```
1 import pandas as pd
 2 import seaborn as sns
 3 import numpy as np
4 import os
 5 import PIL
6 import pickle
7 from PIL import *
8 import cv2
9 import tensorflow as tf
10 import keras
11 from keras.applications import DenseNet121 # 2017 architecture
12 from keras.models import Model, load_model
13 from keras.initializers import glorot\_uniform
14 from keras.utils import plot_model
15 from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau, EarlyStopping, ModelCheckpoint, LearningRateScheduler
16 from IPython.display import display
17 from keras import *
18 from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
19 from keras import layers, optimizers
20 from keras.applications.resnet50 import ResNet50
21 from keras.layers import *
22 from keras import backend as K
23 from keras import optimizers
24 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
25 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
1 # RESBLOCK :=> input -> Convolution Block -> Identity Block -> Identity Block -> output
 2 def res_block(X, filters, stage):
           # Convolution Block
           X_{copy} = X
 5
 6
          f1, f2, f3 = filters
 8
           # Main path
           X = Conv2D(f1,(1,1), strides = (1,1), name = 'res_'+str(stage)+'_conv_a', kernel_initializer = glorot_uniform(seed = 0))(X)
10
           X = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name = 'bn_'+ str(stage) + '_conv_a')(X)
11
           X = Activation('relu')(X)
12
13
14
           X = Conv2D(f2,(3,3), strides = (1,1), padding= 'same', name = 'res ' + str(stage) + ' conv b', kernel initializer = glorot uniform(se
15
16
           X = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name = 'bn_'+ str(stage) + '_conv_b')(X)
           X = Activation('relu')(X)
17
18
19
           X = Conv2D(f3,(1,1),strides = (1,1), name = 'res_' + str(stage) + '\_conv_c', kernel\_initializer = glorot\_uniform(seed = 0))(X)
20
           X = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name = 'bn_'+ str(stage) + '_conv_c')(X)
21
22
           # Short path
23
           X_copy = Conv2D(f3,(1,1), strides =(1,1), name = 'res_'+str(stage) +'_conv_copy', kernel_initializer = glorot_uniform(seed = 0))(X_cc
24
25
           X_{copy} = MaxPool2D((2,2))(X_{copy})
26
           X_copy = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name='bn_'+str(stage)+'_conv_copy')(X_copy)
27
28
           # ADD
29
           X = Add()([X,X_copy])
30
           X = Activation('relu')(X)
31
32
           # Identity BLock 1
33
           X_{copy} = X
34
35
           # main path
36
37
            X = Conv2D(f1,(1,1), strides = (1,1), name = 'res_' + str(stage) + '\_identity_1\_a', kernel\_initializer = glorot\_uniform(seed = 0))(X) 
           X = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name = 'bn_'+ str(stage) + '_identity_1_a')(X)
38
39
           X = Activation('relu')(X)
40
           X = Conv2D(f2,(3,3), strides = (1,1), padding= 'same', name = 'res_' + str(stage) + '_identity_1_b', kernel_initializer = glorot_unif
41
42
           X = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name = 'bn_'+ str(stage) + '_identity_1_b')(X)
           X = Activation('relu')(X)
43
44
           X = Conv2D(f3, (1,1), strides = (1,1), name = 'res_' + str(stage) + '_identity_1_c', kernel_initializer = glorot_uniform(seed = 0))(X)
45
           X = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name = 'bn_' + str(stage) + '_identity_1_c')(X)
46
47
48
49
           X = Add()([X,X_copy])
50
           X = Activation('relu')(X)
51
52
           # identity block 2
53
           X_{copy} = X
           # main path
55
           X = Conv2D(f1,(1,1), strides = (1,1), name = 'res_'+str(stage)+'_identity_2_a', kernel_initializer = glorot_uniform(seed = 0))(X)
56
57
           X = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name = 'bn_'+ str(stage) + '_identity_2_a')(X)
           X = Activation('relu')(X)
58
59
           X = Conv2D(f2,(3,3), strides = (1,1), padding= 'same', name = 'res_' + str(stage) + '_identity_2_b', kernel_initializer = glorot_unifactorializer 
60
61
           X = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name = 'bn_'+ str(stage) + '_identity_2_b')(X)
           X = Activation('relu')(X)
62
63
64
           X = Conv2D(f3, (1,1), strides = (1,1), name = 'res_' + str(stage) + '_identity_2_c', kernel_initializer = glorot_uniform(seed = 0))(X)
           X = BatchNormalization(axis = 3, name = 'bn_'+ str(stage) + '_identity_2_c')(X)
65
66
           # ADD
67
           X = Add()([X,X_copy])
           X = Activation('relu')(X)
68
69
70
           return X
 1 from google.colab import drive
 2 drive.mount('/content/drive')
 3 facialexpression_df = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition/icml_face_data.csv')
```

Fr Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=True).

