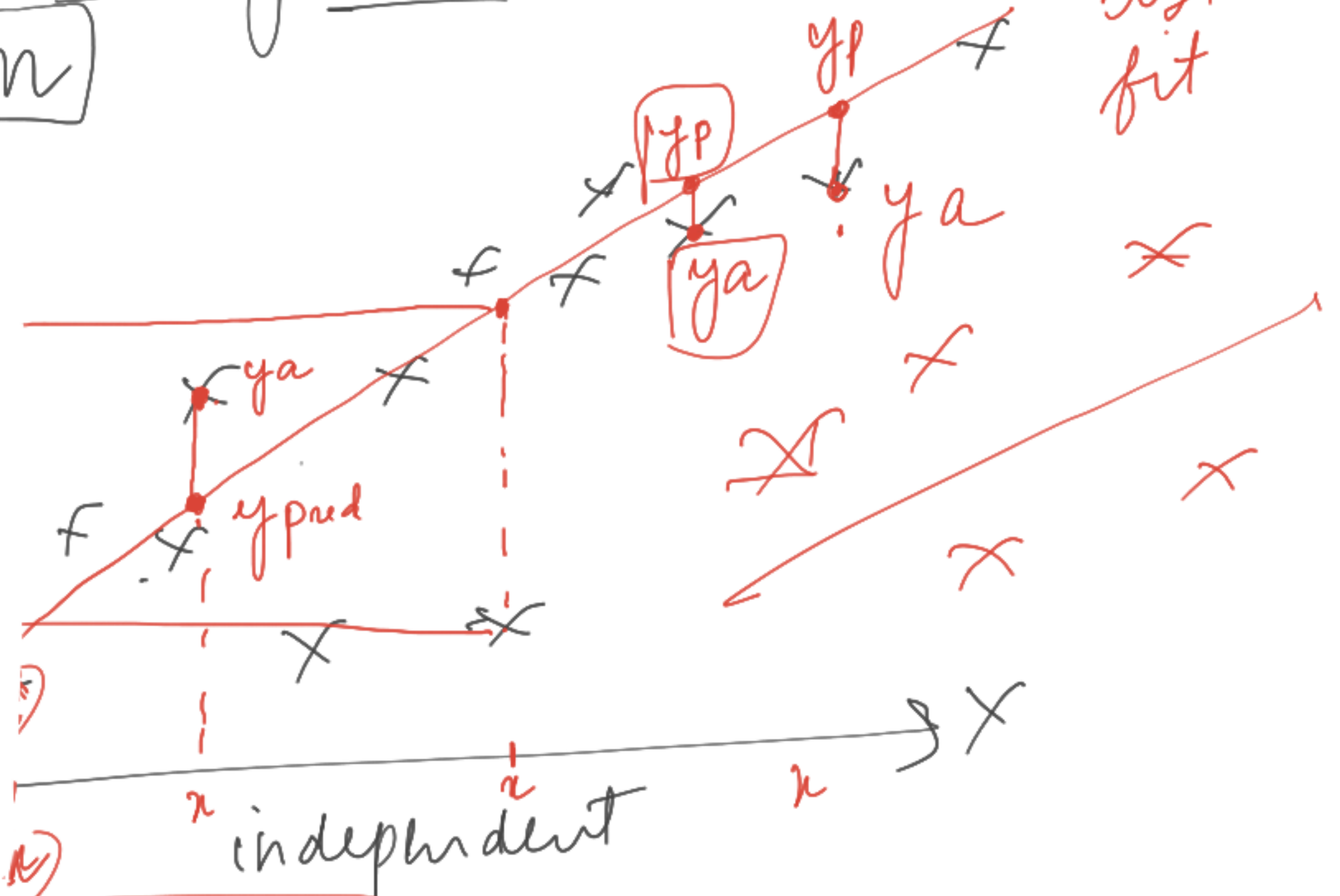


$\boxed{x} \rightarrow \text{multiplicities, } \boxed{\text{catg}} \underline{\underline{\text{num}}}$

