Problem Set #16

Jayden Li

October 8, 2024

Problem 6

Let
$$g(a) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (f(x) - a\cos(nx))^2 dx$$
.

$$g'(a) = \frac{d}{da} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (f(x) - a\cos(nx))^2 dx = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{\partial}{\partial a} \left[(f(x) - a\cos(nx))^2 \right] dx$$

$$0 = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 2(f(x) - a\cos(nx))(-\cos(nx)) dx$$

$$0 = -\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x)\cos(nx) + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} a\cos^2(nx) dx$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} a \cos^2(nx) dx = a \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1 + \cos(2nx)}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} a \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (1 + \cos(2nx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} a \left[x + \frac{\sin(2nx)}{2n} \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} a (\pi + o + \pi - 0) = \frac{1}{2} a \cdot 2\pi = a\pi$$

$$0 = -\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx + a\pi$$
$$a = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx$$