SCBOOLSEQ – scRNA-Seq data binarization and synthetic generation from Boolean dynamics

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Overview scRNA-seq counts scBoolSeq is a Python package for linking scRNA-Seq data and Boolean gene activation states. Cell_2395 3.057174 4.433269 2.263485 2.307164 2.574745 3.080573 0.000000 .simulate It uses a reference dataset to: 001010100 **Trajectory** - Binarize experimental data reconstruction 011000110 - Sample synthetic scRNA-Seq from 101010011 scBoolSeq simulations of Boolean networks. .binarize() 011110110 binary scRNA-seq counts Synthetic scRNA-Seq can serve as a **Boolean dynamics** ground-truth baseline for validating Pseudotime inference methods.

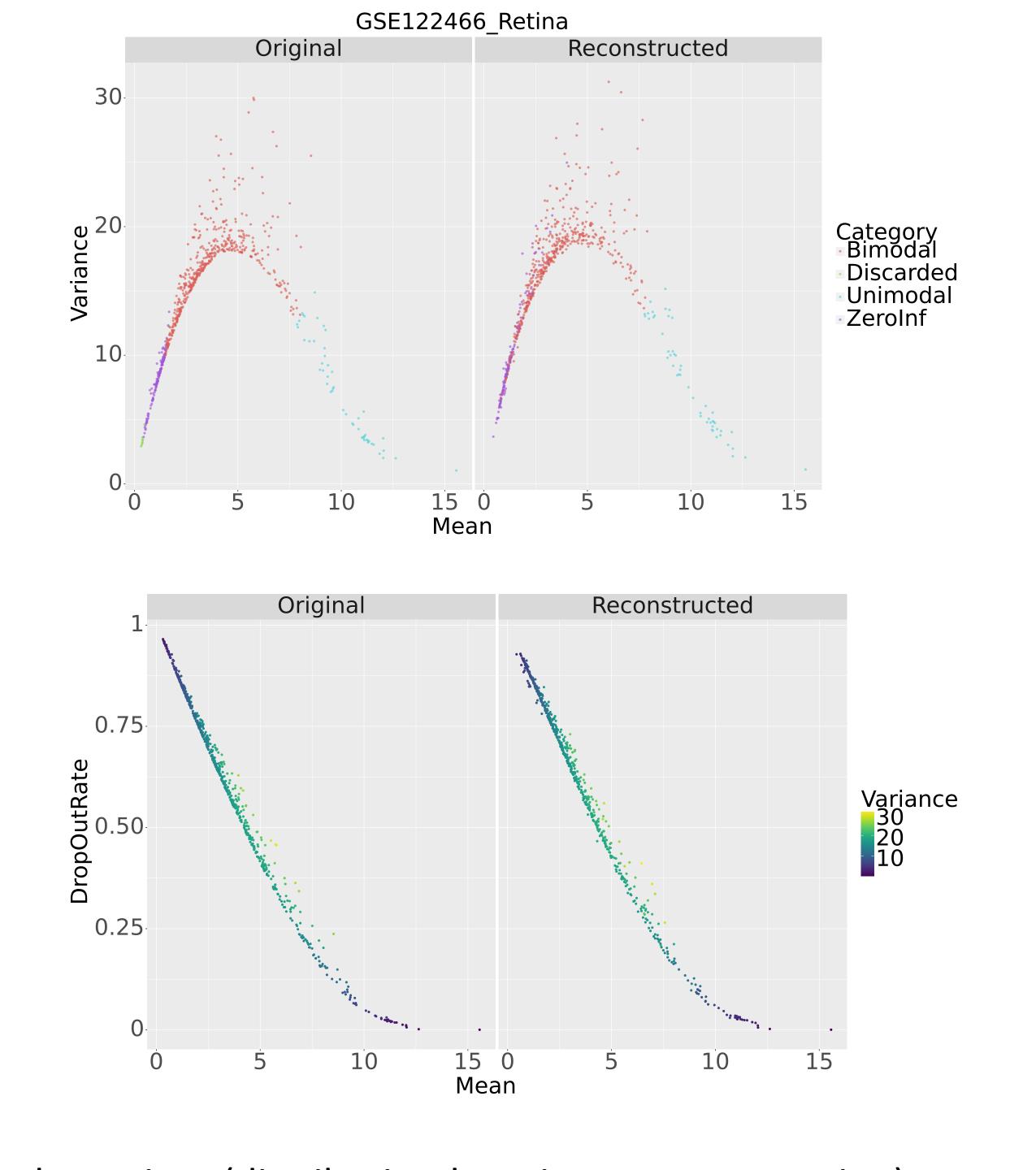
Binarization

Binarization is performed by comparing each count to the thresholds determined from the learned distributions on the reference dataset. It results in either a Boolean or undetermined value.