g → one num

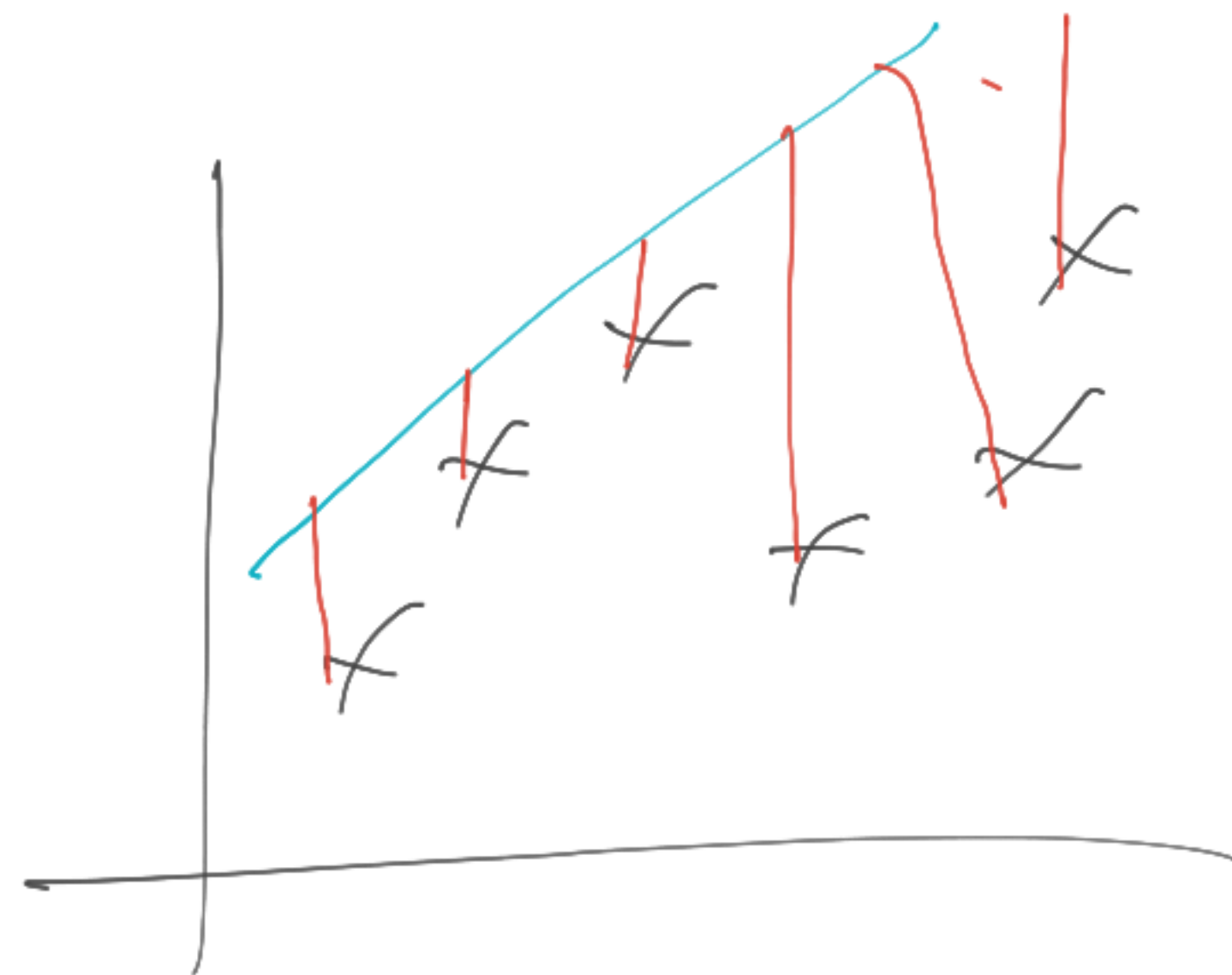
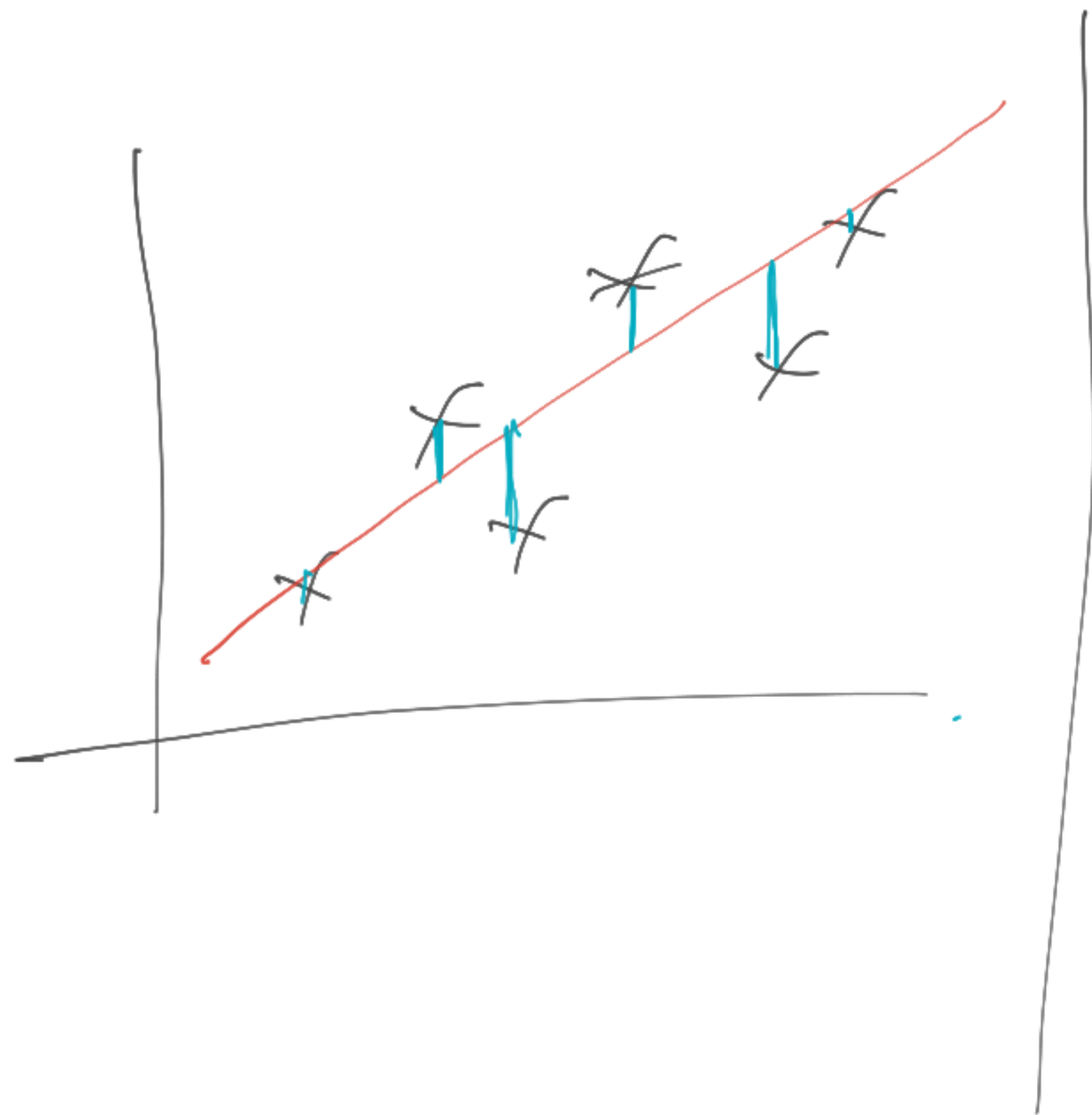
$\underline{u_1}$	$y_1$
$u_2$	$y_2$
$u_3$	$y_3$

