Emergency and Mental Wellbeing

Project Statement:

The Emergency and Wellness Management System addresses the growing need for personal safety and mental well-being. This platform allows users to report emergencies, receive notifications, and track their mental health through assessments. It also provides personalized recommendations and access to support resources for improved well-being and safety.

Milestone – 1:(User Authentication)

- Implement user registration functionality.
- Develop user login mechanism.

Dependencies:

- **→**Lombok
- →spring data JPA
- → Spring security
- →Spring web
- →MySQL driver
- →Oauth

Packages & Classes:

- **→**Controller
 - AuthController

→DTO

- LoginDto
- RegisterDto
- UpdateDto

→Config

- SecurityConfig
- → Model
 - Person
- → Repository
 - PersonRepository

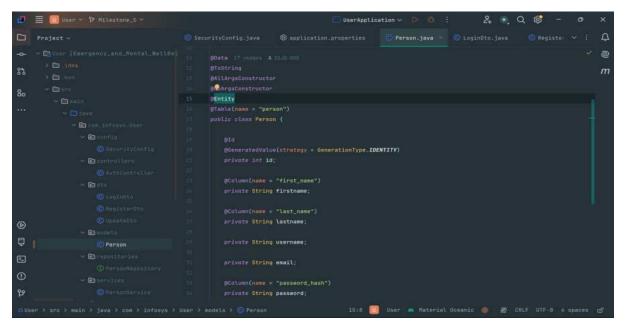
→ Serive

PersonService

Model:

Define models to represent user data.

Class: Person



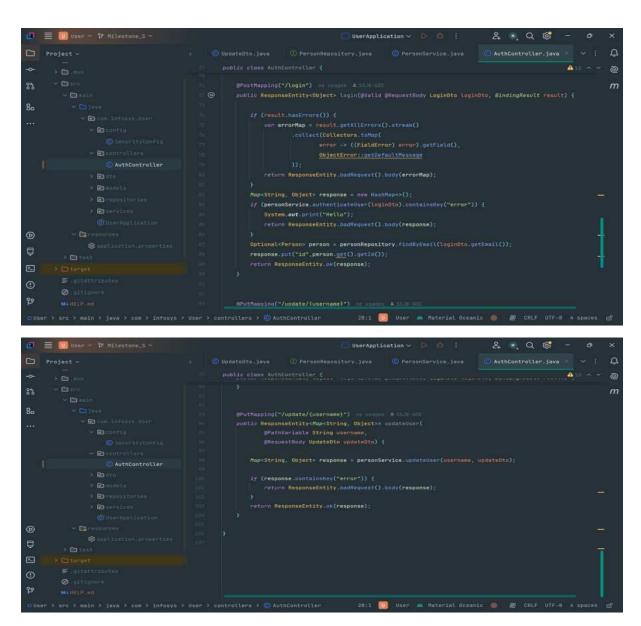
Controller:

Define Controller to HTTP requests.

Class: AuthController

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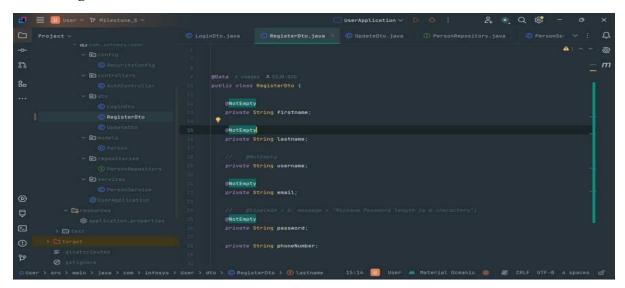
DTOs:

Define DTOs to handle registration data.

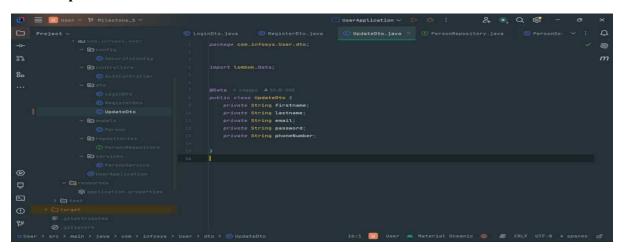
Class: LoginDto



Class: RegisterDto



Class: UpdateDto



Repository:

