 (0 to n2)
axis 3: dimension n3+1 (0 to n3)
axis 4: dimension n1+n2+n3+1 (0 to n1+n2+n3)
```

See also

D3_INDEX

16.4.6.6 make_mdh_R_coeff()

```
void oepdev::make_mdh_R_coeff (
    int N,
    int L,
    int M,
    double alpha,
    double a,
    double b,
    double * F,
    double * buffer )
```

N	- increment in the summation of MDH series along x direction
L	- increment in the summation of MDH series along y direction
М	- increment in the summation of MDH series along z direction
alpha	- alpha parameter of R coefficient
а	- x component of PQ vector of R coefficient
b	- y component of PQ vector of R coefficient
С	- z component of PQ vector of R coefficient
F	- array of Boys function values for given alpha and PQ

buffer	- the McMurchie-Davidson 4-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
	axis 0: dimension N+1
	axis 1: dimension L+1
	axis 2: dimension M+1
	 axis 3: dimension N+L+M+1 (j-th element)

16.5 The Three-Dimensional Vector Fields Library

Handles all sorts of scalar distributions in 3D Euclidean space, such as general vector potentials defined at particular collection of points. In this Module, you will also find handling both random and ordered points collections in a form of a G09 cube, as well as handling G09 Cube files. You will also find solvers used to fit the generalized multipole moments of a generalized density distribution, such as the electrostatic potential (ESP) fitting method. Located at oepdev/lib3d.

Classes

• class oepdev::MultipoleConvergence

Multipole Convergence.

• class oepdev::DMTPole

Distributed Multipole Analysis Container and Computer. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::CAMM

Cumulative Atomic Multipole Moments.

class oepdev::ESPSolver

Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class.

· class oepdev::Points3Dlterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

class oepdev::CubePoints3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. g09 Cube-like order.

class oepdev::RandomPoints3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Random collection.

class oepdev::PointsCollection3D

Collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

class oepdev::RandomPointsCollection3D

Collection of random points in 3D space.

class oepdev::CubePointsCollection3D

G09 cube-like ordered collection of points in 3D space.

class oepdev::Field3D

General Vector Dield in 3D Space. Abstract base.

· class oepdev::ElectrostaticPotential3D

Electrostatic potential of a molecule.

class oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >

Class template for OEP 3D fields.

Typedefs

using oepdev::SharedField3D = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::Field3D >

Functions

oepdev::OEPotential3D < T >::OEPotential3D (const int &ndim, const int &np, const double &padding, std::shared_ptr < T > oep, const std::string &oepType)

Construct random spherical collection of 3D field of type T.

oepdev::OEPotential3D
 T >::OEPotential3D
 (const int &ndim, const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &py, const double &pz, std::shared_ptr< T > oep, const std::string &oepType, psi::Options &options)

Construct ordered 3D collection of 3D field of type T.

- virtual oepdev::OEPotential3D
 T>::~OEPotential3D ()

 Destructor.
- virtual void oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >::print () const
 Print information of the object to Psi4 output.
- virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >::compute_xyz (const double &x, const double &z)

Compute a value of 3D field at point (x, y, z)

16.5.1 Detailed Description

16.5.2 Function Documentation

16.5.2.1 OEPotential3D() [1/2]

The points are drawn according to uniform distrinution in 3D space.

ndim	- dimensionality of 3D field (1: scalar field, >2: vector field)
np	- number of points to draw
padding	- spherical padding distance (au)
оер	- OEP object of type T
оерТуре	- type of OEP

16.5.2.2 OEPotential3D() [2/2]

The points are generated according to Gaussian cube file format.

ndim	- dimensionality of 3D field (1: scalar field, >2: vector field)
nx	- number of points along x direction
ny	- number of points along y direction
nz	- number of points along z direction
рх	- padding distance along x direction
ру	- padding distance along y direction
pz	- padding distance along z direction
оер	- OEP object of type T
оерТуре	- type of OEP
options	- Psi4 options object

16.6 The Density Functional Theory Library

Implements the OEPDev ab initio DFT methods. Located at oepdev/libdft. Currently, this library is empty.

16.7 The OEPDev Utilities

Contains utility functions such as printing OEPDev preambule to the output file, class for wavefunction union, DIIS converger, CPHF Solver, SCF solver for external electrostatic perturbations, and others. You will also find here various iterators to go through orbital shells while computing ERI, or iterators over ERI itself. Located at oepdev/libutil.

Classes

• struct oepdev::CISData

Container to handle the CIS wavefunction parameters.

class oepdev::CISComputer

CISComputer.

- class oepdev::R_CISComputer
- class oepdev::U_CISComputer
- class oepdev::R_CISComputer_Explicit
- class oepdev::R_CISComputer_DL

CIS Computer with RHF reference: Davidson-Liu Solver.

- class oepdev::R_CISComputer_Direct
- class oepdev::U_CISComputer_Explicit
- class oepdev::U_CISComputer_DL

CIS Computer with UHF reference: Davidson-Liu Solver.

class oepdev::CPHF

CPHF solver class.

· class oepdev::DavidsonLiu

Davidson-Liu diagonalization method.

· class oepdev::DIISManager

DIIS manager.

class oepdev::GramSchmidt

Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization method.

class oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator

Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator

Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet.

class oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet.

class oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet.

class oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet.

· class oepdev::KabschSuperimposer

Compute the Cartesian rotation matrix between two structures.

struct oepdev::PerturbCharges

Structure to hold perturbing charges.

class oepdev::RHFPerturbed

RHF theory under electrostatic perturbation.

struct oepdev::ABCD

Simple structure to hold the Fourier series expansion coefficients.

struct oepdev::Fourier9

Simple structure to hold the Fourier series expansion coefficients for N=4.

class oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer

Find the optimim unitary matrix of quadratic matrix equation.

class oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer_4_2

Find the optimim unitary matrix for quartic-quadratic matrix equation with trace.

class oepdev::WavefunctionUnion

Union of two Wavefunction objects.

Macros

#define OEPDEV_USE_PSI4_DIIS_MANAGER 0

Use DIIS from Psi4 (1) or OEPDev (0)?

#define OEPDEV_MAX_AM 8

L_max.

#define OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM 17

2L_max+1

• #define OEPDEV_CRIT_ERI 1e-9

ERI criterion for E12, E34, E123 and lambda*EXY coefficients.

#define OEPDEV_SIZE_BUFFER_R 250563

Size of R buffer (OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*3)

#define OEPDEV_SIZE_BUFFER_D2 3264

Size of D2 buffer (3*(OEPDEV_MAX_AM+1)*(OEPDEV_MAX_AM+1)*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM)

#define OEPDEV_AU_KcalPerMole 627.509

Energy converters.

- #define OEPDEV_AU_CMRec 219474.63
- #define OEPDEV_AU_EV 27.21138

Typedefs

- using oepdev::SharedShellsIterator = std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator >
 Iterator over shells as shared pointer.
- using oepdev::SharedAOIntsIterator = std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator >
 Iterator over AO integrals as shared pointer.

Functions

PSI_API void oepdev::preambule (void)

Print preambule for module OEPDEV.

template<typename... Args>
 std::string oepdev::string_sprintf (const char *format, Args... args)

Format string output. Example: std::string text = oepdev::string_sprinff("Test %3d, %13.5f", 5, -10.5425);.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > oepdev::create_superfunctional (std::string name, Options & options)

Set up DFT functional.

 PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Molecule > oepdev::extract_monomer (std::shared_ptr< const Molecule > molecule_dimer, int id)

Extract molecule from dimer.

- PSI_API double oepdev::compute_distance (psi::SharedVector v1, psi::SharedVector v2)
 Compute distance between two points in nD space.
- PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > oepdev::solve_scf (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > auxiliary, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > guess, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options & options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio, bool compute_mints=false)

Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > oepdev::solve_scf_sad (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > auxiliary, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >> sad, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >> sad_fit, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options & options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio, bool compute_mints=false)

Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

- PSI_API double oepdev::average_moment (std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > moment)
 Compute the scalar magnitude of multipole moment.
- PSI_API std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix > > oepdev::calculate_JK (std::shared_ptr < psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix > C)

Compute the Coulomb and exchange integral matrices in MO basis.

PSI_API std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> oepdev::calculate_JK_r (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Dij)

Compute the Coulomb and exchange integral matrices in MO basis.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::calculate_der_D (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > C, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> A)

Compute the derivative of exchange-correlation energy wrt the density matrix in MO-A basis.

 PSI_API double oepdev::calculate_e_xc (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > f, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > C)

Compute the exchange-correlation energy from ERI in MO-SCF basis.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::matrix_power_derivative (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > A, double g, double step)

Compute the contracted derivative of power of a square and symmetric matrix.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::_calculate_DFI_Vel (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_aabb, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_abab, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > d_b)

Compute the Effective DFI Potential Matrix Due To Electrons.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::calculate_DFI_Vel_JK (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_aabb, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_abab, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > d_b)

Compute the Effective DFI Coulomb+Exchange Potential Matrix Due To Electrons.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::calculate_DFI_Vel_J (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_aabb, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > d_b)

Compute the Effective DFI Coulomb Potential Matrix Due To Electrons.

16.7.1 Detailed Description

16.7.2 Function Documentation

16.7.2.1 _calculate_DFI_Vel()

Potential is felt by molecule A and induced by electrons in molecule B.

f₋aabb	- IntegralFactory of type (AA BB)	
f_abab	- IntegralFactory of type (AB AB)	
d_b	- one-particle density matrix in AO basis of B	

Returns

- V_el(B) matrix in AO basis set of A

If f_abab is nullptr, then only Coulomb matrix is computed. Otherwise, also exchange contribution is computed.

16.7.2.2 average_moment()

Parameters

- multipole moment vector with unique matrix elements. Now supported only for dipole and quadrupole.

Returns

- the average multipole moment value.

The magnitudes of multipole moments are defined here as follows:

· The dipole moment magnitude is just a norm

$$|\mu| \equiv \sqrt{\mu_x^2 + \mu_y^2 + \mu_z^2}$$

• The quadrupole moment magnitude refers to the traceless moment in Buckingham convention

$$|\Theta| \equiv \sqrt{\Theta_{zz}^2 + \frac{1}{3} \left(\Theta_{xx} - \Theta_{yy}\right)^2 + \frac{4}{3} \left(\Theta_{xy}^2 + \Theta_{xz}^2 + \Theta_{yz}^2\right)}$$

In the above equation, the quadrupole moment elements refer to its traceless form.

16.7.2.3 calculate_der_D()

Reads the existing MO ERI's.

wfn	wfn - Wavefunction object	
tr	- IntegralTransform object	
Generated of Transie of paratisons: manatrior My Orde: Not Orde:		
Generate	ed-orl maniste izznantnom: mzazrnow ling/Ordzeci wil/Ordzeci wil/O	

Returns

- derivative matrix in MO-A basis

16.7.2.4 calculate_DFI_Vel_J()

Potential is felt by molecule A and induced by electrons in molecule B.

Parameters

f_aabb	- IntegralFactory of type (AA BB)
d₋b	- one-particle density matrix in AO basis of B

Returns

- V_el(B) matrix in AO basis set of A

16.7.2.5 calculate_DFI_Vel_JK()

Potential is felt by molecule A and induced by electrons in molecule B.

Parameters

f_aabb	- IntegralFactory of type (AA BB)
f_abab	- IntegralFactory of type (AB AB)
d_b	- one-particle density matrix in AO basis of B

Returns

- V_el(B) matrix in AO basis set of A

16.7.2.6 calculate_e_xc()

Reads the existing MO ERI's.

Parameters

wfn	- Wavefunction object
tr	- IntegralTransform object
f	- f_ij matrix in MO-NEW basis
С	- Transformation matrix MO-SCF::MO-NEW (columns are MO-A basis)

Returns

- Exchange-correlation energy

16.7.2.7 calculate_JK()

Transforms the AO ERI's based on provided C matrix.

Parameters

wfn	- Wavefunction object
С	- molecular orbital coefficients (AO x MO)

Returns

- vector with J_ij and K_ij matrix

16.7.2.8 calculate_JK_r()

```
PSI_API std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > > oepdev::calculate_JK_r
(
```

```
std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn,
std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr,
std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Dij )
```

Reads the existing MO ERI's.

Parameters

wfn	- Wavefunction object	
tr	- IntegralTransform object	
D	- density matrix in MO basis	

Returns

- vector with J_ij and K_ij matrix

16.7.2.9 compute_distance()

Parameters

v1	- vector 1
v2	- vector 2

Returns

distance The vectors have to have the same length.

16.7.2.10 create_superfunctional()

Now it accepts only pure HF functional.

name	name of the functional ("HF" is now only available)	
options	psi::Options object	

Returns

psi::SharedSuperFunctional object with functional.

Examples:

example_scf_perturb.cc.

16.7.2.11 extract_monomer()

Parameters

molecule₋dimer	psi::SharedMolecule object with dimer
id	index of a molecule (starts from 1)

Returns

psi::SharedMolecule object with indicated monomer

16.7.2.12 matrix_power_derivative()

```
PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::matrix_power_derivative ( std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > A, double g, double step)
```

The contracted matrix derivative is defined here as

$$\mathbf{D} = \frac{d\mathbf{A}^{\gamma}}{\mathbf{A}} : \mathbb{I}$$

where \mathbb{I} is the identity matrix. The derivative, which is the fourth-rank tensor, is computed by the forward 2-centre finite difference formula,

$$f' = \left(f(h) - f(0) \right) / h$$

• if γ is non-integer, input matrix has to be positive-definite.

Parameters

Α	- Matrix
g	- Power

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Returns

- Contracted derivative (matrix)

16.7.2.13 solve_scf()

Parameters

molecule	psi::SharedMolecule object with molecule					
primary	basis set					
auxiliary	basis set					
guess	basis set					
functional	DFT functional					
options	psi::Options object					
psio	psi::PSIO object					
compute_mints	Compute integrals (write IWL TOC entry - necessary when transforming integrals)					

Returns

psi::SharedWavefunction SCF wavefunction of the molecule

16.7.2.14 solve_scf_sad()

```
PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > oepdev::solve_scf_sad (
    std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule,
    std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary,
    std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > auxiliary,
    std::vector< std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >> sad,
    std::vector< std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >> sad_fit,
    std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional,
    Options & options,
```

std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio,
bool compute_mints = false)

molecule	psi::SharedMolecule object with molecule					
primary	shared primary basis set					
auxiliary	shared auxiliary basis set					
sad	SAD basis set list					
sad₋fit	SAD DF fitting basis set list					
functional	DFT functional					
options	psi::Options object					
psio	psi::PSIO object					
compute_mints	Compute integrals (write IWL TOC entry - necessary when transforming integrals)					

Returns

psi::SharedWavefunction SCF wavefunction of the molecule

16.8 The OEPDev Testing Platform Library

Testing platform at C++ level of code. You should add more tests here when developing new functionalities, theories or models. Located at oepdev/libtest.

Classes

class oepdev::test::Test
 Manages test routines.

16.8.1 Detailed Description

Ma	odu	le	Dο	CU	me	'n	tat	tio	r

Chapter 17

Namespace Documentation

17.1 gefp.basis.optimize Namespace Reference

Classes

- class DFBasis
- class DFBasisOptimizer
- class OEP
- class OEP_CT
- class OEP_FockLike
- class OEP_Pauli

Functions

- def make_bastempl (templ, param)
- def oepfitbasis (mol, role='ORBITAL')
- def removeComments (string)

17.1.1 Detailed Description

```
Auxiliary Basis Set Optimization Library.
```

The auxiliary basis sets for generalized density fitting (GDF) are here optimized.

17.2 gefp.density.dfi Namespace Reference

Classes

- class DFI
- class DFI_J

- class DFI_JK
- class SCF

Variables

• int MAX NBF = 128

17.2.1 Detailed Description

```
Demonstrates the use of Psi4 from Python level.
Useful notes:
 o Use psi4.core module for most of the work
 o Useful modules within psi4.core:
    - MintsHelper
    - Molecule
    - BasisSet
    - ExternalPotential
 o Psi4 defines its own matrix type (psi4.core.Matrix).
   Extracting numpy.array is easy:
      numpy_array = numpy.asarray(psi4_matrix)
   Creating Psi4 matrix from array is also easy:
      psi4_matrix = psi4.core.Matrix.from_array(numpy_array)
 o To compute 1-el potential matrix for a set of charges
   use ExternalPotential (charge positions are to be provided in Angstroms)
   unless charges are just nuclei within the basis set (in this case use of ao_potentia
   of MintsHelper is easier).
 o ao_potential method of MintsHelper is limited only for nuclei within the same basis
   (the nuclei are taken from the first basis set axis, for example:
     mints = MintsHelper(basis X)
    mints.ao_potential()
                                          -> nuclei taken from basis of mints object (k
     mints.ao_potential(basis_1, basis_2) -> nuclei taken from basis_1
 o Psi4 has efficient and easy to use method of defining fragments within a molecule (u
   Defining ghost atoms and extracting fragment i in the multimer-centred basis set is
   (method extract_subsets(...) of psi4.core.Molecule)
```

17.3 gefp.density.population Namespace Reference

Classes

class Loc

Functions

def atomic_charges (wfn, kappa=0.0)

17.3.1 Detailed Description

```
Module for population analyses.
Bartosz B_lasiak, Gundelfingen, September 2019

Notes:
Copied from my QC Workshop.
Reference: https://github.com/globulion/qc-workshop/tree/master/tutor/project_1#popul
```

17.3.2 Function Documentation

17.3.2.1 atomic_charges()

17.4 oepdev Namespace Reference

OEPDev module namespace.

Classes

struct ABCD

Simple structure to hold the Fourier series expansion coefficients.

· class AbInitioPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory from First Principles. Hartree-Fock Approximation.

class AllAOIntegralsIterator_2

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet.

class AllAOIntegralsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet.

class AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet.

class AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet.

class AOIntegralsIterator

Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base.

class CAMM

Cumulative Atomic Multipole Moments.

class ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy.

class ChargeTransferEnergySolver

Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class CISComputer

CISComputer.

struct CISData

Container to handle the CIS wavefunction parameters.

class CPHF

CPHF solver class.

· class CubePoints3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. g09 Cube-like order.

class CubePointsCollection3D

G09 cube-like ordered collection of points in 3D space.

· class DavidsonLiu

Davidson-Liu diagonalization method.

class DIISManager

DIIS manager.

class DMTPole

Distributed Multipole Analysis Container and Computer. Abstract Base.

· class DoubleGeneralizedDensityFit

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme - Double Fit.

class EETCouplingOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations.

class EETCouplingSolver

Compute the EET coupling energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class EFP2_GEFactory

EFP2 GEFP Factory.

class ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy.

class ElectrostaticEnergySolver

Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class ElectrostaticPotential3D

Electrostatic potential of a molecule.

class ERI_1_1

2-centre ERI of the form (a|O(2)|b) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class ERI_2_2

4-centre ERI of the form (ab|O(2)|cd) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class ERI_3_1

4-centre ERI of the form (abc|O(2)|d) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class ESPSolver

Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class.

class FFAbInitioPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory from First Principles: Finite-Difference Model. Arbitrary level of theory.

class Field3D

General Vector Dield in 3D Space. Abstract base.

struct Fourier9

Simple structure to hold the Fourier series expansion coefficients for N=4.

class GenEffFrag

Generalized Effective Fragment. Container Class.

class GenEffPar

Generalized Effective Fragment Parameters. Container Class.

class GenEffParFactory

Generalized Effective Fragment Factory. Abstract Base.

class GeneralizedDensityFit

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme. Abstract Base.

class GeneralizedPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

· class GramSchmidt

Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization method.

class IntegralFactory

Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals.

class KabschSuperimposer

Compute the Cartesian rotation matrix between two structures.

class LinearGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class LinearNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class LinearUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class MultipoleConvergence

Multipole Convergence.

class NonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class OEP_EFP2_GEFactory

OEP-EFP2 GEFP Factory.

class OEPDevSolver

Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base.

class OEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base.

class OEPotential3D

Class template for OEP 3D fields.

struct OEPType

Container to handle the type of One-Electron Potentials.

struct PerturbCharges

Structure to hold perturbing charges.

class Points3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

class PointsCollection3D

Collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

class PolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory. Abstract Base.

· class PotentialInt

Computes potential integrals.

class QuadraticGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class QuadraticNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class QuadraticUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

- class R_CISComputer
- class R_CISComputer_Direct
- class R_CISComputer_DL

CIS Computer with RHF reference: Davidson-Liu Solver.

- class R_CISComputer_Explicit
- class RandomPoints3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Random collection.

class RandomPointsCollection3D

Collection of random points in 3D space.

class RepulsionEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy.

class RepulsionEnergySolver

Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class RHFPerturbed

RHF theory under electrostatic perturbation.

class ShellCombinationsIterator

Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base.

class SingleGeneralizedDensityFit

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme - Single Fit.

class TIData

Transfer Integral EET Data.

- class TwoBodyAOInt
- class TwoElectronInt

General Two Electron Integral.

- class U_CISComputer
- class U_CISComputer_DL

CIS Computer with UHF reference: Davidson-Liu Solver.

- class U_CISComputer_Explicit
- class UniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class UnitaryOptimizer

Find the optimim unitary matrix of quadratic matrix equation.

class UnitaryOptimizer_4_2

Find the optimim unitary matrix for quartic-quadratic matrix equation with trace.

class UnitaryTransformedMOPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Scaling of MO Space.

class WavefunctionUnion

Union of two Wavefunction objects.

Typedefs

- using SharedField3D = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::Field3D >
- using SharedWavefunction = std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction >
- using SharedBasisSet = std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >
- using SharedMatrix = std::shared_ptr< Matrix >
- using SharedVector = std::shared_ptr< Vector >
- using SharedDMTPole = std::shared_ptr< DMTPole >
- using SharedLocalizer = std::shared_ptr< Localizer >
- using SharedCISData = std::shared_ptr< CISData >
- using SharedWavefunctionUnion = std::shared_ptr< WavefunctionUnion >
- using SharedOEPotential = std::shared_ptr< OEPotential >
- using SharedDMTPConvergence = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::MultipoleConvergence >

- using SharedMolecule = std::shared_ptr< psi::Molecule >
- using SharedMOSpace = std::shared_ptr< psi::MOSpace >
- using SharedMOSpaceVector = std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::MOSpace > >
- using SharedIntegralTransform = std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform >
- using SharedIntegralFactory = std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory >
- using SharedTwoBodyAOInt = std::shared_ptr< TwoBodyAOInt >
- using SharedShellsIterator = std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator >
 Iterator over shells as shared pointer.
- using SharedAOIntsIterator = std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator >
 Iterator over AO integrals as shared pointer.
- using SharedSuperFunctional = std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional >

Functions

- double d_N_n1_n2 (int N, int n1, int n2, double PA, double PB, double aP)
 Compute McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite (MDH) coefficient for binomial expansion.
- void make_mdh_D2_coeff_explicit_recursion (int n1, int n2, double aP, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion by explicit recursion. This function makes the same changes to buffers as oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff, but implements it through explicit recursion by calls to oepdev::d_N_n1_n2. Therefore, it is slightly slower. Here for debugging purposes.

void make_mdh_D1_coeff (int n1, double aPd, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for monomial expansion.

void make_mdh_D2_coeff (int n1, int n2, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion.

void make_mdh_D3_coeff (int n1, int n2, int n3, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *PC, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for trinomial expansion.

void make_mdh_R_coeff (int N, int L, int M, double alpha, double a, double b, double c, double *F, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson R coefficients.

- constexpr std::complex < double > operator""_i (unsigned long long d)
- constexpr std::complex < double > operator""_i (long double d)
- PSI_API void preambule (void)

Print preambule for module OEPDEV.

 PSI_API std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > create_superfunctional (std::string name, Options &options)

Set up DFT functional.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Molecule > extract_monomer (std::shared_ptr< const Molecule > molecule_dimer, int id)

Extract molecule from dimer.

- PSI_API double compute_distance (psi::SharedVector v1, psi::SharedVector v2)
 Compute distance between two points in nD space.
- PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > solve_scf (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > auxiliary, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > guess, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options & options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio, bool compute_mints=false)

Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > solve_scf_sad (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > auxiliary, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >> sad, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >> sad_fit, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options & options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio, bool compute_mints=false)

Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

- PSI_API double average_moment (std::shared_ptr < psi::Vector > moment)
 Compute the scalar magnitude of multipole moment.
- PSI_API std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > > calculate_JK (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > C)

Compute the Coulomb and exchange integral matrices in MO basis.

PSI_API std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> calculate_JK_r (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Dij)

Compute the Coulomb and exchange integral matrices in MO basis.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > calculate_der_D (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > C, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> A)

Compute the derivative of exchange-correlation energy wrt the density matrix in MO-A basis.

PSI_API double calculate_e_xc (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > f, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > C)

Compute the exchange-correlation energy from ERI in MO-SCF basis.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > matrix_power_derivative (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > A, double g, double step)

Compute the contracted derivative of power of a square and symmetric matrix.

- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > _calculate_DFI_Vel (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_aabb, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_abab, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > d_b)
 Compute the Effective DFI Potential Matrix Due To Electrons.
- PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > calculate_DFI_Vel_JK (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_aabb, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_abab, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > d_b)

Compute the Effective DFI Coulomb+Exchange Potential Matrix Due To Electrons.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > calculate_DFI_Vel_J (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_aabb, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > d_b)

Compute the Effective DFI Coulomb Potential Matrix Due To Electrons.

template<typename... Args>
 std::string string_sprintf (const char *format, Args... args)

Format string output. Example: std::string text = oepdev::string_sprinff("Test %3d, %13.5f", 5, -10.5425);.

17.4.1 Detailed Description

Contains all the functionalities for the development of the Generalized One-Electroc Potentials (OEP's).

17.5 psi Namespace Reference

Psi4 package namespace.

Typedefs

- using SharedBasisSet = std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >
- using SharedMolecule = std::shared_ptr< Molecule >
- using SharedMatrix = std::shared_ptr< Matrix >
- using SharedWavefunction = std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction >

Functions

- PSI_API int read_options (std::string name, Options & options)
 Options for the OEPDev plugin.
- void export_dmtp (py::module &)
- void export_cphf (py::module &)
- void export_solver (py::module &)
- void export_util (py::module &)
- void export_oep (py::module &)
- void export_gefp (py::module &)
- PSI_API SharedWavefunction oepdev (SharedWavefunction ref_wfn, Options & options)
 Main routine of the OEPDev plugin.
- PYBIND11_MODULE (oepdev, m)

17.5.1 Detailed Description

Contains all Psi4 functionalities.

17.5.2 Function Documentation

17.5.2.1 oepdev()

Created with intention to test various models of the interaction energy between two molecules, described by the Hartree-Fock-Roothaan-Hall theory or the configuration interaction with singles theory.

In particular, the plugin tests the models of:

- 1. the Pauli repulsion and CT interaction energy (Project II)
- 2. the Induction interaction energy (Project III)
- 3. the excitation energy transfer couplings (Project I)

against benchmarks (exact or reference solutions). The list of implemented models can be found in Implemented Models .

Parameters

ref_wfn	shared wavefunction of a dimer
options	psi::Options object

Returns

psi::SharedWavefunction (either ref_wfn or wavefunction union)

17.5.2.2 read_options()

Parameters

name	name of driver function
options	psi::Options object

Returns

true

Chapter 18

Class Documentation

18.1 gefp.density.dms._DMS_SCF_Procedure Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms._DMS_SCF_Procedure:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, aggregate, fragments)

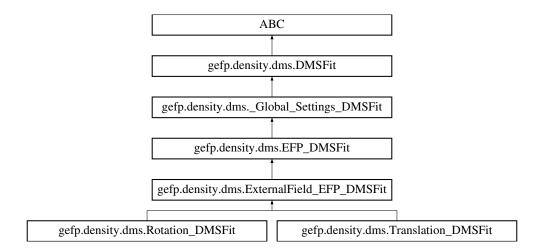
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.2 gefp.density.dms._Global_Settings_DMSFit Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms._Global_Settings_DMSFit:



Public Member Functions

 def __init__ (self, mol, method, nsamples, dms_types, order_type, use_iterative_model, use_external_field_model)

Additional Inherited Members

18.2.1 Detailed Description

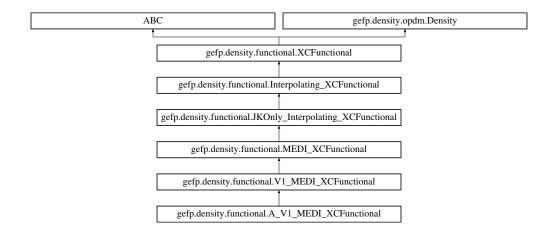
Global settings and utilities to fit DMS tensors.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.3 gefp.density.functional.A_V1_MEDI_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.A_V1_MEDI_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, coeff, kmax)
- def abbr (self)
- def compute_a0 (self, n)

Static Public Member Functions

• def name ()

Additional Inherited Members

18.3.1 Detailed Description

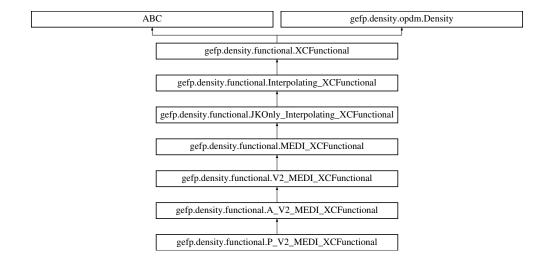
```
The New Class of Exchange-Correlation Functionals: Interpolation Functionals with Monotonous Exponential Decay.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.4 gefp.density.functional.A_V2_MEDI_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.A_V2_MEDI_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, coeff, kmax)
- · def abbr (self)

- def compute_a0 (self, n)
- def energy_P_costly (self, x)
- def gradient_P (self, x)
- def gradient_P_approximate (self, x)

Static Public Member Functions

• def name ()

Additional Inherited Members

18.4.1 Detailed Description

```
The New Class of Exchange-Correlation Functionals: Interpolation Functionals with Monotonous Exponential Decay.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.5 oepdev::ABCD Struct Reference

Simple structure to hold the Fourier series expansion coefficients.

```
#include <unitary_optimizer.h>
```

Public Attributes

- · double A
- · double B
- · double C
- · double D

18.5.1 Detailed Description

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

oepdev/libutil/unitary_optimizer.h

18.6 oepdev::AbInitioPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory from First Principles. Hartree-Fock Approximation.

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AbInitioPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- AbInitioPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
- virtual std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > compute (void)

Compute the density matrix susceptibility tensors.

Additional Inherited Members

18.6.1 Detailed Description

Implements creation of the density matrix susceptibility tensors for which X=1. Guarantees the idempotency of the density matrix up to first-order in LCAO-MO variation. The density matrix susceptibility tensor is represented by:

$$\delta D_{\alpha\beta} = \sum_{i} \mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(i;1)} \cdot \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_i)$$

where $\mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(i;1)}$ is the density matrix dipole polarizability defined for the distributed LMO site at \mathbf{r}_i . Its explicit form is given by

$$\mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(i;1)} = C_{\alpha i}^{(0)} \mathbf{b}_{\beta}^{(i;1)} C_{\beta i}^{(0)} \mathbf{b}_{\alpha}^{(i;1)} - \sum_{\gamma} \left(D_{\alpha\gamma}^{(0)} C_{\beta i}^{(0)} + D_{\beta\gamma}^{(0)} C_{\alpha i}^{(0)} \right) \mathbf{b}_{\gamma}^{(i;1)}$$

where the susceptibility of the LCAO-MO coefficient is given by

$$b_{\alpha;w}^{(i;1)} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{u}^{x,y,z} \left[\alpha_{i}\right]_{uw} \left[\left[\mathbf{L}_{i}\right]_{\text{Left}}^{-1}\right]_{u;\alpha}$$

for w = x, y, z. The auxiliary tensor \mathbb{L} is defined as

$$\mathbb{L} = \mathbf{C}^{(0)T} \cdot \mathbb{M} \cdot \left(\mathbf{1} - \mathbf{D}^{(0)} \right)$$

where \mathbb{M} is the dipole integral vector of matrices in AO representation. The left inverse of the i-th element is defined as

$$[\mathbf{L}_i]_{\mathrm{Left}}^{-1} \equiv \left[\mathbf{L}_i^{\mathrm{T}} \cdot \mathbf{L}_i\right]^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{L}_i^{\mathrm{T}}$$

Note that $L_i \equiv [\mathbb{L}]_i$ is a $n \times 3$ matrix, whereas its left inverse is a $3 \times n$ matrix with n being the size of the AO basis set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_abinitio.cc

18.7 gefp.density.dms.Aggregate Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, psi4_molecule, qm_frags=None)
- def update (self, xyz)
- def tofile (self, out, center_mode=None, format='xyz', misc=None)

Public Attributes

- all
- qm_frags
- nfrags
- qm
- · bath

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

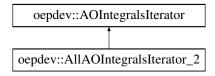
gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.8 oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2 Class Reference

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet.

#include <integrals_iter.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2:



Public Member Functions

AllAOIntegralsIterator_2 (const ShellCombinationsIterator *shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (const object)

AllAOIntegralsIterator_2 (std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (pointed by shared pointer)

void first ()

First iteration.

void next ()

Next iteration.

• int i () const

Grab the current integral i index.

• int i () const

Grab the current integral j index.

• int index () const

Additional Inherited Members

18.8.1 Detailed Description

Constructed by providing a const reference or shared pointer to an AllAOShellCombinationsIterator object.

See also

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2

18.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
18.8.2.1 AllAOIntegralsIterator_2() [1/2]
```

Parameters

shellIter - shell iterator object

18.8.2.2 AllAOIntegralsIterator_2() [2/2]

Parameters

```
shellIter - shell iterator object
```

18.8.3 Member Function Documentation

18.8.3.1 index()

Grab the current index of integral value stored in the buffer

Implements oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

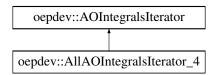
- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

18.9 oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4 Class Reference

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet.

```
#include <integrals_iter.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4:



Public Member Functions

- AllAOIntegralsIterator_4 (const ShellCombinationsIterator *shellIter)
 Construct by shell iterator (const object)
- AllAOIntegralsIterator_4 (std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (pointed by shared pointer)

• void first ()

First iteration.

• void next ()

Next iteration.

• int i () const

Grab the current integral i index.

int j () const

Grab the current integral j index.

• int k () const

Grab the current integral k index.

• int I () const

Grab the current integral I index.

• int index () const

Additional Inherited Members

18.9.1 Detailed Description

Constructed by providing a const reference or shared pointer to an AllAOShellCombinationsIterator object.

See also

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4

18.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
18.9.2.1 AllAOIntegralsIterator_4() [1/2]
```

Parameters

shellIter - shell iterator object

18.9.2.2 AllAOIntegralsIterator_4() [2/2]

Parameters

```
shellIter - shell iterator object
```

18.9.3 Member Function Documentation

18.9.3.1 index()

Grab the current index of integral value stored in the buffer

Implements oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

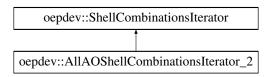
- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

18.10 oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 Class Reference

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet.

```
#include <integrals_iter.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2:



Public Member Functions

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (SharedBasisSet bs_1, SharedBasisSet bs_2)

Iterate over shell doublets. Construct by providing basis sets for each axis. The basis sets must be defined for the same molecule.

- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory > integrals)
 Construct by providing integral factory.
- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (const IntegralFactory &integrals)
- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > integrals)
 Construct by providing integral factory.
- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (const psi::IntegralFactory &integrals)
- void first ()

First iteration.

void next ()

Next iteration.

- void compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const
 Compute ERI's for the current shell. The eris are stored in the buffer of the argument object.
- void compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< psi::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const
- int P () const

Grab the current shell P index.

• int Q () const

Grab the current shell Q index.

Additional Inherited Members

18.10.1 Detailed Description

Constructed by providing IntegralFactory object or shared pointers to two basis set spaces.

18.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.10.2.1 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2() [1/5]

Parameters

bs_1	- basis set of axis 1
bs_2	- basis set of axis 2

18.10.2.2 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2() [2/5]

Parameters

```
integrals - OepDev integral factory object
```

18.10.2.3 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2() [3/5]

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

18.10.2.4 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2() [4/5]

Parameters

```
integrals - Psi4 integral factory object
```

18.10.2.5 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2() [5/5]

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

18.10.3 Member Function Documentation

18.10.3.1 compute_shell()

Parameters

tei - two electron AO integral

Implements oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

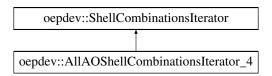
- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

18.11 oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 Class Reference

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet.

#include <integrals_iter.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4:



Public Member Functions

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (SharedBasisSet bs_1, SharedBasisSet bs_2, SharedBasisSet bs_3, SharedBasisSet bs_4)

Iterate over shell quartets. Construct by providing basis sets for each axis. The basis sets must be defined for the same molecule.

- $\bullet \ \ All AOS hell Combinations Iterator_4 \ (std::shared_ptr < Integral Factory > integrals)\\$
 - Construct by providing integral factory.
- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (const IntegralFactory &integrals)
- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > integrals)

Construct by providing integral factory.

- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (const psi::IntegralFactory &integrals)
- void first ()

Do the first iteration.

void next ()

Do the next iteration.

- void compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const
- void compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< psi ::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const
- int P () const

Grab the current shell P index.

```
• int Q () const
```

Grab the current shell Q index.

• int R () const

Grab the current shell R index.

• int S () const

Grab the current shell S index.

Additional Inherited Members

18.11.1 Detailed Description

Constructed by providing IntegralFactory object or shared pointers to four basis set spaces.

18.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.11.2.1 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4() [1/5]

Parameters

bs_1	- basis set of axis 1
bs_2	- basis set of axis 2
bs_3	- basis set of axis 3
bs_4	- basis set of axis 4

18.11.2.2 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4() [2/5]

Parameters

integrals	- OepDev integral factory object
-----------	----------------------------------

```
18.11.2.3 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4() [3/5]
```

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

18.11.2.4 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4() [4/5]

Parameters

```
integrals - OepDev integral factory object
```

18.11.2.5 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4() [5/5]

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

18.11.3 Member Function Documentation

```
18.11.3.1 compute_shell() [1/2]
```

Compute integrals in a current shell. Works both for oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt and psi::TwoBodyAOInt

Parameters

```
tei - two body integral object
```

Implements oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator.

```
18.11.3.2 compute_shell() [2/2]
```

Compute integrals in a current shell. Works both for oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt and psi::TwoBodyAOInt

Parameters

```
tei - two body integral object
```

Implements oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

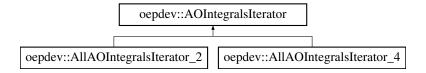
- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

18.12 oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator Class Reference

Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base.

```
#include <integrals_iter.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator:



Public Member Functions

AOIntegralsIterator ()

Base Constructor.

virtual ∼AOIntegralsIterator ()

Base Destructor.

virtual void first (void)=0

Do the first iteration.

virtual void next (void)=0

Do the next iteration.

· virtual int i (void) const

Grab i-th index.

virtual int j (void) const

Grab j-th index.

virtual int k (void) const

Grab k-th index.

virtual int I (void) const

Grab I-th index.

virtual int index (void) const =0

Grab index in the integral buffer.

virtual bool is_done (void)

Returns the status of an iterator.

Static Public Member Functions

- static std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator > build (const ShellCombinationsIterator *shellIter, std::string mode="ALL")
- static std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator > build (std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter, std::string mode="ALL")

Protected Attributes

· bool done

The status of an iterator.

18.12.1 Detailed Description

18.12.2 Member Function Documentation

Build AO integrals iterator from current state of iterator over shells

Parameters

```
shellIter - iterator over shells - either "ALL" or "UNIQUE" (iterate over all or unique integrals)
```

Returns

iterator over AO integrals

18.12.2.2 build() [2/2]

```
std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator > AOIntegralsIterator::build (
    std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter,
    std::string mode = "ALL" ) [static]
```

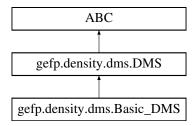
This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

18.13 gefp.density.dms.Basic_DMS Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.Basic_DMS:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, type='da')

18.13.1 Detailed Description

Basic model of DMS that handles induction up to second-order and first-order pure Pauli effects.

The order of DMS blocks:

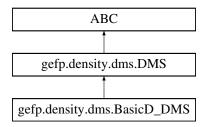
Block	DMS order	Interaction	Symmetry	Dimension	Group
1.	(1,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n,n,N,3)	Z(1)
2.	(2,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n, n, N, 3, 3)	Z(1)
3.	(0,1)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(2)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.14 gefp.density.dms.BasicD_DMS Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.BasicD_DMS:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, type='da')

18.14.1 Detailed Description

Basic model of DMS that handles induction up to second-order and Pauli effects up to secod-order.

The order of DMS blocks:

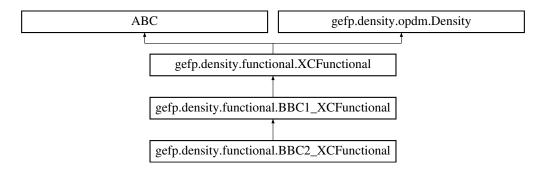
Block	DMS order	Interaction	Symmetry	Dimension	Group
1.	(1,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n,n,N,3)	Z(1)
2.	(2,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n, n, N, 3, 3)	Z(1)
3.	(0,2)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(1)
4.	(0,1)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(2)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.15 gefp.density.functional.BBC1_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.BBC1_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self)
- · def abbr (self)

Static Public Member Functions

- def name ()
- def fij (n)

Additional Inherited Members

18.15.1 Detailed Description

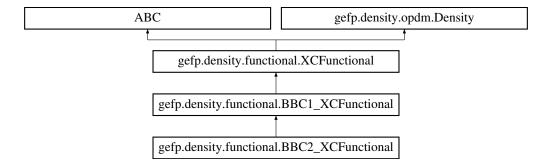
The BBC1 Exchange-Correlation Functional.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.16 gefp.density.functional.BBC2_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.BBC2_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self)
- · def abbr (self)

Static Public Member Functions

- def name ()
- def fij (n)

Additional Inherited Members

18.16.1 Detailed Description

The BBC2 Exchange-Correlation Functional.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

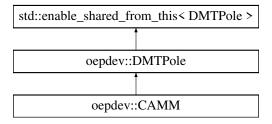
• gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.17 oepdev::CAMM Class Reference

Cumulative Atomic Multipole Moments.

#include <dmtp.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::CAMM:



Public Member Functions

- CAMM (psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, int n)
- CAMM (const CAMM *other)
- virtual void compute (psi::SharedMatrix D, bool transition, int n)

Compute DMTP's from the one-particle density matrix.

virtual void print_header (void) const

Print the header.

Additional Inherited Members

18.17.1 Detailed Description

Cumulative atomic multipole representation of the molecular charge distribution. Method of Sokalski and Poirier. Ref.: W. A. Sokalski and R. A. Poirier, *Chem. Phys. Lett.*, 98(1) **1983**

Methodology.

The distributed multipole moments are computed in the following way:

first the atomic additive multipole moments (AAMM's) with origins set to the global coordinate system origin are computed. AO basis set partitioning is used to dostribute the AAMM's onto the atomic centres.

• subsequently, the AAMM's origins are moved to the corresponding atomic site.

The computation of the AAMM's is performed according to the following prescription:

$$M_{uw...z}^{(A)}(\mathbf{0}) = \sum_{lpha \in A} \sum_{eta \in ext{allAO's}} D_{lphaeta}^{ ext{OED}} ra{lpha} ra{\mathscr{M}_{uw...z}}(\mathbf{0}) raket{eta}$$

where $M_{uw...z}^{(A)}$ denotes the (uw...z)-th component of the multipole centered at atomic site A, the symbol $\mathcal{M}(\mathbf{0})$ is the associated quantum mechanical operator and $D_{\alpha\beta}^{\mathrm{OED}}$ is the (generalized) one-particle density matrx element in AO basis (Greek indices).

Recentering of the multipole moments is described in the documentation of oepdev::DMTPole::recenter.

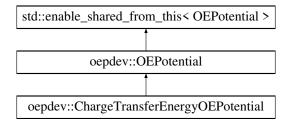
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/lib3d/dmtp.h
- oepdev/lib3d/dmtp_camm.cc

18.18 oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy.

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential:



Public Member Functions

- ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, SharedBasisSet intermediate, Options & options)
- ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)
- virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType) override

Compute matrix forms of all OEP's within a specified OEP type.

virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > &v) override

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v.

virtual void print_header () const override

Header information.

