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Main Page

oep-dev

Generalized One-Electron Potentials: Development Platform.

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Overview

Test various models of the intermolecular interaction that is based on the application of the **One-Electron Potentials** (**OEP's**) technique.

Currently, the interaction between two molecules described by the Hartree-Fock-Roothaan-Hall theory or the configuration interaction with singles theory is considered. In particular, the plugin tests the models of:

- 1. the Pauli exchange-repulsion interaction energy (Project II)
- 2. the Induction interaction energy (Project III)
- 3. the excitation energy transfer couplings (Project I)

against reference solutions (exact or other approximations).

Places to go:

- https://github.com/globulion/oepdev/blob/master/doc/git/doc_oep_design.md "OEP Design"
- https://github.com/globulion/oepdev/blob/master/doc/git/doc_implemented_models.md "Implemented Models"
- https://github.com/globulion/oepdev/blob/master/doc/git/doc_programming_etiquette.md "Programming Etiquette"
- Current Issues

References

2 Main Page

Introduction

This page introduces the user to the topic.

Now you can proceed to the advanced section.

Introduction

OEP Design.

OEP (One-Electron Potential) is associated with certain quantum one-electron operator \hat{v}^A that defines the ability of molecule A to interact in a particular way with other molecules.

Technically, OEP can be understood as a **container object** (associated with the molecule in question) that stores the information about the above mentioned quantum operator. Here, it is assumed that similar OEP object is also defined for all other molecules in a molecular aggregate.

In case of interaction between molecules A and B, OEP object of molecule A interacts directly with wavefunction object of the molecule B. Defining a Solver class that handles such interaction Wavefunction class and OEP class the universal design of OEP-based approaches can be established and developed.

Important: OEP and Wavefunction classes should not be restricted to Hartree-Fock; in generall any correlated wavefunction and derived OEP's should be allowed to work with each other.

3.1 OEP Classes

There are many types of OEP's, but the underlying principle is the same and independent of the type of intermolecular interaction. Therefore, the OEP's should be implemented by using a multi-level class design. In turn, this design depends on the way OEP's enter the mathematical expressions, i.e., on the types of matrix elements of the one-electron effective operator \hat{v}^A .

3.1.1 Structure of possible OEP-based expressions and their unification

Structure of OEP-based mathematical expressions is listed below:

Туре	Matrix Element	Comment
Type 1	$(I \hat{v}^A J)$	$I \in A, J \in B$
Type 2	$(J \hat{v}^A \hat{L})$	$J,L\in B$

In the above table, I, J and K indices correspond to basis functions or molecular orbitals. Basis functions can be primary or auxiliary OEP-specialized density-fitting. Depending on the type of function and matrix element, there are many subtypes of resulting matrix elements that differ in their dimensionality. Examples are given below:

Matrix Element	DF-based form	ESP-based form
$\left(\mu \hat{v}^{A[\mu]} \sigma ight)$	$\sum_{\iota \in A} v_{\mu\iota}^A S_{\iota\sigma}$	$\sum_{lpha \in A} q_{lpha}^{A[\mu]} V_{\mu\sigma}^{(lpha)}$
$(i \hat{v}^{A[i]} j)$	$\sum_{i \in A} v_{ii}^A S_{1j}$	$\sum_{lpha \in A} q_{lpha}^{A[i]} V_{ij}^{(lpha)}$

6 OEP Design.



In the formulae above, the OEP-part (stored by OEP instances) and the Solver-part (to be computed by the Solver) are separated. It is apparent that all OEP-parts have the form of 2nd- or 3rd-rank tensors with different class of axes (molecular orbitals, primary/auxiliary basis, atomic space). Therefore, they can be uniquely defined by a unified *tensor object* (storing double precision numbers) and unified *dimension object* storing the information of the axes classes.

In Psi4, a perfect candidate for the above is psi4::Tensor class declared in psi4/libthce/thce.h. Except from the numeric content its instances also store the information of the dimensions in a form of a vector of psi4::Dimension instances.

Another possibility is to use psi::Matrix objects, instead of psi4::Tensor objects, possibly putting them into a std::vector container in case there is more than two axes.

List of One-Electron Potentals

Here I provide the list of OEP's that have been already derived within the scope of the OEPDev project.

4.1 Electrostatic Energy OEP's

For electrostatic energy calculations, OEP is simply the electrostatic potential due to nuclei and electrons. 3D form:

$$v(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{x} \frac{Z_{x}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_{x}|} + \sum_{\mu\nu \in A} P_{\nu\mu} \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\phi_{\mu}^{*}(\mathbf{r}')\phi_{\nu}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|}$$

Matrix form:

$$v_{ik} = \sum_{x \in A} Z_x V_{ik}^{(x)} + \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} P_{\nu \mu} \left(\mu \nu | ik \right)$$

4.2 Pauli Repulsion OEP's

The following potentials are derived for the evaluation of the Pauli repulsion energy based on Murrel's expressions.

4.2.1 First-order contribution in overlap matrix expansion.

This contribution is simply the electrostatic potential coming from all nuclei and electron density except* from electron density from molecular orbital i that interacts with the generalized overlap density between i of molecule A and j of molecule B.

3D forms:

$$v(\mathbf{r})_{S^{-1}}^{A[i]} = -\sum_{x \in A} \frac{Z_x}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_x|} + \sum_{\mu\nu \in A} \left\{ D_{\nu\mu} - C_{\mu i}^* C_{\nu i} \right\} \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\phi_\mu^*(\mathbf{r}')\phi_\nu(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|}$$

Matrix forms:

$$v_{\xi_i}(S^{-1}) = \sum_{\kappa \in A} C_{i\kappa} \left\{ -\sum_{x \in A} V_{\kappa\xi}^{(x)} + \sum_{\mu\nu \in A} \left\{ D_{\nu\mu} - C_{\mu i}^* C_{\nu i} \right\} (\mu\nu | \xi \kappa) \right\}$$

4.2.2 Second-order contribution in overlap matrix expansion.

To be added here!

4.3 Excitonic Energy Transfer OEP's

The following potentials are derived for the evaluation of the short-range EET couplings based on Fujimoto's TDFI-TI method.

4.3.1 ET contributions.

3D forms:

$$\begin{split} &v(\mathbf{r})_{1}^{A[\mu]} = -C_{\mu L}^{*} \sum_{x \in A} \frac{Z_{x}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_{x}|} + \sum_{v \kappa \in A} \left\{ C_{\mu L}^{*} D_{v \kappa} - \frac{1}{2} C_{v L}^{*} D_{\mu \kappa} \right\} \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\phi_{v}^{*}(\mathbf{r}') \phi_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} \\ &v(\mathbf{r})_{2}^{A[\mu]} = C_{\kappa H} \sum_{v \kappa \in A} \left\{ 2 C_{v L}^{*} C_{\mu H}^{*} - C_{v H}^{*} C_{\mu L}^{*} \right\} \int d\mathbf{r}' \frac{\phi_{v}^{*}(\mathbf{r}') \phi_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} \\ &v(\mathbf{r})_{3}^{A[\mu]} = v(\mathbf{r})_{1}^{A[\mu]} + v(\mathbf{r})_{1}^{A[\mu]} \end{split}$$

Matrix forms:

$$\begin{split} v_{\mu\xi}(1) &= -C_{\mu L}^* \sum_{\mathbf{x} \in A} V_{\mu\xi}^{\mathbf{x}} + \sum_{\mathbf{v} \kappa \in A} \left\{ C_{\mu L}^* D_{\mathbf{v} \kappa} - \frac{1}{2} C_{\mathbf{v} L}^* D_{\mu \kappa} \right\} (\mathbf{v} \kappa | \mu \xi) \\ v_{\mu\xi}(2) &= C_{\kappa H} \sum_{\mathbf{v} \kappa \in A} \left\{ 2 C_{\mathbf{v} L}^* C_{\mu H}^* - C_{\mathbf{v} H}^* C_{\mu L}^* \right\} (\mathbf{v} \kappa | \mu \xi) \\ v_{\mu\xi}(3) &= v_{\mu\xi}(1) + v_{\mu\xi}(2) \end{split}$$

4.3.2 HT contributions.

Do be derived.

4.3.3 CT contributions.

To be derived.

4.4 Full HF Interaction OEP's

The following potentials are derived for the evaluation of the full Hartree-Fock interaction energy based on the OEPDev equations.

Density-fitting Specialized for OEP's

To get the ab-initio representation of a OEP, one can use a procedure similar to the typical density fitting or resolution of identity, both of which are nowadays widely used to compute electron-repulsion integrals (ERI's) more efficiently.

5.1 Fitting in Complete Space

An arbitrary one-electron potential of molecule A acting on any state vector associated with molecule A can be expanded in the *auxiliary space* centered on A as

$$v|i) = \sum_{\xi} v|\xi)(\xi|i)$$

under the necessary assumption that the auxiliary basis set is *complete*. In that case, formally one can write the following identity

$$(\eta|v|i) = \sum_{\xi} (\eta|v|\xi) S_{\xi i}$$

The matrix elements of the OEP operator in auxiliary space can be computed in the same way as the matrix elements with any other basis function. In reality, it is almost impossible to reach the completness of the basis set, however, but it is possible to obtain the **effective** matrix elements of the OEP operator in auxiliary space, rather than compute them as they are in the above equation explicitly. We expand the LHS of the first equation on this page in a series of the auxiliary basis functions scaled by the undetermined expansion coefficients:

$$v|i) = \sum_{\xi} G_{i\xi}|\xi)$$

The expansion coefficients are the effective matrix elements of the OEP operator in auxiliary basis set. Now, multiplying both sides by another auxiliary basis function and subsequently inverting the equation one obtains the expansion coefficients:

$$G_{i\eta} = \sum_{\xi} (i|v|\eta) \left[\mathbf{S}^{-1}
ight]_{\eta \, \xi}$$

In this way, it is possible to approximately determine the matrix elements of the OEP operator with any other basis function in case the auxiliary basis set is not complete. **In particular**, when the other basis function does not belong to molecule *A* but to the (changing) environment, it is straightforward to compute the resulting matrix element, which is simply given as

$$(j_{\in B}|v^A|i_{\in A}) = \sum_{\xi} S_{j\xi} G_{i\xi}$$

where *j* denotes the other (environmental) basis function.

In the above equation, the OEP-part (fragment parameters for molecule A only) and the Solver-part (subject to be computed by solver on the fly) are separated. This then forms a basis for fragment-based approach to solve Quantum Chemistry problems related to the extended molecular aggregates.

5.2 Fitting in Truncated Space

Density fitting scheme from previous section has practical disadvantage of a complete space being usually very large (spanned by large amoung of basis set vectors). Any non-complete basis set won't work in the above example. Since most of basis sets used in quantum chemistry do not form a complete set, is beneficial to design a modified scheme. This can be achieved by minimizing the following objective function

$$Z[\{G_{\xi}^{(i)}\}] = \iint d\mathbf{r}_1 d\mathbf{r}_2 \frac{\left[v(\mathbf{r}_1)\phi_i(\mathbf{r}_1) - \sum_{\xi} G_{\xi}^{(i)} \varphi_{\xi}(\mathbf{r}_1)\right] \left[v(\mathbf{r}_2)\phi_i(\mathbf{r}_2) - \sum_{\xi} G_{\eta}^{(i)} \varphi_{\eta}(\mathbf{r}_1)\right]}{|\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}_2|}$$

Thus requesting that

$$\frac{\partial Z[\{G_{\xi}^{(i)}\}]}{\partial G_{\mu}^{(i)}} = 0 \text{ for all } \mu$$

we find the coefficients $G_{\xi}^{(i)}$ to be

$$\mathbf{G}^{(i)} = \mathbf{b}^{(i)} \cdot \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

where

$$b_{\eta}^{(i)} = (\eta || vi)$$
$$A_{\eta \xi} = (\eta || \xi)$$

The symbol || is to denote the operator r_{12}^{-1} and double integration over \mathbf{r}_1 and \mathbf{r}_2 . Thus, it is clear that in order to use this generalized density fitting scheme one must to compute two-centre electron repulsion integrals (implemented in oepdev::ERI_1_1) as well as four-centre asymmetric electron repulsion integrals of the type $(\alpha\beta\gamma||\eta)$ (implemented in oepdev::ERI_3_1).

Implemented Models

6.1 Target Properties

Detailed list of models which is to be implemented in the OEPDev project is given below:

Table 1. Models subject to be implemented and analyzed within oep-dev.

Pauli energy	Induction energy	EET Coupling
EFP2-Pauli	EFP2-Induced Dipoles	TrCAMM
Murrel et al.'s theory	Density Susceptibility	OEP-ET/HT
OEP-Murrel et al.'s		TDFI-TI
		FED
Exact (Stone's)	Exact (incl. CT)	Exact (ESD)

6.2 Target, Benchmark and Competing Models

The target models introduced in the Project shall be tested against the following benchmarks and compared with the following state-of-the-art models:

Table 2. Target models vs benchmarks and competitor models.

Target Model	Benchmarks	Competing Model
OEP-Murrel et al.'s	Murrel et al.'s	EFP2-Pauli
	Exact (Stone's)	
OEP-ET/HT + TrCAMM	Exact (ESD)	TDFI-TI
	FED	FED
	TDFI-TI	
Density Susceptibility	Exact (incl. CT)	EFP2-Induced Dipoles



Contributing to oep-dev

OepDev is a plugin to Psi4.

Therefore it should follow the programming etiquette of Psi4. Also, oep-dev has additional programming tips to make the code more versatile and easy in further development. Here, I emphasise on most important aspects regarding the **programming rules**.

7.1 Main routine and libraries

Oep-dev has only *one* source file in the plugin base directory, i.e., main.cc. This is the main driver routine that handles the functionality of the whole OEP testing platform: specifies options for Psi4 input file and implements test routines based on the options. Other sources are stored in MODULE/libNAME* directories where NAME is the name of the library with sources and header files, whereas MODULE is the directory of the oep-dev module.

Things to remember:

- 1. **No other sources in base directory.** It is not permitted to place any new source or other files in the plugin base directory (i.e., where main.cc resides).
- 2. Sources in library directories. Any additional source code has to be placed in <code>oepdev/libNAME*</code> directory (either existing one or a new one; in the latter case remember to add the new *.cc files to CMake-Lists.txt in the plugin base directory.
- 3. **Miscellanea in special directories.** If you want to add additional documentation, put it in the doc directory. If you want to add graphics, put it in the images directory.

7.2 Header files in libraries

Header files are handy in obtaining a quick glimpse of the functionality within certain library. Each library directory should contain at least one header file in oep-dev. However, header files can be problematic if not managed properly.

Things to remember:

1. **Header preprocessor variable**. Define the preprocessor variable specyfying the existence of include of the particular header file. The format of such is

```
#ifndef MODULE_LIBRARY_HEADER_h
#define MODULE_LIBRARY_HEADER_h
// rest of your code goes here
#endif // MODULE_LIBRARY_HEADER_h
```

Last line is the end of the header file. The preprocessor variables represents the directory tree <code>oepdev/-MODULE/LIBRARY/HEADER.h</code> structure (where <code>oepdev</code> is the base plugin directory). MODULE is the

plugin module name (e.g. oepdev, the name of the module directory) LIBRARY is the name of the library (e.g. libutil, should be the same as library directory name) HEADER is the name of the header in library directory (e.g. diis for diis.h header file)

2. **Set module namespace**. To prevent naming clashes with other modules and with Psi4 it is important to operate in separate namespace (e.g. for a module).

```
namespace MODULE {
// your code goes here
} // EndNameSpace MODULE
```

For instance, all classes and functions in <code>oepdev</code> module are implemented within the namespace of the same label. Considering addition of other local namespaces within a module can also be useful in certain cases.

7.3 Environmental variables

Defining the set of intrinsic environmental variables can help in code management and conditional compilation. The oep-dev environmental variables are defined in include/oepdev_files.h file. Remember also about psi4 environmental variables defined in psi4/psifiles.h header. As a rule, the oep-dev environmental variable should have the following format:

```
OEPDEV_XXXX
```

where XXXX is the descriptive name of variable.

7.4 Documenting the code

Code has to be documented (at best at a time it is being created). The place for documentation is always in header files. Additional documentation can be also placed in source files. Leaving a chunk of code for a production run without documentation is unacceptable.

Use Doxygen style for documentation all the time. Remember that it supports markdown which can make the documentation even more clear and easy to understand. Additionally you can create a nice .rst documentation file for Sphinx program. If you are coding equations, always include formulae in the documentation!

Things to remember:

- Descriptions of classes, structures, global functions, etc. Each programming object should have a description.
- 2. **Documentation for function arguments and return object**. Usage of functions and class methods should be explained by providing the description of all arguments (use \param and \return Doxygen keywords).
- 3. **One-line description of class member variables**. Any class member variable should be preceded by a one-liner documentation (starting from ///).
- 4. Do not be afraid of long names in the code. Self-documenting code is a bless!

7.5 Naming conventions

Naming is important because it helps to create more readable and clear self-documented code.

Some loose suggestions:

- 1. Do not be afraid of long names in the code, but avoid redundancy. Examples of good and bad names: good name: get_density_matrix; bad name: get_matrix. Unless there is only one type of matrix a particular objects can store, matrix is not a good name for a getter method. good name: class Wavefunction, bad name: class WFN good name: int numberOfErrorVectors, bad name: int nvec, bad name: the_number_of_error_vectors good name: class EfPotential, probably bad name: class EffectiveFragmentPotential. The latter might be understood by some people as a class that inherits from EffectiveFragment class. If it is not the case, compromise between abbreviation and long description is OK.
- 2. Short names are OK in special situations. In cases meaning of a particular variable is obvious and it is frequently used in the code locally, it can be named shortly. Examples are: i when iterating no number of occupied orbitals, nv number of virtual orbitals, etc.
- 3. Clumped names for variables and dashed names for functions. Try to distinguish between variable name like sizeOfOEPTypeList and a method name get_matrix() (neither size_of_OEP_type_-list, nor getMatrix()). This is little bit cosmetics, but helps in managing the code when it grows.
- 4. Class names start from capital letter. However, avoid only capital letters in class names, unless it is obvious. Avoid also dashes in class names (they are reserved for global functions and class methods). Examples: good name: DIISManager, bad name: DIIS. good name: EETCouplingSolver, bad name: EETSolver, very bad: EET.

7.6 Use Object-Oriented Programming

Try to organise your creations in objects having special relationships and data structures. Encapsulation helps in producing self-maintaining code and is much easier to use. Use:

- · factory design for creating objects
- · container design for designing data structures
- polymorphysm when dealing with various flavours of one particular feature in the data structure

Note: In Psi4, factories are frequently implemented as static methods of the base classes, for example psi::BasisSet::build static method. It can be followed when building object factories in oep-dev too.

^	-:		
Conti	ributin	q to c	ep-dev

Advanced Usage

This page is for advanced users.

Make sure you have first read the introduction.

18 **Advanced Usage**

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Module Index

10.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

The Generalized One-Electron Potentials Library	??
The OEPDev solver Library	??
The Integral Package Library	??
The Integral Helper Library	??
The Three-Dimensional Scalar Fields Library	??
The Multipole Fitting Library	??
The OEPDev Utilities	??
The OEPDev Testing Platform Library	??

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Namespace Index

11.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

oepdev																	
	OEPDev module namespace										 				 		??
psi																	
•	Psi4 package namespace .										 						??