```
1 facialexpression_df = facialexpression_df.drop(columns = " Usage")
1 facialexpression_df.head()
→
         emotion
                                                          pixels
     0
               0 70 80 82 72 58 58 60 63 54 58 60 48 89 115 121...
               0 151 150 147 155 148 133 111 140 170 174 182 15...
     1
               2 231 212 156 164 174 138 161 173 182 200 106 38...
                    24 32 36 30 32 23 19 20 30 41 21 22 32 34 21 1...
               6
                       4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 15 23 28 48 50 58 84...
1 def string2array(x):
       return np.array(x.split(' ')).reshape(48,48,1).astype('float32')
1 Start coding or generate with AI.
1 def resize(x):
       img = x.reshape(48,48)
       return cv2.resize(img, dsize=(96,96), interpolation = cv2.INTER_CUBIC)
1 facialexpression_df[' pixels'] = facialexpression_df[' pixels'].apply(lambda x : string2array(x))
\label{eq:continuous} 2 \; facial expression\_df[' \; pixels'] = \; facial expression\_df[' \; pixels'].apply(lambda \; x \; : \; resize(x))
1 facialexpression_df.shape
→ (35887, 2)
1 label_to_text = {0: 'anger', 1 : 'disgust', 2 : 'fear', 3 : 'happiness', 4: 'sad', 5: 'surprise', 6: 'neutral'}
1 \text{ emotions} = [1]
2 for i in emotions:
       data = facialexpression_df[facialexpression_df['emotion']==i][:1]
 5
      img = data[' pixels'].item()
      img = img.reshape(96, 96)
6
8
       plt.figure()
9
       plt.title(label_to_text[i])
10
       plt.imshow(img, cmap = 'gray')
       plt.axis('off')
11
\overline{\Rightarrow}
                             disgust
```



¹ facialexpression_df.emotion.value_counts().index

```
→ Index([3, 6, 4, 2, 0, 5, 1], dtype='int64', name='emotion')
1 facialexpression_df.emotion.value_counts()
→ emotion
         6198
    6
         6077
    4
         5121
         4953
         4002
    5
         547
    Name: count, dtype: int64
1 class1 = facialexpression_df.loc[facialexpression_df['emotion'] == 1]
2 class1.shape
→ (547, 2)
1 from keras.utils import to_categorical
3 X = facialexpression_df[' pixels']
4 y = to_categorical(facialexpression_df['emotion'])
6 X = np.stack(X, axis = 0)
7 X = X.reshape(35887,96,96,1)
9 print(X.shape, y.shape)
→ (35887, 96, 96, 1) (35887, 7)
1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
2 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.1, shuffle = True)
3 X_val, X_test, y_val, y_test = train_test_split(X_test, y_test, test_size = 0.5, shuffle = True)
1 X_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape
→ ((32298, 96, 96, 1), (1795, 96, 96, 1), (32298, 7), (1795, 7))
1 X_train = X_train/255
2 X_val = X_val /255
3 X_test = X_test/255
1 train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
2 rotation_range = 15,
      width_shift_range = 0.1,
      height_shift_range = 0.1,
      shear_range = 0.1,
6
      zoom_range = 0.1,
7
      horizontal_flip = True,
      fill_mode = "nearest")
```

```
1 input_shape = (96, 96, 1)
3 # Input tensor shape
 4 X_input = Input(input_shape)
6 # Zero-padding
7 X = ZeroPadding2D((3, 3))(X_input)
9 # 1 - stage
10 X = Conv2D(64, (7, 7), strides= (2, 2), name = 'conv1', kernel_initializer= glorot_uniform(seed = 0))(X)
11 X = BatchNormalization(axis =3, name = 'bn_conv1')(X)
12 X = Activation('relu')(X)