Additional Inherited Members

18.18.1 Detailed Description

Contains the following OEP types:

- Otto-Ladik.V1.GDF DF-based term (group I)
- Otto-Ladik.V3.CAMM-nj **CAMM-based** term (group III; truncated on distributed charges)

Group II terms do not require any particular OEP's due to great siplification of this term. Atomic numbers and LMO centroids are sufficient.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

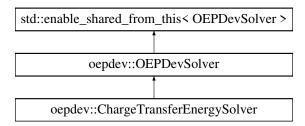
- · oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- oepdev/liboep/oep_energy_ct.cc

18.19 oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver Class Reference

Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

```
#include <solver.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver:



Public Member Functions

- ChargeTransferEnergySolver (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)
- virtual double compute_oep_based (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")

Compute property by using OEP's.

• virtual double compute_benchmark (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")

Compute property by using benchmark method.

Additional Inherited Members

18.19.1 Detailed Description

The implemented methods are shown below

Table 18.15: Methods available in the Solver

Keyword	Method Description		
	Benchmark Methods		
OTTO_LADIK	Default. CT energy at HF level from Otto and Ladik (1975).		
EFP2	CT energy at HF level from EFP2 model.		
OEP-Based Methods			
OTTO_LADIK	Default. OEP-based Otto-Ladik expressions.		

In order to construct this solver, **always** use the <code>OEPDevSolver::build</code> static factory method.

Below the detailed description of the implemented equations is given for each of the above provided methods. In the formulae across, it is assumed that the orbitals are real. The Coulomb notation for electron repulsion integrals (ERI's) is adopted; i.e,

$$(ac|bd) = \iint d\mathbf{r}_1 d\mathbf{r}_2 \phi_a(\mathbf{r}_1) \phi_c(\mathbf{r}_1) \frac{1}{r_{12}} \phi_b(\mathbf{r}_2) \phi_d(\mathbf{r}_2)$$

Greek subscripts denote basis set orbitals whereas Italic subscripts denote the occupied molecular orbitals.

The CT energy between molecules A and B is given by

$$E^{\text{CT}} = E^{\text{A}^{+}\text{B}^{-}} + E^{\text{A}^{-}\text{B}^{+}}$$

Benchmark Methods

CT energy at HF level by Otto and Ladik (1975).

For a closed-shell system, CT energy equation of Otto and Ladik becomes

$$E^{\mathrm{A^+B^-}} pprox 2 \sum_{i \in A}^{\mathrm{Occ_A}} \sum_{n \in B}^{\mathrm{Vir_B}} \frac{V_{in}^2}{\varepsilon_i - \varepsilon_n}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} V_{in} &= V_{in}^{B} + 2\sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{B}} (in|jj) - \sum_{k \in A}^{\text{Occ}_{A}} S_{kn} \left\{ V_{ik}^{B} + 2\sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{B}} (ik|jj) \right\} \\ &- \sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{B}} \left[S_{ij} \left\{ V_{nj}^{A} + 2\sum_{k \in A}^{\text{Occ}_{A}} (1 - \delta_{ik})(nj|kk) \right\} + (nj|ij) \right] + \sum_{k \in A}^{\text{Occ}_{A}} \sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{A}} S_{kj} (1 - \delta_{ik})(ik|nj) \end{aligned}$$

and analogously the twin term.

CT energy at HF level by EFP2.

In EFP2 method, CT energy is given as

$$E^{\mathrm{A^+B^-}} \approx 2 \sum_{i \in A}^{\mathrm{Occ_A}} \sum_{n \in B}^{\mathrm{Vir_B}} \frac{V_{in}^2}{F_{ii} - T_{nn}}$$

where

$$V_{in}^{2} = \frac{V_{in}^{EF,B} - \sum_{m \in A}^{\text{All}_{A}} V_{im}^{EF,B} S_{mn}^{B}}{1 - \sum_{m \in A}^{\text{All}_{A}} S_{mn}^{2}} \left\{ V_{in}^{EF,B} - \sum_{m \in A}^{\text{All}_{A}} V_{im}^{EF,B} S_{mn} + \sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{B}} S_{ij} \left(T_{nj} - \sum_{m \in A}^{\text{All}_{A}} S_{nm} T_{mj} \right) \right\}$$

and analogously the twin term.

OEP-Based Methods

OEP-Based Otto-Ladik's theory

After introducing OEP's, the original Otto-Ladik's theory is reformulated *without* approximation as

$$E^{\mathrm{A^+B^-}} pprox 2 \sum_{i \in A}^{\mathrm{Occ_A}} \sum_{n \in B}^{\mathrm{Vir_B}} rac{\left(V_{in}^{\mathrm{DF}} + V_{in}^{\mathrm{ESP,A}} + V_{in}^{\mathrm{ESP,B}}
ight)^2}{arepsilon_i - arepsilon_n}$$

where

$$V_{in}^{ ext{DF}} = \sum_{\eta \in B}^{ ext{Aux}_B} S_{i\eta} G_{\eta n}^B$$
 $V_{in}^{ ext{ESP}, ext{A}} = \sum_{k \in A}^{ ext{Occ}_A} \sum_{j \in B}^{ ext{Occ}_B} S_{kj} \sum_{x \in A} V_{nj}^{(x)} q_{ik}^{(x)}$
 $V_{in}^{ ext{ESP}, ext{B}} = -\sum_{k \in A}^{ ext{Occ}_A} S_{kn} V_{ik}^B$

The OEP matrix for density fitted part is given by

$$G_{\eta n}^{B} = \sum_{\eta' \in B}^{\text{Aux}_{\text{B}}} [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{\eta \eta'} \left\{ V_{\eta' n}^{B} + \sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{\text{B}}} \left[2(\eta' n | jj) - (\eta' j | nj) \right] \right\}$$

The OEP ESP-A charges are fit to reproduce the OEP potential

$$v_{ik}^{A}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv (1 - \delta_{ik}) \int \frac{\phi_i(\mathbf{r}')\phi_k(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} d\mathbf{r}' - \delta_{ik} \left(\sum_{x \in A} \frac{-Z_x}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_x|} + 2 \sum_{k \in A}^{\text{Occ}_A} \int \frac{\phi_k(\mathbf{r}')\phi_k(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} d\mathbf{r}' - 2 \int \frac{\phi_i(\mathbf{r}')\phi_i(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} d\mathbf{r}' \right) d\mathbf{r}' d\mathbf{r}' \right)$$

so that

$$v_{ik}^A(\mathbf{r})\cong\sum_{x\in A}rac{q_{ik}^{(x)}}{|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}_x|}$$

The OEP ESP-B charges are fit to reproduce the electrostatic potential of molecule *B* (they are standard ESP charges).

18.19.2 Member Function Documentation

18.19.2.1 compute_benchmark()

Each solver object has one DEFAULT benchmark method

Parameters

```
method - benchmark method
```

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

18.19.2.2 compute_oep_based()

Each solver object has one DEFAULT OEP-based method.

Parameters

```
method - flavour of OEP model
```

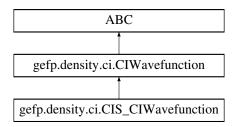
Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libsolver/solver.h
- oepdev/libsolver/solver_energy_ct.cc

18.20 gefp.density.ci.CIS_CIWavefunction Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.ci.CIS_CIWavefunction:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, ref_wfn, E, W)
- def make_ci_l (self)

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

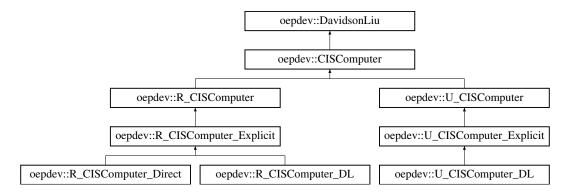
• gefp/gefp/density/ci.py

18.21 oepdev::CISComputer Class Reference

CISComputer.

#include <cis.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::CISComputer:



Public Member Functions

virtual ∼CISComputer ()

Destructor.

virtual void compute (void)

Solve the CIS problem.

virtual void clear_dpd (void)

Clear DPD instance.

int nstates (void) const

Get the total number of excited states.

psi::SharedVector eigenvalues () const

Get the CIS eigenvalues.

- psi::SharedVector E () const
- · psi::SharedMatrix eigenvectors () const

Get the CIS eigenvectors.

- psi::SharedMatrix U () const
- std::pair< double, double > U_homo_lumo (int I, int h=0, int l=0) const

Get the HOMO+*h*->LUMO+*l* CIS coefficient for a given excited state I for spin alpha and beta.

SharedMatrix Da_mo (int i) const

Compute MO one-particle alpha density matrix for state i

SharedMatrix Db_mo (int i) const

Compute MO one-particle beta density matrix for state i

SharedMatrix Da_ao (int i) const

Compute AO one-particle alpha density matrix for state i

SharedMatrix Db_ao (int i) const

Compute AO one-particle beta density matrix for state i

SharedDMTPole camm (int j, bool symmetrize=false) const

Compute CAMM for j excited state.

SharedMatrix Ta_ao (int j) const

Compute MO one-particle alpha 0->*j* transition density matrix.

SharedMatrix Tb_ao (int j) const

Compute MO one-particle beta 0->*j* transition density matrix.

SharedMatrix Ta_ao (int i, int j) const

Compute MO one-particle alpha i->*j* transition density matrix.

SharedMatrix Tb_ao (int i, int j) const

Compute MO one-particle beta i->*j* transition density matrix.

SharedDMTPole trcamm (int j, bool symmetrize=true) const

Compute TrCAMM for 0->*j* transition.

SharedDMTPole trcamm (int i, int j, bool symmetrize=true) const

Compute TrCAMM for i->*j* transition.

SharedVector transition_dipole (int j) const

Compute transition dipole moment for 0->*j* transition.

SharedVector transition_dipole (int i, int j) const

Compute transition dipole moment for i->*j* transition.

double oscillator_strength (int j) const

Compute oscillator strength for 0->*j* transition.

double oscillator_strength (int i, int j) const

Compute oscillator strength for i->*j* transition.

• double s2 (int i) const

Compute $\langle S2 \rangle$ expectation value for the *i*th state.

void determine_electronic_state (int &I)

Determine electronic state.

std::shared_ptr< CISData > data (int I, int I, bool symmetrize_trcamm=false)

Return CIS data structure for a given excited state I

Static Public Member Functions

static std::shared_ptr< CISComputer > build (const std::string &type, std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt, const std::string &reference=""")
 Build CIS Computer.

Static Public Attributes

• static const std::vector< std::string > reference_types = {"RHF", "UHF"}

Slater determinant possible references, that are implemented.

Protected Member Functions

- CISComputer (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt, psi::IntegralTransform::Tran trans_type)
- virtual void print_header_ (void)
- virtual void set_nstates_ (void)
- virtual void allocate_memory (void)
- virtual void allocate_hamiltonian_ (void)
- virtual void prepare_for_cis_ (void)
- virtual void build_hamiltonian_ (void)=0
- virtual void diagonalize_hamiltonian_ (void)
- virtual void standardize_amplitudes_ (void)
- virtual void print_excited_states_ (void)
- virtual void print_excited_state_character_ (int I)=0
- virtual void set_beta_ (void)=0
- virtual void transform_integrals_ (void)
- virtual void davidson_liu_compute_diagonal_hamiltonian (void)
- virtual void davidson_liu_compute_sigma (void)

Protected Attributes

std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > ref_wfn_

Reference wavefunction.

• const int nmo_

Psi4 Options.

const int naocc_

Number of alpha occupied MO's.

const int nbocc_

Number of beta occupied MO's.

· const int navir_

Number of alpha virtual MO's.

const int nbvir_

Number of beta virtual MO's.

int ndets_

Number of excited determinants.

int nstates_

Number of excited states.

SharedMatrix H₋

CIS Excited State Hamiltonian in Slater determinantal basis.

- SharedMatrix U_
- SharedVector E_
- std::shared_ptr< psi::JK > jk_

Computer of generalized JK objects.

- SharedVector eps_a_o_
- SharedVector eps_a_v_
- SharedVector eps_b_o_
- SharedVector eps_b_v_
- const psi::IntegralTransform::TransformationType transformation_type_

MO Integral Transformation Type.

std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > inttrans_

18.21.1 Detailed Description

18.21.2 Member Function Documentation

18.21.2.1 build()

Parameters

type	- Type of computer
wfn	- Psi4 wavefunction
opt	- Psi4 options
reference	- Reference Slater determinant (RHF, UHF available).

Available computer types:

- RESTRICTED or RCIS RHF wavefunction is used as reference state
- UNRESTRICTED or UCIS UHF wavefunction is used as reference state

Implementation

The CIS Hamiltonian in the basis space of singly-excited Slater determinants is constructed from canonical molecular orbitals (CMO's)

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \Phi_0 \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi_i^a \right\rangle &= 0 \\ \left\langle \Phi_j^b \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi_i^a \right\rangle &= \delta_{ij} \delta_{ab} \left(\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i \right) + \left\langle aj \middle| ib \right\rangle - \left\langle aj \middle| bi \right\rangle \end{split}$$

where *i* labels the occupied CMO's whereas *a* labels the virtual CMO's. In the above equation, $\langle aj|ib\rangle$ is the 2-electron 4-centre integral in physicist's notation. After integrating out the spin coordinate, four blocks of Hamiltonian are explicitly given as

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \Phi^{b}_{j} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi^{a}_{i} \right\rangle &= \delta_{ij} \delta_{ab} \left(\varepsilon_{a} - \varepsilon_{i} \right) + \left[ia \middle| jb \right] - \left[ab \middle| ij \right] \\ \left\langle \Phi^{\overline{b}}_{\overline{j}} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi^{\overline{a}}_{\overline{i}} \right\rangle &= \delta_{\overline{i}\overline{j}} \delta_{\overline{a}\overline{b}} \left(\varepsilon_{\overline{a}} - \varepsilon_{\overline{i}} \right) + \left[\overline{i}\overline{a} \middle| \overline{j}\overline{b} \right] - \left[\overline{a}\overline{b} \middle| \overline{i}\overline{j} \right] \\ \left\langle \Phi^{\overline{b}}_{\overline{j}} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi^{a}_{i} \right\rangle &= \left[ia \middle| \overline{j}\overline{b} \right] \\ \left\langle \Phi^{b}_{j} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi^{\overline{a}}_{\overline{i}} \right\rangle &= \left[\overline{i}\overline{a} \middle| jb \right] \end{split}$$

where the $\lceil ia \mid jb \rceil$ is the 2-electron 4-centre integral in the chemist's (Coulomb) notation.

Such matrix is diagonalized yelding the excitation energies (wrt HF ground state) as well as the CIS coefficients

$$\sum_{ij} \sum_{ab} t^a_{i,I} H^{ab}_{ij} t^b_{j,J} = E_I \delta_{IJ}$$

where the summations above extend over alpha and beta electron spin labels and $t_{i,I}^a$ is the CIS amplitude for the *I*th excited state, associated with the $i \to a$ excitation with respect to the HF reference determinant. Note that E_I is *not* the excited state energy, but the energy relative the the HF reference energy.

See also

For Davidson-Liu solution to CIS problem, see oepdev::R_CISComputer_DL and oepdev::U_CISComputer_DL.

Transition density matrix

AO basis transition density from ground (HF) to excited (CIS) state is given by

$$P_{\mu\nu}^{(g\to e)} = \sum_{i}^{\text{Occ}} \sum_{a}^{\text{Vir}} t_{i,e}^{a} C_{\nu i} C_{\mu a} + \sum_{\bar{i}}^{\text{Occ}} \sum_{\bar{a}}^{\text{Vir}} t_{\bar{i},e}^{\bar{a}} C_{\nu \bar{i}} C_{\mu \bar{a}}$$

Excited state density matrix

CMO basis excited state density matrix for alpha spin is given by

Analogous expression is given for the beta spin.

AO representation of the CMO excited state density matrix is

$$P_{\mu\nu}^{(e)} = \sum_{pq} C_{\mu p} P_{pq}^{(e)} C_{\nu q} + \sum_{\overline{pq}} C_{\mu \overline{p}} P_{\overline{pq}}^{(e)} C_{\nu \overline{q}}$$

which is the sum of alpha and beta density matrices in CMO basis transformed to AO basis.

The CMO excited state density matrix for spin alpha is given by

$$P_{pq}^{(e)} = egin{cases} \delta_{pq} - \sum_{a}^{ ext{Vir}} t_{p,e}^a t_{q,e}^a & ext{for p,q} \in ext{Occ} \ \sum_{i}^{ ext{Occ}} t_{i,e}^p t_{i,e}^q & ext{for p,q} \in ext{Vir} \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The beta spin density matrix is generated analogously as above.

The cumulative atomic multipole moments (CAMM) are computed from the excited state density matrices in AO basis. The nuclear contribution is included.

Transition multipole moments

The transition dipole moment is computed from the AO transition density matrix and the dipole integrals in AO basis, i.e.,

$$\langle \Phi_0 | \hat{\mu}_u | \Psi_e \rangle = \text{Tr} \left[\mathbf{d}^{(u)} \cdot \mathbf{P}^{g \to e} \right]$$

Oscillator strength is computed from the transition dipole moment via

$$f^{g o e} = rac{2}{3} E_e \Big| ig\langle \Phi_0 \Big| \hat{\mu} \Big| \Psi_e ig
angle \Big|^2$$

Transition cumulative atomic multipole moments (TrCAMM) are computed from the transition density matrices in AO basis. The nuclear contribution is not included.

Spin angular momentum

The expectation value of the \hat{S}^2 operator is calculated from the CIS amplitudes and MOs of the reference wavefunction according to D. Maurice and M. Head-Gordon, *Int. J. Quant. Chem.*, **1995**, 95, 010361-10:

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \hat{S}^{2} \right\rangle_{\mathrm{UCIS}} &= \left\langle \hat{S}^{2} \right\rangle_{\mathrm{UHF}} - \mathrm{Tr} \left[\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{Occ}}^{(\alpha)} \cdot \left\{ \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{Occ}}^{(e,\alpha)} - \mathbf{1} \right\} \right] - \mathrm{Tr} \left[\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{Occ}}^{(\beta)} \cdot \left\{ \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{Occ}}^{(e,\beta)} - \mathbf{1} \right\} \right] \\ &- \mathrm{Tr} \left[\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{Vir}}^{(\alpha)} \cdot \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{Vir}}^{(e,\alpha)} \right] - \mathrm{Tr} \left[\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{Vir}}^{(\beta)} \cdot \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{Vir}}^{(e,\beta)} \right] - 2 \sum_{i}^{\mathrm{Occ}} \sum_{a}^{\mathrm{Vir}} \sum_{\overline{b}}^{\mathrm{Occ}} \Delta_{i\overline{j}}^{\mathrm{vir}} \Delta_{a\overline{b}}^{a} t_{i,e}^{a} t_{\overline{j},e}^{\overline{b}} \end{split}$$

where

$$\begin{split} [\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{Occ}}^{(\alpha)}]_{ij} &= \sum_{\bar{k}}^{\mathrm{Occ}} \Delta_{\bar{k}i}^* \Delta_{\bar{k}j} \\ [\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{Occ}}^{(\beta)}]_{\bar{i}\bar{j}} &= \sum_{k}^{\mathrm{Occ}} \Delta_{k\bar{i}}^* \Delta_{k\bar{j}} \\ [\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{Vir}}^{(\alpha)}]_{ab} &= \sum_{\bar{k}}^{\mathrm{Occ}} \Delta_{\bar{k}a}^* \Delta_{\bar{k}b} \\ [\mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{Vir}}^{(\beta)}]_{\bar{a}\bar{b}} &= \sum_{k}^{\mathrm{Occ}} \Delta_{k\bar{a}}^* \Delta_{k\bar{b}} \end{split}$$

and

$$\Delta_{pq} = \sum_{\mu\nu} C_{\mu p} S_{\mu \nu} C_{\nu p}$$

The diagnostic for UHF spin contamination is given by

$$\langle \hat{S}^2 \rangle_{\text{UHF}} = \langle \hat{S}^2 \rangle_{\text{exact}} + N_{\beta} - \sum_{i}^{\text{Occ}} \sum_{\bar{j}}^{\text{Occ}} |\Delta_{i\bar{j}}|^2$$

with

$$\left\langle \hat{S}^{2}\right\rangle _{\mathrm{exact}}=rac{N_{lpha}-N_{eta}}{2}\left(rac{N_{lpha}-N_{eta}+2}{2}
ight)$$

and is also printed out to the output file.

Note

Useful options:

- CIS_TYPE Algorithm of CIS. Available: DAVIDSON_LIU (Default), DIRECT_EXPLICIT (only RHF reference), EXPLICIT.
- CIS_SCHWARTZ_CUTOFF Cutoff for Schwartz ERI screening. Default: 0.0. Relevant if DAVIDSON_LIU or DIRECT_EXPLICIT are chosen as CIS type.
- CIS_STANDARDIZE_AMPLITUDES If true, CIS amplitudes of each excited state are rephased so that the leading amplitude is positive. Default: true.
- OEPDEV_AMPLITUDE_PRINT_THRESHOLD Control threshold how many CIS amplitudes to print to the output. Default: 0.1.
- For UHF references, SAD guess might lead to triplet instabilities. It is then better to set CORE as the UHF guess

18.21.3 Member Data Documentation

18.21.3.1 nmo_

```
const int oepdev::CISComputer::nmo_ [protected]
```

Number of MO's

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libutil/cis.h
- oepdev/libutil/cis_base.cc

18.22 oepdev::CISData Struct Reference

Container to handle the CIS wavefunction parameters.

```
#include <cis.h>
```

Public Attributes

double E_{-ex}

Excitation energy.

double t_homo_lumo

CIS HOMO-LUMO amplitude.

SharedMatrix Pe

Excited state density matrix (sum of alpha and beta)

SharedMatrix Peg

Transition ground-to-excited state density matrix (sum of alpha and beta)

SharedDMTPole trcamm

TrCAMM.

• SharedDMTPole camm_homo

CAMM for HOMO orbital.

• SharedDMTPole camm_lumo

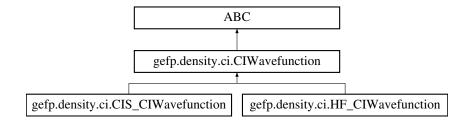
CAMM for LUMO orbital.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

oepdev/libutil/cis.h

18.23 gefp.density.ci.ClWavefunction Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.ci.CIWavefunction:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, ref_wfn, E, W)
- def make_ci_l (self)
- def overlap (self, other)

Public Attributes

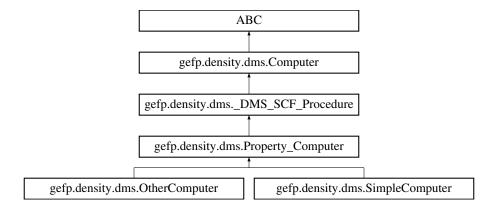
- · ref_wfn
- ci_e
- · ci_c
- ca_o
- cb_o
- ca_v
- cb_v
- bfs
- naocc
- nbocc
- nmo
- navir
- nbvir
- · ci_l
- ndet

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/ci.py

18.24 gefp.density.dms.Computer Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.Computer:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, aggregate, fragments)
- def run (self, field=None, verbose=None, converge_by='energy')
- def **update** (self, psi_molecule)
- def Da (self)
- def Da_0 (self)
- def Fa (self)
- def total_energy (self)
- · def E (self)

Static Public Attributes

- bool verbose = True
- float e_convergence = 1.0e-6
- int dmsscf_maximum_number_of_iterations = 1000
- bool raise_error_when_unconverged = True

18.24.1 Detailed Description

```
Method to solve DMS-SCF problems.

Usage:
   computer = Computer(aggregate, fragments)
   energy = computer.run(field=[0,0,0])
   mu = computer.dipole_moment()
   mu = computer.ff_dipole_moment()
   alpha = computer.ff_polarizability(energy=False)
```

= computer.ff_hyperpolarizability(energy=False)

```
gamma = computer.ff_hyper2polarizability(energy=Fanse)
camm = computer.camm()
charges= computer.atomic_charges(kappa=0.0)

computer.update(psi_molecule)
```

Gundelfingen, 31

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.25 oepdev::CPHF Class Reference

```
CPHF solver class.
```

```
#include <cphf.h>
```

Public Member Functions

Constructor and Destructor

- CPHF (SharedWavefunction ref_wfn, Options & options)
 Constructor.
- ~CPHF ()

 Desctructor.

Executor

void compute (void)
 run the calculations

Printer

 void print (void) const print to output file

Accessors

- int nocc (void) const
 - get the number of occupied orbitals
- std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > wfn (void) const grab the wavefunction
- Options & options (void) const
 - grab the Psi4 options
- std::shared_ptr< Matrix > polarizability (void) const retrieve the molecular (total) polarizability

- std::shared_ptr< Matrix > polarizability (int i) const retrieve the i-th orbital-associated polarizability
- std::shared_ptr < Matrix > polarizability (int i, int j) const
 retrieve the charge-transfer polarizability associated with orbitals i and j
- std::shared_ptr < Matrix > X (int x) const
 retrieve the X operator O-V perturbation matrix in AO basis for x-th component
- std::vector < std::shared_ptr < Matrix > > X (void) const
 retrieve the X operator O-V perturbation matrix in AO basis for all three Cartesian components
- std::shared_ptr< Matrix > X_mo (int x) const
 retrieve the X operator O-V perturbation matrix in MO basis for x-th component
- std::vector< std::shared_ptr< Matrix >> X_mo (void) const
 retrieve the X operator O-V perturbation matrix in MO basis for all three Cartesian components
- std::shared_ptr< Matrix > F_mo (int x) const
 retrieve the F operator O-V perturbation matrix in MO basis for x-th component
- std::vector < std::shared_ptr < Matrix > > F_mo (void) const
 retrieve the F operator O-V perturbation matrix in MO basis for all three Cartesian components
- std::shared_ptr< Matrix > T (void) const retrieve the transformation from old to new MO's
- std::shared_ptr< Matrix > Cocc (void) const retrieve the Cocc (always Canonical)
- std::shared_ptr< Matrix > Cvir (void) const retrieve the Cvir
- std::shared_ptr< Vector > Imo_centroid (int i) const retrieve the i-th orbital (LMO) centroid
- std::shared_ptr< Localizer > localizer (void) const retrieve the orbital localizer

Protected Attributes

Basic Data

- std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > _wfn Wavefunction object.
- Options & _options
 Options.
- $\bullet \quad \mathsf{std} :: \mathsf{shared_ptr} < \mathsf{BasisSet} > _\mathsf{primary}$
- Primary Basis Set.
 std::shared_ptr< Localizer > _localizer
 Orbital localizer.

Sizing Information

- const int _no
 Number of occupied orbitals.
- const int _nv

Number of virtual orbitals.

const int _nn

Number of basis functions.

 long int _memory Memory.

Parameters of CPHF Calculations

• int _maxiter

Maximum number of iterations.

double _conv

CPHF convergence threshold.

bool _with_diis

whether use DIIS or not

const int _diis_dim

Size of subspace.

Molecular Orbitals

std::shared_ptr< Matrix > _cocc

Occupied orbitals.

std::shared_ptr< Matrix > _cvir

Virtual orbitals.

std::shared_ptr< Vector > _eps_occ

Occupied orbital energies.

std::shared_ptr< Vector > _eps_vir

Virtual orbital energies.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > _T

Transformation from old to new MO's.

DIIS Manager

std::vector< std::shared_ptr< oepdev::DIISManager >> _diis
 the DIIS managers for each perturbation operator x, y and z

Response Properties

std::shared_ptr< Matrix > _molecularPolarizability

Total (molecular) polarizability tensor.

std::vector < std::shared_ptr < Vector > > _orbitalCentroids
 LMO centroids.

 std::vector< std::shared_ptr< Matrix >> _orbitalPolarizabilities orbital-associated polarizability tensors

- std::vector < std::vector < std::shared_ptr < Matrix > > _orbitalChargeTransferPolarizabilities
 orbital-orbital charge-transfer polarizability tensors
- std::vector< std::shared_ptr< Matrix >> _X_OV_ao_matrices

Perturbation X Operator O-> V matrices in AO basis.

std::vector< std::shared_ptr< Matrix >> _X_OV_mo_matrices
 Perturbation X Operator O-> V matrices in MO basis.

std::vector< std::shared_ptr< Matrix >> _F_OV_mo_matrices

Electric Field Operator O-> V matrices in MO basis.

18.25.1 Detailed Description

Solves CPHF equations (now only for RHF wavefunction). Computes molecular and polarizabilities associated with the localized molecular orbitals (LMO).

Note

Useful options:

- CPHF_CONVER convergence of CPHF. Default: 1e-8 (au)
- CPHF_CONVER maximum number of iterations. Default: 50
- CPHF_DIIS wheather use DIIS or not. Default: true
- CPHF_DIIS_DIM dimension of iterative subspace. Default: 3
- CPHF_LOCALIZE localize the molecular orbitals? Default: true
- CPHF_LOCALIZER set orbital localization method. Available: BOYS and PIPEK_MEZEY. Default: BOYS

18.25.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.25.2.1 CPHF()

Parameters

ref_wfn	reference HF wavefunction
options	set of Psi4 options

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

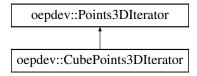
- · oepdev/libutil/cphf.h
- oepdev/libutil/cphf.cc

18.26 oepdev::CubePoints3DIterator Class Reference

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. g09 Cube-like order.

```
#include <space3d.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::CubePoints3DIterator:



Public Member Functions

- CubePoints3DIterator (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &dx, const double &dy, const double &dz, const double &ox, const double &oy, const double &oz)
- virtual void first ()

Initialize first iteration.

virtual void next ()

Step to next iteration.

Protected Attributes

- const int nx_
- const int ny_
- const int nz_
- const double dx_
- const double dy_
- const double dz_
- const double ox_
- · const double oy_
- const double oz_
- int **ii**_
- int jj_
- int kk_

Additional Inherited Members

18.26.1 Detailed Description

Note: Always create instances by using static factory method from Points3DIterator. Do not use constructor of this class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

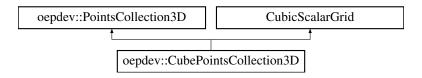
- · oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h
- oepdev/lib3d/space3d.cc

18.27 oepdev::CubePointsCollection3D Class Reference

G09 cube-like ordered collection of points in 3D space.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::CubePointsCollection3D:



Public Member Functions

- CubePointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &py, const double &pz, psi::SharedBasisSet bs, psi::Options &options)
- virtual void print () const

Print the information to Psi4 output file.

 virtual void write_cube_file (psi::SharedMatrix v, const std::string &name, const int &col=0)

Additional Inherited Members

18.27.1 Detailed Description

Note: Do not use constructors of this class explicitly. Instead, use static factory methods of the superclass to create instances.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

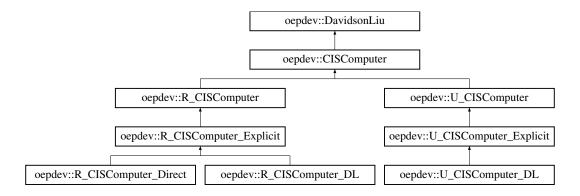
- · oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h
- oepdev/lib3d/space3d.cc

18.28 oepdev::DavidsonLiu Class Reference

Davidson-Liu diagonalization method.

#include <davidson_liu.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::DavidsonLiu:



Public Member Functions

DavidsonLiu (psi::Options &opt)

Constructor.

virtual ~DavidsonLiu ()

Destructor.

virtual void run_davidson_liu ()

Run the Davidson-Liu solver.

- psi::SharedVector eigenvalues_davidson_liu () const
 Get the eigenvalues.
- psi::SharedVector E_davidson_liu () const
- psi::SharedMatrix eigenvectors_davidson_liu () const
 Get the eigenvectors.
- psi::SharedMatrix U_davidson_liu () const

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void davidson_liu_initialize (int N, int L, int M)
 Helper interface.
- virtual void davidson_liu_initialize_guess_vectors ()
- virtual void davidson_liu_initialize_guess_vectors_by_random ()
- virtual void davidson_liu_initialize_guess_vectors_by_custom ()
- virtual void davidson_liu_compute_diagonal_hamiltonian ()=0
- virtual void davidson_liu_compute_sigma ()=0
- virtual void davidson_liu_add_guess_vectors ()
- virtual double davidson_liu_compute_convergence ()
- virtual void davidson_liu_finalize (bool)

Protected Attributes

int N_davidson_liu_

Dimensionality of Hamiltonian.

int L_davidson_liu_

Number of guess vectors.

int M_davidson_liu_

Number of roots of interest.

psi::Options & options_

Psi4 options.

psi::SharedVector E_davidson_liu_

Eigenvalues.

psi::SharedMatrix U_davidson_liu_

Eigenvectors.

psi::SharedVector H_diag_davidson_liu_

Diagonal elements of the matrix to diagonalize.

psi::SharedVector E_old_davidson_liu_

Old estimation of eigenvalues.

bool davidson_liu_initialized_

Is Davidson-Liu computer ready for calculations?

bool davidson_liu_finalized_

Is Davidson-Liu computer finished with calculations?

- int davidson_liu_n_sigma_computed_
- std::vector< psi::SharedVector > sigma_vectors_davidson_liu_

Sigma vectors stored.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::GramSchmidt > guess_vectors_davidson_liu_

Object storing guess vectors.

18.28.1 Detailed Description

Find the lowest M eigenvalues and associated eigenvectors of the real, symmetric (square) matrix \mathbf{H} .

Associated options:

- DAVIDSON_LIU_NROOTS number of roots of interest. Default: 1.
- DAVIDSON_LIU_CONVER convergence of the iterative procedure as RMS of old and current eigenvalues. Default: 1.0E-10.
- DAVIDSON_LIU_MAXITER maximum number of iterations. Default: 500.
- DAVIDSON_LIU_GUESS Type of guess vectors. Default: RANDOM, which is constructing ranrom vectors.

- DAVIDSON_LIU_THRESH_LARGE Small correction vector threshold (see description below). Default: 1.0E-03.
- DAVIDSON_LIU_THRESH_SMALL Small correction vector threshold (see description below). Default: 1.0E-06.
- DAVIDSON_LIU_SPACE_MAX Maximum number of guess vectors. Default: 200.
- DAVIDSON_LIU_SPACE_START Starting amount of guess vectors. Must be larger or equal to number of roots. Default: -1, which means that number of roots is taken.
- DAVIDSON_LIU_STOP_WHEN_UNCONVERGED Raise error when iterations do not converge. Default: True.

Usage in C++ programming

This class is an abstract base. In order to use the Davidson-Liu method fully implemented here, one must define a child class inheriting from oepdev::DavidsonLiu and implementing two of the pure methods:

- davidson_liu_compute_diagonal_hamiltonian method specifying the calculation of the σ vectors, which are stored in the std::vector<psi::SharedVector> sigma_vectors_davidson_liu_;
- davidson_liu_compute_diagonal_hamiltonian method specifying the calculation of the diagonal elements of the Hamiltonian, stored in the psi::SharedVector H_diag_davidson_liu_.

See also

Examples for demo use.

Implementation

The implementation follows Figure 5, Section 3.2.1 in Ref.[1]. Dimensionality:

- N number of rows/collumns of matrix to diagonalize
- L current number of guess vectors
- M number of roots of interest

Sigma vectors are defined to be

$$S = HB$$

where ${\bf B}$ are the guess vectors stored as a matrix of size (N, L) in core memory. Subspace Hamiltonain is then given by

$$G = B^{T}S$$

and is diagonalized using standard diagonalization technique,

$$G = UzU^T$$

where \mathbf{z} are the eigenvalues. First M lowest eigenvalues and associated eigenvectors are saved in \mathbf{E} and \mathbf{A} , respectively (with the latter having size of (L, M)). The current eigenvector matrix \mathbf{C} containing roots is given by

$$C = BA$$

Once this step is completed, the correction vectors are computed for each eigenvalue according to

$$\delta_{Ik} = rac{1}{E_k - H_{II}} \left[-E_k C_{Ik} + \sum_{l}^{L} \sigma_{Il} A_{lk} \right]$$

and they are orthonormalized against all the collumns of **B** by using the Gram-Schmidt procedure. If the norm of such orthonormalized correction vector is larger than threshold value, it is appended to **B** as new guess vector.

Note

Note that the current implementation uses the original Davidson's preconditioner, which might have problems with breaking spin symmetry of the solution.

Treatment of correction vector threshold.

In the current implementation, two threshold values are defined:

- larger threshold, controlled by DAVIDSON_LIU_THRESH_LARGE Psi4 option, is used for the first lowest eigenvalue.
- smaller threshold, controlled by DAVIDSON_LIU_THRESH_SMALL Psi4 option, is used for the next eigenvalues if M > 1.

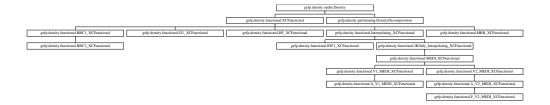
References

[1] C. David Sherrillt and Henry F. Schaefer III, *Adv. Quant. Chem.* **1999** (34), pp. 94720-1460. The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/davidson_liu.h
- oepdev/libutil/davidson_liu.cc

18.29 gefp.density.opdm.Density Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.opdm.Density:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, D=None, jk=None)
- def matrix (self)
- def set_D (self, D)
- def set_jk (self, jk)
- def compute_1el_energy (self, D, Hcore)
- def compute_2el_energy (self, D_left, D_right, type='j')
- def generalized_JK (self, D, type='j')
- def natural_orbitals (cls, D, S=None, C=None, orthogonalize_mo=True, order='descending', return_ao_orthogonal=False, renormalize=False, no_cutoff=False, ignore_large_n=False, n_eps=5.0E-5)
- def generalized_density (cls, n, c, g=1.0)
- def orthogonalize_OPDM (cls, D, S)
- def deorthogonalizer (cls, S)
- def orthogonalizer (cls, S)

18.29.1 Detailed Description

D = density.matrix()

Electron Density

Handles the Electron Density Distribution.

Usage as container class:

1) Initialize container object:

density = Density(D = None, jk = None)

where:

o D - the density matrix in AO or MO basis
o jk - the psi4::JK object for AO basis JK calculations

2) Grab the density matrix

3) Computations in AO basis:

```
o compute 1-electron energy (does not require JK object to be set)
  e_1 = density.compute_1el_energy(D, V1)
The below require jk to be set:
o compute 2-electron energy (J-type expression)
  e_2j = density.compute_2el_energy(D_left, D_right, type='j')
o compute 2-electron energy (K-type expression)
  e_2k = density.compute_2el_energy(D_left, D_right, type='k')
o compute J matrix (or K matrix if type=='k'):
  J = density.generalized_JK(D, type='j')
Usage as method class.
Using 'Density' as a class of methods do not require object initialization.
The list of class methods is given below:
  o Density.natural orbitals
                                 - compute natural orbitals
  o Density.generalized_density - compute generalized OPDM
 o Density.orthogonalize_OPDM - compute orthogonalized OPDM o Density.orthogonalizer - compute orthogonalizer matrix
  o Density.deorthogonalizer - compute deorthogonalizer rmatrix
Usage:
  result = Density.'class method name'
See respective documentation for each of them for further details.
```

Last Revis

18.29.2 Member Function Documentation

18.29.2.1 natural_orbitals()

```
def gefp.density.opdm.Density.natural_orbitals (
            cls,
            D,
            S = None
            C = None,
            orthogonalize_mo = True,
            order = 'descending',
            return_ao_orthogonal = False,
```

```
renormalize = False,
         no\_cutoff = False,
         ignore_large_n = False,
         n_{-}eps = 5.0E-5)
  ______
Compute the Natural Orbitals from a given OPDM
______
Usage:
n, c = Density.natural_orbitals(D, S = None, C = None,
                 orthogonalize_mo = True,
                                    = 'descending',
                 return_ao_orthogonal = False,
                                   = False,
                 renormalize
                                   = False,
                 no_cutoff
                 ignore_large_n
                                   = False,
                                    = 5.0E-5)
                 n_eps
where:
o D - OPDM in AO or MO basis
o S - overlap integrals in AO or MO basis
o C - LCAO-MO transformation matrix
o orthogonalize_mo
                    - whether to transform D from AO to certain MO basis and diagor
                     - order in which eigenvalues (occupancies) are sorted. Eigenval
o order
o return_ao_orthogonal - whether to return NO's in oAO basis set or not
o renormalize - renormalize to integer number of electrons
o no cutoff
                    - cut-off threshold for occupancies
o ignore_large_n
                   - raise ValueError if (1.0 + n_eps) < n < (0.0 - n_eps)
o n_eps
                     - tolerance for occupancy deviation
Examples:
 1) NO's in AO (non-orthogonal, original) basis from D in AO basis
   n, c = Density.natural_orbitals(D, S, C, orthogonalize_mo = True, n_eps = 0.001)
   D: ndarray of shape (AO x AO)
   S: ndarray of shape (AO x AO)
   C: ndarray of shape (AO x MO)
   --> transformation D (MO x MO) = C.T S D S C and its diagonalization
   --> transformation of transformation matrix from MO to AO basis
   n: ndarray of shape (NO)
   c: ndarray of shape (AO x NO)
 2) NO's in certain orthogonal MO basis from D in the same MO basis
   n, c = Density.natural_orbitals(D, None, None, orthogonalize_mo = False, n_eps = 0.
   D: ndarray of shape (MO x MO)
```

```
--> diagonalization of D

n: ndarray of shape (NO)
c: ndarray of shape (MO x NO)

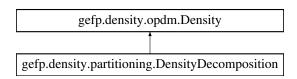
Last Revision: Gundelf
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/opdm.py

18.30 gefp.density.partitioning.DensityDecomposition Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.partitioning.DensityDecomposition:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, aggregate, method='hf', acbs=True, jk_type='direct', no_cutoff=0.000, xc_scale=1.0, l_dds=True, cc_relax=True, verbose=False, n_eps=5.0E-5, kwargs)
- def compute (self, polar_approx=True)
- def deformation_density (self, name)
- def compute_monomers (self)
- def compute_full_QM (self)
- def compute_densities (self)
- def compute_coulomb (self)
- def compute_pauli (self)
- def compute_polar (self)
- def compute_polar_approx (self)
- def __repr__ (self)
- def print_out (self)
- def doublet (self, A, B)
- def triplet (self, A, B, C)
- def matrix_power (self, M, x, eps=1.0e-6)
- def **rms** (self, m1, m2)

Public Attributes

- · aggregate
- method
- · data
- matrix
- vars
- xc_recommended
- kwargs
- acbs
- · no_cutoff
- n_eps
- · cc_relax
- I_dds
- verbose
- xc_scale
- monomers_computed
- · densities_computed
- energy_coulomb_computed
- energy_pauli_computed
- energy_polar_computed
- energy_polar_approx_computed
- energy_ind_computed
- energy_disp_computed
- · energy_ct_compute
- energy_full_QM_computed
- dms_ind_computed
- · dms_disp_computed
- dms_ct_computed
- bfs
- global_jk
- · nmo_t
- nbf_t

18.30.1 Detailed Description

Density-Based Decomposition Scheme of Mandado and Hermida-Ramon with partitioning of polarization deformation density into induction, dispersion and charge-transfer contributions.

--> DDS <-- --> Density Decomposition Scheme <--

```
References:
 * Mandado and Hermida-Ramon, J. Chem. Theory Comput. 2011, 7, 633-641. (JCTC 2011)
 * B_lasiak, J. Chem. Phys. 2018 149 (16), 164115. (JCP 2018)
Constructor arguments and options:
 o aggregate - Psi4 molecular aggregate with at least two fragments
 o method - QM method (hf, mp2, cc2, ccsd)
            - use aggregate-centred basis set for calculations of wavefunctions.
          Otherwise use monomer-centred basis sets and composite Hadamard
          addition of AO spaces. ACBS=False result in no correction for BSSE.
 o jk_type - type of Psi4 JK object.
 o no_cutoff - cutoff for natural occupancies threshold. All natural orbitals
          with occupancies less or equal to the threshold will be neglected.
 o xc_scale - scaling parameter for exchange-correlation density
 o l_dds - compute also linear DDS total interaction energy
 o kwargs - additional Psi4-relevant options.
Usage example:
  solver = DensityDecomposition(aggr, method='hf',
                                  acbs=True,
                                  jk_type='direct',
                                  no_cutoff=0.000,
                                  xc_scale=1.0,
                                  1 dds=True,
                                  n_{eps=5.0E-5}
                                  cc_relax=True,
                                  verbose=True,
                                  **kwargs)
  solver.compute(polar_approx=False)
  dD_pauli = solver.deformation_density('pau')
  dD_pol = solver.deformation_density('pol')
          = solver.deformation_density('fqm')
  # dictionaries:
  # 1. accessing variables
  solver.vars
  # 2. accessing aggregate data
  solver.matrix
  # 3. accessing unperturbed fragment data (expert)
  solver.data
  print(solver)
  solver.print_out()
                                                                 Created : Gundelf
```

Last Revision: Gundelf

18.30.2 Member Function Documentation

```
18.30.2.1 compute()
def gefp.density.partitioning.DensityDecomposition.compute (
           polar_approx = True )
Perform the full density and interaction energy decompositions.
Options:
  o polar_approx - in addition to exact polarization energy, compute
  also the approximated polarization energy using
  NO-expansion of exchange-correlation 2-electron density
  and exact Pauli, polarization and unperturbed 1-electron densities.
  Default: True
Notes:
  o Exact polarization energy is always computed as a difference between
   the full QM interaction energy and all the remaining energies (Coulombic,
    exchange and repulsion energies).
18.30.2.2 deformation_density()
def gefp.density.partitioning.DensityDecomposition.deformation_density (
           self,
           name )
 Compute the deformation 1-particle density matrix.
 Returns density matrix in AO basis of entire molecular aggregate.
Possible <name> entries:
 o fqm - full QM deformation density
 o pau
           - Pauli-repulsion denformation density
           - polarization deformation density
 o pol
  o ind
            - induction part of polarization deformation density
  o dis
            - dispersion part of polarization deformation density
            - charge-transfer part of polarization deformation density
```

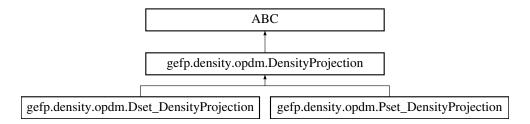
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/partitioning.py

o ct

18.31 gefp.density.opdm.DensityProjection Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.opdm.DensityProjection:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, np, S)
- def compute (self, n, c)

Static Public Member Functions

• def **create** (np, dtype='p', S=None)

18.31.1 Detailed Description

```
Gradient Projection Algorithms.
Ref.: Pernal, Cances, J. Chem. Phys. 2005

Usage:
  proj = DensityProjection.create(np, dtype='p', S=None)
  n, c = proj.compute(n, c, S)
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/opdm.py

18.32 gefp.basis.optimize.DFBasis Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, mol, templ_file='templ.dat', param_file='param.dat', bounds_file=None, constraints=())
- def basisset (self, param=None)
- def **print** (self, param=None)
- def save (self, out='oepfit.gbs', param=None)

Public Attributes

- mol
- templ
- param
- n_param
- bounds
- · constraints
- basis

Static Public Attributes

- float exp_lower_bound = 0.01
- float exp_upper_bound = 10000.0
- float ctr_lower_bound = -2.0
- float ctr_upper_bound = 2.0

18.32.1 Detailed Description

```
Basis set object to be optimized.

Notes:

o Default bounds can be modified by resetting static variables

DFBasis.exp_lower_bound

DFBasis.exp_upper_bound

DFBasis.ctr_lower_bound

DFBasis.ctr_upper_bound

prior to calling DFBasis if not using the driver.gdf_basis_optimizer.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/basis/optimize.py

18.33 gefp.basis.optimize.DFBasisOptimizer Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, oep)
- def **fit** (self, maxiter=1000, tolerance=1e-9, method='slsqp', opt_global=False, temperature=500, stepsize=500, take_step=None, accept_test=None)
- def compute_error (self, basis, rms=False)

Public Attributes

- oep
- basis_fit
- param

18.33.1 Detailed Description

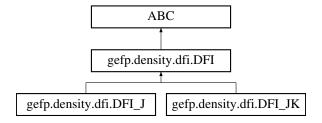
Method that optimizes DF basis set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/basis/optimize.py

18.34 gefp.density.dfi.DFI Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dfi.DFI:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, frags)
- def run (self, maxit=100, conv=1.0e-5, verbose_scf=False, conv_scf=1.0e-5, maxit_scf=100, damp_scf=0.14, ndamp_scf=0)
- def aggregate (self)
- def wfn (self, i)
- def epsilon (self, i)
- def Cocc (self, i)
- def C (self, i)
- def **D** (self, i)
- def F (self, i)
- def V (self, i)
- def E (self, i)

Static Public Member Functions

def create (frags, j_only=False)

Public Attributes

- enuc
- en_0

18.34.1 Detailed Description

```
Density Fragment Interaction (DFI) Method

Demo for SCF-DFI method (closed shells).

Usage:
dfi = DFI(fragment_1, fragment_2, [...]) # OR: dfi = DFI(fragments)
dfi.run(maxit=30, conv=1.0e-5, verbose_scf=False, conv_scf=1.0e-5, maxit_scf=100, damp_s

Notes:
o fragmet_i is a psi4.core.Molecule wit one Psi4 Fragment
o fragments is a psi4.core Molecule with multiple Psi4 Fragments ('--' separator in input or SCF of unperturbed molecule is solved by Psi4, while the subsequent SCF's in DFI iteratory SCF class instances of this Demo.

