# FABRIC V8.0.0 RELEASE NOTES

These Release Notes describe the new features in Fabric release V8.0.0 and list bugs that have been fixed since the V7.2.2 release.

Certification of this Fabric release is based on:

- Cassandra version 4.1.3
- SQLite version 3.45.2
- OpenJDK Runtime Environment 21.0.1
- Confluent Kafka version 7.2.1
- Neo4j 5.12.0 enterprise
- Elasticsearch 8.5.3
- AWS OpenSearch 1.3.4
- PostgreSQL 15.4

## MAIN FEATURES AND IMPROVEMENTS

## 1. Business Entity on PostgreSQL

Fabric can now use PostgreSQL as a Logical Unit's storage layer, where each business
entity's instance is saved in separate rows in PostgreSQL. This functionality should be used
when the main use case is driven by cross-instance queries: for reporting, dashboards, or
data analytics systems.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/32 LU storage/04 business entity on pg.html

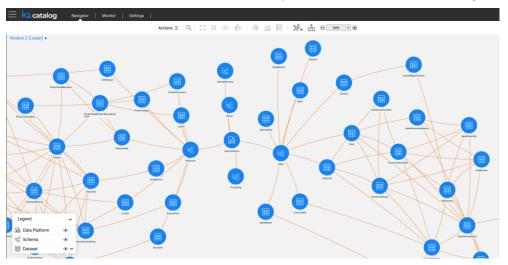
## 2. Fabric Catalog

- Complex fields support the Catalog now supports parsing of text fields with a complex structure (JSON or XML). It is done by a new Complex Field Parser plugin which uses the data snapshot taken from the source to parse the complex structures. Once the complex field is parsed, Class nodes are created. They are linked using a new relation type definedBy. The complex structures then undergo auto-profiling by using the same profiling rules as all other Catalog fields.
  - https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/39 fabric catalog/plugins/01 complex field.html
- The plugins.discovery productization this configuration file is now a part of the product's resources and it is located in the /fabric/resources/discovery folder. When you need to override the product definitions on a project level (e.g. setting an exclusion list or disabling a plugin), the file should be copied to the Project tree under the Implementation/SharedObjects/Interfaces/Discovery/ folder. Otherwise, there is no need to keep the file as part of your project.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/39 fabric catalog/04 plugin framework.html



- Performance improvement has been made to allow working with large schemas (over 2,000 nodes and relations) in the Catalog Application UI. This has been achieved by displaying the Catalog diagram in a cloud-like layout whenever the number of relations of all the explored schemas in the Catalog App exceed 100.
  - This cloud-like layout can help visualize the datasets and the relations between them much faster than the original **layered** layout.
  - Note that you cannot switch back to the layered layout once the Catalog opens
    the cloud-like layout, thus preventing the client from getting stuck due to high
    number of nodes and/or relations. The layout reset is done at the Catalog reload.



- Catalog Advanced Masking Settings pop-up window enables setting up additional parameters for the masking:
  - Masking indicators (such as 'Use Environment'). These indicators can be used during task executions in TDM. They override the default values of the Masking Actor – on the Classification level.
  - Formatter name and parameters. The formatter can be an actor (e.g.
     SimpleMaskingFormat Actor described further) or an inner flow.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/39 fabric catalog/10 catalog settings.html

## 3. Broadway

#### YAML Format

- Broadway flows are now saved in a YAML format (instead of JSON), along with some semantic changes, to improve the flow's readability and help users compare between 2 flow versions, when either committing the updates to Git or merging 2 files or file versions.
- The flow structure in a YAML format is as follows:

- The stages part of the file describes the sequence of stages in a flow, including the
  actors in each stage and input/output parameters of each actor. The input
  parameters that have a link display the link details. The input/output parameters
  also indicate whether they are defined as external.
- The schemas part of the file describes the output parameters that are defined as an object.
- The existing flows are converted into YAML upon the first save of the flow. When the flow can't be converted into YAML due to conversion issues, it remains in JSON format.
- To leverage this feature for the **existing** flows, first save and commit the flow without any changes (so the only change would be the new YAML format). Then make your changes and compare the flow with the latest YAML version.
- Refer to the <u>Fabric Upgrade Procedure To V8.0</u> document for more details on how to disable the feature. Note that Broadway actors remain in a JSON format.