13 X = MaxPooling2D((3, 3), strides= (2, 2))(X)
14
15 # 2 - stage
16 X = res_block(X, [64, 64, 256], stage= 2)
17
18 # 3 - stage
19 X = res_block(X, [128, 128, 512], stage= 3)
20
21 # 4 - stage
22 # X = res_block(X, filter= [256, 256, 1024], stage= 4)
24 # Average Pooling
25 X = AveragePooling2D((4, 4), name = 'Averagea_Pooling')(X)
26
27 # Final layer
28 X = Flatten()(X)
29 X = Dense(7, activation = 'softmax', name = 'Dense_final', kernel_initializer= glorot_uniform(seed=0))(X)
31 facialmodel = Model(inputs= X_input, outputs = X, name = 'Resnet18')
32
33 facialmodel.summary()
```

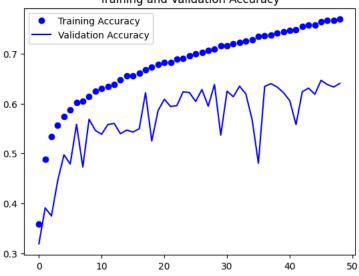
→ Model: "Resnet18"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
========================= input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 96, 96, 1)]	0	[]
zero_padding2d (ZeroPaddin g2D)	(None, 102, 102, 1)	0	['input_1[0][0]']
conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	3200	['zero_padding2d[0][0]']
n_conv1 (BatchNormalizati n)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	256	['conv1[0][0]']
ctivation (Activation)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	0	['bn_conv1[0][0]']
<pre>ax_pooling2d (MaxPooling2)</pre>	(None, 23, 23, 64)	0	['activation[0][0]']
es_2_conv_a (Conv2D)	(None, 23, 23, 64)	4160	['max_pooling2d[0][0]']
ax_pooling2d_1 (MaxPoolin 2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	0	['res_2_conv_a[0][0]']
n_2_conv_a (BatchNormaliz tion)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	256	['max_pooling2d_1[0][0]']
ctivation_1 (Activation)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	0	['bn_2_conv_a[0][0]']
es_2_conv_b (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	36928	['activation_1[0][0]']
n_2_conv_b (BatchNormaliz tion)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	256	['res_2_conv_b[0][0]']
ctivation_2 (Activation)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	0	['bn_2_conv_b[0][0]']
es_2_conv_copy (Conv2D)	(None, 23, 23, 256)	16640	['max_pooling2d[0][0]']
es_2_conv_c (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 256)	16640	['activation_2[0][0]']
ax_pooling2d_2 (MaxPoolin 2D)	(None, 11, 11, 256)	0	['res_2_conv_copy[0][0]']
n_2_conv_c (BatchNormaliz tion)	(None, 11, 11, 256)	1024	['res_2_conv_c[0][0]']
n_2_conv_copy (BatchNorma	(None, 11, 11, 256)	1024	['max_pooling2d_2[0][0]']

```
lization)
  add (Add)
                  (None, 11, 11, 256)
                                       ['bn_2_conv_c[0][0]'
                                        'bn_2_conv_copy[0][0]']
  activation 3 (Activation)
                  (None, 11, 11, 256)
                                       ['add[0][0]']
  res 2 identity 1 a (Conv2D (None, 11, 11, 64)
                                  16448
                                       ['activation 3[0][0]']
  hn 2 identity 1 a (RatchNo (None 11 11 64)
                                  256
                                       ['res 2 identity 1 a[0][0]']
1 facialmodel.compile(optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=1e-3), loss = "categorical_crossentropy", metrics = ["accuracy"])
1 # using early stopping to exit training if validation loss is not decreasing even after certain epochs (patience)
2 earlystopping = EarlyStopping(monitor = 'val_loss', mode = 'min', verbose = 1, patience = 20)