Create Repositories for database interactions

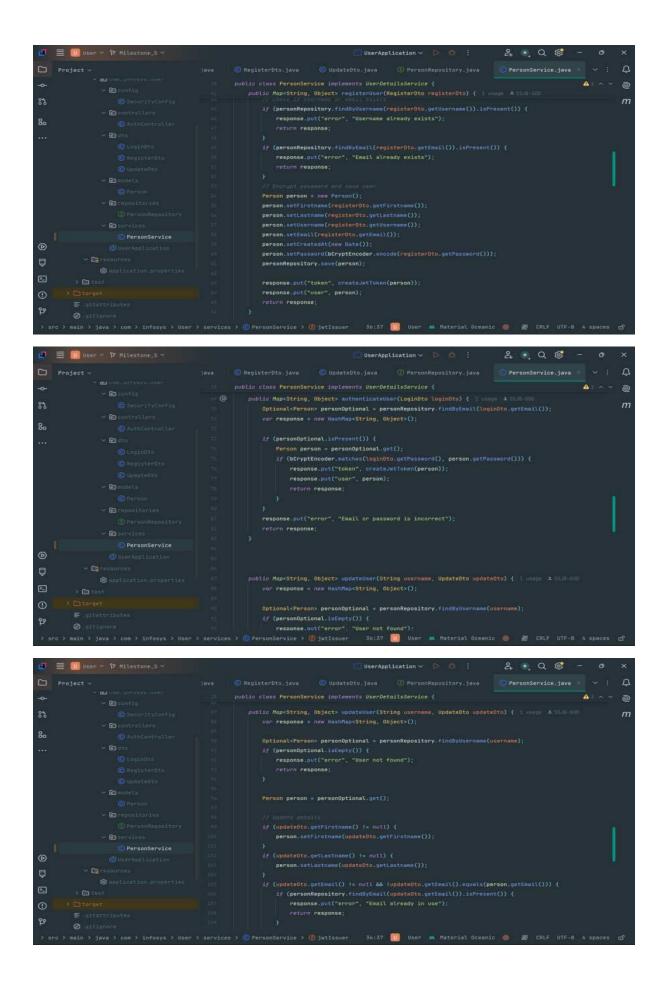
Class: PersonRepository

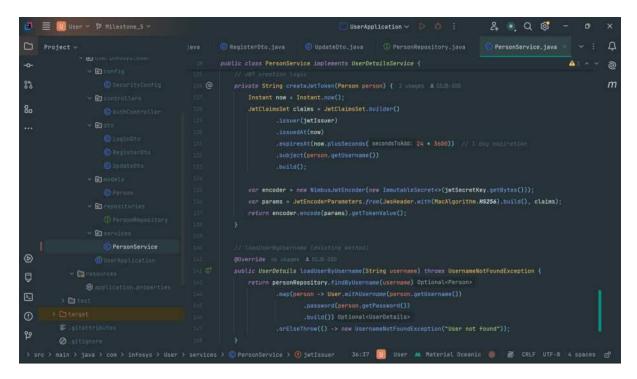
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Service:

Create service classes to handle business logic.

Class: PersonService

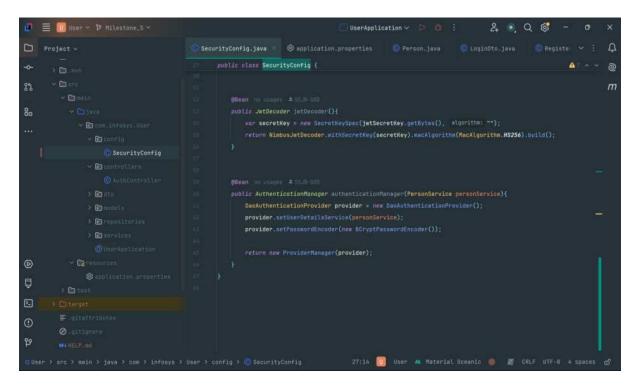




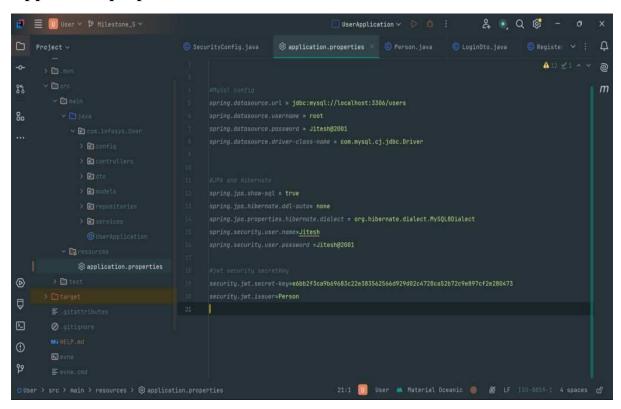
Config:

Create Config for Security Configurations.

Class:SecurityConfig



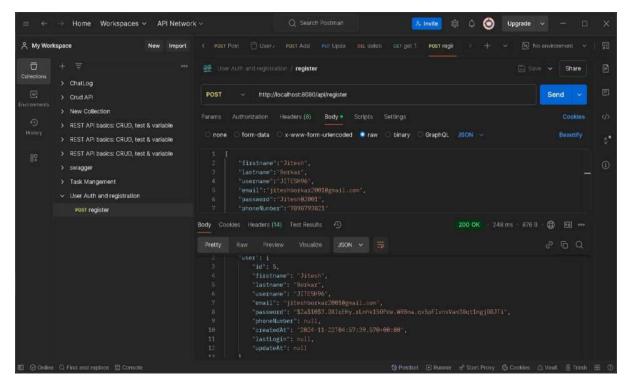
Application properties



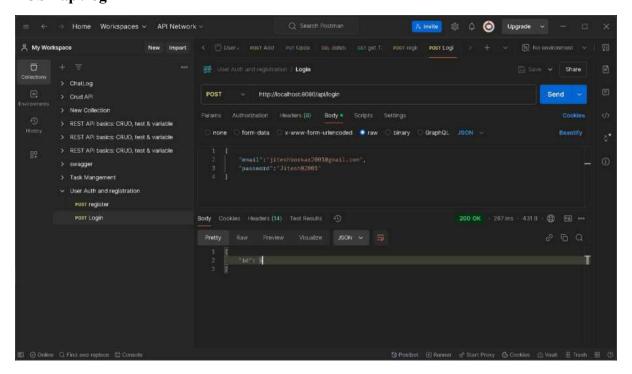
Testing and Validation

Test the application using Postman or other tools to ensure endpoints work as expected.

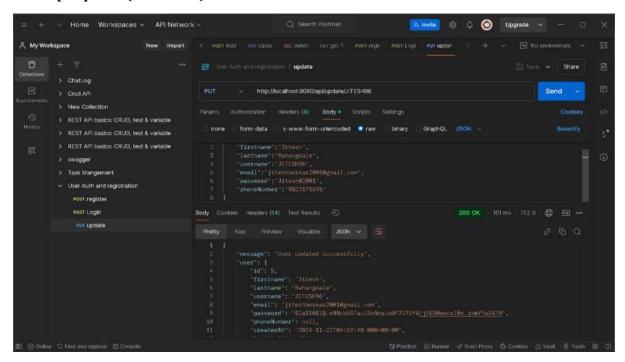
POST api/register



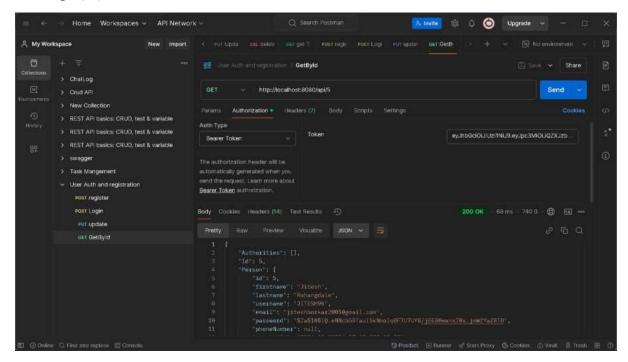
POST api/login



PUT api/update/{username}



GET api/{id}



Conclusion:

This outline provides a foundational structure for a backend for User Authentication and Registration.