ypred  
yp1  
yp2  
yp3



best fit

y actual      y pred



$$y_{\text{actual}_2} - y_{\text{pred}_2}$$

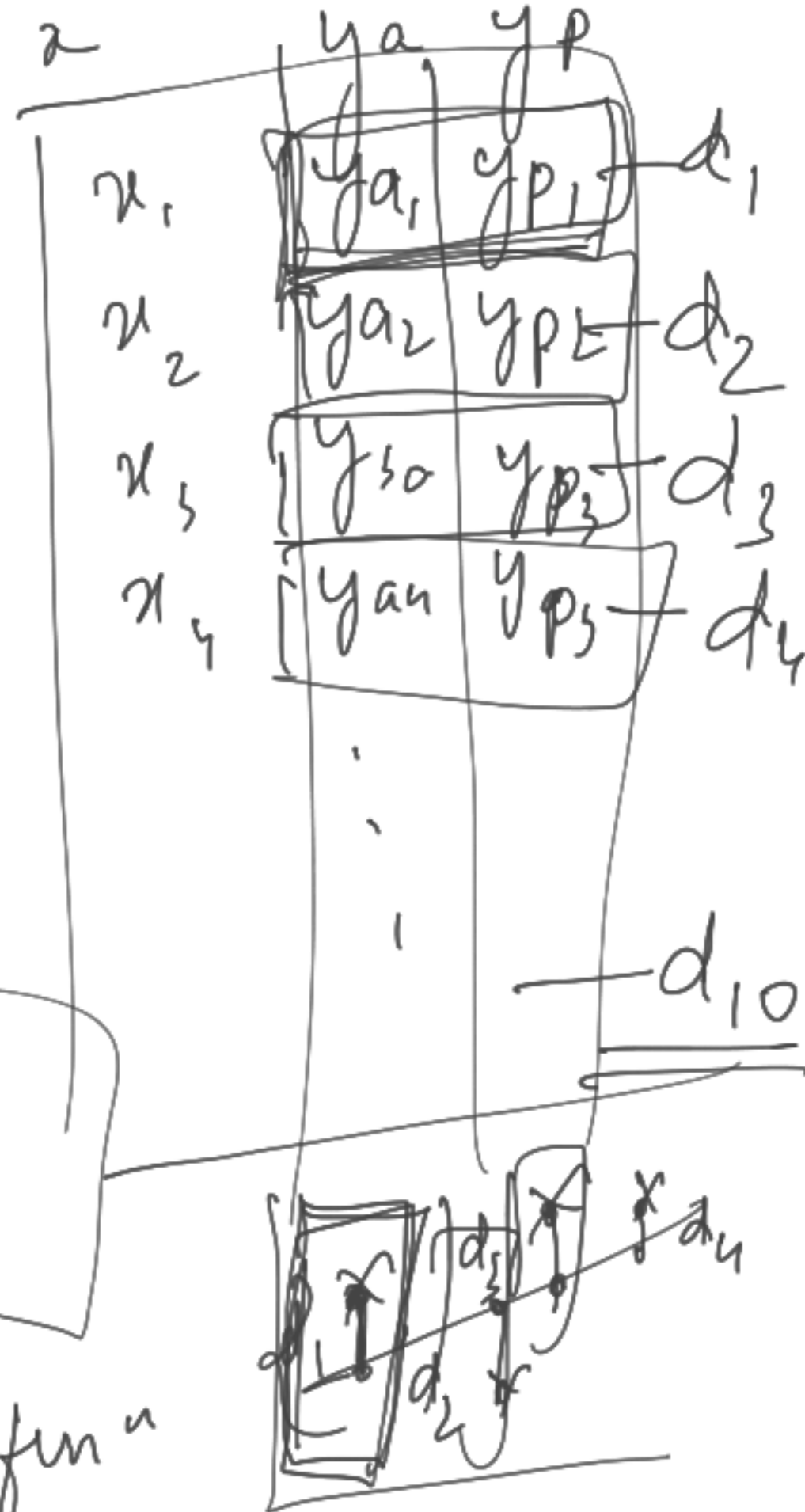
10 rows

$$\begin{matrix} \rightarrow