Streaming Functions in riff

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This document provides a formal model of streaming functions in the riff FaaS project (https://projectriff.io).

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A Z Notation

Version 0.1

1 Introduction

This document provides a formal model of streaming functions in the riff project.

2 Overview of this document

Event streaming is fraught with ambiguous terminology. For example, the word stream has multiple, overlapping connotations. This document attempts to model streaming functions precisely. The model is abstract in the sense that it does not capture all facets of streaming functions, but those it does capture, it captures precisely and unambiguously.

The Z specification language is used to capture the model, but sufficient English text is also provided that readers who do not know Z should be able to understand the model. The appendix contains a summary of the Z notation. For more information about Z, please consult the Z Manual (https://www.cs.umd.edu/ mvz/handouts/z-manual.pdf). The model was type checked using fuzz (https://bitbucket.org/Spivey/fuzz).

3 Fundamentals

Streams consist of messages, but for our current purposes, the details of a message are irrelevant. Similarly, errors are modelled but their details are not.

[Message, Error]

2 Draft

4 Reactive Streams

A reactive stream consist of an ordered series of zero or more messages optionally followed by a completion signal or an error. If there is a completion signal or an error, the reactive stream contains a finite series of messages. If there is no completion signal or error, the reactive stream contains an infinite series of messages.

```
RStream ::= BoundedStream \langle \langle seq Message \rangle \rangle \mid \\ FailedBoundedStream \langle \langle seq Message \times Error \rangle \rangle \mid \\ UnboundedStream \langle \langle \mathbb{N} \rightarrow Message \rangle \rangle
```

5 Streaming Functions

A streaming function takes a reactive stream as input and produces another reactive stream as output.

```
StreamingFun == RStream \rightarrow RStream
```

Streaming functions may be chained together to produce another streaming function. The input stream of the chain is input to the first function in the chain. The output stream of the first function is the input stream of the second function and so forth. The output stream of the chain is the output stream of the last function in the chain.

```
\begin{array}{c} \textit{Chain}: \operatorname{seq}_1 \textit{StreamingFun} \rightarrow \textit{StreamingFun} \\ \hline \forall f: \textit{StreamingFun}; \ \textit{fs}: \operatorname{seq}_1 \textit{StreamingFun} \bullet \\ Chain(\langle f \rangle) = f \ \land \\ Chain(\langle f \rangle \cap \textit{fs}) = Chain(\textit{fs}) \circ \textit{f} \end{array}
```

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Z Notation

ers:

 \mathbb{N} -Natural numbers $\{\texttt{0,1,...}\}$

Propositional logic and the schema calculus:

\	And	$\langle\langle \dots \rangle\rangle$	Free type injection
V	Or	[]	Given sets
$\ldots \Rightarrow \ldots$	Implies	$', ?, !,_{0} \dots_{9}$	Schema decorations
∀ •	For all	⊢	theorem
∃ •	There exists	$ heta\dots$	Binding formation
\	Hiding	$\lambda \dots$	Function definition
≘	Schema definition	$\mu \dots$	Mu-expression
==	Abbreviation	$\Delta \dots$	State change
:=	Free type definition	Ξ	Invariant state change

Sets and sequences:

$\{\ldots\}$	Set	\	Set difference
{ •}	Set comprehension	[]	Distributed union
$\mathbb{P}\dots$	Set of subsets of	#	Cardinality
Ø	Empty set	⊆	Subset
×	Cartesian product		Proper subset
$\dots \in \dots$	Set membership	partition	Set partition
∉	Set non-membership	seq	Sequences
∪	Union	$\langle \dots \rangle$	Sequence
∩	Intersection	disjoint	Disjoint sequence of sets

Functions and relations:

$\ldots \leftrightarrow \ldots$	Relation	*	Reflexive-transitive
$\ldots o \ldots$	Partial function		closure
$\ldots \to \ldots$	Total function	()	Relational image
≻	Partial injection	$\dots \oplus \dots$	Functional overriding
$\ldots \rightarrowtail \ldots$	Injection	⊲	Domain restriction
$\operatorname{dom}\dots$	Domain	⊳	Range restriction
ran	Range	€	Domain subtraction
$\ldots \mapsto \ldots$	maplet	≽	Range subtraction
~	Relational inverse		

Axiomatic descriptions:

Declarations
Predicates

Schema definitions:

$__SchemaName_$			
Declaration			
2 00107 001070	_		
Predicates			