#### General

- You can now define **Elseif** conditions in a flow as follows:
  - When a Stage is split into several stages on the same dependency level, you can
    define the Elseif logic by adding a Stage Condition and marking the same stage as
    else. The conditions of all stages of the same level will continue to be evaluated
    top -> down.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/19 Broadway/19 broadway flow stages.html

- You can now define the **retry mechanism** for an actor in a flow as follows:
  - Retry can be enabled by adding an error handler to a stage. Any actor or an inner flow can be used for this purpose. Retry is then performed on each actor of this stage: if an actor fails and the error handler is triggered, the *retry* key word (instead of *true* or *false*) is returned in order to continue. When using the ErrorHandler Actor, the retry mechanism is already built-in, as explained below.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/19 Broadway/24 error handling.html

**Modified Actors** 

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- ErrorHandler Actor has been enhanced to support the Retry mechanism setup. It now
  includes the retry attributes number of retries and interval duration (in msec). The retry
  can be defined for either all exception types or only selected ones, if needed.
- **ErrorFields** Actor has been enhanced with a new output field **attempt**, that indicates the execution attempt of the actor. This parameter can be used when creating an inner flow for the retry.
  - https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/19 Broadway/actors/06 error handling actors.ht ml
- Masking Actor has been enhanced with a new optional parameter formatter. It can be set with either an actor or a flow, which can format the input value while preserving the original format in the masked value.
  - https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/26 fabric security/06 data masking.html
- **Http** Actors have been enhanced with a new parameter debug. This parameter is used to turn on the request debug. It writes to the log file the actual request URI, method, headers and all other parameters affecting the request.

#### **New Actors**

- BroadwayLanguageConvert Actor for translating a Broadway flow file between YAML and JSON and vice versa.
- YamlParser Actor for analyzing an input stream in a YAML format and returning the objects found in the stream.
- YamlStringify Actor for converting any given object or primitive value to a YAML-format document.
- **SimpleMaskingFormat** Actor for performing the formatting of the input value. The actor can work in 2 modes:
  - Normalize normalizes the original value by removing all characters defined in an
    exclusion list (formatDeny param) and are not in an inclusion list (formatAllow
    param) from the original value.
  - Format adds the formatting characters to a normalized value for building an output that has the same format as the input's original value.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/19\_Broadway/actors/07\_masking\_and\_sequence\_actors.html

## 4. Hybrid Cloud Support

• Fabric supports multi–DC architecture when there is only a **https** connection between the DCs. For example: DC1 is on-prem, DC2 is on cloud, and in addition Fabric has access to the source database from one of the DCs only (e.g., on-prem). In order to support this architecture, the following features were introduced:

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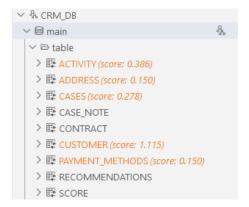
- Several Fabric nodes can have direct access to the System DB, while the rest of the nodes use the direct-access System DB nodes as proxy. This capability is controlled by using ENABLE\_SYSTEM\_DB\_PROXY parameter in the config.ini file and setting SYSTEM\_DB\_TYPE=remote\_fabric:POSTGRESQL.
- While executing the Fabric commands deploy and set, a job is created with other
   DC as affinity to distribute the command on all other nodes in the cluster.
- While executing the Fabric commands migrate, ps, node\_status, etc., the command runs on the local DC nodes only. It can be controlled by setting DISTRIBUTE\_LOCAL\_DC\_ONLY parameter in the config.ini file.

### 5. Web Studio

• **DB Interface Explorer** has a new indication as to whether the interface data is retrieved from the data source or from the Catalog (neo4j): using a new icon and a tooltip.