Minimal binarization example:

from scboolseq import scBoolSeq
reference = pd.read_csv("reference_scRNA_counts.csv")
scbool = scBoolSeq(data=reference)
scbool.fit() # compute binarization criteria
binarized = scbool.binarize(reference) # or other dataset

Sampling from the learned distributions with our algorithm reproduces the reference's profiles:



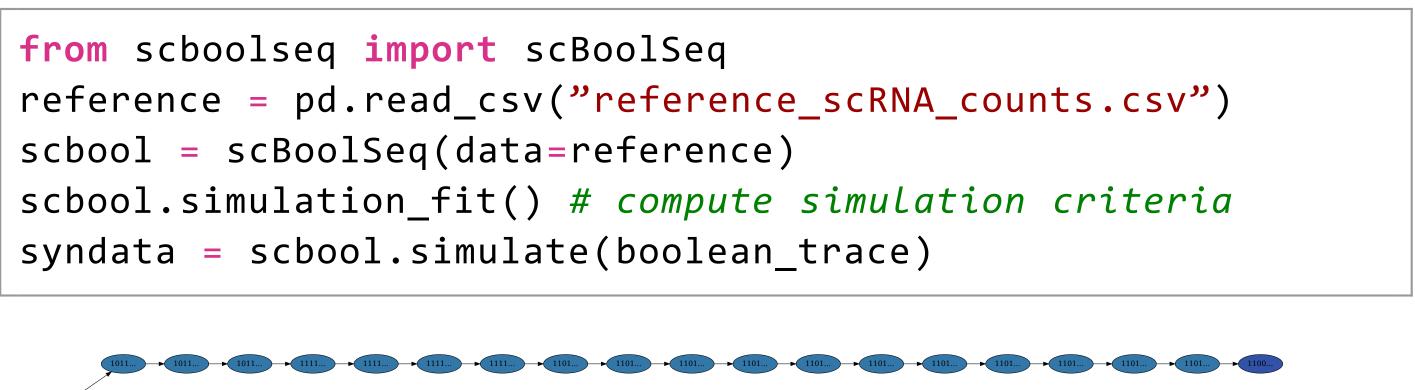
Total run-time (distribution learning + reconstruction) on specified dataset (688 genes over 5347 cells) is less than a minute.

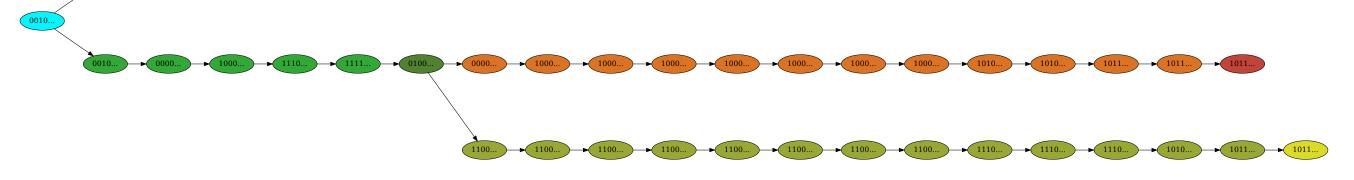
Synthetic scRNA-Seq Generation

The synthetic RNA-Seq data **from Boolean states** is generated by **biased sampling** from the estimated gene count distributions.

- Synthetic scRNA-Seq counts use biased sampling to reflect the underlying Boolean value.
- **Drop-outs are simulated** with probabilities that decay exponentially with the sampled expression value.

Minimal synthesis example:





Top: Boolean trace. **Bottom left**: Influence Graph $^{\alpha}$. **Bottom right**: Trajectory reconstruction $^{\beta}$ on **synthetic scRNA-Seq** data using SCBOOLSEQ.