Milestone – 2:

The Assessment module evaluates a user's mental health by prompting them to respond to depression-related questions. Based on their answers, the system utilizes a scoring algorithm to assess their mental health status. Once the score is generated, the user receives personalized recommendations and resources tailored to their specific needs ensuring users have access to relevant and helpful guidance for improving their well-being.

Dependencies:

- **→**Lombok
- →spring data JPA
- →Spring data MongoDB
- →Spring web
- →MySQL driver

Packages & Classes:

- **→**Controller
 - QuestionController
 - WellbeingTestController

→DTO

• WellbeingTestDTO

→Exception

• GlobalExceptionHandler

→Model

- Choice
- Question
- WellbeingTest

→ Repository

- QuestionRepository
- WellbeingTestRepo

→ Serive

- QuestionService
- WellbeingService
- WellbeingServiceImpl

Model:

User: Represents a user taking the assessment.

Questionnaire: Stores questions and options.

Assessment: Tracks the results of the assessment.

TestHistory: Logs completed assessments for each user.

Class: Choice

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        package com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.model;
        import lombok.AllArgsConstructor;
        import lombok.Data;
        import lombok.NoArgsConstructor;
        import lombok.ToString;
        import org.springframework.data.mongodb.core.mapping.Field;
       @AllArgsConstructor
       @NoArgsConstructor
       @ToString
        public class Choice {
           @Field("option")
            private String option;
            @Field("score")
            private int score;
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```

Class: Question

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## SettleringTestApplication

## SettleringTestApplication

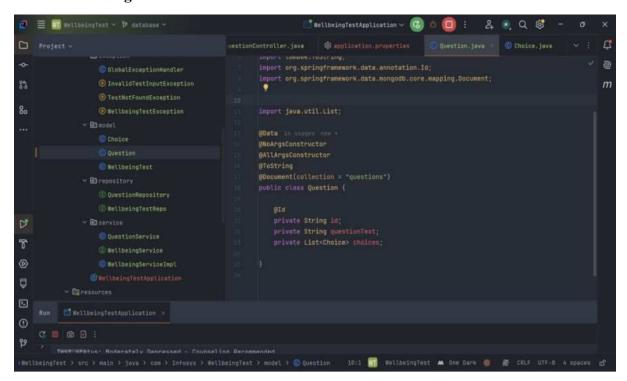
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Class: WellbeingTest



Repository:

Define JPA repositories for each entity

Class: QuestionRepository

Class: WellbeingTestRepo

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J QuestionRepository,java J WellbeingTestRepojava X

be67-4d5afab1ffbe_WellbeingTestzip.WellbeingTest.repository;

package com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.repository;

import com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.model.WellbeingTest;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

import java.util.List;

import java.util.Optional;

@Repository

public interface WellbeingTestRepo extends JpaRepository<WellbeingTest, Integer> {

Optional<WellbeingTest> findByUserId(int user_id);

List<WellbeingTest> findByUserId(int user_id);

List<WellbeingTest> findByUserId(int user_id);
```

Service:

Create service classes to handle business logic, such as saving answers, calculating assessment scores, and logging test history.

Class: QuestionService

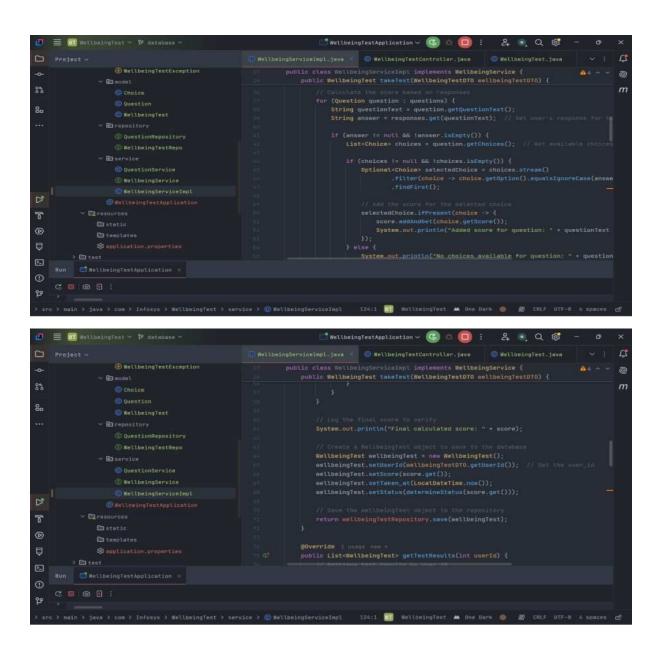
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J QuestionService.java X
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        package com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.service;
       import com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.model.Question;
        import com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.repository.QuestionRepository;
        import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
        import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
        import java.util.List;
        public class QuestionService {
            private QuestionRepository questionRepository;
            public List<Question> getAllQuestions() {
                 return questionRepository.findAll();
            public Question getQuestionById(String id) {
                return questionRepository.findById(id).orElse(null);
             public Question saveQuestion(Question question) {
                return questionRepository.save(question);
```

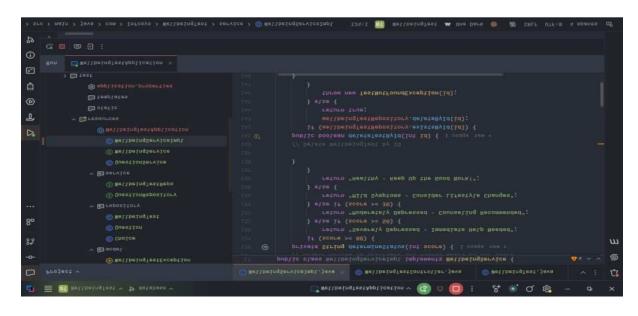
Class: WellbeingService

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                                                                                                                                                                        @
                                                                    import com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.model.WellbeingTest;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
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                                                                @Service I stages I implementation to

On public interface WellbeingService {
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          > main > java > com > Infonys > WeltheingTest > service > ① WeltheingService 22:1 👔 WeltheingTest 🛤 One Dark 🧓 🧭 CRLF UTF-8 4 spaces
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Class: WellbeignServiceImpl





Controller:

Create REST controllers to handle API requests, like saving answers, retrieving questionnaires, and fetching test histories.

