CS1555 Recitation 3 - Solution

Objective: To practice the relational model and SQL DDL

Consider the following relation schemas and states:

STUDENT (sid, name, class, major)
STUDENT_DIR (sid, address, phone)
COURSE_TAKEN (course_no, term, sid, grade)
COURSE (course_no, name, level)

1. What are the arities and cardinalities of the relations?

STUDENT

sid	name	class	major
123	John	3	CS
124	Mary	3	CS
126	Sam	2	CS
129	Julie	2	Math

Arity = **4**Cardinality = **4**

STUDENT DIR

sid	address	phone
123	333 Library St	555-535-5263
124	219 Library St	555-963-9635
129	555 Library St	555-123-4567

Arity = 3 Cardinality = 3

COURSE

COCKSE				
course_no	name	course_level		
CS1520	Web Programming	UGrad		
CS1555	Database Management Systems	UGrad		
CS1550	Operating Systems	UGrad		
CS 1655	Secure Data Management and Web Applications	Ugrad		
CS2550	Database Management Systems	Grad		

 $\begin{array}{ll} Arity &= 3 \\ Cardinality &= 5 \end{array}$

COURSE TAKEN

course_no	term	sid	grade
CS1520	Fall 19	123	3.75
CS1520	Fall 19	124	4
CS1520	Fall 19	126	3
CS1555	Fall 19	123	4
CS1555	Fall 19	124	NULL
CS1550	Spring 20	123	NULL
CS1550	Spring 20	124	NULL
CS1550	Spring 20	126	NULL
CS1550	Spring 20	129	NULL
CS2550	Spring 20	124	NULL
CS1520	Spring 20	126	NULL

Arity = **4**Cardinality = **11**

2. Find the primary key of each relation, assuming that a student is allowed to take each course only once.

```
STUDENT: (sid)
STUDENT_DIR: (sid)
COURSE: (course_no)
COURSE_TAKEN: (course_no, sid)
```

3. Now given that a student may re-take a course if she or he fails to obtain a proper grade for that course, what is the primary key of the Course-taken relation?

```
(course no, sid, term)
```

4. Find the foreign key(s) of each relation, if any. Where does each foreign key reference to?

```
FK1: STUDENT_DIR (sid) REFERENCES STUDENT (sid)
FK2: COURSE_TAKEN (sid) REFERENCES STUDENT (sid)
FK3: COURSE_TAKEN (course_no) REFERENCES COURSE (course_no)
```

5. Use CREATE TABLE statement to create tables for each of the relations above. You need to define the primary keys, foreign keys and any other constraints.

```
CREATE TABLE STUDENT (
    sid int NOT NULL,
    name varchar(15)NOT NULL,
    class int,
    major varchar(10),

CONSTRAINT PK_ STUDENT PRIMARY KEY (sid)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE STUDENT DIR (
     sid int NOT NULL,
     address varchar(100),
     phone varchar(20),
     CONSTRAINT PK STUDENT DIR PRIMARY KEY (sid),
     CONSTRAINT FK STUDENT DIR FOREIGN KEY (sid) REFERENCES
STUDENT (sid) ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE COURSE (
     course_no varchar(10) NOT NULL,
name varchar(100),
course_level varchar(10),
     CONSTRAINT PK COURSE PRIMARY KEY (course no)
);
CREATE TABLE COURSE TAKEN (
     course no varchar(10) NOT NULL,
     term varchar(15) NOT NULL, sid int NOT NULL,
     grade real,
     CONSTRAINT PK COURSE TAKEN PRIMARY KEY (course no, sid,
term),
     CONSTRAINT FK1 COURSE TAKEN FOREIGN KEY (sid) REFERENCES
STUDENT (sid) ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE,
     CONSTRAINT FK2 COURSE TAKEN FOREIGN KEY (course no)
REFERENCES Course (course no) ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE
CASCADE
);
```

6. What will happen if the first two CREATE TABLE statements are switched. Will the statements run smoothly without a problem?

No. An error will be thrown saying that the STUDENT table does not exist.

- 7. Would the following actions be valid given the current data? If not, why?
 - Add a tuple <CS1550, Fall 19, 130, NULL> to COURSE_TAKEN

No. FK2 would be violated since there is no student of sid 130 in STUDENT.

• Delete the tuple <CS1520, Fall 19, 126, NULL> from COURSE_TAKEN

Yes.

• Delete the tuple <123, John, 3, CS> from STUDENT

No. FK2 and FK1 would be violated because there are tuples in COURSE_TAKEN and in STUDENT_DIR having SID = 123.

• Delete the tuple <123, John, 3, CS> from STUDENT, with foreign keys referring to *sid* in the Student table are declared with the "ON DELETE CASCADE" option

Yes. It would be valid if the foreign keys FK1 and FK2 are declared with the "ON DELETE CASCADE" option. The tuples for John in STUDENT_DIR and COURSE_TAKEN will also be deleted.

• Delete the tuple <123, 333 Library St, 555-535-5263> from STUDENT_DIR

Yes.

• In the table COURSE, update the *name* of the course CS1520 to Java Programming

Yes.

• In the table COURSE, update the *course no* of the course CS1520 to CS7896

No. FK3 would be violated.

• In the table COURSE, update the *course_no* of the course CS1520 to CS7896, with foreign keys referring to *course_no* in COURSE table are declared with the "ON UPDATE CASCADE" option

Yes. It would be valid if the foreign key FK2 is declared with the "ON UPDATE CASCADE" option. The *course_no* for CS1520 in the COURSE_TAKEN table will also be updated to CS7896.