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Hierarchical Index

12.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:	
oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator	 . ??
oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator 2	 ??
oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4	
CubicScalarGrid	
oepdev::CubePointsCollection3D	 ??
oepdev::DIISManager	 . ??
enable_shared_from_this	
oepdev::OEPDevSolver	 ??
oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver	 . ??
oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver	
oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver	 . ??
oepdev::OEPotential	 ??
oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential	 . ??
oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential	
oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential	
oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential	 ??
oepdev::ESPSolver	 . ??
IntegralFactory	
oepdev::IntegralFactory	
oepdev::Points3Dlterator::Point	
oepdev::Points3DIterator	
oepdev::CubePoints3DIterator	
oepdev::RandomPoints3DIterator	
oepdev::PointsCollection3D	 . ??
oepdev::CubePointsCollection3D	 ??
oepdev::RandomPointsCollection3D	 ??
PotentialInt	
oepdev::PotentialInt	 ??
oepdev::ScalarField3D	 . ??
oepdev::ElectrostaticPotential3D	 ??
oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >	 ??
oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator	 . ??
oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator 2	
oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4	
oepdev::test::Test	
TwoBodyAOInt	

26 Hierarchical Index

oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt		 						 									 ??
oepdev::TwoElectronInt																	 ??
oepdev::ERI_1_1 .					 												 ??
oepdev::ERI_2_2 .					 												 ??
oepdev::ERI_3_1 .					 												 ??
Wavefunction																	
oendey::WavefunctionUnion	1																22

Chapter 13

Class Index

13.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2	
Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet	??
oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4	
Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet	??
oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2	
Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet	??
oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4	
Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet	??
oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator	
Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base	??
oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential	
Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy	??
oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver	
Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions	??
oepdev::CubePoints3DIterator	
Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. g09 Cube-like order	??
oepdev::CubePointsCollection3D	
G09 cube-like ordered collection of points in 3D space	??
oepdev::DIISManager	
DIIS manager	??
oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential	
Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations	??
oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential	
Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy	??
oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver	
Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions	??
oepdev::ElectrostaticPotential3D	•
Electrostatic potential of a molecule	??
oepdev::ERI_1_1	~
2-centre ERI of the form (a O(2) b) where O(2) = $1/r12$??
oepdev::ERI_2_2	??
4-centre ERI of the form (ab $ O(2) $ cd) where $O(2) = 1/r12$	
oepdev::ERI_3_1	??
4-centre ERI of the form (abc $ O(2) d$) where $O(2) = 1/r12$	()
oepdev::ESPSolver Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class	??
oepdev::IntegralFactory	r
	??
Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals	f 1

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oepdev::OEPDevSolver	
Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base	??
oepdev::OEPotential	
Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base	??
oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >	
Class template for OEP scalar fields	??
oepdev::Points3DIterator::Point	??
oepdev::Points3DIterator	
Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base	??
oepdev::PointsCollection3D	
Collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base	??
oepdev::PotentialInt	
Computes potential integrals	??
oepdev::RandomPoints3DIterator	
Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Random collection	??
oepdev::RandomPointsCollection3D	
Collection of random points in 3D space	??
oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential	
Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy	??
oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver	
Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions	??
oepdev::ScalarField3D	
Scalar field in 3D space. Abstract base	??
oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator	
Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base	??
oepdev::test::Test	
Manages test routines	??
oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt	??
oepdev::TwoElectronInt	
General Two Electron Integral	??
oepdev::WavefunctionUnion	
Linion of two Wavefunction objects	22

Chapter 14

File Index

14.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

main.cc	?
include/oepdev_files.h	?
include/doxygen/oepdev_manual.h	?
include/doxygen/oepdev_modules.h ?	?
include/doxygen/oepdev_namespaces.h	?
oepdev/libints/eri.h	?
oepdev/libints/recurr.h	?
oepdev/liboep/oep.h	?
oepdev/libpsi/integral.h	?
oepdev/libpsi/potential.h	?
oepdev/libtest/test.h	?
oepdev/libutil/cphf.h	?
oepdev/libutil/diis.h	?
oepdev/libutil/esp.h	?
oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h	?
oepdev/libutil/solver.h	?
oepdev/libutil/space3d.h	?
oepdev/libutil/util.h	?
oepdev/libutil/wavefunction union.h	?

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Chapter 15

Module Documentation

15.1 The Generalized One-Electron Potentials Library

Implements the goal of this project: The Generalized One-Electron Potentials (OEP's). You will find here OEP's for computation of Pauli repulsion energy, charge-transfer energy and others.

Classes

class oepdev::OEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base.

· class oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy.

• class oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy.

• class oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy.

• class oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations.

15.1.1 Detailed Description

Implements the goal of this project: The Generalized One-Electron Potentials (OEP's). You will find here OEP's for computation of Pauli repulsion energy, charge-transfer energy and others.

15.2 The OEPDev solver Library

Implementations of various solvers for molecular properties as a functions of unperturbed monomeric wavefunctions. This is the place all target OEP-based models are implemented and compared with benchmark models.

Classes

· class oepdev::OEPDevSolver

Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base.

· class oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver

Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

• class oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver

Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

• class oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver

Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

15.2.1 Detailed Description

Implementations of various solvers for molecular properties as a functions of unperturbed monomeric wavefunctions. This is the place all target OEP-based models are implemented and compared with benchmark models.

15.3 The Integral Package Library

Implementations of various one- and two-body integrals via McMurchie-Davidson recurrence scheme.

Classes

class oepdev::TwoElectronInt

General Two Electron Integral.

class oepdev::ERI_1_1

2-centre ERI of the form (a|O(2)|b) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class oepdev::ERI 2 2

4-centre ERI of the form (ab |O(2)| cd) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class oepdev::ERI_3_1

4-centre ERI of the form (abc|O(2)|d) where O(2) = 1/r12.

- class oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt
- · class oepdev::IntegralFactory

Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals.

· class oepdev::PotentialInt

Computes potential integrals.

Macros

• #define D1_INDEX(x, i, n) ((81*(x))+(9*(i))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D1 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momentum i of function 1, and the Hermite index n.

#define D2_INDEX(x, i, j, n) ((1377*(x))+(153*(i))+(17*(j))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D2 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momenta i, j of function 1 and 2, and the Hermite index n.

• #define D3_INDEX(x, i, j, k, n) ((18225*(x))+(2025*(i))+(225*(j))+(25*(k))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D3 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momenta i, j and k of function 1, 2 and 3, and the Hermite index n.

• #define R_INDEX(n, I, m, j) ((14739*(n))+(867*(l))+(51*(m))+(j))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson R coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_R_ from angular momenta n, I and m and the Boys index j.

Functions

• double oepdev::d_N_n1_n2 (int N, int n1, int n2, double PA, double PB, double aP)

Compute McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite (MDH) coefficient for binomial expansion.

void oepdev::make_mdh_D1_coeff (int n1, double aPd, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for monomial expansion.

• void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff (int n1, int n2, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion.

void oepdev::make_mdh_D3_coeff (int n1, int n2, int n3, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *PC, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for trinomial expansion.

• void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff_explicit_recursion (int n1, int n2, double aP, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion by explicit recursion. This function makes the same changes to buffers as oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff, but implements it through explicit recursion by calls to oepdev::d_N_n1_n2. Therefore, it is slightly slower. Here for debugging purposes.

void oepdev::make_mdh_R_coeff (int N, int L, int M, double alpha, double a, double b, double c, double *F, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson R coefficients.

15.3.1 Detailed Description

Implementations of various one- and two-body integrals via McMurchie-Davidson recurrence scheme. Here, we define the primitive Gaussian type functions (GTO's)

$$\phi_{i}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv x_{A}^{n_{1}} y_{A}^{l_{1}} z_{A}^{m_{1}} e^{-\alpha_{1} r_{A}^{2}}$$

$$\phi_{j}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv x_{B}^{n_{2}} y_{B}^{l_{2}} z_{B}^{m_{2}} e^{-\alpha_{2} r_{B}^{2}}$$

$$\phi_{k}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv x_{C}^{n_{3}} y_{C}^{l_{3}} z_{C}^{m_{3}} e^{-\alpha_{3} r_{C}^{2}}$$

in which $\mathbf{r}_A \equiv \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{A}$ and so on. \mathbf{A} is the centre of the GTO, α_1 its exponent, whereas n_1, l_1, m_1 the Cartesian angular momenta, with the total angular momentum $\theta_1 = n_1 + l_1 + m_1$.

In OEPDev implementations, the following definition shall be in use:

$$\mathbf{P} \equiv \frac{\alpha_1 \mathbf{A} + \alpha_2 \mathbf{B}}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} \equiv \frac{\alpha_3 \mathbf{C} + \alpha_4 \mathbf{D}}{\alpha_3 + \alpha_4}$$

$$\mathbf{R} \equiv \frac{\alpha_1 \mathbf{A} + \alpha_2 \mathbf{B} + \alpha_3 \mathbf{C}}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3}$$

$$\alpha_P \equiv \alpha_1 + \alpha_2$$

$$\alpha_Q \equiv \alpha_3 + \alpha_4$$

$$\alpha_R \equiv \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3$$

The unnormalized products of primitive GTO's are denoted here as

$$[ij] \equiv \phi_i(\mathbf{r})\phi_j(\mathbf{r})$$
$$[ijk] \equiv \phi_i(\mathbf{r})\phi_j(\mathbf{r})\phi_k(\mathbf{r})$$

15.3.2 Hermite Operators

It is convenient to define

$$\Lambda_j(x_P;\alpha_P) \equiv \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial P_x}\right)^j = \alpha_P^{j/2} H_j(\sqrt{\alpha_P} x_P)$$

where $H_j(x)$ is the Hermite polynomial of order j evaluated at x. Introduction of the above Hermite operator can be used by invoking the recurrence relationship due to Hermite polynomial properties:

$$x_A \Lambda_j(x_P; \alpha_P) = j\Lambda_{j-1} + |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}|_x \Lambda_j + \frac{1}{2\alpha_P} \Lambda_{j+1}$$

This can be directly used to derive very useful McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients as expansion coefficients of the polynomial expansions.

15.3.2.1 Polynomial Expansions as Hermite Series

By using the previous relation, it is possible to express the following expansions in Hermite series:

$$\begin{aligned} x_A^{n_1} &= \sum_{N=0}^{n_1} d_N^{n_1} \Lambda_N(x_A; \alpha_A) \\ x_A^{n_1} x_B^{n_2} &= \sum_{N=0}^{n_1+n_2} d_N^{n_1 n_2} \Lambda_N(x_P; \alpha_P) \\ x_A^{n_1} x_B^{n_2} x_C^{n_3} &= \sum_{N=0}^{n_1+n_2+n_3} d_N^{n_1 n_2 n_3} \Lambda_N(x_R; \alpha_R) \end{aligned}$$

The recurrence relationships can be easily found and they read

$$d_N^{n_1+1} = \frac{1}{2\alpha_A} d_{N-1}^{n_1} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_1}$$

as well as

$$d_N^{n_1+1,n_2} = \frac{1}{2\alpha_P} d_{N-1}^{n_1n_2} + |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}|_x d_N^{n_1n_2} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_1n_2}$$

$$d_N^{n_1,n_2+1} = \frac{1}{2\alpha_P} d_{N-1}^{n_1n_2} + |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B}|_x d_N^{n_1n_2} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_1n_2}$$

and

$$\begin{split} d_N^{n_1+1,n_2,n_3} &= \frac{1}{2\alpha_R} d_{N-1}^{n_1n_2n_3} + |\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{A}|_x d_N^{n_1n_2n_3} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_1n_2n_3} \\ d_N^{n_1,n_2+1,n_3} &= \frac{1}{2\alpha_R} d_{N-1}^{n_1n_2n_3} + |\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{B}|_x d_N^{n_1n_2n_3} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_1n_2n_3} \\ d_N^{n_1,n_2,n_3+1} &= \frac{1}{2\alpha_R} d_{N-1}^{n_1n_2n_3} + |\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{C}|_x d_N^{n_1n_2n_3} + (N+1) d_{N+1}^{n_1n_2n_3} \end{split}$$

respectively. The first elements are given by

$$d_0^0 = 1$$
$$d_0^{00} = 1$$
$$d_0^{000} = 1$$

By using the above formalisms, it is strightforward to express the doublet of primitive GTO's as

$$[ij] = E_{ij} \sum_{N=0}^{n_1+n_2} \sum_{l=0}^{l_1+l_2} \sum_{M=0}^{m_1+m_2} d_N^{n_1n_2} d_L^{l_1l_2} d_M^{m_1m_2} \Lambda_N(x_P) \Lambda_L(y_P) \Lambda_M(z_P) e^{-\alpha_P r_P^2}$$

Analogously, the triplet of primitive GTO's is given by

$$[ijk] = E_{ijk} \sum_{N=0}^{n_1 + n_2 + n_3} \sum_{l=0}^{l_1 + l_2 + l + 3} \sum_{M=0}^{m_1 + m_2 + m_3} d_N^{n_1 n_2 n_3} d_L^{l_1 l_2 l_3} d_M^{m_1 m_2 m_3} \Lambda_N(x_R) \Lambda_L(y_R) \Lambda_M(z_R) e^{-\alpha_R r_R^2}$$

The multiplicative constants are given by

$$E_{ij}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2} |\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}|^2\right]$$

$$E_{ijk}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2} |\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}|^2\right] \exp\left[-\frac{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) \alpha_3}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3} |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{C}|^2\right]$$

15.3.3 One-Body Integrals over Hermite Functions

The fundamental Hermite integrals that appear during computations of any kind of one-body integrals over GTO's are as follows

$$[NLM|\Theta(1)] \equiv \int d\mathbf{r}_1 \Theta(\mathbf{r}_1) \Lambda_N(x_{1P}; \alpha_P) \Lambda_L(y_{1P}; \alpha_P) \Lambda_M(z_{1P}; \alpha_P) e^{-\alpha_P r_{1P}^2}$$

It immediately follows that the overlap, dipole, quadrupole and potential integrals are given as

$$[NLM|1] = \delta_{N0}\delta_{L0}\delta_{M0} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha_P}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$[NLM|x_C] = [\delta_{N1} + |\mathbf{PC}|_x \delta_{N0}] \,\delta_{L0}\delta_{M0} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha_P}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$[NLM|x_C^2] = \left[2\delta_{N2} + 2|\mathbf{PC}|_x \delta_{N1} + \left(|\mathbf{PC}|_x^2 + \frac{1}{2\alpha_P}\right)\delta_{N0}\right] \delta_{L0}\delta_{M0} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha_P}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$[NLM|x_C y_C] = (\delta_{N1} + |\mathbf{PC}|_x \delta_{N0}) \left(\delta_{L1} + |\mathbf{PC}|_y \delta_{L0}\right) \delta_{M0} \left(\frac{\pi}{\alpha_P}\right)^{3/2}$$

$$[NLM|r_C^{-1}] = \frac{2\pi}{\alpha_P} R_{NLM}$$

The coefficients R_{NLM} are discussed in separate section below.

15.3.4 Two-Body Integrals over Hermite Functions

The fundamental Hermite integrals that appear during computations of any kind of two-electron integrals over GTO's are as follows

$$[N_{1}L_{2}M_{2}|N_{2}L_{2}M_{2}] \equiv \iint d\mathbf{r}_{1}d\mathbf{r}_{2}\Lambda_{N_{1}}(x_{1P};\alpha_{P})\Lambda_{L_{1}}(y_{1P};\alpha_{P})\Lambda_{M_{1}}(z_{1P};\alpha_{P})\Lambda_{N_{2}}(x_{2Q};\alpha_{Q})\Lambda_{L_{2}}(y_{2Q};\alpha_{Q})\Lambda_{M_{2}}(z_{2Q};\alpha_{Q})e^{-\alpha_{P}r_{1P}^{2}-\alpha_{Q}r_{2Q}^{2}}$$

The above formula dramatically reduces to the following

$$[N_1L_2M_2|N_2L_2M_2] = \lambda(-)^{N_2+L_2+M_2}R_{N_1+N_2,L_1+L_2,M_1+M_2}$$

with

$$\lambda \equiv \frac{2\pi^{5/2}}{\alpha_P \alpha_O \sqrt{\alpha_P + \alpha_O}}$$

To compute the $R_{N1+N2,L1+L2,M1+M2}$ coefficients, the parameter T is given by

$$T = \frac{\alpha_P \alpha_Q}{\alpha_P + \alpha_O} |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{Q}|^2$$

15.3.5 The R(N,L,M) Coefficients

The R coefficients are defined as

$$R_{NLM} \equiv \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial a}\right)^N \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial b}\right)^L \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial c}\right)^M \int_0^1 e^{-Tu^2} du$$

with

$$T \equiv \alpha \left(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \right)$$

By extending the above definition to more general

$$R_{NLMj} \equiv \left(-\sqrt{\alpha}\right)^{N+L+M} \left(-2\alpha\right)^{j} \int_{0}^{1} u^{N+L+M+2j} H_{N}(au\sqrt{\alpha}) H_{L}(bu\sqrt{\alpha}) H_{M}(cu\sqrt{\alpha}) e^{-Tu^{2}} du$$

one can see that

$$R_{000j} = (-2\alpha)^j F_j(T)$$

The Boys function is here given by

$$F_j(T) \equiv \int_0^1 u^{2j} e^{-Tu^2} du$$

and its efficient implementation can be discussed elsewhere. In Psi4, $psi::Taylor_Fjt$ class is used for this purpose.

Now, it is possible to show that the following recursion relationships are true:

$$\begin{split} R_{0,0,M+1,j} &= cR_{0,0,M,j+1} + MR_{0,0,M-1,j+1} \\ R_{0,L+1,M,j} &= bR_{0,L,M,j+1} + LR_{0,L-1,M,j+1} \\ R_{N+1,L,M,j} &= aR_{N,L,M,j+1} + NR_{N-1,L,M,j+1} \end{split}$$

This scheme is implemented in OEPDev.

15.3.6 Function Documentation

15.3.6.1 double oepdev::d_N_n1_n2 (int N, int n1, int n2, double PA, double PB, double aP)

Compute McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite (MDH) coefficient for binomial expansion.

Parameters

N	- increment in the summation of MDH series
n1	- angular momentum of first function
n2	- angular momentum of second function
PA	- cartesian component of P-A distance
PB	- cartesian component of P-B distance
aP	- free parameter of MDH expansion

Returns

the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficient

15.3.6.2 void oepdev::make_mdh_D1_coeff (int n1, double aPd, double * buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for monomial expansion.

Parameters

n1	- angular momentum of first function
aPd	- parameter equal to 0.500/Pa where Pa is exponent
buffer	- the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite 3-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
	 axis 0: dimension 3 (x, y or z Cartesian component) axis 1: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1) axis 2: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1)

See Also

D1_INDEX

15.3.6.3 void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff (int n1, int n2, double *PA, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion.

Parameters

n1	- angular momentum of first function
n2	- angular momentum of second function
aPd	- parameter equal to 0.500/Pa where Pa is exponent
PA	- cartesian components of P-A distance
PB	- cartesian components of P-B distance
buffer	- the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite 4-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
	 axis 0: dimension 3 (x, y or z Cartesian component) axis 1: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1)
	axis 2: dimension n2+1 (0 to n2)
	axis 3: dimension n1+n2+1 (0 to n1+n2)

See Also

D2_INDEX

15.3.6.4 void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff_explicit_recursion (int n1, int n2, double aP, double * PA, double * PB, double * buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion by explicit recursion. This function makes the same changes to buffers as oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff, but implements it through explicit recursion by calls to oepdev::d_N_n1_n2. Therefore, it is slightly slower. Here for debugging purposes.

Parameters

n1	- angular momentum of first function
n2	- angular momentum of second function
aPd	- parameter equal to 0.500/Pa where Pa is exponent
PA	- cartesian components of P-A distance
PB	- cartesian components of P-B distance
buffer	- the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite 4-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
	axis 0: dimension 3 (x, y or z Cartesian component)
	axis 1: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1)
	axis 2: dimension n2+1 (0 to n2)
	• axis 3: dimension n1+n2+1 (0 to n1+n2)

See Also

D2_INDEX

15.3.6.5 void oepdev::make_mdh_D3_coeff (int *n1*, int *n2*, int *n3*, double *aPd*, double * *PA*, double * *PB*, double * *PC*, double * *buffer*)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for trinomial expansion.

Parameters

- angular momentum of first function
- angular momentum of second function
- angular momentum of third function
- parameter equal to 0.500/Pa where Pa is exponent
- cartesian components of P-A distance
- cartesian components of P-B distance
- cartesian components of P-C distance
- the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite 5-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
axis 0: dimension 3 (x, y or z Cartesian component)
• axis 1: dimension n1+1 (0 to n1)
axis 2: dimension n2+1 (0 to n2)
axis 3: dimension n3+1 (0 to n3)
 axis 4: dimension n1+n2+n3+1 (0 to n1+n2+n3)

See Also

D3_INDEX

15.3.6.6 void oepdev::make_mdh_R_coeff (int N, int L, int M, double a, double a, double b, double b

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson R coefficients.

Parameters

N	- increment in the summation of MDH series along x direction
L	- increment in the summation of MDH series along y direction
М	- increment in the summation of MDH series along z direction
alpha	- alpha parameter of R coefficient
а	- x component of PQ vector of R coefficient
b	- y component of PQ vector of R coefficient
С	- z component of PQ vector of R coefficient
F	- array of Boys function values for given alpha and PQ
buffer	- the McMurchie-Davidson 4-dimensional array (raveled to vector):
	axis 0: dimension N+1
	axis 1: dimension L+1
	axis 2: dimension M+1
	axis 3: dimension N+L+M+1 (j-th element)
	l .