y_{a_1} & y_{a_2} & y_{a_3} & \dots & y_{a_{10}} \\ \rightarrow y_{p_1} & y_{p_2} & y_{p_3} & \dots & y_{p_{10}} \end{matrix}$$

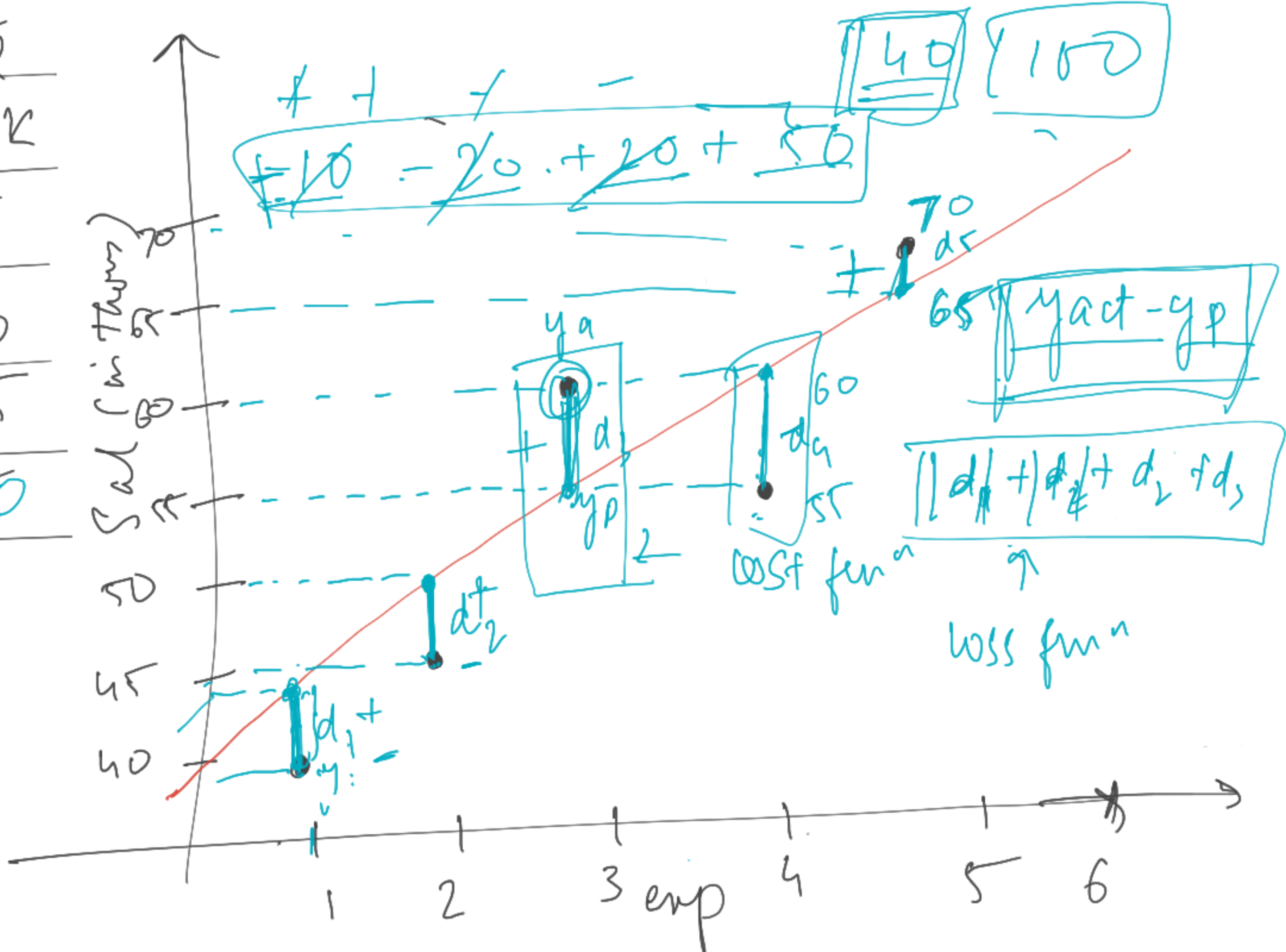
$$d_1 + d_2 + d_3 + d_4 + d_5 + \dots + d_{10}$$