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```

18.34.2 Member Function Documentation

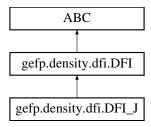
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dfi.py

Runs DFI iterations

18.35 gefp.density.dfi.DFI_J Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dfi.DFI_J:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, frags)

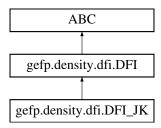
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/dfi.py

18.36 gefp.density.dfi.DFI_JK Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dfi.DFI_JK:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, frags)

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dfi.py

18.37 oepdev::DIISManager Class Reference

DIIS manager.

```
#include <diis.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- DIISManager (int dim, int na, int nb)
- ∼DIISManager ()

Destructor.

- void put (const std::shared_ptr< const Matrix > &error, const std::shared_ptr< const Matrix > &vector)
- void compute (void)
- void update (std::shared_ptr< Matrix > &other)

18.37.1 Detailed Description

Instance can interact directly with the process of solving vector quantities in iterative manner. One needs to pass the dimensions of solution vector as well as the DIIS subspace size. The iterative procedure requires providing the current vector and also an estimate of the error vector. The updated DIIS vector can be copied to an old vector through the Instance.

18.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.37.2.1 DIISManager()

```
oepdev::DIISManager::DIISManager (
          int dim,
          int na,
          int nb )
```

Constructor.

Parameters

dim	Size of DIIS subspace
na	Number of solution rows
nb	Number of solution columns

18.37.3 Member Function Documentation

Put the current solution to the DIIS manager.

Parameters

error	Shared matrix with current solution error
vector	Shared matrix with current solution vector

18.37.3.3 update()

Update solution vector. Pass the Shared pointer to current solution. Then it will be overriden by the updated DIIS solution.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libutil/diis.h
- · oepdev/libutil/diis.cc

18.38 gefp.density.dmft.DMFT Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dmft.DMFT:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, wfn, xc_functional, v_ext=default_v_ext, guess=default_guess, step_mode=default_step_mode)
- def create (cls, wfn, xc_functional=default_xc_functional, v_ext=default_v_ext, guess=default_guess, algorithm=default_algorithm, step_mode=default_step_mode, kwargs)
- def run (self, conv=default_convergence, maxit=default_maxiter, verbose=default_verbose_run, g_0=default_g0, g=default_g, restart=False, kwargs)
- def set_gradient_mode (self, exact=False, approx=False, num=False)
- · def E (self)
- · def **D** (self)
- def Dmo (self)
- def **Dao** (self)
- def C (self)
- def N (self)
- def scalar_correlation (self)
- def matrix_correlation (self)
- · def dipole (self)
- def quadrupole (self)
- def abbr (self)

Static Public Member Functions

• def name ()

Static Public Attributes

- default_xc_functional = XCFunctional.create('hf')
- string default_algorithm = 'proj-p'
- float default_convergence = 0.00001
- int default_maxiter = 100
- bool **default_verbose_run** = True
- float default_g0 = 0.0001
- default_v_ext = None
- string **default_guess** = 'hcore'
- string default_step_mode = 'search'
- float default_g = 0.01

18.38.1 Detailed Description

```
_____
The Density Matrix Functional Theory. Abstract Base.
Usage:
 # init
 dmft = DMFT.create(wfn,
                    xc_functional = DMFT.default_xc_functional,
                   v_ext = DMFT.default_v_ext
                                                                      **kwargs)
 # options
 dmft.set_gradient_mode(exact=False, approx=False, num=False)
 # run
 dmft.run(conv = DMFT.default_convergence,
     maxit = DMFT.default_maxiter ,
      verbose = DMFT.default_verbose_run,
     g_0 = DMFT.default_g0 ,
      g = DMFT.default_g
      restart = False
                                       , **kwargs):
Options (init):
                - psi4.core.Wavefunction object. Must contain SCF LCAO-MO coefficients
o xc_functional - XCFunctional object. Default: HF functional object.
                - External potential in AO basis. Default is no potential.
o v_ext
 o quess
                 - Guess for the density:
                 o 'hcore' - diagonalize Hcore Hamiltonian (default)
                 o 'current' - use the current density matrix stored in 'wfn'
 o algorithm
                 - DMFT algorithm to converge the density matrix.
                 o 'proj-d' - Projected gradient algorithm on D-sets. Suitable only fo
                 o 'proj-p' - Projected gradient algorithm on P-sets. Suitable for any
                 o 'nc'
                            - Direct optimization within n and C parameter space. Suit
                o 'nc' - Direct optimization within n and C parameter space. Suit o 'pc' - Direct optimization within p and C parameter space. Not
                - How to search for next guess: estimate step length in steepest desce
 o step_mode
                 o 'search' - Compute from two last density guesses (default)
                 o 'constant' - Apply constant step.
Options (optional setup): relevant only for 'proj-p' algorithm
o exact - Compute exact derivatives of XC energy wrt P
o approx - Compute approximate derivatives of XC energy wrt P
If using this, set only one of the above three to True.
Options (run):
               - Energy convergence (default 0.00001)
o conv
o conv - Energy convergence (default 0.00001)
o maxit - Maximum number of iterations (default 100)
o verbose - Print detailed information or not (default True)
                - Initial SD step size (default 0.0001)
 o g0
```

```
o g - Constant SD step size (default 0.01)
o restart - Wheather to restart the calculations or not (default False)
```

18.38.2 Member Function Documentation

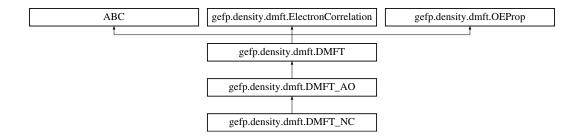
```
18.38.2.1 create()
def gefp.density.dmft.DMFT.create (
             cls,
             wfn,
             xc_functional = default_xc_functional,
             v_{\text{-}}ext = default_{\text{-}}v_{\text{-}}ext,
             guess = default_guess,
             algorithm = default_algorithm,
             step_mode = default_step_mode,
             kwargs )
 Create DMFT solver.
18.38.2.2 run()
def gefp.density.dmft.DMFT.run (
             self,
             conv = default_convergence,
             maxit = default_maxiter,
             verbose = default_verbose_run,
             g_0 = default_g0,
             g = default_g,
             restart = False,
             kwargs )
 Run the DMFT calculations.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dmft.py

18.39 gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_AO Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_AO:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, wfn, xc_functional, v_ext, guess, step)
- · def dipole (self)
- · def Dmo (self)

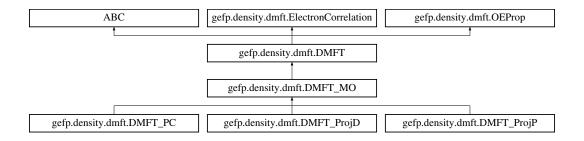
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/dmft.py

18.40 gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_MO Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_MO:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, wfn, xc_functional, v_ext, guess, step)

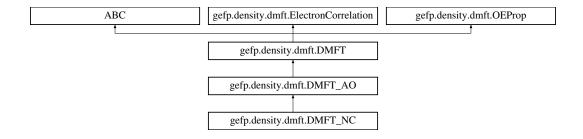
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dmft.py

18.41 gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_NC Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_NC:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, wfn, xc_functional, v_ext, guess, step)
- def abbr (self)

Static Public Member Functions

• def name ()

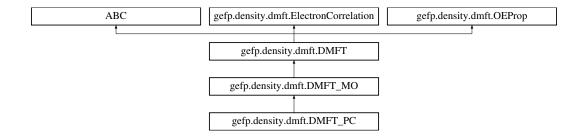
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dmft.py

18.42 gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_PC Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_PC:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, wfn, xc_functional, v_ext, guess, step)
- · def abbr (self)

Static Public Member Functions

• def name ()

Public Attributes

• g

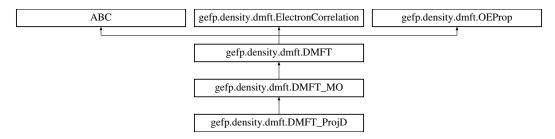
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/dmft.py

18.43 gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_ProjD Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_ProjD:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, wfn, xc_functional, v_ext, guess, step)
- def abbr (self)

Static Public Member Functions

• def name ()

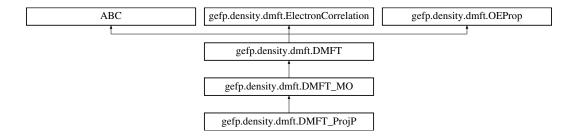
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dmft.py

18.44 gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_ProjP Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dmft.DMFT_ProjP:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, wfn, xc_functional, v_ext, guess, step)
- def abbr (self)

Static Public Member Functions

• def **name** ()

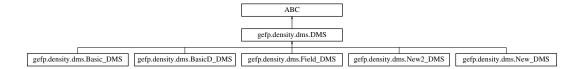
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dmft.py

18.45 gefp.density.dms.DMS Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.DMS:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, typ)
- def create (cls, dms_type='da', order_type='basic')
- def available_orders (self)
- def N (self)
- def n (self)
- def M (self)
- def **B** (self, m, n)
- def set_bfs (self, bfs)
- def set_M (self, M)
- def set_s1 (self, s)
- def set_s2 (self, s)
- def set_ca (self, Ca_occ, Ca_vir)
- def Ca_occ (self)
- def Ca_vir (self)
- def M (self)
- def **B** (self, m, n)
- def read (self, out)
- def write (self, out)

18.45.1 Detailed Description

```
Density Matrix Susceptibility Tensor.

Abstract Base.

This describes the DMS of Density or Fock matrix as EFP.

EFPs:
- nuclear structure
- unperturbed Density or Fock matrix (alpha or beta)
- DMS tensors

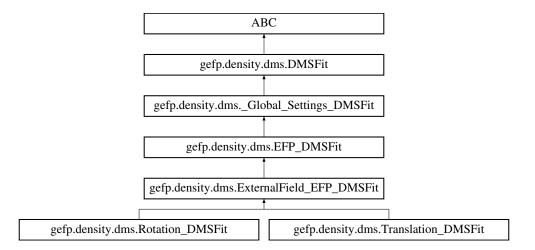
Functionalities:
- rotation, translation and superimposition
- read/write capabilities based on FRG format (Solvshift)
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.46 gefp.density.dms.DMSFit Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.DMSFit:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, mol, method, nsamples, dms_types, order_type, use_iterative_model, use_external_field_model)
- def create (cls, mol, fit_type="transl", dms_types="da, g, order_type='basic', nsamples=100, method='scf', use_iterative_model=True, use_external_field_model=False)
- def run (self)
- def B (self)

Static Public Attributes

- float minimum_atom_atom_distance = 1.2 / psi4.constants.bohr2angstroms
- float minimum_atom_charge_distance = 4.5
- float srange = 4.0
- bool stop_when_error_hessian = True
- bool compute_dmatpol_susceptibilities = False
- bool generate_random_samples = True
- bool read_samples = False
- int dmatpol_ntest_charge = 40
- float dmatpol_test_charge = 0.05
- float dmatpol_esp_pad_shpere = 6.0
- int dmatpol_gradient_rank = 0
- bool replace_extfield_with_dmatpol = False

18.46.1 Detailed Description

```
Method to fit DMS tensors.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

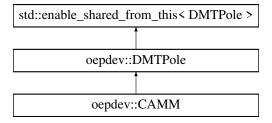
gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.47 oepdev::DMTPole Class Reference

Distributed Multipole Analysis Container and Computer. Abstract Base.

```
#include <dmtp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::DMTPole:



Public Member Functions

Accessors

- virtual bool has_charges () const
 - Has distributed charges?
- virtual bool has_dipoles () const
 - Has distributed dipoles?
- virtual bool has_quadrupoles () const
 - Has distributed quadrupoles?
- virtual bool has_octupoles () const
 - Has distributed octupoles?
- virtual bool has_hexadecapoles () const
 - Has distributed hexadecapoles?
- virtual psi::SharedMatrix centres () const
 - Get the positions of distribution centres.
- virtual psi::SharedMatrix origins () const
 - Get the positions of distribution origins.
- virtual psi::SharedVector centre (int x) const
 - Get the position of the *x*th distribution centre.
- virtual psi::SharedVector origin (int x) const
 - Get the position of the *x*th distribution origin.
- virtual std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > charges () const

Get the distributed charges.

- virtual std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > dipoles () const Get the distributed dipoles.
- virtual std::vector < psi::SharedMatrix > quadrupoles () const
 Get the distributed quadrupoles.
- virtual std::vector < psi::SharedMatrix > octupoles () const Get the distributed octupoles.
- virtual std::vector < psi::SharedMatrix > hexadecapoles () const
 Get the distributed hexadecapoles.
- virtual psi::SharedMatrix charges (int i) const
 Get the distributed charges for the ith distribution.
- virtual psi::SharedMatrix dipoles (int i) const Get the distributed dipoles for the ith distribution.
- virtual psi::SharedMatrix quadrupoles (int i) const Get the distributed quadrupoles for the ith distribution.
- virtual psi::SharedMatrix octupoles (int i) const Get the distributed octupoles for the ith distribution.
- virtual psi::SharedMatrix hexadecapoles (int i) const
 Get the distributed hexadecapoles for the ith distribution.
- virtual int n_sites () const

Get the number of distributed sites.

virtual int n_dmtp () const
 Get the number of distributions.

Mutators

- void set_charges (std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > M)
 Set the distributed charges.
- void set_dipoles (std::vector < psi::SharedMatrix > M)
 Set the distributed dipoles.
- void set_quadrupoles (std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > M)
 Set the distributed quadrupoles.
- void set_octupoles (std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > M)
 Set the distributed octupoles.
- void set_hexadecapoles (std::vector < psi::SharedMatrix > M)
 Set the distributed hexadecapoles.
- void set_charges (psi::SharedMatrix M, int i)

Set the distributed charges for the *i*th distribution.

- void set_dipoles (psi::SharedMatrix M, int i)
 - Set the distributed dipoles for the ith distribution.
- void set_quadrupoles (psi::SharedMatrix M, int i)
 - Set the distributed quadrupoles for the ith distribution.
- void set_octupoles (psi::SharedMatrix M, int i)
 - Set the distributed octupoles for the ith distribution.
- void set_hexadecapoles (psi::SharedMatrix M, int i)
 - Set the distributed hexadecapoles for the *i*th distribution.

Transformators

virtual void recenter (psi::SharedMatrix new_origins)

Change origins of the distributed multipole moments of all sets.

void translate (psi::SharedVector transl)

Translate the DMTP sets.

void rotate (psi::SharedMatrix rotmat)

Rotate the DMTP sets.

double superimpose (psi::SharedMatrix ref_xyz, std::vector< int > suplist={})
 Superimpose the DMTP sets.

Computers

- void compute (std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > D, std::vector< bool > t)

 Compute DMTP's from the set of the one-particle density matrices.
- void compute (void)

Compute ground state DMTP.

 std::shared_ptr< MultipoleConvergence > energy (std::shared_ptr< DMTPole > other, MultipoleConvergence::ConvergenceLevel max_clevel=MultipoleConvergence::R5)

Evaluate the generalized interaction energy.

- std::shared_ptr< MultipoleConvergence > potential (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, MultipoleConvergence::ConvergenceLevel max_clevel=MultipoleConvergence::R5)

 Evaluate the generalized potential at a given point.
- std::shared_ptr< MultipoleConvergence > field (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, MultipoleConvergence::ConvergenceLevel max_clevel=MultipoleConvergence::R5)
 Evaluate the generalized field at a given point.

Printers

virtual void print_header () const

Print the header.

void print () const

Print the contents.

Static Public Member Functions

 static MultipoleConvergence::ConvergenceLevel determine_dmtp_convergence_level (const std::string &option)

Protected Member Functions

Protected Interface

- DMTPole (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, int n)
 Construct an empty DMTP object from the wavefunction.
- virtual void compute (psi::SharedMatrix D, bool transition, int i)

Compute DMTP's from the one-particle density matrix.

• void compute_integrals ()

Compute multipole integrals.

void compute_order ()

Compute maximum order of the integrals.

virtual void recenter (psi::SharedMatrix new_origins, int i)

Change origins of the distributed multipole moments of ith set.

virtual void allocate ()

Initialize and allocate memory.

virtual void copy_from (const DMTPole *)

Deep-copy the matrix and DMTP data.

Protected Attributes

Basic

• std::string name_

Name of the distribution method.

psi::SharedMolecule mol_

Molecule associated with this DMTP.

psi::SharedWavefunction wfn_

Wavefunction associated with this DMTP.

psi::SharedBasisSet primary_

Basis set (primary)

std::vector < psi::SharedMatrix > mpInts_

Multipole integrals.

Sizing

• int nDMTPs_

Number of DMTP's.

int nSites_

Number of DMTP sites.

int order_

Maximum order of the multipole.

Descriptors

bool hasCharges_

Has distributed charges?

bool hasDipoles_

Has distributed dipoles?

bool hasQuadrupoles_

Has distributed quadrupoles?

bool hasOctupoles_

Has distributed octupoles?

bool hasHexadecapoles_

Has distributed hexadecapoles?

Geometry

psi::SharedMatrix centres_

DMTP centres.

psi::SharedMatrix origins_

DMTP origins.

Multipoles

std::vector < psi::SharedMatrix > charges_

DMTP charges.

std::vector < psi::SharedMatrix > dipoles_

DMTP dipoles.

std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > quadrupoles_

DMTP quadrupoles.

std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > octupoles_

DMTP octupoles.

std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > hexadecapoles_

DMTP hexadecapoles.

Friends

class MultipoleConvergence

Constructors and Destructor

• static std::shared_ptr< DMTPole > build (const std::string &type, std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, int n=1)

Build an empty DMTP object from the wavefunction.

static std::shared_ptr< DMTPole > empty (void)

Build an empty DMTP object of no type.

• DMTPole (void)

Construct an empty DMTP object of no type.

DMTPole (const DMTPole *)

Copy constructor.

std::shared_ptr< DMTPole > clone (void) const

Make a deep copy (wfn_, mol_, and primary_ are shallow-copied)

virtual ∼DMTPole ()

Destructor.

18.47.1 Detailed Description

Handles the distributed multipole expansions up to hexadecapoles. Distributed centres as well as DMTP origins are allowed to be located in arbitrary points in space. The object describes a set of *N* DMTP's, that can be generated by providing one-particle density matrices in AO basis. Nuclear contributions can be switched on or off separately for each DMTP within a set. The following operations on the DMTP sets are available through the API:

- · translation
- rotation
- superimposition
- · recentering the origins
- computing the generalized property from another DMTP set

See also

MultipoleConvergence

18.47.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Do not use this constructor. Use the DMTPole::empty method.

Parameters

wfn	- wavefunction
n	- number of DMTP sets

Do not use this constructor. Use the DMTPole::build method.

18.47.3 Member Function Documentation

18.47.3.1 build()

Parameters

type	- DMTP method. Available: CAMM.
wfn	- wavefunction
n	- number of DMTP sets

Returns

DMTP distribution

18.47.3.2 compute() [1/2]

Parameters

D	- list of one-particle density matrices
t	- list of flags determining if density is of transition type or not

```
18.47.3.3 compute() [2/2]
```

Compute DMTP's from the *sum* of the ground-state alpha and beta one-particle density matrices (t=false, i=0). Results in a usual DMTP analysis of a molecule's charge density distribution.

18.47.3.4 determine_dmtp_convergence_level()

Determine the CAMM convergence for a given global option

Parameters

```
option - string for option
```

18.47.3.5 empty()

Returns

Blank DMTP distribution with memory allocated by no data.

18.47.3.6 energy()

Parameters

other	- interacting DMTP distribution.
max_clevel	- maximum convergence level (see below).

Returns

The generalized interaction energy convergence (A.U. units)

The following convergence levels are available:

- MultipoleConvergence::R1: includes qq terms.
- MultipoleConvergence::R2: includes dq terms and above.
- MultipoleConvergence::R3: includes qQ, dd terms and above.

- MultipoleConvergence::R4: includes qO, dQ terms and above.
- MultipoleConvergence::R5: includes qH, dO, QQ terms and above.

18.47.3.7 field()

Parameters

X	- location x-th Cartesian component
У	- location <i>y</i> -th Cartesian component
Z	- location z-th Cartesian component
max_clevel	- maximum convergence level (see below).

Returns

The generalized field convergence (A.U. units)

The following convergence levels are available:

- MultipoleConvergence::R1: includes qq terms.
- MultipoleConvergence::R2: includes dq terms and above.
- MultipoleConvergence::R3: includes qQ, dd terms and above.
- MultipoleConvergence::R4: includes qO, dQ terms and above.
- MultipoleConvergence:: R5: includes qH, dO, QQ terms and above.

18.47.3.8 potential()

Parameters

X	- location x-th Cartesian component
У	- location <i>y</i> -th Cartesian component
Z	- location z-th Cartesian component
max_clevel	- maximum convergence level (see below).

Returns

The generalized potential convergence (A.U. units)

The following convergence levels are available:

- MultipoleConvergence::R1: includes qq terms.
- MultipoleConvergence::R2: includes dq terms and above.
- MultipoleConvergence::R3: includes qQ, dd terms and above.
- MultipoleConvergence::R4: includes qO, dQ terms and above.
- MultipoleConvergence::R5: includes qH, dO, QQ terms and above.

18.47.3.9 recenter()

Parameters

new_origins	- matrix with coordinates of the new origins $\{r_{\text{new}}\}.$
-------------	--

Note

The number of origins has to be equal to the number of distributed centres.

Recentering of the multipoles affects the distributed dipoles and higher moments. The moments are given as

$$\begin{split} q_{\text{new}} &= q_{\text{old}} \\ \mu_{\text{new}} &= \mu_{\text{old}} - q_{\text{old}} \Delta^{(1)} \\ \Theta_{\text{new}} &= \Theta_{\text{old}} + q_{\text{old}} \Delta^{(2)} - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_2} \mathscr{P}_2 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \mu_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(1)} \right] \\ \Omega_{\text{new}} &= \Omega_{\text{old}} - q_{\text{old}} \Delta^{(3)} + \sum_{\mathscr{P}_3} \mathscr{P}_3 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \mu_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(1)} \right] \\ \Xi_{\text{new}} &= \Xi_{\text{old}} + q_{\text{old}} \Delta^{(4)} - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_3} \mathscr{P}_3 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \mu_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(3)} \right] + \sum_{\mathscr{P}_3} \mathscr{P}_3 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] \right] - \sum_{\mathscr{P}_6} \mathscr{P}_6 \left[\left(q_{\text{old}} \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \mu_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} + \Theta_{\text{old}} \otimes \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} \right) \otimes \Delta^{(2)} \right] \right]$$

where

$$\begin{split} &\Delta^{(1)} \equiv \mathbf{r}_{\text{new}} - \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}} \\ &\Delta^{(2)} \equiv \mathbf{r}_{\text{new}}^2 - \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^2 \\ &\Delta^{(3)} \equiv \mathbf{r}_{\text{new}}^3 - \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^3 \\ &\Delta^{(4)} \equiv \mathbf{r}_{\text{new}}^4 - \mathbf{r}_{\text{old}}^4 \end{split}$$

In the above equations, the distributed centre label was omitted (redundant) as each distributed site of multipoles is independent of the others. TODO - Finish for octupoles and hexadecapoles! -> define the permutation operators!

18.47.3.10 rotate()

Parameters

\mid rotmat \mid - Cartesian rotation matrix ${f r}$
--

Centers and origins, as well as dipole, quadrupole, octupole and hexadecapole moments are

transformed according to:

$$\begin{split} x_{a}^{(i)} &\to \sum_{a'} x_{a'}^{(i)} r_{a'a} \\ o_{a}^{(i)} &\to \sum_{a'} o_{a'}^{(i)} r_{a'a} \\ \mu_{a}^{(i)} &\to \sum_{a'} \mu_{a'}^{(i)} r_{a'a} \\ \Theta_{a}^{(i)} &\to \sum_{a'b'} \Theta_{a'b'}^{(i)} r_{a'a} r_{b'b} \\ \Omega_{a}^{(i)} &\to \sum_{a'b'c'} \Omega_{a'b'c'}^{(i)} r_{a'a} r_{b'b} r_{c'c} \\ \Xi_{a}^{(i)} &\to \sum_{a'b'c'd'} \Xi_{a'b'c'd'}^{(i)} r_{a'a} r_{b'b} r_{c'c} r_{d'd} \end{split}$$

where the definition of $r_{a'a}$ is consistent with the Kabsch algorithm implemented in KabschSuperimposer.

See also

KabschSuperimposer

18.47.3.11 superimpose()

Parameters

ref_xyz	- target geometry to superimpose
suplist	- superimposition list

Returns

the RMS of superimposition Kabsch algorithm is used for superimposition.

See also

KabschSuperimposer

18.47.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

18.47.4.1 MultipoleConvergence

friend class MultipoleConvergence [friend]

Convergence of multipole moment series.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

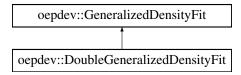
- oepdev/lib3d/dmtp.h
- oepdev/lib3d/dmtp_base.cc

18.48 oepdev::DoubleGeneralizedDensityFit Class Reference

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme - Double Fit.

#include <oep_gdf.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::DoubleGeneralizedDensityFit:



Public Member Functions

- DoubleGeneralizedDensityFit (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_auxiliary, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_intermediate, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > v_vector)
- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > compute (void)

Perform the generalized density fit.

Additional Inherited Members

18.48.1 Detailed Description

The density fitting map projects the OEP onto an arbitrary (not necessarily complete) auxiliary basis set space through application of the self energy minimization technique. The resulting three-electron repulsion integrals are computed by utilizing the resolution of identity in an intermediate, nearly-complete basis set space, hence performing an internal density fitting in nearly complete basis. Refer to density fitting specialized for OEP's for more details.

18.48.2 Determination of the OEP matrix

Coefficients **G** are computed by using the following relation

$$\mathbf{G} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{R} \cdot \mathbf{H}$$

where the intermediate projection matrix is given by

$$\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{S}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{V}$$

In the above equations,

$$A_{\xi\xi'} = (\xi||\xi')$$

$$R_{\xi\varepsilon} = (\xi||\varepsilon)$$

$$S_{\varepsilon\varepsilon'} = (\varepsilon|\varepsilon')$$

$$V^{\varepsilon i} = (\varepsilon|\hat{v}i)$$

The following labeling convention is used here:

- i denotes the arbitrary state vector
- ξ denotes the auxiliary basis set element
- ε denotes the intermediate (nearly complete) basis set element

In the above, | denotes the single integration over electron coordinate, i.e.,

$$(a|b) \equiv \int d\mathbf{r} \phi_a^*(\mathbf{r}) \phi_b(\mathbf{r})$$

whereas || acts as shown below:

$$(a||b) \equiv \iint d\mathbf{r}' d\mathbf{r}'' \frac{\phi_a^*(\mathbf{r}')\phi_b(\mathbf{r}'')}{|\mathbf{r}' - \mathbf{r}''|}$$

The spatial form of the potential operator \hat{v} can be expressed by

$$v(\mathbf{r}) \equiv \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\rho(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r}' - \mathbf{r}|}$$

with $\rho(\mathbf{r})$ being the effective one-electron density associated with \hat{v} .

18.48.2.1 Theory behind the double GDF scheme

In order to perform the generalized density fitting in an incomplete auxiliary basis set, one must apply the following formula:

$$\mathbf{G} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{B}$$

where one encounters the need of evaluation of the following three-electron integrals

$$B_{\xi i} = (\xi || \hat{v}i) \equiv \iiint d\mathbf{r}' d\mathbf{r}'' d\mathbf{r}''' \phi_{\xi}^*(\mathbf{r}') \frac{1}{|\mathbf{r}' - \mathbf{r}''|} \rho(\mathbf{r}''') \frac{1}{|\mathbf{r}''' - \mathbf{r}''|} \phi_i(\mathbf{r}'')$$

Computation of all the necessery integrals of this kind is very costly and impractical for larger molecules. However, one can use the same trick that is a kernel of the OEP technique introduced in the OEPDev project, i.e., introduce the effective potential in order to get rid of one

integration. This can be done by performing the generalized density fitting in the nearly complete intermediate basis

$$\hat{v}|i)\cong\sum_{\mathcal{E}}H_{\mathcal{E}i}|\mathcal{E})$$

Note that this is done just for the sake of factorizing the triple integral and computing the OEP matrix for the incomplete auxiliary basis. Therefore, the intermediate basis set is used just for a while during density fitting and is no longer necessary later on. By inserting the above identity to the triple integral one can transform it into a sum of the two-electron integrals that are much easier to evaluate. This leads to equations given in the beginning of this section.

18.48.3 Member Function Documentation

18.48.3.1 compute()

Returns

The OEP coefficients G_{ξ_i}

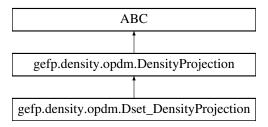
Implements oepdev::GeneralizedDensityFit.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/liboep/oep_gdf.h
- oepdev/liboep/oep_gdf.cc

18.49 gefp.density.opdm.Dset_DensityProjection Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.opdm.Dset_DensityProjection:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, np, S)

Additional Inherited Members

18.49.1 Detailed Description

```
Gradient Projection Algorithm on D-sets.
Ref.: Pernal, Cances, J. Chem. Phys. 2005

Notes:
o Appropriate only for HF functional.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

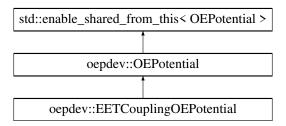
gefp/gefp/density/opdm.py

18.50 oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations.

```
#include <oep.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential:



Public Member Functions

- **EETCouplingOEPotential** (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, SharedBasisSet intermediate, Options & options)
- **EETCouplingOEPotential** (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)
- virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType) override

Compute matrix forms of all OEP's within a specified OEP type.

virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > &v) override

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v.

virtual void print_header () const override

Header information.

Additional Inherited Members

18.50.1 Detailed Description

Contains the following OEP types:

- Fujimoto.GDF Joint OEP type for ET(L), ET(HL), HT(H) and HT(HL)
- Fujimoto.CIS CIS data
- Fujimoto. EXCH- Pure-exchange coupling matrix $G_{\mu\nu} \equiv (\mu\mu|\nu\nu)$
- Fujimoto.CT_M- (HH|LL) integral for the H_34 Hamiltonian matrix elements (CT)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

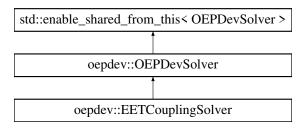
- · oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- oepdev/liboep/oep_coupling_eet.cc

18.51 oepdev::EETCouplingSolver Class Reference

Compute the EET coupling energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

```
#include <solver.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::EETCouplingSolver:



Public Member Functions

- **EETCouplingSolver** (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)
- virtual double compute_oep_based (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")
 Compute property by using OEP's.
- virtual double compute_benchmark (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")
 Compute property by using benchmark method.

Additional Inherited Members

18.51.1 Detailed Description

The implemented methods are shown below

Table 18.32: Methods available in the Solver

Keyword	Method Description		
	Benchmark Methods		
FUJIMOTO_TI_CIS	Default. EET Coupling by Fujimoto JPC 2012.		
OEP-Based Methods			
FUJIMOTO_TI_CIS	Default. OEP-based TI/CIS expressions.		

In order to construct this solver, **always** use the <code>OEPDevSolver::build</code> static factory method.

Below the detailed description of the implemented equations is given for each of the above provided methods. In the formulae across, it is assumed that the orbitals are real. The Coulomb notation for electron repulsion integrals (ERI's) is adopted; i.e,

$$(ac|bd) = \iint d\mathbf{r}_1 d\mathbf{r}_2 \phi_a(\mathbf{r}_1) \phi_c(\mathbf{r}_1) \frac{1}{r_{12}} \phi_b(\mathbf{r}_2) \phi_d(\mathbf{r}_2)$$

Greek subscripts denote basis set orbitals whereas Italic subscripts denote the occupied molecular orbitals.

Benchmark Methods

TI/CIS Method (Fujimoto JPC 2012).

In the simplest version of TI/CIS approach, the Hamiltonian of the molecular aggregate (dimer) is constructed from the CIS approximation and 4 basis functions constructed as follows:

$$\begin{vmatrix} \Phi_1 \rangle = \left| \Psi_A^{(e)} \otimes \Psi_B^{(g)} \rangle \\ \left| \Phi_2 \rangle = \left| \Psi_A^{(g)} \otimes \Psi_B^{(e)} \rangle \right| \\ \left| \Phi_3 \rangle = \left| \Psi_A^{(+)} \otimes \Psi_B^{(-)} \rangle \right| \\ \left| \Phi_4 \rangle = \left| \Psi_A^{(-)} \otimes \Psi_B^{(+)} \rangle \right| \end{aligned}$$

where g and e superscripts denote the ground and excited state of a molecule, + and - label the cationic and anionic state, respectively, whereas $\left|\Psi_X\otimes\Psi_Y\right>$ denotes the antisymmetrized Hartree product of the monomer wavefunctions. The associated diagonal Hamiltonian matrix

elements can be defined as

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \Phi_{1} \middle| \mathscr{H} - E_{0} \middle| \Phi_{1} \right\rangle &\equiv E_{1} = E_{e \to g}^{A} + \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} \left(P_{\nu \mu}^{A(e)} - P_{\nu \mu}^{A(g)} \right) \times \left\{ V_{\mu \nu}^{B(\text{nuc})} + \sum_{\lambda \sigma \in B} P_{\lambda \sigma}^{B(g)} \left[(\mu \nu | \sigma \lambda) - \frac{1}{2} (\mu \lambda | \sigma \nu) \right] \right\} \\ \left\langle \Phi_{2} \middle| \mathscr{H} - E_{0} \middle| \Phi_{2} \right\rangle &\equiv E_{2} = E_{e \to g}^{B} + \sum_{\mu \nu \in B} \left(P_{\nu \mu}^{B(e)} - P_{\nu \mu}^{B(g)} \right) \times \left\{ V_{\mu \nu}^{A(\text{nuc})} + \sum_{\lambda \sigma \in A} P_{\lambda \sigma}^{A(g)} \left[(\mu \nu | \sigma \lambda) - \frac{1}{2} (\mu \lambda | \sigma \nu) \right] \right\} \\ \left\langle \Phi_{3} \middle| \mathscr{H} - E_{0} \middle| \Phi_{3} \right\rangle &\equiv E_{3} = -\varepsilon_{H}^{A} + \varepsilon_{L}^{B} - \left(H^{A} H^{A} \middle| L^{B} L^{B} \right) \\ \left\langle \Phi_{4} \middle| \mathscr{H} - E_{0} \middle| \Phi_{4} \right\rangle &\equiv E_{4} = \varepsilon_{L}^{A} - \varepsilon_{H}^{B} - \left(L^{A} L^{A} \middle| H^{B} H^{B} \right) \end{split}$$

The associated off-diagonal Hamiltonian matrix elements can be defined as

$$\left\langle \Phi_{1} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi_{2} \right\rangle \equiv V^{\text{Coul}} + V^{\text{Exch}} + V^{\text{Ovrl}}$$

$$\left\langle \Phi_{1} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi_{3} \right\rangle \equiv V^{\text{ET1}}$$

$$\left\langle \Phi_{2} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi_{4} \right\rangle \equiv V^{\text{ET2}}$$

$$\left\langle \Phi_{1} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi_{4} \right\rangle \equiv V^{\text{HT1}}$$

$$\left\langle \Phi_{2} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi_{3} \right\rangle \equiv V^{\text{HT2}}$$

$$\left\langle \Phi_{3} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Phi_{4} \right\rangle \equiv V^{\text{CT}}$$

where the Forster-type Coulombic (Coul), Dexter-type exchange (Exch), remaining overlap correction (Ovrl), as well as the electron, hole and charge (ET, HT, CT) transfer contributions are defined. The exchange-Coulomb coupling takes the form

$$V^{\text{Coul}} = \frac{V^{\text{Coul},(0)}}{1 - S_{12}^2}$$

$$V^{\text{Exch}} = \frac{V^{\text{Exch},(0)}}{1 - S_{12}^2}$$

$$V^{\text{Ovrl}} = -\frac{(E_1 + E_2)S_{12}}{2(1 - S_{12}^2)}$$

The overlap-corrected ET, HT and CT matrix elements read

$$V^{\text{ET1}} = \left[1 - S_{13}^{2}\right]^{-1} \left\{ V^{\text{ET1},(0)} - \frac{1}{2}(E_{1} + E_{2})S_{13} \right\}$$

$$V^{\text{ET2}} = \left[1 - S_{24}^{2}\right]^{-1} \left\{ V^{\text{ET2},(0)} - \frac{1}{2}(E_{1} + E_{2})S_{24} \right\}$$

$$V^{\text{HT1}} = \left[1 - S_{14}^{2}\right]^{-1} \left\{ V^{\text{HT1},(0)} - \frac{1}{2}(E_{1} + E_{2})S_{14} \right\}$$

$$V^{\text{HT2}} = \left[1 - S_{23}^{2}\right]^{-1} \left\{ V^{\text{HT2},(0)} - \frac{1}{2}(E_{1} + E_{2})S_{23} \right\}$$

$$V^{\text{CT}} = \left[1 - S_{34}^{2}\right]^{-1} \left\{ V^{\text{CT},(0)} - \frac{1}{2}(E_{1} + E_{2})S_{34} \right\}$$

In the above equations, the superscript (0) denotes that the matrix elements are not affected by the overlap between molecular wavefunctions, and are given by

$$\begin{split} V^{\text{Coul},(0)} &= \sum_{\mu\nu\in A} \sum_{\lambda\sigma\in B} P_{\nu\mu}^{g\to e(A)} P_{\lambda\sigma}^{g\to e(B)}(\mu\nu|\sigma\lambda) \\ V^{\text{Exch},(0)} &= -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mu\nu\in A} \sum_{\lambda\sigma\in B} P_{\nu\mu}^{g\to e(A)} P_{\lambda\sigma}^{g\to e(B)}(\mu\lambda|\sigma\nu) \\ V^{\text{ET1},(0)} &= t_{H\to L}^A \left\{ \left(L^A |\mathscr{F}|L^B \right) + 2 \left(L^A H^A |H^A L^B \right) - \left(L^A L^B |H^A H^A \right) \right\} \\ V^{\text{ET2},(0)} &= t_{H\to L}^B \left\{ \left(L^A |\mathscr{F}|L^B \right) + 2 \left(L^A H^B |H^B L^B \right) - \left(L^A L^B |H^B H^B \right) \right\} \\ V^{\text{HT1},(0)} &= t_{H\to L}^A \left\{ - \left(H^A |\mathscr{F}|H^B \right) + 2 \left(H^A L^A |L^A H^B \right) - \left(H^A H^B |L^A L^A \right) \right\} \\ V^{\text{HT2},(0)} &= t_{H\to L}^B \left\{ - \left(H^A |\mathscr{F}|H^B \right) + 2 \left(H^A L^B |L^B H^B \right) - \left(H^A H^B |L^B L^B \right) \right\} \\ V^{\text{CT},(0)} &= 2 \left(H^A L^B |L^A H^B \right) - \left(H^A H^B |L^A L^B \right) \end{split}$$

In the above, \mathscr{F} is the Fock operator whereas H and L denote the HOMO and LUMO orbitals, respectively. The overlap integrals between the basis states are approximated by

$$S_{12} \equiv \left(\Phi_{1} \middle| \Phi_{2}\right) \cong -\frac{1}{N_{el}^{AB}} \operatorname{Tr} \left[\mathbf{P}^{g \to e(A)} \mathbf{s}^{AB} \mathbf{P}^{g \to e(B)} \mathbf{s}^{BA}\right]$$

$$S_{13} \equiv \left(\Phi_{1} \middle| \Phi_{3}\right) \cong -\frac{t_{H \to L}^{A}}{N_{el}^{AB}} S_{LL}^{AB}$$

$$S_{14} \equiv \left(\Phi_{1} \middle| \Phi_{4}\right) \cong +\frac{t_{H \to L}^{A}}{N_{el}^{AB}} S_{HH}^{AB}$$

$$S_{24} \equiv \left(\Phi_{2} \middle| \Phi_{4}\right) \cong -\frac{t_{H \to L}^{B}}{N_{el}^{AB}} S_{LL}^{AB}$$

$$S_{23} \equiv \left(\Phi_{2} \middle| \Phi_{3}\right) \cong +\frac{t_{H \to L}^{B}}{N_{el}^{AB}} S_{HH}^{AB}$$

$$S_{34} \equiv \left(\Phi_{3} \middle| \Phi_{4}\right) \cong -\frac{1}{N_{el}^{AB}} S_{HH}^{AB} S_{LL}^{AB}$$

where the overlap between molecular orbitals U and W is given by

$$S_{UW}^{AB} \equiv \mathbf{s}^{AB} : \mathbf{c}_{U}^{A} \otimes \mathbf{c}_{W}^{B}$$

and \mathbf{s}^{AB} is the AO overlap matrix between molecule A and B atomic basis functions.

For a closed-shell system, the EET coupling constant for two electronic transitions can be given approximately by

$$V \approx V^{\text{Direct}} + V^{\text{Inirect}}$$

where the overlap-corrected direct and indirect coupling constants are

$$V^{\text{Direct}} = V^{\text{Coul}} + V^{\text{Exch}} + V^{\text{Ovrl}}$$

 $V^{\text{Indirect}} = V^{\text{TI}-2} + V^{\text{TI}-3}$

with

$$V^{\text{TI}-2} = -\frac{V^{\text{ET1}}V^{\text{HT2}}}{E_3 - E_1} - \frac{V^{\text{ET2}}V^{\text{HT1}}}{E_4 - E_1}$$
$$V^{\text{TI}-3} = \frac{V^{\text{CT}}\left(V^{\text{ET1}}V^{\text{ET2}} + V^{\text{HT1}}V^{\text{HT2}}\right)}{(E_3 - E_1)(E_4 - E_1)}$$

Fock matrix in AB space

In the current implementation, Fock matrix in the AB space, that is necessary to evaluate ET and HT matrix elements, can be defined as

- 1. the AB block of full Hartree-Fock SCF Fock matrix for entire system;
- 2. the zeroth-order Fock matrix that is composed of monomer's unperturbed ground-state 1-particle density matrices.

In the latter case, the Fock matrix in AO representation is given by:

$$F_{\alpha \in A,\beta \in B}^{AB} \approx T_{\alpha\beta} + V_{\alpha\beta}^{A(\mathrm{nuc})} + V_{\alpha\beta}^{B(\mathrm{nuc})} + \sum_{\mu\nu \in A} P_{\nu\mu}^{A(g)} G_{\alpha\beta,\mu\nu} + \sum_{\sigma\lambda \in B} P_{\lambda\sigma}^{B(g)} G_{\alpha\beta,\sigma\lambda}$$

where

$$G_{lphaeta,\gamma\delta}\equiv (lphaeta|\gamma\delta)-rac{1}{2}(lpha\delta|\gammaeta)$$

Mulliken approximated exchange-like contributions.

Exchange and CT contributions require ERI's of type (AB,AB). It is instructive to approximate these contributions in terms of the Coulomb-like ERI's for the sake of testing of OEP-based approximations which are given in the next Section.

Application of the Mullipen approximation

$$(ij|kl) \approx \frac{1}{4}S_{ij}S_{kl}\left[(ii|kk) + (jj|kk) + (ii|ll) + (jj|ll)\right]$$

results in the following approximations to the exchange-like terms

$$\begin{split} V^{\text{Exch},(0)} &\approx -\frac{1}{8} \sum_{\mu\nu \in A} \sum_{\lambda\sigma \in B} P_{\nu\mu}^{g \to e(A)} P_{\lambda\sigma}^{g \to e(B)} S_{\mu\lambda} S_{\sigma\nu} \left[(\mu\mu | \sigma\sigma) + (\lambda\lambda | \nu\nu) + (\mu\mu | \nu\nu) + (\lambda\lambda | \sigma\sigma) \right] \\ V^{\text{CT},(0)} &\approx \frac{1}{2} S_{HL}^{AB} S_{LH}^{AB} \left[r_{HL}^A + r_{HL}^B + \rho_H^A \odot \rho_H^B + \rho_L^A \odot \rho_L^B \right] \\ &\qquad \qquad - \frac{1}{4} S_{HH}^{AB} S_{LL}^{AB} \left[r_{HL}^A + r_{HL}^B + \rho_H^A \odot \rho_L^B + \rho_L^A \odot \rho_H^B \right] \end{split}$$

The former can be rewritten in a more convenient to implement formula:

$$V^{\mathrm{Exch},(0)} \approx -\frac{1}{4} \sum_{\mu \in A} \sum_{\nu \in B} (\mu \mu | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \sigma} [\mathbf{P}^B \mathbf{s}^{BA}]_{\sigma \mu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} P^A_{\nu \mu} (\mu \mu | \nu \nu) [\mathbf{s}^{AB} \mathbf{P}^B \mathbf{s}^{BA}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^B_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^A_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P^A_{\lambda \sigma} (\lambda \lambda | \sigma) [\mathbf{P}^A \mathbf{s}^{AB}]_{\mu \nu} - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{\sigma \lambda \in B} P$$

In the CT term,

$$r_{HL}^{A} \equiv \rho_{H}^{A} \odot \rho_{L}^{A}$$
 $r_{HL}^{B} \equiv \rho_{H}^{B} \odot \rho_{L}^{B}$

where the effective Coulombic interaction energies are defined by

$$ho_U^A\odot
ho_W^B\equiv \left(U^AU^Aig|W^AW^A
ight)$$

OEP-Based Methods

TODO

OEP-Based TI/CIS theory

After introducing OEP's, the original TI/CIS theory by Fujimoto is reformulated *without* approximation as TODO

18.51.2 Member Function Documentation

18.51.2.1 compute_benchmark()

Each solver object has one DEFAULT benchmark method

Parameters

```
method - benchmark method
```

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

18.51.2.2 compute_oep_based()

Each solver object has one DEFAULT OEP-based method.

Parameters

method - flavour of OEP mode	اڊ
------------------------------	----

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

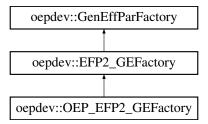
- oepdev/libsolver/solver.h
- oepdev/libsolver/solver_coupling_eet.cc

18.52 oepdev::EFP2_GEFactory Class Reference

EFP2 GEFP Factory.

#include <gefp.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::EFP2_GEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- EFP2_GEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt)

 Construct from Psi4 options.
- virtual ~EFP2_GEFactory ()
 Destruct.
- virtual std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > compute (void)

Compute the EFP2 parameters.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual std::shared_ptr< oepdev::DMTPole > compute_dmtp (void)
- virtual void compute_lmoc (void)
- virtual std::shared_ptr< oepdev::CPHF > compute_cphf (void)
- virtual void assemble_parameters (void)
- virtual void assemble_geometry_data (void)
- virtual void assemble_dmtp_data (void)
- virtual void assemble_lmo_centroids (void)

- virtual void assemble_fock_matrix (void)
- virtual void assemble_distributed_polarizabilities (void)

Protected Attributes

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::GenEffPar > EFP2Parameters_

Additional Inherited Members

18.52.1 Detailed Description

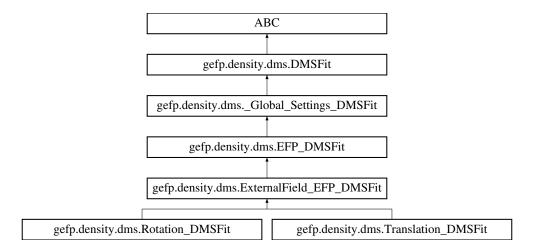
Basic interface for the EFP2 parameters.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_efp2.cc

18.53 gefp.density.dms.EFP_DMSFit Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.EFP_DMSFit:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, mol, method, nsamples, dms_types, order_type, use_iterative_model, use_external_field_model)
- def run (self)
- def B (self, m, n, dtype='da')

Additional Inherited Members

18.53.1 Detailed Description

DMS Fitting for EFP-like Molecular Fragments

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.54 gefp.density.dmft.ElectronCorrelation Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dmft.ElectronCorrelation:



Static Public Member Functions

def degree_of_correlation (dmft, scalar=True)

18.54.1 Detailed Description

\ The Electron Correlation: Dynamic and Non-dynamic Correlation.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

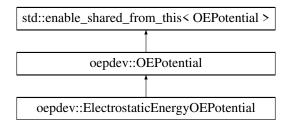
· gefp/gefp/density/dmft.py

18.55 oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy.

#include <oep.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential:



Public Member Functions

• ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)

Only ESP-based potential is worth implementing.

virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType) override

Compute matrix forms of all OEP's within a specified OEP type.

virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > &v) override

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v.

virtual void print_header () const override

Header information.

Additional Inherited Members

18.55.1 Detailed Description

Contains the following OEP types:

V

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

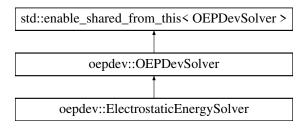
- oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- oepdev/liboep/oep_energy_coul.cc

18.56 oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver Class Reference

Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

#include <solver.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver:



Public Member Functions

- ElectrostaticEnergySolver (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)
- virtual double compute_oep_based (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")
 Compute property by using OEP's.
- virtual double compute_benchmark (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")
 Compute property by using benchmark method.

Additional Inherited Members

18.56.1 Detailed Description

The implemented methods are shown in below

Table 18.35: Methods available in the Solver

Keyword Method Description		
	Dan abwayir Mathada	
	Benchmark Methods	
AO_EXPANDED	Default. Exact Coulombic energy from atomic orbital expansions.	
MO_EXPANDED	Exact Coulombic energy from molecular orbital expansions	
OEP-Based Methods		
ESP_SYMMETRIZED	Default. Coulombic energy from ESP charges interacting with nuclei and electronic density. Symmetrized with respect to monomers.	
CAMM	Coulombic energy from CAMM distributions.	

Below the detailed description of the above methods is given.

Benchmark Methods

Exact Coulombic energy from atomic orbital expansions.

The Coulombic interaction energy is given by

$$E^{\text{Coul}} = E^{\text{Nuc-Nuc}} + E^{\text{Nuc-El}} + E^{\text{El-El}}$$

where the nuclear-nuclear repulsion energy is

$$E^{\text{Nuc-Nuc}} = \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{y \in B} \frac{Z_x Z_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|}$$

the nuclear-electronic attraction energy is

$$E^{\text{Nuc-El}} = \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{\lambda \sigma \in B} Z_x V_{\lambda \sigma}^{(x)} \left(D_{\lambda \sigma}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\lambda \sigma}^{(\beta)} \right) + \sum_{y \in B} \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} Z_y V_{\mu \nu}^{(y)} \left(D_{\mu \nu}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\mu \nu}^{(\beta)} \right)$$

and the electron-electron repulsion energy is

$$E^{\mathrm{El-El}} = \sum_{\mu\nu\in A} \sum_{\lambda\sigma\in B} \left\{ D_{\mu\nu}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\mu\nu}^{(\beta)} \right\} \left\{ D_{\lambda\sigma}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\lambda\sigma}^{(\beta)} \right\} (\mu\nu|\lambda\sigma)$$

In the above equations,

$$V_{\lambda\sigma}^{(x)} \equiv \int \frac{\varphi_{\lambda}^{*}(\mathbf{r})\varphi_{\sigma}(\mathbf{r})}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_{x}|} d\mathbf{r}$$

Exact Coulombic energy from molecular orbital expansion.