15.4 The Integral Helper Library

You will find here various iterators to go through shells while computing ERI, or iterators over ERI itself.

Classes

· class oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator

Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base.

· class oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator

Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet.

class oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet.

· class oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet.

• class oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet.

Typedefs

- using oepdev::SharedShellsIterator = std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator >
 Iterator over shells as shared pointer.
- using oepdev::SharedAOIntsIterator = std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator >
 Iterator over AO integrals as shared pointer.

15.4.1 Detailed Description

You will find here various iterators to go through shells while computing ERI, or iterators over ERI itself.

15.5 The Three-Dimensional Scalar Fields Library

Handles all sorts of scalar distributions in 3D Euclidean space, such as potentials defined at particular collection of points. In this Module, you will also find handling both random and ordered points collections in a form of a G09 cube, as well as handling G09 Cube files.

Classes

· class oepdev::Points3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

class oepdev::CubePoints3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. g09 Cube-like order.

· class oepdev::RandomPoints3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Random collection.

· class oepdev::PointsCollection3D

Collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

class oepdev::RandomPointsCollection3D

Collection of random points in 3D space.

· class oepdev::CubePointsCollection3D

G09 cube-like ordered collection of points in 3D space.

class oepdev::ScalarField3D

Scalar field in 3D space. Abstract base.

• class oepdev::ElectrostaticPotential3D

Electrostatic potential of a molecule.

class oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >

Class template for OEP scalar fields.

Functions

oepdev::OEPotential3D
 T >::OEPotential3D (const int &np, const double &padding, std::shared_ptr< T > oep, const std::string &oepType)

Construct random spherical collection of scalar field of type T.

oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >::OEPotential3D (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &pz, std::shared_ptr< T > oep, const std::string &oepType, psi::Options &options)

Construct ordered 3D collection of scalar field of type T.

virtual oepdev::OEPotential3D
 T >::~OEPotential3D ()

Destructor.

virtual void oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >::print () const

Print information of the object to Psi4 output.

virtual double oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >::compute_xyz (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)

Compute a value of scalar field at point (x, y, z)

15.5.1 Detailed Description

Handles all sorts of scalar distributions in 3D Euclidean space, such as potentials defined at particular collection of points. In this Module, you will also find handling both random and ordered points collections in a form of a G09 cube, as well as handling G09 Cube files.

15.5.2 Function Documentation

15.5.2.1 template < class T > oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >::OEPotential3D (const int & np, const double & padding, std::shared_ptr< T > oep, const std::string & oepType)

Construct random spherical collection of scalar field of type T.

The points are drawn according to uniform distrinution in 3D space.

Parameters

np	- number of points to draw
padding	- spherical padding distance (au)
оер	- OEP object of type T
оерТуре	- type of OEP

15.5.2.2 template < class T > oepdev::OEPotential3D < T >::OEPotential3D (const int & nx, const int & ny, const int & ny, const int & nz, const double & px, const double & px, std::shared_ptr < T > oep, const std::string & oepType, psi::Options & options)

Construct ordered 3D collection of scalar field of type T.

The points are generated according to Gaussian cube file format.

Parameters

nx	- number of points along x direction
ny	- number of points along y direction
nz	- number of points along z direction
рх	- padding distance along x direction
ру	- padding distance along y direction
pz	- padding distance along z direction
оер	- OEP object of type T
оерТуре	- type of OEP
options	- Psi4 options object

15.6 The Multipole Fitting Library

Implements methods to fit the generalized multipole moments of a generalized density distribution based on the input generalized potential scalar field. Among others, you will find here the electrostatic potential (ESP) fitting method.

Classes

· class oepdev::ESPSolver

Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class.

Typedefs

using oepdev::SharedScalarField3D = std::shared_ptr< ScalarField3D >

15.6.1 Detailed Description

Implements methods to fit the generalized multipole moments of a generalized density distribution based on the input generalized potential scalar field. Among others, you will find here the electrostatic potential (ESP) fitting method.

15.7 The OEPDev Utilities 45

15.7 The OEPDev Utilities

Contains utility functions such as printing OEPDev preambule to the output file, class for wavefunction union etc.

Classes

• class oepdev::DIISManager

DIIS manager.

• class oepdev::WavefunctionUnion

Union of two Wavefunction objects.

Macros

#define OEPDEV_USE_PSI4_DIIS_MANAGER 0

Use DIIS from Psi4 (1) or OEPDev (0)?

• #define OEPDEV MAX AM 8

L max.

#define OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM 17

2L_max+1

• #define OEPDEV CRIT ERI 1e-9

ERI criterion for E12, E34, E123 and lambda*EXY coefficients.

#define OEPDEV SIZE BUFFER R 250563

Size of R buffer (OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*3)

#define OEPDEV_SIZE_BUFFER_D2 3264

Size of D2 buffer (3*(OEPDEV_MAX_AM+1)*(OEPDEV_MAX_AM+1)*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM)

Functions

void oepdev::preambule (void)

Print preambule for module OEPDEV.

- std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > oepdev::create_superfunctional (std::string name, Options & options)
 Set up DFT functional.
- std::shared_ptr< Molecule > oepdev::extract_monomer (std::shared_ptr< const Molecule > molecule_dimer, int id)

Extract molecule from dimer.

std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > oepdev::solve_scf (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options & options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio)

Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

15.7.1 Detailed Description

Contains utility functions such as printing OEPDev preambule to the output file, class for wavefunction union etc.

15.7.2 Function Documentation

15.7.2.1 std::shared_ptr < SuperFunctional > oepdev::create_superfunctional (std::string name, Options & options)

Set up DFT functional.

Now it accepts only pure HF functional.

Parameters

name	name of the functional ("HF" is now only available)
options	psi::Options object

Returns

psi::SharedSuperFunctional object with functional.

15.7.2.2 std::shared_ptr< Molecule > oepdev::extract_monomer (std::shared_ptr< const Molecule > molecule_dimer, int id

Extract molecule from dimer.

Parameters

molecule_dimer	psi::SharedMolecule object with dimer
id	index of a molecule (starts from 1)

Returns

psi::SharedMolecule object with indicated monomer

15.7.2.3 std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > oepdev::solve_scf (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options & options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio)

Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

Parameters

molecule	psi::SharedMolecule object with molecule
primary	shared primary basis set
functional	DFT functional
options	psi::Options object
psio	psi::PSIO object

Returns

psi::SharedWavefunction SCF wavefunction of the molecule

15.8 The OEPDev Testing Platform Library

Testing platform at C++ level of code. You should add more tests here when developing new functionalities, theories or models.

Classes

• class oepdev::test::Test

Manages test routines.

15.8.1 Detailed Description

Testing platform at C++ level of code. You should add more tests here when developing new functionalities, theories or models.

Chapter 16

Namespace Documentation

16.1 oepdev Namespace Reference

OEPDev module namespace.

Classes

· class TwoElectronInt

General Two Electron Integral.

class ERI_1_1

2-centre ERI of the form (a|O(2)|b) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class ERI_2_2

4-centre ERI of the form (ab|O(2)|cd) where O(2) = 1/r12.

class ERI_3_1

4-centre ERI of the form (abc|O(2)|d) where O(2) = 1/r12.

· class OEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base.

• class ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy.

• class RepulsionEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy.

class ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy.

• class EETCouplingOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations.

- class TwoBodyAOInt
- · class IntegralFactory

Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals.

· class PotentialInt

Computes potential integrals.

· class DIISManager

DIIS manager.

class ESPSolver

Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class.

· class ShellCombinationsIterator

Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base.

class AOIntegralsIterator

Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base.

class AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet.

· class AllAOShellCombinationsIterator 2

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet.

class AllAOIntegralsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet.

class AllAOIntegralsIterator 2

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet.

class OEPDevSolver

Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base.

· class ElectrostaticEnergySolver

Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

· class RepulsionEnergySolver

Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

class ChargeTransferEnergySolver

Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

· class Points3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

class CubePoints3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. g09 Cube-like order.

class RandomPoints3DIterator

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Random collection.

class PointsCollection3D

Collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

class RandomPointsCollection3D

Collection of random points in 3D space.

• class CubePointsCollection3D

G09 cube-like ordered collection of points in 3D space.

class ScalarField3D

Scalar field in 3D space. Abstract base.

· class ElectrostaticPotential3D

Electrostatic potential of a molecule.

class OEPotential3D

Class template for OEP scalar fields.

• class WavefunctionUnion

Union of two Wavefunction objects.

Typedefs

- using **SharedWavefunction** = std::shared ptr< Wavefunction >
- using ${\bf SharedBasisSet} = {\bf std}::{\bf shared_ptr} < {\bf BasisSet} >$
- using **SharedTensor** = std::shared ptr< Tensor >
- using ${\bf SharedMatrix} = {\bf std}::{\bf shared_ptr} < {\bf Matrix} >$
- using SharedVector = std::shared ptr< Vector >
- using SharedScalarField3D = std::shared ptr< ScalarField3D >
- using SharedIntegralFactory = std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory >
- using SharedTwoBodyAOInt = std::shared_ptr< TwoBodyAOInt >
- using SharedShellsIterator = std::shared ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator >

Iterator over shells as shared pointer.

using SharedAOIntsIterator = std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator >

Iterator over AO integrals as shared pointer.

- using SharedWavefunctionUnion = std::shared_ptr< WavefunctionUnion >
- using SharedOEPotential = std::shared ptr< OEPotential >
- using SharedMolecule = std::shared_ptr< Molecule >
- using SharedSuperFunctional = std::shared ptr< SuperFunctional >
- using SharedMOSpace = std::shared_ptr< MOSpace >
- using SharedMOSpaceVector = std::vector< std::shared_ptr< MOSpace >>
- using SharedIntegralTransform = std::shared_ptr< IntegralTransform >
- using SharedLocalizer = std::shared_ptr< Localizer >

Functions

- n_max_am_ (2 *max_am_+1)
- double d_N_n1_n2 (int N, int n1, int n2, double PA, double PB, double aP)

Compute McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite (MDH) coefficient for binomial expansion.

void make_mdh_D2_coeff_explicit_recursion (int n1, int n2, double aP, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion by explicit recursion. This function makes the same changes to buffers as oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff, but implements it through explicit recursion by calls to oepdev::d_N_n1_n2. Therefore, it is slightly slower. Here for debugging purposes.

void make_mdh_D1_coeff (int n1, double aPd, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for monomial expansion.

void make mdh D2 coeff (int n1, int n2, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion.

void make_mdh_D3_coeff (int n1, int n2, int n3, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *PC, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for trinomial expansion.

void make_mdh_R_coeff (int N, int L, int M, double alpha, double a, double b, double c, double *F, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson R coefficients.

void preambule (void)

Print preambule for module OEPDEV.

- $\bullet \ \, \text{std::shared_ptr} < \text{SuperFunctional} > \text{create_superfunctional} \ \, \text{(std::string name, Options \& options)} \\$
 - Set up DFT functional.
- std::shared_ptr< Molecule > extract_monomer (std::shared_ptr< const Molecule > molecule_dimer, int id)
 Extract molecule from dimer.
- std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > solve_scf (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< Basis-Set > primary, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options &options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio)

Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

16.1.1 Detailed Description

OEPDev module namespace. Contains:

16.2 psi Namespace Reference

Psi4 package namespace.

Typedefs

- using **SharedVetor** = std::shared ptr< Vector >
- using SharedBasisSet = std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >
- using **SharedMolecule** = std::shared_ptr< Molecule >
- using **SharedMatrix** = std::shared ptr< Matrix >
- using SharedWavefunction = std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction >

Functions

- int read_options (std::string name, Options & options)
 Options for the OEPDev plugin.
- SharedWavefunction oepdev (SharedWavefunction ref_wfn, Options & options)
 Main routine of the OEPDev plugin.

16.2.1 Detailed Description

Psi4 package namespace. Contains all Psi4 functionalities.

16.2.2 Function Documentation

16.2.2.1 SharedWavefunction psi::oepdev (SharedWavefunction ref_wfn, Options & options)

Main routine of the OEPDev plugin.

Created with intention to test various models of the interaction energy between two molecules, described by the Hartree-Fock-Roothaan-Hall theory or the configuration interaction with singles theory.

In particular, the plugin tests the models of:

- 1. the Pauli repulsion and CT interaction energy (Project II)
- 2. the Induction interaction energy (Project III)
- 3. the excitation energy transfer couplings (Project I)

against benchmarks (exact or reference solutions). The list of implemented models can be found in Implemented Models .

Parameters

ref_wfn	shared wavefunction of a dimer
options	psi::Options object

Returns

psi::SharedWavefunction (either ref_wfn or wavefunction union)

16.2.2.2 int psi::read_options (std::string name, Options & options)

Options for the OEPDev plugin.

Parameters

name	name of driver function
options	psi::Options object

Returns

true

Names	pace	Docur	mentatior

Chapter 17

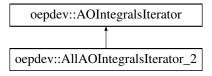
Class Documentation

17.1 oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2 Class Reference

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet.

```
#include <integrals_iter.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2:



Public Member Functions

AllAOIntegralsIterator_2 (const ShellCombinationsIterator *shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (const object)

AllAOIntegralsIterator_2 (std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (pointed by shared pointer)

· void first ()

First iteration.

• void next ()

Next iteration.

• int i () const

Grab the current integral i index.

• int j () const

Grab the current integral j index.

• int index () const

Additional Inherited Members

17.1.1 Detailed Description

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet.

Constructed by providing a const reference or shared pointer to an AllAOShellCombinationsIterator object.

56 Class Documentation

See Also

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2

17.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.1.2.1 AllAOIntegralsIterator_2::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2 (const ShellCombinationsIterator * shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (const object)

Parameters

shellIter	- shell iterator object

17.1.2.2 AllAOIntegralsIterator_2::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2 (std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (pointed by shared pointer)

Parameters

```
shellIter - shell iterator object
```

17.1.3 Member Function Documentation

17.1.3.1 int oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2::index (void) const [inline], [virtual]

Grab the current index of integral value stored in the buffer

Implements oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

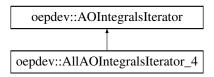
- oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- · oepdev/libutil/integrals iter.cc

17.2 oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4 Class Reference

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet.

#include <integrals_iter.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4:



Public Member Functions

AllAOIntegralsIterator_4 (const ShellCombinationsIterator *shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (const object)

AllAOIntegralsIterator_4 (std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (pointed by shared pointer)

· void first ()

First iteration.

• void next ()

Next iteration.

· int i () const

Grab the current integral i index.

int j () const

Grab the current integral j index.

• int k () const

Grab the current integral k index.

• int I () const

Grab the current integral I index.

• int index () const

Additional Inherited Members

17.2.1 Detailed Description

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet.

Constructed by providing a const reference or shared pointer to an AllAOShellCombinationsIterator object.

See Also

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4

17.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.2.2.1 AllAOIntegralsIterator_4::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4 (const ShellCombinationsIterator * shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (const object)

Parameters

shellIter - shell iterator object

17.2.2.2 AllAOIntegralsIterator_4::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4 (std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter)

Construct by shell iterator (pointed by shared pointer)

Parameters

shellIter - shell iterator object

17.2.3 Member Function Documentation

17.2.3.1 int oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4::index (void) const [inline], [virtual]

Grab the current index of integral value stored in the buffer

Implements oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

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17.3 oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 Class Reference

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet.

#include <integrals_iter.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2:

oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator
oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2

Public Member Functions

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (SharedBasisSet bs_1, SharedBasisSet bs_2)

Iterate over shell doublets. Construct by providing basis sets for each axis. The basis sets must be defined for the same molecule.

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator 2 (std::shared ptr< IntegralFactory > integrals)

Construct by providing integral factory.

- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator 2 (const IntegralFactory &integrals)
- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > integrals)

Construct by providing integral factory.

- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (const psi::IntegralFactory &integrals)
- · void first ()

First iteration.

void next ()

Next iteration.

void compute shell (std::shared ptr< oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const

Compute ERI's for the current shell. The eris are stored in the buffer of the argument object.

- $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{void} \ \textbf{compute_shell} \ (\mathsf{std} :: \mathsf{shared_ptr} < \mathsf{psi} :: \mathsf{TwoBodyAOInt} > \mathsf{tei}) \ \mathsf{const} \\$
- int P () const

Grab the current shell P index.

• int Q () const

Grab the current shell Q index.

Additional Inherited Members

17.3.1 Detailed Description

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet.

Constructed by providing IntegralFactory object or shared pointers to two basis set spaces.

17.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.3.2.1 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (SharedBasisSet bs_1, SharedBasisSet bs_2)

Iterate over shell doublets. Construct by providing basis sets for each axis. The basis sets must be defined for the same molecule.

Parameters

bs_1	- basis set of axis 1
bs_2	- basis set of axis 2

17.3.2.2 oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory > integrals)

Construct by providing integral factory.

Parameters

integrals	- OepDev integral factory object

17.3.2.3 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (const IntegralFactory & integrals)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

17.3.2.4 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > integrals)

Construct by providing integral factory.

Parameters

integrals	- Psi4 integral factory object

17.3.2.5 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2 (const psi::IntegralFactory & integrals)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

17.3.3 Member Function Documentation

17.3.3.1 void AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2::compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const [virtual]

Compute ERI's for the current shell. The eris are stored in the buffer of the argument object.

Parameters

tei	- two electron AO integral

Implements oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- · oepdev/libutil/integrals iter.cc

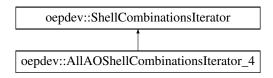
17.4 oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 Class Reference

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet.

60 Class Documentation

#include <integrals_iter.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator 4:



Public Member Functions

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (SharedBasisSet bs_1, SharedBasisSet bs_2, SharedBasisSet bs_3, SharedBasisSet bs_4)

Iterate over shell quartets. Construct by providing basis sets for each axis. The basis sets must be defined for the same molecule.

AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory > integrals)

Construct by providing integral factory.

- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator 4 (const IntegralFactory &integrals)
- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > integrals)

Construct by providing integral factory.

- AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (const psi::IntegralFactory &integrals)
- · void first ()

Do the first iteration.

• void next ()

Do the next iteration.

- void compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const
- $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{void} \ \ \mathbf{compute_shell} \ (\mathsf{std} :: \mathsf{shared_ptr} < \mathsf{psi} :: \mathsf{TwoBodyAOInt} > \mathsf{tei}) \ \mathsf{const} \\$
- int P () const

Grab the current shell P index.

• int Q () const

Grab the current shell Q index.

• int R () const

Grab the current shell R index.

• int S () const

Grab the current shell S index.

Additional Inherited Members

17.4.1 Detailed Description

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet.

Constructed by providing IntegralFactory object or shared pointers to four basis set spaces.

17.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.4.2.1 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (SharedBasisSet bs_1, SharedBasisSet bs_2, SharedBasisSet bs_3, SharedBasisSet bs_4)

Iterate over shell quartets. Construct by providing basis sets for each axis. The basis sets must be defined for the same molecule.

Parameters

bs_1	- basis set of axis 1
bs_2	- basis set of axis 2
bs_3	- basis set of axis 3
bs_4	- basis set of axis 4

17.4.2.2 oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory > integrals)

Construct by providing integral factory.

Parameters

integrals - OepDev integral factory object	Integrals
--	-----------

17.4.2.3 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator 4::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator 4 (const IntegralFactory & integrals)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

17.4.2.4 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > integrals)

Construct by providing integral factory.

Parameters

integrals	- OepDev integral factory object

17.4.2.5 AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4 (const psi::IntegralFactory & integrals)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

17.4.3 Member Function Documentation

17.4.3.1 void AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4::compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const [virtual]

Compute integrals in a current shell. Works both for oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt and psi::TwoBodyAOInt

Parameters

tei	- two body integral object
101	two body integral object

Implements oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

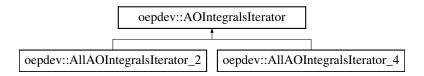
62 Class Documentation

17.5 oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator Class Reference

Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base.

#include <integrals_iter.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator:



Public Member Functions

• AOIntegralsIterator ()

Base Constructor.

virtual ∼AOIntegralsIterator ()

Base Destructor.

virtual void first (void)=0

Do the first iteration.

virtual void next (void)=0

Do the next iteration.

· virtual int i (void) const

Grab i-th index.

virtual int j (void) const

Grab j-th index.

• virtual int k (void) const

Grab k-th index.

• virtual int I (void) const

Grab I-th index.

virtual int index (void) const =0

Grab index in the integral buffer.

virtual bool is_done (void)

Returns the status of an iterator.

Static Public Member Functions

- · static std::shared_ptr
 - < AOIntegralsIterator > build (const ShellCombinationsIterator *shellIter, std::string mode="ALL")
- static std::shared_ptr
 - < AOIntegralsIterator > build (std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter, std::string mode="A-LL")

Protected Attributes

• bool done

The status of an iterator.

17.5.1 Detailed Description

Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base.

17.5.2 Member Function Documentation

17.5.2.1 std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator > AOIntegralsIterator::build (const ShellCombinationsIterator * shellIter, std::string mode = "ALL") [static]

Build AO integrals iterator from current state of iterator over shells

Parameters

```
shellIter - iterator over shells - either "ALL" or "UNIQUE" (iterate over all or unique integrals)
```

Returns

iterator over AO integrals

```
17.5.2.2 std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator > AOIntegralsIterator::build ( std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > shellIter, std::string mode = "ALL" ) [static]
```

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

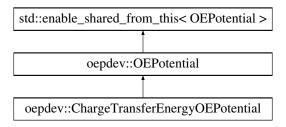
- · oepdev/libutil/integrals iter.h
- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

17.6 oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy.

