

Problem Set #59

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Problem 6

$$(a) \ r = 2 \implies \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = 2 \implies x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

Circle

$$(b) \ r = 3 \sin \theta \implies r^2 = 3r \sin \theta \implies x^2 + y^2 = 3y$$

Circle

$$(b) \ r = \csc \theta \implies r = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \implies r \sin \theta = 1 \implies y = 1$$

Horizontal line

Problem 7

$$(a) \ x = 3 \implies r \cos \theta = 3 \implies \boxed{r = 3 \sec \theta}$$

$$(b) \ x = -y^2 \implies r \cos \theta = -(r \sin \theta)^2 \implies r \cos \theta = -r^2 \sin^2 \theta \implies -\cos \theta = r \sin^2 \theta \\ \implies \boxed{r = -\cos \theta \csc^2 \theta}$$

$$(b) \ x^2 + y^2 = 2cx \implies r^2 = 2cr \cos \theta \implies \boxed{r = 2c \cos \theta}$$

Problem 10

(a) V

(b) II

(c) VI

(d) III

(e) I

(f) IV