This approach is fully equivalent to the atomic orbital expansion shown above. For the closed shell case, the Coulombic interaction energy is given by

$$E^{\text{Coul}} = E^{\text{Nuc-Nuc}} + E^{\text{Nuc-El}} + E^{\text{El-El}}$$

where the nuclear-nuclear repulsion energy is

$$E^{\text{Nuc-Nuc}} = \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{y \in B} \frac{Z_x Z_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|}$$

the nuclear-electronic attraction energy is

$$E^{\text{Nuc-El}} = 2 \sum_{i \in A} \sum_{y \in B} V_{ii}^{(y)} + 2 \sum_{j \in B} \sum_{x \in A} V_{jj}^{(x)}$$

and the electron-electron repulsion energy is

$$E^{\text{El-El}} = 4\sum_{i \in A} \sum_{j \in B} (ii|jj)$$

OEP-Based Methods

Coulombic energy from ESP charges interacting with nuclei and electronic density.

In this approach, nuclear and electronic density of either species is approximated by ESP charges. In order to achieve symmetric expression, the interaction is computed twice (ESP of A interacting with density matrix and nuclear charges of B and vice versa) and then divided by 2. Thus,

$$E^{\text{Coul}} \approx \frac{1}{2} \left[\sum_{x \in A} \sum_{y \in B} \frac{Z_x q_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|} + \sum_{y \in B} \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} q_y V_{\mu \nu}^{(y)} \left(D_{\mu \nu}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\mu \nu}^{(\beta)} \right) + \sum_{y \in B} \sum_{x \in A} \frac{q_x Z_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|} + \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{\lambda \sigma \in B} q_x V_{\lambda \sigma}^{(x)} \left(D_{\lambda \sigma}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\lambda \sigma}^{(\beta)} \right) \right]$$

If the basis set is large and the number of ESP centres $q_{x(y)}$ is sufficient, the sum of first two contributions equals the sum of the latter two contributions.

Notes:

This solver also computes and prints the ESP-ESP point charge interaction energy,

$$E^{\text{Coul,ESP}} \approx \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{y \in B} \frac{q_x q_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|}$$

for reference purposes.

• In order to construct this solver, **always** use the OEPDevSolver::build static factory method.

18.56.2 Member Function Documentation

18.56.2.1 compute_benchmark()

Each solver object has one DEFAULT benchmark method

Parameters

```
method - benchmark method
```

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

18.56.2.2 compute_oep_based()

```
double ElectrostaticEnergySolver::compute_oep_based (
```

```
const std::string & method = "DEFAULT" ) [virtual]
```

Each solver object has one DEFAULT OEP-based method.

Parameters

```
method - flavour of OEP model
```

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

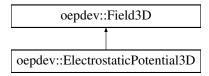
- · oepdev/libsolver/solver.h
- oepdev/libsolver/solver_energy_coul.cc

18.57 oepdev::ElectrostaticPotential3D Class Reference

Electrostatic potential of a molecule.

```
#include <space3d.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ElectrostaticPotential3D:



Public Member Functions

- **ElectrostaticPotential3D** (const int &np, const double &padding, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options)
- ElectrostaticPotential3D (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &py, const double &pz, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options)
- virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > compute_xyz (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)

Compute a value of 3D field at point (x, y, z)

virtual void print () const

Print information of the object to Psi4 output.

Additional Inherited Members

18.57.1 Detailed Description

Computes the electrostatic potential of a molecule directly from the wavefunction. The electrostatic potential $v(\mathbf{r})$ at point \mathbf{r} is computed from the following formula:

$$v(\mathbf{r}) = v_{\text{nuc}}(\mathbf{r}) + v_{\text{el}}(\mathbf{r})$$

where the nuclear and electronic contributions are defined accordingly as

$$v_{\text{nuc}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{x} \frac{Z_x}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_x|}$$
$$v_{\text{el}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{\mu\nu} \left\{ D_{\mu\nu}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\mu\nu}^{(\beta)} \right\} V_{\nu\mu}(\mathbf{r})$$

In the above equations, Z_x denotes the charge of xth nucleus, $D_{\mu\nu}^{(\omega)}$ is the one-particle (relaxed) density matrix element in AO basis associated with the ω electron spin, and $V_{\mu\nu}(\mathbf{r})$ is the potential one-electron integral defined by

$$V_{\nu\mu}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv \int d\mathbf{r}' \boldsymbol{\varphi}_{\nu}^*(\mathbf{r}') \frac{1}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} \boldsymbol{\varphi}_{\mu}(\mathbf{r}')$$

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h
- oepdev/lib3d/space3d.cc

18.58 gefp.core.driver.Entry Class Reference

Public Member Functions

• def __init__ (self, pade, description_short, description_full)

Public Attributes

- pade
- description_short
- · description_full

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

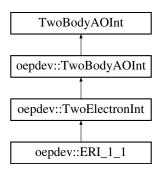
gefp/gefp/core/driver.py

18.59 oepdev::ERI_1_1 Class Reference

2-centre ERI of the form (a|O(2)|b) where O(2) = 1/r12.

```
#include <eri.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ERI_1_1:



Public Member Functions

- ERI_1_1 (const IntegralFactory *integral, int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)

 Constructor. Use oepdev::IntegralFactory to generate this object.
- ~ERI_1_1 ()
 Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

size_t compute_doublet (int, int)
 Compute ERI's between 2 shells.

Protected Attributes

double * mdh_buffer_1_

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for monomial expansion (shell 1)

double * mdh_buffer_2_

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for monomial expansion (shell 2)

18.59.1 Detailed Description

ERI's are computed for a shell doublet (P|Q) and stored in the <code>target_full_buffer</code>, accessible through <code>buffer</code>() method:

For each
$$(n_1,l_1,m_1)\in P$$
:
For each $(n_2,l_2,m_2)\in Q$:
 $\mathrm{ERI}=(A|B)[\{lpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$

For detailed description of the McMurchie-Davidson scheme, refer to The Integral Package Library.

18.59.2 Implementation

A set of ERI's in a shell is decontracted as

$$(A|B)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] = \sum_{ij} c_i(\alpha_1) c_j(\alpha_2)(i|j)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$$

where the primitive ERI is given by

$$(i|j)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] = \sum_{N_1=0}^{n_1} \sum_{L_1=0}^{l_1} \sum_{M_1=0}^{m_1} \sum_{N_2=0}^{n_2} \sum_{L_2=0}^{l_2} \sum_{M_2=0}^{m_2} d_{N_1}^{n_1} d_{L_1}^{l_1} d_{M_1}^{m_1} d_{N_2}^{n_2} d_{L_2}^{l_2} d_{M_2}^{m_2} [N_1 L_1 M_1 | N_2 L_2 M_2]$$

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

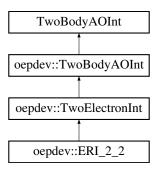
- · oepdev/libints/eri.h
- · oepdev/libints/eri.cc

18.60 oepdev::ERI_2_2 Class Reference

4-centre ERI of the form (ab|O(2)|cd) where O(2) = 1/r12.

#include <eri.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ERI_2_2:



Public Member Functions

- ERI_2_2 (const IntegralFactory *integral, int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)

 Constructor. Use oepdev::IntegralFactory to generate this object.
- ~ERI_2_2 ()

Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

size_t compute_quartet (int, int, int, int)
 Compute ERI's between 4 shells.

Protected Attributes

double * mdh_buffer_12_

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for binomial expansion (shells 1 and 2)

double * mdh_buffer_34_

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for binomial expansion (shells 3 and 4)

18.60.1 Detailed Description

ERI's are computed for a shell quartet (PQ|RS) and stored in the $target_full_buffer$, accessible through buffer() method:

For each
$$(n_1,l_1,m_1)\in P$$
:
For each $(n_2,l_2,m_2)\in Q$:
For each $(n_3,l_3,m_3)\in R$:
For each $(n_4,l_4,m_4)\in S$:
 $\mathrm{ERI}=(AB|CD)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$

For detailed description of the McMurchie-Davidson scheme, refer to The Integral Package Library.

18.60.2 Implementation

A set of ERI's in a shell is decontracted as

$$(AB|CD)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] = \sum_{ijkl} c_i(\alpha_1)c_j(\alpha_2)c_k(\alpha_3)c_l(\alpha_4)(ij|kl)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$$

where the primitive ERI is given by

$$(ij|kl)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] = E_{ij}(\alpha_1,\alpha_2)E_{kl}(\alpha_3,\alpha_4)$$

$$\times \sum_{N_1=0}^{n_1+n_2} \sum_{L_1=0}^{l_1+l_2} \sum_{M_1=0}^{m_1+m_2} \sum_{N_2=0}^{n_3+n_4} \sum_{L_2=0}^{l_3+l_4} \sum_{M_2=0}^{m_3+m_4} d_{N_1}^{n_1n_2} d_{M_1}^{l_1l_2} d_{M_1}^{m_1m_2} d_{N_2}^{n_3n_4} d_{L_2}^{l_3l_4} d_{M_2}^{m_3m_4} [N_1L_1M_1|N_2L_2M_2]$$

In the above equation, the multiplicative constants are given as

$$E_{ij}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2} |\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}|^2\right]$$

$$E_{kl}(\alpha_3, \alpha_4) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_3 \alpha_4}{\alpha_3 + \alpha_4} |\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{D}|^2\right]$$

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

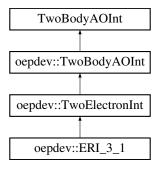
- · oepdev/libints/eri.h
- · oepdev/libints/eri.cc

18.61 oepdev::ERI_3_1 Class Reference

4-centre ERI of the form (abc|O(2)|d) where O(2) = 1/r12.

```
#include <eri.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ERI_3_1:



Public Member Functions

- ERI_3_1 (const IntegralFactory *integral, int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)

 Constructor. Use oepdev::IntegralFactory to generate this object.
- ∼ERI_3_1 ()

Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

size_t compute_quartet (int, int, int, int)
 Compute ERI's between 4 shells.

Protected Attributes

- double * mdh_buffer_123_
 Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for trinomial expansion (shells 1, 2 and 3)
- double * mdh_buffer_4_

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for monomial expansion (shell 4)

18.61.1 Detailed Description

ERI's are computed for a shell quartet (PQR|S) and stored in the target_full_buffer, accessible through buffer() method:

For each
$$(n_1,l_1,m_1)\in P$$
:
For each $(n_2,l_2,m_2)\in Q$:
For each $(n_3,l_3,m_3)\in R$:
For each $(n_4,l_4,m_4)\in S$:
 $\mathrm{ERI}=(ABC|D)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$

For detailed description of the McMurchie-Davidson scheme, refer to The Integral Package Library.

18.61.2 Implementation

A set of ERI's in a shell is decontracted as

$$(ABC|D)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] = \sum_{ijkl} c_i(\alpha_1)c_j(\alpha_2)c_k(\alpha_3)c_l(\alpha_4)(ijk|l)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$$

where the primitive ERI is given by

$$(ijk|l)[\{\boldsymbol{\alpha}\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] = E_{ijk}(\alpha_1,\alpha_2,\alpha_3)$$

$$\times \sum_{N_1=0}^{n_1+n_2+n_3} \sum_{L_1=0}^{l_1+l_2+l_3} \sum_{M_1=0}^{m_1+m_2+m_3} \sum_{N_2=0}^{n_4} \sum_{L_2=0}^{m_4} \sum_{M_2=0}^{m_4} d_{N_1}^{n_1n_2n_3} d_{L_1}^{l_1l_2l_3} d_{M_1}^{m_1m_2m_3} d_{N_2}^{n_4} d_{L_2}^{l_4} d_{M_2}^{m_4} [N_1L_1M_1|N_2L_2M_2]$$

In the above equation, the multiplicative constants are given as

$$E_{ijk}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2} |\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}|^2\right] \exp\left[-\frac{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) \alpha_3}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3} |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{C}|^2\right]$$

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libints/eri.h
- · oepdev/libints/eri.cc

18.62 oepdev::ESPSolver Class Reference

Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class.

Public Member Functions

ESPSolver (SharedField3D field)

Construct from 3D vector field.

• ESPSolver (SharedField3D field, psi::SharedMatrix centres)

Construct from 3D vector field.

virtual ∼ESPSolver ()

Destructor.

virtual psi::SharedMatrix charges () const

Get the (fit) charges.

virtual psi::SharedMatrix centres () const

Get the charge distribution centres.

virtual void set_charge_sums (psi::SharedVector s)

Set the charge sums Q_p .

virtual void set_charge_sums (const double &s)

Set the charge sums Q_p (equal to all fields)

virtual void compute ()

Perform fitting of effective charges.

Protected Attributes

const int nCentres_

Number of fit centres.

const int nFields_

Number of fields to fit.

SharedField3D field_

Scalar field.

psi::SharedMatrix charges_

Charges to be fit.

psi::SharedMatrix centres_

Centres, at which fit charges will reside.

psi::SharedVector charge_sums_

Vector of sums of partial charges.

18.62.1 Detailed Description

Solves the least-squares problem to fit the generalized charges $q_{m;p}$, that reproduce the reference generalized potential $v_p^{\rm ref}({\bf r})$ supplied by the Field3D object:

$$\int d\mathbf{r}' \left[v_p^{\rm ref}(\mathbf{r}') - \sum_m \frac{q_{m;p}}{|\mathbf{r}' - \mathbf{r}_m|} \right]^2 \to {\rm minimize}$$

The charges are subject to the following constraint:

$$\sum_m q_{m;p} = Q_p$$
 for all p

Method description.

M generalized charges is found by solving the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A} & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{b}_p \\ Q_p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{q}_p \\ \lambda \end{pmatrix}$$

where the **A** matrix of dimension $(M+1) \times (M+1)$ and \mathbf{b}_p vector or length M+1 are given as

$$A_{mn} = \sum_{i} \frac{1}{r_{im}r_{in}}$$

$$b_{m;p} = \sum_{i} \frac{v_{p}^{\text{ref}}(\mathbf{r}_{m})}{r_{im}}$$

In the above equation, summations run over all sample points, at which reference potential is known. The solution is stored in the $M \times N$ matrix, where N is the dimensionality of the 3D vector field (i.e., the number of potentials supplied, $p_{\rm max}$). As a default, $Q_p=0$ for all potentials. This can be set by oepdev::ESPSolver::set_charge_sums method.

Note

Useful options:

- ESP_PAD_SPHERE Padding spherical radius for random points selection. Default: 10.0 [A.U.]
- ESP_NPOINTS_PER_ATOM Number of random points per atom in a molecule. Detault: 1500
- ESP_VDW_RADIUS_C The vdW radius for carbon atom. Default: 3.0 [A.U.]
- ESP_VDW_RADIUS_H The vdW radius for hydrogen atom. Default: 4.0 [A.U.]
- ESP_VDW_RADIUS_N The vdW radius for nitrogen atom. Default: 2.4 [A.U.]
- ESP_VDW_RADIUS_O The vdW radius for oxygen atom. Default: 5.6 [A.U.]
- ESP_VDW_RADIUS_F The vdW radius for fluorium atom. Default: 2.3 [A.U.]
- ESP_VDW_RADIUS_CL The vdW radius for chlorium atom. Default: 2.9 [A.U.]

18.62.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Assume that the centres are on atoms associated with the 3D vector field.

Parameters

field	- oepdev 3D vector field object
-------	---------------------------------

18.62.2.2 ESPSolver() [2/2]

Solve ESP equations for a custom set of charge distribution centres.

Parameters

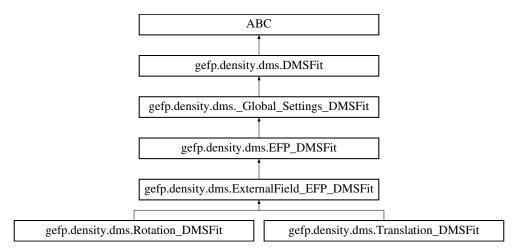
field	- oepdev 3D vector field object
centres	- matrix with coordinates of charge distribution centres

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/lib3d/esp.h
- · oepdev/lib3d/esp.cc

18.63 gefp.density.dms.ExternalField_EFP_DMSFit Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.ExternalField_EFP_DMSFit:



Public Member Functions

 def __init__ (self, mol, method, nsamples, dms_types, order_type, use_iterative_model, use_external_field_model)

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

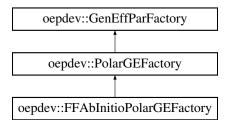
· gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.64 oepdev::FFAbInitioPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory from First Principles: Finite-Difference Model. Arbitrary level of theory.

#include <gefp.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::FFAbInitioPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- FFAbInitioPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
- virtual std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > compute (void)

Compute the density matrix susceptibility tensors.

Additional Inherited Members

18.64.1 Detailed Description

Implements creation of the density matrix susceptibility tensors. Does not guarantee the idempotency of the density matrix in LCAO-MO variation, but for weak electric fields the idempotency is to be expected up to first order. The density matrix susceptibility tensor is represented by:

$$\delta D_{\alpha\beta} = \mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(1)} \cdot \mathbf{F} + \mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(2)} : \mathbf{F} \otimes \mathbf{F}$$

where $\mathbf{B}_{lpha\beta}^{(1)}$ is the density matrix dipole polarizability defined as

$$\mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(1)} = \frac{\partial D_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial \mathbf{F}} \Big|_{\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{0}}$$

whereas ${\bf B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(2)}$ is the density matrix dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability,

$$\mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(2)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 D_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial \mathbf{F} \otimes \partial \mathbf{F}} \Big|_{\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{0}}$$

The first derivative is evaluated numerically from central finite-field 3-point formula,

$$f' = \frac{f(h) - f(-h)}{2h} + \mathfrak{O}(h^2)$$

where h is the differentiation step. Second derivatives are evaluated from the following formulae:

$$f_{uu} = \frac{f(h) + f(-h) - 2f(0)}{h^2} + \mathfrak{O}(h^2)$$

$$f_{uw} = \frac{f(h,h) + f(-h,-h) + 2f(0) - f(h,0) - f(-h,0) - f(0,h) - f(0,-h)}{2h^2} + \mathfrak{O}(h^2)$$

As long as the second-order susceptibility is considered, this susceptibility model works well for uniform weak, moderate and strong electric fields.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

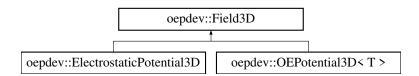
- · oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_ffabinitio.cc

18.65 oepdev::Field3D Class Reference

General Vector Dield in 3D Space. Abstract base.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::Field3D:



Public Member Functions

Field3D (const int &ndim, const int &np, const double &pad, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options)

Construct potential on random grid by providing wavefunction. Excludes space within vdW volume.

 Field3D (const int &ndim, const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &py, const double &pz, std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &options)

Construct potential on cube grid by providing wavefunction.

virtual ∼Field3D ()

Destructor.

· virtual int npoints () const

Get the number of points at which the 3D field is defined.

virtual std::shared_ptr< PointsCollection3D > points_collection () const

Get the collection of points.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > data () const

Get the data matrix in a form $\{[x, y, z, f_1(x, y, z), f_2(x, y, z), ..., f_n(x, y, z)]\}$ where n = ndim.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn () const

Get the wavefunction.

virtual bool is_computed () const

Get the information if data is already computed or not.

int dimension () const

Get the number of fields.

virtual void compute ()

Compute the 3D field in each point from the point collection.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > compute_xyz (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)=0

Compute a value of 3D field at point (x, y, z)

virtual void write_cube_file (const std::string &name)

Write the cube file (only for Cube collections, otherwise does nothing)

virtual void print () const =0

Print information of the object to Psi4 output.

Static Public Member Functions

 static shared_ptr< Field3D > build (const std::string &type, const int &np, const double &pad, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options, const int &ndim=1)

Build 3D field of random points. vdW volume is excluded.

static shared_ptr< Field3D > build (const std::string &type, const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &py, const double &pz, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options, const int &ndim=1)

Build 3D field of points on a g09-cube grid.

Protected Attributes

std::shared_ptr< PointsCollection3D > pointsCollection_

Collection of points at which the 3D field is to be computed.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > data_

The data matrix in a form $\{ [x, y, z, f_1(x, y, z), f_2(x, y, z), ..., f_n(x, y, z)] \}$ where $n = nDim_1$.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn_

Wavefunction.

• psi::Matrix geom_

Geometry of a molecule.

std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > fact_

Integral factory.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > pot_

Matrix of potential one-electron integrals.

std::shared_ptr< psi::OneBodyAOInt > oneInt_

One-electron integral shared pointer.

std::shared_ptr< PotentialInt > potInt_

One-electron potential shared pointer.

std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > primary_

Basis set.

int nbf_

Number of basis functions.

int nDim_

Dimensionality of the 3D field (1: scalar field, 2>: vector field)

bool isComputed_

Has data already computed?

18.65.1 Detailed Description

Create vector field defined at points distributed randomly or as an ordered g09 cube-like collection. Currently implemented fields are:

- Electrostatic potential computes electrostatic potential (requires wavefunction)
- Template of generic classes compute custom vector fields (requires generic object that is able to compute the field in 3D space)

Note: Always create instances by using static factory methods build. The following types of 3D vector fields are currently implemented:

• ELECTROSTATIC POTENTIAL

18.65.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.65.2.1 Field3D()

Construct potential on random grid by providing molecule. Excludes space within vdW volume Field3D(const int& ndim, const int& np, const double& pad, psi::SharedMolecule mol, psi::Options& options);

18.65.3 Member Function Documentation

```
18.65.3.1 build() [1/2]
```

Parameters

ndim	- dimensionality of 3D field (1: scalar field, >2: vector field)
type	- type of 3D field
np	- number of points
pad	- radius padding of a minimal sphere enclosing the molecule
wfn	- Psi4 Wavefunction containing the molecule
options	- Psi4 options

```
18.65.3.2 build() [2/2]
```

```
const int & nx,
const int & ny,
const int & nz,
const double & px,
const double & py,
const double & py,
psi::SharedWavefunction wfn,
psi::Options & options,
const int & ndim = 1 ) [static]
```

Parameters

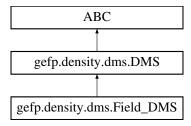
ndim	- dimensionality of 3D field (1: scalar field, >2: vector field)
type	- type of 3D field
nx	- number of points along x direction
ny	- number of points along y direction
nz	- number of points along z direction
рх	- padding distance along x direction
ру	- padding distance along y direction
pz	- padding distance along z direction
wfn	- Psi4 Wavefunction containing the molecule
options	- Psi4 options

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h
- oepdev/lib3d/space3d.cc

18.66 gefp.density.dms.Field_DMS Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.Field_DMS:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, type='da')

18.66.1 Detailed Description

Basic model of DMS that handles induction up to second-order in the external electric field without any other electronic densities.

The order of DMS blocks:

Block	DMS order	Interaction	Symmetry	Dimension	Group
1.	(1,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n,n,N,3)	Z(1)
2.	(2,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n, n, N, 3, 3)	Z(1)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.67 oepdev::Fourier9 Struct Reference

Simple structure to hold the Fourier series expansion coefficients for N=4.

#include <unitary_optimizer.h>

Public Attributes

- double a0
- double a1
- · double a2
- · double a3
- · double a4
- double b1
- · double b2
- · double b3
- · double b4

18.67.1 Detailed Description

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

oepdev/libutil/unitary_optimizer.h

18.68 oepdev::GenEffFrag Class Reference

Generalized Effective Fragment. Container Class.

#include <gefp.h>

Public Member Functions

Constructors and Destructor

GenEffFrag ()

Initialize with default name of GEFP (Default)

GenEffFrag (std::string name)

Initialize with custom name of GEFP.

GenEffFrag (const GenEffFrag *)

Copy Constructor.

std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > clone (void) const

Make a deep copy.

∼GenEffFrag ()

Destruct.

Transformators

void rotate (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > R)
 Rotate.

void translate (std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > T)

Translate.

- void superimpose (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > targetXYZ, std::vector< int > supList)
 Superimpose.
- void superimpose (psi::SharedMolecule targetMol, std::vector< int > supList)
 Superimpose.
- void superimpose (void)

Superimpose to the structure held in frag-

Mutators

void set_molecule (const psi::SharedMolecule mol)

Set the fragment molecule.

void set_gefp_polarization (const std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > &par)

Set the Density Matrix Susceptibility Tensor Object.

void set_dmat_dipole_polarizability (const std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr<
psi::Matrix >>> &susc)

Set the Density Matrix Dipole Polarizability.

void set_dmat_dipole_dipole_hyperpolarizability (const std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >>> &susc)

Set the Density Matrix Dipole-Dipole Hyperpolarizability.

void set_dmat_quadrupole_polarizability (const std::vector < std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix >>> &susc)

Set the Density Matrix Quadrupole Polarizability.

Accessors

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > susceptibility (int fieldRank, int fieldGradientRank, int i, int x) const

Grab the Density Matrix Susceptibility.

std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> susceptibility (int fieldRank, int fieldGradientRank, int i) const

Grab the Density Matrix Susceptibility.

std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> > susceptibility (int field-Rank, int fieldGradientRank) const

Grab the Density Matrix Susceptibility.

Public Attributes

Parameters

- std::map< std::string, std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar >> parameters
 Dictionary of All GEF Parameters.
- std::map< std::string, psi::SharedBasisSet > basissets
 Dictionary of All Basis Sets.

Protected Member Functions

Interface Computers

- double compute_pairwise_energy (std::string theory, std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > other)
- double compute_pairwise_energy_efp2_coul (std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > other)
- double compute_pairwise_energy_efp2_exrep (std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > other)
- double compute_pairwise_energy_efp2_ind (std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > other)
- double compute_pairwise_energy_efp2_ct (std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > other)
- double compute_pairwise_energy_efp2_disp (std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > other)
- double compute_pairwise_energy_oep_efp2_exrep (std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > other)
- double compute_pairwise_energy_oep_efp2_ct (std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > other)

Protected Attributes

std::string name_

Name of GEFP.

psi::SharedMolecule frag_

Structure.

std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > densityMatrixSusceptibilityGEF_

Computers

- double energy (std::string theory, std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag > other)
 - Compute interaction energy between this and other fragment.
- static double compute_energy (std::string theory, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< GenEff-Frag >> fragments, bool manybody)

Compute interaction energy in a cluster of fragments.

static double compute_many_body_energy (std::string theory, std::vector < std::shared_ptr
 GenEffFrag >> fragments)

Compute interaction energy in a cluster of fragments by using manybody routine.

18.68.1 Detailed Description

Describes the GEFP fragment that is in principle designed to work at correlated levels of theory.

See also

GenEffPar, GenEffParFactory

18.68.2 Member Function Documentation

18.68.2.1 compute_energy()

Parameters

theory	- theory used to compute energy
fragments	- list of fragments in the system
manybody	- use the manybody routine? If not, pairwise routine is utilized.

Returns

interaction energy in [A.U.]

18.68.2.2 compute_many_body_energy()

```
double oepdev::GenEffFrag::compute_many_body_energy (
```

```
std::string theory,
std::vector< std::shared_ptr< GenEffFrag >> fragments ) [static]
```

Parameters

theory	- theory used to compute energy
fragments	- list of fragments in the system

Returns

interaction energy in [A.U.]

18.68.2.3 energy()

Parameters

theory	- theory used to compute energy
other	- other fragment

Returns

interaction energy in [A.U.]

18.68.2.4 susceptibility() [1/3]

```
std::shared_ptr<psi::Matrix> oepdev::GenEffFrag::susceptibility (
    int fieldRank,
    int fieldGradientRank,
    int i,
    int x ) const [inline]
```

Parameters

fieldRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field
fieldGradientRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field gradient
i	- id of the distributed site
X	- id of the composite Cartesian component

Parameters

fieldRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field
fieldGradientRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field gradient
i	- id of the distributed site

Parameters

fieldRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field
fieldGradientRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field gradient

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_frag.cc

18.69 oepdev::GenEffPar Class Reference

Generalized Effective Fragment Parameters. Container Class.

```
#include <gefp.h>
```

Public Member Functions

Transformators

void rotate (psi::SharedMatrix R)

Rotate the parameters in 3D Euclidean space.

void translate (psi::SharedVector t)

Translate the parameters in 3D Euclidean space.

void superimpose (psi::SharedMatrix targetXYZ, std::vector< int > supList)

Superimpose the parameters in 3D Euclidean space onto a target geometry.

Mutators

void set_matrix (std::string key, psi::SharedMatrix mat)

Set the matrix data.

void set_dmtp (std::string key, std::shared_ptr< oepdev::DMTPole > mat)
 Set the DMTP data.

void set_dpol (std::string key, std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > mats)

Set the DPOL data.

void set_susceptibility (int fieldRank, int fieldGradientRank, const std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >>> &susc)

Set the Density Matrix Susceptibility.

void set_dipole_polarizability (const std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr
 psi::Matrix >>> &susc)

Set The Density Matrix Dipole Polarizability.

void set_dipole_hyperpolarizability (const std::vector < std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix >>> &susc)

Set The Density Matrix Dipole-Dipole Hyperpolarizability.

void set_quadrupole_polarizability (const std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr<
 psi::Matrix >>> &susc)

Set The Density Matrix Quadrupole Polarizability.

void set_centres (const std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Vector >> ¢res)
 Set the distributed centres' positions.

Allocators

void allocate (int fieldRank, int fieldGradientRank, int nsites, int nbf)

Allocate the Density Matrix Susceptibility.

void allocate_dipole_polarizability (int nsites, int nbf)

Allocate The Density Matrix Dipole Polarizability.

void allocate_dipole_dipole_hyperpolarizability (int nsites, int nbf)

Allocate The Density Matrix Dipole-Dipole Hyperpolarizability.

void allocate_quadrupole_polarizability (int nsites, int nbf)

Allocate The Density Matrix Quadrupole Polarizability.

Descriptors

std::string type () const

Type of Parameters.

std::string name () const

Name of Parameters.

bool hasDensityMatrixDipolePolarizability () const

Does it has dipole polarizability DMS?

bool hasDensityMatrixDipoleDipoleHyperpolarizability () const

Does it has dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability DMS?

bool hasDensityMatrixQuadrupolePolarizability () const

Does it has quadrupole polarizability DMS?

Accessors

- psi::SharedMatrix matrix (std::string key) const Get the matrix data.
- std::shared_ptr< oepdev::DMTPole > dmtp (std::string key) const Get the DMTP data.
- std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix > dpol (std::string key) const Get the DPOL data.
- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > susceptibility (int fieldRank, int fieldGradientRank, int i, int x) const

Grab the Density Matrix Susceptibility.

std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> susceptibility (int fieldRank, int fieldGradientRank, int i) const

Grab the Density Matrix Susceptibility.

std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> > susceptibility (int field-Rank, int fieldGradientRank) const

Grab the Density Matrix Susceptibility.

std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> > dipole_polarizability ()
 const

Grab the density matrix dipole polarizability tensor.

- std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> dipole_polarizability (int i) const Grab the density matrix dipole polarizability tensor's x-th component.
- std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix > dipole_polarizability (int i, int x) const
 Grab the density matrix dipole polarizability tensor's x-th component of the i-th distributed site.
- std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> > dipole_dipole_hyperpolarizability
 () const

Grab the density matrix dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability tensor.

std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > > dipole_dipole_hyperpolarizability (int i) const

Grab the density matrix dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability tensor's x-th component.

- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > dipole_dipole_hyperpolarizability (int i, int x) const
 Grab the density matrix dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability tensor's x-th component of the i-th
 distributed site.
- std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> > quadrupole_polarizability
 () const

Grab the density matrix quadrupole polarizability tensor.

- std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix >> quadrupole_polarizability (int i) const
 Grab the density matrix quadrupole polarizability tensor's x-th component.
- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > quadrupole_polarizability (int i, int x) const

Grab the density matrix quadrupole polarizability tensor's x-th component of the i-th distributed site.

 std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector >> centres () const Grab the centres' positions.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > centre (int i) const
 Grab the position of the i-th distributed site.

DMS Computers

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > compute_density_matrix (std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > field)

Compute the density matrix due to the uniform electric field perturbation.

- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > compute_density_matrix (double fx, double fy, double fz)

 Compute the density matrix due to the uniform electric field perturbation.
- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > compute_density_matrix (std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector >> fields)

Compute the density matrix due to the non-uniform electric field perturbation.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > compute_density_matrix (std::vector< std::shared_ptr<
psi::Vector >> fields, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> grads)

Compute the density matrix due to the non-uniform electric field perturbation.

Protected Attributes

Qualifiers

Compute the interaction energy between this and other EFP2 fragment.

Parameters

par - other parameters object

std::string name_

The Name of Parameter.

std::string type_

The Type of Parameter.

bool hasDensityMatrixDipolePolarizability_

The Name of Parameter.

bool hasDensityMatrixDipoleDipoleHyperpolarizability_

The Name of Parameter.

bool hasDensityMatrixQuadrupolePolarizability_

The Name of Parameter.

Matrices and Multipoles

std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Vector > > distributedCentres_
 The Positions of the Distributed Centres.

std::map< std::string, psi::SharedMatrix > data_matrix_

Data for Matrix Types by Keyword.

std::map< std::string, std::shared_ptr< oepdev::DMTPole >> data_dmtp_

Data for DMTP Types by Keyword.

std::map< std::string, std::vector< psi::SharedMatrix >> data_dpol_

Data for DMTP Types by Keyword.

Density Matrix Susceptibility

std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> > densityMatrixDipolePolarizability_

The Density Matrix Dipole Polarizability.

 std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> > densityMatrixDipoleDipole-Hyperpolarizability_

The Density Matrix Dipole-Dipole Hyperpolarizability.

 std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> > densityMatrixQuadrupole-Polarizability_

The Density Matrix Quadrupole Polarizability.

Constructor and Destructor

GenEffPar (std::string name)

Create with name of this parameter.

GenEffPar (const GenEffPar *)

Copy Constructor.

std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > clone (void) const

Make a deep copy.

∼GenEffPar ()

Destruct.

virtual void copy_from (const GenEffPar *)

Deep-copy the matrix and DMTP data.

18.69.1 Detailed Description

See also

GenEffFrag, GenEffParFactory

18.69.2 Member Function Documentation

18.69.2.1 allocate()

Parameters

fieldRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field ${f F}$
fieldGradientRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field gradient $\nabla \otimes F$
nsites	- number of distributed sites
nbf	- number of basis functions in the basis set

The following susceptibilities are supported (fieldRank, fieldGradientRank):

- (1, 0) dipole polarizability, interacts with **F**
- (2, 0) dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability, interacts with $F \otimes F$
- (0, 1) quadrupole polarizability, interacts with $\nabla \otimes \mathbf{F}$

```
18.69.2.2 compute_density_matrix() [1/4]
```

Parameters

```
field - the uniform electric field vector (A.U.)
```

18.69.2.3 compute_density_matrix() [2/4]

Parameters

fx	- x-th Cartesian component of the uniform electric field vector (A.U.)
fy	- y-th Cartesian component of the uniform electric field vector (A.U.)
fz	- z-th Cartesian component of the uniform electric field vector (A.U.)

18.69.2.4 compute_density_matrix() [3/4]

Parameters

fields	- the list of non-uniform electric field vector (A.U.) evaluated at the distributed
	DMatPol sites

18.69.2.5 compute_density_matrix() [4/4]

Parameters

fields	- the list of electric field vectors (A.U.) evaluated at the distributed DMatPol sites
grads	- the list of electric field gradient matrices (A.U.) evaluated at the distributed DMatPol
	sites

18.69.2.6 dmtp()

Parameters

```
key - keyword for a DMTP
```

Returns

DMTP data type

18.69.2.7 dpol()

Parameters

```
key - keyword for a DPOL
```

Returns

DPOL data type

18.69.2.8 matrix()

Parameters

```
key - keyword for a matrix
```

Returns

matrix data type

18.69.2.9 rotate()

Parameters

```
R - the rotation matrix
```

18.69.2.10 set_dmtp()

Parameters

key	- keyword for a DMTP
dmtp	- DMTP object

This sets the item in the map data_dmtp_.

18.69.2.11 set_dpol()

Parameters

key	- keyword for a DPOL
dmtp	- DPOL object

This sets the item in the map data_dpol_.

18.69.2.12 set_matrix()

Parameters

key	- keyword for a matrix
mat	- matrix

This sets the item in the map data_matrix_.

18.69.2.13 set_susceptibility()

Parameters

fieldRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field ${f F}$
fieldGradientRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field gradient $ abla\otimes \mathbf{F}$
susc	- the susceptibility tensor

The following susceptibilities are supported (fieldRank, fieldGradientRank):

• (1, 0) - dipole polarizability, interacts with **F**

- (2, 0) dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability, interacts with ${f F} \otimes {f F}$
- (0, 1) quadrupole polarizability, interacts with $\nabla \otimes \mathbf{F}$

18.69.2.14 superimpose()

Parameters

targetXYZ	- the target geometry
suplist	- the superimposition list

18.69.2.15 susceptibility() [1/3]

```
std::shared_ptr<psi::Matrix> oepdev::GenEffPar::susceptibility (
    int fieldRank,
    int fieldGradientRank,
    int i,
    int x ) const [inline]
```

Parameters

fieldRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field
fieldGradientRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field gradient
i	- id of the distributed site
X	- id of the composite Cartesian component

The following susceptibilities are supported (fieldRank, fieldGradientRank):

- (1, 0) dipole polarizability, interacts with **F**
- (2, 0) dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability, interacts with ${f F} \otimes {f F}$
- (0, 1) quadrupole polarizability, interacts with $\nabla \otimes \mathbf{F}$

The distributed sites are assumed to be atomic sites or molecular orbital centroids (depending on the polarization factory used). For the electric field, the composite Cartesian index is just an ordinary Cartesian index. For the electric field gradient and electric field squared, the composite Cartesian index is given as

$$I(x,y) = 3x + y$$

where the values of 0, 1 and 2 correspond to x, y and z Cartesian components, respectively. Therefore, in the latter case, there is 9 distinct composite Cartesian components.

Parameters

fieldRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field
fieldGradientRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field gradient
i	- id of the distributed site

The following susceptibilities are supported (fieldRank, fieldGradientRank):

- (1, 0) dipole polarizability, interacts with F
- (2, 0) dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability, interacts with ${f F} \otimes {f F}$
- (0, 1) quadrupole polarizability, interacts with $\nabla \otimes F$

The distributed sites are assumed to be atomic sites or molecular orbital centroids (depending on the polarization factory used).

```
18.69.2.17 susceptibility() [3/3]
std::vector<std::vector<std::shared_ptr<psi::Matrix> > oepdev::GenEffPar::susceptibility()
    int fieldRank,
    int fieldGradientRank ) const [inline]
```

Parameters

fieldRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field
fieldGradientRank	- power dependency with respect to the electric field gradient

The following susceptibilities are supported (fieldRank, fieldGradientRank):

- (1, 0) dipole polarizability, interacts with **F**
- (2, 0) dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability, interacts with ${f F} \otimes {f F}$
- (0, 1) quadrupole polarizability, interacts with $\nabla \otimes \mathbf{F}$

18.69.2.18 translate()

```
void oepdev::GenEffPar::translate ( psi::SharedVector t )
```

Parameters

```
t - the translation vector
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.cc

18.70 oepdev::GenEffParFactory Class Reference

Generalized Effective Fragment Factory. Abstract Base.

```
#include <gefp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::GenEffParFactory:



Public Member Functions

Executor of the Factory

virtual std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > compute (void)=0
 Compute the fragment parameters.

Accessors

- virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn (void) const Grab wavefunction.
- virtual psi::Options & options (void) const Grab options.
- std::shared_ptr< oepdev::CPHF > cphf_solver () const Grab the CPHF object.
- std::shared_ptr< oepdev::DMTPole > dmtp () const Grab the DMTP object.

Protected Attributes

Basic data

- std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn_ Wavefunction.
- psi::Options & options_

Psi4 Options.

const int nbf_

Number of basis functions.

Padding of box

double cx_

Centre-of-mass coordinates.

double cy_

Centre-of-mass coordinates.

double cz_

Centre-of-mass coordinates.

double radius_

Radius of padding sphere around the molecule.

Container objects

 $\bullet \ \ \, std::shared_ptr<oepdev::CPHF>cphfSolver_\\$

The CPHF object.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::DMTPole > dmtp_

The DMTP object.

Other Factories

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::GenEffParFactory > abInitioPolarizationSusceptibilitiesFactory_

Ab initio polarization susceptibility factory.

Constructors and Desctructor

static std::shared_ptr< GenEffParFactory > build (const std::string &type, std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt)

Build Density Matrix Susceptibility Generalized Factory.

GenEffParFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt)

Construct from wavefunction and Psi4 options.

virtual ∼GenEffParFactory ()

Destruct.

Random number generation

std::default_random_engine randomNumberGenerator_

Draw random number.

std::uniform_real_distribution< double > randomDistribution_

Draw random number.

virtual double random_double ()

Draw random number.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > draw_random_point ()

Draw random point in 3D space, excluding the vdW region.

Van der Waals region

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > excludeSpheres_

Matrix with vdW sphere information.

std::map< std::string, double > vdwRadius_

Map with vdW radii.

virtual bool is_in_vdWsphere (double x, double y, double z) const

Is the point inside a vdW region?

18.70.1 Detailed Description

Describes the GEFP fragment that is in principle designed to work at correlated levels of theory.

See also

```
GenEffPar, GenEffFrag
```

18.70.2 Member Function Documentation

```
18.70.2.1 build()
```

Parameters

type	- Type of factory
wfn	- Psi4 wavefunction
opt	- Psi4 options

Available factory types:

• POLARIZATION - creates the polarization generalized effective fragment parameters' factory Factory subtype is specified in Psi4 options (input file).

Note

Useful options:

- POLARIZATION factory type:
 - DMATPOL_TRAINING_MODE training mode. Default: EFIELD
 - DMATPOL_NSAMPLES number of random samples (field or test charges sets).
 Default: 30
 - DMATPOL_FIELD_SCALE electric field scale factor (relevant if training mode is EFIELD). Default: 0.01 [au]
 - DMATPOL_NTEST_CHARGE number of test charges per sample (relevant if training mode is CHARGES). Default: 1
 - DMATPOL_TEST_CHARGE test charge value (relevant if training mode is CHARGES). Default: 0.001 [au]
 - DMATPOL_FIELD_RANK electric field rank. Default: 1
 - DMATPOL_GRADIENT_RANK electric field gradient rank. Default: 0
 - DMATPOL_TEST_FIELD_X test electric field in X direction. Default: 0.000
 [au]
 - DMATPOL_TEST_FIELD_Y test electric field in Y direction. Default: 0.000
 [au]
 - DMATPOL_TEST_FIELD_Z test electric field in Z direction. Default: 0.008
 [au]
 - DMATPOL_OUT_STATS output file name for statistical evaluation results. Default: dmatpol.stats.dat
 - DMATPOL_DO_AB_INITIO compute ab initio susceptibilities and evaluate statistics for it. Default: false
 - DMATPOL_OUT_STATS_AB_INITIO output file name for statistical evaluation results of ab initio model. Default: dmatpol.stats.abinitio.dat

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

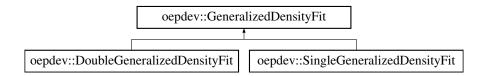
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.cc

18.71 oepdev::GeneralizedDensityFit Class Reference

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme. Abstract Base.

#include <oep_gdf.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::GeneralizedDensityFit:



Public Member Functions

GeneralizedDensityFit ()

Constructor. Initializes the pointers.

virtual ∼GeneralizedDensityFit ()

Destructor.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > compute (void)=0

Perform the generalized density fit.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > G (void) const

Extract the G_{ξ_i} coefficients.

Static Public Member Functions

static std::shared_ptr< GeneralizedDensityFit > build (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_auxiliary, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > v_vector)

Factory for Single GDF Computer.

static std::shared_ptr< GeneralizedDensityFit > build (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_auxiliary, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_intermediate, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > v_vector)

Factory for Double GDF Computer.

Protected Member Functions

void invert_matrix (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > &M)

Invert a square matrix and check if the inverse is acceptable.

Protected Attributes

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > G_

The OEP coefficients $G_{\mathcal{E}_i}$.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > H_

The intermediate DF coefficients for $\hat{v}|i\rangle$.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > V_

The V matrix $(\xi | \hat{v}i)$.

int n_a_

Number of auxiliary basis set functions.

int n_i_

Number of intermediate basis set functions.

int n_o_

Number of OEP's.

std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_a_

Basis set: auxiliary.

std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_i_

Basis set: intermediate.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::IntegralFactory > ints_aa_

Integral factory: aux - aux.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::IntegralFactory > ints_ai_

Integral factory: aux - int.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::IntegralFactory > ints_ii_

Integral factory: int - int.

18.71.1 Detailed Description

Performs the following map:

$$\hat{v}\left|i
ight)\cong\sum_{oldsymbol{\eta}}G_{oldsymbol{\eta}i}\left|oldsymbol{\eta}
ight)$$

where \hat{v} is the effective one-electron potential (OEP) operator, $|i\rangle$ is an arbitrary state vector and $|\eta\rangle$ is an auxiliary basis vector. The coefficients $G_{\eta i}$ are stored and define the OEP acting on the state i. The mapping onto the auxiliary space can be done in two ways:

- Single Density Fit. This method requires the auxiliary basis set to be nearly complete.
- Double Density Fit. This method can be used to arbitrary auxiliary basis sets.

18.71.2 Member Function Documentation

```
18.71.2.1 build() [1/2]
```

Parameters

bs_auxiliary	- auxiliary basis set
v_vector	- the matrix with $V_{{\mathcal E}_i}$ elements

Returns

Generalized Density Fit Computer.

18.71.2.2 build() [2/2]

```
std::shared_ptr< GeneralizedDensityFit > GeneralizedDensityFit::build (
    std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_auxiliary,
    std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_intermediate,
    std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > v_vector ) [static]
```

Parameters

bs₋auxiliary	- auxiliary basis set
bs_intermediate	- intermediate basis set
v_vector	- the matrix with $V_{arepsilon i}$ elements

Returns

Generalized Density Fit Computer.

18.71.2.3 compute()

Returns

The OEP coefficients G_{ξ_i}

Implemented in oepdev::DoubleGeneralizedDensityFit, and oepdev::SingleGeneralizedDensityFit.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/liboep/oep_gdf.h
- oepdev/liboep/oep_gdf.cc

18.72 oepdev::GeneralizedPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

```
#include <gefp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::GeneralizedPolarGEFactory:



Classes

struct StatisticalSet

A structure to handle statistical data.

Public Member Functions

GeneralizedPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)

Construct from Psi4 wavefunction and options.

virtual ∼GeneralizedPolarGEFactory ()

Destruct.

virtual std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > compute (void)

Pefrorm Least-Squares Fit.

bool has_dipole_polarizability () const

Dipole Polarizability (interacting with **F**)

bool has_dipole_dipole_hyperpolarizability () const

Dipole-Dipole Hyperpolarizability (interacting with \mathbf{F}^2)

bool has_quadrupole_polarizability () const

Quadrupole Polarizability (interacting with $\nabla \otimes \mathbf{F}$)

bool has_ab_initio_dipole_polarizability () const

Ab Initio Dipole Polarizability (interacting with **F**)

double Zinit () const

Grab initial summaric Z value.

double Z () const

Grab final summaric Z value.

Protected Member Functions

void allocate (void)

Allocate memory.

void invert_hessian (void)

Invert Hessian (do also the identity test)

void compute_electric_field_sums (void)

Compute electric field sum set.

void compute_electric_field_gradient_sums (void)

Compute electric field gradient sum set.

void compute_statistics (void)

Run the statistical evaluation of results.

void set_distributed_centres (void)

Set the distributed centres.

void compute_parameters (void)

Compute the parameters.

void fit (void)

Perform least-squares fit.

void compute_ab_initio (void)

Compute ab initio parameters.

void save (int i, int j)

Save susceptibility tensors associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

virtual void compute_samples (void)=0

Compute samples of density matrices and select electric field distributions.

virtual void compute_gradient (int i, int j)=0

Compute Gradient vector associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

virtual void compute_hessian (void)=0

Compute Hessian matrix (independent on the parameters)

Protected Attributes

int nBlocks_

Number of parameter blocks.

• int nSites_

Number of distributed sites.

int nSitesAbInitio_

Number of distributed sites of Ab Initio model (FF - single site (com); distributed: LMO sites)

int nParameters_

Dimensionality of entire parameter space.

std::vector< int > nParametersBlock_

Dimensionality of parameter space per block.

const int nSamples_

Number of statistical samples.

const double symmetryNumber_ [6]

Symmetry number for matrix susceptibilities.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Gradient_

Gradient.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Hessian_

Hessian.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Parameters_

Parameters.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::GenEffPar > PolarizationSusceptibilities_

Density Matrix Susceptibility Tensors Object.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::GenEffPar > abInitioPolarizationSusceptibilities_

Density Matrix Susceptibility Tensors Object for Ab Initio Model.

bool hasDipolePolarizability_

Has Dipole Polarizability?

bool hasDipoleDipoleHyperpolarizability_

Has Dipole-Dipole Hyperpolarizability?

bool hasQuadrupolePolarizability_

Has Quadrupole Polarizability?

bool hasAbInitioDipolePolarizability_

Has Ab Initio Dipole Polarizability?

