```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import os
import PIL
import pickle
from PIL import *
import cv2
import tensorflow as tf
import keras
from keras.applications import DenseNet121 # 2017 architecture
from keras.models import Model, load_model
from keras.initializers import glorot_uniform
from keras.utils import plot model
from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau, EarlyStopping, ModelCheckpoint, LearningRateScheduler
from IPython.display import display
from keras import *
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from keras import layers, optimizers
from keras.applications.resnet50 import ResNet50
from keras.layers import *
from keras import backend as K
from keras import optimizers
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
facialexpression_df = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition /icml_face_data.csv')
→ Mounted at /content/drive
facialexpression_df = facialexpression_df.drop(columns = " Usage")
facialexpression_df.head()
→
         emotion
                                                                Ħ
                                                      pixels
      n
                  70 80 82 72 58 58 60 63 54 58 60 48 89 115 121...
      1
              0 151 150 147 155 148 133 111 140 170 174 182 15...
               2 231 212 156 164 174 138 161 173 182 200 106 38...
                   24 32 36 30 32 23 19 20 30 41 21 22 32 34 21 1...
                      4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 15 23 28 48 50 58 84...
 return np.array(x.split(' ')).reshape(48,48,1).astype('float32')
def resize(x):
    img = x.reshape(48,48)
    temp = cv2.resize(img, dsize=(48,48), interpolation = cv2.INTER_CUBIC)
    return np.stack([temp,temp,temp], axis = 2)
facial expression\_df[' pixels'] = facial expression\_df[' pixels'].apply(lambda \ x \ : \ string2array(x))
facialexpression_df[' pixels'] = facialexpression_df[' pixels'].apply(lambda x : resize(x))
facialexpression_df.shape
→ (35887, 2)
label_to_text = {0: 'anger', 1 : 'disgust', 2 : 'fear', 3 : 'happiness', 4: 'sad', 5: 'surprise', 6: 'neutral'}
facialexpression_df[' pixels'][1].shape
```

```
→ (48, 48, 3)
emotions = [1]
for i in emotions:
    data = facialexpression_df[facialexpression_df['emotion']==i][:1]
    img = data[' pixels'].item()
    img = img.reshape(48,48, 3)
   plt.figure()
    plt.title(label_to_text[i])
   plt.imshow(img/255)
   plt.axis('off')
```

