

STAT 1293 - Quiz 2

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Problem 1: Side-by-Side Boxplot (20 points)

1a) Generate 50 observations from the $N(5,5)$ distribution. Name the vector x . Generate 50 observations from the $N(10,2)$ distribution. Name the vector y . Create a data frame that contains both x and y . Call the data frame `normal.df`.

Solution:

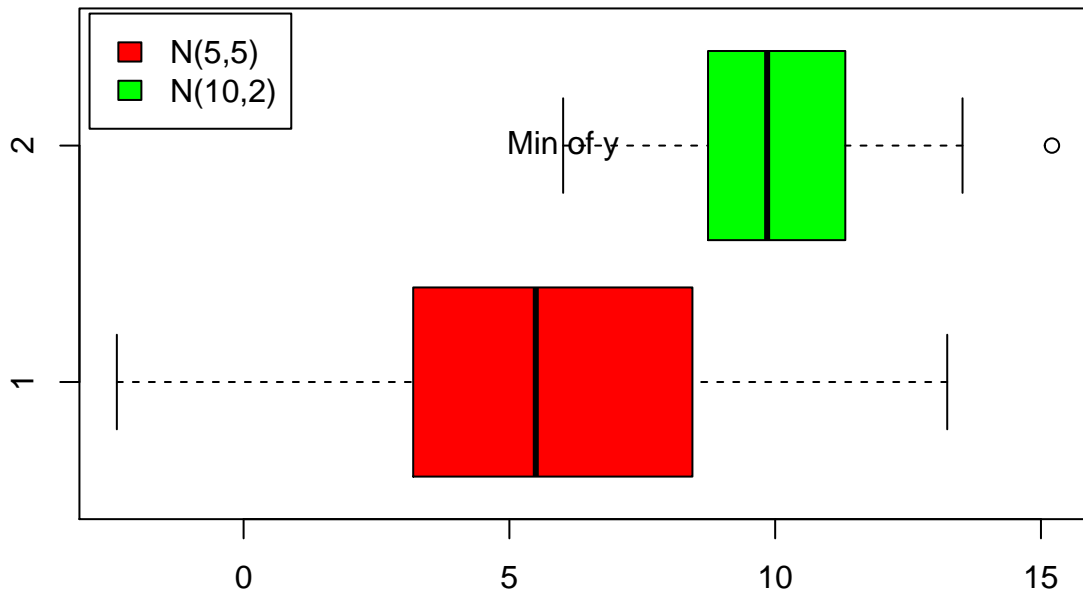
```
x <- rnorm(50, 5, 5) #Generate 50 observations from N(5,5)
y <- rnorm(50, 10, 2) #Generate 50 observations from N(10, 2)
normal.df <- data.frame(x,y) #Create data frame with x and y
```

1b) Create a side-by-side boxplot for x and y using the data frame, `normal.df`.

Solution:

```
boxplot(normal.df$x, normal.df$y, col = c("red", "green"), horizontal = TRUE)
title(main = "Comparison of N(5,5) and N(10,2) distributions", sub = "A Simulation Study")
legend("topleft", inset = 0.01, c("N(5,5)", "N(10,2)"), fill = c("red", "green"))
text(min(normal.df$y), 2, "Min of y")
```

Comparison of N(5,5) and N(10,2) distributions



A Simulation Study

Problem 2: Histogram (10 points)

2a) Generate 100 observations from the $N(0,1)$, $t_{3,0}$ and the χ^2_{30} distributions, respectively. Call them Z, T, and X. (3 points)

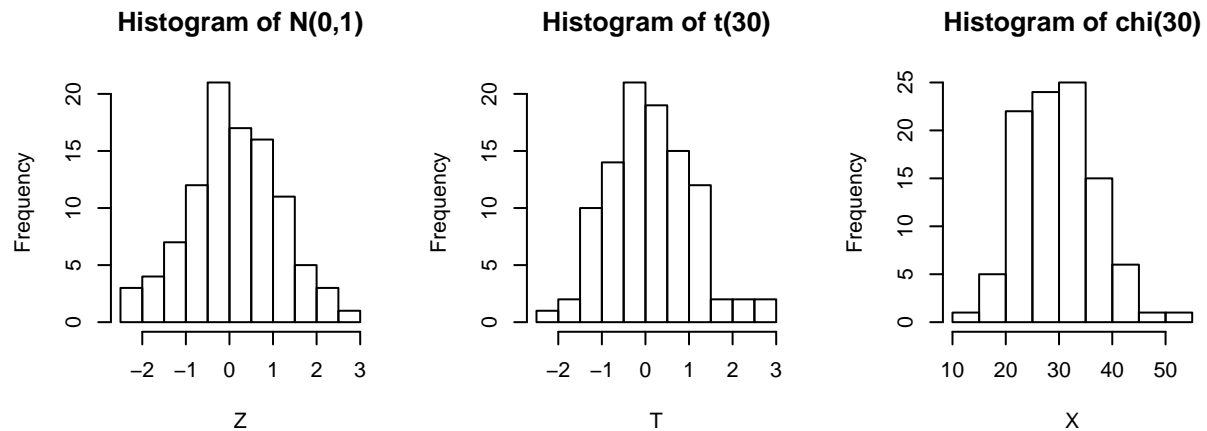
Solution:

```
Z <- rnorm(100, 0, 1)
T <- rt(100, 30)
X <- rchisq(100, 30)
```

2b) Create a histogram for each sample and put them in one plot with multiple panels.

Solution:

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 3), pty = "s")
hist(Z, main = "Histogram of N(0,1)")
hist(T, main = "Histogram of t(30)")
hist(X, main = "Histogram of chi(30)")
```



Problem 3: Pie chart (10 points)

3a) Sample 100 observations repeatedly from a small set: {"S", "M", "L"} with probabilities (0.3, 0.5, 0.2) respectively. Call the sample V. Note that you have to sample with replacement.

Solution:

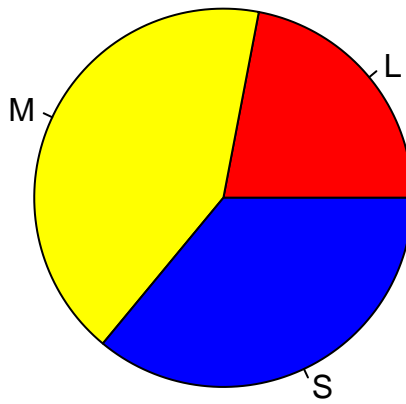
```
V <- sample(c("S", "M", "L"), 100, replace = TRUE, prob = c(0.3, 0.5, 0.2))
V.tl <- table(V)
```

3b) Create a pie graph for V,

Solution:

```
pie(V.tl, col = c("red", "yellow", "blue"), main = "Distribution of Coat Size")
```

Distribution of Coat Size



Problem 4: Bargraph: Create a bar graph for V (10 points)

```
barplot(V.tl, col = rainbow(3))  
legend("topleft", inset = 0.02, title = "Coat Sizes", c("L", "M", "S"), fill = rainbow(3))  
title(main = "Bar Plot of Coat Size")
```

Bar Plot of Coat Size