StatisticalSet referenceStatisticalSet_

Reference statistical data.

StatisticalSet referenceDpolStatisticalSet_

Multipole reference statistical data.

StatisticalSet modelStatisticalSet_

Model statistical data.

StatisticalSet abInitioModelStatisticalSet_

Ab Initio Model statistical data.

std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> VMatrixSet_

Potential matrix set.

std::vector< std::shared_ptr< Vector >> > electricFieldSet_

Electric field set.

std::vector< std::shared_ptr< Matrix >> > electricFieldGradientSet_

Electric field gradient set.

std::vector< std::vector< double >> electricFieldSumSet_

Electric field sum set.

 std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > > electricFieldGradientSum-Set_

Electric field gradient sum set.

std::vector< std::vector< std::shared_ptr< Vector >> > abInitioModelElectricFieldSet_

Electric field set for Ab Initio Model (LMO-distributed)

const double mField_

Level shifters for Hessian blocks.

double Zinit_

Initial summaric Z value.

double Z_

Final summaric Z value.

std::shared_ptr< psi::JK > jk_

Computer of generalized JK objects.

Additional Inherited Members

18.72.1 Detailed Description

Implements a general class of methods for the density matrix susceptibility tensors represented by:

$$\delta D_{\alpha\beta} = \sum_{i} \left\{ \mathbf{B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(10)} \cdot \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) + \mathbf{B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(20)} : \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) \otimes \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) + \mathbf{B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(01)} : \nabla_{i} \otimes \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) + \ldots \right\}$$

where:

- ${f B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(10)}$ is the density matrix dipole polarizability
- $\mathbf{B}^{(20)}_{i:lphaeta}$ is the density matrix dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability
- $\mathbf{B}_{i:lphaeta}^{(01)}$ is the density matrix quadrupole polarizability

all defined for the generalized distributed site at \mathbf{r}_i .

Available models:

- Training against uniform electric fields
 - · oepdev::LinearUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory linear with respect to electric field
 - oepdev::QuadraticUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory quadratic with respect to electric field
- 2. Training against non-uniform electric fields
 - oepdev::LinearNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory linear with respect to electric field, distributed site model
 - oepdev::QuadraticNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory quadratic with respect to electric field, distributed site model
 - oepdev::LinearGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory linear with respect to electric field and linear with respect to electric field gradient, distributed site model. This model does not function now.
 - oepdev::QuadraticGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory linear with respect to electric field and linear with respect to electric field gradient, distributed site model. This model does not function now.

For the non-linear field training, a set of point charges in each training sample is assumed. Distributed models use atomic centers as expansion points.

Determination of the generalized susceptibilities

Let $\left\{\mathbf{F}^{(1)}(\mathbf{r}), \mathbf{F}^{(2)}(\mathbf{r}), \dots, \mathbf{F}^{(N)}(\mathbf{r}), \dots\right\}$ be a set of N_{max} distinct and randomly sampled spatial distributions of electric field. It is assumed that the exact difference one-particle density matrices (with respect to the unperturbed state) defined as

$$\delta \overline{\mathbf{D}}^{(N)} \equiv \overline{\mathbf{D}}^{(N)} - \overline{\mathbf{D}}^{(0)}$$

are known for each sample (overline symbolizes the exact estimate). Now, for each pair of the AO indices the following parameterization is constructed:

$$\delta D^{(N)} = \sum_{i}^{M} \left\{ \sum_{u}^{x,y,z} s_{iu}^{[1]} F_{iu}^{(N)} + \sum_{u}^{x,y,z} \sum_{w < u} r_{uw} s_{iuw}^{[2]} F_{iu}^{(N)} F_{iw}^{(N)} + \dots \right\}$$

(the Greek subscripts were omitted here for notational simplicity). In the above equation, $B_u^{(i;1)} = s_{iu}^{[1]}$ and $B_{uw}^{(i;2)} = r_{uw}s_{iuw}^{[2]}$, where r_{uw} is the symmetry factor equal to 1 for diagonal elements and 2 for off-diagonal elements of $B_{uw}^{(i;2)}$. The multiple parameter blocks ($\mathbf{s}^{[1]}$, $\mathbf{s}^{[2]}$ and so on) appear in the first power, allowing for linear least-squares regression. The square bracket superscripts denote the block of the parameter space.

To determine the optimum set, $\mathbf{s} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{s}^{[1]} & \mathbf{s}^{[2]} & \cdots \end{pmatrix}^T$, a loss function Z that is subject to the least-squares minimization, is defined as

$$Z(\mathbf{s}) = \sum_{N}^{N_{\text{max}}} \left(\delta D^{(N)} - \delta \overline{D}^{(N)} \right)^2 .$$

The Hessian of Z computed with respect to the parameters is parameter-independent (constant) and generally non-singular as long as the electric fields on all distributed sites are different. Therefore, the exact solution for the optimal parameters is given by the Newton equation

$$\mathbf{s} = -\mathbf{H}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{g} ,$$

where g and H are the gradient vector and the Hessian matrix, respectively. Note that in this case the dimensions of parameter space for the block 1 and 2 are equal to 3M and 6M, respectively. The explicit forms of the gradient and Hessian up to second-order are given in the next section.

Explicit Formulae for Gradient and Hessian Blocks in Linear Regression DMS Model

The gradient vector \mathbf{g} and the Hessian matrix \mathbf{H} are built from blocks associated with a particular type of parameters, i.e.,

$$\mathbf{g} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{g}^{[1]} \\ \mathbf{g}^{[2]} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{H}^{[11]} & \mathbf{H}^{[12]} \\ \mathbf{H}^{[21]} & \mathbf{H}^{[22]} \end{pmatrix}$$

where the block indices 1 and 2 correspond to the first- and second-order susceptibilities, respectively. Note that the second derivatives of $\delta D^{(N)}$ with respect to the adjustable parameters vanish due to the linear functional form of the parameterization formula given in the previous section. Thus, the gradient element of the r-th block and Hessian element of the (rs)-th block read

$$g^{[r]} \equiv rac{\partial Z}{\partial s^{[r]}} = -2\sum_{N} \overline{\delta D}^{(N)} rac{\partial \left[\delta D^{(N)}
ight]}{\partial s^{[r]}} ,
onumber$$
 $H^{[rs]} \equiv rac{\partial^{2} Z}{\partial s^{[r]} \partial s^{[s]}} = 2\sum_{N} rac{\partial \left[\delta D^{(N)}
ight]}{\partial s^{[r]}} rac{\partial \left[\delta D^{(N)}
ight]}{\partial s^{[s]}} .
onumber$

The explicit formulae for the gradient are

$$g_{ku}^{[1]} = -2\sum_{N} \overline{\delta D}^{(N)} F_{ku}^{(N)} ,$$

$$g_{kuw}^{[2]} = -2r_{uw} \sum_{N} \overline{\delta D}^{(N)} F_{ku}^{(N)} F_{kw}^{(N)} .$$

The Hessian subsequently follows to be %

$$\begin{split} H_{ku,lw}^{[11]} &= 2\sum_{N} F_{ku}^{(N)} F_{lw}^{(N)} \;, \\ H_{ku,lu'w'}^{[12]} &= 2r_{u'w'} \sum_{N} F_{ku}^{(N)} F_{lu'}^{(N)} F_{lw'}^{(N)} \;, \\ H_{kuw,lu'w'}^{[22]} &= 2r_{uw} r_{u'w'} \sum_{N} F_{ku}^{(N)} F_{kw}^{(N)} F_{lu'}^{(N)} F_{lw'}^{(N)} \;. \end{split}$$

Note that due to the symmetry of the Hessian matrix, the block 21 is a transpose of the block 12. The composite indices ku and kuw are constructed from the distributed site index k and the appropriate symmetry-adapted (w < u) Cartesian component of a particular DMS tensor: u for the first-order, and uw for the second-order susceptibility tensor, respectively. The method described above can be easily extended to third and higher orders.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_base.cc

18.73 gefp.math.orthonorm.GrammSchmidt Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, V)
- · def normalize (self)
- def orthonormalize (self)
- def orthogonalize (self)
- def orthogonalize_vector (self, d, normalize=False)
- def append (self, d)
- def proj (self, u, v)

Public Attributes

- V
- n

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/math/orthonorm.py

18.74 oepdev::GramSchmidt Class Reference

Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization method.

#include <gram_schmidt.h>

Public Member Functions

• GramSchmidt ()

Construct the blank Gram-Schmidt Orthonormalizer.

GramSchmidt (std::vector < psi::SharedVector > vectors)

Construct the Gram-Schmidt Orthonormalizer.

virtual ∼GramSchmidt ()

Destructor.

virtual std::vector< psi::SharedVector > V (void) const

Retrieve all the vectors.

virtual int L (void) const

Retrieve the number of vectors.

virtual psi::SharedVector V (int i) const

Retrieve the *i*th vector.

void normalize (void)

Normalize all the vectors.

void orthonormalize (void)

Orthonormalize all the vectors.

void orthogonalize (void)

Orthogonalize all the vectors.

void orthogonalize_vector (psi::SharedVector &d, bool normalize=false) const
 Orthogonalize vector with respect to the vector set. Modifies d.

- psi::SharedVector projection (psi::SharedVector u, psi::SharedVector v) const
- void append (psi::SharedVector d)

Append new vector to the list.

void reset (std::vector < psi::SharedVector > V)

Reset by providing new vectors.

· void reset (void)

Reset to empty state.

Protected Attributes

std::vector < psi::SharedVector > V_

Vectors stored.

int L_

Number of vectors.

18.74.1 Detailed Description

Orthonormalize a set of L vectors, i.e.,

$$\{\mathbf v_k\} \to \{\mathbf u_k\} \text{ for } k=1,2,\ldots,L$$

Implementation

The orthogonalized vectors are generated according to

$$\mathbf{u}_k = \left[1 - \sum_{i=1}^{k-1} \hat{P}_{\mathbf{u}_i}\right] \mathbf{v}_k$$

where the projection operator is given by

$$\hat{P}_{\mathbf{u}} = \frac{1}{u^2} \mathbf{u} [\Box \cdot \mathbf{u}]$$

18.74.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
18.74.2.1 GramSchmidt() [1/2]
```

```
oepdev::GramSchmidt::GramSchmidt ( )
```

18.74.2.2 GramSchmidt() [2/2]

Parameters

vectors - list of vectors to be orthogonalized.

18.74.3 Member Function Documentation

18.74.3.1 projection()

Compute the projection vector.

Parameters

и	- projected direction
V	- projected vector

Returns

a new vector \mathbf{v}' such that

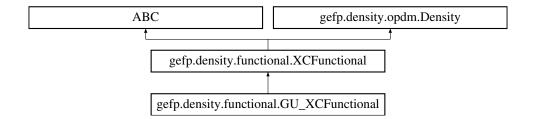
$$\mathbf{v}' = \hat{P}_{\mathbf{u}}\mathbf{v}$$

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/gram_schmidt.h
- oepdev/libutil/gram_schmidt.cc

18.75 gefp.density.functional.GU_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.GU_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self)
- def abbr (self)
- def gradient_P_approximate_old (self, x)
- def gradient_P_approximate (self, x)

Static Public Member Functions

- def name ()
- def fij (n)
- def fij_1 (n, m)

Additional Inherited Members

18.75.1 Detailed Description

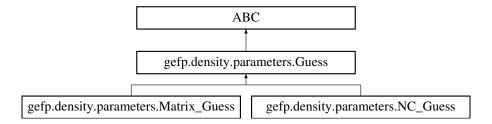
The Goedecker-Urmigar Exchange-Correlation Functional.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.76 gefp.density.parameters.Guess Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.parameters.Guess:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, n=None, c=None, matrix=None)
- def create (cls, n=None, c=None, matrix=None, t='matrix')
- def update (self, S=None, C=None)
- · def matrix (self)
- · def copy (self)
- · def pack (self)
- def unpack (self)
- def __add__ (self, other)
- def __sub__ (self, other)
- def __rmul__ (self, other)

18.76.1 Detailed Description

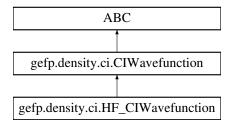
Container for handling density matrix guesses for DMFT calculations. Contains functionalities for working with occupation numbers, natural orbitals and density matrices.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/parameters.py

18.77 gefp.density.ci.HF_CIWavefunction Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.ci.HF_CIWavefunction:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, ref_wfn, E)
- def make_ci_l (self)

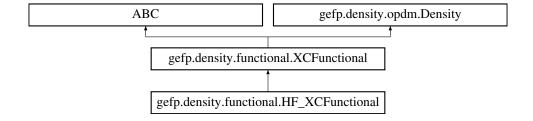
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/ci.py

18.78 gefp.density.functional.HF_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.HF_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self)
- def abbr (self)
- def energy_D (self, x, mode='scf-mo')
- def gradient_D (self, x)
- def gradient_nc (self, x)

Static Public Member Functions

- def name ()
- def fij (n)
- def fij_1 (n, m)

Additional Inherited Members

18.78.1 Detailed Description

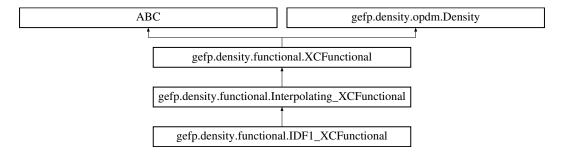
The Hartree-Fock Exchange-Correlation Functional

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.79 gefp.density.functional.IDF1_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.IDF1_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, parameters)
- · def abbr (self)

Static Public Member Functions

• def **name** ()

Additional Inherited Members

18.79.1 Detailed Description

4-Component Interpolation Functional with MBB lower and HF upper bound.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

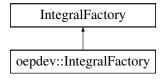
· gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.80 oepdev::IntegralFactory Class Reference

Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals.

```
#include <integral.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::IntegralFactory:



Public Member Functions

- IntegralFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs3, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs4)
 Initialize integral factory given a BasisSet for each center. Becomes (bs1 bs2 | bs3 bs4).
- IntegralFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2)

Initialize integral factory given a BasisSet for two centres. Becomes (bs1 bs2 | bs1 bs2).

- IntegralFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1)
 Initialize integral factory given a BasisSet for two centres. Becomes (bs1 bs1 | bs1 bs1).
- virtual ∼IntegralFactory ()

Destructor.

- virtual oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt * eri_1_1 (int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)
 Returns an ERI_1_1 integral object.
- virtual oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt * eri_2_1 (int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)
 Returns an ERI_2_1 integral object.
- virtual oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt * eri_2_2 (int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)
 Returns an ERI_2_2 integral object.
- virtual oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt * eri_3_1 (int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)
 Returns an ERI_3_1 integral object.

18.80.1 Detailed Description

In addition to integrals available in Psi4, oepdev::IntegralFactory enables to compute also:

- · OEI's:
 - none at that moment
- ERI's:

```
- integrals of type (a|b) - oepdev::ERI_1_1
```

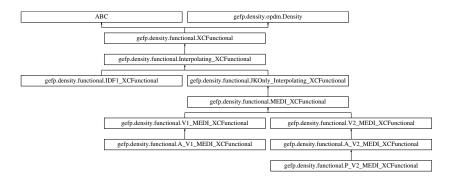
- integrals of type (ab|c) oepdev::ERI_2_1
- integrals of type (abc|d) oepdev::ERI_3_1
- integrals of type (ab|cd) oepdev::ERI_2_2 (also in Psi4 as psi::ERI)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libpsi/integral.h
- · oepdev/libpsi/integral.cc

18.81 gefp.density.functional.Interpolating_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.Interpolating_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, parameters)

Static Public Member Functions

• def fij (n, z, eps=1.0e-20)

Public Attributes

parameters

Additional Inherited Members

18.81.1 Detailed Description

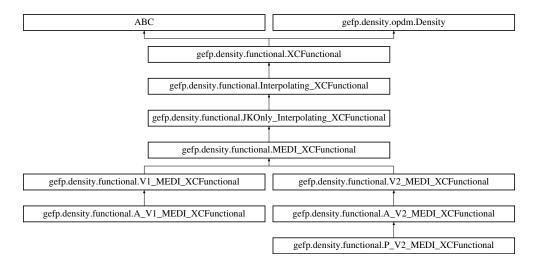
The New Class of Exchange-Correlation Functionals: Interpolation Functionals: Abstract

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.82 gefp.density.functional.JKOnly_Interpolating_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.JKOnly_Interpolating_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, coeff, kmax=10)
- def compute_a0 (self, n)
- def compute_ak (self, k, t)
- def fij (self, n)
- def gradient_P (self, x)

Additional Inherited Members

18.82.1 Detailed Description

The New Class of Exchange-Correlation Functionals: Interpolation Functionals for JK-Onl They differ in the model for the interpolation decay.

```
Each functional has to provide its own coefficients,
handled by 'coeff' dictionary in the constructor.

Eg.: coeff = {'coefficient_name': coefficient_object}
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.83 oepdev::KabschSuperimposer Class Reference

Compute the Cartesian rotation matrix between two structures.

```
#include <kabsch_superimposer.h>
```

Public Member Functions

KabschSuperimposer ()

Constructor.

∼KabschSuperimposer ()

Destructor.

- void compute (psi::SharedMatrix initial_xyz, psi::SharedMatrix final_xyz)
 Run the Kabsch algorithm.
- void compute (psi::SharedMolecule initial_mol, psi::SharedMolecule final_mol)

 Run the Kabsch algorithm.
- psi::SharedMatrix get_transformed (void)

Return transformed coordinates X'.

double rms (void)

Compute RMS or superimposition.

void clear (void)

Clear all previous calculations.

Public Attributes

psi::SharedMatrix rotation

Rotation matrix r.

psi::SharedVector translation

Translation vector t.

psi::SharedMatrix initial_xyz

Initial xyz X.

psi::SharedMatrix final_xyz

Final xyz X_0 .

18.83.1 Detailed Description

The superimposition is defined as:

$$\mathbf{X}' = \mathbf{t} + \mathbf{X} \cdot \mathbf{r} \approx \mathbf{X}_0$$

where X_{iu} is the u-th Cartesian component of the i-th atom's position, \mathbf{t} is the superimposition translation vector, \mathbf{r} is the superimposition rotation matrix, and prime denotes transformed coordinates.

The superimposition uses the Kabsch algorithm.

The Kabsch Algorithm.

Rotation matrix is calculated from

$$\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{U} \cdot \mathbf{V}^{\mathrm{T}}$$

where

$$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{U} \cdot \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{V}^{\mathrm{T}}$$

is the singular value decomposition of the covariance matrix

$$\mathbf{A} = \left[\mathbf{X} - \langle \mathbf{X} \rangle \right]^{T} \cdot \left[\mathbf{X}_{0} - \langle \mathbf{X}_{0} \rangle \right]$$

The average of position is given by

$$\langle \mathbf{X} \rangle_u = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i X_{iu}$$

where N is the number of atoms. If determinant of rotation matrix is negative (indicating inversion), rotation matrix is recomputed by inverting the sign of the third column of V.

The translation vector is then calculated by

$$\mathbf{t} = \langle \mathbf{X}_0 \rangle - \langle \mathbf{X} \rangle \cdot \mathbf{r}$$

18.83.2 Member Function Documentation

18.83.2.1 compute() [1/2]

Parameters

initial_xyz	- position vectors X
final_xyz	- position vectors \mathbf{X}_0

18.83.2.2 compute() [2/2]

Parameters

initial_mol	- molecule with atomic positions at $f X$
final_mol	- molecule with atomic positions at \mathbf{X}_0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

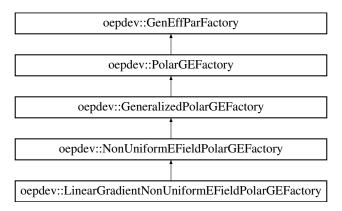
- oepdev/libutil/kabsch_superimposer.h
- oepdev/libutil/kabsch_superimposer.cc

18.84 oepdev::LinearGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

```
#include <gefp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::LinearGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- LinearGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
- void compute_gradient (int i, int j)

Compute Gradient vector associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

void compute_hessian (void)

Compute Hessian matrix (independent on the parameters)

Additional Inherited Members

18.84.1 Detailed Description

Implements the generalized density matrix susceptibility model of the form

$$\delta D_{lphaeta}pprox\sum_{i}\left\{\mathbf{B}_{i;lphaeta}^{(10)}\cdot\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i})+\mathbf{B}_{i;lphaeta}^{(01)}:
abla_{i}\otimes\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i})
ight\}$$

where:

- $\mathbf{B}^{(10)}_{i:lphaeta}$ is the density matrix dipole polarizability
- $\mathbf{B}_{i:\alpha\beta}^{(01)}$ is the density matrix quadrupole polarizability all defined for the distributed site at \mathbf{r}_i .

Note

This model is not available now and probably will be deprecated in the future.

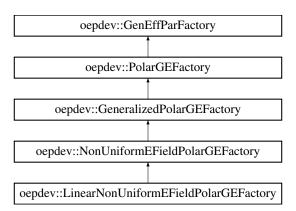
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_nonuniform_field_1_grad_1.cc

18.85 oepdev::LinearNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::LinearNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- LinearNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt)
- void compute_gradient (int i, int j)

Compute Gradient vector associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

void compute_hessian (void)

Compute Hessian matrix (independent on the parameters)

Additional Inherited Members

18.85.1 Detailed Description

Implements the generalized density matrix susceptibility model of the form

$$\delta D_{lphaeta} pprox \sum_{i} \mathbf{B}_{i;lphaeta}^{(10)} \cdot \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i})$$

where:

• $\mathbf{B}_{i:\alpha\beta}^{(10)}$ is the density matrix dipole polarizability defined for the distributed site at \mathbf{r}_i .

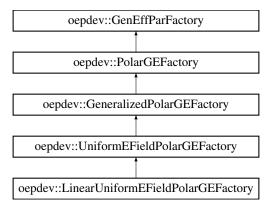
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_nonuniform_field_1.cc

18.86 oepdev::LinearUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::LinearUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- LinearUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
- void compute_gradient (int i, int j)

Compute Gradient vector associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

void compute_hessian (void)

Compute Hessian matrix (independent on the parameters)

Additional Inherited Members

18.86.1 Detailed Description

Implements the generalized density matrix susceptibility model of the form

$$\delta D_{lphaeta} pprox \mathbf{B}_{lphaeta}^{(10)} \cdot \mathbf{F}$$

where:

- ${f B}^{(10)}_{lphaeta}$ is the density matrix dipole polarizability

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_uniform_field_1.cc

18.87 gefp.density.population.Loc Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, wfn, method='BOYS')
- def Imoc (self)
- def el_charges (self)
- def el_dipoles (self)
- def el_quadrupoles (self)
- def __repr__ (self)

Public Attributes

- · wfn
- method
- La
- Lb

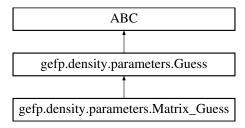
- Ua
- Ub

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/population.py

18.88 gefp.density.parameters.Matrix_Guess Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.parameters.Matrix_Guess:



Public Member Functions

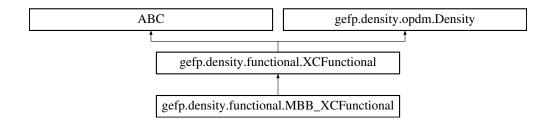
- def __init__ (self, n=None, c=None, matrix=None)
- · def pack (self)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/parameters.py

18.89 gefp.density.functional.MBB_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.MBB_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self)
- def abbr (self)
- def energy_P (self, x)
- def energy_pc (self, x)
- def gradient_P (self, x)
- def gradient_pc (self, x)
- def energy_D (self, x, mode='scf-mo')

Static Public Member Functions

- def name ()
- def fij (n)

Additional Inherited Members

18.89.1 Detailed Description

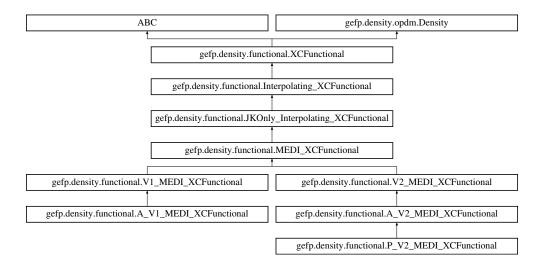
The Muller-Buijse-Baerends Exchange-Correlation Functional.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.90 gefp.density.functional.MEDI_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.MEDI_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, coeff, kmax)
- def compute_t (self, n=None, c=None)
- def fij (self, n)

Additional Inherited Members

18.90.1 Detailed Description

```
The New Class of Exchange-Correlation Functionals:
Interpolation Functionals with Monotonous Exponential Decay.

The decay in the interpolates is modelled by the monotonous decay

a_k = a_0 exp(k ln{1 - a0})

Functional coefficients:
    o 'a0' - first term in the interpolates coefficient
        (the one that multiplies MBB functional term - for k=0).
        Parameter 'a0' has to be between 0.0 and 1.0. The smaller 'a0',
        the more terms need to be taken (larger kmax).
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.91 oepdev::MultipoleConvergence Class Reference

```
Multipole Convergence.
```

```
#include <dmtp.h>
```

Public Types

```
enum ConvergenceLevel {R1, R2, R3, R4,R5 }
```

enum Property { Energy, Potential, Field }

Public Member Functions

MultipoleConvergence (std::shared_ptr< DMTPole > dmtp1, std::shared_ptr< DMTPole > dmtp2, ConvergenceLevel max_clevel=R5)

Construct from two shared DMTPole objects.

virtual ~MultipoleConvergence ()

Destructor.

- void compute (Property property=Energy)
- void compute (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, Property property=Potential)
- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > level (ConvergenceLevel clevel=R5)

Protected Member Functions

void compute_energy ()

Compute the generalized energy.

- void compute_potential (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)
 - Compute the generalized potential.
- void compute_field (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)

Compute the generalized field potential.

Protected Attributes

ConvergenceLevel max_clevel_

Maximum allowed convergence level.

std::shared_ptr< DMTPole > dmtp_1_

First DMTP set.

std::shared_ptr< DMTPole > dmtp_2_

Second DMTP set.

- std::map< std::string, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> convergenceList_
 - Dictionary of available convergence level results.
- std::map< std::string, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> energyConvergencePairs_

Dictionary of available energy convergence pairs.

18.91.1 Detailed Description

Handles the convergence of the distributed multipole expansions up to hexadecapole. Takes shared pointers to existing DMTPole objects and computes the generalized property:

- · energy
- potential from the DMTP sets. The results are stored in matrix of size (N1, N2) where N1 and N2 are equal to the number of DMTP's in a set decribed by according DMTPole object given.

Note

Useful options:

• DMTP_CONVER - level of multipole series convergence (available: R1, R2, R3, R4 and R5). Default: R5.

See also

DMTPole

18.91.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

18.91.2.1 ConvergenceLevel

enum oepdev::MultipoleConvergence::ConvergenceLevel

Convergence level of the multipole expansion:

Parameters

R1	- qq term
R2	- qd and sum of the above
R3	- qQ, dd and sum of the above
R4	- qO, dQ and sum of the above
R5	- qH, dO, QQ and sum of the above

18.91.2.2 Property

enum oepdev::MultipoleConvergence::Property

Property to be evaluated from DMTP's:

Parameters

Energy	- generalized energy
Field	- generalized field
Potential	- generalized potential

18.91.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.91.3.1 MultipoleConvergence()

Parameters

dmtp1	- first DMTPole object
dmtp2	- second DMTPole object
max_clevel	- maximul allowed convergence level

18.91.4 Member Function Documentation

Compute the generalized interaction property

Parameters

```
property - generalized Property
```

18.91.4.2 compute() [2/2]

Compute the generalized generator property

Parameters

X	- location x-th Cartesian component
У	- location y-th Cartesian component
Z	- location z-th Cartesian component
property	- generalized Property

18.91.4.3 level()

Grab the generalized property at specified level of convergence

Parameters

```
clevel - ConvergenceLevel
```

Returns

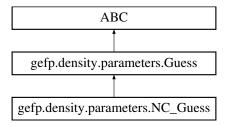
vector of results (each element corresponds to each DMTP pair in a set)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/lib3d/dmtp.h
- oepdev/lib3d/dmtp_base.cc

18.92 gefp.density.parameters.NC_Guess Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.parameters.NC_Guess:



Public Member Functions

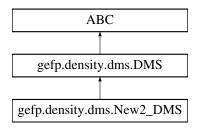
- def __init__ (self, n=None, c=None, matrix=None)
- def pack (self)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/parameters.py

18.93 gefp.density.dms.New2_DMS Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.New2_DMS:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, type='da')

18.93.1 Detailed Description

The order of DMS blocks:

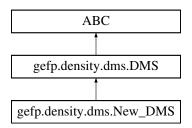
Block	DMS order	Interaction	Symmetry	Dimension	Group
1.	(1,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n, n, N, 3)	Z(1)
2.	(2,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n, n, N, 3, 3)	Z(1)
3.	(0,1)	Pauli	Asymmteric	(n,n)	Z(1)
4.	(0,3)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(1)
5.	(0,5)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(1)
6.	(0,2)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(2)
7.	(0,4)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(2)
8.	(0,6)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n, n)	Z(2)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.94 gefp.density.dms.New_DMS Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.New_DMS:



Public Member Functions

264

def __init__ (self, type='da')

18.94.1 Detailed Description

The order of DMS blocks:

Block	DMS order	Interaction	Symmetry	Dimension	Group
1.	(1,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n, n, N, 3)	Z(1)
2.	(2,0)	Induction	Symmetric	(n, n, N, 3, 3)	Z(1)
3.	(0,1)	Pauli	Asymmteric	(n,n)	Z(1)
4.	(0,3)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(1)
5.	(0,2)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(2)
6.	(0,4)	Pauli	Asymmetric	(n,n)	Z(2)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.95 oepdev::NonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

#include <gefp.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::NonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- NonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
- void compute_samples (void)

Compute samples of density matrices and select electric field distributions.

virtual void compute_gradient (int i, int j)=0

Compute Gradient vector associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

virtual void compute_hessian (void)=0

Compute Hessian matrix (independent on the parameters)

Additional Inherited Members

18.95.1 Detailed Description

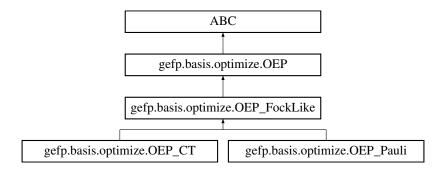
Implements a class of density matrix susceptibility models for parameterization in the non-uniform electric field generated by point charges.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_nonuniform_base.cc

18.96 gefp.basis.optimize.OEP Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.basis.optimize.OEP:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, wfn, dfbasis)
- def create (cls, name, wfn, dfbasis)

Public Attributes

- wfn
- · dfbasis
- · mints
- basis_test
- basis_prim
- basis_aux
- eri_pppt
- V

18.96.1 Detailed Description

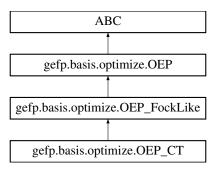
```
OEP object that defines the V matrix necessary for GDF.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/basis/optimize.py

18.97 gefp.basis.optimize.OEP_CT Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.basis.optimize.OEP_CT:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, wfn, dfbasis)

Additional Inherited Members

18.97.1 Detailed Description

```
OEP for Group-(i) term of Otto-Ladik's theory of Charge-Transfer Energy
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

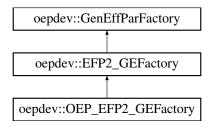
· gefp/gefp/basis/optimize.py

18.98 oepdev::OEP_EFP2_GEFactory Class Reference

OEP-EFP2 GEFP Factory.

```
#include <gefp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::OEP_EFP2_GEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- OEP_EFP2_GEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
 Construct from Psi4 options.
- virtual ~OEP_EFP2_GEFactory ()
 Destruct.
- virtual std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > compute (void)
 Compute the OEP-EFP2 parameters.

Additional Inherited Members

18.98.1 Detailed Description

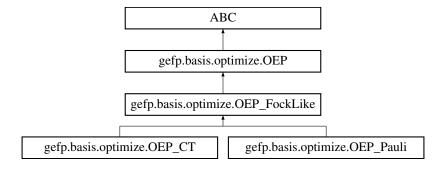
Basic interface for the OEP-EFP2 parameters.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_oep_efp2.cc

18.99 gefp.basis.optimize.OEP_FockLike Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.basis.optimize.OEP_FockLike:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, wfn, dfbasis)

Additional Inherited Members

18.99.1 Detailed Description

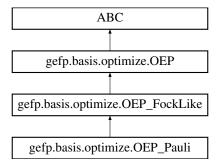
```
OEP for S1 term in Murrell et al.'s theory of Pauli repulsion
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/basis/optimize.py

18.100 gefp.basis.optimize.OEP_Pauli Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.basis.optimize.OEP_Pauli:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, wfn, dfbasis)

Additional Inherited Members

18.100.1 Detailed Description

```
OEP for S1 term in Murrell et al.'s theory of Pauli repulsion
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/basis/optimize.py

18.101 oepdev::OEPDevSolver Class Reference

Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base.

#include <solver.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::OEPDevSolver:



Public Member Functions

OEPDevSolver (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)

Take wavefunction union and initialize the Solver.

virtual ∼OEPDevSolver ()

Destroctor.

- virtual double compute_oep_based (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")=0
 Compute property by using OEP's.
- virtual double compute_benchmark (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")=0
 Compute property by using benchmark method.

Static Public Member Functions

static std::shared_ptr< OEPDevSolver > build (const std::string &target, SharedWave-functionUnion wfn_union)

Build a solver of a particular property for given molecular cluster.

Protected Attributes

SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union_

Wavefunction union.

psi::Options & options_

Options.

std::vector< std::string > methods_oepBased_

Names of all OEP-based methods implemented for a solver.

std::vector< std::string > methods_benchmark_

Names of all benchmark methods implemented for a solver.

18.101.1 Detailed Description

Uses only a wavefunction union object to initialize.

Available solvers

- ELECTROSTATIC ENERGY
- REPULSION ENERGY
- CHARGE TRANSFER ENERGY
- EET COUPLING CONSTANT

Options

Interaction Property Method

- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_COUL_AO Coulombic energy: AO expanded
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_COUL_MO Coulombic energy: MO expanded
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_COUL_ESP Coulombic energy: ESP
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_COUL_CAMM Coulombic energy: CAMM
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_REP_HS Exchange-repulsion energy: Hayes-Stone
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_REP_DDS Exchange-repulsion energy: DDS
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_REP_MRW Exchange-repulsion energy: Murrell et al.
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_REP_OL Exchange-repulsion energy: Otto-Ladik
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_REP_OEP1 Exchange-repulsion energy: OEP (S1: GDF, S2: ESP)
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_REP_OEP2 Exchange-repulsion energy: OEP (S1: GDF, S2: CAMM)
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_REP_EFP2 Exchange-repulsion energy: EFP2
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_CT_OL Charge-transfer energy: Otto-Ladik
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_CT_OEP Charge-transfer energy: OEP
- OEPDEV_SOLVER_EINT_CT_EFP2 Charge-transfer energy: EFP2

Generalized density fitting (GDF) options:

- OEPDEV_DF_TYPE type of the GDF. Default: DOUBLE. Other: SINGLE.
- DF_BASIS_OEP auxiliary basis set. Default: sto-3g.
- DF_BASIS_INT intermediate basis set. Relevant only if double GDF is used. Default: aug-cc-pVDZ-jkfit. Note that intermediate basis set should be nearly complete.

EFP2 Charge transfer energy options:

- EFP2_CT_POTENTIAL_INTS Type of potential one-electron operator. Default: 'DMTP'. Other: 'ERI'.
- EFP2_CT_NO_OCTUPOLES Ignore octupole moments from potential integrals? Default: True.

Excited States

- EXCITED_STATE ID of state for all monomers to consider. If -n, then the *n*th bright state is taken. Default: -1.
- EXCITED_STATE_A ID of state for monomer A to consider. If -n, then the *n*th bright state is taken. Default: -1.
- EXCITED_STATE_B ID of state for monomer B to consider. If -n, then the *n*th bright state is taken. Default: -1.
- OSCILLATOR_STRENGTH_THRESHOLD Threshold for oscillator strength for bright states selection. Default: 0.01.
- TrCAMM_SYMMETRIZE Whether to use the 'symmetrized transition density' or not. Default: true.
- TI_CIS_SCF_FOCK_MATRIX Whether to compute the full SCF Fock matrix for the dimer or approximate it from monomer OPDM's. Default: false.
- TI_CIS_PRINT_FOCK_MATRIX Whether to print the Fock matrix (AB block in AO basis) or not. Default: false.

Environmental variables

One can easily access those variables from Python level by calling

```
psi4.get_variable("name of variable")
```

in your Python script.

Table 18.80: Environmental variables in the OEPDev solver.

Keyword	Description
Coulombic Inte	eraction Energy
Distributed Multipole Series	
EINT COUL CAMM R-1	CAMM charge-charge terms

Keyword	Description	
EINT COUL CAMM R-2	CAMM charge-dipole terms + all above	
EINT COUL CAMM R-3	CAMM charge-quadrupole, dipole-dipole + all	
DINI COOL CHAT IN S	above	
EINT COUL CAMM R-4	CAMM charge-octupole, dipole-quadrupole +	
	all above	
EINT COUL CAMM R-5	CAMM charge-hexadecapole, dipole-	
	octupole, quadrupole-quadrupole + all	
EINT COUL ESP	above ESP charge-charge terms	
EINI COUL ESP	ESF charge terms	
Free of Fired Outland	Particularities Theorem	
Exact First-Order I	Perturbation Theory	
EINT COUL EXACT	MO or AO expanded Coulombic energy. Both	
	give same results but MO is much faster.	
Exchange-Repulsio	n Interaction Energy	
	<u>. </u>	
Density Decom	position Scheme	
EINT REP DDS KCAL	Pauli repulsion	
EINT EXC DDS KCAL	DDS exchange	
EINT EXR DDS KCAL	Sum of the above	
Haves-St	one model	
Trayes-or	one model	
EINT REP HAYES-STONE KCAL	Pauli repulsion	
EINT EXC HAYES-STONE KCAL	Pure exchange	
EINT EXR HAYES-STONE KCAL	Sum of the above	
Murrell e	t al. model	
EINT REP MURRELL-ETAL KCAL	Pauli repulsion	
EINT EXC MURRELL-ETAL KCAL	Pure exchange (same as Hayes-Stone)	
EINT EXR MURRELL-ETAL KCAL	Sum of the above	
EINT REP MURRELL-ETAL:S1 KCAL	Pauli repulsion: $S^{\setminus}\{-1\}$ term	
EINT REP MURRELL-ETAL:S2 KCAL	Pauli repulsion: S^{-2} term	
EINI NEI MORRELL-EIAL; 3Z NOAL	1 dull repulsion. 3 \-2\ tellil	
Otto-Lac	dik model	
EINT REP OTTO-LADIK KCAL	Pauli repulsion	
EINT EXC OTTO-LADIK KCAL	Pure exchange (same as Hayes-Stone)	
EINT EXR OTTO-LADIK KCAL	Sum of the above	
EINT REP OTTO-LADIK:S1 KCAL	Pauli repulsion: S^{-1} term	

Keyword	Description	
EINT REP OTTO-LADIK: S2 KCAL	Pauli repulsion: S^{-2} term	
EFP2 model		
EINT REP EFP2 KCAL	Pauli repulsion	
EINT EXC EFP2 KCAL	Exchange: SGO approximation of Jensen	
EINT EXR EFP2 KCAL	Sum of the above	
EINT REP EFP2:S1 KCAL	Pauli repulsion: S [^] {-1} term	
EINT REP EFP2:S2 KCAL	Pauli repulsion: S^{-2} term	
OEP-bas	ed models	
EINT REP OEP-MURRELL-ETAL-1	Pauli repulsion: S1 term using GDF, S2 term	
KCAL	using CAMM	
EINT REP OEP-MURRELL-ETAL-1	$S^{\wedge}\{-1\}$ term of the above total term	
S1 KCAL		
EINT REP OEP-MURRELL-ETAL-1	S^{\wedge} {-2} term of the above total term	
S2 KCAL	Pauli remulaiem C4 terres veis CDE CC	
EINT REP OEP-MURRELL-ETAL-2 KCAL	Pauli repulsion: S1 term using GDF, S2 term using ESP	
EINT REP OEP-MURRELL-ETAL-2 S1 KCAL	S^{\wedge} {-1} term of the above total term	
EINT REP OEP-MURRELL-ETAL-2	S^{\wedge} {-2} term of the above total term	
S1 KCAL		
Charge-Transfer	Interaction Energy	
EEDO	? Model	
EINT CT EFP2 KCAL	Total charge-transfer energy (kcal/mole)	
Otto-Lac	dik Model	
EINT CT OTTO-LADIK KCAL	Total charge-transfer energy (kcal/mole)	
OEP-Based Otto-Ladik Model		
EINT CT OEP-OTTO-LADIK KCAL	Total charge-transfer energy (kcal/mole)	
EET Coupling Constant		
==: oospinig oonstant		

Keyword	Description
TrCAMM Model	
EET VO TRCAMM R1 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected, converged to R1 (cm-1)
EET V TRCAMM R1 CM-1	Overlap-corrected, converged to R1 (cm-1)
EET VO TRCAMM R2 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected, converged to R2 (cm-1)
EET V TRCAMM R2 CM-1	Overlap-corrected, converged to R2 (cm-1)
EET VO TRCAMM R3 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected, converged to R3 (cm-1)
EET V TRCAMM R3 CM-1	Overlap-corrected, converged to R3 (cm-1)
EET VO TRCAMM R4 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected, converged to R4 (cm-1)
EET V TRCAMM R4 CM-1	Overlap-corrected, converged to R4 (cm-1)
EET VO TRCAMM R5 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected, converged to R5 (cm-1)
EET V TRCAMM R5 CM-1	Overlap-corrected, converged to R5 (cm-1)
TI/CIS Model	
EET V0 COUL CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected Coulomb (Forster) coupling (cm-1)
EET VO EXCH CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected exchange (Dexter) coupling (cm-1)
EET V COUL CM-1	Overlap-corrected Coulomb (Forster) coupling (cm-1)
EET V EXCH CM-1	Overlap-corrected exchange (Dexter) coupling (cm-1)
EET V OVRL CM-1	Remaining overlap correction to direct coupling(cm-1)
EET VO ET1 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H ₋ 13 matrix element (cm-1)
EET V0 ET2 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H_24 matrix element (cm-1)
EET VO HT1 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H ₋ 14 matrix element (cm-1)
EET VO HT2 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H_23 matrix element (cm-1)
EET VO CT CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H_34 matrix element (cm-1)
EET V ET1 CM-1	Overlap-corrected H ₋ 13 matrix element (cm-1)
EET V ET2 CM-1	Overlap-corrected H_24 matrix element (cm-1)
EET V HT1 CM-1	Overlap-corrected H ₋ 14 matrix element (cm-
EET V HT2 CM-1	Overlap-corrected H_23 matrix element (cm-1)

Keyword	Description	
EET V CT CM-1	Overlap-corrected H_34 matrix element (cm-1)	
EET V0 TI-2 CM-1	Approximate 2nd-order indirect coupling (cm- 1)	
EET VO TI-3 CM-1	Approximate 3rd-order indirect coupling (cm-1)	
EET V TI-2 CM-1	2nd-order indirect coupling (cm-1)	
EET V TI-3 CM-1	3rd-order indirect coupling (cm-1)	
EET VO DIRECT CM-1	Approximate direct coupling (cm-1)	
EET VO INDIRECT CM-1	Approximate indirect coupling (cm-1)	
EET V DIRECT CM-1	Direct coupling (cm-1)	
EET V INDIRECT CM-1	Indirect coupling (cm-1)	
EET VO TI-CIS CM-1	Approximate total coupling (cm-1)	
EET V TI-CIS CM-1	Total coupling (cm-1)	
EET VO EXCH-M CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected exchange (Dexter) coupling in Mulliken approximation (cm-1)	
EET V EXCH-M CM-1	Overlap-corrected exchange (Dexter) coupling in Mulliken approximation (cm-1)	
EET VO CT-M CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H ₋ 34 matrix element in Mulliken approximation (cm-1)	
EET V CT-M CM-1	Overlap-corrected H_34 matrix element in Mulliken approximation (cm-1)	
OEP-Based	TI/CIS Model	
EET V OEP:COUL CM-1	Overlap-corrected Coulomb (Forster) coupling (TrCAMM; cm-1)	
EET V OEP:EXCH CM-1	Overlap-corrected exchange (Dexter) coupling (Mulliken approximation of AO ERI's; cm-1)	
EET V OEP:OVRL CM-1	Remaining overlap correction to direct coupling (cm-1)	
EET VO OEP:ET1 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H ₋ 13 matrix element (cm-1)	
EET VO OEP:ET2 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H_24 matrix element (cm-1)	
EET VO OEP:HT1 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H ₋ 14 matrix element (cm-1)	
EET VO OEP:HT2 CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H_23 matrix element (cm-1)	
EET VO OEP:CT:CAMM CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H_34 matrix element: CAMM approximation of ionic interaction (cm-1)	

Keyword	Description
EET VO OEP:CT:CC CM-1	Overlap-uncorrected H ₋ 34 matrix element: Point-charge approximation of ionic interaction (cm-1)
EET V OEP:ET1 CM-1	Overlap-corrected H ₋ 13 matrix element (cm-1)
EET V OEP:ET2 CM-1	Overlap-corrected H_24 matrix element (cm-1)
EET V OEP:HT1 CM-1	Overlap-corrected H ₋ 14 matrix element (cm-1)
EET V OEP:HT2 CM-1	Overlap-corrected H_23 matrix element (cm-1)
EET V OEP:CT:CAMM CM-1	Overlap-corrected H_34 matrix element: CAMM approximation of ionic interaction (cm-1)
EET V OEP:CT:CC CM-1	Overlap-corrected H_34 matrix element: Point-charge approximation of ionic interaction (cm-1)
EET V OEP:TI-2 CM-1	2nd-order indirect coupling (cm-1)
EET V OEP:TI-3:CAMM CM-1	3rd-order indirect coupling with CAMM approximation for V_CT (cm-1)
EET V OEP:TI-3:CC CM-1	3rd-order indirect coupling with point-charge approximation for V_CT (cm-1)
EET V OEP:DIRECT CM-1	Direct coupling (cm-1)
EET V OEP:INDIRECT:CAMM CM-1	Indirect coupling with CAMM approximation for V_CT (cm-1)
EET V OEP:INDIRECT:CC CM-1	Indirect coupling with point-charge approximation for V_CT (cm-1)
EET V OEP:TI-CIS:CAMM CM-1	Total coupling with CAMM approximation for V_CT (cm-1)
EET V OEP:TI-CIS:CC CM-1	Total coupling with point-charge approximation for V_CT (cm-1)

18.101.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.101.2.1 **OEPDevSolver()**

Parameters

wfn_union	- wavefunction union of isolated molecular wavefunctions
-----------	--

18.101.3 Member Function Documentation

18.101.3.1 build()

Parameters

target	- target property
wfn_union	- wavefunction union of isolated molecular wavefunctions

Implemented target properties:

- ELECTROSTATIC_ENERGY Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.
- REPULSION_ENERGY Pauli repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

See also

ElectrostaticEnergySolver

18.101.3.2 compute_benchmark()

Each solver object has one DEFAULT benchmark method

Parameters

```
method - benchmark method
```

Implemented in oepdev::EETCouplingSolver, oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver, oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver, oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver.

18.101.3.3 compute_oep_based()

Each solver object has one DEFAULT OEP-based method.

