Filtro maestro

October 25, 2019

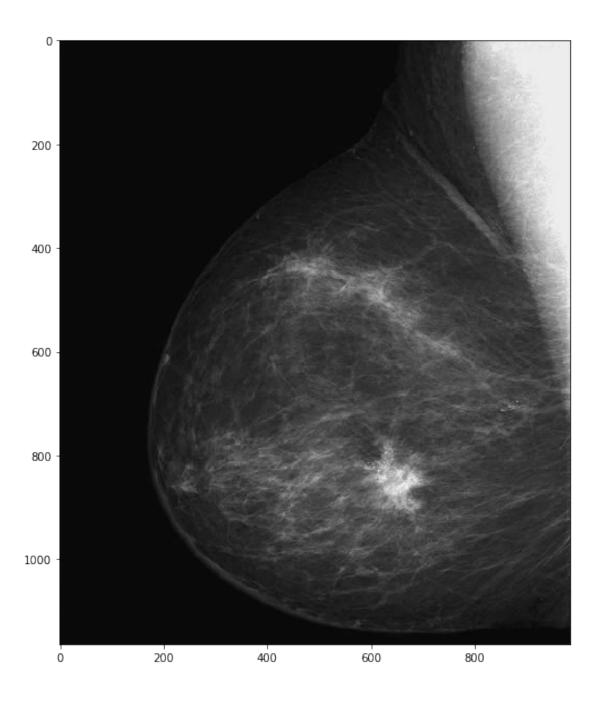
- 1 División de Ciencias e Ingenierías de la Universidad de Guanajuato
- 1.1 Fundamentos de procesamiento digital de imágenes
- 1.2 TAREA: Funciones de filtrado en frecuencia
- 1.2.1 Profesor : Dr. Arturo González Vega
- 1.2.2 Alumno: Gustavo Magaña López

```
[1]: import copy
     import importlib
     from typing import Tuple, List, NoReturn
     import numpy as np
     import scipy.fftpack as F
     import scipy.io as io
     import cv2
     import matplotlib.image as img
     from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from matplotlib import cm
     import skimage
     import skimage.morphology
     import skimage.filters
     from PIL import Image
     import scipy.io as io
```

```
[2]: # Importamos todas nuestras funciones:
import mfilt_funcs as mine
```

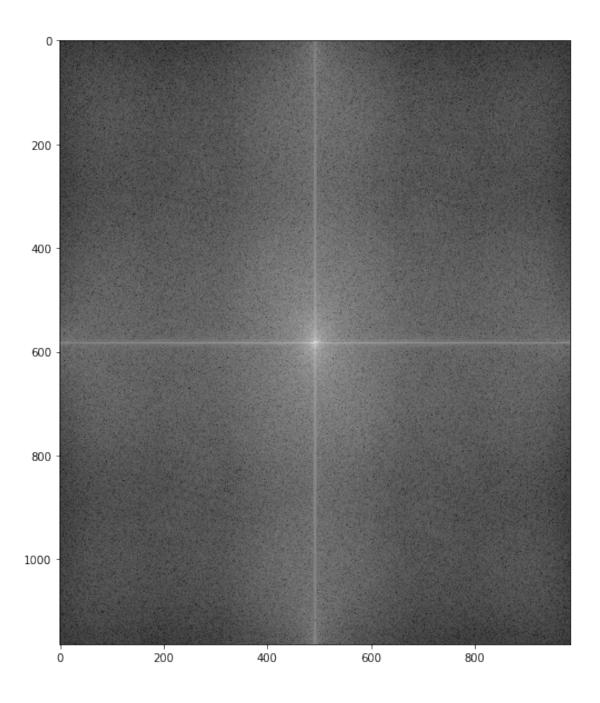
```
importlib.reload(mine)
     from mfilt_funcs import *
[3]: def plot_all(image, **kw):
         11 11 11
         11 11 11
         fig = plt.figure(figsize = (15, 10))
         H = master_kernel(image, **kw)
         filtrada = filtra_maestra(image, **kw)
         fig.add_subplot(2, 3, 1)
         plt.imshow(image, cmap = 'gray')
         plt.title('Imagen original', size = 18)
         fig.add_subplot(2, 3, 2)
         fft_viz(image)
         plt.title('Transformada de la imagen', size = 18)
         fig.add_subplot(2, 3, 3)
         plt.imshow(filtrada, cmap = 'gray')
         plt.title(f'Imagen filtrada.', size = 18)
[4]: plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (10, 10)
[5]: eps = np.finfo(float).eps
     eps.setflags(write=False)
[6]: I = img.imread('imagenes/mama.tif')
     plt.imshow(I, cmap='gray')
```