```
#include <oep.h>
```

 $Inheritance\ diagram\ for\ oepdev:: Charge Transfer Energy OEP otential:$



Public Member Functions

- ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, Options & options)
- ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)
- virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType) override
- virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, double &v) override
- virtual void print_header () const override

Additional Inherited Members

17.6.1 Detailed Description

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy.

Contains the following OEP types:

- Otto-Ladik.V1 DF-based term
- Otto-Ladik. V2 ESP-based term
- Otto-Ladik.V3 ESP-based term

17.6.2 Member Function Documentation

17.6.2.1 void ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential::compute_3D (const std::string & oepType, const double & x, const double & y, const double & v) [override], [virtual]

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v

Implements oepdev::OEPotential.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

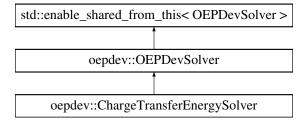
- · oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- · oepdev/liboep/oep.cc

17.7 oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver Class Reference

Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

```
#include <solver.h>
```

 $Inheritance\ diagram\ for\ oepdev:: Charge Transfer Energy Solver:$



Public Member Functions

- ChargeTransferEnergySolver (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)
- virtual double compute_oep_based (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")
 Compute property by using OEP's.
- virtual double compute_benchmark (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")

Compute property by using benchmark method.

Additional Inherited Members

17.7.1 Detailed Description

Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

The implemented methods are shown below

Keyword	Method Description
	Benchmark Methods
OTTO_LADIK	*Default*. CT energy at HF level from Otto and Ladik (1975).
EFP2	CT energy at HF level from EFP2 model.
	OEP-Based Methods
OTTO_LADIK	*Default*. OEP-based Otto-Ladik expressions.

Table 17.1: Methods available in the Solver

In order to construct this solver, always use the OEPDevSolver::build static factory method.

Below the detailed description of the implemented equations is given for each of the above provided methods. In the formulae across, it is assumed that the orbitals are real. The Coulomb notation for electron repulsion integrals (ERI's) is adopted; i.e,

$$(ac|bd) = \iint d\mathbf{r}_1 d\mathbf{r}_2 \phi_a(\mathbf{r}_1) \phi_c(\mathbf{r}_1) \frac{1}{r_{12}} \phi_b(\mathbf{r}_2) \phi_d(\mathbf{r}_2)$$

Greek subscripts denote basis set orbitals whereas Italic subscripts denote the occupied molecular orbitals.

The CT energy between molecules A and B is given by

$$E^{\text{CT}} = E^{\text{A}^{+}\text{B}^{-}} + E^{\text{A}^{-}\text{B}^{+}}$$

Benchmark Methods

CT energy at HF level by Otto and Ladik (1975).

For a closed-shell system, CT energy equation of Otto and Ladik becomes

$$E^{\mathrm{A^+B^-}} \approx 2 \sum_{i \in A}^{\mathrm{Occ_A}} \sum_{n \in B}^{\mathrm{Vir_B}} \frac{V_{in}^2}{\varepsilon_i - \varepsilon_n}$$

where

$$\begin{split} V_{in} &= V_{in}^B + 2\sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{\text{B}}} (in|jj) - \sum_{k \in A}^{\text{Occ}_{\text{A}}} S_{kn} \left\{ V_{ik}^B + 2\sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{\text{B}}} (ik|jj) \right\} \\ &- \sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{\text{B}}} \left[S_{ij} \left\{ V_{nj}^A + 2\sum_{k \in A}^{\text{Occ}_{\text{A}}} (1 - \delta_{ik})(nj|kk) \right\} - (nj|ij) \right] + \sum_{k \in A}^{\text{Occ}_{\text{A}}} \sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{\text{B}}} S_{kj} (1 - \delta_{ik})(ik|nj) \end{split}$$

and analogously the twin term.

CT energy at HF level by EFP2.

In EFP2 method, CT energy is given as

$$E^{\mathrm{A^+B^-}} pprox 2 \sum_{i \in A}^{\mathrm{Occ_A}} \sum_{n \in B}^{\mathrm{Vir_B}} rac{V_{in}^2}{F_{ii} - T_{nn}}$$

where

$$V_{in}^{2} = \frac{V_{in}^{B} - \sum_{m \in A}^{\text{All}_{A}} V_{im} S_{mn}^{B}}{1 - \sum_{m \in A}^{\text{All}_{A}} S_{mn}^{2}} \left\{ V_{in}^{B} - \sum_{m \in A}^{\text{All}_{A}} V_{im}^{B} S_{mn} + \sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{B}} S_{ij} \left(T_{nj} - \sum_{m \in A}^{\text{All}_{A}} S_{nm} T_{mj} \right) \right\}$$

and analogously the twin term.

OEP-Based Methods

OEP-Based Otto-Ladik's theory

After introducing OEP's, the original Otto-Ladik's theory is reformulated without approximation as

$$E^{\mathrm{A^{+}B^{-}}} pprox 2 \sum_{i \in A}^{\mathrm{Occ_{A}}} \sum_{n \in B}^{\mathrm{Vir_{B}}} \frac{\left(V_{in}^{\mathrm{DF}} + V_{in}^{\mathrm{ESP,A}} + V_{in}^{\mathrm{ESP,B}}\right)^{2}}{\varepsilon_{i} - \varepsilon_{n}}$$

where

$$V_{in}^{ ext{DF}} = \sum_{\eta \in B}^{ ext{Aux}_{ ext{B}}} S_{i\eta} G_{\eta n}^{B}$$
 $V_{in}^{ ext{ESP,A}} = \sum_{k \in A}^{ ext{Occ}_{ ext{A}}} \sum_{j \in B}^{ ext{Occ}_{ ext{B}}} S_{kj} \sum_{x \in A} V_{nj}^{(x)} q_{ik}^{(x)}$
 $V_{in}^{ ext{ESP,B}} = -\sum_{k \in A}^{ ext{Occ}_{ ext{A}}} S_{kn} V_{ik}^{B}$

The OEP matrix for density fitted part is given by

$$G_{\eta n}^{B} = \sum_{\eta' \in B}^{\text{Aux}_{\text{B}}} [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{\eta \eta'} \left\{ V_{\eta' n}^{B} + \sum_{j \in B}^{\text{Occ}_{\text{B}}} \left[2(\eta' n | jj) - (\eta' j | nj) \right] \right\}$$

The OEP ESP-A charges are fit to reproduce the OEP potential

$$v_{ik}^{A}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv (1 - \delta_{ik}) \int \frac{\phi_{i}(\mathbf{r}')\phi_{k}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} d\mathbf{r}' - \delta_{ik} \left(\sum_{\mathbf{r} \in A} \frac{-Z_{x}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_{x}|} + 2 \sum_{k \in A}^{\text{Occ}_{A}} \int \frac{\phi_{k}(\mathbf{r}')\phi_{k}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} d\mathbf{r}' - 2 \int \frac{\phi_{i}(\mathbf{r}')\phi_{i}(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} d\mathbf{r}' \right)$$

so that

$$v_{ik}^A(\mathbf{r}) \cong \sum_{x \in A} \frac{q_{ik}^{(x)}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_x|}$$

The OEP ESP-B charges are fit to reproduce the electrostatic potential of molecule B (they are standard ESP charges).

17.7.2 Member Function Documentation

17.7.2.1 double ChargeTransferEnergySolver::compute_benchmark (const std::string & method = "DEFAULT")
[virtual]

Compute property by using benchmark method.

Each solver object has one DEFAULT benchmark method

Parameters

```
method - benchmark method
```

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

17.7.2.2 double ChargeTransferEnergySolver::compute_oep_based (const std::string & method = "DEFAULT")
[virtual]

Compute property by using OEP's.

Each solver object has one DEFAULT OEP-based method.

Parameters

```
method - flavour of OEP model
```

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

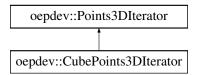
- oepdev/libutil/solver.h
- · oepdev/libutil/solver.cc

17.8 oepdev::CubePoints3DIterator Class Reference

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. g09 Cube-like order.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::CubePoints3DIterator:



Public Member Functions

- CubePoints3Dlterator (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &dx, const double &dy, const double &dx, const double &dx, const double &ox)
- virtual void first ()

Initialize first iteration.

• virtual void next ()

Step to next iteration.

Protected Attributes

- const int nx
- const int ny_
- const int nz
- const double dx
- const double dy_
- const double dz_
- const double ox_

- · const double oy_
- · const double oz_
- int ii_
- int jj__
- int kk

Additional Inherited Members

17.8.1 Detailed Description

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. g09 Cube-like order.

Note: Always create instances by using static factory method from Points3Dlterator. Do not use constructor of this class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

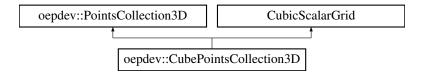
- oepdev/libutil/space3d.h
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.cc

17.9 oepdev::CubePointsCollection3D Class Reference

G09 cube-like ordered collection of points in 3D space.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::CubePointsCollection3D:



Public Member Functions

- CubePointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &px, const double &px, psi::SharedBasisSet bs, psi::Options &options)
- · virtual void print () const

Print the information to Psi4 output file.

• virtual void write_cube_file (psi::SharedMatrix v, const std::string &name)

Additional Inherited Members

17.9.1 Detailed Description

G09 cube-like ordered collection of points in 3D space.

Note: Do not use constructors of this class explicitly. Instead, use static factory methods of the superclass to create instances.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.h
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.cc

17.10 oepdev::DIISManager Class Reference

DIIS manager.

#include <diis.h>

Public Member Functions

- DIISManager (int dim, int na, int nb)
- ∼DIISManager ()

Destructor.

- void put (const std::shared_ptr< const Matrix > &error, const std::shared_ptr< const Matrix > &vector)
- void compute (void)
- void update (std::shared_ptr< Matrix > &other)

17.10.1 Detailed Description

DIIS manager.

Instance can interact directly with the process of solving vector quantities in iterative manner. One needs to pass the dimensions of solution vector as well as the DIIS subspace size. The iterative procedure requires providing the current vector and also an estimate of the error vector. The updated DIIS vector can be copied to an old vector through the Instance.

17.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.10.2.1 oepdev::DIISManager::DIISManager (int dim, int na, int nb)

Constructor.

Parameters

dim	Size of DIIS subspace
na	Number of solution rows
nb	Number of solution columns

17.10.3 Member Function Documentation

17.10.3.1 void oepdev::DIISManager::compute (void)

Perform DIIS interpolation.

17.10.3.2 void oepdev::DIISManager::put (const std::shared_ptr< const Matrix > & error, const std::shared_ptr< const Matrix > & vector)

Put the current solution to the DIIS manager.

Parameters

error	Shared matrix with current solution error
vector	Shared matrix with current solution vector

17.10.3.3 void oepdev::DIISManager::update (std::shared_ptr< Matrix > & other)

Update solution vector. Pass the Shared pointer to current solution. Then it will be overriden by the updated DIIS solution.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

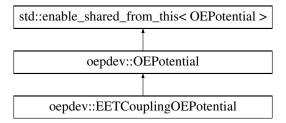
- · oepdev/libutil/diis.h
- · oepdev/libutil/diis.cc

17.11 oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations.

```
#include <oep.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential:



Public Member Functions

- EETCouplingOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, Options & options)
- **EETCouplingOEPotential** (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options &options)
- virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType) override
- virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, double &v) override
- virtual void print_header () const override

Additional Inherited Members

17.11.1 Detailed Description

Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations.

Contains the following OEP types:

- Fujimoto.ET1
- Fujimoto.ET2
- Fujimoto.HT1
- Fujimoto.HT1
- Fujimoto.HT2
- Fujimoto.CT1
- Fujimoto.CT2

17.11.2 Member Function Documentation

17.11.2.1 void EETCouplingOEPotential::compute_3D (const std::string & oepType, const double & x, const double & y, const double & z, double & v) [override], [virtual]

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v

Implements oepdev::OEPotential.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

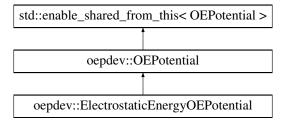
- oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- · oepdev/liboep/oep.cc

17.12 oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy.

#include <oep.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential:



Public Member Functions

- ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)
 - Only ESP-based potential is worth implementing.
- virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType) override
- virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, double &v) override
- virtual void print header () const override

Additional Inherited Members

17.12.1 Detailed Description

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy.

Contains the following OEP types:

• V

17.12.2 Member Function Documentation

17.12.2.1 void ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential::compute_3D (const std::string & oepType, const double & x, const double & y, const double & z, double & v) [override], [virtual]

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v

Implements oepdev::OEPotential.

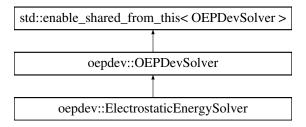
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- · oepdev/liboep/oep.cc

17.13 oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver Class Reference

Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver:



Public Member Functions

- ElectrostaticEnergySolver (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn union)
- virtual double compute_oep_based (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")
 Compute property by using OEP's.
- virtual double compute_benchmark (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")
 Compute property by using benchmark method.

Additional Inherited Members

17.13.1 Detailed Description

Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

The implemented methods are shown in below

Below the detailed description of the above methods is given.

Benchmark Methods

Exact Coulombic energy from atomic orbital expansions.

The Coulombic interaction energy is given by

$$E^{\text{Coul}} = E^{\text{Nuc-Nuc}} + E^{\text{Nuc-El}} + E^{\text{El-El}}$$

where the nuclear-nuclear repulsion energy is

$$E^{\text{Nuc-Nuc}} = \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{y \in B} \frac{Z_x Z_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|}$$

Keyword	Method Description
	Benchmark Methods
AO_EXPANDED	*Default*. Exact Coulombic energy from atomic orbital expansions.
MO_EXPANDED	Exact Coulombic energy from molecular orbital expansions
	OEP-Based Methods
ESP_SYMMETRIZED	*Default*. Coulombic energy from ESP charges interacting with nuclei and electronic density. Symmetrized with respect to monomers.

Table 17.2: Methods available in the Solver

the nuclear-electronic attraction energy is

$$E^{\text{Nuc-El}} = \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{\lambda \sigma \in B} Z_x V_{\lambda \sigma}^{(x)} \left(D_{\lambda \sigma}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\lambda \sigma}^{(\beta)} \right) + \sum_{y \in B} \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} Z_y V_{\mu \nu}^{(y)} \left(D_{\mu \nu}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\mu \nu}^{(\beta)} \right)$$

and the electron-electron repulsion energy is

$$E^{\mathrm{El-El}} = \sum_{\mu\nu\in A} \sum_{\lambda\sigma\in B} \left\{ D_{\mu\nu}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\mu\nu}^{(\beta)} \right\} \left\{ D_{\lambda\sigma}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\lambda\sigma}^{(\beta)} \right\} (\mu\nu|\lambda\sigma)$$

In the above equations,

$$V_{\lambda\sigma}^{(x)} \equiv \int \frac{\varphi_{\lambda}^{*}(\mathbf{r})\varphi_{\sigma}(\mathbf{r})}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_{x}|} d\mathbf{r}$$

Exact Coulombic energy from molecular orbital expansion.

This approach is fully equivalent to the atomic orbital expansion shown above. For the closed shell case, the Coulombic interaction energy is given by

$$E^{\text{Coul}} = E^{\text{Nuc-Nuc}} + E^{\text{Nuc-El}} + E^{\text{El-El}}$$

where the nuclear-nuclear repulsion energy is

$$E^{\text{Nuc-Nuc}} = \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{y \in B} \frac{Z_x Z_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|}$$

the nuclear-electronic attraction energy is

$$E^{\text{Nuc-El}} = 2\sum_{i \in A} \sum_{y \in B} V_{ii}^{(y)} + 2\sum_{j \in B} \sum_{x \in A} V_{jj}^{(x)}$$

and the electron-electron repulsion energy is

$$E^{\text{El-El}} = 4\sum_{i \in A} \sum_{j \in B} (ii|jj)$$

OEP-Based Methods

Coulombic energy from ESP charges interacting with nuclei and electronic density.

In this approach, nuclear and electronic density of either species is approximated by ESP charges. In order to achieve symmetric expression, the interaction is computed twice (ESP of A interacting with density matrix and

nuclear charges of B and vice versa) and then divided by 2. Thus,

$$E^{\text{Coul}} \approx \frac{1}{2} \left[\sum_{x \in A} \sum_{y \in B} \frac{Z_x q_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|} + \sum_{y \in B} \sum_{\mu v \in A} q_y V_{\mu v}^{(y)} \left(D_{\mu v}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\mu v}^{(\beta)} \right) + \sum_{y \in B} \sum_{x \in A} \frac{q_x Z_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|} + \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{\lambda \sigma \in B} Z_x V_{\lambda \sigma}^{(x)} \left(D_{\lambda \sigma}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\lambda \sigma}^{(\beta)} \right) \right]$$

If the basis set is large and the number of ESP centres $q_{x(y)}$ is sufficient, the sum of first two contributions equals the sum of the latter two contributions.

Notes:

· This solver also computes and prints the ESP-ESP point charge interaction energy,

$$E^{\text{Coul,ESP}} \approx \sum_{x \in A} \sum_{y \in B} \frac{q_x q_y}{|\mathbf{r}_x - \mathbf{r}_y|}$$

for reference purposes.

• In order to construct this solver, always use the OEPDevSolver::build static factory method.

17.13.2 Member Function Documentation

17.13.2.1 double ElectrostaticEnergySolver::compute_benchmark (const std::string & method = "DEFAULT")
[virtual]

Compute property by using benchmark method.

Each solver object has one DEFAULT benchmark method

Parameters

method - benchmark method

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

17.13.2.2 double ElectrostaticEnergySolver::compute_oep_based (const std::string & method = "DEFAULT")
[virtual]

Compute property by using OEP's.

Each solver object has one DEFAULT OEP-based method.

Parameters

method - flavour of OEP model

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

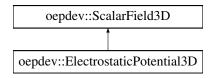
- oepdev/libutil/solver.h
- · oepdev/libutil/solver.cc

17.14 oepdev::ElectrostaticPotential3D Class Reference

Electrostatic potential of a molecule.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ElectrostaticPotential3D:



Public Member Functions

- ElectrostaticPotential3D (const int &np, const double &padding, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options)
- ElectrostaticPotential3D (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &px, const double &px, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options)
- virtual double compute_xyz (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)

Compute a value of scalar field at point (x, y, z)

· virtual void print () const

Print information of the object to Psi4 output.

Additional Inherited Members

17.14.1 Detailed Description

Electrostatic potential of a molecule.

Computes the electrostatic potential of a molecule directly from the wavefunction. The electrostatic potential $v(\mathbf{r})$ at point \mathbf{r} is computed from the following formula:

$$v(\mathbf{r}) = v_{\text{nuc}}(\mathbf{r}) + v_{\text{el}}(\mathbf{r})$$

where the nuclear and electronic contributions are defined accordingly as

$$v_{\text{nuc}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{x} \frac{Z_{x}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_{x}|}$$
$$v_{\text{el}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{\mu\nu} \left\{ D_{\mu\nu}^{(\alpha)} + D_{\mu\nu}^{(\beta)} \right\} V_{\nu\mu}(\mathbf{r})$$

In the above equations, Z_x denotes the charge of xth nucleus, $D_{\mu\nu}^{(\omega)}$ is the one-particle (relaxed) density matrix element in AO basis associated with the ω electron spin, and $V_{\mu\nu}(\mathbf{r})$ is the potential one-electron integral defined by

$$V_{\nu\mu}(\mathbf{r}) \equiv \int d\mathbf{r}' \phi_{\nu}^*(\mathbf{r}') \frac{1}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} \phi_{\mu}(\mathbf{r}')$$

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

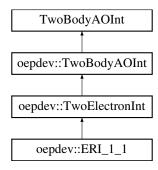
- oepdev/libutil/space3d.h
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.cc

17.15 oepdev::ERI_1_1 Class Reference

2-centre ERI of the form (a|O(2)|b) where O(2) = 1/r12.