Parameters

```
method - flavour of OEP model
```

Implemented in oepdev::EETCouplingSolver, oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver, oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver, oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libsolver/solver.h
- oepdev/libsolver/solver_base.cc

18.102 oepdev::OEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base.

```
#include <oep.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::OEPotential:



Public Member Functions

OEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)

Fully ESP-based OEP object.

OEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, SharedBasisSet intermediate, Options & Options)

General OEP object.

virtual ∼OEPotential ()

Destructor.

virtual void compute (void)

Compute matrix forms of all OEP's within all OEP types.

virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType)=0

Compute matrix forms of all OEP's within a specified OEP type.

virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > &v)=0

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v.

 std::shared_ptr< OEPotential3D< OEPotential > > make_oeps3d (const std::string &oep-Type)

Create 3D vector field with OEP.

virtual void write_cube (const std::string &oepType, const std::string &fileName)

Write potential to a cube file.

virtual void localize (void)

Localize Occupied MO's.

virtual std::vector < psi::SharedVector > mo_centroids (psi::SharedMatrix C)

Compute MO centroids from LCAO-MO matrix.

virtual void rotate (const Matrix &rotmat)

Rotate.

virtual void translate (const Vector &trans)

Translate.

 virtual void superimpose (const Matrix &refGeometry, const std::vector< int > &supList, const std::vector< int > &reordList)

Superimpose.

• std::string name () const

Retrieve name of this OEP.

OEPType oep (const std::string &oepType) const

Retrieve the potentials.

SharedMatrix matrix (const std::string &oepType) const

Retrieve the potentials of a particular OEP type in a matrix form.

int n (const std::string &oepType) const

Retrieve the number of a particular OEP type.

SharedWavefunction wfn () const

Retrieve wavefunction object.

- SharedMatrix cOcc () const
- SharedMatrix cVir () const
- SharedMatrix IOcc () const
- SharedLocalizer localizer () const

Retrieve MO Localizer.

std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Vector > > Imoc () const

Retrieve LMO Centroids.

void set_name (const std::string &name)

Set the name of this OEP.

• virtual void print_header () const =0

Header information.

· void print () const

Print the contents (OEP data)

Static Public Member Functions

static std::shared_ptr< OEPotential > build (const std::string &category, SharedWavefunction wfn, Options &options)

Build fully ESP-based OEP object.

• static std::shared_ptr< OEPotential > build (const std::string &category, SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, SharedBasisSet intermediate, Options &options)

Build general OEP object.

Protected Attributes

Options options_

Psi4 options.

SharedWavefunction wfn_

Wavefunction.

SharedBasisSet primary_

Promary Basis set.

SharedBasisSet auxiliary_

Auxiliary Basis set.

SharedBasisSet intermediate_

Intermediate Basis set.

SharedLocalizer localizer_

Molecular Orbital Localizer.

std::string name_

Name of this OEP;.

std::map< std::string, OEPType > oepTypes_

Types of OEP's within the scope of this object.

std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > intsFactory_

Integral factory.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > potMat_

Matrix of potential one-electron integrals.

std::shared_ptr< psi::OneBodyAOInt > OEInt_

One-electron integral shared pointer.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::PotentialInt > potInt_

One-electron potential shared pointer.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > cOcc_

Occupied orbitals: Canonical (CMO)

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > cVir_

Virtual orbitals.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > IOcc_

Occupied orbitals: Localized (LMO)

std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Vector > > Imoc_

LMO Centroids.

18.102.1 Detailed Description

Manages OEP's in matrix and 3D forms. Available OEP categories:

- ELECTROSTATIC ENERGY
- REPULSION ENERGY
- CHARGE TRANSFER ENERGY
- EET COUPLING CONSTANT

18.102.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
18.102.2.1 OEPotential() [1/2]

OEPotential::OEPotential (
SharedWavefunction wfn,
Options & options)
```

Parameters

wfn	- wavefunction
options	- Psi4 options

18.102.2.2 OEPotential() [2/2]

Parameters

wfn	- wavefunction
auxiliary	- auxiliary basis set for density fitting of OEP's
intermediate	- intermediate basis set for density fitting of OEP's
options	- Psi4 options

18.102.3 Member Function Documentation

Parameters

type	- OEP category
wfn	- wavefunction
options	- Psi4 options

18.102.3.2 build() [2/2]

Parameters

type	- OEP category
wfn	- wavefunction
auxiliary	- auxiliary basis set for density fitting of OEP's
intermediate	- intermediate basis set for density fitting of OEP's
options	- Psi4 options

18.102.3.3 make_oeps3d()

Parameters

oenTyne	- type of OEP. ESP-based OEP is assumed.
oep rype	- type of OLI. Lot -based OLI is assumed.

Returns

Vector field 3D with the OEP values.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

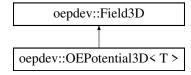
- · oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- oepdev/liboep/oep_base.cc

18.103 oepdev::OEPotential3D< T > Class Template Reference

Class template for OEP 3D fields.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >:



Public Member Functions

OEPotential3D (const int &ndim, const int &np, const double &padding, std::shared_ptr
 T > oep, const std::string &oepType)

Construct random spherical collection of 3D field of type T.

 OEPotential3D (const int &ndim, const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &py, const double &pz, std::shared_ptr< T > oep, const std::string &oepType, psi::Options &options)

Construct ordered 3D collection of 3D field of type T.

virtual ∼OEPotential3D ()

Destructor.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > compute_xyz (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)

Compute a value of 3D field at point (x, y, z)

• virtual void print () const

Print information of the object to Psi4 output.

Protected Attributes

std::shared_ptr< T > oep_

Shared pointer to the instance of class T

std::string oepType_

Descriptor of the 3D field type stored in instance of ${\it T}$

Additional Inherited Members

18.103.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T> class oepdev:: OEPotential 3D < T>
```

Used for special type of classes T that contain following public member functions:

with the descriptor of a certain 3D field type, x, y, z the points in 3D space in which the scalar or vector field has to be computed and stored at v. Instances of T should store shared pointer to wavefunction object. List of classes T that are compatible with this class template and are currently implemented in oepdev is given below:

• oepdev::OEPotential abstract base (do not use derived classes as T)

Template parameters:

Template Parameters

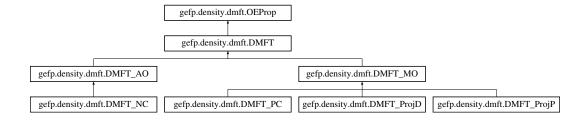
```
T | the compatible class (e.g. oepdev::OEPotential)
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h

18.104 gefp.density.dmft.OEProp Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dmft.OEProp:



Static Public Member Functions

- def dipole_moment (dmft)
- def quadrupole_moment (dmft)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dmft.py

18.105 oepdev::OEPType Struct Reference

Container to handle the type of One-Electron Potentials.

```
#include <oep.h>
```

Public Attributes

• std::string name

Name of this type of OEP.

bool is_density_fitted

Is this OEP DF-based?

• int n

Number of OEP's within a type.

SharedMatrix matrix

All OEP's of this type gathered in a matrix form.

SharedDMTPole dmtp

Distributed Multipole Object.

• SharedCISData cis_data

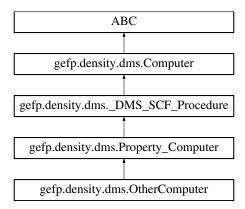
CIS data.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

oepdev/liboep/oep.h

18.106 gefp.density.dms.OtherComputer Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.OtherComputer:



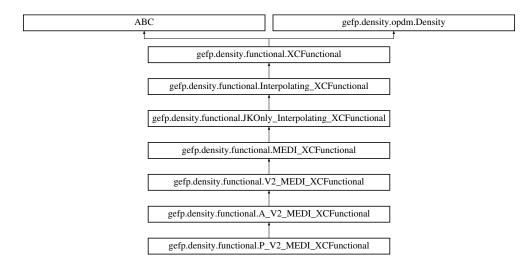
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.107 gefp.density.functional.P_V2_MEDI_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.P_V2_MEDI_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, coeff, kmax)
- def abbr (self)
- def compute_t (self, n=None, c=None)

Static Public Member Functions

• def name ()

Additional Inherited Members

18.107.1 Detailed Description

```
The New Class of Exchange-Correlation Functionals:
Interpolation Functionals with Monotonous Exponential Decay: 2D Pade Approximant for Ur
Functional coefficients:
o 'pade_coefficients' - 2D Pade Coefficients that fit the 't' parameter.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.108 gefp.core.driver.PadeApproximant_2D Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self)
- def add_a (self, nx, ny, a)
- def add_b (self, nx, ny, b)
- def value (self, x, y)

Public Attributes

- a
- b

18.108.1 Detailed Description

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/core/driver.py

18.109 oepdev::PerturbCharges Struct Reference

Structure to hold perturbing charges.

```
#include <scf_perturb.h>
```

Public Attributes

• std::vector< double > charges

Vector of charge values.

std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Vector >> positions
 Vector of charge position vectors.

18.109.1 Detailed Description

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• oepdev/libutil/scf_perturb.h

18.110 oepdev::Points3Dlterator::Point Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- double x
- double y
- double z
- int index

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

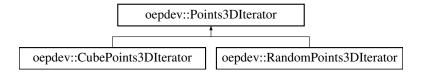
· oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h

18.111 oepdev::Points3DIterator Class Reference

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

```
#include <space3d.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::Points3Dlterator:



Classes

struct Point

Public Member Functions

Points3Dlterator (const int &np)

Plain constructor. Initializes the abstract features.

virtual ~Points3Dlterator ()

Destructor.

virtual bool is_done ()

Check if iteration is finished.

virtual void first ()=0

Initialize first iteration.

virtual void next ()=0

Step to next iteration.

virtual void rewind ()

Rewind to the beginning.

- virtual double x () const
- virtual double y () const
- virtual double z () const
- · virtual int index () const

Static Public Member Functions

static shared_ptr< Points3Dlterator > build (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &dx, const double &dx, const double &dx, const double &ox, const double &ox, const double &ox)

Build G09 Cube collection iterator.

static shared_ptr< Points3Dlterator > build (const int &np, const double &radius, const double &cx, const double &cy, const double &cz)

Build random collection iterator.

static shared_ptr< Points3Dlterator > build (const int &np, const double &pad, psi::SharedMolecule mol)

Build random collection iterator.

Protected Attributes

const int np_

Number of points.

bool done_

Status of the iterator.

int index_

Current index.

Point current_

18.111.1 Detailed Description

Points3DIterators are constructed either as iterators over:

- · a random collections or
- an ordered (g09 cube-like) collections. **Note:** Always create instances by using static factory methods.

18.111.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.111.2.1 Points3Dlterator()

Parameters

```
np - number of points this iterator is constructed for
```

18.111.3 Member Function Documentation

```
18.111.3.1 build() [1/3]
```

```
std::shared_ptr< Points3DIterator > oepdev::Points3DIterator::build (
    const int & nx,
    const int & ny,
    const int & nz,
    const double & dx,
    const double & dy,
    const double & dz,
    const double & ox,
    const double & ox,
    const double & oy,
    const double & oy,
    const double & oz ) [static]
```

The points are generated according to Gaussian cube file format.

Parameters

nx	- number of points along x direction
ny	- number of points along y direction
nz	- number of points along z direction
dx	- spacing distance along x direction
dy	- spacing distance along y direction
dz	- spacing distance along y direction
OX	- coordinate x of cube origin
oy	- coordinate y of cube origin
ΟZ	- coordinate z of cube origin

18.111.3.2 build() [2/3]

```
std::shared_ptr< Points3DIterator > oepdev::Points3DIterator::build (
    const int & np,
    const double & radius,
    const double & cx,
    const double & cy,
    const double & cz ) [static]
```

The points are drawn according to uniform distrinution in 3D space.

Parameters

np	- number of points to draw
radius	- sphere radius inside which points are to be drawn
СХ	- coordinate x of sphere's centre
су	- coordinate y of sphere's centre
CZ	- coordinate z of sphere's centre

18.111.3.3 build() [3/3]

```
shared_ptr< Points3DIterator > oepdev::Points3DIterator::build (
    const int & np,
    const double & pad,
    psi::SharedMolecule mol ) [static]
```

The points are drawn according to uniform distrinution in 3D space enclosing a molecule given. All drawn points lie outside the van der Waals volume.

Parameters

np	- number of points to draw
pad	- radius padding of a minimal sphere enclosing the molecule
mol	- Psi4 molecule object

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

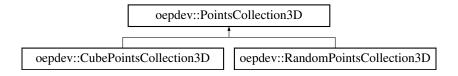
- · oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h
- oepdev/lib3d/space3d.cc

18.112 oepdev::PointsCollection3D Class Reference

Collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::PointsCollection3D:



Public Types

- enum Collection $\{$ Random, Cube $\}$

Public descriptior of collection type.

Public Member Functions

PointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, int &np)

Initialize abstract features.

- PointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, const int &np)
- virtual ~PointsCollection3D ()

Destructor.

· virtual int npoints () const

Get the number of points.

virtual shared_ptr< Points3Dlterator > points_iterator () const

Get the iterator over this collection of points.

virtual Collection get_type () const

Get the collection type.

virtual void print () const =0

Print the information to Psi4 output file.

Static Public Member Functions

static shared_ptr< PointsCollection3D > build (const int &npoints, const double &radius, const double &cx=0.0, const double &cy=0.0, const double &cz=0.0)

Build random collection of points.

static shared_ptr< PointsCollection3D > build (const int &npoints, const double &padding, psi::SharedMolecule mol)

Build random collection of points.

static shared_ptr< PointsCollection3D > build (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &px, const double &px, psi::SharedBasisSet bs, psi::Options &options)

Build G09 Cube collection of points.

Protected Attributes

const int np_

Number of points.

Collection collectionType_

Collection type.

shared_ptr< Points3Dlterator > pointslterator_

iterator over points collection

18.112.1 Detailed Description

Create random or ordered (g09 cube-like) collections of points in 3D space.

Note: Always create instances by using static factory methods.

18.112.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.112.2.1 PointsCollection3D()

Parameters

np - number of points to be created

18.112.3 Member Function Documentation

Points uniformly span a sphere.

Parameters

npoints	- number of points to draw
radius	- sphere radius inside which points are to be drawn
CX	- coordinate x of sphere's centre
су	- coordinate y of sphere's centre
CZ	- coordinate z of sphere's centre

Points uniformly span space inside a sphere enclosing a molecule. exluding the van der Waals volume.

Parameters

```
    np
    - number of points to draw

    padding
    - radius padding of a minimal sphere enclosing the molecule

    mol
    - Psi4 molecule object
```

```
const int & ny,
const int & nz,
const double & px,
const double & py,
const double & pz,
psi::SharedBasisSet bs,
psi::Options & options ) [static]
```

The points span a parallelpiped according to Gaussian cube file format.

Parameters

nx	- number of points along x direction
ny	- number of points along y direction
nz	- number of points along z direction
рх	- padding distance along x direction
ру	- padding distance along y direction
pz	- padding distance along z direction
bs	- Psi4 basis set object
options	- Psi4 options object

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h
- oepdev/lib3d/space3d.cc

18.113 oepdev::PolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory. Abstract Base.

```
#include <gefp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::PolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- PolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt)
 Construct from Psi4 options.
- virtual ~PolarGEFactory ()
 Destruct.
- virtual std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > compute (void)=0
 Compute the density matrix susceptibility tensors.

Protected Member Functions

std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > draw_field ()

Randomly draw electric field value.

double draw_charge ()

Randomly draw charge value.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::RHFPerturbed > perturbed_state (const std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > &field)

Solve SCF equations to find perturbed state due to uniform electric field.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::RHFPerturbed > perturbed_state (const std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > &pos, const double &charge)

Solve SCF equations to find perturbed state due to point charge.

std::shared_ptr< oepdev::RHFPerturbed > perturbed_state (const std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > &charges)

Solve SCF equations to find perturbed state due to set of point charges.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > field_due_to_charges (const std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > &charges, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)

Evaluate electric field at point (x,y,z) due to point charges.

- std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > field_due_to_charges (const std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > &charges, const std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > &pos)
- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > field_gradient_due_to_charges (const std::shared_ptr<
 psi::Matrix > &charges, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)

Evaluate electric field gradient at point (x,y,z) due to point charges.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > field_gradient_due_to_charges (const std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > &charges, const std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > &pos)

Additional Inherited Members

18.113.1 Detailed Description

Basic interface for the polarization density matrix susceptibility parameters.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

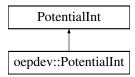
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_base.cc

18.114 oepdev::PotentialInt Class Reference

Computes potential integrals.

#include <potential.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::PotentialInt:



Public Member Functions

PotentialInt (std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > &st, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2, int deriv=0)

Constructor. Initialize identically like in psi::PotentilInt.

PotentialInt (std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > &st, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Qxyz, int deriv=0)

Constructor. Takes an arbitrary collection of charges.

PotentialInt (std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > &, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet >, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet >, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, const double &q=1.0, int deriv=0)

Constructor. Computes potential for one point x, y, z for a test particle of charge q.

void set_charge_field (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, const double &q=1.0)

Mutator. Set the charge field to be a x, y, z point of charge q.

18.114.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Parameters

st	- Spherical transform object
bs1	- basis set for first space
bs2	- basis set for second space
deriv	- derivative level

18.114.1.2 PotentialInt() [2/3]

```
oepdev::PotentialInt::PotentialInt (
    std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > & st,
    std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1,
    std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2,
    std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Qxyz,
    int deriv = 0 )
```

Parameters

st	- Spherical transform object
31	- Spriencai transionii object
bs1	- basis set for first space
bs2	- basis set for second space
Qxyz	- matrix with charges and their positions
deriv	- derivative level

18.114.1.3 PotentialInt() [3/3]

```
oepdev::PotentialInt::PotentialInt (
    std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > & st,
    std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1,
    std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2,
    const double & x,
    const double & y,
    const double & z,
    const double & q = 1.0,
    int deriv = 0 )
```

Parameters

st	- Spherical transform object
bs1	- basis set for first space
bs2	- basis set for second space
X	- x coordinate of q
У	- y coordinate of q
Z	- z coordinate of q
q	- value of the probe charge
deriv	- derivative level

18.114.2 Member Function Documentation

18.114.2.1 set_charge_field()

```
void oepdev::PotentialInt::set_charge_field ( const double & x, const double & y, const double & z, const double & q = 1.0)
```

Parameters

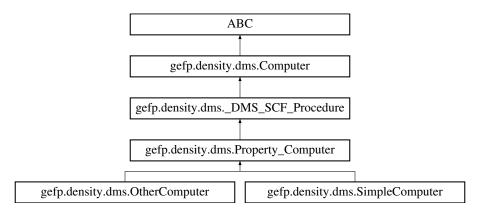
X	- x coordinate of q
У	- y coordinate of q
Z	- z coordinate of q
q	- value of the probe charge

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libpsi/potential.h
- oepdev/libpsi/potential.cc

18.115 gefp.density.dms.Property_Computer Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.Property_Computer:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, aggregate, fragments)
- def atomic_charges (self, kappa=0.0)
- def camm (self)
- def dipole_moment (self)
- def ff_dipole_moment (self, step=0.001, verbose=None)
- def **ff_polarizability** (self, step=0.001, energy=False, verbose=None)
- def ff_hyperpolarizability (self, step=0.001, energy=False, verbose=None)
- def **ff_hyper2polarizability** (self, step=0.001, energy=False, verbose=None)

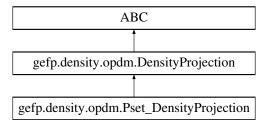
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.116 gefp.density.opdm.Pset_DensityProjection Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.opdm.Pset_DensityProjection:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, np, S)

Additional Inherited Members

18.116.1 Detailed Description

```
Gradient Projection Algorithm on P-sets.
Ref.: Pernal, Cances, J. Chem. Phys. 2005
Notes:
o Appropriate for any DMFT functional.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

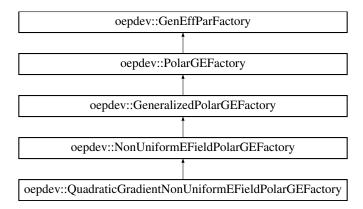
gefp/gefp/density/opdm.py

18.117 oepdev::QuadraticGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

```
#include <gefp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::QuadraticGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- QuadraticGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
- void compute_gradient (int i, int j)

Compute Gradient vector associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

void compute_hessian (void)

Compute Hessian matrix (independent on the parameters)

Additional Inherited Members

18.117.1 Detailed Description

Implements the generalized density matrix susceptibility model of the form

$$\delta D_{\alpha\beta} \approx \sum_{i} \left\{ \mathbf{B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(10)} \cdot \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) + \mathbf{B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(20)} : \mathbf{F} \otimes \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) + \mathbf{B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(01)} : \nabla_{i} \otimes \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) \right\}$$

where:

- $\mathbf{B}_{i:\alpha\beta}^{(10)}$ is the density matrix dipole polarizability
- $\mathbf{B}^{(20)}_{i:lphaeta}$ is the density matrix dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability
- ${f B}_{i;lphaeta}^{(01)}$ is the density matrix quadrupole polarizability all defined for the distributed site at ${f r}_i$.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

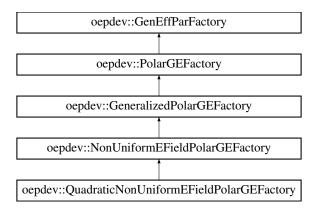
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_nonuniform_field_2_grad_1.cc

18.118 oepdev::QuadraticNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

#include <gefp.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::QuadraticNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- QuadraticNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
- void compute_gradient (int i, int j)

Compute Gradient vector associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

void compute_hessian (void)

Compute Hessian matrix (independent on the parameters)

Additional Inherited Members

18.118.1 Detailed Description

Implements the generalized density matrix susceptibility model of the form

$$\delta D_{\alpha\beta} \approx \sum_{i} \left\{ \mathbf{B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(10)} \cdot \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) + \mathbf{B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(20)} : \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) \otimes \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}_{i}) \right\}$$

where:

- $\mathbf{B}_{i;lphaeta}^{(10)}$ is the density matrix dipole polarizability
- $\mathbf{B}_{i;\alpha\beta}^{(20)}$ is the density matrix dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability all defined for the distributed site at \mathbf{r}_i .

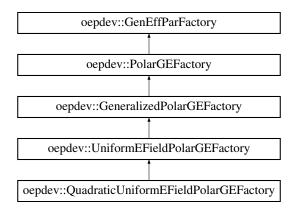
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_nonuniform_field_2.cc

18.119 oepdev::QuadraticUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::QuadraticUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- QuadraticUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
- void compute_gradient (int i, int j)

Compute Gradient vector associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

void compute_hessian (void)

Compute Hessian matrix (independent on the parameters)

Additional Inherited Members

18.119.1 Detailed Description

Implements the generalized density matrix susceptibility model of the form

$$\delta D_{\alpha\beta} pprox \mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(10)} \cdot \mathbf{F} + \mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(20)} : \mathbf{F} \otimes \mathbf{F}$$

where:

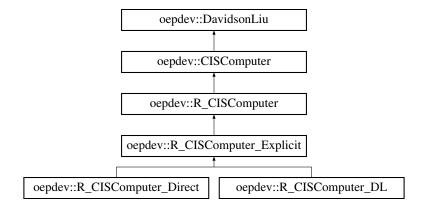
- $\mathbf{B}_{\alpha\beta}^{(10)}$ is the density matrix dipole polarizability
- ${f B}^{(20)}_{lphaeta}$ is the density matrix dipole-dipole hyperpolarizability

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_uniform_field_2.cc

18.120 oepdev::R_CISComputer Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::R_CISComputer:



Public Member Functions

• **R_CISComputer** (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)

Protected Member Functions

virtual void print_excited_state_character_ (int I)

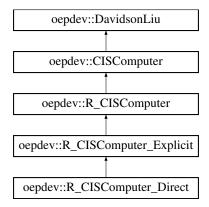
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libutil/cis.h
- oepdev/libutil/cis_rhf.cc

18.121 oepdev::R_CISComputer_Direct Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::R_CISComputer_Direct:



Public Member Functions

• R_CISComputer_Direct (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void build_hamiltonian_ (void)
- virtual void transform_integrals_ (void)

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

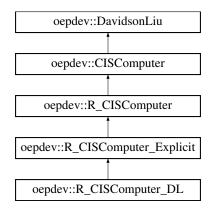
- oepdev/libutil/cis.h
- oepdev/libutil/cis_rhf_direct.cc

18.122 oepdev::R_CISComputer_DL Class Reference

CIS Computer with RHF reference: Davidson-Liu Solver.

#include <cis.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::R_CISComputer_DL:



Public Member Functions

• R_CISComputer_DL (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void set_nstates_ (void)
- virtual void transform_integrals_ (void)
- virtual void allocate_hamiltonian_ (void)
- virtual void build_hamiltonian_ (void)
- virtual void diagonalize_hamiltonian_ (void)
- virtual void davidson_liu_compute_diagonal_hamiltonian (void)
- virtual void davidson_liu_compute_sigma (void)

Additional Inherited Members

18.122.1 Detailed Description

Associated options:

- CIS_TYPE must be set to DAVIDSON_LIU (Default).
- CIS_SCHWARTZ_CUTOFF Cutoff for Schwartz ERI screening. Default: 0.0.

Implementation

Diagonal Hamiltonian elements

They are computed by using direct method with Schwartz screening of AO ERI's. The implementation formula is

$$H_{ii}^{aa} = \varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i + \sum_{lphaeta\gamma\delta} (lphaeta|\gamma\delta) C_{lpha i} C_{\delta a} \left(C_{eta a} C_{\gamma i} - C_{eta i} C_{\gamma a}
ight)$$

The block associated with beta spin is equal to alpha block.

Sigma vectors

The sigma vectors are computed from

$$\begin{split} & \sigma_i^{a,k} = (\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i) b_i^{a,k} + J_i^a(\mathbf{T}^{(k)}) + J_i^a(\overline{\mathbf{T}^{(k)}}) - K_i^a(\mathbf{T}^{(k)}) \\ & \sigma_{\bar{i}}^{\bar{a},k} = (\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i) b_{\bar{i}}^{\bar{a},k} + J_i^a(\mathbf{T}^{(k)}) + J_i^a(\overline{\mathbf{T}^{(k)}}) - K_i^a(\overline{\mathbf{T}^{(k)}}) \end{split}$$

where k labels the vectors and where the generalized one-particle density matrices are defined by

$$T_{\gamma\delta}^{(k)} = \sum_{jb} C_{\delta b} b_j^{b,k} C_{\gamma j}$$
 $\overline{T}_{\gamma\delta}^{(k)} = \sum_{\overline{i}\overline{b}} C_{\delta \overline{b}} b_{\overline{j}}^{\overline{b},k} C_{\gamma \overline{j}}$

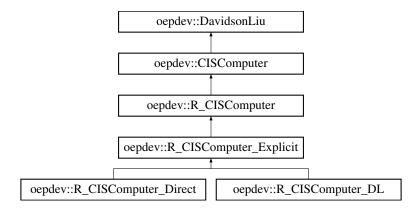
The **J** and **K** matrices in AO basis are computed by using the psi::JK object, and subsequently transformed to CMO's.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/cis.h
- oepdev/libutil/cis_rhf_dl.cc

18.123 oepdev::R_CISComputer_Explicit Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::R_CISComputer_Explicit:



Public Member Functions

R_CISComputer_Explicit (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void set_beta_ (void)
- virtual void build_hamiltonian_ (void)

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

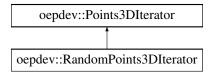
- · oepdev/libutil/cis.h
- oepdev/libutil/cis_rhf_explicit.cc

18.124 oepdev::RandomPoints3DIterator Class Reference

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Random collection.

```
#include <space3d.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::RandomPoints3DIterator:



Public Member Functions

- RandomPoints3DIterator (const int &np, const double &radius, const double &cx, const double &cy, const double &cz)
- RandomPoints3DIterator (const int &np, const double &pad, psi::SharedMolecule mol)
- virtual void first ()

Initialize first iteration.

virtual void next ()

Step to next iteration.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual double random_double ()
- virtual void draw_random_point ()
- virtual bool is_in_vdWsphere (double x, double y, double z) const

Protected Attributes

- double cx_
- double cy_
- double cz_
- double radius_
- double r₋

- double phi_
- double theta_
- double x_
- double y₋
- double $\mathbf{z}_{\scriptscriptstyle{-}}$
- psi::SharedMatrix excludeSpheres_
- std::map< std::string, double > vdwRadius_
- std::default_random_engine randomNumberGenerator_
- std::uniform_real_distribution< double > randomDistribution_

Additional Inherited Members

18.124.1 Detailed Description

Note: Always create instances by using static factory method from Points3DIterator. Do not use constructors of this class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

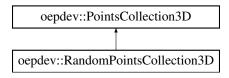
- · oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h
- oepdev/lib3d/space3d.cc

18.125 oepdev::RandomPointsCollection3D Class Reference

Collection of random points in 3D space.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::RandomPointsCollection3D:



Public Member Functions

- RandomPointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, const int &npoints, const double &radius, const double &cx, const double &cy, const double &cz)
- RandomPointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, const int &npoints, const double &padding, psi::SharedMolecule mol)
- virtual void print () const

Print the information to Psi4 output file.

Additional Inherited Members

18.125.1 Detailed Description

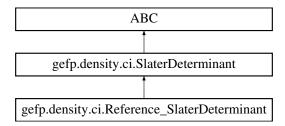
Note: Do not use constructors of this class explicitly. Instead, use static factory methods of the superclass to create instances.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/lib3d/space3d.h
- · oepdev/lib3d/space3d.cc

18.126 gefp.density.ci.Reference_SlaterDeterminant Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.ci.Reference_SlaterDeterminant:



Public Member Functions

• def __init__ (self, nao, nbo, nmo)

Public Attributes

is_reference

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

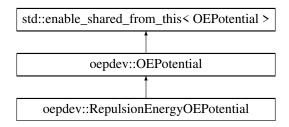
• gefp/gefp/density/ci.py

18.127 oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy.

#include <oep.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential:



Public Member Functions

- RepulsionEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, SharedBasisSet intermediate, Options & options)
- RepulsionEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)
- virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType) override

Compute matrix forms of all OEP's within a specified OEP type.

virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > &v) override

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v.

virtual void print_header () const override

Header information.

Additional Inherited Members

18.127.1 Detailed Description

Contains the following OEP types:

- Murrell-etal.S1
- Otto-Ladik.S2

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

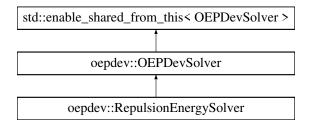
- oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- oepdev/liboep/oep_energy_pauli.cc

18.128 oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver Class Reference

Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

#include <solver.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver:



Public Member Functions

- **RepulsionEnergySolver** (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)
- virtual double compute_oep_based (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")
 Compute property by using OEP's.
- virtual double compute_benchmark (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")

 Compute property by using benchmark method.

Additional Inherited Members

18.128.1 Detailed Description

The implemented methods are shown below

Table 18.103: Methods available in the Solver

Keyword	Method Description	
Benchmark Methods		
HAYES_STONE	Default. Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Hayes and Stone (1984).	
DDS	Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Mandado and Hermida-Ramon (2012).	
MURRELL_ETAL	Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Murrell et al (1967).	
OTTO_LADIK	Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Otto and Ladik (1975).	
EFP2	Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from EFP2 model.	
OEP-Based Methods		
MURRELL_ETAL_GDF_ESP	Default. OEP-Murrell et al's: S1 term via DF-OEP, S2 term	
	via ESP-OEP.	
MURRELL_ETAL_GDF_CAMM	OEP-Murrell et al's: S1 term via DF-OEP, S2 term via CAMM-	
	OEP.	

Keyword	Method Description
MURRELL_ETAL_ESP	OEP-Murrell et al's: S1 and S2 via ESP-OEP (not imple-
	mented)

Note:

- This solver also computes and prints the exchange energy at HF level (formulae are given below) for reference purposes.
- In order to construct this solver, always use the OEPDevSolver::build static factory
 method.

Below the detailed description of the implemented equations is given for each of the above provided methods. In the formulae across, it is assumed that the orbitals are real. The Coulomb notation for electron repulsion integrals (ERI's) is adopted; i.e,

$$(ac|bd) = \iint d\mathbf{r}_1 d\mathbf{r}_2 \phi_a(\mathbf{r}_1) \phi_c(\mathbf{r}_1) \frac{1}{r_{12}} \phi_b(\mathbf{r}_2) \phi_d(\mathbf{r}_2)$$

Greek subscripts denote basis set orbitals whereas Italic subscripts denote the occupied molecular orbitals.

Benchmark Methods

Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level by Hayes and Stone (1984).

For a closed-shell system, equation of Hayes and Stone (1984) becomes

$$E^{\text{Rep}} = 2\sum_{kl} \left(V_{kl}^A + V_{kl}^B + T_{kl} \right) \left[[\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{lk} - \delta_{lk} \right] + \sum_{klmn} (kl|mn) \left\{ 2[\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{kl} [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{mn} - [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{kn} [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{lm} - 2\delta_{kl} \delta_{mn} + \delta_{kn} \delta_{lm} \right\}$$

where S is the overlap matrix between the doubly-occupied orbitals. The exact, pure exchange energy is for a closed shell case given as

$$E^{\text{Ex,pure}} = -2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} (ab|ba)$$

Similarity transformation of molecular orbitals does not affect the resulting energies. The overall exchange-repulsion interaction energy is then (always net repulsive)

$$E^{\text{Ex-Rep}} = E^{\text{Ex,pure}} + E^{\text{Rep}}$$

Repulsion energy of Mandado and Hermida-Ramon (2011)

At the Hartree-Fock level, the exchange-repulsion energy from the density-based scheme of Mandado and Hermida-Ramon (2011) is fully equivalent to the method by Hayes and Stone (1984). However, density-based method enables to compute exchange-repulsion energy at any level of theory. It is derived based on the Pauli deformation density matrix,

$$\Delta \mathbf{D}^{\text{Pauli}} \equiv \mathbf{D}^{oo} - \mathbf{D}$$

where \mathbf{D}^{oo} and \mathbf{D} are the density matrix formed from mutually orthogonal sets of molecular orbitals within the entire aggregate (formed by symmetric orthogonalization of MO's) and the density matrix of the unperturbed system (that can be understood as a Hadamard sum $\mathbf{D} \equiv \mathbf{D}^A \oplus \mathbf{D}^B$).

At HF level, the Pauli deformation density matrix is given by

$$\Delta \mathbf{D}^{\text{Pauli}} = \mathbf{C} \left[\mathbf{S}^{-1} - \mathbf{1} \right] \mathbf{C}^{\dagger}$$

whereas the density matrix constructed from mutually orthogonal orbitals is

$$\mathbf{D}^{oo} = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{C}^{\dagger}$$

In the above equations, S is the overlap matrix between doubly occupied molecular orbitals of the entire aggregate.

Here, the expressions for the exchange-repulsion energy at any level of theory are shown for the case of open-shell system. The net repulsive energy is given as

$$E^{\text{Ex-Rep}} = E^{\text{Rep},1} + E^{\text{Rep},2} + E^{\text{Ex}}$$

where the one- and two-electron part of the repulsion energy is

$$E^{\mathrm{Rep,1}} = E^{\mathrm{Rep,Kin}} + E^{\mathrm{Rep,Nuc}}$$

 $E^{\mathrm{Rep,2}} = E^{\mathrm{Rep,el}-\Delta} + E^{\mathrm{Rep,}\Delta-\Delta}$

The kinetic and nuclear contributions are

$$\begin{split} E^{\text{Rep,Kin}} &= 2 \sum_{\alpha\beta \in A,B} \Delta D_{\alpha\beta}^{\text{Pauli}} T_{\alpha\beta} \\ E^{\text{Rep,Nuc}} &= 2 \sum_{\alpha\beta \in A,B} \Delta D_{\alpha\beta}^{\text{Pauli}} \sum_{z \in A,B} V_{\alpha\beta}^{(z)} \end{split}$$

whereas the electron-deformation and deformation-deformation interaction contributions are

$$\begin{split} E^{\text{Rep,el}-\Delta} &= 4 \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\in A,B} \Delta D_{\alpha\beta}^{\text{Pauli}} D_{\gamma\delta}(\alpha\beta|\gamma\delta) \\ E^{\text{Rep},\Delta-\Delta} &= 2 \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\in A,B} \Delta D_{\alpha\beta}^{\text{Pauli}} \Delta D_{\gamma\delta}^{\text{Pauli}}(\alpha\beta|\gamma\delta) \end{split}$$

The associated exchange energy is given by

$$E^{ ext{Ex}} = -\sum_{lphaeta\gamma\delta\in A,B} \left[D^{oo}_{lpha\delta}D^{oo}_{eta\gamma} - D^{A}_{lpha\delta}D^{A}_{eta\gamma} - D^{B}_{lpha\delta}D^{B}_{eta\gamma}
ight] (lphaeta|\gamma\delta)$$

It is important to emphasise that, although, at HF level, the particular 'repulsive' and 'exchange' energies computed by using either Hayes and Stone or Mandado and Hermida-Ramon methods are not equal to each other, they sum up to exactly the same exchange-repulsion energy, $E^{\rm Ex-Rep}$. Therefore, these methods at HF level are fully equivalent but the nature of partitioning of repulsive and exchange parts is different. It is also noted that the orbital localization does *not* affect the resulting energies, as opposed to the few approximate methods described below (Otto-Ladik and EFP2 methods).

Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Murrell et al.

By expanding the overlap matrix in a Taylor series one can show that the Pauli repulsion energy is approximately given as

$$E^{\text{Rep}} = E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) + E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2))$$

where the first-order term is

$$E^{\mathrm{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) = -2\sum_{a \in A}\sum_{b \in B}S_{ab}\left\{V_{ab}^A + \sum_{c \in A}\left[2(ab|cc) - (ac|bc)\right] + V_{ab}^B + \sum_{d \in B}\left[2(ab|dd) - (ad|bd)\right]\right\}$$

whereas the second-order term is

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2)) = 2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab} \left\{ \sum_{c \in A} S_{bc} \left[V_{ac}^B + 2\sum_{d \in B} (ac|dd) \right] + \sum_{d \in B} S_{ad} \left[V_{bd}^A + 2\sum_{c \in A} (bd|cc) \right] - \sum_{c \in A} \sum_{d \in B} S_{cd}(ac|bd) \right\}$$

Thus derived repulsion energy is invariant with respect to transformation of molecular orbitals, similarly as Hayes-Stone's method and density-based method. By using OEP technique, the above theory can be exactly re-cast *without* any further approximations.

Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Otto and Ladik (1975).

The Pauli repulsion energy is approximately given as

$$E^{\text{Rep}} = E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) + E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2))$$

where the first-order term is

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) = -2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab} \left\{ V_{ab}^A + 2\sum_{c \in A} (ab|cc) - (ab|aa) + V_{ab}^B + 2\sum_{d \in B} (ab|dd) - (ab|bb) \right\}$$

whereas the second-order term is

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathcal{O}(S^2)) = 2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab}^2 \left\{ V_{aa}^B + V_{bb}^A + 2\sum_{c \in A} (cc|bb) + 2\sum_{d \in B} (aa|dd) - (aa|bb) \right\}$$

Thus derived repulsion energy is *not* invariant with respect to transformation of molecular orbitals, in contrast to Hayes-Stone's method and density-based method. It was shown that good results are obtained when using localized molecular orbitals, whereas using canonical molecular orbitals brings poor results. By using OEP technique, the above theory can be exactly re-cast *without* any further approximations.

Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Jensen and Gordon (1996).

The Pauli repulsion energy used within the EFP2 approach is approximately given as

$$E^{\text{Rep}} = E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) + E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2))$$

where the first-order term is

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) = -2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab} \left\{ \sum_{c \in A} F_{ac}^A S_{cb} + \sum_{d \in B} F_{bd}^B S_{da} - 2T_{ab} \right\}$$

whereas the second-order term is

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2)) = 2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab}^2 \left\{ \sum_{x \in A} \frac{-Z_x}{R_{xb}} + \sum_{y \in B} \frac{-Z_y}{R_{ya}} + \sum_{c \in A} \frac{2}{R_{bc}} + \sum_{d \in B} \frac{2}{R_{ad}} - \frac{1}{R_{ab}} \right\}$$

Thus derived repulsion energy is *not* invariant with respect to transformation of molecular orbitals, in contrast to Hayes-Stone's method and density-based method. It was shown that good results are obtained when using localized molecular orbitals, whereas using canonical molecular orbitals brings poor results.

In EFP2, exchange energy is approximated by spherical Gaussian approximation (SGO). The result of this is the following formula for the exchange energy:

$$E^{\mathrm{Ex}} pprox -4 \sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} \sqrt{\frac{-2 \ln |S_{ab}|}{\pi}} \frac{S_{ab}^2}{R_{ab}}$$

In all the above formulas, R_{ij} are distances between position vectors of *i*th and *j*th point. The LMO centroids are defined by

$$\mathbf{r}_a = (a|\mathbf{r}|a)$$

where a denotes the occupied molecular orbital.

OEP-Based Methods

The Murrell et al's theory of Pauli repulsion for S-1 term and the Otto-Ladik's theory for S-2 term is here re-cast by introducing OEP's. The S-1 term is expressed via DF-OEP, whereas the S-2 term via ESP-OEP.

S-1 term (Murrell et al.)

The OEP reduction without any approximations leads to the following formula

$$E^{\mathrm{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^1)) = -2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab} \left\{ \sum_{\xi \in A} S_{b\xi} G^A_{\xi a} + \sum_{\eta \in B} S_{a\eta} G^B_{\eta b} \right\}$$

where the OEP matrices are given as

$$G_{\xi_a}^A = \sum_{\xi' \in A} [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{\xi\xi'} \sum_{\alpha \in A} \left\{ C_{\alpha a} V_{\alpha \xi'}^A + \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} \left[2C_{\alpha a} D_{\mu \nu} - C_{\nu a} D_{\alpha \mu} \right] (\alpha \xi' | \mu \nu) \right\}$$

and analogously for molecule B. Here, the nuclear attraction integrals are denoted by $V_{\alpha \xi'}^A$.

S-2 term (Otto-Ladik)

After the OEP reduction, this contribution under Otto-Ladik approximation has the following form:

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathcal{O}(S^2)) = 2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab}^2 \left\{ \sum_{x \in A} q_{xa} V_{bb}^{(x)} + \sum_{y \in B} q_{yb} V_{aa}^{(y)} \right\}$$

where the ESP charges associated with each occupied molecular orbital reproduce the *effective* potential of molecule in question, i.e.,

$$\sum_{x \in A} \frac{q_{xa}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_x|} \cong v_a^A(\mathbf{r})$$

where the potential is given by

$$v_a^A(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{x \in A} \frac{-Z_x}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_x|} + 2\sum_{c \in A} \int \frac{\phi_c(\mathbf{r}')\phi_c(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} d\mathbf{r}' - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\phi_a(\mathbf{r}')\phi_a(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} d\mathbf{r}'$$

18.128.2 Member Function Documentation

18.128.2.1 compute_benchmark()

Each solver object has one DEFAULT benchmark method

Parameters

```
method - benchmark method
```

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

18.128.2.2 compute_oep_based()

Each solver object has one DEFAULT OEP-based method.

Parameters

```
method - flavour of OEP model
```

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

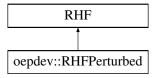
- oepdev/libsolver/solver.h
- oepdev/libsolver/solver_energy_pauli.cc

18.129 oepdev::RHFPerturbed Class Reference

RHF theory under electrostatic perturbation.

```
#include <scf_perturb.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::RHFPerturbed:



Public Member Functions

RHFPerturbed (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > ref_wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::SuperFunctional > functional)

Build from wavefunction and superfunctional.

RHFPerturbed (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > ref_wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::SuperFunctional > functional, psi::Options &options, std::shared_ptr< psi::PSIO > psio)

Build from wavefunction and superfunctional + options and psio.

virtual ∼RHFPerturbed ()

Clear memory.

virtual double compute_energy ()

Compute total energy.

virtual void set_perturbation (std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > field)

Perturb the system with external electric field.

virtual void <u>set_perturbation</u> (const double &fx, const double &fy, const double &fz)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

 virtual void set_perturbation (std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > position, const double &charge)

Perturb the system with a point charge.

 virtual void set_perturbation (const double &rx, const double &ry, const double &rz, const double &charge)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Vpert () const
 Get a copy of the perturbation potential one-electron matrix.
- double nuclear_interaction_energy () const
 Get the interaction energy of the nuclei with the perturbing potential.

Protected Member Functions

virtual void perturb_Hcore ()
 Add the electrostatic perturbation to the Hcore matrix.

Protected Attributes

- std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > perturbField_ Perturbing electric field.
- std::shared_ptr< PerturbCharges > perturbCharges_ Perturbing charges.
- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Vpert_
 Perturbation potential one-electron matrix.
- double nuclearInteractionEnergy_
 Electrostatic interaction energy due to nuclei.

18.129.1 Detailed Description

Compute RHF wavefunction under the following conditions:

- · external uniform electric field
- set of point charges The mixed conditions can also be used.

Theory

The electrostatic perturbation is here understood as a distribution of external (generally non-uniform) electric field. It is assumed that this perturbation is one-electron in nature. Therefore, the one-electron Hamiltonian is changed according to the following

$$\mathbf{H}^{\text{core}} \to \mathbf{H}^{\text{core}} + \sum_{n} q_{n} \mathbf{V}^{(n)} - \mathbb{M} \cdot \mathbf{F}$$

where q_n is the external classical point charge, $\mathbf{V}^{(n)}$ is the associated matrix of potential integrals, \mathbb{M} is the vector of dipole integrals and \mathbf{F} is an external uniform electric field. The total energy is then computed by performing an SCF procedure on the above one-electron Hamiltionian. The contribution due to nuclei is included, i.e.,

$$E_{
m Nuc}
ightarrow E_{
m Nuc-Nuc} + \sum_{In} rac{q_n Z_I}{r_{In}} - \mu_{
m Nuc} \cdot {f F}$$

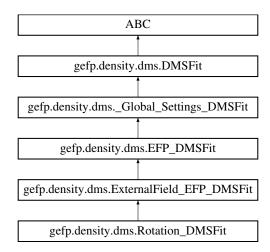
where μ_{Nuc} is the nuclear dipole moment and Z_I is the atomic number of the Ith nucleus. It is added in the nuclear repulsion energy $E_{\mathrm{Nuc-Nuc}}$ (note that the resulting energy can be negative as well depending on the electric field direction and configuration of point charges.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/scf_perturb.h
- oepdev/libutil/scf_perturb.cc

18.130 gefp.density.dms.Rotation_DMSFit Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.Rotation_DMSFit:



Public Member Functions

• def __init__ (self, mol, method, nsamples, dms_types, order_type, use_iterative_model, use_external_field_model, start=1.0, srange=2.0)

Additional Inherited Members

18.130.1 Detailed Description

Rotation method to fit DMS tensors.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.131 gefp.density.rvs.RVS Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, wfn)
- def run_dimer (self, conver=1.0e-7, maxiter=100, ndamp=10)
- def __repr__ (self)

Public Attributes

vars

18.131.1 Detailed Description

```
-----
Reduced Variational Scheme (RVS)
Ref.: Stevens & Fink, Chem. Phys. Lett., Vol. 139, pp. 15-22 (1987)
Implementation for closed-shell systems.
Notes:
o This code contains general implementation of the RVS-SCF method.
Currently, only dimers are automatically analyzed. To use for
multimers, define a subclass and redefine the 'run' method
to include n-mers for n>2.
o Projection of frozen orbitals is achieved by transforming
Fock matrix to orthogonal MO basis of entire n-fragment
aggregate, and setting all the off-diagonal matrix elements
that are associated to the frozen orbitals to zero
[Kairys & Jensen, J. Phys. Chem. A, Vol. 104, No. 28, 2000].
o Orthogonal MO basis is constructed from the original
mutually non-orthogonal MOs of isolated fragments by
GrammSchmidt orthogonalization with respect to the frozen
MOs. If no frozen MOs are requested, symmetric Lowdin
orthogonalization is performed instead.
Usage for dimers:
e, wfn = psi4.energy('scf', return_wfn=True)
rvs = RVS(wfn)
rvs.run_dimer(conver=1.0e-7, maxiter=100, ndamp=10)
print(rvs)
# access variables:
print(rvs.vars.keys())
Example for redefining for multimers:
class Trimer_RVS(RVS):
 def __init__(self, wfn):
     super(RVS, self).__init__(wfn)
```

```
def run_trimer(self, conver, maxiter, ndamp):
                    "Here there is your implementation for trimer"
                    # example for A-B-C (0-1-2) trimer:
                    # energy of Hartree product
                                                                                                                    frozen_occ active_vir exclude_occ
                   E_Ao_Bo_Co
                                                                                    = self._scf([], [], [], conver, maxiter, damp=0.0, ndamp=nd
                    \# energy of Bocc frozen, virtual space composed of Cvir and Bvir, and A molecule \epsilon
                   E_fBo_Bv_Cv = self._scf([1], [1,2], [0], conver, maxiter, damp=0.0, ndamp=ndering and self._scf([1], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [1,2], [
                    # energy of Bocc and Cocc frozen and all virtual space included, Aocc active
                   E_fBo_fCo_Av_Bv_Cv= self._scf([1,2], [0,1,2], [], conver, maxiter, damp=0.0, ndam
    def __repr__(self):
                   "Print the contents"
                   log = ''
                    # ...
                   return str(log)
B. B_lasiak
                                                                                                                                                                                                 Gundelfingen, 14.02.2020
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/rvs.py

18.132 gefp.density.dfi.SCF Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, mol, bfs=None)
- def run (self, maxit=30, conv=1.0e-7, guess=None, damp=0.01, ndamp=10, ver-bose=True, v_ext=None)

Public Attributes

e_nuc

Accessors nuclear repulsion energy.