4 # save the best model with lower validation loss
5 checkpointer = ModelCheckpoint(filepath = "/content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition /FacialExpression_weights.hdf5", verbose = 1, sav
1 history = facialmodel.fit(train_datagen.flow(X_train, y_train, batch_size=64),
   validation_data= (X_val, y_val), steps_per_epoch=len(X_train) // 64,
3
   epochs= 100, callbacks=[checkpointer, earlystopping])
  Epoch 27: val_loss did not improve from 0.98270
  504/504 [=================== ] - 29s 58ms/step - loss: 0.7907 - accuracy: 0.7022 - val loss: 0.9974 - val accuracy: 0.6282
  Epoch 28/100
  Epoch 28: val_loss did not improve from 0.98270
  504/504 [===================] - 29s 57ms/step - loss: 0.7845 - accuracy: 0.7062 - val_loss: 1.0917 - val_accuracy: 0.5948
  Epoch 29/100
  Epoch 29: val_loss improved from 0.98270 to 0.97295, saving model to /content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition /FacialExpression_we
  Epoch 30/100
  Epoch 30: val_loss did not improve from 0.97295
  Epoch 31/100
  Epoch 31: val loss did not improve from 0.97295
  Epoch 32/100
  Epoch 32: val loss did not improve from 0.97295
  Enoch 33/100
  Epoch 33: val_loss did not improve from 0.97295
  504/504 [===================] - 29s 57ms/step - loss: 0.7392 - accuracy: 0.7228 - val_loss: 0.9828 - val_accuracy: 0.6349
  Epoch 34/100
  504/504 [=============] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.7309 - accuracy: 0.7254
  Epoch 34: val_loss did not improve from 0.97295
  504/504 [================== ] - 29s 58ms/step - loss: 0.7309 - accuracy: 0.7254 - val loss: 1.1056 - val accuracy: 0.6193
  Epoch 35/100
  Epoch 35: val_loss did not improve from 0.97295
  Epoch 36/100
  Epoch 36: val_loss did not improve from 0.97295
  Epoch 37/100
  Epoch 37: val_loss did not improve from 0.97295
  Epoch 38/100
  Epoch 38: val_loss did not improve from 0.97295
  504/504 [===================] - 29s 58ms/step - loss: 0.6990 - accuracy: 0.7375 - val_loss: 0.9897 - val_accuracy: 0.6399
  Epoch 39/100
  Epoch 39: val loss did not improve from 0.97295
  Epoch 40/100
  Epoch 40: val_loss did not improve from 0.97295
  504/504 [=======================] - 29s 58ms/step - loss: 0.6807 - accuracy: 0.7446 - val_loss: 1.0874 - val_accuracy: 0.6221
  Epoch 41/100
  Epoch 41: val_loss did not improve from 0.97295
```

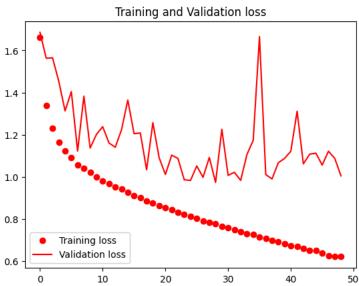
<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7b0eaad13040>

Training and Validation Accuracy

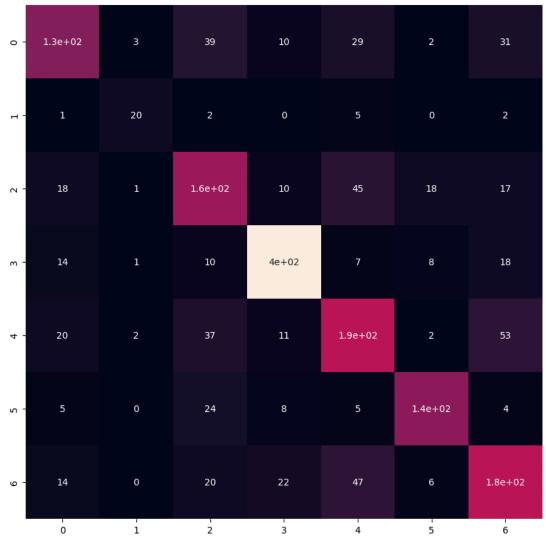


```
1 plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'ro', label='Training loss')
2 plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'r', label='Validation loss')
3 plt.title('Training and Validation loss')
4 plt.legend()
```

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7b0e241be620>







```
1 L = 5
2 W = 5
3
4 fig, axes = plt.subplots(L, W, figsize = (24, 24))
5 axes = axes.ravel()
6
7 for i in np.arange(0, L*W):
8     axes[i].imshow(X_test[i].reshape(96,96), cmap = 'gray')
9     axes[i].set_title('Prediction = {}\n True = {}'.format(label_to_text[predicted_classes[i]], label_to_text[y_true[i]]))
10     axes[i].axis('off')
11
12 plt.subplots_adjust(wspace = 1)
```





















