#include <eri.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ERI_1_1:



Public Member Functions

- ERI_1_1 (const IntegralFactory *integral, int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)
- Constructor. Use oepdev::IntegralFactory to generate this object.
- ~ERI_1_1 ()

Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

size_t compute_doublet (int, int)
 Compute ERI's between 2 shells.

Protected Attributes

• double * mdh_buffer_1_

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for monomial expansion (shell 1)

double * mdh buffer 2

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for monomial expansion (shell 2)

17.15.1 Detailed Description

2-centre ERI of the form (a|O(2)|b) where O(2) = 1/r12.

ERI's are computed for a shell doublet (P|Q) and stored in the target_full_ buffer, accessible through buffer () method:

For each
$$(n_1,l_1,m_1)\in P$$
:
For each $(n_2,l_2,m_2)\in Q$:
 $\mathrm{ERI}=(A|B)[\{lpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$

For detailed description of the McMurchie-Davidson scheme, refer to The Integral Package Library.

17.15.2 Implementation

A set of ERI's in a shell is decontracted as

$$(A|B)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] = \sum_{ij} c_i(\alpha_1) c_j(\alpha_2) (i|j)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$$

where the primitive ERI is given by

$$(i|j)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] \qquad \qquad = \qquad \sum_{N_1=0}^{n_1} \sum_{L_1=0}^{l_1} \sum_{M_2=0}^{m_1} \sum_{N_2=0}^{n_2} \sum_{L_2=0}^{m_2} M_{N_1}^{n_1} d_{L_1}^{l_1} d_{M_1}^{m_1} d_{N_2}^{n_2} d_{L_2}^{l_2} d_{M_2}^{m_2} \left[N_1 L_1 M_1 | N_2 L_2 M_2 \right]$$

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

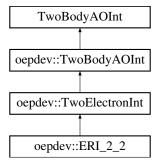
- · oepdev/libints/eri.h
- · oepdev/libints/eri.cc

17.16 oepdev::ERI_2_2 Class Reference

4-centre ERI of the form (ab|O(2)|cd) where O(2) = 1/r12.

```
#include <eri.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ERI_2_2:



Public Member Functions

- ERI_2_2 (const IntegralFactory *integral, int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)

 Constructor. Use oepdev::IntegralFactory to generate this object.
- ~ERI_2_2 ()

Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

• size_t compute_quartet (int, int, int, int)

Compute ERI's between 4 shells.

Protected Attributes

double * mdh_buffer_12_

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for binomial expansion (shells 1 and 2)

double * mdh_buffer_34_

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for binomial expansion (shells 3 and 4)

17.16.1 Detailed Description

4-centre ERI of the form (ab|O(2)|cd) where O(2) = 1/r12.

ERI's are computed for a shell quartet (PQ|RS) and stored in the $target_full_buffer$, accessible through buffer () method:

For each
$$(n_1,l_1,m_1)\in P$$
:
For each $(n_2,l_2,m_2)\in Q$:
For each $(n_3,l_3,m_3)\in R$:
For each $(n_4,l_4,m_4)\in S$:
 $\mathrm{ERI}=(AB|CD)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$

For detailed description of the McMurchie-Davidson scheme, refer to The Integral Package Library.

17.16.2 Implementation

A set of ERI's in a shell is decontracted as

$$(AB|CD)[\{\alpha\}, \mathbf{n}, \mathbf{l}, \mathbf{m}] = \sum_{ijkl} c_i(\alpha_1)c_j(\alpha_2)c_k(\alpha_3)c_l(\alpha_4)(ij|kl)[\{\alpha\}, \mathbf{n}, \mathbf{l}, \mathbf{m}]$$

where the primitive ERI is given by

$$(ij|kl)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] = E_{ij}(\alpha_1,\alpha_2)E_{kl}(\alpha_3,\alpha_4) \\ \times \sum_{N_1=0}^{n_1+n_2} \sum_{L_1=0}^{l_1+l_2} \sum_{M_2=0}^{m_1+m_2} \sum_{L_2=0}^{n_3+n_4} \sum_{L_2=0}^{l_3+l_4} \sum_{M_2=0}^{m_3+n_4} d_{N_1}^{n_1n_2} d_{N_1}^{l_1l_2} d_{N_2}^{m_1m_2} d_{N_2}^{n_3n_4} d_{N_2}^{l_3l_4} d_{M_2}^{m_3m_4} \left[N_1 L_1 M_1 | N_2 L_2 M_2 \right]$$

In the above equation, the multiplicative constants are given as

$$E_{ij}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2} |\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}|^2\right]$$
$$E_{kl}(\alpha_3, \alpha_4) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_3 \alpha_4}{\alpha_3 + \alpha_4} |\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{D}|^2\right]$$

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

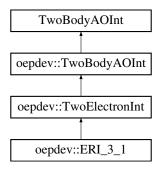
- · oepdev/libints/eri.h
- · oepdev/libints/eri.cc

17.17 oepdev::ERI_3_1 Class Reference

4-centre ERI of the form (abc|O(2)|d) where O(2) = 1/r12.

#include <eri.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ERI 3 1:



Public Member Functions

- ERI_3_1 (const IntegralFactory *integral, int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)
 - Constructor. Use oepdev::IntegralFactory to generate this object.
- ~ERI_3_1 ()

Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

size_t compute_quartet (int, int, int, int)
 Compute ERI's between 4 shells.

Protected Attributes

double * mdh buffer 123

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for trinomial expansion (shells 1, 2 and 3)

• double * mdh_buffer_4_

Buffer for McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficents for monomial expansion (shell 4)

17.17.1 Detailed Description

4-centre ERI of the form (abc|O(2)|d) where O(2) = 1/r12.

ERI's are computed for a shell quartet (PQR|S) and stored in the target_full_ buffer, accessible through buffer() method:

For each
$$(n_1,l_1,m_1)\in P$$
:
For each $(n_2,l_2,m_2)\in Q$:
For each $(n_3,l_3,m_3)\in R$:
For each $(n_4,l_4,m_4)\in S$:
 $\mathrm{ERI}=(ABC|D)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}]$

For detailed description of the McMurchie-Davidson scheme, refer to The Integral Package Library.

17.17.2 Implementation

A set of ERI's in a shell is decontracted as

$$(ABC|D)[\{\alpha\}, \mathbf{n}, \mathbf{l}, \mathbf{m}] = \sum_{ijkl} c_i(\alpha_1)c_j(\alpha_2)c_k(\alpha_3)c_l(\alpha_4)(ijk|l)[\{\alpha\}, \mathbf{n}, \mathbf{l}, \mathbf{m}]$$

where the primitive ERI is given by

$$(ijk|l)[\{\alpha\},\mathbf{n},\mathbf{l},\mathbf{m}] = E_{ijk}(\alpha_1,\alpha_2,\alpha_3) \\ \times \sum_{N_1=0}^{n_1+n_2+n_3} \sum_{l_1+l_2+l_3}^{l_1+l_2+l_3} \sum_{M_1=0}^{m_1+m_2+m_3} \sum_{N_2=0}^{n_4} \sum_{L_2=0}^{l_4} \sum_{M_2=0}^{m_4} d_{N_1}^{n_1n_2n_3} d_{L_1}^{l_1l_2l_3} d_{M_1}^{m_1m_2m_3} d_{N_2}^{n_4} d_{L_2}^{l_4} d_{M_2}^{m_4} [N_1L_1M_1|N_2L_2M_2]$$

In the above equation, the multiplicative constants are given as

$$E_{ijk}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3) = \exp\left[-\frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2} |\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}|^2\right] \exp\left[-\frac{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) \alpha_3}{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3} |\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{C}|^2\right]$$

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libints/eri.h
- · oepdev/libints/eri.cc

17.18 oepdev::ESPSolver Class Reference

Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class.

#include <esp.h>

Public Member Functions

• ESPSolver (SharedScalarField3D field)

Construct from scalar field.

• ESPSolver (SharedScalarField3D field, psi::SharedMatrix centres)

Construct from scalar field.

virtual ∼ESPSolver ()

Destructor.

· virtual psi::SharedVector charges () const

Get the (fit) charges.

· virtual psi::SharedMatrix centres () const

Get the charge distribution centres.

virtual void compute ()

Perform fitting of effective charges.

Protected Attributes

const int nCentres

Number of fit centres.

SharedScalarField3D field_

Scalar field.

psi::SharedVector charges_

Charges to be fit.

psi::SharedMatrix centres_

Centres, at which fit charges will reside.

17.18.1 Detailed Description

Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class.

Solves the least-squares problem to fit the generalized charges q_m , that reproduce the reference generalized potential $v^{\text{ref}}(\mathbf{r})$ supplied by the ScalarField3D object:

$$\int d\mathbf{r}' \left[v^{\mathrm{ref}}(\mathbf{r}') - \sum_{m} \frac{q_m}{|\mathbf{r}' - \mathbf{r}_m|} \right]^2 \to \mathsf{minimize}$$

The charges are subject to the following constraint:

$$\sum_{m}q_{m}=0$$

Method description.

M generalized charges is found by solving the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{b} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{q} \\ \lambda \end{pmatrix}$$

where the **A** matrix of dimension $M \times M$ and b} vector or length M are given as

$$A_{mn} = \sum_{i} rac{1}{r_{im}r_{in}} \ b_{m} = \sum_{i} rac{v^{ ext{ref}}(\mathbf{r}_{m})}{r_{im}}$$

In the above equation, summations run over all sample points, at which reference potential is known.

17.18.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.18.2.1 oepdev::ESPSolver::ESPSolver (SharedScalarField3D field)

Construct from scalar field.

Assume that the centres are on atoms associated with the scalar field.

Parameters

field	- oepdev scalar field object

17.18.2.2 oepdev::ESPSolver::ESPSolver (SharedScalarField3D field, psi::SharedMatrix centres)

Construct from scalar field.

Solve ESP equations for a custom set of charge distribution centres.

Parameters

field	- oepdev scalar field object
centres	- matrix with coordinates of charge distribution centres

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

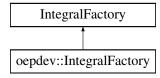
- · oepdev/libutil/esp.h
- · oepdev/libutil/esp.cc

17.19 oepdev::IntegralFactory Class Reference

Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals.

#include <integral.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::IntegralFactory:



Public Member Functions

IntegralFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs3, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs4)

Initialize integral factory given a BasisSet for each center. Becomes (bs1 bs2 | bs3 bs4).

```
    IntegralFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2)
        Initialize integral factory given a BasisSet for two centres. Becomes (bs1 bs2 | bs1 bs2).

    IntegralFactory (std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1)
        Initialize integral factory given a BasisSet for two centres. Becomes (bs1 bs1 | bs1 bs1).
```

Destructor.

virtual ~IntegralFactory ()

• virtual oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt * eri_1_1 (int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)

Returns an ERI_1_1 integral object.

virtual oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt * eri_2_1 (int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)
 Returns an ERI_2_1 integral object.

• virtual oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt * eri_2_2 (int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)

Returns an ERI_2_2 integral object.

virtual oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt * eri_3_1 (int deriv=0, bool use_shell_pairs=false)
 Returns an ERI 3 1 integral object.

17.19.1 Detailed Description

Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals.

In addition to integrals available in Psi4, oepdev::IntegralFactory enables to compute also:

- OEl's:
 - none at that moment
- ERI's:

```
integrals of type (a|b) - oepdev::ERI_1_1
integrals of type (ab|c) - oepdev::ERI_2_1
integrals of type (abc|d) - oepdev::ERI_3_1
integrals of type (ab|cd) - oepdev::ERI_2_2 (also in Psi4 as psi::ERI)
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libpsi/integral.h
- · oepdev/libpsi/integral.cc

17.20 oepdev::OEPDevSolver Class Reference

Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base.

```
#include <solver.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::OEPDevSolver:

```
std::enable_shared_from_this< OEPDevSolver >

oepdev::OEPDevSolver

oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver

oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver

oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver
```

Public Member Functions

OEPDevSolver (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)

Take wavefunction union and initialize the Solver.

virtual ∼OEPDevSolver ()

Destroctor.

virtual double compute_oep_based (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")=0

Compute property by using OEP's.

• virtual double compute_benchmark (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")=0

Compute property by using benchmark method.

Static Public Member Functions

- · static std::shared_ptr
 - < OEPDevSolver > build (const std::string &target, SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)

Build a solver of a particular property for given molecular cluster.

Protected Attributes

SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union_

Wavefunction union.

std::vector< std::string > methods_oepBased_

Names of all OEP-based methods implemented for a solver.

std::vector< std::string > methods_benchmark_

Names of all benchmark methods implemented for a solver.

17.20.1 Detailed Description

Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base.

Uses only a wavefunction union object to initialize. Available solvers:

- ELECTROSTATIC ENERGY
- REPULSION ENERGY
- CHARGE TRANSFER ENERGY

17.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.20.2.1 OEPDevSolver::OEPDevSolver (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)

Take wavefunction union and initialize the Solver.

Parameters

wfn_union - wavefunction union of isolated molecular wavefunctions

17.20.3 Member Function Documentation

17.20.3.1 std::shared_ptr< OEPDevSolver > OEPDevSolver::build (const std::string & target, SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union) [static]

Build a solver of a particular property for given molecular cluster.

Parameters

target	- target property
wfn_union	- wavefunction union of isolated molecular wavefunctions

Implemented target properties:

- ELECTROSTATIC_ENERGY Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.
- REPULSION_ENERGY Pauli repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

See Also

ElectrostaticEnergySolver

```
17.20.3.2 double OEPDevSolver::compute_benchmark ( const std::string & method = "DEFAULT" ) [pure virtual]
```

Compute property by using benchmark method.

Each solver object has one DEFAULT benchmark method

Parameters

```
method - benchmark method
```

Implemented in oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver, oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver, and oepdev::Electrostatic-EnergySolver.

```
17.20.3.3 double OEPDevSolver::compute_oep_based ( const std::string & method = "DEFAULT" ) [pure virtual]
```

Compute property by using OEP's.

Each solver object has one DEFAULT OEP-based method.

Parameters

```
method - flavour of OEP model
```

Implemented in oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver, oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver, and oepdev::Electrostatic-EnergySolver.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

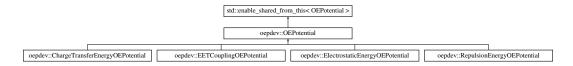
- · oepdev/libutil/solver.h
- · oepdev/libutil/solver.cc

17.21 oepdev::OEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base.

```
#include <oep.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::OEPotential:



Public Member Functions

• OEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)

ESP-based OEP object.

OEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, Options & options)

DF-based OEP object.

virtual ∼OEPotential ()

Destructor.

virtual void rotate (const Matrix &rotmat)

Rotate.

virtual void translate (const Vector &trans)

Translate

virtual void superimpose (const Matrix &refGeometry, const std::vector< int > &supList, const std::vector< int > &reordList)

Superimpose.

• std::string name () const

Retrieve name of this OEP.

SharedMatrix matrix (const std::string &oepType) const

Retrieve matrix potential.

• SharedWavefunction wfn () const

Retrieve wavefunction object.

- void set_name (const std::string &name)
- virtual void print_header () const =0
- virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType)=0
- virtual void compute (void)
- virtual void write_cube (const std::string &oepType, const std::string &fileName)
- virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, double &v)=0

Static Public Member Functions

- · static std::shared ptr
 - < OEPotential > build (const std::string &category, SharedWavefunction wfn, Options &options)

Build ESP-based OEP object.

- · static std::shared_ptr
 - < OEPotential > build (const std::string &category, SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, Options &options)

Build DF-based OEP object.

Public Attributes

· const bool is_density_fitted

Is this OEP density-fitted?

· const bool is_esp_based

Is this OEP ESP-based?

Protected Attributes

· Options options_

Psi4 options.

SharedWavefunction wfn

Wavefunction.

SharedBasisSet primary_

Promary Basis set.

SharedBasisSet auxiliary_

Auxiliary Basis set.

• std::string name_

Name of this OEP;.

std::vector< std::string > oepTypes_

Types of OEP's within the scope of this object.

std::map< std::string,

SharedMatrix > oepMatrices

OEP's matrix forms for each OEP type.

· std::shared_ptr

< psi::IntegralFactory > intsFactory_

Integral factory.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > potMat_

Matrix of potential one-electron integrals.

· std::shared_ptr

< psi::OneBodyAOInt > OEInt_

One-electron integral shared pointer.

std::shared_ptr< PotentialInt > potInt_

One-electron potential shared pointer.

17.21.1 Detailed Description

Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base.

Manages OEP's in matrix and 3D forms. Available OEP categories:

- ELECTROSTATIC ENERGY
- REPULSION ENERGY
- CHARGE TRANSFER ENERGY
- EET COUPLING CONSTANT

17.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.21.2.1 OEPotential::OEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)

ESP-based OEP object.

Parameters

wfn - wavefunction

	D 14 11
ontions	- Psi4 options
Options	

17.21.2.2 OEPotential::OEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, Options & options)

DF-based OEP object.

Parameters

wfn	- wavefunction
auxiliary	- basis set for density fitting of OEP's
options	- Psi4 options

17.21.3 Member Function Documentation

17.21.3.1 std::shared_ptr< OEPotential > OEPotential::build (const std::string & category, SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options) [static]

Build ESP-based OEP object.

Parameters

type	- OEP category
wfn	- wavefunction
options	- Psi4 options

17.21.3.2 std::shared_ptr< OEPotential > OEPotential::build (const std::string & category, SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, Options & options) [static]

Build DF-based OEP object.

Parameters

type	- OEP category
wfn	- wavefunction
auxiliary	- basis set for density fitting of OEP's
options	- Psi4 options

17.21.3.3 void OEPotential::compute_3D (const std::string & oepType, const double & x, const double & y, const double & z, double & v) [pure virtual]

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v

Implemented in oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential, oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential, oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential, and oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential.