Class: QuestionController

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J Choice.java
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308-b5e9e1ff1ab6_WellbeingTest.zip.WellbeingTest.zip > WellbeingTest > src > main > java > com > Infosys > WellbeingT
       package com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.controller;
        import com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.model.Question;
        import com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.service.QuestionService;
       import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
       import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
       import java.util.List;
       @RestController
        @RequestMapping("/api/questions")
        public class OuestionController {
            private QuestionService questionService;
           @GetMapping
           public List<Question> getAllQuestions() {
    return questionService.getAllQuestions();
           @PostMapping
public Question addQuestion(@RequestBody Question question) {
                return questionService.saveQuestion(question);
```

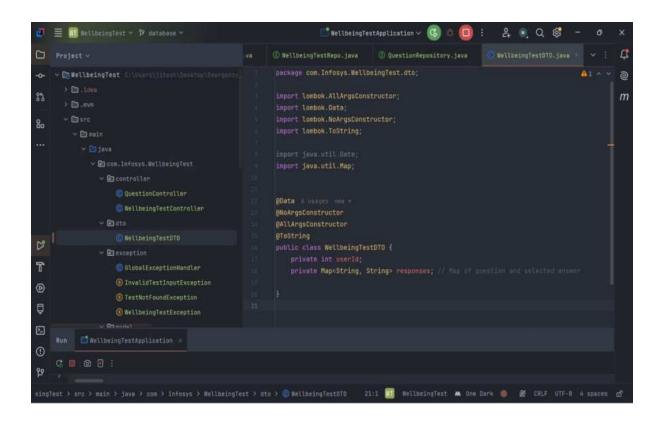
Class: WellbeingTestController

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J QuestionController.java J WellbeingTestController.java ×
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-fe77e2b81a99_WellbeingTest.zip,WellbeingTestzip > WellbeingTest > src > main > java > com > Infosys > WellbeingTest > controller > 🔳 WellbeingTestContro
        package com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.controller;
                   import com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.dto.WellbeingTestDTO;
                   import com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.model.WellbeingTest;
                    import com.Infosys.WellbeingTest.service.WellbeingService;
                   import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
                   import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
                    import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
                   import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
                   import java.util.List;
                   @RestController
                   @RequestMapping("/api")
                   public class WellbeingTestController {
                              @Autowired
                            private WellbeingService wellbeingService;
                             @PostMapping("/takeTest")
                              public \ Response Entity < Wellbeing Test > \ take Test (@Request Body \ Wellbeing Test DTO \ wellbeing Test DTO) \ \{ public \ Response Entity < Wellbeing Test DTO \ wellbeing
                                        WellbeingTest result = wellbeingService.takeTest(wellbeingTestDTO);
                                         return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.CREATED).body(result);
                               @GetMapping("/getTestResults/{userId}")
                               public List<WellbeingTest> getTestResults(@PathVariable int userId) {
                                    return wellbeingService.getTestResults(userId);
```

DTO:

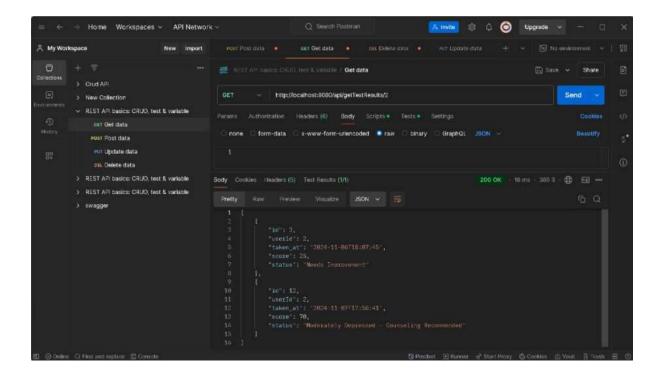
DTOs will help ensure that only the necessary information is sent to the client

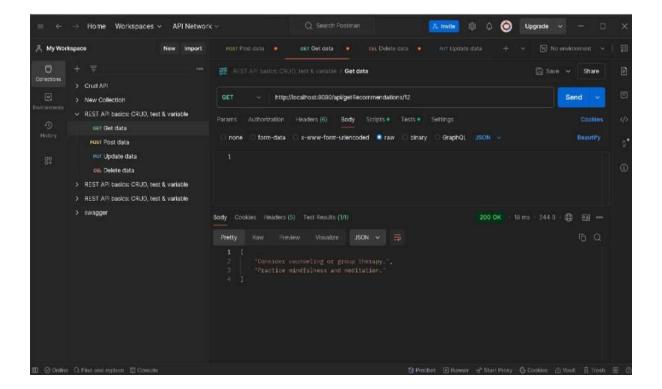
Class: WellbeingTestDTO

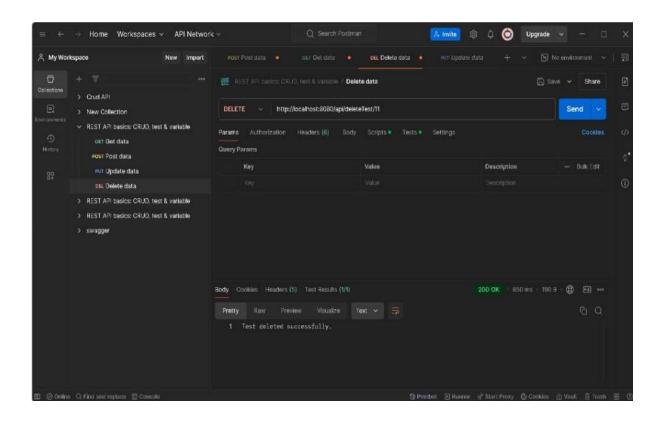


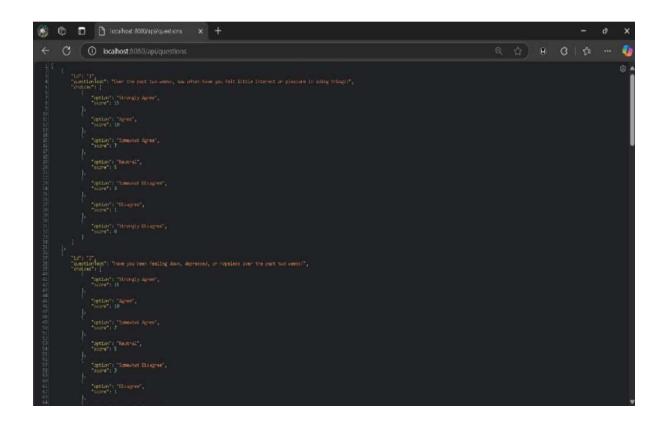
Testing and Validation

Test the application using Postman or other tools to ensure endpoints work as expected.