```
1 Start coding or generate with AI.

1 # Compute accuracy
2 accuracy = np.mean(predicted_classes == y_true)
3
4 print("Accuracy:", accuracy)

Accuracy: 0.6818941504178273
```

```
1 def identity_block(X, f, filters, stage, block):
       Implementation of the identity block as defined in Figure 3
 3
 4
 5
      Arguments:
 6
      X -- input tensor of shape (m, n_H_prev, n_W_prev, n_C_prev)
       f -- integer, specifying the shape of the middle CONV's window for the main path
 7
      filters -- python list of integers, defining the number of filters in the CONV layers of the main path
 8
       stage -- integer, used to name the layers, depending on their position in the network
10
      block -- string/character, used to name the layers, depending on their position in the network
11
12
       Returns:
      X -- output of the identity block, tensor of shape (n_H, n_W, n_C)
13
14
15
16
      # defining name basis
17
       conv_name_base = 'res' + str(stage) + block + '_branch'
       bn_name_base = 'bn' + str(stage) + block + '_branch'
18
19
20
       # Retrieve Filters
21
      F1, F2, F3 = filters
22
       # Save the input value. You'll need this later to add back to the main path.
23
24
       X_{shortcut} = X
25
26
      # First component of main path
27
       X = Conv2D(F1, (1, 1), strides=(1, 1), name=conv\_name\_base + '2a', kernel\_initializer=glorot\_uniform(seed=0))(X) 
      X = BatchNormalization(axis=3, name=bn_name_base + '2a')(X)
28
29
      X = Activation('relu')(X)
30
31
      # Second component of main path (≈3 lines)
32
      X = Conv2D(F2, (f, f), strides=(1, 1), padding='same', name=conv_name_base + '2b', kernel_initializer=glorot_uniform(seed=0))(X)
      X = BatchNormalization(axis=3, name=bn_name_base + '2b')(X)
33
34
      X = Activation('relu')(X)
35
36
      # Third component of main path (≈2 lines)
37
       X = Conv2D(F3, (1, 1), strides=(1, 1), name=conv\_name\_base + '2c', kernel\_initializer=glorot\_uniform(seed=0))(X) 
      X = BatchNormalization(axis=3, name=bn_name_base + '2c')(X)
38
39
40
      # Add shortcut value to main path, and pass it through a RELU activation (≈2 lines)
41
      X = Add()([X, X shortcut])
42
      X = Activation('relu')(X)
43
44
45
46 def convolutional_block(X, f, filters, stage, block, s=2):
47
       Implementation of the convolutional block as defined in Figure 4
48
49
50
      Arguments:
51
      X -- input tensor of shape (m, n_H_prev, n_W_prev, n_C_prev)
       f -- integer, specifying the shape of the middle CONV's window for the main path
52
      filters -- python list of integers, defining the number of filters in the CONV layers of the main path
53
       stage -- integer, used to name the layers, depending on their position in the network
55
      block -- string/character, used to name the layers, depending on their position in the network
56
       s -- Integer, specifying the stride to be used
57
58
      Returns:
       X -- output of the convolutional block, tensor of shape (n_H, n_W, n_C)
59
60
61
62
       # defining name basis
       conv_name_base = 'res' + str(stage) + block + '_branch'
63
64
       bn_name_base = 'bn' + str(stage) + block + '_branch'
65
66
       # Retrieve Filters
67
       F1, F2, F3 = filters
68
       # Save the input value
69
70
      X_{shortcut} = X
71
72
       # First component of main path
       X = Conv2D(F1, (1, 1), strides=(s, s), name=conv\_name\_base + '2a', kernel\_initializer=glorot\_uniform(seed=0))(X) 
73
      X = BatchNormalization(axis=3, name=bn_name_base + '2a')(X)
74
75
      X = Activation('relu')(X)
76
       # Second component of main path
```

```
78
        X = Conv2D(F2, (f, f), strides=(1, 1), padding='same', name=conv\_name\_base + '2b', kernel\_initializer=glorot\_uniform(seed=0))(X) \\
 79
       X = BatchNormalization(axis=3, name=bn_name_base + '2b')(X)
       X = Activation('relu')(X)
 80
 81
 82
       # Third component of main path
 83
       X = Conv2D(F3, (1, 1), strides=(1, 1), name=conv_name_base + '2c', kernel_initializer=glorot_uniform(seed=0))(X)
 84
       X = BatchNormalization(axis=3, name=bn_name_base + '2c')(X)
85
 86
        # Shortcut path
 87
       X_shortcut = Conv2D(F3, (1, 1), strides=(s, s), name=conv_name_base + '1', kernel_initializer=glorot_uniform(seed=0))(X_shortcut)
 88
       X_shortcut = BatchNormalization(axis=3, name=bn_name_base + '1')(X_shortcut)
 89
 90
       # Add shortcut value to main path
 91
       X = Add()([X, X shortcut])
 92
       X = Activation('relu')(X)
