

Tutorial questions-2

1. Evaluate the determinant of a matrix:

$$a) A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \qquad b) B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. Without expansion, show that

$$\begin{vmatrix} 6 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 3 & 6 & 1 & 2 \\ -4 & 0 & 2 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

3. Without expanding, find the value of the determinant

$$\begin{vmatrix} 8 & -3 & -2 \\ 7 & 1 & -8 \\ 24 & -9 & -6 \end{vmatrix}.$$

4. Consider the equation

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 \sin x + \sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 2 & m & 1 + \cos 2x \end{vmatrix} = 0.$$

Determine all the possible values of x given that $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$.

5. Given that $n = \begin{vmatrix} 6 & -8 & 9 \\ 15 & -9 & -11 \\ -7 & 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$ and $m = \begin{vmatrix} 18 & -24 & 27 \\ 90 & -54 & -66 \\ -35 & 10 & -20 \end{vmatrix}$,

find a relation between m and n without expanding either determinant.

6. Evaluate the determinant of a matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 6 & -2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -9 & -7 \\ 0 & 15 & 35 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -11 & -2 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 & 3 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

7. Find the value of x, if the matrix below is singular

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & x \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. Find the value of x, if the matrix below is singular

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3-x & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4-x & 1 \\ -2 & -4 & -1-x \end{bmatrix}$$

7. Use Cramer's Rule to solve the system of equations:

$$\begin{aligned} 1) \quad & -2x - 5y + 4z = 21 \\ & -5x - 5y + z = 21 \\ & -4y - 4z = 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \quad & 5x + y - 4z = -4 \\ & -3y - 6z = -21 \\ & -x - y - z = -6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3) \quad & -4x - 6z = -12 \\ & -6x - 4y - 2z = 6 \\ & -x + 2y + z = 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4) \quad & 4x - 4y + 2z = -14 \\ & 4x + 2y = 14 \\ & -3y + z = -10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let } f(t) = \begin{vmatrix} \cos t & t & 1 \\ 2\sin t & t & 2t \\ \sin t & t & t \end{vmatrix}, \text{ then } \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(t)}{t^2} \text{ is equal to}$$

- (a) 0
- (b) -1
- (c) 2
- (d) 3