loss fun<sup>n</sup>

total error  $\leftarrow$  error  $y_a - y_p \rightarrow$  cost fun<sup>n</sup>



year.	sal
1	40K
2	45
3	60
4	55
5	70



$y_{actual} - y_{pred}$   $\rightarrow +ve$   
 $\rightarrow -ve$

$a \uparrow$   $\rho \downarrow$

$-10 \times -10$   
 $100$

$+ve$

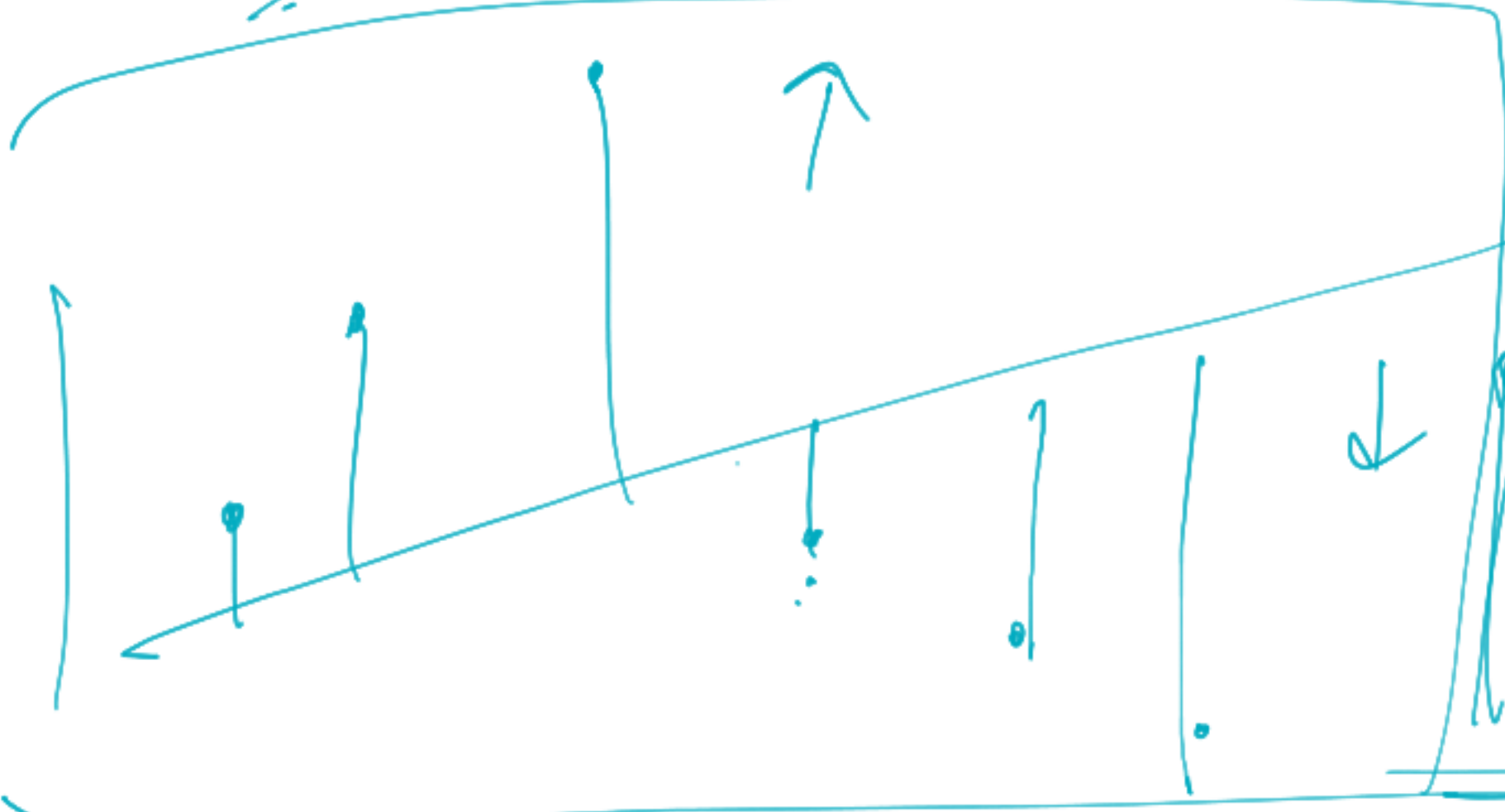
$$ad_1^2 + d_2^2 + d_3^2$$

$$10 + 20 + 30 = 10 - 20 - 30 = 10$$

$$= 10$$

$$10 + 20 + 10 + 10 + 20 + 30 = 120$$

$$10$$

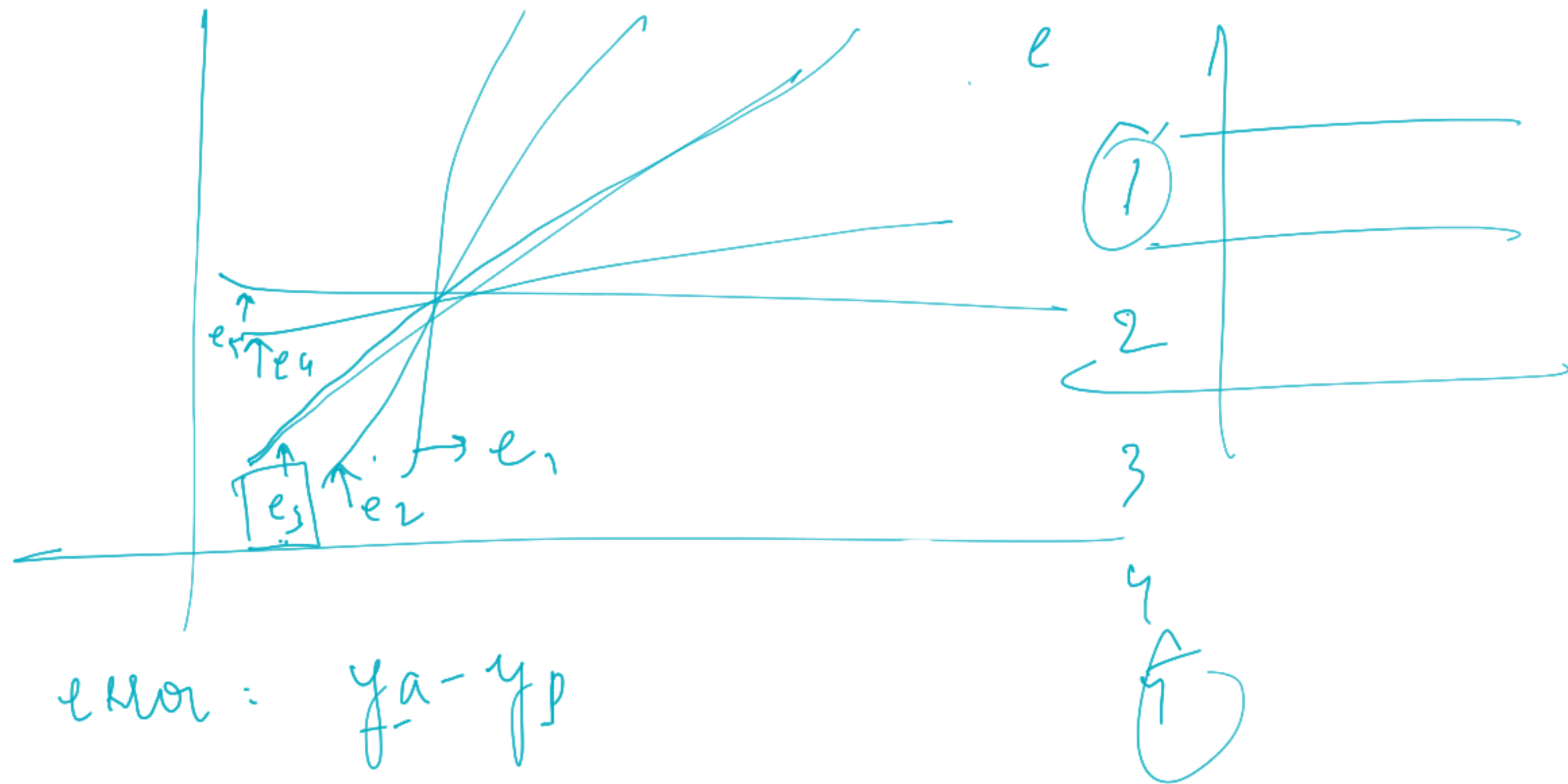


$\downarrow$

$$|10| + |20| + |30| + |10| + |-20| + |-30| \rightarrow$$

Ordinary least square OLS





exp	$y_a$	$y_p$	$y_a - y_p$	$(y_a - y_p)^2$
✓ 1	40	45	-5	25
✓ 2	45	50	-5	25
✓ 3	60	55	+5	25
✓ 4	55	60	-5	25
✓ 5	70	65	+5	25

9, 16, 25  
4, 20, .

$\frac{125}{5} = 25$  sum

$\frac{125}{5}$  avg.

125

total error

$= (y_{a1} - y_{p1})^2 + (y_{a2} - y_{p2})^2$   
 $i \rightarrow 1, 2, \dots$

$\sum_{i=1}^n (y_{a_i} - y_{p_i})^2$   
 mean error  $\times \frac{1}{n}$

$$\frac{\text{sum of marks got}}{\text{no. of std}}$$

$$\frac{50 + 60 + 75 + 50 + 45}{5}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{total error}^2}{2n}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{arg. error} \Rightarrow \text{mean error}$$