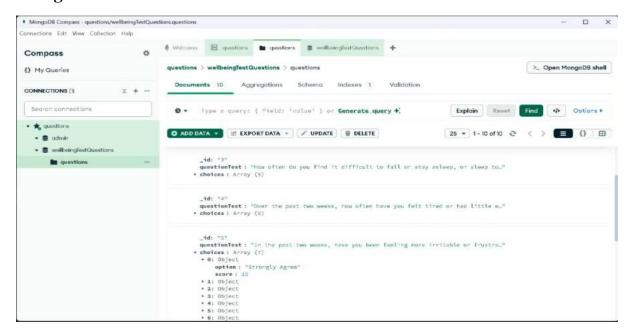




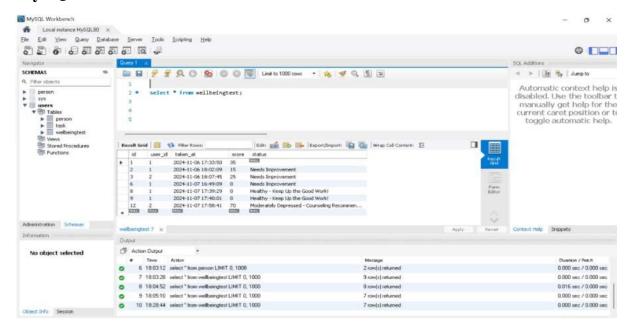




MongoDB



MySQL



Conclusion:

This outline provides a foundational structure for a backend supporting a mental health questionnaire and assessment system.

Milestone – 3:(module 4)

The chatbot offers real-time assistance and answers to users' queries about safety and wellness. It is designed to provide immediate responses and guide users through various features of the application.

Dependencies:

- **→**Lombok
- →spring data JPA
- →Spring data MongoDB
- →Spring web
- →MySQL driver

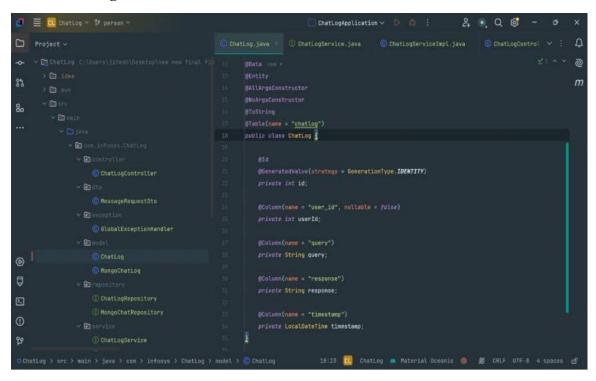
Packages & Classes:

- **→**Controller
 - ChatLogController
- **→**DTO
 - MessageRequestDTO
- **→**Exception
 - GlobalExceptionHandler
- **→**Model
 - ChatLog
 - MongoChatLog
- → Repository
 - ChatLogRepository
 - MongoChatLogRepository
- → Serive
 - ChatLogService
 - ChatLogServiceImpl

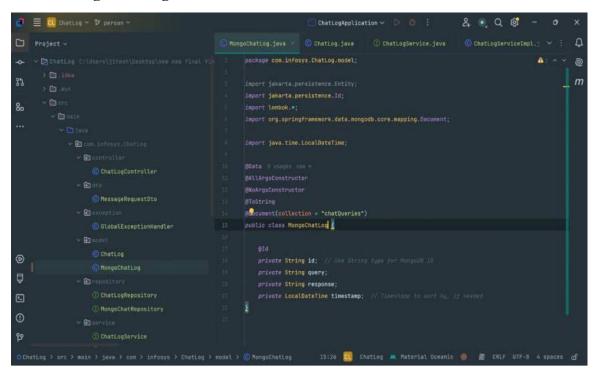
Model:

Define models to represent chatbot's messages.

Class: ChatLog



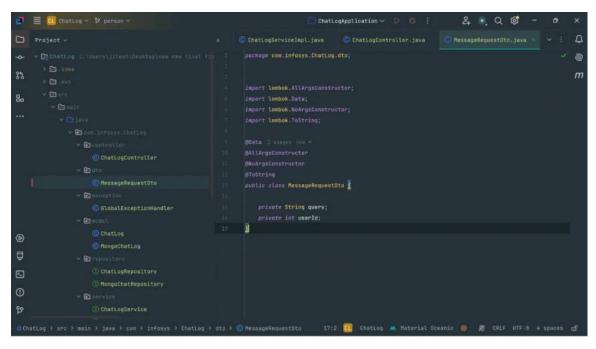
Class: MongoChatLog



DTOs:

Define DTOs to control data sent to the client.

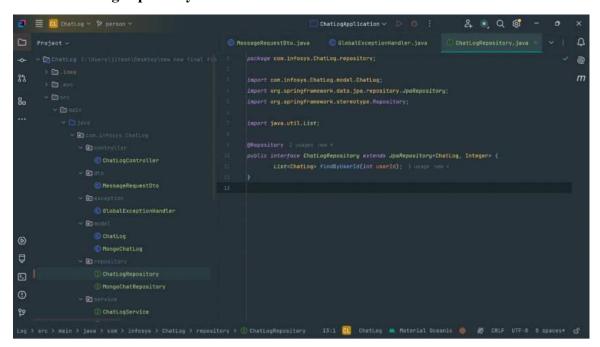
Class: MessageRequestDTO



Repository:

Create Repositories to manage entities

Class: ChatLogRepository

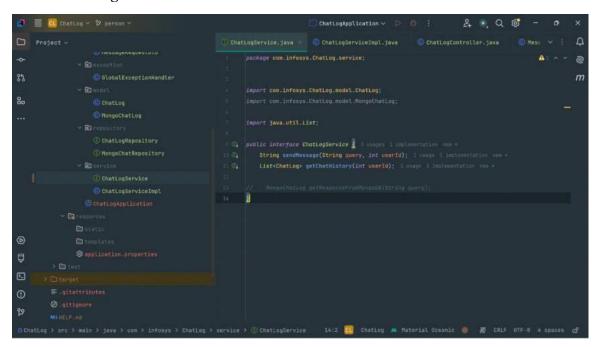


Class: MongoChatLog

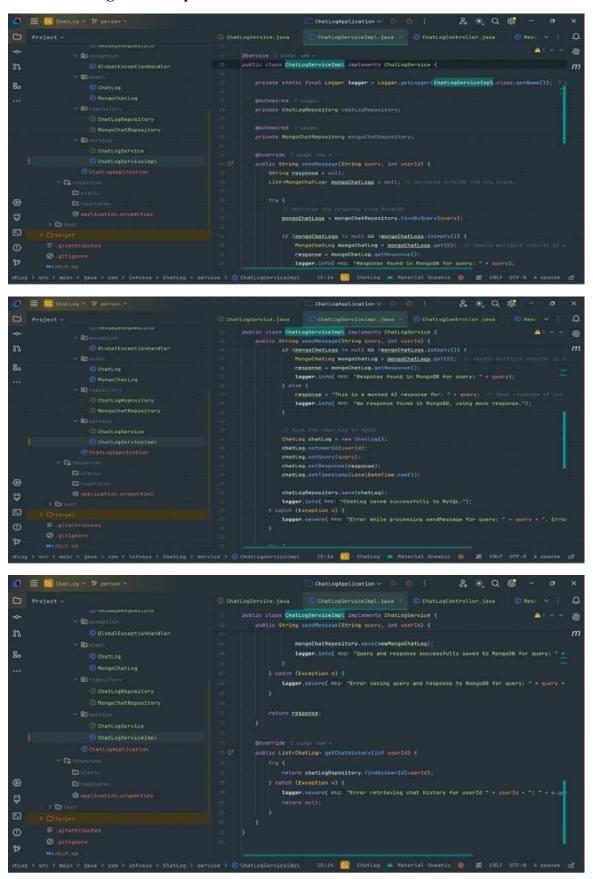
Service:

Create service classes to handle business logic, such as managing conversations and messages.

Class: ChatLogService



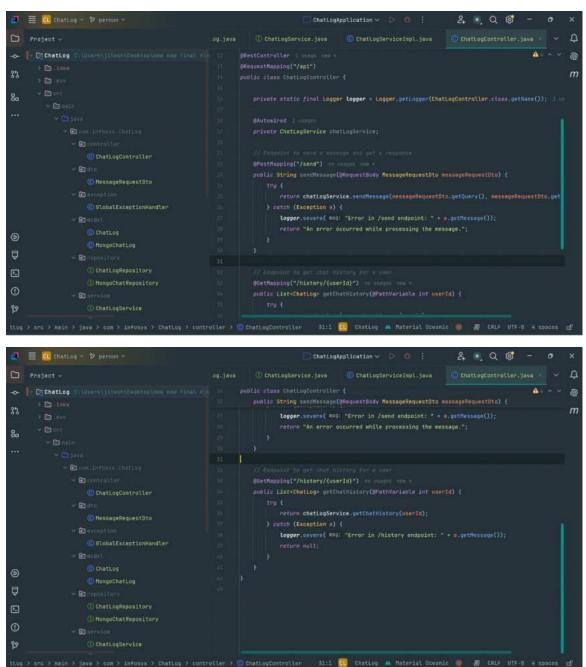
Class: ChatLogServiceImpl



Controller:

Create REST endpoints for Chatbot interaction.

Class: ChatLogController

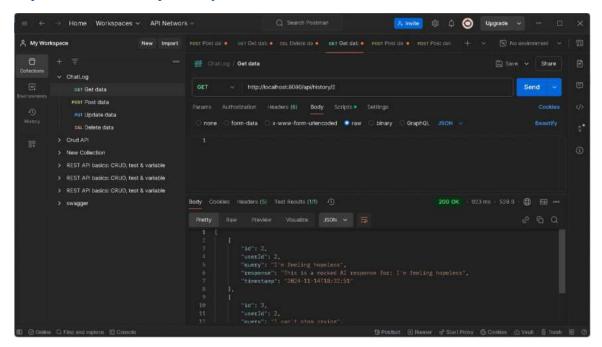


Testing and Validation

Test the application using Postman or other tools to ensure endpoints work as expected.

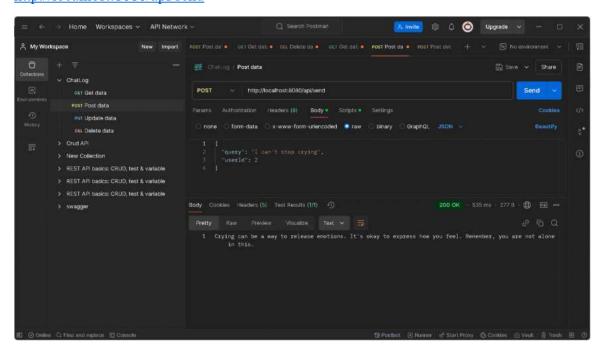
GET

http://localhost:8080/api/history/2

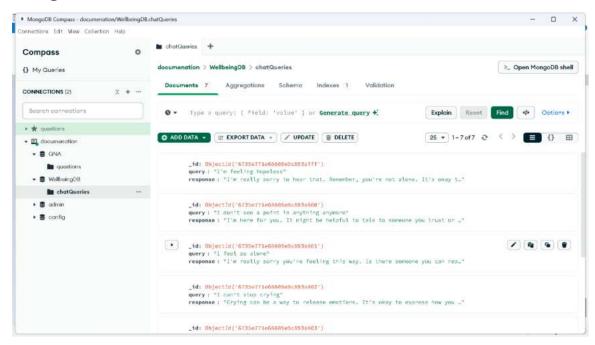


POST

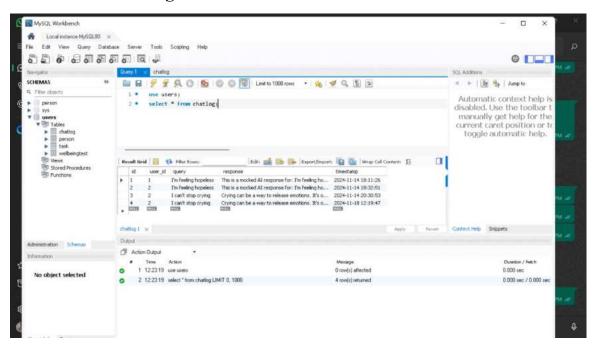
http://localhost:8080/api/send



Mongodb



Database for chatlog



Conclusion:

This outline provides a foundational structure for a backend for managing users, conversations, and message handling, with the flexibility to integrate a chatbot AI for responses.