[6]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x10d82f250>



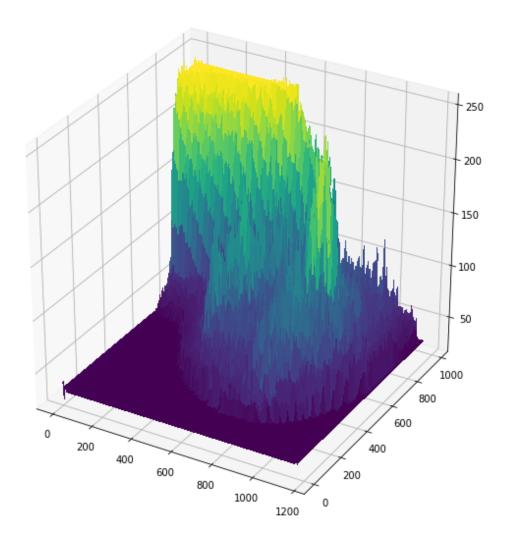
[7]: fft_viz(I)

[7]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1c2847a910>



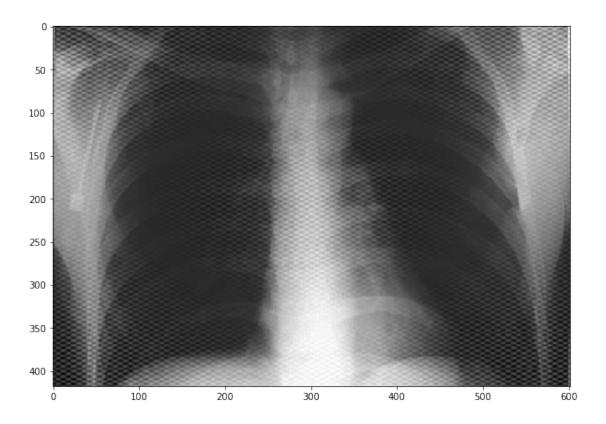
[8]: img_surf(I)

[8]: <mpl_toolkits.mplot3d.art3d.Poly3DCollection at 0x1c29181c10>



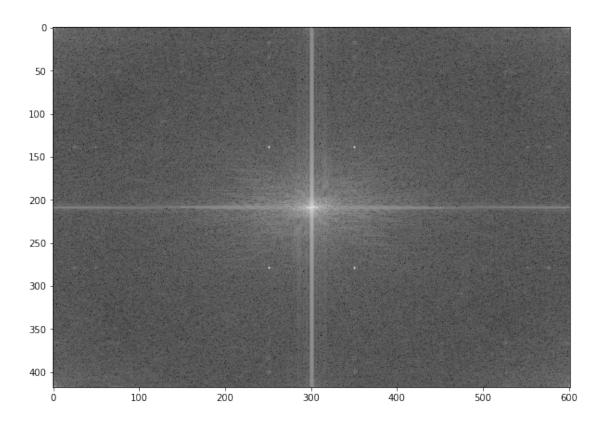
```
[9]: x = cv2.imread('imagenes/RadiografiaRuidoCoherente.jpg', 0)
[10]: plt.imshow(x, cmap='gray')
```

[10]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1c2ac95490>



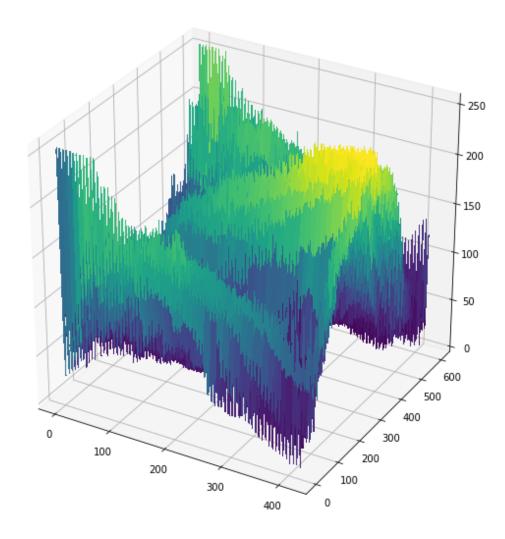
[11]: fft_viz(x)