 $\overline{\Rightarrow}$

disgust



facialexpression_df.emotion.value_counts().index

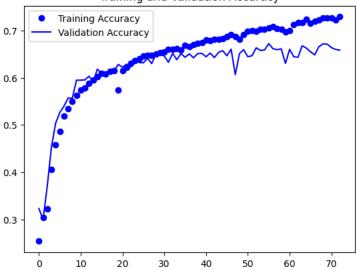
```
→ Index([3, 6, 4, 2, 0, 5, 1], dtype='int64', name='emotion')
facialexpression_df.emotion.value_counts()
\rightarrow emotion
          8989
          6198
     6
          6077
     2
          5121
          4953
          4002
           547
     Name: count, dtype: int64
class1 = facialexpression_df.loc[facialexpression_df['emotion'] == 1]
class1.shape
→▼ (547, 2)
from keras.utils import to_categorical
X = facialexpression_df[' pixels']
y = to_categorical(facialexpression_df['emotion'])
X = np.stack(X, axis = 0)
X = X.reshape(35887,48,48,3)
print(X.shape, y.shape)
→ (35887, 48, 48, 3) (35887, 7)
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.1, shuffle = True)
X_val, X_test, y_val, y_test = train_test_split(X_test, y_test, test_size = 0.5, shuffle = True)
```

```
\textbf{X\_train.shape, X\_test.shape, y\_train.shape, y\_test.shape}
→ ((32298, 48, 48, 3), (1795, 48, 48, 3), (32298, 7), (1795, 7))
X_{train} = X_{train}/255
X_val = X_val /255
X_{\text{test}} = X_{\text{test}}/255
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
rotation_range = 15,
    width_shift_range = 0.1,
    height_shift_range = 0.1,
    shear_range = 0.1,
    zoom_range = 0.1,
    horizontal_flip = True,
    fill_mode = "nearest")
from keras.applications import VGG16
input_shape = (48,48, 3)
base_model = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False, input_shape=input_shape)
VGGmodel = Sequential([
   base_model,
   Flatten(),
   Dense(256, activation='relu'),
    Dense(7, activation='sigmoid')
])
VGGmodel.summary()
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/vgg16/vgg16 weights tf dim ordering tf kernels notop.
     58889256/58889256 [============] - 2s Ous/step
     Model: "sequential"
     Layer (type)
                                  Output Shape
                                                            Param #
                ______
      vgg16 (Functional)
                                  (None, 1, 1, 512)
                                                           14714688
      flatten (Flatten)
                                  (None, 512)
      dense (Dense)
                                  (None, 256)
                                                            131328
      dense_1 (Dense)
                                                           1799
                                  (None, 7)
     Total params: 14847815 (56.64 MB)
     Trainable params: 14847815 (56.64 MB)
     Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
    4
VGGmodel.compile(optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=1e-3), loss = "categorical_crossentropy", metrics = ["accuracy"])
# using early stopping to exit training if validation loss is not decreasing even after certain epochs (patience)
earlystopping = EarlyStopping(monitor = 'val_loss', mode = 'min', verbose = 1, patience = 20)
# save the best model with lower validation loss
checkpointer = ModelCheckpoint(filepath = "/content/drive/MyDrive/DL Facial Recognition /VGGFacialExpression_weights.hdf5", verbose = 1, sav
history = VGGmodel.fit(train_datagen.flow(X_train, y_train, batch_size=64),
    validation_data= (X_val, y_val), steps_per_epoch=len(X_train) // 64,
    epochs= 100, callbacks=[checkpointer, earlystopping])
\overline{\Rightarrow}
```

```
FDOCU 2//IRA
  504/504 [=========== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.7979 - accuracy: 0.7090
  Epoch 57: val loss did not improve from 0.92941
  Epoch 58/100
  Epoch 58: val_loss did not improve from 0.92941
  504/504 [==============] - 45s 88ms/step - loss: 0.8075 - accuracy: 0.7034 - val loss: 0.9666 - val accuracy: 0.6594
  Epoch 59/100
  Epoch 59: val_loss did not improve from 0.92941
  504/504 [================= ] - 44s 87ms/step - loss: 0.8156 - accuracy: 0.7025 - val loss: 0.9393 - val accuracy: 0.6611
  Epoch 60/100
  504/504 [================ ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.8361 - accuracy: 0.6968
  Epoch 60: val_loss did not improve from 0.92941
  Epoch 61/100
  Epoch 61: val loss did not improve from 0.92941
  Epoch 62/100
  Epoch 62: val_loss did not improve from 0.92941
  504/504 [==================] - 43s 85ms/step - loss: 0.7871 - accuracy: 0.7120 - val_loss: 0.9769 - val_accuracy: 0.6444
  Epoch 63/100
  Epoch 63: val loss did not improve from 0.92941
  504/504 [===================] - 45s 90ms/step - loss: 0.7765 - accuracy: 0.7165 - val_loss: 1.0449 - val_accuracy: 0.6433
  Epoch 64/100
  Epoch 64: val loss did not improve from 0.92941
  504/504 [===================] - 43s 86ms/step - loss: 0.7802 - accuracy: 0.7162 - val_loss: 0.9632 - val_accuracy: 0.6678
  Epoch 65/100
  Epoch 65: val_loss did not improve from 0.92941
  504/504 [================= ] - 44s 87ms/step - loss: 0.7681 - accuracy: 0.7232 - val loss: 0.9894 - val accuracy: 0.6628
  Enoch 66/100
  Epoch 66: val_loss did not improve from 0.92941
  Epoch 67/100
  Epoch 67: val_loss did not improve from 0.92941
  Epoch 68/100
  score = VGGmodel.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print('Test Accuracy: {}'.format(score[1]))
Test Accuracy: 0.6746518015861511
accuracy = history.history['accuracy']
val_accuracy = history.history['val_accuracy']
loss = history.history['loss']
val_loss = history.history['val_loss']
epochs = range(len(accuracy))
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, 'bo', label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(epochs, val_accuracy, 'b', label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
plt.legend()
```

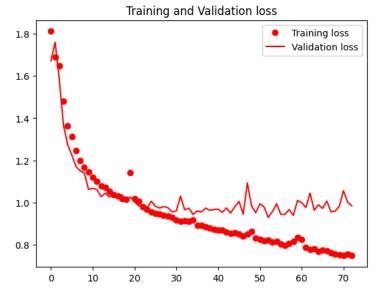
<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x78ff60125510>

Training and Validation Accuracy



plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'ro', label='Training loss')
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'r', label='Validation loss')
plt.title('Training and Validation loss')
plt.legend()

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x78ff6c0b6ce0>



 $\label{local_predict} $$ predicted_classes = np.argmax(VGGmodel.predict(X_test), axis=-1) $$ y_true = np.argmax(y_test, axis=-1) $$$

57/57 [========] - 1s 11ms/step

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, predicted_classes)
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot = True, cbar = False)

→ <Axes: >



```
L = 5
W = 5

fig, axes = plt.subplots(L, W, figsize = (24, 24))
axes = axes.ravel()

for i in np.arange(0, L*W):
    axes[i].imshow(X_test[i], cmap = 'gray')
    axes[i].set_title('Prediction = {}\n True = {}'.format(label_to_text[predicted_classes[i]], label_to_text[y_true[i]]))
    axes[i].axis('off')

plt.subplots_adjust(wspace = 1)
```

VGGFacialRecog.ipynb - Colab











