17.21.3.4 void OEPotential::write_cube (const std::string & oepType, const std::string & fileName) [virtual]

Write potential to a cube file

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- · oepdev/liboep/oep.cc

17.22 oepdev::OEPotential3D< T > Class Template Reference

Class template for OEP scalar fields.

```
#include <space3d.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::OEPotential3D< T >:

```
oepdev::ScalarField3D
oepdev::OEPotential3D<T>
```

Public Member Functions

- OEPotential3D (const int &np, const double &padding, std::shared_ptr< T > oep, const std::string &oepType)
 Construct random spherical collection of scalar field of type T.
- OEPotential3D (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &py, const double &px, std::shared_ptr< T > oep, const std::string &oepType, psi::Options &options)

Construct ordered 3D collection of scalar field of type T.

virtual ∼OEPotential3D ()

Destructor.

virtual double compute_xyz (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)

Compute a value of scalar field at point (x, y, z)

· virtual void print () const

Print information of the object to Psi4 output.

Protected Attributes

std::shared_ptr< T > oep_

Shared pointer to the instance of class ${\it T}$

std::string oepType_

Descriptor of the scalar field type stored in instance of ${\it T}$

Additional Inherited Members

17.22.1 Detailed Description

template < class T > class oepdev::OEPotential3D < T >

Class template for OEP scalar fields.

Used for special type of classes T that contain following public member functions:

with the $\mathtt{descriptor}$ of a certain scalar field type, x, y, z the points in 3D space in which the scalar field has to be computed and stored at v. Instances of T should store shared pointer to wavefunction object. List of classes T that are compatible with this class template and are currently implemented in oepdev is given below:

• oepdev::OEPotential abstract base (do not use derived classes as T)

Template parameters:

Template Parameters

```
T | the compatible class (e.g. oepdev::OEPotential)
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· oepdev/libutil/space3d.h

17.23 oepdev::Points3Dlterator::Point Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- double x
- · double y
- double z
- · int index

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

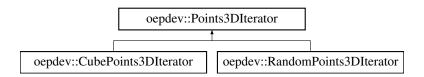
• oepdev/libutil/space3d.h

17.24 oepdev::Points3DIterator Class Reference

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

```
#include <space3d.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::Points3DIterator:



Classes

struct Point

Public Member Functions

Points3Dlterator (const int &np)

Plain constructor. Initializes the abstract features.

virtual ∼Points3DIterator ()

Destructor.

• virtual bool is_done ()

Check if iteration is finished.

• virtual void first ()=0

Initialize first iteration.

virtual void next ()=0

Step to next iteration.

- virtual double x () const
- virtual double y () const
- virtual double z () const
- · virtual int index () const

Static Public Member Functions

· static shared ptr

< Points3DIterator > build (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &dx, const double &dy, const double &dz, const double &ox, const double &ox, const double &oz)

Build G09 Cube collection iterator.

· static shared ptr

< Points3DIterator > build (const int &np, const double &radius, const double &cx, const double &cy, const double &cz)

Build random collection iterator.

- · static shared ptr
 - < Points3DIterator > build (const int &np, const double &pad, psi::SharedMolecule mol)

Build random collection iterator.

Protected Attributes

· const int np_

Number of points.

bool done_

Status of the iterator.

int index

Current index.

Point current_

17.24.1 Detailed Description

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

Points3DIterators are constructed either as iterators over:

- · a random collections or
- an ordered (g09 cube-like) collections. Note: Always create instances by using static factory methods.

17.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.24.2.1 oepdev::Points3Dlterator::Points3Dlterator (const int & np)

Plain constructor. Initializes the abstract features.

Parameters

np	- number of points this iterator is constructed for
----	---

17.24.3 Member Function Documentation

17.24.3.1 std::shared_ptr< Points3Dlterator > oepdev::Points3Dlterator::build (const int & nx, const int & ny, const int & nz, const double & dx, const double & dx, const double & dx, const double & ox, const double & ox, const double & ox, const double & oz) [static]

Build G09 Cube collection iterator.

The points are generated according to Gaussian cube file format.

Parameters

nx	- number of points along x direction
ny	- number of points along y direction
nz	- number of points along z direction
dx	- spacing distance along x direction
dy	- spacing distance along y direction
dz	- spacing distance along y direction
OX	- coordinate x of cube origin
oy	- coordinate y of cube origin
OZ	- coordinate z of cube origin

17.24.3.2 std::shared_ptr< Points3Dlterator > oepdev::Points3Dlterator::build (const int & np, const double & radius, const double & cx, const double & cz, const double & cz) [static]

Build random collection iterator.

The points are drawn according to uniform distrinution in 3D space.

Parameters

np	- number of points to draw
radius	- sphere radius inside which points are to be drawn
CX	- coordinate x of sphere's centre
су	- coordinate y of sphere's centre
CZ	- coordinate z of sphere's centre

17.24.3.3 shared_ptr< Points3Dlterator > oepdev::Points3Dlterator::build (const int & np, const double & pad, psi::SharedMolecule mol) [static]

Build random collection iterator.

The points are drawn according to uniform distrinution in 3D space enclosing a molecule given. All drawn points lie outside the van der Waals volume.

Parameters

nn	number of points to drow
np	- number of points to draw
pad	- radius padding of a minimal sphere enclosing the molecule
mol	- Psi4 molecule object

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

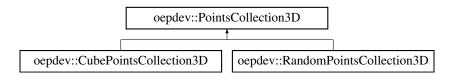
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.h
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.cc

17.25 oepdev::PointsCollection3D Class Reference

Collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::PointsCollection3D:



Public Types

• enum Collection { Random, Cube }

Public descriptior of collection type.

Public Member Functions

• PointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, int &np)

Initialize abstract features.

- PointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, const int &np)
- virtual ∼PointsCollection3D ()

Destructor.

· virtual int npoints () const

Get the number of points.

- · virtual shared_ptr
 - < Points3Dlterator > points_iterator () const

Get the iterator over this collection of points.

virtual Collection get_type () const

Get the collection type.

• virtual void print () const =0

Print the information to Psi4 output file.

Static Public Member Functions

· static shared ptr

< PointsCollection3D > build (const int &npoints, const double &radius, const double &cx=0.0, const double &cz=0.0)

Build random collection of points.

- static shared_ptr
 - < PointsCollection3D > build (const int &npoints, const double &padding, psi::SharedMolecule mol)

Build random collection of points.

- · static shared_ptr
 - < PointsCollection3D > build (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &px, const double &px, psi::SharedBasisSet bs, psi::Options &options)

Build G09 Cube collection of points.

Protected Attributes

const int np

Number of points.

Collection collectionType

Collection type.

shared_ptr< Points3Dlterator > pointsIterator_

iterator over points collection

17.25.1 Detailed Description

Collection of points in 3D space. Abstract base.

Create random or ordered (g09 cube-like) collections of points in 3D space.

Note: Always create instances by using static factory methods.

17.25.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.25.2.1 oepdev::PointsCollection3D::PointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, int & np)

Initialize abstract features.

Parameters

np	- number of points to be created

17.25.3 Member Function Documentation

17.25.3.1 std::shared_ptr< PointsCollection3D > oepdev::PointsCollection3D::build (const int & npoints, const double & radius, const double & cx = 0.0, const double & cy = 0.0, const double & cz = 0.0) [static]

Build random collection of points.

Points uniformly span a sphere.

Parameters

npoints	- number of points to draw
radius	- sphere radius inside which points are to be drawn
CX	- coordinate x of sphere's centre
су	- coordinate y of sphere's centre
CZ	- coordinate z of sphere's centre

17.25.3.2 std::shared_ptr< PointsCollection3D > oepdev::PointsCollection3D::build (const int & *npoints*, const double & *padding*, psi::SharedMolecule *mol*) [static]

Build random collection of points.

Points uniformly span space inside a sphere enclosing a molecule. exluding the van der Waals volume.

Parameters

np	- number of points to draw

padding	- radius padding of a minimal sphere enclosing the molecule
mol	- Psi4 molecule object

17.25.3.3 std::shared_ptr< PointsCollection3D > oepdev::PointsCollection3D::build (const int & nx, const int & ny, const int & nz, const double & px, const double & px, psi::SharedBasisSet bs, psi::Options & options) [static]

Build G09 Cube collection of points.

The points span a parallelpiped according to Gaussian cube file format.

Parameters

nx	- number of points along x direction
ny	- number of points along y direction
nz	- number of points along z direction
рх	- padding distance along x direction
ру	- padding distance along y direction
pz	- padding distance along z direction
bs	- Psi4 basis set object
options	- Psi4 options object

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

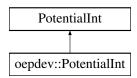
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.h
- oepdev/libutil/space3d.cc

17.26 oepdev::PotentialInt Class Reference

Computes potential integrals.

#include <potential.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::PotentialInt:



Public Member Functions

PotentialInt (std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > &st, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2, int deriv=0)

Constructor. Initialize identically like in psi::PotentilInt.

PotentialInt (std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > &st, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Qxyz, int deriv=0)

Constructor. Takes an arbitrary collection of charges.

PotentialInt (std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > &, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet >, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet >, const double &x, const double &z, const double &q=1.0, int deriv=0)

Constructor. Computes potential for one point x, y, z for a test particle of charge q.

• void set charge field (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, const double &q=1.0)

Mutator. Set the charge field to be a x, y, z point of charge q.

17.26.1 Detailed Description

Computes potential integrals.

17.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.26.2.1 oepdev::PotentialInt::PotentialInt (std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > & st, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2, int deriv = 0)

Constructor. Initialize identically like in psi::PotentilInt.

Parameters

st	- Spherical transform object
bs1	- basis set for first space
bs2	- basis set for second space
deriv	- derivative level

17.26.2.2 oepdev::PotentialInt::PotentialInt (std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > & st, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2, std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > Qxyz, int deriv = 0)

Constructor. Takes an arbitrary collection of charges.

Parameters

st	- Spherical transform object
bs1	- basis set for first space
bs2	- basis set for second space
Qxyz	- matrix with charges and their positions
deriv	- derivative level

17.26.2.3 oepdev::PotentialInt::PotentialInt (std::vector< psi::SphericalTransform > & st, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs1, std::shared_ptr< psi::BasisSet > bs2, const double & x, const double & y, const double & z, const double & q = 1.0, int deriv = 0)

Constructor. Computes potential for one point x, y, z for a test particle of charge q.

Parameters

st	- Spherical transform object
bs1	- basis set for first space
bs2	- basis set for second space
X	- x coordinate of q
У	- y coordinate of q
Z	- z coordinate of q
q	- value of the probe charge
deriv	- derivative level

17.26.3 Member Function Documentation

17.26.3.1 void oepdev::PotentialInt::set_charge_field (const double & x, const double & y, const double & z, const double & q = 1 . 0)

Mutator. Set the charge field to be a x, y, z point of charge q.

Parameters

X	- x coordinate of q
у	- y coordinate of q
Z	- z coordinate of q
q	- value of the probe charge

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

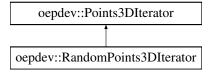
- oepdev/libpsi/potential.h
- · oepdev/libpsi/potential.cc

17.27 oepdev::RandomPoints3Dlterator Class Reference

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Random collection.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::RandomPoints3DIterator:



Public Member Functions

- RandomPoints3Dlterator (const int &np, const double &radius, const double &cx, const double &cy, const double &cz)
- RandomPoints3DIterator (const int &np, const double &pad, psi::SharedMolecule mol)
- virtual void first ()

Initialize first iteration.

· virtual void next ()

Step to next iteration.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual double random_double ()
- virtual void draw_random_point ()
- virtual bool **is_in_vdWsphere** (double x, double y, double z) const

Protected Attributes

- double cx
- double cy_
- double cz_
- double radius_
- double r
- · double phi_
- double theta
- double x_
- double y_

- double z_
- psi::SharedMatrix excludeSpheres_
- std::map< std::string, double > vdwRadius_
- std::default_random_engine randomNumberGenerator_
- std::uniform_real_distribution
 - < double > randomDistribution_

Additional Inherited Members

17.27.1 Detailed Description

Iterator over a collection of points in 3D space. Random collection.

Note: Always create instances by using static factory method from Points3DIterator. Do not use constructors of this class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

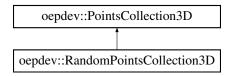
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.h
- oepdev/libutil/space3d.cc

17.28 oepdev::RandomPointsCollection3D Class Reference

Collection of random points in 3D space.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::RandomPointsCollection3D:



Public Member Functions

- RandomPointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, const int &npoints, const double &radius, const double &cx, const double &cy, const double &cz)
- RandomPointsCollection3D (Collection collectionType, const int &npoints, const double &padding, psi::-SharedMolecule mol)
- virtual void print () const

Print the information to Psi4 output file.

Additional Inherited Members

17.28.1 Detailed Description

Collection of random points in 3D space.

Note: Do not use constructors of this class explicitly. Instead, use static factory methods of the superclass to create instances.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

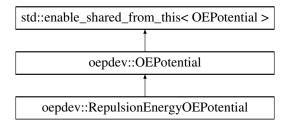
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.h
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.cc

17.29 oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential Class Reference

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy.

```
#include <oep.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential:



Public Member Functions

- RepulsionEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, SharedBasisSet auxiliary, Options & options)
- RepulsionEnergyOEPotential (SharedWavefunction wfn, Options & options)
- virtual void compute (const std::string &oepType) override
- virtual void compute_3D (const std::string &oepType, const double &x, const double &y, const double &z, double &v) override
- virtual void print_header () const override

Additional Inherited Members

17.29.1 Detailed Description

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy.

Contains the following OEP types:

- Murrell-etal.S1
- Otto-Ladik.S2

17.29.2 Member Function Documentation

17.29.2.1 void RepulsionEnergyOEPotential::compute_3D (const std::string & oepType, const double & x, const double & y, const double & z, double & v) [override], [virtual]

Compute value of potential in point x, y, z and save at v

Implements oepdev::OEPotential.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

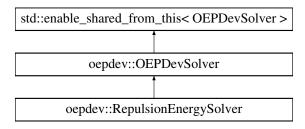
- oepdev/liboep/oep.h
- · oepdev/liboep/oep.cc

17.30 oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver Class Reference

Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

#include <solver.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver:



Public Member Functions

- **RepulsionEnergySolver** (SharedWavefunctionUnion wfn_union)
- virtual double compute_oep_based (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")
 Compute property by using OEP's.
- virtual double compute_benchmark (const std::string &method="DEFAULT")

 Compute property by using benchmark method.

Additional Inherited Members

17.30.1 Detailed Description

Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

The implemented methods are shown below Note:

Keyword	Method Description	
Bench	mark Methods	
HAYES_STONE	*Default*. Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from	
	Hayes and Stone (1984).	
DENSITY_BASED	Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Mandado and	
	Hermida-Ramon (2012).	
MURRELL_ETAL	Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from	
	Murrell et al (1967).	
OTTO_LADIK	Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from	
	Otto and Ladik (1975).	
EFP2	Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from	
	EFP2 model.	
OEP-Based Methods		
MURRELL_ETAL_MIX	*Default*. OEP-Murrell et al's: S1 term via DF-OEP,	
	S2 term via ESP-OEP.	
MURRELL_ETAL_ESP	OEP-Murrell et al's: S1 and S2 via ESP-OEP	

Table 17.3: Methods available in the Solver

 This solver also computes and prints the exchange energy at HF level (formulae are given below) for reference purposes.

• In order to construct this solver, always use the <code>OEPDevSolver::build</code> static factory method.

Below the detailed description of the implemented equations is given for each of the above provided methods. In the formulae across, it is assumed that the orbitals are real. The Coulomb notation for electron repulsion integrals (ERI's) is adopted; i.e,

$$(ac|bd) = \iint d\mathbf{r}_1 d\mathbf{r}_2 \phi_a(\mathbf{r}_1) \phi_c(\mathbf{r}_1) \frac{1}{r_{12}} \phi_b(\mathbf{r}_2) \phi_d(\mathbf{r}_2)$$

Greek subscripts denote basis set orbitals whereas Italic subscripts denote the occupied molecular orbitals.

Benchmark Methods

Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level by Hayes and Stone (1984).

For a closed-shell system, equation of Hayes and Stone (1984) becomes

$$E^{\text{Rep}} = 2\sum_{kl} \left(V_{kl}^A + V_{kl}^B + T_{kl} \right) \left[[\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{lk} - \delta_{lk} \right] + \sum_{klmn} (kl|mn) \left\{ 2[\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{kl} [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{mn} - [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{kn} [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{lm} - 2\delta_{kl}\delta_{mn} + \delta_{kn}\delta_{lm} \right\}$$

where ${\bf S}$ is the overlap matrix between the doubly-occupied orbitals. The exact, pure exchange energy is for a closed shell case given as

$$E^{\text{Ex,pure}} = -2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} (ab|ba)$$

Similarity transformation of molecular orbitals does not affect the resulting energies. The overall exchange-repulsion interaction energy is then (always net repulsive)

$$E^{\text{Ex-Rep}} = E^{\text{Ex,pure}} + E^{\text{Rep}}$$

Repulsion energy of Mandado and Hermida-Ramon (2011)

At the Hartree-Fock level, the exchange-repulsion energy from the density-based scheme of Mandado and Hermida-Ramon (2011) is fully equivalent to the method by Hayes and Stone (1984). However, density-based method enables to compute exchange-repulsion energy at any level of theory. It is derived based on the Pauli deformation density matrix.

$$\Delta \mathbf{D}^{\text{Pauli}} \equiv \mathbf{D}^{oo} - \mathbf{D}$$

where \mathbf{D}^{oo} and \mathbf{D} are the density matrix formed from mutually orthogonal sets of molecular orbitals within the entire aggregate (formed by symmetric orthogonalization of MO's) and the density matrix of the unperturbed system (that can be understood as a Hadamard sum $\mathbf{D} \equiv \mathbf{D}^A \oplus \mathbf{D}^B$).

At HF level, the Pauli deformation density matrix is given by

$$\Delta \mathbf{D}^{Pauli} = \mathbf{C} \left[\mathbf{S}^{-1} - \mathbf{1} \right] \mathbf{C}^{\dagger}$$

whereas the density matrix constructed from mutually orthogonal orbitals is

$$\mathbf{D}^{oo} = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{C}^{\dagger}$$

In the above equations, S is the overlap matrix between doubly occupied molecular orbitals of the entire aggregate.

Here, the expressions for the exchange-repulsion energy at any level of theory are shown for the case of open-shell system. The net repulsive energy is given as

$$E^{\text{Ex-Rep}} = E^{\text{Rep},1} + E^{\text{Rep},2} + E^{\text{Ex}}$$

where the one- and two-electron part of the repulsion energy is

$$E^{\text{Rep,1}} = E^{\text{Rep,Kin}} + E^{\text{Rep,Nuc}}$$

 $E^{\text{Rep,2}} = E^{\text{Rep,el}-\Delta} + E^{\text{Rep,}\Delta-\Delta}$

The kinetic and nuclear contributions are

$$\begin{split} E^{\text{Rep,Kin}} &= 2 \sum_{\alpha\beta \in A,B} \Delta D^{\text{Pauli}}_{\alpha\beta} T_{\alpha\beta} \\ E^{\text{Rep,Nuc}} &= 2 \sum_{\alpha\beta \in A,B} \Delta D^{\text{Pauli}}_{\alpha\beta} \sum_{z \in A,B} V^{(z)}_{\alpha\beta} \end{split}$$

whereas the electron-deformation and deformation-deformation interaction contributions are

$$\begin{split} E^{\text{Rep,el}-\Delta} &= 4 \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta \in A,B} \Delta D_{\alpha\beta}^{\text{Pauli}} D_{\gamma\delta}(\alpha\beta|\gamma\delta) \\ E^{\text{Rep},\Delta-\Delta} &= 2 \sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta \in A,B} \Delta D_{\alpha\beta}^{\text{Pauli}} \Delta D_{\gamma\delta}^{\text{Pauli}}(\alpha\beta|\gamma\delta) \end{split}$$

The associated exchange energy is given by

$$E^{\mathrm{Ex}} = -\sum_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\in A.B} \left[D^{oo}_{\alpha\delta} D^{oo}_{\beta\gamma} - D^{A}_{\alpha\delta} D^{A}_{\beta\gamma} - D^{B}_{\alpha\delta} D^{B}_{\beta\gamma} \right] (\alpha\beta|\gamma\delta)$$

It is important to emphasise that, although, at HF level, the particular 'repulsive' and 'exchange' energies computed by using either Hayes and Stone or Mandado and Hermida-Ramon methods are not equal to each other, they sum up to exactly the same exchange-repulsion energy, $E^{\rm Ex-Rep}$. Therefore, these methods at HF level are fully equivalent but the nature of partitioning of repulsive and exchange parts is different. It is also noted that the orbital localization does *not* affect the resulting energies, as opposed to the few approximate methods described below (Otto-Ladik and EFP2 methods).

Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Murrell et al.

By expanding the overlap matrix in a Taylor series one can show that the Pauli repulsion energy is approximately given as

$$E^{\text{Rep}} = E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) + E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2))$$

where the first-order term is

$$E^{\mathrm{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) = -2\sum_{a \in A}\sum_{b \in B}S_{ab}\left\{V_{ab}^A + \sum_{c \in A}\left[2(ab|cc) - (ac|bc)\right] + V_{ab}^B + \sum_{d \in B}\left[2(ab|dd) - (ad|bd)\right]\right\}$$

whereas the second-order term is

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2)) = 2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab} \left\{ \sum_{c \in A} S_{bc} \left[V_{ac}^B + 2\sum_{d \in B} (ac|dd) \right] + \sum_{d \in B} S_{ad} \left[V_{bd}^A + 2\sum_{c \in A} (bd|cc) \right] - \sum_{c \in A} \sum_{d \in B} S_{cd}(ac|bd) \right\}$$

Thus derived repulsion energy is invariant with respect to transformation of molecular orbitals, similarly as Hayes-Stone's method and density-based method. By using OEP technique, the above theory can be exactly re-cast *without* any further approximations.

Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Otto and Ladik (1975).

The Pauli repulsion energy is approximately given as

$$E^{\text{Rep}} = E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) + E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2))$$

where the first-order term is

$$E^{\mathrm{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) = -2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab} \left\{ V_{ab}^A + 2\sum_{c \in A} (ab|cc) - (ab|aa) + V_{ab}^B + 2\sum_{d \in B} (ab|dd) - (ab|bb) \right\}$$

whereas the second-order term is

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2)) = 2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab}^2 \left\{ V_{aa}^B + V_{bb}^A + 2\sum_{c \in A} (cc|bb) + 2\sum_{d \in B} (aa|dd) - (aa|bb) \right\}$$

Thus derived repulsion energy is *not* invariant with respect to transformation of molecular orbitals, in contrast to Hayes-Stone's method and density-based method. It was shown that good results are obtained when using localized molecular orbitals, whereas using canonical molecular orbitals brings poor results. By using OEP technique, the above theory can be exactly re-cast *without* any further approximations.