[11]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1c2af53d50>



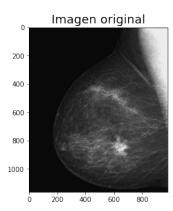
[12]: img_surf(x)

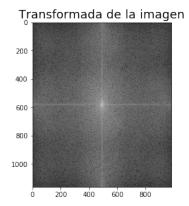
[12]: <mpl_toolkits.mplot3d.art3d.Poly3DCollection at 0x1c2b0ec8d0>

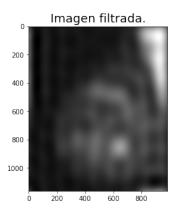


1.2.3 5.1 Filtro pasa bajos ideal con wc=64,

```
[13]: banderas = dict(Do=64, kind='lowpass', form='ideal')
plot_all(I, **banderas)
```

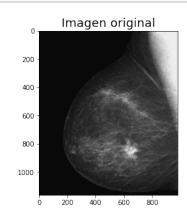


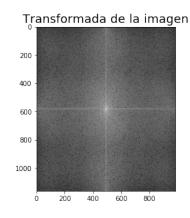


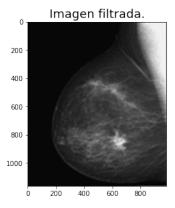


1.2.4 5.2 Filtro pasa bajos butt con wc=64, orden=2

[14]: banderas = dict(Do=64, kind='lowpass', form='btw', n=2)
plot_all(I, **banderas)

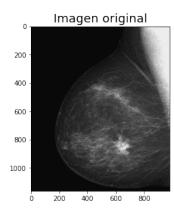


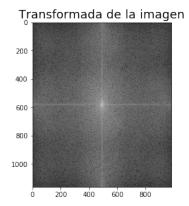


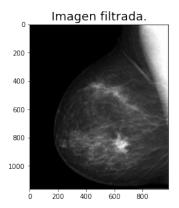


1.2.5 5.3 Filtro pasa bajos gauss con wc=64

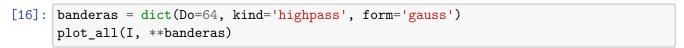
[15]: banderas = dict(Do=64, kind='lowpass', form='gauss')
plot_all(I, **banderas)

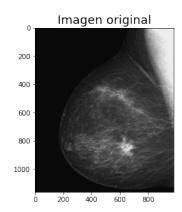


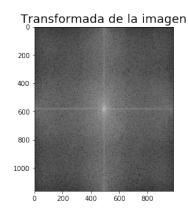


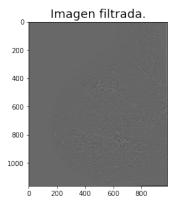


1.2.6 5.4 Filtro pasa altos gauss con wc=64





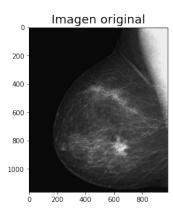


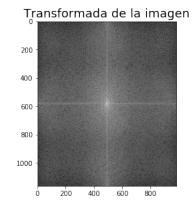


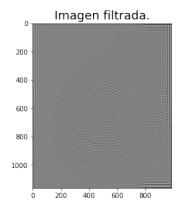
1.2.7 5.5 Filtro pasa bandas gauss con wc1=54, wc2=74

```
[17]: banderas = dict(wc1=54, wc2=74, kind='bandpass', form='gauss')
plot_all(I, **banderas)
```

/Users/gml/Documents/IX/imagenes/MasterFilter/mfilt_funcs.py:400: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in true_divide H = 1.0 - np.exp(-1.0 * (D - Do**2)**2 / (w**2 * D))