$$\sqrt{10,000}$$

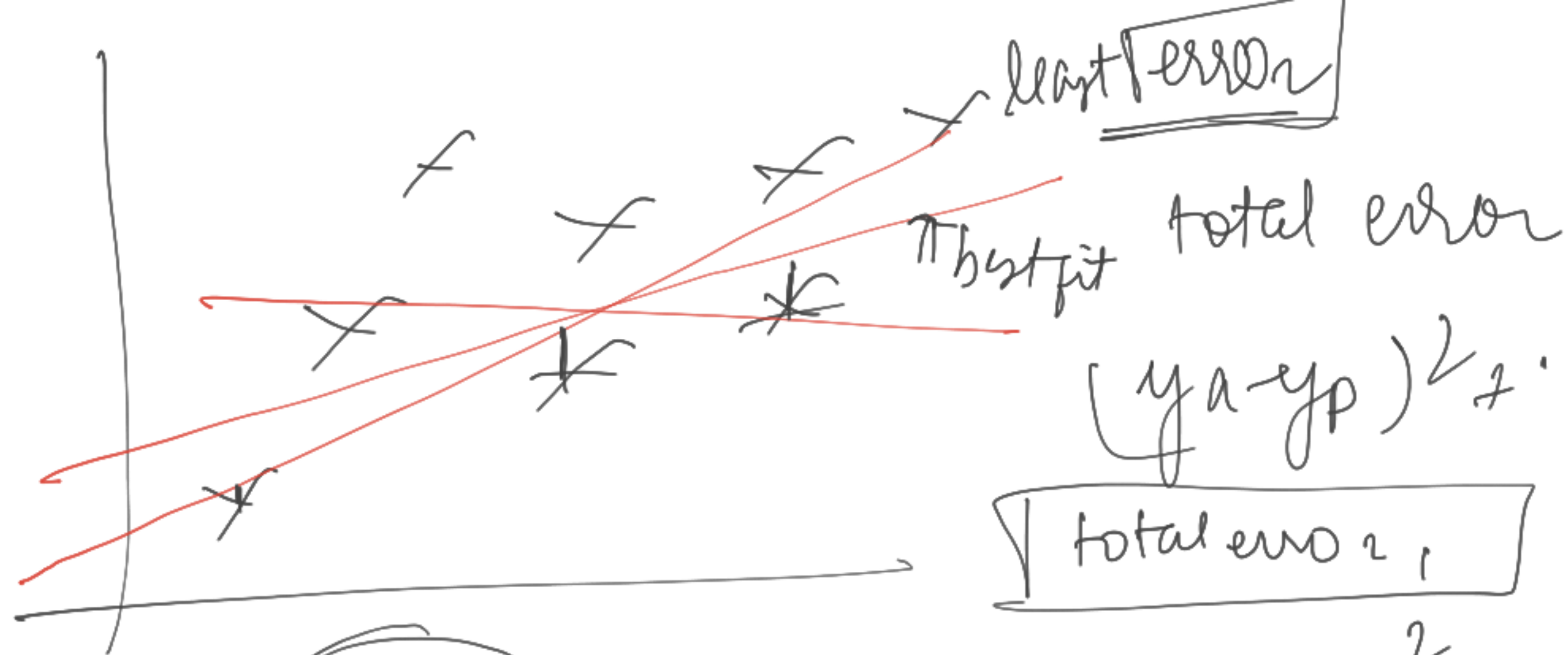
$$\sqrt{10000}$$

$$45 \rightarrow 46$$

$$\text{mean error} : \frac{1}{2n} \text{total error}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (y_a - y_p)^2$$





total error

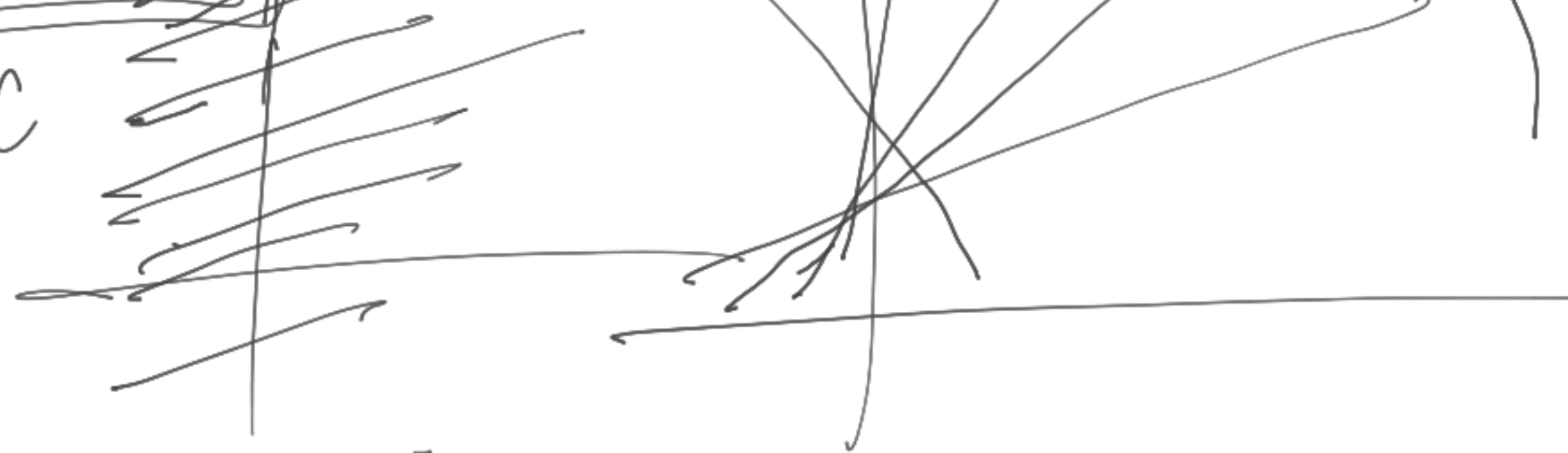
$$y = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (y_i - y_p)^2 + C$$