 93
 94
        return X
95
 96 def ResNet50(input_shape=(96, 96, 1), classes=7):
97
98
       Implementation of the popular ResNet50 the following architecture:
99
        CONV2D -> BATCHNORM -> RELU -> MAXPOOL -> CONVBLOCK -> IDBLOCK*2 -> CONVBLOCK -> IDBLOCK*3
        -> CONVBLOCK -> IDBLOCK*5 -> CONVBLOCK -> IDBLOCK*2 -> AVGPOOL -> TOPLAYER
100
101
102
       Arguments:
103
       input shape -- shape of the images of the dataset
104
        classes -- integer, number of classes
105
106
        Returns:
107
       model -- a Model() instance in Keras
108
109
        # Define the input as a tensor with shape input_shape
110
       X_input = Input(input_shape)
111
112
113
       # Zero-Padding
       X = ZeroPadding2D((3, 3))(X_input)
114
115
116
        # Stage 1
117
       X = Conv2D(64, (7, 7), strides=(2, 2), name='conv1', kernel_initializer=glorot_uniform(seed=0))(X)
       X = BatchNormalization(axis=3, name='bn_conv1')(X)
118
       X = Activation('relu')(X)
119
120
       X = MaxPooling2D((3, 3), strides=(2, 2))(X)
121
122
       # Stage 2
123
       X = convolutional_block(X, f=3, filters=[64, 64, 256], stage=2, block='a', s=1)
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [64, 64, 256], stage=2, block='b')
124
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [64, 64, 256], stage=2, block='c')
125
126
127
       # Stage 3
128
       X = convolutional_block(X, f=3, filters=[128, 128, 512], stage=3, block='a', s=2)
129
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [128, 128, 512], stage=3, block='b')
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [128, 128, 512], stage=3, block='c')
130
131
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [128, 128, 512], stage=3, block='d')
132
133
       # Stage 4
134
       X = convolutional\_block(X, f=3, filters=[256, 256, 1024], stage=4, block='a', s=2)
135
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [256, 256, 1024], stage=4, block='b')
136
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [256, 256, 1024], stage=4, block='c')
137
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [256, 256, 1024], stage=4, block='d')
       X = identity\_block(X, 3, [256, 256, 1024], stage=4, block='e')
138
139
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [256, 256, 1024], stage=4, block='f')
140
141
       # Stage 5
142
       X = convolutional_block(X, f=3, filters=[512, 512, 2048], stage=5, block='a', s=2)
143
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [512, 512, 2048], stage=5, block='b')
144
       X = identity_block(X, 3, [512, 512, 2048], stage=5, block='c')
145
        # AVGPOOL (≈1 line). Use "X = AveragePooling2D(...)(X)"
146
147
       X = AveragePooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), padding='same')(X)
148
149
        # output layer
150
       X = Flatten()(X)
151
       X = Dense(classes, activation='softmax', name='fc' + str(classes), kernel_initializer=glorot_uniform(seed=0))(X)
152
153
        # Create model
        model = Model(inputs=X_input, outputs=X, name='ResNet50')
```

```
155
156
       return model
157
158 # Create ResNet50 model
159 facial_model = ResNet50(input_shape=(96, 96, 1), classes=7)
160
161 # Print model summary
162 facial_model.summary()
```

→ Model: "vgg16"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 96, 96, 1)]	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 96, 96, 64)	640
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 96, 96, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 48, 48, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 48, 48, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 24, 24, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 24, 24, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 24, 24, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 24, 24, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 12, 12, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 12, 12, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 12, 12, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 12, 12, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 6, 6, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 6, 6, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 6, 6, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 6, 6, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 3, 3, 512)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 4608)	0
fc1 (Dense)	(None, 4096)	18878464
fc2 (Dense)	(None, 4096)	16781312
predictions (Dense)	(None, 7)	28679