Approximate Pauli Repulsion energy at HF level from Jensen and Gordon (1996).

The Pauli repulsion energy used within the EFP2 approach is approximately given as

$$E^{\text{Rep}} = E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) + E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2))$$

where the first-order term is

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S)) = -2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab} \left\{ \sum_{c \in A} F_{ac}^A S_{cb} + \sum_{d \in B} F_{bd}^B S_{da} - 2T_{ab} \right\}$$

whereas the second-order term is

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2)) = 2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab}^2 \left\{ \sum_{x \in A} \frac{-Z_x}{R_{xb}} + \sum_{y \in B} \frac{-Z_y}{R_{ya}} + \sum_{c \in A} \frac{2}{R_{bc}} + \sum_{d \in B} \frac{2}{R_{ad}} - \frac{1}{R_{ab}} \right\}$$

Thus derived repulsion energy is *not* invariant with respect to transformation of molecular orbitals, in contrast to Hayes-Stone's method and density-based method. It was shown that good results are obtained when using localized molecular orbitals, whereas using canonical molecular orbitals brings poor results.

In EFP2, exchange energy is approximated by spherical Gaussian approximation (SGO). The result of this is the following formula for the exchange energy:

$$E^{\mathrm{Ex}} pprox -4 \sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in R} \sqrt{\frac{-2 \ln |S_{ab}|}{\pi}} \frac{S_{ab}^2}{R_{ab}}$$

In all the above formulas, R_{ij} are distances between position vectors of *i*th and *j*th point. The LMO centroids are defined by

$$\mathbf{r}_a = (a|\mathbf{r}|a)$$

where a denotes the occupied molecular orbital.

OEP-Based Methods

The Murrell et al's theory of Pauli repulsion for S-1 term and the Otto-Ladik's theory for S-2 term is here re-cast by introducing OEP's. The S-1 term is expressed via DF-OEP, whereas the S-2 term via ESP-OEP.

S-1 term (Murrell et al.)

The OEP reduction without any approximations leads to the following formula

$$E^{\text{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^1)) = -2\sum_{a \in A}\sum_{b \in B}S_{ab}\left\{\sum_{\xi \in A}S_{b\xi}G_{\xi a}^A + \sum_{\eta \in B}S_{a\eta}G_{\eta b}^B\right\}$$

where the OEP matrices are given as

$$G_{\xi a}^{A} = \sum_{\xi' \in A} [\mathbf{S}^{-1}]_{\xi \xi'} \sum_{\alpha \in A} \left\{ C_{\alpha a} V_{\alpha \xi'}^{A} + \sum_{\mu \nu \in A} \left[2C_{\alpha a} D_{\mu \nu} - C_{\nu a} D_{\alpha \mu} \right] (\alpha \xi' | \mu \nu) \right\}$$

and analogously for molecule *B*. Here, the nuclear attraction integrals are denoted by $V^{A}_{lpha \xi'}$.

S-2 term (Otto-Ladik)

After the OEP reduction, this contribution under Otto-Ladik approximation has the following form:

$$E^{\mathrm{Rep}}(\mathscr{O}(S^2)) = 2\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} S_{ab}^2 \left\{ \sum_{x \in A} q_{xa} V_{bb}^{(x)} + \sum_{y \in B} q_{yb} V_{aa}^{(y)} \right\}$$

where the ESP charges associated with each occupied molecular orbital reproduce the *effective potential* of molecule in question, i.e.,

$$\sum_{x \in A} \frac{q_{xa}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_x|} \cong v_a^A(\mathbf{r})$$

where the potential is given by

$$v_a^A(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{x \in A} \frac{-Z_x}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_x|} + 2\sum_{c \in A} \int \frac{\phi_c(\mathbf{r}')\phi_c(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} \; d\mathbf{r}' - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\phi_a(\mathbf{r}')\phi_a(\mathbf{r}')}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} \; d\mathbf{r}'$$

17.30.2 Member Function Documentation

17.30.2.1 double RepulsionEnergySolver::compute_benchmark (const std::string & method = "DEFAULT")
[virtual]

Compute property by using benchmark method.

Each solver object has one DEFAULT benchmark method

Parameters

method - benchmark method

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

17.30.2.2 double RepulsionEnergySolver::compute_oep_based (const std::string & method = "DEFAULT")
[virtual]

Compute property by using OEP's.

Each solver object has one DEFAULT OEP-based method.

Parameters

method - flavour of OEP model

Implements oepdev::OEPDevSolver.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

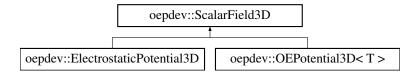
- oepdev/libutil/solver.h
- · oepdev/libutil/solver.cc

17.31 oepdev::ScalarField3D Class Reference

Scalar field in 3D space. Abstract base.

#include <space3d.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ScalarField3D:



Public Member Functions

ScalarField3D (const int &np, const double &pad, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options)

Construct potential on random grid by providing wavefunction.

• ScalarField3D (const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &py, const double &px, std::shared_ptr< psi::Wavefunction > wfn, psi::Options &options)

Construct potential on cube grid by providing wavefunction.

virtual ∼ScalarField3D ()

Destructor.

· virtual int npoints () const

Get the number of points at which the scalar field is defined.

- virtual std::shared ptr
 - < PointsCollection3D > points_collection () const

Get the collection of points.

- · virtual std::shared ptr
 - < psi::Matrix > data () const

Get the data matrix in a form $\{[x, y, z, f(x, y, z)]\}$.

- virtual std::shared_ptr
 - < psi::Wavefunction > wfn () const

Get the wavefunction.

virtual bool is computed () const

Get the information if data is already computed or not.

• virtual void compute ()

Compute the scalar field in each point from the point collection.

virtual double compute_xyz (const double &x, const double &y, const double &z)=0

Compute a value of scalar field at point (x, y, z)

• virtual void write cube file (const std::string &name)

Write the cube file (only for Cube collections, otherwise does nothing)

• virtual void print () const =0

Print information of the object to Psi4 output.

Static Public Member Functions

• static shared_ptr< ScalarField3D > build (const std::string &type, const int &np, const double &pad, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options)

Build scalar field of random points.

static shared_ptr< ScalarField3D > build (const std::string &type, const int &nx, const int &ny, const int &nz, const double &px, const double &py, const double &pz, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options &options)

Build scalar field of points on a g09-cube grid.

Protected Attributes

- std::shared ptr
 - < PointsCollection3D > pointsCollection_

Collection of points at which the scalar field is to be computed.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > data_

The data matrix in a form $\{[x, y, z, f(x, y, z)]\}$.

- · std::shared ptr
 - < psi::Wavefunction > wfn_

Wavefunction.

· psi::Matrix geom_

Geometry of a molecule.

- · std::shared_ptr
 - < psi::IntegralFactory > fact_

Integral factory.

std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > pot_

Matrix of potential one-electron integrals.

· std::shared_ptr

< psi::OneBodyAOInt > oneInt_

One-electron integral shared pointer.

std::shared_ptr< PotentialInt > potInt_

One-electron potential shared pointer.

 $\bullet \ \, \mathsf{std} :: \mathsf{shared_ptr} < \mathsf{psi} :: \mathsf{BasisSet} > \mathsf{primary_}$

Basis set.

• int nbf_

Number of basis functions.

· bool isComputed_

Has data already computed?

17.31.1 Detailed Description

Scalar field in 3D space. Abstract base.

Create scalar field defined at points distributed randomly or as an ordered g09 cube-like collection. Currently implemented scalar fields are:

- Electrostatic potential computes electrostatic potential (requires wavefunction)
- Template of generic classes compute custom scalar fields (requires generic object that is able to compute the field in 3D space)

Note: Always create instances by using static factory methods build. The following types of scalar field are currently implemented:

• ELECTROSTATIC POTENTIAL

17.31.2 Member Function Documentation

17.31.2.1 std::shared_ptr< ScalarField3D > oepdev::ScalarField3D::build (const std::string & type, const int & np, const double & pad, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options & options) [static]

Build scalar field of random points.

Parameters

type	- type of scalar field
np	- number of points
pad	- radius padding of a minimal sphere enclosing the molecule
wfn	- Psi4 Wavefunction containing the molecule
options	- Psi4 options

17.31.2.2 std::shared_ptr < ScalarField3D > oepdev::ScalarField3D::build (const std::string & type, const int & nx, const int & ny, const int & nz, const double & px, const double & py, const double & pz, psi::SharedWavefunction wfn, psi::Options & options) [static]

Build scalar field of points on a g09-cube grid.

Parameters

type	- type of scalar field
nx	- number of points along x direction
ny	- number of points along y direction
nz	- number of points along z direction
px	- padding distance along x direction
ру	- padding distance along y direction
pz	- padding distance along z direction
wfn	- Psi4 Wavefunction containing the molecule
options	- Psi4 options

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

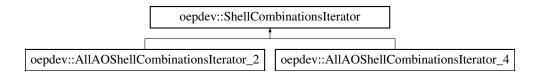
- · oepdev/libutil/space3d.h
- oepdev/libutil/space3d.cc

17.32 oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator Class Reference

Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base.

#include <integrals_iter.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator:



Public Member Functions

• ShellCombinationsIterator (int nshell)

Constructor.

• virtual ~ShellCombinationsIterator ()

Destructor.

• virtual void first (void)=0

First iteration.

virtual void next (void)=0

Next iteration.

· virtual std::shared ptr

< psi::BasisSet > bs_1 (void) const

Grab the basis set of axis 1.

virtual std::shared_ptr

< psi::BasisSet > bs_2 (void) const

Grab the basis set of axis 2.

· virtual std::shared ptr

< psi::BasisSet > bs_3 (void) const

Grab the basis set of axis 3.

virtual std::shared ptr

< psi::BasisSet > bs 4 (void) const

Grab the basis set of axis 4.

virtual int P (void) const

Grab the current shell P index.

• virtual int Q (void) const

Grab the current shell Q index.

virtual int R (void) const

Grab the current shell R index.

· virtual int S (void) const

Grab the current shell S index.

virtual bool is_done (void)

Return status of an iterator.

· virtual const int nshell (void) const

Return number of shells this iterator is for.

- · virtual std::shared ptr
 - < AOIntegralsIterator > ao iterator (std::string mode="ALL") const
- virtual void compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const =0
- virtual void compute_shell (std::shared_ptr< psi::TwoBodyAOInt > tei) const =0

Static Public Member Functions

- · static std::shared ptr
 - $< Shell Combinations Iterator > build \ (const \ Integral Factory \ \&ints, \ std::string \ mode="ALL", \ int \ nshell=4)$

Build shell iterator from oepdev::IntegralFactory.

- · static std::shared ptr
 - < ShellCombinationsIterator > build (std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory > ints, std::string mode="ALL", int nshell=4)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

- · static std::shared ptr
 - < ShellCombinationsIterator > build (const psi::IntegralFactory &ints, std::string mode="ALL", int nshell=4)

 Build shell iterator from psi::IntegralFactory.
- static std::shared ptr
 - < ShellCombinationsIterator > build (std::shared_ptr< psi::IntegralFactory > ints, std::string mode="ALL", int nshell=4)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

Protected Attributes

SharedBasisSet bs 1

Basis set of axis 1.

SharedBasisSet bs 2

Basis set of axis 2.

SharedBasisSet bs 3

Basis set of axis 3.

SharedBasisSet bs_4_

Basis set of axis 4.

· const int nshell_

Number of shells this iterator is for.

bool done

Status of an iterator.

17.32.1 Detailed Description

Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base.

Date

2018/03/01 17:22:00

17.32.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.32.2.1 ShellCombinationsIterator::ShellCombinationsIterator (int nshell)

Constructor.

Parameters

nshell	- number of shells this iterator is for

17.32.3 Member Function Documentation

```
17.32.3.1 std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator > ShellCombinationsIterator::ao_iterator ( std::string mode = "ALL" ) const [virtual]
```

Make an AO integral iterator based on current shell

Parameters

```
mode - either "ALL" or "UNIQUE" (iterate over all or unique integrals)
```

Returns

iterator over AO integrals

17.32.3.2 std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > ShellCombinationsIterator::build (const IntegralFactory & ints, std::string mode = "ALL", int nshell = 4) [static]

Build shell iterator from oepdev::IntegralFactory.

Parameters

	ints	- integral factory
	mode	- mode of iteration (either ALL or UNIQUE)
ĺ	nshell	- number of shells to iterate through

Returns

shell iterator

Examples:

example_integrals_iter.cc.

17.32.3.3 std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator > ShellCombinationsIterator::build (const psi::IntegralFactory & ints, std::string mode = "ALL", int nshell = 4) [static]

Build shell iterator from psi::IntegralFactory.

Parameters

ints	- integral factory
mode	- mode of iteration (either ALL or UNIQUE)
nshell	- number of shells to iterate through

Returns

shell iterator

```
17.32.3.4 void ShellCombinationsIterator::compute_shell ( std::shared_ptr< oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt > tei ) const [pure virtual]
```

Compute integrals in a current shell. Works both for oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt and psi::TwoBodyAOInt

Parameters

tei	- two body integral object

Implemented in oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2, and oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h
- · oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.cc