- **Root table recommendation** per interface and schema is provided after the Discovery job run on the interface.
  - The top 5 schema's tables (based on the score) are colored orange after clicking the icon on the schema level.
  - The score represents the importance of each node within the graph, based on the number of incoming relationships. It's calculated using the PageRank algorithm.
  - o This information is reset on the tab reload.



• Schema reconciliation – Tables Reconciliation allows you to analyze changes made to the connected source data platform tables upon which your project's tables are based on. It provides a valuable solution for 2 primary scenarios, throughout the project lifecycle:

- Data Product Business Entity Model changes: During the initial setup of project tables from source data platforms, implementors may decide to select only those essential for the business entity model of the data product. Subsequent requirements may necessitate the incorporation of columns previously omitted. The Tables Reconciliation feature facilitates the identification of these columns for this prospective addition.
- Source Data Platforms changes: Over the course of a project, changes may occur
  in the source data platform tables linked to it columns could be added or
  removed. Tables Reconciliation can be used to spot these differences between the
  source and project tables, enabling informed decision-making within the Table
  Editor.

https://support.k2view.com/Academy/articles/06 LU tables/07 reconciliation.html

## 6. K2exchange

- The K2exchange is a store-like platform for publishing and consuming Fabric's modules that are not part of the product and that are hence considered as extensions. Such extension modules can be Broadway actors and flows, connectors, templates, Java code and lib, LU web-app, and SQL queries.
- Web Studio allows project implementors to explore the extensions list, install and embed them into their project with a click.
- Additionally, Web Studio provides tools to create, pack, and publish extensions to the K2exchange store.

### 7. Miscellaneous

- The **JDK version** has been upgraded from 17 to **21**. The Fabric Studio now builds the code using **Java 17** (instead of 8). If you wish to use the new features of Java 21 in Studio, perform the following:
  - Update the JavacArgs from 17 to 21 in the k2FabricStudio.exe.config file under the Studio folder.
- Fabric and project dependencies Fabric's dependencies are now isolated from the project's dependencies by default. This isolation allows a higher flexibility for the project to use the 3<sup>rd</sup> party JARs version rather than the version used by Fabric.
  - o It is possible to disable the isolation and return to 7.2.x behavior.
  - Refer to <u>Fabric Upgrade Procedure To V8.0</u> document for more details on how to upgrade your project to 8.0 and on how to disable the isolation feature.

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- In-memory LU storage Fabric storage mechanism has been enhanced with the ability to save the LUI data in the Fabric memory instead of saving it to SQLite files. To utilize this feature, the new parameter CACHE\_TYPE in the config.ini file should be set to MEMORY\_NO\_CACHE (the default is FILES\_CACHE). The advantage of keeping the LU Storage in memory is to prevent the waiting time caused by contention, when 2 Fabric sessions are simultaneously trying to access the same LUI.
- **Tomcat** has been upgraded from 8.5 to 10.
- **SQLite** has been upgraded from 3.44.1.0 to 3.45.2.
- HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) is now set by default when a secured port is used (HSTS=auto in config.ini):
  - o For secured port, HSTS is on.
  - For not secured, HSTS is set to off.
- **Sequences** creation in PostgreSQL is now flexible to consider the schema name as input parameter instead of using public as default.
- TTL support for k2masking tables has been added when the masking is managed in the Fabric System DB = PostgreSQL (which doesn't support TTL).
- The keystore has been upgraded from JCEKS to PKCS12 a standard format widely supported across different platforms and applications.
- It is now possible to create custom generic interface types in your project. Once defined, the interface type is added to the list of all interface types available in the product.

## **RESOLVED ISSUES**

- Ticket #35733 MapCreate Actor should retain order of fields. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #36762 The redundant parameter READ\_ONLY\_AUTHENTICATOR in config.ini. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #37206 Disappearing input params in Db Actors. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #37363 When using Parallel Execution, the flow moves to the next stage before completing all actors in a stage. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #37559 Crawler excludes entire schema when provided <schema>.
  definition in data\_platforms[]. The problem has been resolved.
- Ticket #37777 CatalogMapper with TDM when turned off mask sensitive data on environment changing null to "" for PII classified fields. The problem has been resolved.