• E

322

- D
- · Co
- C
- F
- eps
- H
- S
- X

Last Revision: Gund

18.132.1 Detailed Description

```
Self-Consistent Field (SCF) Procedure for Hartree-Fock Model

Demo for RHF-SCF method (closed shells). Implements SCF algorithm
with primitive damping of the AO Fock matrix.

Usage:
scf = SCF(molecule)
scf.run(maxit=30, conv=1.0e-7, guess=None, damp=0.01, ndamp=10, verbose=True)

The above example runs SCF on 'molecule' psi4.core.Molecule object
starting from core Hamiltonian as guess (guess=None)
and convergence 1.0E-7 A.U. in total energy with 30 maximum iterations
(10 of which are performed by damping of the Fock matrix with damping coefficient of 0.
The SCF iterations are printed to standard output (verbose=True).
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

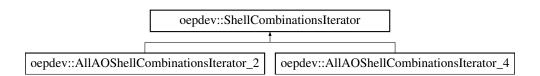
· gefp/gefp/density/dfi.py

18.133 oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator Class Reference

Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base.

```
#include <integrals_iter.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator:



Public Member Functions

ShellCombinationsIterator (int nshell)

Constructor.

virtual ∼ShellCombinationsIterator ()

Destructor.

virtual void first (void)=0

First iteration.

virtual void next (void)=0

Next iteration.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_1 (void) const
 Grab the basis set of axis 1.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_2 (void) const
 Grab the basis set of axis 2.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_3 (void) const
 Grab the basis set of axis 3.

virtual std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_4 (void) const
 Grab the basis set of axis 4.

• virtual int P (void) const

Grab the current shell P index.

virtual int Q (void) const

Grab the current shell Q index.

virtual int R (void) const

Grab the current shell R index.

virtual int S (void) const

Grab the current shell S index.

virtual bool is_done (void)

Return status of an iterator.

· virtual const int nshell (void) const

Return number of shells this iterator is for.

- virtual std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator > ao_iterator (std::string mode="ALL") const
- virtual void compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const =0
- virtual void compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< psi ::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const =0

Static Public Member Functions

static std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > build (const IntegralFactory &ints, std::string mode="ALL", int nshell=4)

Build shell iterator from oepdev::IntegralFactory.

static std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > build (std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory > ints, std::string mode="ALL", int nshell=4)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

static std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > build (const psi::IntegralFactory &ints, std::string mode="ALL", int nshell=4)

Build shell iterator from psi::IntegralFactory.

static std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > build (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > ints, std::string mode="ALL", int nshell=4)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

Protected Attributes

SharedBasisSet bs_1_

Basis set of axis 1.

SharedBasisSet bs_2_

Basis set of axis 2.

SharedBasisSet bs_3_

Basis set of axis 3.

SharedBasisSet bs_4_

Basis set of axis 4.

· const int nshell_

Number of shells this iterator is for.

bool done

Status of an iterator.

18.133.1 Detailed Description

Date

2018/03/01 17:22:00

18.133.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.133.2.1 ShellCombinationsIterator()

Parameters

```
nshell - number of shells this iterator is for
```

18.133.3 Member Function Documentation

```
18.133.3.1 ao_iterator()
```

```
std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator > ShellCombinationsIterator::ao_iterator
(
```

```
std::string mode = "ALL" ) const [virtual]
```

Make an AO integral iterator based on current shell

Parameters

```
mode - either "ALL" or "UNIQUE" (iterate over all or unique integrals)
```

Returns

iterator over AO integrals

Parameters

ints	- integral factory
mode	- mode of iteration (either ALL or UNIQUE)
nshell	- number of shells to iterate through

Returns

shell iterator

Examples:

example_integrals_iter.cc.

Parameters

ints	- integral factory
mode	- mode of iteration (either ALL or UNIQUE)
nshell	- number of shells to iterate through

Returns

shell iterator

```
18.133.3.4 compute_shell() [1/2]
```

Compute integrals in a current shell. Works both for oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt and psi::TwoBodyAOInt

Parameters

```
tei - two body integral object
```

Implemented in oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2, and oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4.

```
18.133.3.5 compute_shell() [2/2]
```

Compute integrals in a current shell. Works both for oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt and psi::TwoBodyAOInt

Parameters

```
tei - two body integral object
```

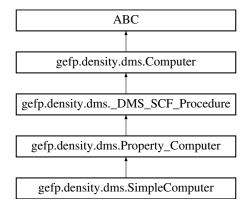
Implemented in oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

18.134 gefp.density.dms.SimpleComputer Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.SimpleComputer:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, args, kwargs)

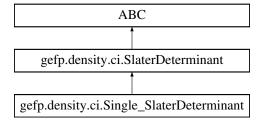
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.135 gefp.density.ci.Single_SlaterDeterminant Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.ci.Single_SlaterDeterminant:



Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self, nao, nbo, nmo, rule)

Public Attributes

- is_single
- · change_alpha

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

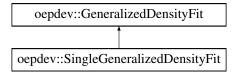
· gefp/gefp/density/ci.py

18.136 oepdev::SingleGeneralizedDensityFit Class Reference

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme - Single Fit.

#include <oep_gdf.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::SingleGeneralizedDensityFit:



Public Member Functions

- SingleGeneralizedDensityFit (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs_auxiliary, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > v_vector)
- std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > compute (void)
 Perform the generalized density fit.

Additional Inherited Members

18.136.1 Detailed Description

The density fitting map projects the OEP onto the auxiliary, nearly complete basis set space through application of the resolution of identity. Refer to density fitting in complete space for more details.

18.136.2 Determination of the OEP matrix

Coefficients G are computed by using the following relation

$$\mathbf{G}^{(i)} = \mathbf{v}^{(i)} \cdot \mathbf{S}^{-1}$$

where

$$S_{\xi\eta} = (\xi|\eta)$$
$$v_{\xi}^{(i)} = (\xi|\hat{v}i)$$

In the above, | denotes the single integration over electron coordinate, i.e.,

$$(a|b) \equiv \int d\mathbf{r} \phi_a^*(\mathbf{r}) \phi_b(\mathbf{r})$$

whereas the spatial form of the potential operator \hat{v} can be expressed by

$$v(\mathbf{r}) \equiv \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\rho(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r}' - \mathbf{r}|}$$

with $\rho(\mathbf{r})$ being the effective one-electron density associated with \hat{v} .

18.136.3 Member Function Documentation

18.136.3.1 compute()

Returns

The OEP coefficients $G_{\mathcal{E}_i}$

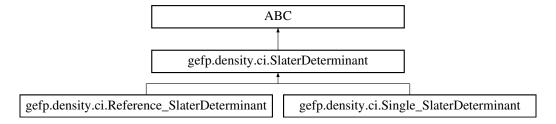
Implements oepdev::GeneralizedDensityFit.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/liboep/oep_gdf.h
- oepdev/liboep/oep_gdf.cc

18.137 gefp.density.ci.SlaterDeterminant Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.ci.SlaterDeterminant:



Public Member Functions

• def __init__ (self, nao, nbo, nmo, rule)

Public Attributes

- · is_reference
- is_single
- is_double
- is_triple
- rule
- nao
- nbo
- nav
- nbv
- nmo

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/density/ci.py

18.138 oepdev::GeneralizedPolarGEFactory::StatisticalSet Struct Reference

A structure to handle statistical data.

```
#include <gefp.h>
```

Public Attributes

- std::vector < double > InducedInteractionEnergySet
 Interaction energy set.
- std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix > > DensityMatrixSet
 Density matrix set.
- std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Vector > > InducedDipoleSet
 Induced dipole moment set.
- std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Vector > > InducedQuadrupoleSet
 Induced quadrupole moment set.
- std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix > > JKMatrixSet
 Sum of J and K matrix set.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h

18.139 gefp.math.matrix.Superimposer Class Reference

Public Member Functions

def __init__ (self)

SVDSuperimposer from BIOPYTHON PACKAGE Copyright (C) 2002, Thomas Hamelryck (thamelry@vub.ac.be) This code is part of the Biopython distribution and governed by its license.

- def set (self, reference_coords, coords)
- def run (self)
- def get_transformed (self)
- def get_rotran (self)
- def get_init_rms (self)
- def get_rms (self)

Public Attributes

- reference_coords
- · coords
- transformed_coords
- rot
- tran
- rms
- · init_rms
- n

18.139.1 Detailed Description

```
SVDSuperimposer finds the best rotation and translation to put two point sets on top of each other (minimizing the RMSD). This is eg. useful to superimpose crystal structures.
```

SVD stands for Singular Value Decomposition, which is used to calculate the superposition.

Reference:

Matrix computations, 2nd ed. Golub, G. & Van Loan, CF., The Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore, 1989

18.139.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Please see the LICENSE file that should have been included as part of this package.

18.139.3 Member Function Documentation

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• gefp/gefp/math/matrix.py

18.140 oepdev::test::Test Class Reference

Manages test routines.

```
#include <test.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- Test (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & options)
 Construct the tester.
- ~Test ()

Destructor.

double run (void)

Pefrorm the test.

Protected Member Functions

double test_basic (void)

Test the basic functionalities of OEPDev.

double test_cis_rhf (void)

Test the CIS(RHF) method.

double test_cis_uhf (void)

Test the CIS(UHF) method.

double test_cis_rhf_dl (void)

Test the CIS(RHF) method with Davidson-Liu algorithm.

double test_cis_uhf_dl (void)

Test the CIS(UHF) method with Davidson-Liu algorithm.

double test_cphf (void)

Test the CPHF method.

double test_dmatPol (void)

Test the density matrix susceptibility (X = 1)

double test_dmatPolX (void)

Test the density matrix susceptibility.

double test_eri_1_1 (void)

Test the oepdev::ERI_1_1 class against psi::ERI.

double test_eri_2_2 (void)

Test the oepdev::ERI_2_2 class against psi::ERI.

double test_eri_3_1 (void)

Test the oepdev::ERI_3_1 class against psi::ERI.

double test_unitaryOptimizer (void)

Test the oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer class.

double test_unitaryOptimizer_4_2 (void)

Test the oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer_4_2 class.

double test_scf_perturb (void)

Test the oepdev::RHFPerturbed class.

double test_camm (void)

Test the oepdev::CAMM class.

double test_dmtp_pot_field (void)

Test the oepdev::MultipoleConvergence class: potential and field calculations.

double test_dmtp_energy (void)

Test the oepdev::DMTP class for energy calculations.

double test_efp2_energy (void)

Test the oepdev::EFP2_GenEffPar and oepdev::EFP2_Computer classes.

double test_kabsch_superimposition (void)

Test the oepdev::KabschSuperimposer.

double test_dmtp_superimposition (void)

Test the oepdev::DMTP class for superimposition.

double test_esp_solver (void)

Test the oepdev::ESPSolver.

double test_points_collection3d (void)

Test the cube file generation (oepdev::Field3D electrostatic potential and oepdev::Points3Dlterator for cube collection)

double test_ct_energy_benchmark_ol (void)

Test the Charge-transfer Energy Solver (benchmark method Otto-Ladik)

double test_rep_energy_benchmark_hs (void)

Test the Repulsion Energy Solver: (benchmark method Hayes-Stone)

double test_rep_energy_benchmark_dds (void)

Test the Repulsion Energy Solver: (benchmark method Density-Based - DDS/HF)

double test_rep_energy_benchmark_murrell_etal (void)

Test the Repulsion Energy Solver: (benchmark method Murrell-etal)

double test_rep_energy_oep_based_murrell_etal (void)

Test the Repulsion Energy Solver: (OEP-based method Murrell-etal)

double test_rep_energy_benchmark_ol (void)

Test the Repulsion Energy Solver: (benchmark method Otto-Ladik)

double test_rep_energy_benchmark_efp2 (void)

Test the Repulsion Energy Solver: (benchmark method EFP2)

double test_custom (void)

Test the custom code (to be deprecated)

Protected Attributes

std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn_

Wavefunction object.

psi::Options & options_

Psi4 Options.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libtest/test.h
- · oepdev/libtest/basic.cc
- oepdev/libtest/camm.cc
- oepdev/libtest/cis_rhf_dl.cc
- oepdev/libtest/cis_rhf_explicit.cc
- oepdev/libtest/cis_uhf_dl.cc
- oepdev/libtest/cis_uhf_explicit.cc
- oepdev/libtest/cphf.cc
- oepdev/libtest/ct_energy_benchmark_ol.cc

- · oepdev/libtest/dmatpol.cc
- oepdev/libtest/dmatpolX.cc
- oepdev/libtest/dmtp_energy.cc
- oepdev/libtest/dmtp_pot_field.cc
- oepdev/libtest/dmtp_superimposition.cc
- oepdev/libtest/efp2_energy.cc
- oepdev/libtest/eri_1_1.cc
- oepdev/libtest/eri_2_2.cc
- oepdev/libtest/eri_3_1.cc
- oepdev/libtest/esp_solver.cc
- oepdev/libtest/kabsch_superimposition.cc
- oepdev/libtest/points_collection3d.cc
- oepdev/libtest/rep_energy_benchmark_dds.cc
- oepdev/libtest/rep_energy_benchmark_efp2.cc
- oepdev/libtest/rep_energy_benchmark_hs.cc
- oepdev/libtest/rep_energy_benchmark_murrell_etal.cc
- oepdev/libtest/rep_energy_benchmark_ol.cc
- oepdev/libtest/rep_energy_oep_based_murrell_etal.cc
- oepdev/libtest/scf_perturb.cc
- oepdev/libtest/test.cc
- oepdev/libtest/test_custom.cc
- oepdev/libtest/unitary_optimizer.cc
- oepdev/libtest/unitary_optimizer_4_2.cc

18.141 oepdev::TIData Class Reference

Transfer Integral EET Data.

#include <ti_data.h>

Public Member Functions

TIData ()

Constructor.

virtual ∼TIData ()

Destroctor.

void set_s (double, double, double, double, double)

Set the overlap integrals between basis states, S_{ij} , for ij=12,13,14,23,24,34.

void set_e (double, double, double, double)

Set the diagonal exciton Hamiltonian matrix elements E_n for n=1,2,3,4.

void set_de (double, double)

Set environmental corrections ΔE_1 and ΔE_2 .

- void set_trcamm_coupling (oepdev::SharedDMTPConvergence)
 - Set the convergence object for TrCAMM-based $V^{\text{Coul},(0)}$.
- virtual double coupling_trcamm (const std::string &rn)
- virtual double coupling_direct (void)
- virtual double coupling_direct_coul (void)
- virtual double coupling_direct_exch (void)
- virtual double coupling_indirect (void)
- virtual double coupling_indirect_ti2 (void)
- virtual double coupling_indirect_ti3 (void)
- virtual double coupling_total (void)
- virtual double overlap_corrected (const std::string &type)
- virtual double overlap_corrected_direct (void)
- virtual double overlap_corrected_direct (double v)
- virtual double overlap_corrected_indirect (double v, double s)

Public Attributes

- oepdev::MultipoleConvergence::ConvergenceLevel trcamm_convergence
 - Convergence object for Coulombic coupling under TrCAMM approximation.
- bool diagonal_correction
 - Environmental correction activated?
- bool mulliken_approximation
 - Mulliken approximation activated?
- bool overlap_correction
 - Overlap correction acrivatved?
- bool trcamm_approximation
 - TrCAMM approximation activated?
- std::map< std::string, double > v0
- oepdev::SharedDMTPConvergence v0_trcamm
 - V0_Coul multipole convergence.
- double s12
 - Overlap matrix element between basis functions.
- double s13
 - Overlap matrix element between basis functions.
- double s14
 - Overlap matrix element between basis functions.
- double s23
 - Overlap matrix element between basis functions.

double s24

Overlap matrix element between basis functions.

double s34

Overlap matrix element between basis functions.

• double e1

Diagonal Hamiltonian matrix element.

double e2

Diagonal Hamiltonian matrix element.

• double e3

Diagonal Hamiltonian matrix element.

• double e4

Diagonal Hamiltonian matrix element.

double de1

Environmental correction to the E_n for n = 1,2.

double de2

Environmental correction to the E_n for n = 1,2.

Protected Attributes

double c_

Conversion factor (unused now)

18.141.1 Detailed Description

Container for storing and managing TI data for EET coupling calculations, according to Fujimoto JCP 2012:

- · exciton Hamiltonian matrix elements
- · overlap integrals between basis states
- TrCAMM EET coupling convergence object

Contains useful methods to process exciton Hamiltonian matrix elements:

- · compute direct and indirect EET coupling constants
- · compute overlap-corrected exciton Hamiltonian off-diagonal matrix elements

- include or exclude environmental correction in the diagonal exciton Hamiltonian
- activate TrCAMM approximation of $V^{\operatorname{Coul},(0)}$
- activate Mulliken approximation for $V^{\mathrm{Exch},(0)}$ and $V^{\mathrm{CT},(0)}$

To activate/deactivate the various approximations and corrections listed above, set the following attributes

- diagonal_correction
- mulliken_approximation
- overlap_correction
- trcamm_approximation

to true/false, accroding to your need.

Example of usage.

```
{c++}
 // Set up exciton Hamiltonian
 TIData data = TIData();
 data.set_s(S12, S13, S14, S32, S42, S34);
 data.set_e(E1, E2, E3, E4);
 data.set_de(E1 - E01, E2 - E02);
 data.v0["COUL"] = V0_Coul;
 data.v0["EXCH"] = V0_Exch;
 data.v0["ET1"] = V0_ET1;
 data.v0["ET2"] = V0_ET2;
 data.v0["HT1"] = V0_HT1;
 data.v0["HT2"] = V0_HT2;
 data.v0["CT" ] = V0_CT;
 data.v0["EXCH_M"] = V0_Exch_M;
 data.v0["CT_M"] = V0_CT_M;
 // Set up appriximations and corrections
 data.diagonal_correction = true;
 data.mulliken_approximation= false;
 data.trcamm_approximation = false;
 data.overlap_correction = true;
 // Compute overlap-corrected indirect coupling matrix elements
 double V_ET1 = data.overlap_corrected("ET1");
 double V_ET2 = data.overlap_corrected("ET2");
 double V_HT1 = data.overlap_corrected("HT1");
 double V_HT2 = data.overlap_corrected("HT2");
 double V_CT = data.overlap_corrected("CT") ;
 double V_CT_M= data.overlap_corrected("CT_M");
 // Compute final coupling contributions
 double V_Coul = data.overlap_corrected("COUL");
 double V_Exch = data.overlap_corrected("EXCH");
 double V_Ovrl = data.overlap_corrected("OVRL");
 double V_Exch_M= data.overlap_corrected("EXCH_M");
 double V_TI_2 = data.coupling_indirect_ti2();
 double V_TI_3 = data.coupling_indirect_ti3();
 data.diagonal_correction = false;
 double V0_TI_2 = data.coupling_indirect_ti2();
 double V0_TI_3 = data.coupling_indirect_ti3();
```

```
data.mulliken_approximation = true;
double V0_TI_3_M = data.coupling_indirect_ti3();
data.diagonal_correction = true;
double V_TI_3_M = data.coupling_indirect_ti3();
double V_direct = V_Coul + V_Exch + V_Ovrl;
double V_indirect = V_TI_2 + V_TI_3;
```

See also

oepdev::EETCouplingSolver

18.141.2 Member Function Documentation

18.141.2.1 coupling_direct()

Compute the direct EET coupling constant.

Returns

$$V^{\text{Dir}} = V^{\text{Coul}} + V^{\text{Exch}} + V^{\text{Ovrl}}$$

Overlap and diagonal corrections as well as TrCAMM and Mulliken approximations for Coulomb and pure exchange parts can be set.

18.141.2.2 coupling_direct_coul()

Compute the direct EET coupling constant in Forster limit (Coulombic approximation)

Returns

$$V^{\text{Dir}} = V^{\text{Coul}}$$

Overlap correction as well as TrCAMM approximation for Coulomb coupling can be set.

18.141.2.3 coupling_direct_exch()

Compute the direct EET coupling constant due to pure exchange.

Returns

$$V^{\text{Dir}} = V^{\text{Exch}}$$

Overlap correction as well Mulliken approximation for pure exchange coupling can be set.

18.141.2.4 coupling_indirect()

Compute the indirect EET coupling constant.

Returns

$$V^{\text{Indir}} = V^{\text{TI},(2)} + V^{\text{TI},(3)}$$

Overlap and diagonal corrections as well as Mulliken approximations for $V^{\mathrm{CT},(0)}$ can be set.

18.141.2.5 coupling_indirect_ti2()

Compute the indirect EET coupling constant in second-order with respect to TI.

Returns

$$V^{{
m TI},(2)} = -rac{V^{{
m ET}1}V^{{
m HT}2}}{E_3 - E_1} - rac{V^{{
m ET}2}V^{{
m HT}1}}{E_4 - E_1}$$

Overlap and diagonal corrections can be set.

18.141.2.6 coupling_indirect_ti3()

Compute the indirect EET coupling constant in third-order with respect to TI.

Returns

$$V^{\text{TI},(3)} = \frac{V^{\text{CT}}(V^{\text{ET}1}V^{\text{ET}2} + V^{\text{HT}1}V^{\text{HT}2})}{(E_3 - E_1)(E_4 - E_1)}$$

Overlap and diagonal corrections as well as Mulliken approximations for $V^{\mathrm{CT},(0)}$ can be set.

18.141.2.7 coupling_total()

Compute the total EET coupling constant.

Returns

```
V^{\text{Total}} = V^{\text{Dir}} + V^{\text{Indir}}
```

Overlap and diagonal corrections, TrCAMM approximation for Coulomb coupling, and Mulliken approximations for pure exchange coupling and $V^{\rm CT,(0)}$ can be set.

18.141.2.8 coupling_trcamm()

Compute Coulombic coupling approximated by TrCAMM.

Parameters

rn

- convergence of TrCAMM coupling. Can be from R1 to R5, which corresponds to the R^{-n} series expansion of distributed multipoles.

Returns

$$V^{\text{Coul},(0)} \approx V^{\text{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-n})$$

18.141.2.9 overlap_corrected()

Compute overlap corrected matrix elements.

Parameters

```
- matrix element V^{\mathrm{type},(0)} subject to overlap correction, where type is one of the
following:
     • COUL - V^{\operatorname{Coul},(0)}
     • EXCH - V^{\operatorname{Exch},(0)},
     • TrCAMM_R1 - V^{\text{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-1}),
     • TrCAMM_R2 - V^{\mathrm{TrCAMM},(0)}(\mathbf{R}^{-2}),
     • TrCAMM_R3 - V^{\text{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-3}),
     • TrCAMM_R4 - V^{\text{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-4}),
     • TrCAMM_R5 - V^{\text{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-5}),
     • ET1 - V^{\text{ET1},(0)},
     • ET2 - V^{\text{ET2},(0)}
     • HT1 - VHT1,(0)
     • HT2 - V^{\text{HT2},(0)}.
     • CT - V^{CT,(0)}.
     • CT_M - Mulliken-approximated V^{\text{CT},(0)},
     • EXCH_M - Mulliken-approximated V^{\mathrm{Exch},(0)}.
```

If type = OVRL, the overlap-correction to the direct EET coupling constant is returned, V^{Ovrl} .

Returns

overlap-corrected exciton Hamiltonian matrix element contribution of selected type

Diagonal correction can be set.

Compute overlap-corrected direct EET coupling constant.

Returns

$$V^{\mathrm{Dir}} = V^{\mathrm{Coul}} + V^{\mathrm{Exch}} + V^{\mathrm{Ovrl}}$$

Diagonal correction, TrCAMM approximation and Mulliken approximation can be set.

18.141.2.11 overlap_corrected_direct() [2/2]

Compute overlap-corrected direct EET coupling constant from value v.

Returns

$$\frac{v}{1-S_{12}^2}$$

18.141.2.12 overlap_corrected_indirect()

```
double TIData::overlap_corrected_indirect ( double v, double s ) [virtual]
```

Compute overlap-corrected coupling constant from value *v* and associated overlap integral *s*.

Returns

$$\frac{1}{1-s^2}\left(v-\frac{(E_1+E_2)s}{2}\right)$$

Diagonal correction can be set.

18.141.3 Member Data Documentation

18.141.3.1 v0

```
std::map<std::string, double> oepdev::TIData::v0
```

Dictionary of all zeroth-order off-diagonal matrix elements.

Use only the following keywords:

- COUL $V^{\text{Coul},(0)}$.
- EXCH $V^{\operatorname{Exch},(0)}$
- TrCAMM_R1 $V^{\text{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-1})$,
- TrCAMM_R2 $V^{\text{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-2})$.
- TrCAMM_R3 $V^{\mathrm{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-3})$,
- TrCAMM_R4 $V^{\text{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-4})$,

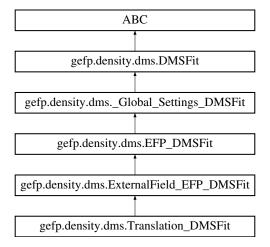
- TrCAMM_R5 $V^{\text{TrCAMM},(0)}(R^{-5})$,
- ET1 $V^{\text{ET1},(0)}$.
- ET2 $V^{{
 m ET2},(0)}$
- HT1 VHT1,(0),
- HT2 $V^{
 m HT2,(0)}$,
- $CT V^{CT,(0)}$.
- CT_M Mulliken-approximated $V^{\mathrm{CT},(0)}$,
- EXCH_M Mulliken-approximated $V^{\mathrm{Exch},(0)}$,
- OVRL V^{Ovrl} .

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libsolver/ti_data.h
- oepdev/libsolver/ti_data.cc

18.142 gefp.density.dms.Translation_DMSFit Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.dms.Translation_DMSFit:



Public Member Functions

 def __init__ (self, mol, method, nsamples, dms_types, order_type, use_iterative_model, use_external_field_model)

Additional Inherited Members

18.142.1 Detailed Description

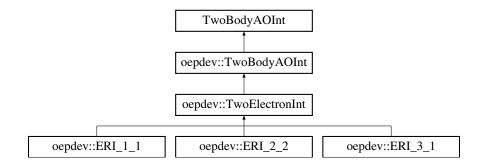
Translation method to fit DMS tensors.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/dms.py

18.143 oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void compute (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > &result, int ibs1=0, int ibs2=2)

 Compute two-body two-centre integral and put it into matrix.
- virtual void compute (psi::Matrix &result, int ibs1=0, int ibs2=2)
- virtual size_t compute_shell (int, int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell (int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell (int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int)=0

Protected Member Functions

- TwoBodyAOInt (const IntegralFactory *intsfactory, int deriv=0)
- TwoBodyAOInt (const TwoBodyAOInt &rhs)

18.143.1 Member Function Documentation

```
18.143.1.1 compute() [1/2]

void oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt::compute (
          std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > & result,
          int ibs1 = 0,
          int ibs2 = 2 ) [virtual]
```

Parameters

result	- matrix where to store (i j) two-body integrals
ibs1	- first basis set axis
ibs2	- second basis set axis

18.143.1.2 compute() [2/2]

```
void oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt::compute (
    psi::Matrix & result,
    int ibs1 = 0,
    int ibs2 = 2 ) [virtual]
```

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

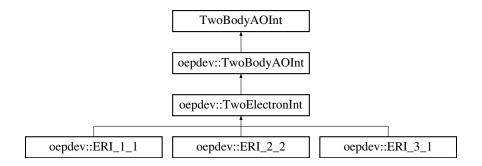
- oepdev/libpsi/integral.h
- · oepdev/libpsi/integral.cc

18.144 oepdev::TwoElectronInt Class Reference

General Two Electron Integral.

```
#include <eri.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::TwoElectronInt:



Public Member Functions

- TwoElectronInt (const IntegralFactory *integral, int deriv, bool use_shell_pairs)
- virtual size_t compute_shell (int, int)

Compute ERI's between 2 shells. Result is stored in buffer.

virtual size_t compute_shell (int, int, int)

Compute ERI's between 3 shells. Result is stored in buffer.

virtual size_t compute_shell (int, int, int, int)

Compute ERI's between 4 shells. Result is stored in buffer.

- virtual size_t compute_shell (const psi::AOShellCombinationsIterator &)
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int)

Compute first derivatives of ERI's between 2 shells.

virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int)

Compute second derivatives of ERI's between 2 shells.

virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int, int)

Compute first derivatives of ERI's between 3 shells.

virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int, int)

Compute second derivatives of ERI's between 3 shells.

virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int, int, int)

Compute first derivatives of ERI's between 4 shells.

virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int, int, int)

Compute second derivatives of ERI's between 4 shells.

Protected Member Functions

int get_cart_am (int am, int n, int x)

Get the angular momentum per Cartesian component.

double get_R (int N, int L, int M)

Get the (N,L,M)th McMurchie-Davidson coefficient.

virtual size_t compute_doublet (int, int)

Computes the ERI's between three shells.

virtual size_t compute_triplet (int, int, int)

Computes the ERI's between three shells.

virtual size_t compute_quartet (int, int, int, int)

Computes the ERI's between four shells.

Protected Attributes

const int max_am_

Maximum angular momentum.

const int n_max_am_

Maximum number of angular momentum functions.

psi::Fjt * fjt_

Computes the fundamental: Boys function value at T for degree v.

bool use_shell_pairs_

Should we use shell pair information?

const double cartMap_ [60]

Map of Cartesian components per each am.

const double df₋ [8]

Double factorial array.

double * mdh_buffer_R_

Buffer for the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite R coefficents.

18.144.1 Detailed Description

Implements the McMurchie-Davidson recursive scheme for all integral types. The integral can be defined for any number of Gaussian centres, thus it is not limited to 2-by-2 four-centre ERI. Currently implemented subtypes are:

- oepdev::ERI_1_1 2-centre electron-repulsion integral (i|j)
- oepdev::ERI_2_2 4-centre electron-repulsion integral (ii|kl)
- oepdev::ERI_3_1 4-centre electron-repulsion integral (ijk|I)

See also

The Integral Package Library

18.144.2 Member Function Documentation

18.144.2.1 compute_shell()

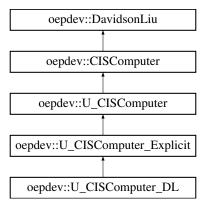
Compute ERIs between 4 shells. Result is stored in buffer. Only for use with ERI_2_2 and the same basis sets, otherwise shell pairs won't be compatible.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libints/eri.h
- · oepdev/libints/eri.cc

18.145 oepdev::U_CISComputer Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::U_CISComputer:



Public Member Functions

• **U_CISComputer** (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)

Protected Member Functions

virtual void print_excited_state_character_ (int I)

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

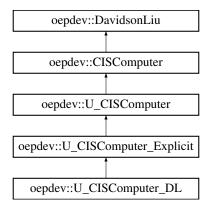
- · oepdev/libutil/cis.h
- oepdev/libutil/cis_uhf.cc

18.146 oepdev::U_CISComputer_DL Class Reference

CIS Computer with UHF reference: Davidson-Liu Solver.

#include <cis.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::U_CISComputer_DL:



Public Member Functions

• **U_CISComputer_DL** (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &opt)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void set_nstates_ (void)
- virtual void transform_integrals_ (void)
- virtual void allocate_hamiltonian_ (void)
- virtual void build_hamiltonian_ (void)
- virtual void diagonalize_hamiltonian_ (void)
- virtual void davidson_liu_compute_diagonal_hamiltonian (void)
- virtual void davidson_liu_compute_sigma (void)

Additional Inherited Members

18.146.1 Detailed Description

Associated options:

- CIS_TYPE must be set to DAVIDSON_LIU (Default).
- CIS_SCHWARTZ_CUTOFF Cutoff for Schwartz ERI screening. Default: 0.0.

Implementation

Diagonal Hamiltonian elements

They are computed by using direct method with Schwartz screening of AO ERI's. The implementation formula is

$$\begin{split} H_{i\bar{i}}^{aa} &= \varepsilon_{a} - \varepsilon_{i} + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} (\alpha\beta|\gamma\delta) C_{\alpha i} C_{\delta a} \left(C_{\beta a} C_{\gamma i} - C_{\beta i} C_{\gamma a} \right) \\ H_{\bar{i}\bar{i}}^{\bar{a}\bar{a}} &= \varepsilon_{\bar{a}} - \varepsilon_{\bar{i}} + \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} (\alpha\beta|\gamma\delta) C_{\alpha\bar{i}} C_{\delta\bar{a}} \left(C_{\beta\bar{a}} C_{\gamma\bar{i}} - C_{\beta\bar{i}} C_{\gamma\bar{a}} \right) \end{split}$$

Sigma vectors

The sigma vectors are computed from

$$\begin{split} & \sigma_i^{a,k} = (\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i) b_i^{a,k} + J_i^a(\mathbf{T}^{(k)}) + J_i^a(\overline{\mathbf{T}^{(k)}}) - K_i^a(\mathbf{T}^{(k)}) \\ & \sigma_{\bar{i}}^{\bar{a},k} = (\varepsilon_{\bar{a}} - \varepsilon_{\bar{i}}) b_{\bar{i}}^{\bar{a},k} + J_{\bar{i}}^{\bar{i}}(\mathbf{T}^{(k)}) + J_{\bar{i}}^{\bar{i}}(\overline{\mathbf{T}^{(k)}}) - K_{\bar{i}}^{\bar{i}}(\overline{\mathbf{T}^{(k)}}) \end{split}$$

where k labels the vectors and where the generalized one-particle density matrices are defined by

$$T_{\gamma\delta}^{(k)} = \sum_{jb} C_{\delta b} b_j^{b,k} C_{\gamma j}$$
 $\overline{T}_{\gamma\delta}^{(k)} = \sum_{\overline{i}\overline{b}} C_{\delta \overline{b}} b_{\overline{j}}^{\overline{b},k} C_{\gamma \overline{j}}$

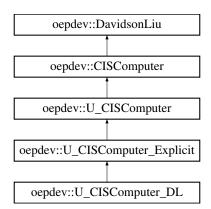
The **J** and **K** matrices in AO basis are computed by using the psi::JK object, and subsequently transformed to CMO's.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/cis.h
- · oepdev/libutil/cis_uhf_dl.cc

18.147 oepdev::U_CISComputer_Explicit Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::U_CISComputer_Explicit:



Public Member Functions

U_CISComputer_Explicit (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void set_beta_ (void)
- virtual void build_hamiltonian_ (void)

Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

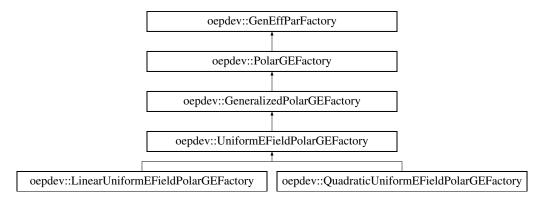
- oepdev/libutil/cis.h
- oepdev/libutil/cis_uhf_explicit.cc

18.148 oepdev::UniformEFieldPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

#include <gefp.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::UniformEFieldPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

- UniformEFieldPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)
- void compute_samples (void)

Compute samples of density matrices and select electric field distributions.

virtual void compute_gradient (int i, int j)=0

Compute Gradient vector associated with the i-th and j-th basis set function.

virtual void compute_hessian (void)=0

Compute Hessian matrix (independent on the parameters)

Additional Inherited Members

18.148.1 Detailed Description

Implements a class of density matrix susceptibility models for parameterization in the uniform electric field.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_uniform_base.cc

18.149 oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer Class Reference

Find the optimim unitary matrix of quadratic matrix equation.

```
#include <unitary_optimizer.h>
```

Public Member Functions

UnitaryOptimizer (double *R, double *P, int n, double conv=1.0e-6, int maxiter=100, bool verbose=true)

Create from R and P matrices and optimization options.

UnitaryOptimizer (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > R, std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > P, double conv=1.0e-6, int maxiter=100, bool verbose=true)

Create from R and P matrices and optimization options.

∼UnitaryOptimizer ()

Clear memory.

• bool maximize ()

Run the minimization.

• bool minimize ()

Run the maximization.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > X ()

Get the unitary matrix (solution)

double * get_X () const

Get the unitary matrix (pointer to solution)

double Z ()

Get the actual value of Z function.

· bool success () const

Get the status of the optimization.

Protected Member Functions

```
    UnitaryOptimizer (int n, double conv, int maxiter, bool verbose)
```

Initialize the basic memory.

void common_init_ ()

Prepare the optimizer.

void run_ (const std::string &opt)

Run the optimization (intermediate interface)

void optimize_ (const std::string &opt)

Run the optimization (inner interface)

void refresh_ ()

Restore the initial state of the optimizer.

void update_conv_ ()

Update the convergence.

void update_iter_ ()

Update the iterates.

void update_Z_ ()

Update Z value.

void update_RP_ ()

Uptade R and P matrices.

void update_X_ ()

Update the solution matrix X.

double eval_Z_ (double *X, double *R, double *P)

Evaluate the objective Z function.

- double eval_Z_ ()
- double eval_dZ_ (double g, double *R, double *P, int i, int j)

Evaluate the change in Z.

double eval_Z_trial_ (int i, int j, double gamma)

Evaluate the trial Z value.

void form_X0_ ()

Create identity matrix.

void form_X_ (int i, int j, double gamma)

Form unitary matrix X (store in buffer Xnew_)

void form_next_X_ (const std::string &opt)

Form the next unitary matrix X.

ABCD get_ABCD_ (int i, int j)

Retrieve ABCD parameters for root search.

void find_roots_boyd_ (const ABCD &abcd)

Solve for all roots of equation A*sin(g) + B*cos(g) + C*sin(2*g) + D*cos(2*g) = 0 -> implements Boyd's method.

double find_root_halley_ (double x0, const ABCD &abcd)

Solve for root of equation A*sin(g) + B*cos(g) + C*sin(2*g) + D*cos(2*g) = 0 -> implements Halley's method.

double find_gamma_ (const ABCD &abcd, int i, int j, const std::string &opt)

Compute gamma from roots of base equations.

• bool It_ (double a, double b)

less-than function

bool gt_ (double a, double b)

greater-than function

double func_0_ (double g, const ABCD &abcd)

Function f(gamma) = d(dZ)/dgamma.

double func_1_ (double g, const ABCD &abcd)

Gradient of f(gamma)

double func_2_ (double g, const ABCD &abcd)

Hessian of f(gamma) - used only for Halley method (not implemented since Boyd method is more suitable here)

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > psi_X_ ()

Form the Psi4 matrix with the transformation matrix.

Protected Attributes

const int n₋

Dimension of the problem.

const double conv_

Convergence.

const int maxiter_

Maximum number of iterations.

const bool verbose_

Verbose mode.

double * R_

R matrix.

double * P_

P vector.

double * R0_

Reference R matrix.

double * P0_

Reference P vector.

double * X_

X Matrix (accumulated solution)

double * W_

Work place.

double * Xold_

Temporary X matrix.

double * Xnew_

Temporary X matrix.

int niter_

Current number of iterations.

double S₋ [4]

Current solutions.

double Zinit_

Initial Z value.

double Zold_

Old Z value.

double Znew_

New Z value.

double conv_current_

Current convergence.

bool success_

Status of optimization.

18.149.1 Detailed Description

The objective function of the orthogonal matrix ${f X}$

$$Z(\mathbf{X}) \equiv \sum_{ijkl} X_{ij} X_{kl} R_{jl} - \sum_{ij} X_{ij} P_j$$

is optimized by using the Jacobi iteration algorithm. In the above equation, \mathbf{R} is a square, general real matrix of size $N \times N$ whereas \mathbf{P} is a real vector of length N.

Algorithm.

Optimization of X is factorized into a sequence of 2-dimensional rotations with one real parameter γ :

$$\boldsymbol{X}^{\text{New}} = \boldsymbol{U}(\boldsymbol{\gamma}) \cdot \boldsymbol{X}^{\text{Old}}$$

where

$$\mathbf{U}(\gamma) \equiv egin{pmatrix} \ddots & & & & & \\ & \cos(\gamma) & \cdots & \sin(\gamma) & & \\ & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & & \\ & -\sin(\gamma) & \cdots & \cos(\gamma) & & & \\ & & & \ddots & & \\ & & & & \ddots & \end{pmatrix}$$

is the Jacobi transformation matrix constructed for the Ith and Jth element from the entire Ndimensional set. For the sake of algirithmic simplicity, every iteration after $\mathbf{U}(\gamma)$ has been formed,

 X^{Old} is for a while assumed to be an identity matrix and the R matrix and P vector are transformed according to the following formulae

$$\mathbf{R} \to \mathbf{U}\mathbf{R}\mathbf{U}^T$$
$$\mathbf{P} \to \mathbf{U}\mathbf{P}$$

The full transformation matrix is accumulated in the memory buffer until convergence.

In each iteration, the optimum angle γ is found as follows: First, the roots of the finite Fourier series

$$A\sin(\gamma) + B\cos(\gamma) + C\sin(2\gamma) + D\cos(2\gamma) = 0$$

are found. In the above equations, the expansion coefficients are given as

$$A = P_I + P_J - \sum_{k \neq I, J} (R_{Ik} + R_{Jk} + R_{kI} + R_{kJ})$$

$$B = P_I - P_J - \sum_{k \neq I, J} (R_{Ik} - R_{Jk} + R_{kI} - R_{kJ})$$

$$C = -2(R_{IJ} + R_{JI})$$

$$D = -2(R_{II} - R_{JJ})$$

and I,J are the chosen indices in the Jacobi iteration subspace. The roots are evaluated by applying the Boyd's method[1], in which they are given as

$$\gamma_n = \Re\left[-i\ln(\lambda_n)\right]$$

where λ_n is an eivenvalue of the following 4 by 4 complex matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{D+iC}{D-iC} & -\frac{B+iC}{D-iC} & 0 & -\frac{B-iC}{D-iC} \end{pmatrix}$$

Once the four roots of the Fourier series equation are found, one solution out of four is chosen which satisfies the global optimum condition, i.e., the largest increase/decrease in the objective function given by

$$\delta Z = A(1 - \cos(\gamma)) + B\sin(\gamma) + C\sin^2(\gamma) + \frac{D}{2}\sin(2\gamma)$$

The discrimination between the minimae/maximae is performed based on the evaluation of the Hessian of Z with respect to γ ,

$$\frac{\partial^2 Z}{\partial \gamma^2} = A\cos(\gamma) - B\sin(\gamma) + 2C\cos(2\gamma) - 2D\sin(2\gamma)$$

All the N(N-1)/2 unique pairs of molecular orbitals are checked and the optimal set of γ, I, J is chosen to construct $\mathbf{X}^{\mathrm{New}}$.

References:

[1] Boyd, J.P.; J. Eng. Math. (2006) 56, pp. 203-219

18.149.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.149.2.1 UnitaryOptimizer() [1/3]

Parameters

R	- R matrix
P	- P vector
n	- dimensionality of the problem (N)
conv	- convergence in the Z function
maxiter	- maximum number of iterations
verbose	- whether print information of iteration process or not Sets up the optimizer.

18.149.2.2 UnitaryOptimizer() [2/3]

```
oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer::UnitaryOptimizer (
    std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > R,
    std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > P,
    double conv = 1.0e-6,
    int maxiter = 100,
    bool verbose = true )
```

Parameters

R	- R matrix
Р	- P vector
conv	- convergence in the Z function
maxiter	- maximum number of iterations
verbose	- whether print information of iteration process or not Sets up the optimizer.

18.149.2.3 UnitaryOptimizer() [3/3]

```
oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer::UnitaryOptimizer (
          int n,
          double conv,
          int maxiter,
          bool verbose ) [protected]
```

Parameters

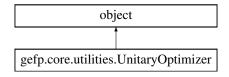
n	- dimensionality of the problem (N)
conv	- convergence in the Z function
maxiter	- maximum number of iterations
verbose	- whether print information of iteration process or not Sets up the optimizer.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/unitary_optimizer.h
- oepdev/libutil/unitary_optimizer.cc

18.150 gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, R, P, conv=1.0e-8, maxiter=100, verbose=True)
- def maximize (self)
- def minimize (self)
- def run (self, opt='minimize')
- def Z (self)

Public Attributes

- X
- conv
- maxiter
- verbose

18.150.1 Detailed Description

```
Finds the unitary matrix X that optimizes the following function:

Z(X) = \sum_{ijkl} X_{ij}X_{kl} R_{jl} - \sum_{ij} X_{ij}P_{j}

where

* X is a square unitary matrix of size N x N

* R is a square, in general non-symmetric matrix of size N x N

* P is a vector of length N

Usage:
optimizer = UnitaryOptimizer(R, P, conv=1.0e-8, maxiter=100, verbose=True)
optimizer.maximize() #or minimize()
X = optimizer.X
Z = optimizer.Z

Last Revision: 25.03.2018
```

18.150.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.150.3 Member Function Documentation

18.150.3.1 maximize()

```
def gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer.maximize ( self )
```

Maximize the $\ensuremath{\mathbf{Z}}$ function under unitary constraint for X

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/core/utilities.py

18.151 oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer_4_2 Class Reference

Find the optimim unitary matrix for quartic-quadratic matrix equation with trace.

```
#include <unitary_optimizer.h>
```

Public Member Functions

UnitaryOptimizer_4_2 (double *R, double *P, int n, double conv=1.0e-6, int maxiter=100, bool verbose=true)

Create from R and P matrices and optimization options.

- \sim UnitaryOptimizer_4_2 ()
 - Clear memory.
- bool maximize ()

Run the minimization.

• bool minimize ()

Run the maximization.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > X ()

Get the unitary matrix (solution)

double * get_X () const

Get the unitary matrix (pointer to solution)

double Z ()

Get the actual value of Z function.

• bool success () const

Get the status of the optimization.

Protected Member Functions

• UnitaryOptimizer_4_2 (int n, double conv, int maxiter, bool verbose)

Initialize the basic memory.

void common_init_ ()

Prepare the optimizer.

void run_ (const std::string &opt)

Run the optimization (intermediate interface)

void optimize_ (const std::string &opt)

Run the optimization (inner interface)

void refresh_ ()

Restore the initial state of the optimizer.

void update_conv_ ()

Update the convergence.

void update_iter_ ()

Update the iterates.

void update_Z_ ()

Update Z value.

void update_RP_ ()

Uptade R and P matrices.

void update_X_ ()

Update the solution matrix X.

double eval_Z_ (double *X, double *R, double *P)

Evaluate the objective Z function.

- double eval_Z_ ()
- double eval_dZ_ (double g, double *R, double *P, int I, int J)

Evaluate the change in Z.

double eval_Z_trial_ (int I, int J, double gamma)

Evaluate the trial Z value.

void form_X0_ ()

Create identity matrix.

void form_X_ (int I, int J, double gamma)

Form unitary matrix X (store in buffer Xnew_)

void form_next_X_ (const std::string &opt)

Form the next unitary matrix X.

Fourier9 get_fourier_ (int I, int J)

Retrieve ABCD parameters for root search.

void find_roots_boyd_ (const Fourier9 &abcd)

Solve for all roots of equation A*sin(g) + B*cos(g) + C*sin(2*g) + D*cos(2*g) = 0 -> implements Boyd's method.

double find_root_halley_ (double x0, const Fourier9 &abcd)

Solve for root of equation A*sin(g) + B*cos(g) + C*sin(2*g) + D*cos(2*g) = 0 -> implements Halley's method.

double find_gamma_ (const Fourier9 &abcd, int i, int j, const std::string &opt)

Compute gamma from roots of base equations.

• bool It_ (double a, double b)

less-than function

bool gt_ (double a, double b)

greater-than function

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > psi_X_ ()

Form the Psi4 matrix with the transformation matrix.

Protected Attributes

const int n_

Dimension of the problem.

const double conv_

Convergence.