Milestone 4: Task Management

Add Tasks: Enter task details, set a due date, priority, and reminder.

Modify Tasks: Update task details, including title, due date, and reminder settings.

DeleteTasks: Remove tasks that are no longer needed.

Reminders: Receive notifications based on your reminder settings to keep track of tasks.

Dependencies:

- **→**Lombok
- → spring data JPA
- →Spring web
- →MySQL driver

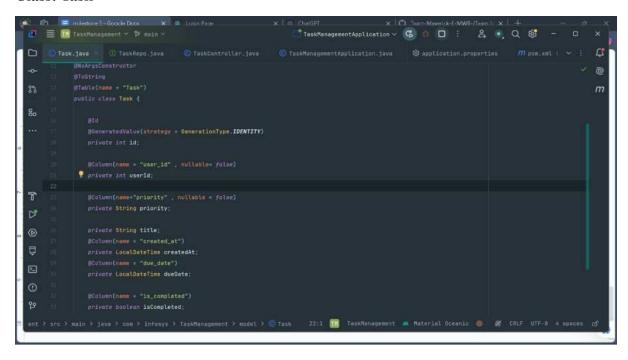
Packages & Classes:

- **→**Controller
 - TaskController
- **→**DTO
 - TaskDto
- **→**Exception
 - GlobalExceptionHandler
 - TaskNotFoundException
- **→**Model
 - Task
- → Repository
 - TaskRepo
- → Serive
 - TaskService
 - TaskServiceImpl

Model:

Represents the data or entity structure that will be stored in the database.

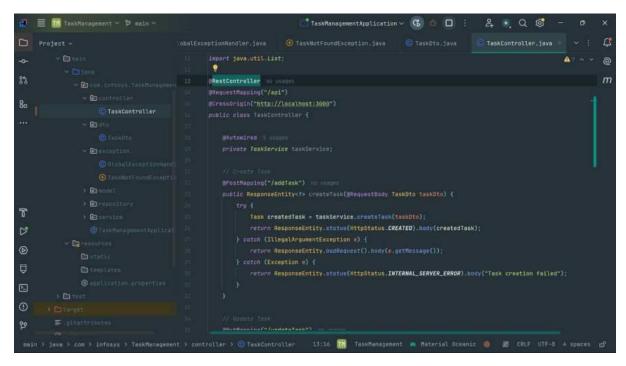
Class: Task

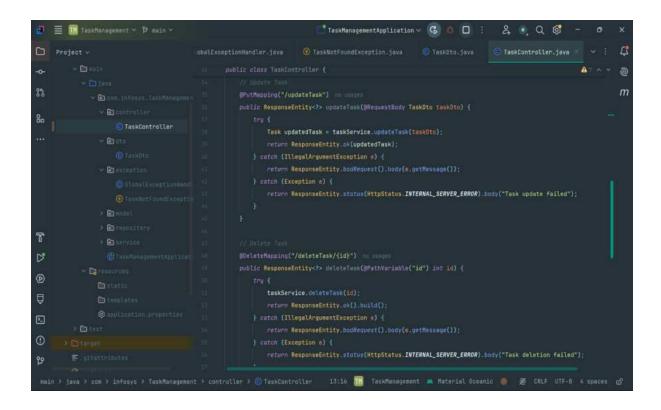


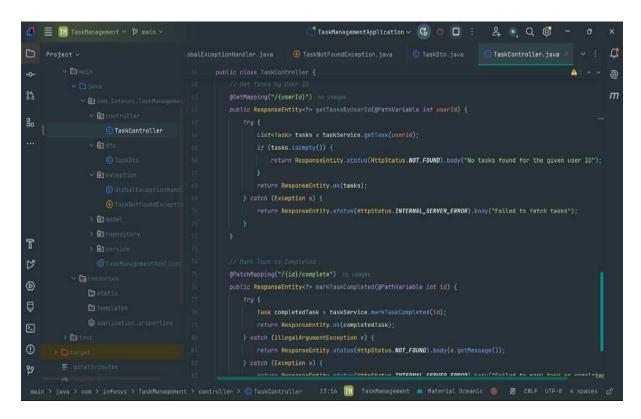
Controller:

Acts as the entry point for client requests (typically HTTP requests in a REST API).

Class: TaskController



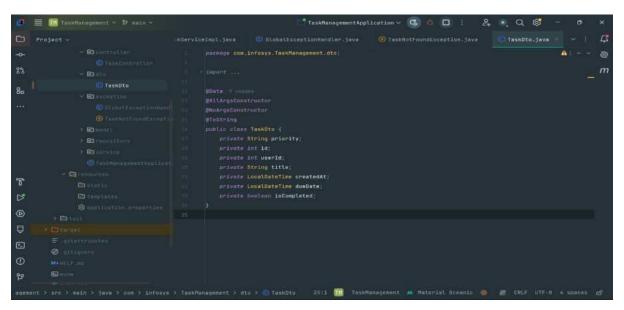




Dto:

Transfers data between different layers (especially between Controller and Service) without exposing the entity directly.