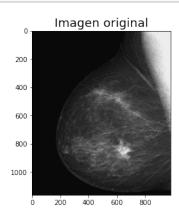


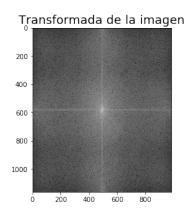


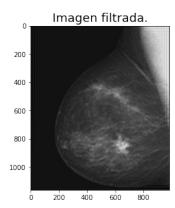


1.2.8 5.6 Filtro rechazo de bandas gauss con wc1=54, wc2=74

[18]: banderas = dict(wc1=54, wc2=74, kind='bandreject', form='gauss')
plot_all(I, **banderas)

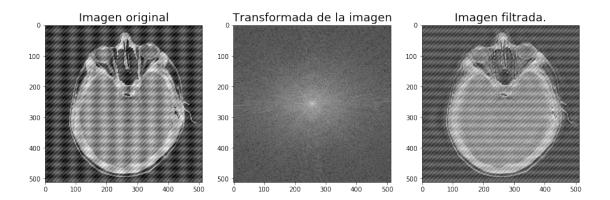






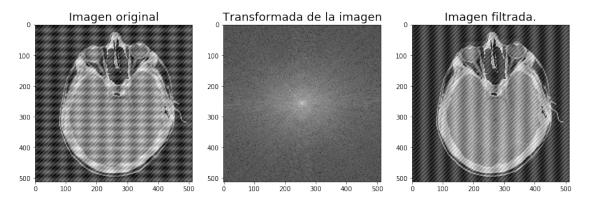
```
[19]: cabeza = plt.imread('imagenes/FigP0405(HeadCT_corrupted).tif')
```

[20]: banderas = dict(kind='notchreject', Do=15, center=(0, 25))
plot_all(cabeza, **banderas)



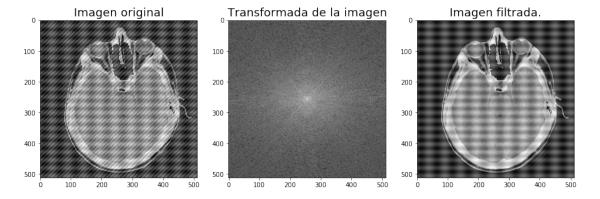
Eliminamos ruido vertical

[22]: banderas = dict(kind='notchreject', Do=5, center=(20, 0), form='gauss')
plot_all(cabeza, **banderas)

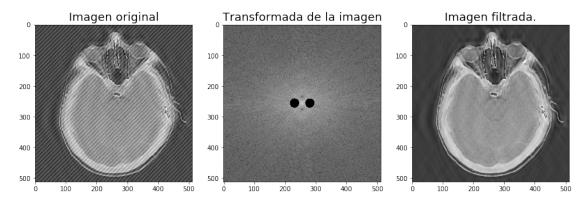


Eliminamos ruido horizontal.

[24]: banderas = dict(kind='notchreject', Do=15, center=(46, 46))
plot_all(cabeza, **banderas)



Eliminamos ruido diagonal.



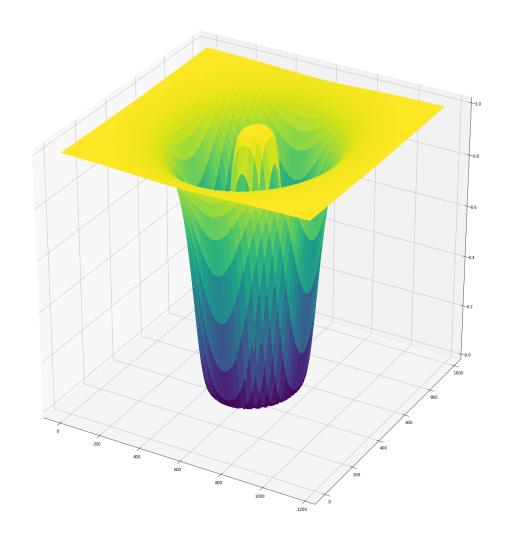
Con un poco de deformaión se logró eliminar el ruido periódico de la imagen.

1.2.9 Ejemplo de img_surf

Función definida en mfilt_funcs.py, permite representar una imagen (numpy.ndarray) como una superficie.

```
[73]: img_surf(master_kernel(I, kind='bandreject', form='btw', wc1=100, wc2=250, n=2))
```

[73]: <mpl_toolkits.mplot3d.art3d.Poly3DCollection at 0x1c22b22d50>



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[]:	
[]:	