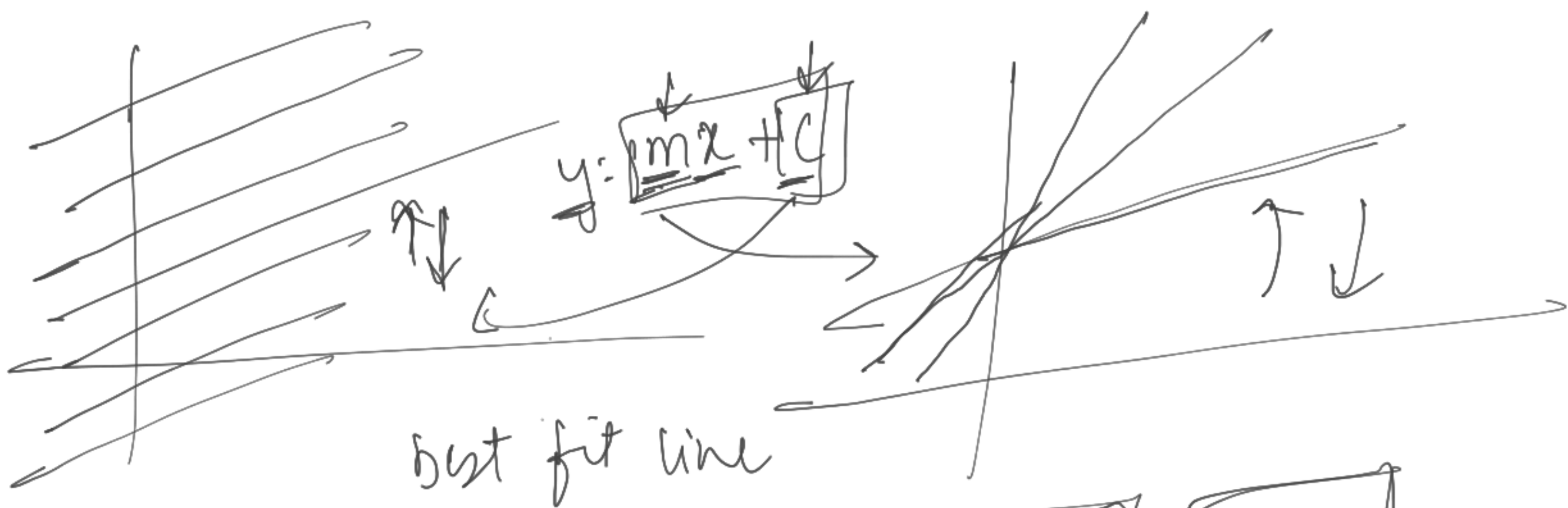
m, C

best fit



360





best fit line

loss fun<sup>n</sup> =

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (y_a - \boxed{y_p})^2$$

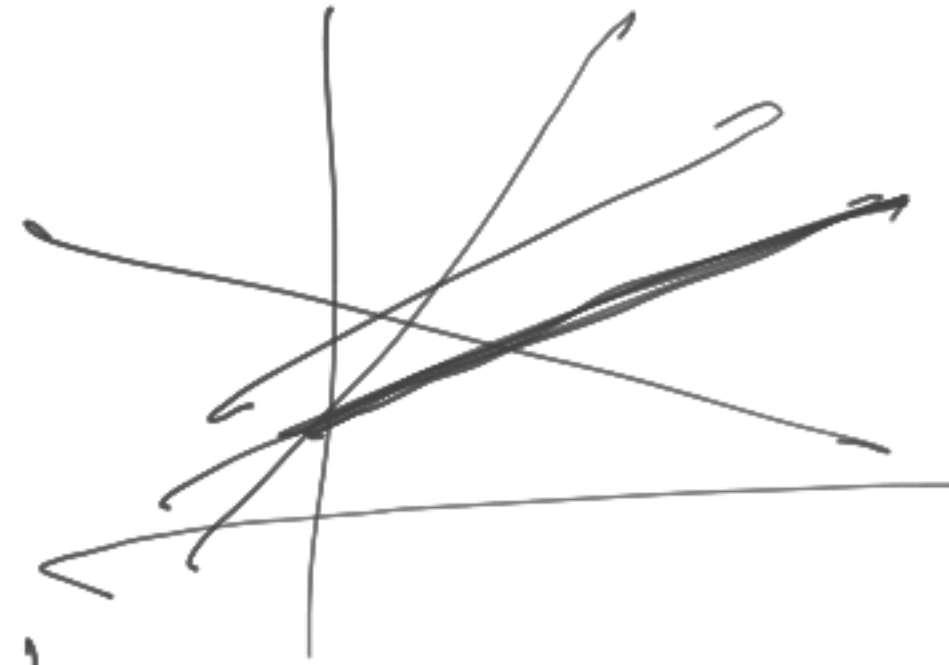
$\boxed{m, c}$   
 $mx + c$

optimization

$$\sum (y_a - (\downarrow \underline{m}x + \downarrow \underline{c}))^2$$

best  $\rightarrow$  least error

$$y_p = \underline{mx} + \underline{c}$$



$$\text{loss fun} = \sum (y_a - \underline{y_p})^2$$
$$\sum (y_a - (mx + c))^2$$