Class: TaskDto



Repository

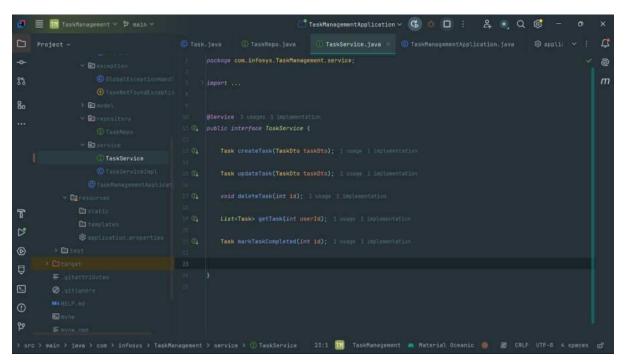
Handles the interaction with the database using JPA (Java Persistence API).

Class: TaskRepo

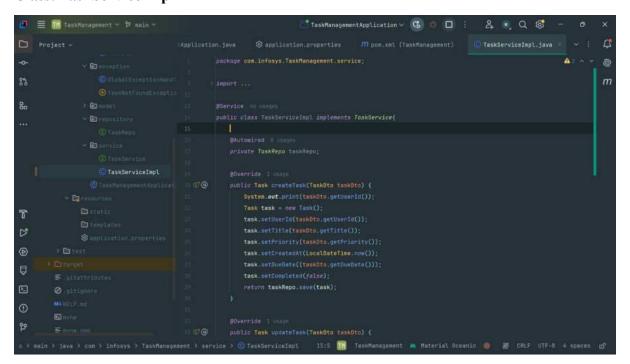
Service:

Contains the business logic. It processes the data and communicates between the Controller and Repository layers.

Class: TaskService



Class: TaskServiceImpl

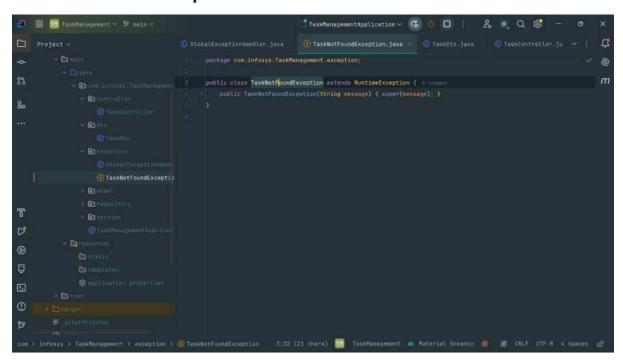


Exception:

Defines custom error scenarios.

Class: GlobalExceptionHandler

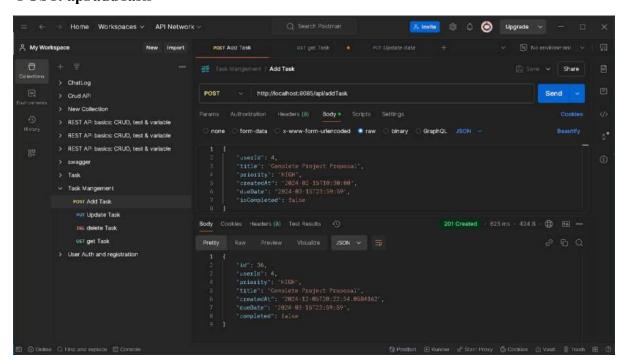
Class: TaskNotFoundException



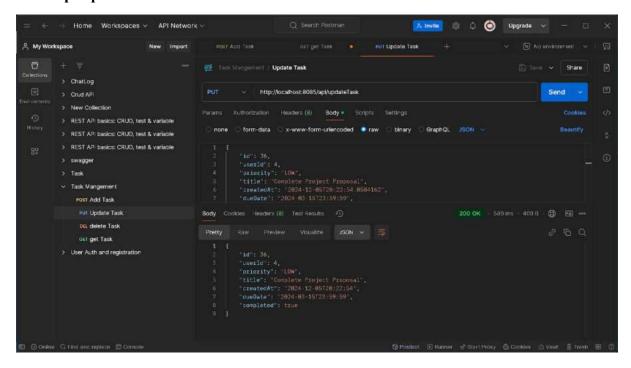
Testing and Validation

Test the application using Postman or other tools to ensure endpoints work as expected.

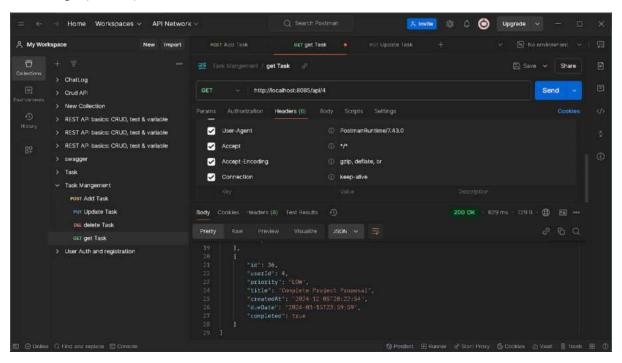
POST: api/addTask



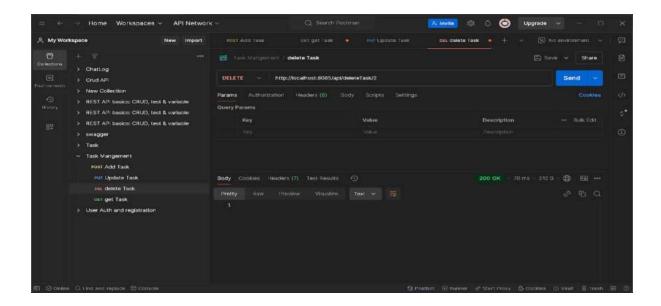
PUT: api/updateTask



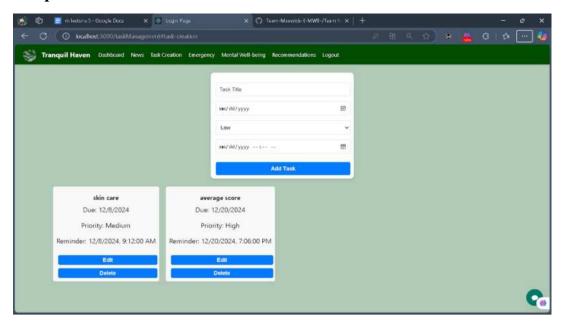
GET: api/{userId}



DELETE: api/deleteTask/{id}



Output



Conclusion:

This Outline provides a foundational structure for a backend for Task Management.