· const int maxiter_

Maximum number of iterations.

const bool verbose_

Verbose mode.

double * R_

R tensor.

double * P_

P tensor.

double * R0_

Reference R tensor.

double * P0_

Reference P tensor.

double * X_

X Matrix (accumulated solution)

double * W_

Work place.

double * Xold_

Temporary X matrix.

double * Xnew_

Temporary X matrix.

int niter_

Current number of iterations.

double S₋ [8]

Current solutions.

double Zinit_

Initial Z value.

double Zold_

Old Z value.

double Znew_

New Z value.

double conv_current_

Current convergence.

bool success_

Status of optimization.

18.151.1 Detailed Description

The objective function of the orthogonal matrix **X**

$$Z(\mathbf{X}) \equiv \sum_{ijklmn} X_{ki} X_{lj} X_{mi} X_{nj} R_{ijklmn} + \sum_{ijk} X_{ji} X_{ki} P_{ijk}$$

is optimized by using the Jacobi iteration algorithm. In the above equation, \mathbf{R} is a general real sixth-rank tensor of size N^6 whereas \mathbf{P} is a general real third-rank tensor of size N^3 .

Algorithm.

Optimization of X is factorized into a sequence of 2-dimensional rotations with one real parameter γ :

$$X^{\text{New}} = X^{\text{Old}} \cdot U(\gamma)$$

where

$$\mathbf{U}(\gamma) \equiv egin{pmatrix} \ddots & & & & & \\ & \cos(\gamma) & \cdots & \sin(\gamma) & & \\ & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & & \\ & -\sin(\gamma) & \cdots & \cos(\gamma) & & & \\ & & & \ddots & & \\ & & & & \ddots \end{pmatrix}$$

is the Jacobi transformation matrix constructed for the I th and J th element from the entire N -dimensional set. For the sake of algirithmic simplicity, every iteration after $U(\gamma)$ has been formed, $\mathbf{X}^{\mathrm{Old}}$ is for a while assumed to be an identity matrix and the \mathbf{R} as well as \mathbf{P} tensors are transformed according to the following formulae

$$egin{align*} R_{ijklmn}
ightarrow \sum_{k'l'm'n'} R_{ijk'l'm'n'} X_{k'k} X_{l'l} X_{m'm} X_{n'n} \ P_{ijk}
ightarrow \sum_{j'k'} P_{ij'k'} X_{j'j} X_{k'k} \ \end{aligned}$$

The full transformation matrix is accumulated in the memory buffer until convergence.

In each iteration, the optimum angle γ is found as follows: First, the roots of the finite Fourier series

$$a_0 + \sum_{p=1}^{4} \left\{ a_p \cos(px) + b_p \sin(px) \right\} = 0$$

are found. In the above equations, the expansion coefficients are calculated analytically as a function of I, J - the chosen indices in the Jacobi iteration subspace. The roots are evaluated by applying the Boyd's method[1], in which they are given as

$$\gamma_n = \Re\left[-i\ln(\lambda_n)\right]$$

where λ_n is an eivenvalue of the following 8 by 8 complex matrix:

1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	\
	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
ı	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
İ	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	İ
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
	$-\frac{a_4+ib_4}{a_4-ib_4}$	$-\frac{a_3+ib_3}{a_4-ib_4}$	$-\frac{a_2+ib_2}{a_4-ib_4}$	$-\frac{a_1+ib_1}{a_4-ib_4}$	$-\frac{2a_0}{a_4-ib_4}$	$-\frac{a_1-ib_1}{a_4-ib_4}$	$-\frac{a_2-ib_2}{a_4-ib_4}$	$-\frac{a_3-ib_3}{a_4-ib_4}$	

Once the eight roots of the Fourier series equation are found, one solution out of eight is chosen which satisfies the global optimum condition, i.e., the largest increase/decrease in the objective function given by

$$\delta Z = Z(\mathbf{U}(\gamma)) - Z(\mathbf{1})$$

The Hessian is not computed. All the N(N-1)/2 unique pairs of molecular orbitals are checked and the optimal set of γ, I, J is chosen to construct $\mathbf{X}^{\mathrm{New}}$.

References:

[1] Boyd, J.P.; J. Eng. Math. (2006) 56, pp. 203-219

18.151.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.151.2.1 UnitaryOptimizer_4_2() [1/2]

Parameters

R	- R tensor (flattened row-wise)
Р	- P tensor (flattened row-wise)
n	- dimensionality of the problem (N)
conv	- convergence in the ${\it Z}$ function
maxiter	- maximum number of iterations
verbose	- whether print information of iteration process or not Sets up the optimizer.

18.151.2.2 UnitaryOptimizer_4_2() [2/2]

Parameters

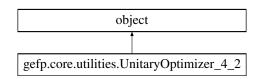
n	- dimensionality of the problem (N)
conv	- convergence in the Z function
maxiter	- maximum number of iterations
verbose	- whether print information of iteration process or not Sets up the optimizer.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/unitary_optimizer.h
- oepdev/libutil/unitary_optimizer.cc

18.152 gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer_4_2 Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer_4_2:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, R, P, conv=1.0e-8, maxiter=100, verbose=True)
- def maximize (self)
- def minimize (self)
- def run (self, opt='minimize')
- def Z (self)

Public Attributes

- X
- conv
- maxiter
- verbose

18.152.1 Detailed Description

```
_____
```

```
Finds the unitary matrix X that optimizes the following function:
```

where

- \star X is a square unitary matrix of size N x N
- * R is a general real 6-th rank tensor of size N^6
- \star P is a general real 3-rd rank tensor of size N^3

Usage:

```
optimizer = UnitaryOptimizer(R, P, conv=1.0e-8, maxiter=100, verbose=True)
optimizer.maximize() #or minimize()
X = optimizer.X
```

Z = optimizer.Z

Last Revision: 07.04.2018

def gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer_4_2...init.. (

18.152.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.152.2.1 __init__()

```
self,
            R,
            P_{\prime}
            conv = 1.0e-8,
            maxiter = 100,
            verbose = True )
Initialize with R and P matrix, as well as optimization options
18.152.3 Member Function Documentation
18.152.3.1 maximize()
def gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer_4_2.maximize (
            self )
Maximize the {\tt Z} function under unitary constraint for {\tt X}
18.152.3.2 minimize()
def gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer_4_2.minimize (
            self )
Minimize the {\tt Z} function under unitary constraint for {\tt X}
18.152.3.3 run()
def gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer_4_2.run (
            self,
            opt = 'minimize' )
Perform the optimization
```

18.152.3.4 Z()

```
def gefp.core.utilities.UnitaryOptimizer_4_2.Z ( self \ ) Return the current value of objective function
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

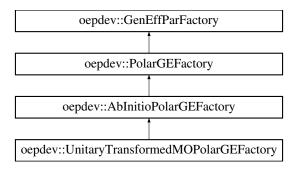
· gefp/gefp/core/utilities.py

18.153 oepdev::UnitaryTransformedMOPolarGEFactory Class Reference

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Scaling of MO Space.

```
#include <gefp.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::UnitaryTransformedMOPolarGEFactory:



Public Member Functions

UnitaryTransformedMOPolarGEFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options & opt)

Construct from CPHF object and Psi4 options.

- virtual ~UnitaryTransformedMOPolarGEFactory ()
 Destruct.
- std::shared_ptr< GenEffPar > compute (void)
 Pefrorm Least-Squares Fit.

Additional Inherited Members

18.153.1 Detailed Description

Implements creation of the density matrix susceptibility tensors for which $X \neq 1$. Guarantees the idempotency of the density matrix up to first-order in LCAO-MO variation.

Note

This method does not give better results than the X=1 method and is extremely time and memory consuming. Therefore, it is placed here only for future reference about solving unitary optimization problem in case it occurs.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h
- oepdev/libgefp/gefp_polar_abinitio.cc

18.154 gefp.core.driver.UniversalSurface Class Reference

Static Public Attributes

- string par_descr_fci_sto3g_1
- string par_fulld_fci_sto3g_1
- par_pade_fci_sto3g_1 = PadeApproximant_2D()
- string par_descr_fci_sto3g_2
- string par_fulld_fci_sto3g_2
- par_pade_fci_sto3g_2 = PadeApproximant_2D()
- par_fci_sto3g_1 = Entry(par_pade_fci_sto3g_1, par_descr_fci_sto3g_1, par_fulld_fci_sto3g_1)
- par_fci_sto3g_2 = Entry(par_pade_fci_sto3g_2, par_descr_fci_sto3g_2, par_fulld_fci_sto3g_2)

18.154.1 Member Data Documentation

18.154.1.1 par_descr_fci_sto3g_1

```
string gefp.core.driver.UniversalSurface.par_descr_fci_sto3g_1 [static]
```

Initial value:

```
= """\
Universal Surface at FCI/STO-3G level.
Systems: 2el (H2), 4el (H4), 10el (H2O)
```

18.154.1.2 par_descr_fci_sto3g_2

string gefp.core.driver.UniversalSurface.par_descr_fci_sto3g_2 [static]

Initial value:

```
= """\
Universal Surface at FCI/STO-3G level.
Systems: 2el (H2), 4el (H4), 10el (H20)
```

18.154.1.3 par_fulld_fci_sto3g_1

string gefp.core.driver.UniversalSurface.par_fulld_fci_sto3g_1 [static]

Initial value:

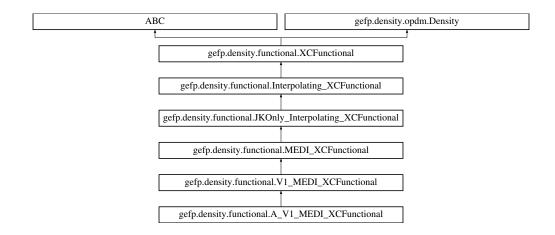
```
= """\
   function used for fitting: g(x,y)
       g(x,y) = (a0 + a1*x + a2*y + a3*x*y + a4*y*y + a5*y*y*x + a6*y*y*y)/(1.0 + b1*x + b2*y + b3*x*y + b4*y*y)/(1.0 + b1*x + b2*y + b3*x*y + b4*y*y + b4*y + b4*y*y + b4*y                           + b5*y*y*x + b6*y*y*y
  degrees of freedom (FIT_NDF)
rms of residuals (FIT_STDFIT) = sqrt(WSSR/ndf)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             : 47
   rms of residuals
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             : 0.0217961
   variance of residuals (reduced chisquare) = WSSR/ndf : 0.00047507
 Final set of parameters
                                                                                                                                         Asymptotic Standard Error
                                                                                                                                        +/- 0.007845 (4.526%)
+/- 3.626 (52.87%)
+/- 0.5255 (71.7%)
                    = 0.173323
                                                            \begin{array}{lll} = -6.85743 & +/- & 3.626 \\ = 0.732897 & +/- & 0.5255 \\ = -8.10918 & +/- & 3.951 \\ = -0.272454 & +/- & 0.5683 \\ = 1.73152 & +/- & 3.307 \\ = -0.0591462 & +/- & 0.08416 \\ = -68.04 & +/- & 38.64 \end{array}
                                                             = -6.85743
   a1
    a2
                                                                                                                                                                                                              (48.73%)
(208.6%)
    a3
    a4
    a5
                                                                                                                                                                                                              (191%)
                                                                                                                                           +/- 0.08416
+/- 38.64
                                                                                                                                                                                                            (142.3%)
(56.8%)
    a6
                                                                 = -68.04
   b1
                                                               = -3.57443
                                                                                                                                            +/- 3.66
                                                                                                                                                                                                               (102.4%)
                                                                                                                                   +/- 43.09
+/- 3.203
                                                                = 23.0961
= -3.80028
                                                                                                                                                                                                              (186.5%)
   b3
   b4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (84.29%)
                                                                                                                                         +/- 27.85
                                                              = 30.2229
                                                                                                                                                                                                               (92.14%)
                                                                 = -0.269245
                                                                                                                                          +/- 0.328
                                                                                                                                                                                                               (121.8%)
   b6
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/core/driver.py

18.155 gefp.density.functional.V1_MEDI_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.V1_MEDI_XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, coeff, kmax)
- def compute_ak (self, k, t)
- def compute_t (self, n=None, c=None)

Additional Inherited Members

18.155.1 Detailed Description

```
Version 1 of MEDI functional. It is a proper functional of density matrix.

However, it cannot be represented explicitely in terms of density matrix.

Functional coefficients:

o't' - t parameter in Gegenbauer Series. Parameter t to be between 0.0 and 1.0.

The larger t, the more terms should be included (higher kmax).
```

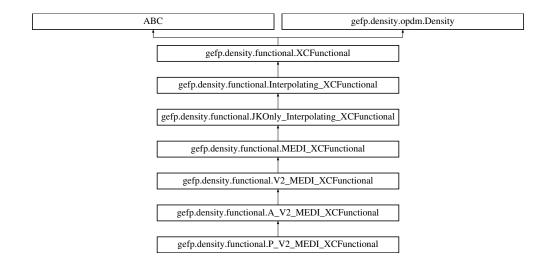
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.156 gefp.density.functional.V2_MEDI_XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.V2_MEDI_XCFunctional:

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Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, coeff, kmax)
- def compute_ak (self, k, t)
- def compute_t (self, n=None, c=None)
- def compute_ak_derivative_t (self, k, t)

Static Public Attributes

- float parameter_A = 100.0
- float parameter_L = -0.4

Additional Inherited Members

18.156.1 Detailed Description

```
Version 2 of MEDI functional. It is a proper functional of density matrix.

Also, it can be represented explicitely in terms of density matrix.

Functional coefficients:

o't' - t parameter in Gegenbauer Series. Parameter t to be between 0.0 and 1.0.

The larger t, the more terms should be included (higher kmax).
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

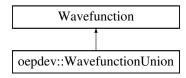
gefp/gefp/density/functional.py

18.157 oepdev::WavefunctionUnion Class Reference

Union of two Wavefunction objects.

#include <wavefunction_union.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::WavefunctionUnion:



Public Member Functions

WavefunctionUnion (SharedWavefunction ref_wfn, Options &options)

Constructor.

WavefunctionUnion (SharedMolecule dimer, SharedBasisSet primary, SharedBasisSet auxiliary_df, SharedBasisSet guess, SharedBasisSet primary_1, SharedBasisSet primary_2, SharedBasisSet auxiliary_1, SharedBasisSet auxiliary_2, SharedBasisSet auxiliary_df_1, SharedBasisSet auxiliary_df_2, SharedBasisSet intermediate_1, SharedBasisSet guess_1, SharedBasisSet guess_2, SharedWavefunction wfn_1, SharedWavefunction wfn_2, Options & Options)

Constructor.

virtual ∼WavefunctionUnion ()

Destructor.

virtual double compute_energy ()

Compute Energy (now blank)

virtual double nuclear_repulsion_interaction_energy ()

Compute Nuclear Repulsion Energy between unions.

void localize_orbitals ()

Localize Molecular Orbitals.

void transform_integrals ()

Transform Integrals (2- and 4-index transformations)

void clear_dpd ()

Close the DPD instance.

int l_nmo (int n) const

Get number of molecular orbitals of the *n*th fragment.

• int l_nso (int n) const

Get number of symmetry orbitals of the *n*th fragment.

int l_ndocc (int n) const

Get number of doubly occupied orbitals of the *n*th fragment.

int l_nvir (int n) const

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Get number of virtual orbitals of the *n*th fragment.

int l_nalpha (int n) const

Get the number of the alpha electrons of the *n*th fragment.

int l_nbeta (int n) const

Get the number of the beta electrons of the *n*th fragment.

int l_nbf (int n) const

Get number of basis functions of the *n*th fragment.

• int l_noffs_ao (int n) const

Get the basis set offset of the *n*th fragment.

double l_energy (int n) const

Get the reference energy of the *n*th fragment.

• SharedMolecule | _molecule (int n) const

Get the molecule object of the *n*th fragment.

SharedBasisSet I_primary (int n) const

Get the primary basis set object of the *n*th fragment.

SharedBasisSet I_auxiliary (int n) const

Get the auxiliary basis set object of the *n*th fragment.

SharedBasisSet Lintermediate (int n) const

Get the intermediate basis set object of the *n*th fragment.

SharedBasisSet Lguess (int n) const

Get the guess basis set object of the *n*th fragment.

SharedWavefunction I_wfn (int n) const

Get the wavefunction object of the *n*th fragment.

• SharedMOSpace I_mospace (int n, const std::string &label) const

Get the MO space named label (either OCC or VIR) of the *n*th fragment.

• SharedLocalizer Llocalizer (int n) const

Get the orbital localizer object of the *n*th fragment.

SharedIntegralTransform integrals (void) const

Get the integral transform object of the entire union.

bool has_localized_orbitals (void) const

If union got its molecular orbital localized or not.

SharedBasisSet primary (void) const

Get the primary basis set for the entire union.

SharedMOSpace mospace (const std::string &label) const

Get the MO space named label (either OCC or VIR)

- SharedMatrix Ca_subset (const std::string &basis="SO", const std::string &subset="ALL")
- SharedMatrix Cb_subset (const std::string &basis="SO", const std::string &subset="ALL")
- SharedMatrix C_subset_helper (SharedMatrix C, const Dimension &noccpi, SharedVector epsilon, const std::string &basis, const std::string &subset)

Helpers for Ca_ and Cb_ matrix transformers.

 SharedVector epsilon_subset_helper (SharedVector epsilon, const Dimension &noccpi, const std::string &basis, const std::string &subset)

Helper for epsilon transformer.

void print_header (void)

Print information about this wavefunction union.

void print_mo_integrals (void)

Print the MO ingegrals.

Protected Attributes

int nlsolatedMolecules_

Number of isolated molecules.

• SharedWavefunction dimer_wavefunction_

The wavefunction for a dimer (electrons relaxed in the field of monomers)

SharedIntegralTransform integrals_

Integral transform object (2- and 4-index transformations)

bool hasLocalizedOrbitals_

whether orbitals of the union were localized (or not)

std::map< const std::string, SharedMOSpace > mospacesUnion_

Dictionary of MO spaces for the entire union (OCC and VIR)

std::vector< SharedMolecule > I_molecule_

List of molecules.

std::vector< SharedBasisSet > I_primary_

List of primary basis functions per molecule.

std::vector < SharedBasisSet > Lauxiliary_

List of auxiliary basis functions per molecule.

std::vector < SharedBasisSet > Lintermediate_

List of intermediate basis functions per molecule.

std::vector< SharedBasisSet > l_guess_

List of guess basis functions per molecule.

std::vector < SharedWavefunction > I_wfn_

List of original isolated wavefunctions (electrons unrelaxed)

std::vector < std::string > l_name_

List of names of isolated wavefunctions.

std::vector< int > l_nbf_

List of basis function numbers per molecule.

std::vector< int > l_nmo_

List of numbers of molecular orbitals (MO's) per molecule.

std::vector< int > l_nso_

List of numbers of SO's per molecule.

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std::vector< int > l_ndocc_

List of numbers of doubly occupied orbitals per molecule.

std::vector< int > I_nvir_

List of numbers of virtual orbitals per molecule.

std::vector< int > l_noffs_ao_

List of basis set offsets per molecule.

std::vector< double > l_energy_

List of energies of isolated wavefunctions.

std::vector< double > l_efzc_

List of frozen-core energies per isolated wavefunction.

std::vector< bool > l_density_fitted_

List of information per wfn whether it was obtained using DF or not.

std::vector< int > l_nalpha_

List of numbers of alpha electrons per isolated wavefunction.

std::vector< int > l_nbeta_

List of numbers of beta electrons per isolated wavefunction.

std::vector< int > l_nfrzc_

List of numbers of frozen-core orbitals per isolated molecule.

std::vector < SharedLocalizer > Llocalizer_

List of orbital localizers.

std::vector< std::map< const std::string, SharedMOSpace >> L_mospace_

List of dictionaries of MO spaces.

std::shared_ptr< psi::OEProp > oeprop_

One-Electron Property.

18.157.1 Detailed Description

The WavefunctionUnion is the union of two unperturbed Wavefunctions.

Notes:

- 1. Works only for C1 symmetry! Therefore this->nirrep() = 1.
- 2. Does not set reference_wavefunction_
- 3. Sets oeprop_for the union of uncoupled molecules
- 1. Performs Hadamard sums on H_, Fa_, Da_, Ca_ and S_ based on uncoupled wavefunctions.
- 2. Since it is based on shallow copy of the original Wavefunction, it **changes** contents of this wavefunction. Reallocate and copy if you want to keep the original wavefunction.

Warnings:

- 1. Gradients, Hessians and frequencies are not touched, hence they are wrong!
- 2. Lagrangian (if present) is not touched, hence its wrong!
- 3. Ca/Cb and epsilon subsets were reimplemented from psi::Wavefunction to remove sorting of orbitals. However, the corresponding member functions are not virtual in psi::Wavefunction. This could bring problems when upcasting.

The following variables are *shallow* copies of variables inside the Wavefunction object, that is created for the *whole* molecule cluster:

- basissets_(DF/RI/F12/etc basis sets)_
- basisset_(ORBITAL basis set)
- sobasisset_(Primary basis set for SO integrals)
- AO2SO_ (AO2SO conversion matrix (AO in rows, SO in cols)
- molecule_ (Molecule that this wavefunction is run on)
- options_(Options object)
- psio_ (PSI file access variables)
- integral_(Integral factory)
- factory_ (Matrix factory for creating standard sized matrices)
- memory_ (How much memory you have access to)
- nalpha_, nbeta_ (Total alpha and beta electrons)
- nfrzc_ (Total frozen core orbitals)
- doccpi_ (Number of doubly occupied per irrep)
- soccpi_ (Number of singly occupied per irrep)
- frzcpi_ (Number of frozen core per irrep)
- frzvpi_ (Number of frozen virtuals per irrep)
- nalphapi_ (Number of alpha electrons per irrep)
- nbetapi_ (Number of beta electrons per irrep)
- nsopi_ (Number of so per irrep)
- nmopi_ (Number of mo per irrep)
- nso_ (Total number of SOs)
- nmo_ (Total number of MOs)
- nirrep_ (Number of irreps; must be equal to 1 due to symmetry reasons)
- same_a_b_dens_ and same_a_b_orbs_ The rest is altered so that the Wavefunction parameters reflect a cluster of non-interacting (uncoupled, isolated, unrelaxed) molecular electron densities.

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18.157.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

18.157.2.1 WavefunctionUnion() [1/2] oepdev::WavefunctionUnion::WavefunctionUnion (

```
SharedWavefunction ref_wfn,
Options & options)
```

Provide wavefunction with molecule containing at least 2 fragments.

Parameters

ref_wfn	- reference wavefunction
options	- Psi4 options

18.157.2.2 WavefunctionUnion() [2/2]

```
oepdev::WavefunctionUnion::WavefunctionUnion (
           SharedMolecule dimer,
           SharedBasisSet primary,
           SharedBasisSet auxiliary_df,
           SharedBasisSet guess,
           SharedBasisSet primary_1,
           SharedBasisSet primary_2,
           SharedBasisSet auxiliary_1,
           SharedBasisSet auxiliary_2,
           SharedBasisSet auxiliary_df_1,
           SharedBasisSet auxiliary_df_2,
           SharedBasisSet intermediate_1,
           SharedBasisSet intermediate_2,
           SharedBasisSet guess_1,
           SharedBasisSet guess_2,
           SharedWavefunction wfn_1,
           SharedWavefunction wfn_2,
           Options & options )
```

Provide molecule dimer and all the required monomer basis sets and wavefunctions.

Parameters

dimer	- molecule object
primary	- basis set object: dimer (primary)
auxiliary_df	- basis set object: dimer (DF SCF)
guess	- basis set object: dimer (guess)

Parameters

primary_1	- basis set object for 1st monomer
primary_2	- basis set object for 2nd monomer
auxiliary ₋ 1	- basis set object for 1st monomer
auxiliary₋2	- basis set object for 2nd monomer
auxiliary_df_1	- basis set object for 1st monomer
auxiliary_df_2	- basis set object for 2nd monomer
intermediate ₋ 1	- basis set object for 1st monomer
intermediate_2	- basis set object for 2nd monomer
guess_1	- basis set object for 1st monomer
guess_2	- basis set object for 2nd monomer
wfn_1	- unperturbed wavefunction object
wfn₋2	- unperturbed wavefunction object
options	- Psi4 options

18.157.3 Member Function Documentation

18.157.3.1 Ca_subset()

Return a subset of the Ca matrix in a desired basis

Parameters

basis	the symmetry basis to use AO, SO
subset	the subset of orbitals to return ALL, ACTIVE, FROZEN, OCC, VIR, FROZEN_OCC,
	ACTIVE_OCC, ACTIVE_VIR, FROZEN_VIR

Returns

the matrix in Pitzer order in the desired basis

18.157.3.2 Cb_subset()

382 Class Documentation

Return a subset of the Cb matrix in a desired basis

Parameters

basis	the symmetry basis to use AO, SO
subset	the subset of orbitals to return ALL, ACTIVE, FROZEN, OCC, VIR, FROZEN_OCC,
	ACTIVE_OCC, ACTIVE_VIR, FROZEN_VIR

Returns

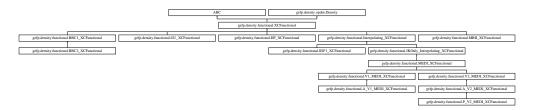
the matrix in Pitzer order in the desired basis

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/wavefunction_union.h
- · oepdev/libutil/wavefunction_union.cc

18.158 gefp.density.functional.XCFunctional Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for gefp.density.functional.XCFunctional:



Public Member Functions

- def __init__ (self, jk=None, wfn=None, ints=None)
- def set_wfn (self, wfn)
- def set_jk (self, jk)
- def **set_ints** (self, ints)
- def create (cls, name=default, kwargs)
- def abbr (self)
- def energy_D (self, x, mode)
- def energy_P (self, x)
- def energy_pc (self, x)
- def gradient_D (self, x)
- def gradient_P (self, x)
- def gradient_P_approximate (self, x)
- def gradient_P_numerical (self, x)
- def gradient_nc (self, x)
- def gradient_pc (self, x)

Static Public Member Functions

- def name ()
- def fij (n)
- def fij_1 (n, m)

Static Public Attributes

• string **default** = 'hf'

18.158.1 Detailed Description

```
\
The Exchange-Correlation DMFT functional.
```

def gefp.density.functional.XCFunctional.create (

18.158.2 Member Function Documentation

18.158.2.1 create()

```
cls,
          name = default,
          kwargs )
Create a density matrix exchange-correlation functional.
Available functionals:
                                                    Sets:
                                                              Analytic Derivatives:
 o 'HF' - the Hartree-Fock functional (default)
                                                   D, NC
                                                              Yes
 o 'MBB' - the Muller-Buijse-Baerends functional
                                                              Yes
 o 'GU' - the Goedecker-Urmigar functional
                                                   Ρ
                                                             Approximate
 o 'BBC1'- the BBC1 functional
                                                   Ρ
                                                             No
 o 'BBC2'- the BBC2 functional
                                                   Ρ
                                                              No
 o 'MEDI' - the monotonous exponential decay
   of interpolates between MBB and
   MBB with zero exchange.
 o 'OEDI'- the oscillatory exponential decay
   of interpolates between MBB and
   MBB with zero exchange.
 o 'IDF1'- interpolating density matrix functional P
                                                              No
   ???
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

gefp/gefp/density/functional.py



Chapter 19

File Documentation

19.1 include/oepdev_files.h File Reference

Macros

#define OEPDEV_USE_PSI4_DIIS_MANAGER 0

Use DIIS from Psi4 (1) or OEPDev (0)?

#define OEPDEV_MAX_AM 8

L_max.

#define OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM 17

2L_max+1

• #define OEPDEV_CRIT_ERI 1e-9

ERI criterion for E12, E34, E123 and lambda*EXY coefficients.

#define OEPDEV_SIZE_BUFFER_R 250563

Size of R buffer (OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*3)

#define OEPDEV_SIZE_BUFFER_D2 3264

Size of D2 buffer (3*(OEPDEV_MAX_AM+1)*(OEPDEV_MAX_AM+1)*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM)

#define OEPDEV_AU_KcalPerMole 627.509

Energy converters.

- #define OEPDEV_AU_CMRec 219474.63
- #define OEPDEV_AU_EV 27.21138

19.2 include/oepdev_options.h File Reference

Namespaces

psi

Psi4 package namespace.

Functions

PSI_API int psi::read_options (std::string name, Options & options)
 Options for the OEPDev plugin.

19.3 main.cc File Reference

```
#include <string>
#include "include/oepdev_files.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "include/oepdev_options.h"
#include "oepdev/liboep/oep.h"
#include "oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h"
#include "oepdev/libsolver/solver.h"
#include "oepdev/libtest/test.h"
#include <pybind11/pybind11.h>
```

Namespaces

• psi

Psi4 package namespace.

Typedefs

- using SharedWavefunction = std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction >
- using SharedUnion = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::WavefunctionUnion >
- using SharedOEPotential = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::OEPotential >
- using SharedGEFPFactory = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::GenEffParFactory >
- using SharedGEFPParameters = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::GenEffPar >

Functions

- void psi::export_dmtp (py::module &)
- void psi::export_cphf (py::module &)
- void psi::export_solver (py::module &)
- void psi::export_util (py::module &)
- void psi::export_oep (py::module &)
- void psi::export_gefp (py::module &)
- PSI_API SharedWavefunction psi::oepdev (SharedWavefunction ref_wfn, Options &options)

Main routine of the OEPDev plugin.

psi::PYBIND11_MODULE (oepdev, m)

19.4 oepdev/lib3d/dmtp.h File Reference

```
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/molecule.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::MultipoleConvergence

Multipole Convergence.

class oepdev::DMTPole

Distributed Multipole Analysis Container and Computer. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::CAMM

Cumulative Atomic Multipole Moments.

Namespaces

• psi

Psi4 package namespace.

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

using psi::SharedBasisSet = std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >

19.5 oepdev/lib3d/esp.h File Reference

```
#include "space3d.h"
```

Classes

class oepdev::ESPSolver

Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

using oepdev::SharedField3D = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::Field3D >

19.6 oepdev/libgefp/gefp.h File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <random>
#include <cmath>
#include <map>
#include "psi4/libpsi4util/PsiOutStream.h"
#include "psi4/libpsi4util/process.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector3.h"
#include "../libmints/vector3.h"
#include "../libutil/util.h"
#include "../libutil/util.h"
#include "../libutil/cphf.h"
#include "../libutil/scf_perturb.h"
```

Classes

class oepdev::GenEffPar

Generalized Effective Fragment Parameters. Container Class.

class oepdev::GenEffFrag

Generalized Effective Fragment. Container Class.

class oepdev::GenEffParFactory

Generalized Effective Fragment Factory. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::EFP2_GEFactory

EFP2 GEFP Factory.

class oepdev::OEP_EFP2_GEFactory

OEP-EFP2 GEFP Factory.

class oepdev::PolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::AbInitioPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory from First Principles. Hartree-Fock Approximation.

class oepdev::FFAbInitioPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory from First Principles: Finite-Difference Model. Arbitrary level of theory.

class oepdev::GeneralizedPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

struct oepdev::GeneralizedPolarGEFactory::StatisticalSet

A structure to handle statistical data.

class oepdev::UniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::NonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::LinearUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::QuadraticUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::LinearNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::QuadraticNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::LinearGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::QuadraticGradientNonUniformEFieldPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Parameterization.

class oepdev::UnitaryTransformedMOPolarGEFactory

Polarization GEFP Factory with Least-Squares Scaling of MO Space.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.7 oepdev/libints/eri.h File Reference

```
#include "psi4/libpsi4util/exception.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/fjt.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
#include "recurr.h"
```

Classes

class oepdev::TwoElectronInt

General Two Electron Integral.

class oepdev::ERI_1_1

2-centre ERI of the form (a|O(2)|b) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class oepdev::ERI_2_2

4-centre ERI of the form (ab|O(2)|cd) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class oepdev::ERI_3_1

4-centre ERI of the form (abc|O(2)|d) where O(2) = 1/r12.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.8 oepdev/libints/recurr.h File Reference

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Macros

#define D1_INDEX(x, i, n) ((81*(x))+(9*(i))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D1 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momentum i of function 1, and the Hermite index n.

#define D2_INDEX(x, i, j, n) ((1377*(x))+(153*(i))+(17*(j))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D2 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momenta i, j of function 1 and 2, and the Hermite index n.

#define D3_INDEX(x, i, j, k, n) ((18225*(x))+(2025*(i))+(225*(j))+(25*(k))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D3 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momenta i, j and k of function 1, 2 and 3, and the Hermite index n.

#define R_INDEX(n, I, m, j) ((14739*(n))+(867*(l))+(51*(m))+(j))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson R coefficient stored in the $mdh_buffer_R_$ from angular momenta n, I and m and the Boys index j.

Functions

- double oepdev::d_N_n1_n2 (int N, int n1, int n2, double PA, double PB, double aP)

 Compute McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite (MDH) coefficient for binomial expansion.
- void oepdev::make_mdh_D1_coeff (int n1, double aPd, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for monomial expansion.

void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff (int n1, int n2, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion.

void oepdev::make_mdh_D3_coeff (int n1, int n2, int n3, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *PC, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for trinomial expansion.

void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff_explicit_recursion (int n1, int n2, double aP, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion by explicit recursion. This function makes the same changes to buffers as oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff, but implements it through explicit recursion by calls to oepdev::d_N_n1_n2. Therefore, it is slightly slower. Here for debugging purposes.

void oepdev::make_mdh_R_coeff (int N, int L, int M, double alpha, double a, double b, double c, double *F, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson R coefficients.

19.9 oepdev/liboep/oep.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <map>
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsi4util/PsiOutStream.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/local.h"
#include "../libutil/cis.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
#include "../libpsi/potential.h"
#include "../lib3d/space3d.h"
#include "../lib3d/dmtp.h"
```

Classes

struct oepdev::OEPType

Container to handle the type of One-Electron Potentials.

· class oepdev::OEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base.

• class oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy.

class oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy.

· class oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy.

class oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

- using oepdev::SharedWavefunction = std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction >
- using oepdev::SharedBasisSet = std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >
- using oepdev::SharedMatrix = std::shared_ptr< Matrix >
- using oepdev::SharedVector = std::shared_ptr< Vector >
- using oepdev::SharedDMTPole = std::shared_ptr< DMTPole >
- using oepdev::SharedLocalizer = std::shared_ptr< Localizer >
- using oepdev::SharedCISData = std::shared_ptr< CISData >

19.10 oepdev/liboep/oep_gdf.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
```

Classes

- class oepdev::GeneralizedDensityFit
 Generalized Density Fitting Scheme. Abstract Base.
- class oepdev::SingleGeneralizedDensityFit

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme - Single Fit.

class oepdev::DoubleGeneralizedDensityFit

Generalized Density Fitting Scheme - Double Fit.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.11 oepdev/libpsi/integral.h File Reference

```
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
```

Classes

- class oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt
- class oepdev::IntegralFactory

Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.12 oepdev/libpsi/potential.h File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/typedefs.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/onebody.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/potential.h"
```

```
#include "psi4/libmints/sointegral_onebody.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/osrecur.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::PotentialInt

Computes potential integrals.

Namespaces

· oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.13 oepdev/libsolver/solver.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <map>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/potential.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "psi4/libpsi4util/PsiOutStream.h"
#include "../libutil/wavefunction_union.h"
#include "../libutil/integrals_iter.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
#include "../liboep/oep.h"
#include "../liboep/oepdev_files.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::OEPDevSolver

Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base.

class oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver

Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver

Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver

Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class oepdev::EETCouplingSolver

Compute the EET coupling energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

- using oepdev::SharedWavefunctionUnion = std::shared_ptr< WavefunctionUnion >
- using oepdev::SharedOEPotential = std::shared_ptr< OEPotential >

19.14 oepdev/libsolver/ti_data.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <map>
#include "../lib3d/dmtp.h"
```

Classes

class oepdev::TIData

Transfer Integral EET Data.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

using oepdev::SharedDMTPConvergence = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::MultipoleConvergence

19.15 oepdev/libtest/test.h File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
```

```
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libpsi4util/PsiOutStream.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
#include "../libpsi/integrals_iter.h"
#include "../libutil/integrals_iter.h"
```

Classes

class oepdev::test::Test

Manages test routines.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.16 oepdev/libutil/cis.h File Reference

```
#include <string>
#include <utility>
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.hpp"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/molecule.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/integraltransform.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/mospace.h"
#include "psi4/libdpd/dpd.h"
#include "psi4/libfock/jk.h"
#include "../lib3d/dmtp.h"
#include "davidson_liu.h"
```

Classes

struct oepdev::CISData

Container to handle the CIS wavefunction parameters.

class oepdev::CISComputer

CISComputer.

- class oepdev::R_CISComputer
- class oepdev::U_CISComputer
- class oepdev::R_CISComputer_Explicit
- class oepdev::R_CISComputer_DL

CIS Computer with RHF reference: Davidson-Liu Solver.

- class oepdev::R_CISComputer_Direct
- class oepdev::U_CISComputer_Explicit
- class oepdev::U_CISComputer_DL

CIS Computer with UHF reference: Davidson-Liu Solver.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

- using oepdev::SharedMolecule = std::shared_ptr< psi::Molecule >
- using oepdev::SharedMOSpace = std::shared_ptr< psi::MOSpace >
- using oepdev::SharedMOSpaceVector = std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::MOSpace
 >>
- using oepdev::SharedIntegralTransform = std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform >

19.17 oepdev/libutil/davidson_liu.h File Reference

```
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "gram_schmidt.h"
```

Classes

class oepdev::DavidsonLiu

Davidson-Liu diagonalization method.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.18 oepdev/libutil/diis.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include "psi4/libciomr/libciomr.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libqt/qt.h"
#include "psi4/libpsi4util/PsiOutStream.h"
```

Classes

class oepdev::DIISManager
 DIIS manager.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.19 oepdev/libutil/gram_schmidt.h File Reference

```
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::GramSchmidt

Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization method.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.20 oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
```

Classes

- class oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator
 Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base.
- class oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator
 Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base.
- class oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4
 Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet.
- class oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2
 Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet.
- class oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4
 Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet.
- class oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2
 Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

- using oepdev::SharedIntegralFactory = std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory >
- using oepdev::SharedTwoBodyAOInt = std::shared_ptr< TwoBodyAOInt >
- using oepdev::SharedShellsIterator = std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator >
 Iterator over shells as shared pointer.
- using oepdev::SharedAOIntsIterator = std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator >
 Iterator over AO integrals as shared pointer.

19.21 oepdev/libutil/kabsch_superimposer.h File Reference

```
#include <string>
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/molecule.h"
```

Classes

class oepdev::KabschSuperimposer

Compute the Cartesian rotation matrix between two structures.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.22 oepdev/libutil/scf_perturb.h File Reference

```
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libscf_solver/rhf.h"
```

Classes

struct oepdev::PerturbCharges

Structure to hold perturbing charges.

· class oepdev::RHFPerturbed

RHF theory under electrostatic perturbation.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

19.23 oepdev/libutil/unitary_optimizer.h File Reference

```
#include <string>
#include <complex>
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
```

Classes

struct oepdev::ABCD

Simple structure to hold the Fourier series expansion coefficients.

struct oepdev::Fourier9

Simple structure to hold the Fourier series expansion coefficients for N=4.

class oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer

Find the optimim unitary matrix of quadratic matrix equation.

class oepdev::UnitaryOptimizer_4_2

Find the optimim unitary matrix for quartic-quadratic matrix equation with trace.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Macros

- #define **IDX**(i, j, n) ((n)*(i)+(j))
- #define **IDX3**(i, j, k) (n2_*(i)+n_*(j)+(k))
- #define **IDX6**(i, j, k, l, m, n) $(n5_{-}*(i)+n4_{-}*(j)+n3_{-}*(k)+n2_{-}*(l)+n_{-}*(m)+(n))$

Functions

- constexpr std::complex< double > oepdev::operator""_i (unsigned long long d)
- constexpr std::complex< double > oepdev::operator""_i (long double d)

19.24 oepdev/libutil/util.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
#include <map>
```

```
#include <cassert>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libciomr/libciomr.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.hpp"
#include "psi4/libiwl/iwl.h"
#include "psi4/libqt/qt.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/molecule.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/writer.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/writer_file_prefix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/oeprop.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/local.h"
#include "psi4/libfunctional/superfunctional.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/mospace.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/integraltransform.h"
#include "psi4/libscf_solver/rhf.h"
#include "psi4/libdpd/dpd.h"
```

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

using oepdev::SharedSuperFunctional = std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional >

Functions

PSI_API void oepdev::preambule (void)

Print preambule for module OEPDEV.

template<typename... Args>
 std::string oepdev::string_sprintf (const char *format, Args... args)

Format string output. Example: std::string text = oepdev::string_sprinff("Test %3d, %13.5f", 5, -10.5425);.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > oepdev::create_superfunctional (std::string name, Options & options)

Set up DFT functional.

 PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Molecule > oepdev::extract_monomer (std::shared_ptr< const Molecule > molecule_dimer, int id)

Extract molecule from dimer.

- PSI_API double oepdev::compute_distance (psi::SharedVector v1, psi::SharedVector v2)

 Compute distance between two points in nD space.
- PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > oepdev::solve_scf (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > auxiliary, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > guess, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options & options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio, bool compute_mints=false)

Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > oepdev::solve_scf_sad (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > auxiliary, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >> sad, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >> sad_fit, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options & options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio, bool compute_mints=false)

Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

- PSI_API double oepdev::average_moment (std::shared_ptr< psi::Vector > moment)
 Compute the scalar magnitude of multipole moment.
- PSI_API std::vector < std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix > > oepdev::calculate_JK (std::shared_ptr < psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr < psi::Matrix > C)

Compute the Coulomb and exchange integral matrices in MO basis.

PSI_API std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> oepdev::calculate_JK_r (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Dij)

Compute the Coulomb and exchange integral matrices in MO basis.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::calculate_der_D (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > C, std::vector< std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix >> A)

Compute the derivative of exchange-correlation energy wrt the density matrix in MO-A basis.

 PSI_API double oepdev::calculate_e_xc (std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralTransform > tr, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > f, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > C)

Compute the exchange-correlation energy from ERI in MO-SCF basis.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::matrix_power_derivative (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > A, double g, double step)

Compute the contracted derivative of power of a square and symmetric matrix.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::_calculate_DFI_Vel (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_aabb, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_abab, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > d_b)

Compute the Effective DFI Potential Matrix Due To Electrons.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::calculate_DFI_Vel_JK (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_aabb, std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_abab, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > d_b)

Compute the Effective DFI Coulomb+Exchange Potential Matrix Due To Electrons.

PSI_API std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > oepdev::calculate_DFI_Vel_J (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > f_aabb, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > d_b)

Compute the Effective DFI Coulomb Potential Matrix Due To Electrons.

19.25 oepdev/libutil/wavefunction_union.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <map>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libciomr/libciomr.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.hpp"
#include "psi4/libqt/qt.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/molecule.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/writer.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/writer_file_prefix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/oeprop.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/local.h"
#include "psi4/libfunctional/superfunctional.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/mospace.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/integraltransform.h"
#include "psi4/libscf_solver/rhf.h"
#include "psi4/libdpd/dpd.h"
```

Classes

class oepdev::WavefunctionUnion

Union of two Wavefunction objects.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Chapter 20

Example Documentation

20.1 example_cphf.cc

Shows how to use the oepdev::CPHF solver to compute molecular and LMO-distributed polarizabilities at RHF level of theory.

20.2 example_davidson_liu.cc

This example is a trivial demo to use oepdev::DavidsonLiu in order to diagonalize a real, symmetric matrix **H**, stored in a psi::SharedMatrix H. This can help you to construct more complicated classes that need to solve eigenpairs for very large, sparse matrices such as CI Hamiltonians.

Note

This example might need compile properly (it's only a draft). Debug if necessary.

```
// Define a class that inherits from DavidsonLiu
class Diagonalize : public DavidsonLiu {
  public:
```

```
Diagonalize(psi::SharedMatrix H, psi::Options& opt, int M);
  virtual void ~Diagonalize() {};
 protected:
  // Desired number of roots to be found
  int M_;
  // Matrix to be diagonalized (explicitly stored)
  psi::SharedMatrix matrix_;
  // Implementation of pure methods must be declared
  void davidson_liu_compute_diagonal_hamiltonian();
  void davidson_liu_compute_sigma();
Diagonalize::Diagonalize(psi::SharedMatrix H, psi::Options& opt, int M) :
  DavidsonLiu(opt) , matrix_(nullptr), M_(M)
  matrix_ = std::make_shared<psi::Matrix>(H);
  int N = H->ncol();
  int L = M_{-};
  // Must be run in order to allocate memory
  this->davidson_liu_initialize(N, L, M_);
// Implementation of pure methods
void Diagonalize::davidson_liu_compute_diagonal_hamiltonian() {
 for (int i=0; i<this->matrix_->ncol(); ++i) {
      double v = matrix_->get(i, i);
      this->H_diag_davidson_liu_->set(i, v);
 }
void Diagonalize::davidson_liu_compute_sigma() {
 for (int k=this->davidson_liu_n_sigma_computed_; k<this->L_davidson_liu_; ++k) {
      psi::SharedVector Sigma = std::make_shared<psi::Vector>("", this->N_davidson_liu_);
      Sigma->gemv(false, 1.0, *this->matrix_, *Sigma, 0.0);
      this->sigma_vectors_davidson_liu_.push_back(Sigma);
}
// Testing function
void example_davidson_liu(psi::SharedMatrix H, int M, psi::Options& opt){
  // Construct the solver object
  Diagonalize solver(H, opt, M);
  // Find *M* lowest eigenpairs of a given matrix **H**
  solver.run_davidson_liu();
```

20.3 example_integrals_iter.cc

Iterations over electron repulsion integrals in AO basis. This is an example of how to use

- the oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator class
- the oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator class.

```
void iterate(std::shared_ptr<oepdev::IntegralFactory> ints)
{
    // Prepare for direct calculation of ERI's (shell by shell)
    std::shared_ptr<psi::TwoBodyAOInt> tei(ints->eri());

    // Grab the buffer where the integrals for a current shell will be placed
    const double* buffer = tei->buffer();
```

```
// Create iterator to go through all shell quartet combinations
oepdev::SharedShellsIterator shellIter =
    oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator::build(ints, "ALL", 4);
// Iterate over shells, and then over all integrals in each shell quartet
for (shellIter->first(); shellIter->is_done() == false; shellIter->next())
      // Compute all integrals between shells in the current quartet
     shellIter->compute_shell(tei);
     // Create iterator to go through all integrals within a shell quartet
     oepdev::SharedAOIntsIterator intsIter = shellIter->ao_iterator("ALL");
     for (intsIter->first(); intsIter->is_done() == false; intsIter->next())
     {
          // Grab current (ij|kl) indices here
          int i = intsIter->i();
          int j = intsIter->j();
          int k = intsIter->k();
          int l = intsIter->l();
          // Grab the (ij|kl) integral
          double integral = buffer[intsIter->index()];
     }
}
```

20.4 example_scf_perturb.cc

Perturb HF Hamiltonian with external electrostatic potential. This is an example of how to use the oepdev::RHFPerturbed class.

```
void scf_perturb(std::shared_ptr<psi::Wavefunction> wfn, psi::Options& opt)
   // Set up HF superfunctional
  std::shared_ptr<psi::SuperFunctional> func = oepdev::create_superfunctional
      ("HF", opt);
   // Initialize the perturbed wavefunction
  std::shared_ptr<oepdev::RHFPerturbed> scf = std::make_shared<oepdev::RHFPerturbed>(wfn, func, opt, wfn->
     psio());
   /* Perturb the system with the uniform electric field [Fx, Fy, Fz].
     Then, add two point charges of charge qi placed at [Rxi, Ryi, Rzi].
     Provide all these values in atomic units! \star/
  const double Fx = 0.04, Fy = 0.05, Fz = -0.09;
  const double Rx1= 0.00, Rx2= 1.30, Rx3= -1.00;
  const double Rx1= 0.10, Rx2=-0.30, Rx3= 3.50;
  const double q1 = 0.30, q2 = -0.09;
  scf->set_perturbation(Fx, Fy, Fz);
                                             /* set it only once, setting it again will overwrite the
      field, not add */
   scf->set_perturbation(Rx1, Ry1, Rz1, q1);
  scf->set_perturbation(Rx2, Ry2, Rz2, q2); /* more charges can be added */
   // Solve perturbed SCF equations
  scf->compute_energy();
   // Grab some data
  double energy = scf->reference_energy();
                                                 // Total energy of the system
  std::shared.ptr<psi::Matrix> Da = scf->Da(); // One-particle density matrix
   /* Note that the external field and charges perturb only one-electron Hamiltonian.*/
}
```

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