17.33 oepdev::test::Test Class Reference

Manages test routines.

```
#include <test.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- $\bullet \ \ \, \textbf{Test} \ (\textbf{std::shared_ptr} < \textbf{psi::Wavefunction} > \textbf{wfn, psi::Options \& options}) \\$
- Construct the tester.

~Test ()

Destructor.

· double run (void)

Pefrorm the test.

Protected Member Functions

double test_eri_1_1 (void)

Test the oepdev::ERI_1_1 class against psi::ERI.

double test_eri_2_2 (void)

Test the oepdev::ERI_2_2 class against psi::ERI.

• double test_eri_3_1 (void)

Test the oepdev::ERI_3_1 class against psi::ERI.

Protected Attributes

17.33.1 Detailed Description

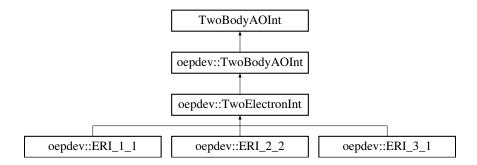
Manages test routines.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libtest/test.h
- · oepdev/libtest/test.cc

17.34 oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void compute (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > &result, int ibs1=0, int ibs2=2)
 Compute two-body two-centre integral and put it into matrix.
- virtual void compute (psi::Matrix &result, int ibs1=0, int ibs2=2)
- virtual size t compute_shell (int, int, int, int)=0
- virtual size t compute shell (int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell (int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int)=0
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int)=0

Protected Member Functions

- TwoBodyAOInt (const IntegralFactory *intsfactory, int deriv=0)
- TwoBodyAOInt (const TwoBodyAOInt &rhs)

17.34.1 Member Function Documentation

17.34.1.1 void oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt::compute (std::shared_ptr< psi::Matrix > & result, int ibs1 = 0, int ibs2 = 2) [virtual]

Compute two-body two-centre integral and put it into matrix.

Parameters

result	- matrix where to store (i $ $ j) two-body integrals
ibs1	- first basis set axis
ibs2	- second basis set axis

17.34.1.2 void oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt::compute (psi::Matrix & result, int ibs1 = 0, int ibs2 = 2) [virtual]

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

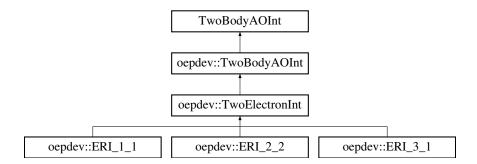
- oepdev/libpsi/integral.h
- · oepdev/libpsi/integral.cc

17.35 oepdev::TwoElectronInt Class Reference

General Two Electron Integral.

#include <eri.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::TwoElectronInt:



Public Member Functions

- TwoElectronInt (const IntegralFactory *integral, int deriv, bool use_shell_pairs)
- · virtual size t compute shell (int, int)

Compute ERI's between 2 shells. Result is stored in buffer.

virtual size_t compute_shell (int, int, int)

Compute ERI's between 3 shells. Result is stored in buffer.

• virtual size_t compute_shell (int, int, int, int)

Compute ERI's between 4 shells. Result is stored in buffer.

- virtual size_t compute_shell (const psi::AOShellCombinationsIterator &)
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int)

Compute first derivatives of ERI's between 2 shells.

virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int)

Compute second derivatives of ERI's between 2 shells.

virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int, int)

Compute first derivatives of ERI's between 3 shells.

virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int, int)

Compute second derivatives of ERI's between 3 shells.

- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv1 (int, int, int, int)
 - Compute first derivatives of ERI's between 4 shells.
- virtual size_t compute_shell_deriv2 (int, int, int, int)

Compute second derivatives of ERI's between 4 shells.

Protected Member Functions

• int get_cart_am (int am, int n, int x)

Get the angular momentum per Cartesian component.

double get_R (int N, int L, int M)

Get the (N,L,M)th McMurchie-Davidson coefficient.

virtual size_t compute_doublet (int, int)

Computes the ERI's between three shells.

virtual size_t compute_triplet (int, int, int)

Computes the ERI's between three shells.

virtual size_t compute_quartet (int, int, int, int)

Computes the ERI's between four shells.

Protected Attributes

const int max_am_

Maximum angular momentum.

const int n_max_am_

Maximum number of angular momentum functions.

psi::Fjt * fjt_

Computes the fundamental: Boys function value at T for degree v.

· bool use_shell_pairs_

Should we use shell pair information?

• const double cartMap_ [60]

Map of Cartesian components per each am.

const double df_ [8]

Double factorial array.

double * mdh_buffer_R_

Buffer for the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite R coefficents.

17.35.1 Detailed Description

General Two Electron Integral.

Implements the McMurchie-Davidson recursive scheme for all integral types. The integral can be defined for any number of Gaussian centres, thus it is not limited to 2-by-2 four-centre ERI. Currently implemented subtypes are:

- oepdev::ERI_1_1 2-centre electron-repulsion integral (i|j)
- oepdev::ERI_2_2 4-centre electron-repulsion integral (ij|kl)
- oepdev::ERI_3_1 4-centre electron-repulsion integral (ijk|I)

See Also

The Integral Package Library

17.35.2 Member Function Documentation

17.35.2.1 size_t oepdev::TwoElectronInt::compute_shell (const psi::AOShellCombinationsIterator & shellIter)
[virtual]

Compute ERIs between 4 shells. Result is stored in buffer. Only for use with ERI_2_2 and the same basis sets, otherwise shell pairs won't be compatible.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

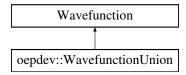
- · oepdev/libints/eri.h
- · oepdev/libints/eri.cc

17.36 oepdev::WavefunctionUnion Class Reference

Union of two Wavefunction objects.

#include <wavefunction_union.h>

Inheritance diagram for oepdev::WavefunctionUnion:



Public Member Functions

• WavefunctionUnion (SharedWavefunction ref_wfn, Options &options)

Constructor.

virtual ∼WavefunctionUnion ()

Destructor.

• virtual double compute_energy ()

Compute Energy (now blank)

• virtual double nuclear_repulsion_interaction_energy ()

Compute Nuclear Repulsion Energy between unions.

• void localize_orbitals ()

Localize Molecular Orbitals.

• void transform_integrals ()

Transform Integrals (2- and 4-index transformations)

• int l_nmo (int n) const

Get number of molecular orbitals of the *n*th fragment.

• int I_nso (int n) const

Get number of symmetry orbitals of the *n*th fragment.

int l_ndocc (int n) const

Get number of doubly occupied orbitals of the *n*th fragment.

• int l_nvir (int n) const

Get number of virtual orbitals of the *n*th fragment.

• int l_nalpha (int n) const

Get the number of the alpha electrons of the *n*th fragment.

• int l_nbeta (int n) const

Get the number of the beta electrons of the *n*th fragment.

int l_nbf (int n) const

Get number of basis functions of the *n*th fragment.

• int I_noffs_ao (int n) const

Get the basis set offset of the *n*th fragment.

double l_energy (int n) const

Get the reference energy of the *n*th fragment.

• SharedMolecule I_molecule (int n) const

Get the molecule object of the *n*th fragment.

SharedBasisSet I_primary (int n) const

Get the primary basis set object of the *n*th fragment.

• SharedBasisSet I_auxiliary (int n) const

Get the auxiliary basis set object of the *n*th fragment.

• SharedWavefunction I_wfn (int n) const

Get the wavefunction object of the *n*th fragment.

SharedMOSpace I_mospace (int n, const std::string &label) const

Get the MO space named label (either OCC or VIR) of the *n*th fragment.

• SharedLocalizer | localizer (int n) const

Get the orbital localizer object of the *n*th fragment.

· SharedIntegralTransform integrals (void) const

Get the integral transform object of the entire union.

· bool has_localized_orbitals (void) const

If union got its molecular orbital localized or not.

· SharedBasisSet primary (void) const

Get the primary basis set for the entire union.

SharedMOSpace mospace (const std::string &label) const

Get the MO space named label (either OCC or VIR)

- SharedMatrix Ca_subset (const std::string &basis="SO", const std::string &subset="ALL")
- SharedMatrix Cb_subset (const std::string &basis="SO", const std::string &subset="ALL")
- SharedMatrix C_subset_helper (SharedMatrix C, const Dimension &noccpi, SharedVector epsilon, const std::string &basis, const std::string &subset)

Helpers for Ca_ and Cb_ matrix transformers.

SharedVector epsilon_subset_helper (SharedVector epsilon, const Dimension &noccpi, const std::string &basis, const std::string &subset)

Helper for epsilon transformer.

void print_header (void)

Print information about this wavefunction union.

· void print mo integrals (void)

Print the MO ingegrals.

Protected Attributes

int nlsolatedMolecules

Number of isolated molecules.

• SharedWavefunction dimer_wavefunction_

The wavefunction for a dimer (electrons relaxed in the field of monomers)

SharedIntegralTransform integrals

Integral transform object (2- and 4-index transformations)

bool hasLocalizedOrbitals

whether orbitals of the union were localized (or not)

• std::map< const std::string,

SharedMOSpace > mospacesUnion_

Dictionary of MO spaces for the entire union (OCC and VIR)

• std::vector< SharedMolecule > I_molecule_

List of molecules.

std::vector< SharedBasisSet > I_primary_

List of primary basis functions per molecule.

std::vector< SharedBasisSet > I_auxiliary_

List of auxiliary basis functions per molecule.

std::vector< SharedWavefunction > I wfn

List of original isolated wavefunctions (electrons unrelaxed)

std::vector< std::string > l_name_

List of names of isolated wavefunctions.

std::vector< int > I nbf

List of basis function numbers per molecule.

std::vector< int > I nmo

List of numbers of molecular orbitals (MO's) per molecule.

std::vector< int > l_nso_

List of numbers of SO's per molecule.

std::vector< int > I ndocc

List of numbers of doubly occupied orbitals per molecule.

std::vector< int > I nvir

List of numbers of virtual orbitals per molecule.

std::vector< int > l_noffs_ao_

List of basis set offsets per molecule.

std::vector< double > l_energy_

List of energies of isolated wavefunctions.

std::vector< double > l_efzc_

List of frozen-core energies per isolated wavefunction.

• std::vector< bool > I_density_fitted_

List of information per wfn whether it was obtained using DF or not.

std::vector< int > l_nalpha_

List of numbers of alpha electrons per isolated wavefunction.

std::vector< int > l_nbeta_

List of numbers of beta electrons per isolated wavefunction.

std::vector< int > I nfrzc

List of numbers of frozen-core orbitals per isolated molecule.

• std::vector< SharedLocalizer > I_localizer_

List of orbital localizers.

std::vector< std::map< const

std::string, SharedMOSpace > > I_mospace_

List of dictionaries of MO spaces.

17.36.1 Detailed Description

Union of two Wavefunction objects.

The WavefunctionUnion is the union of two unperturbed Wavefunctions.

Notes:

- 1. Works only for C1 symmetry! Therefore this->nirrep() = 1.
- 2. Does not set reference_wavefunction_

- 3. Sets oeprop_ for the union of uncoupled molecules
- 4. Performs Hadamard sums on H_, Fa_, Da_, Ca_ and S_ based on uncoupled wavefunctions.
- 5. Since it is based on shallow copy of the original Wavefunction, it **changes** contents of this wavefunction. Reallocate and copy if you want to keep the original wavefunction.

Warnings:

- 1. Gradients, Hessians and frequencies are not touched, hence they are wrong!
- 2. Lagrangian (if present) is not touched, hence its wrong!
- Ca/Cb and epsilon subsets were reimplemented from psi::Wavefunction to remove sorting of orbitals. However, the corresponding member functions are not virtual in psi::Wavefunction. This could bring problems when upcasting.

The following variables are *shallow* copies of variables inside the Wavefunction object, that is created for the *whole* molecule cluster:

- basissets (DF/RI/F12/etc basis sets)
- basisset_(ORBITAL basis set)
- sobasisset_ (Primary basis set for SO integrals)
- AO2SO_ (AO2SO conversion matrix (AO in rows, SO in cols)
- molecule_ (Molecule that this wavefunction is run on)
- options_(Options object)
- psio_ (PSI file access variables)
- integral_(Integral factory)
- factory_ (Matrix factory for creating standard sized matrices)
- memory_ (How much memory you have access to)
- nalpha_, nbeta_ (Total alpha and beta electrons)
- nfrzc_ (Total frozen core orbitals)
- doccpi_ (Number of doubly occupied per irrep)
- soccpi_ (Number of singly occupied per irrep)
- frzcpi_(Number of frozen core per irrep)
- frzvpi_ (Number of frozen virtuals per irrep)
- nalphapi_(Number of alpha electrons per irrep)
- nbetapi_ (Number of beta electrons per irrep)
- nsopi_ (Number of so per irrep)
- nmopi_ (Number of mo per irrep)
- nso_ (Total number of SOs)
- nmo_ (Total number of MOs)
- nirrep_ (Number of irreps; must be equal to 1 due to symmetry reasons)
- same_a_b_dens_ and same_a_b_orbs_ The rest is altered so that the Wavefunction parameters reflect a cluster of non-interacting (uncoupled, isolated, unrelaxed) molecular electron densities.

17.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

17.36.2.1 oepdev::WavefunctionUnion::WavefunctionUnion (SharedWavefunction ref_wfn, Options & options)

Constructor.

Provide wavefunction with molecule containing at least 2 fragments.

Parameters

ref_wfn	- reference wavefunction
options	- Psi4 options

17.36.3 Member Function Documentation

17.36.3.1 SharedMatrix oepdev::WavefunctionUnion::Ca_subset (const std::string & basis = "SO", const std::string & subset = "ALL")

Return a subset of the Ca matrix in a desired basis

Parameters

basis	the symmetry basis to use AO, SO
subset	the subset of orbitals to return ALL, ACTIVE, FROZEN, OCC, VIR, FROZEN_OCC, ACTIV-
	E_OCC, ACTIVE_VIR, FROZEN_VIR

Returns

the matrix in Pitzer order in the desired basis

17.36.3.2 SharedMatrix oepdev::WavefunctionUnion::Cb_subset (const std::string & basis = "SO", const std::string & subset = "ALL")

Return a subset of the Cb matrix in a desired basis

Parameters

basis	the symmetry basis to use AO, SO
subset	the subset of orbitals to return ALL, ACTIVE, FROZEN, OCC, VIR, FROZEN_OCC, ACTIV-
	E_OCC, ACTIVE_VIR, FROZEN_VIR

Returns

the matrix in Pitzer order in the desired basis

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- oepdev/libutil/wavefunction_union.h
- · oepdev/libutil/wavefunction_union.cc

Chapter 18

File Documentation

18.1 include/oepdev_files.h File Reference

Macros

```
    #define OEPDEV_USE_PSI4_DIIS_MANAGER 0
    Use DIIS from Psi4 (1) or OEPDev (0)?
```

• #define OEPDEV_MAX_AM 8

L_max.

• #define OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM 17

2L max+1

• #define OEPDEV_CRIT_ERI 1e-9

ERI criterion for E12, E34, E123 and lambda*EXY coefficients.

• #define OEPDEV_SIZE_BUFFER_R 250563

Size of R buffer (OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*OEPDEV_N_MAX_AM*3)

#define OEPDEV_SIZE_BUFFER_D2 3264

 $\textit{Size of D2 buffer (3*(OEPDEV_MAX_AM+1)*(OEPDEV_MAX_AM+1)*(OEPDEV_MAX_AM+1)*} \\$

18.2 main.cc File Reference

```
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/psifiles.h"
#include "psi4/libdpd/dpd.h"
#include "include/oepdev_files.h"
#include "psi4/libparallel/parallel.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.hpp"
#include "psi4/libmints/molecule.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libfunctional/superfunctional.h"
#include "oepdev/libutil/util.h"
#include "oepdev/libutil/cphf.h"
```

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Namespaces

• psi

Psi4 package namespace.

Typedefs

```
    using SharedMolecule = std::shared ptr< Molecule >

    using SharedSuperFunctional = std::shared ptr< SuperFunctional >

    using SharedWavefunction = std::shared ptr< Wavefunction >

    using SharedVector = std::shared ptr< Vector >

using SharedMatrix = std::shared_ptr< Matrix >

    using SharedBasisSet = std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >

    using SharedUnion = std::shared ptr< oepdev::WavefunctionUnion >

using SharedPSIO = std::shared_ptr< PSIO >

    using SharedCPHF = std::shared ptr< oepdev::CPHF >

• using SharedMOSpace = std::shared ptr< MOSpace >
• using SharedIntegralTransform = std::shared_ptr< IntegralTransform >

    using SharedIntegralFactory = std::shared ptr< IntegralFactory >

    using SharedTwoBodyAOInt = std::shared_ptr< TwoBodyAOInt >

    using SharedMOSpaceVector = std::vector< std::shared_ptr< MOSpace >>

using intVector = std::vector < int >

    using SharedLocalizer = std::shared_ptr< Localizer >
```

using SharedOEPotential = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::OEPotential >
 using SharedField3D = std::shared_ptr< oepdev::ScalarField3D >

Functions

- int psi::read_options (std::string name, Options & options)
 Options for the OEPDev plugin.
- SharedWavefunction psi::oepdev (SharedWavefunction ref_wfn, Options & options)
 Main routine of the OEPDev plugin.

18.3 oepdev/libints/eri.h File Reference

```
#include "psi4/libpsi4util/exception.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/fjt.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
#include "recurr.h"
```

Classes

```
    class oepdev::TwoElectronInt
        General Two Electron Integral.
    class oepdev::ERI_1_1
        2-centre ERI of the form (a|O(2)|b) where O(2) = 1/r12.
    class oepdev::ERI_2_2
        4-centre ERI of the form (ab|O(2)|cd) where O(2) = 1/r12.
    class oepdev::ERI_3_1
        4-centre ERI of the form (abc|O(2)|d) where O(2) = 1/r12.
```

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

18.4 oepdev/libints/recurr.h File Reference

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Macros

• #define D1_INDEX(x, i, n) ((81*(x))+(9*(i))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D1 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momentum i of function 1, and the Hermite index n.

#define D2_INDEX(x, i, j, n) ((1377*(x))+(153*(i))+(17*(j))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D2 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momenta i, j of function 1 and 2, and the Hermite index n.

#define D3 INDEX(x, i, j, k, n) ((18225*(x))+(2025*(i))+(225*(j))+(25*(k))+(n))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite D3 coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_, that is attributed to the x Cartesian coordinate from angular momenta i, j and k of function 1, 2 and 3, and the Hermite index n.

• #define R_INDEX(n, I, m, j) ((14739*(n))+(867*(l))+(51*(m))+(j))

Get the index of McMurchie-Davidson R coefficient stored in the mdh_buffer_R_ from angular momenta n, I and m and the Boys index j.

Functions

• double oepdev::d N n1 n2 (int N, int n1, int n2, double PA, double PB, double aP)

Compute McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite (MDH) coefficient for binomial expansion.

• void oepdev::make_mdh_D1_coeff (int n1, double aPd, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for monomial expansion.

void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff (int n1, int n2, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion.

• void oepdev::make_mdh_D3_coeff (int n1, int n2, int n3, double aPd, double *PA, double *PB, double *PC, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for trinomial expansion.

• void oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff_explicit_recursion (int n1, int n2, double aP, double *PA, double *PB, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson-Hermite coefficients for binomial expansion by explicit recursion. This function makes the same changes to buffers as oepdev::make_mdh_D2_coeff, but implements it through explicit recursion by calls to oepdev::d_N_n1_n2. Therefore, it is slightly slower. Here for debugging purposes.

• void oepdev::make_mdh_R_coeff (int N, int L, int M, double alpha, double a, double b, double c, double *F, double *buffer)

Compute the McMurchie-Davidson R coefficients.

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18.5 oepdev/liboep/oep.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <map>
#include "psi4/libparallel/parallel.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libthce/thce.h"
#include "psi4/libthce/thce.h"
#include "psi4/libcubeprop/csg.h"
#include "../libutil/space3d.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::OEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential: Abstract base.

· class oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Electrostatic Energy.

class oepdev::RepulsionEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Pauli Repulsion Energy.

class oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergyOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for Charge-Transfer Interaction Energy.

class oepdev::EETCouplingOEPotential

Generalized One-Electron Potential for EET coupling calculations.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

```
- using oepdev::SharedWavefunction = std::shared\_ptr < Wavefunction >
```

```
using oepdev::SharedBasisSet = std::shared_ptr< BasisSet >
```

- using **oepdev::SharedTensor** = std::shared ptr< Tensor >
- using oepdev::SharedMatrix = std::shared_ptr< Matrix >
- using oepdev::SharedVector = std::shared_ptr< Vector >

18.6 oepdev/libpsi/integral.h File Reference

```
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
```

Classes

- · class oepdev::TwoBodyAOInt
- · class oepdev::IntegralFactory

Extended IntegralFactory for computing integrals.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

18.7 oepdev/libpsi/potential.h File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/libparallel/parallel.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/typedefs.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/onebody.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/potential.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/sointegral_onebody.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/osrecur.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::PotentialInt

Computes potential integrals.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

18.8 oepdev/libtest/test.h File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/libparallel/parallel.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libqt/qt.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
#include "../libpsi/integrals_iter.h"
```

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Classes

class oepdev::test::Test

Manages test routines.

Namespaces

· oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

18.9 oepdev/libutil/diis.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include "psi4/libparallel/parallel.h"
#include "psi4/libciomr/libciomr.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libqt/qt.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::DIISManager

DIIS manager.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

18.10 oepdev/libutil/esp.h File Reference

```
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "space3d.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::ESPSolver

Charges from Electrostatic Potential (ESP). A solver-type class.

Namespaces

• psi

Psi4 package namespace.

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

- using psi::SharedVetor = std::shared_ptr< Vector >
- using oepdev::SharedScalarField3D = std::shared_ptr< ScalarField3D >

18.11 oepdev/libutil/integrals_iter.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include "psi4/libparallel/parallel.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/integral.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator

Iterator for Shell Combinations. Abstract Base.

· class oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator

Iterator for AO Integrals. Abstract Base.

class oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell quartet.

class oepdev::AllAOShellCombinationsIterator_2

Loop over all possible ERI shells in a shell doublet.

· class oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_4

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell quartet.

class oepdev::AllAOIntegralsIterator_2

Loop over all possible ERI within a particular shell doublet.

Namespaces

· oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

- using oepdev::SharedIntegralFactory = std::shared_ptr< IntegralFactory >
- using oepdev::SharedTwoBodyAOInt = std::shared_ptr< TwoBodyAOInt >
- using oepdev::SharedShellsIterator = std::shared_ptr< ShellCombinationsIterator >

Iterator over shells as shared pointer.

using oepdev::SharedAOIntsIterator = std::shared_ptr< AOIntegralsIterator >

Iterator over AO integrals as shared pointer.

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18.12 oepdev/libutil/solver.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <map>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/libparallel/parallel.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/potential.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/potential.h"
#include "wavefunction_union.h"
#include "wavefunction_union.h"
#include "integrals_iter.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
#include "../libpsi/integral.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::OEPDevSolver

Solver of properties of molecular aggregates. Abstract base.

class oepdev::ElectrostaticEnergySolver

Compute the Coulombic interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

• class oepdev::RepulsionEnergySolver

Compute the Pauli-Repulsion interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

• class oepdev::ChargeTransferEnergySolver

Compute the Charge-Transfer interaction energy between unperturbed wavefunctions.

Namespaces

· oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

- using oepdev::SharedWavefunctionUnion = std::shared_ptr< WavefunctionUnion >
- using oepdev::SharedOEPotential = std::shared_ptr< OEPotential >

18.13 oepdev/libutil/util.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <map>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/libparallel/parallel.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libciomr/libciomr.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.hpp"
#include "psi4/libiwl/iwl.h"
#include "psi4/libqt/qt.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/molecule.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/writer.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/writer_file_prefix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/oeprop.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/local.h"
#include "psi4/libfunctional/superfunctional.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/mospace.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/integraltransform.h"
#include "psi4/libscf_solver/rhf.h"
#include "psi4/libdpd/dpd.h"
```

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Typedefs

- using oepdev::SharedMolecule = std::shared ptr< Molecule >
- using oepdev::SharedSuperFunctional = std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional >
- using oepdev::SharedMOSpace = std::shared_ptr< MOSpace >
- using **oepdev::SharedMOSpaceVector** = std::vector< std::shared ptr< MOSpace >>
- using oepdev::SharedIntegralTransform = std::shared_ptr< IntegralTransform >
- using oepdev::SharedLocalizer = std::shared ptr< Localizer >

Functions

void oepdev::preambule (void)

Print preambule for module OEPDEV.

- std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > oepdev::create_superfunctional (std::string name, Options & options)

 Set up DFT functional.
- std::shared_ptr< Molecule > oepdev::extract_monomer (std::shared_ptr< const Molecule > molecule_dimer, int id)

Extract molecule from dimer.

std::shared_ptr< Wavefunction > oepdev::solve_scf (std::shared_ptr< Molecule > molecule, std::shared_ptr< BasisSet > primary, std::shared_ptr< SuperFunctional > functional, Options &options, std::shared_ptr< PSIO > psio)

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Solve RHF-SCF equations for a given molecule in a given basis set.

18.14 oepdev/libutil/wavefunction union.h File Reference

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include <map>
#include "psi4/psi4-dec.h"
#include "psi4/libparallel/parallel.h"
#include "psi4/liboptions/liboptions.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.h"
#include "psi4/libciomr/libciomr.h"
#include "psi4/libpsio/psio.hpp"
#include "psi4/libqt/qt.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/molecule.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/writer.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/writer_file_prefix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/wavefunction.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/basisset.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/vector.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/matrix.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/oeprop.h"
#include "psi4/libmints/local.h"
#include "psi4/libfunctional/superfunctional.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/mospace.h"
#include "psi4/libtrans/integraltransform.h"
#include "psi4/libscf_solver/rhf.h"
#include "psi4/libdpd/dpd.h"
```

Classes

· class oepdev::WavefunctionUnion

Union of two Wavefunction objects.

Namespaces

oepdev

OEPDev module namespace.

Chapter 19

Example Documentation

19.1 example_integrals_iter.cc

Iterations over electron repulsion integrals in AO basis. This is an example of how to use

- the oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator class
- the oepdev::AOIntegralsIterator class.

```
void iterate(std::shared_ptr<oepdev::IntegralFactory> ints)
  // Prepare for direct calculation of ERI's (shell by shell)
 std::shared_ptr<psi::TwoBodyAOInt> tei(ints->eri());
  // Grab the buffer where the integrals for a current shell will be placed
 const double* buffer = tei->buffer();
 // Create iterator to go through all shell quartet combinations
oepdev::SharedShellsIterator shellIter =
      oepdev::ShellCombinationsIterator::build(ints, "ALL", 4);
  // Iterate over shells, and then over all integrals in each shell quartet
  for (shellIter->first(); shellIter->is_done() == false; shellIter->next())
       // Compute all integrals between shells in the current quartet
shellIter->compute_shell(tei);
       // Create iterator to go through all integrals within a shell quartet
       oepdev::SharedAOIntsIterator intsIter = shellIter->ao_iterator("ALL");
       for (intsIter->first(); intsIter->is_done() == false; intsIter->next())
             // Grab current (ij|kl) indices here
             int i = intsIter->i();
             int j = intsIter->j();
int k = intsIter->k();
             int 1 = intsIter->1();
             // Grab the (ij|kl) integral
            double integral = buffer[intsIter->index()];
```

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