Total params: 50401991 (192. Trainable params: 50401991 (27 MB)	

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
1
3 # Compile the model
4 facial_model.compile(optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=1e-3), loss = "categorical_crossentropy", metrics = ["accuracy"])
1 # using early stopping to exit training if validation loss is not decreasing even after certain epochs (patience)
2 earlystopping = EarlyStopping(monitor = 'val_loss', mode = 'min', verbose = 1, patience = 20)
4\ \mbox{\#} save the best model with lower validation loss
5 checkpointer = ModelCheckpoint(filepath = "/content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition /FacialExpression_weights_VGG.hdf5", verbose = 1,
1 history = facial_model.fit(train_datagen.flow(X_train, y_train, batch_size=64),
     validation\_data=~(X\_val,~y\_val),~steps\_per\_epoch=len(X\_train)~//~64,
     epochs= 100, callbacks=[checkpointer, earlystopping])
```

```
→ Epoch 1/100
  Epoch 1: val_loss improved from inf to 1.80318, saving model to /content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition /FacialExpression_weights
  /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/engine/training.py:3103: UserWarning: You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via
    saving_api.save_model(
  504/504 [===================] - 40s 65ms/step - loss: 1.8179 - accuracy: 0.2489 - val_loss: 1.8032 - val_accuracy: 0.2469
  Epoch 2/100
  504/504 [=============] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8131 - accuracy: 0.2504
  Epoch 2: val_loss improved from 1.80318 to 1.80172, saving model to /content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition /FacialExpression_wei
  504/504 [===================] - 36s 71ms/step - loss: 1.8131 - accuracy: 0.2504 - val_loss: 1.8017 - val_accuracy: 0.2469
  Enoch 3/100
  Epoch 3: val_loss improved from 1.80172 to 1.80084, saving model to /content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition /FacialExpression_wei
  Epoch 4/100
  Epoch 4: val_loss did not improve from 1.80084
  Epoch 5/100
            504/504 [===
  Epoch 5: val_loss did not improve from 1.80084
  504/504 [========================== ] - 29s 57ms/step - loss: 1.8125 - accuracy: 0.2504 - val_loss: 1.8039 - val_accuracy: 0.2469
  Epoch 6/100
  504/504 [=========================== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8125 - accuracy: 0.2504
  Epoch 6: val_loss did not improve from 1.80084
  Epoch 7/100
  504/504 [=============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8126 - accuracy: 0.2504
  Epoch 7: val_loss did not improve from 1.80084
  Enoch 8/100
  Epoch 8: val_loss did not improve from 1.80084
  504/504 [========================== ] - 29s 57ms/step - loss: 1.8123 - accuracy: 0.2505 - val_loss: 1.8022 - val_accuracy: 0.2469
  Epoch 9: val_loss did not improve from 1.80084
  504/504 [==================] - 29s 58ms/step - loss: 1.8121 - accuracy: 0.2504 - val_loss: 1.8013 - val_accuracy: 0.2469
  Epoch 10/100
  Epoch 10: val loss did not improve from 1.80084
  504/504 [==================] - 29s 58ms/step - loss: 1.8120 - accuracy: 0.2504 - val_loss: 1.8012 - val_accuracy: 0.2469
  Enoch 11/100
  Epoch 11: val_loss improved from 1.80084 to 1.80050, saving model to /content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition /FacialExpression_we
  Epoch 12/100
  504/504 [====
            Epoch 12: val_loss did not improve from 1.80050
  504/504 [==================] - 29s 58ms/step - loss: 1.8118 - accuracy: 0.2506 - val_loss: 1.8008 - val_accuracy: 0.2469
  Epoch 13/100
  Epoch 13: val_loss did not improve from 1.80050
  Epoch 14/100
  504/504 [=============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8119 - accuracy: 0.2503
  Epoch 14: val_loss did not improve from 1.80050
  4
1 score = facial model.evaluate(X test, y test)
2 print('Test Accuracy: {}'.format(score[1]))
→ 57/57 [=============================] - 1s 12ms/step - loss: 1.8113 - accuracy: 0.2552
  Test Accuracy: 0.25515320897102356
1 accuracy = history.history['accuracy']
2 val_accuracy = history.history['val_accuracy']
3 loss = history.history['loss']
4 val loss = history.history['val loss']
1 epochs = range(len(accuracy))
3 plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, 'bo', label='Training Accuracy')
4 plt.plot(epochs, val_accuracy, 'b', label='Validation Accuracy')
5 plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
6 plt.legend()
```

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7b0d40dc3700>

