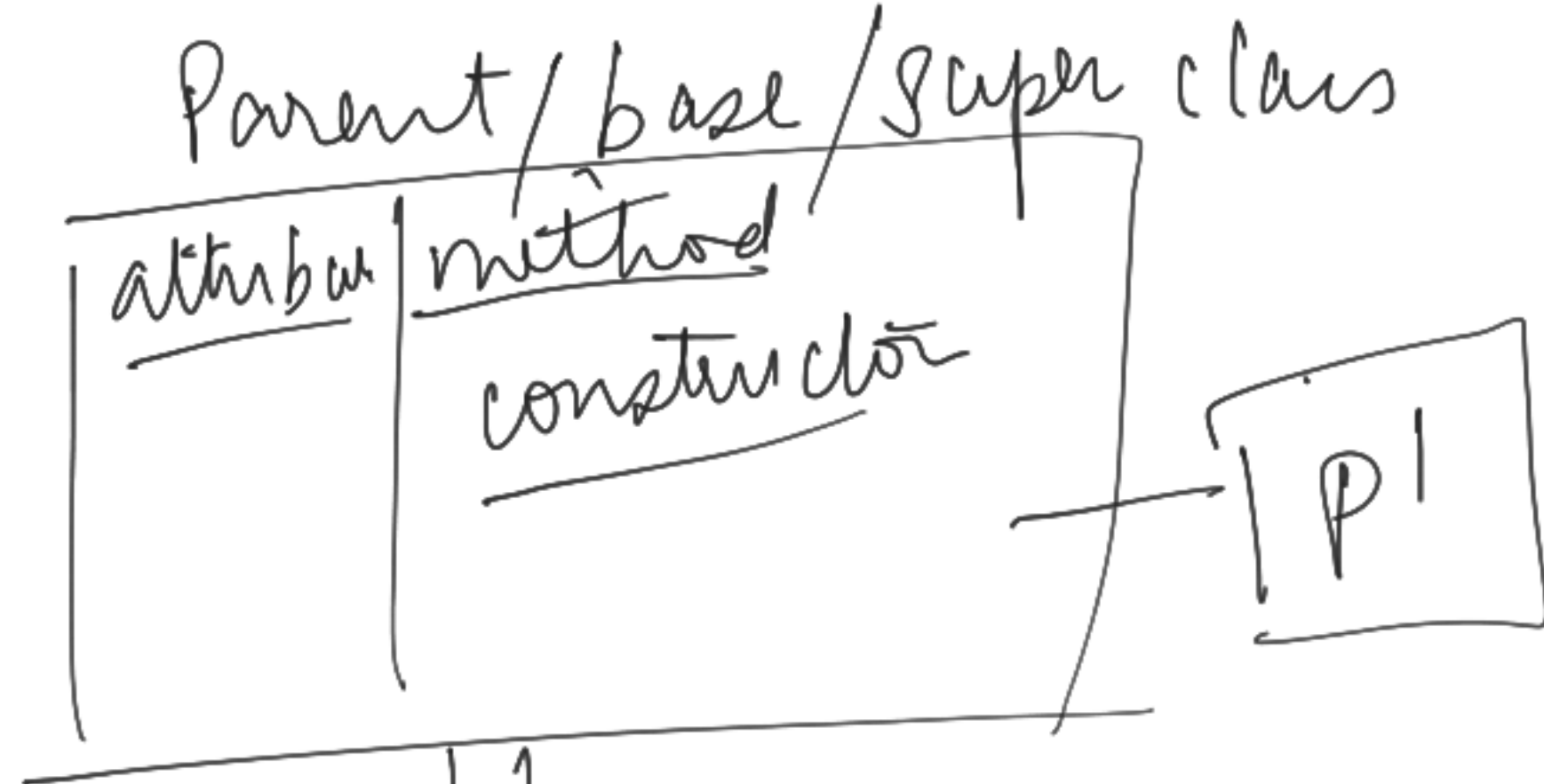


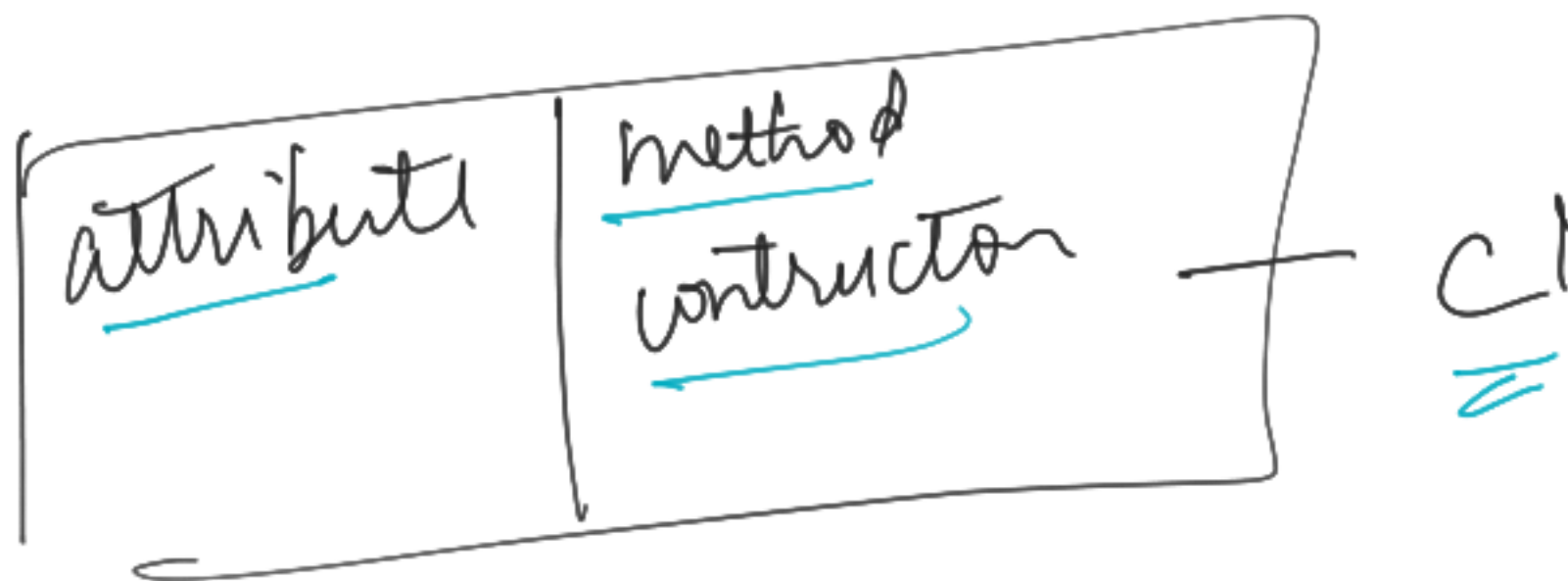
☒ attribute

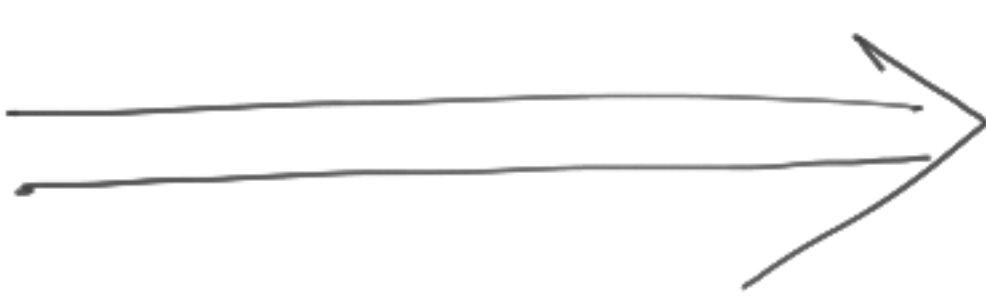
☐ method

☐ constructor



Child / sub / inherited



Parent  Child (Parent)

count = 0

num = 5

value = 7

↑
pl. count
num
value

num 1 = 70

num 2 = 80

num 3 = 90

cl. num 1

• num 2

• num 3

cl. count

• num

• value

Parent



def greet():

"This is parent class"

Child(Parent)

def ~~display()~~^{greet()}:

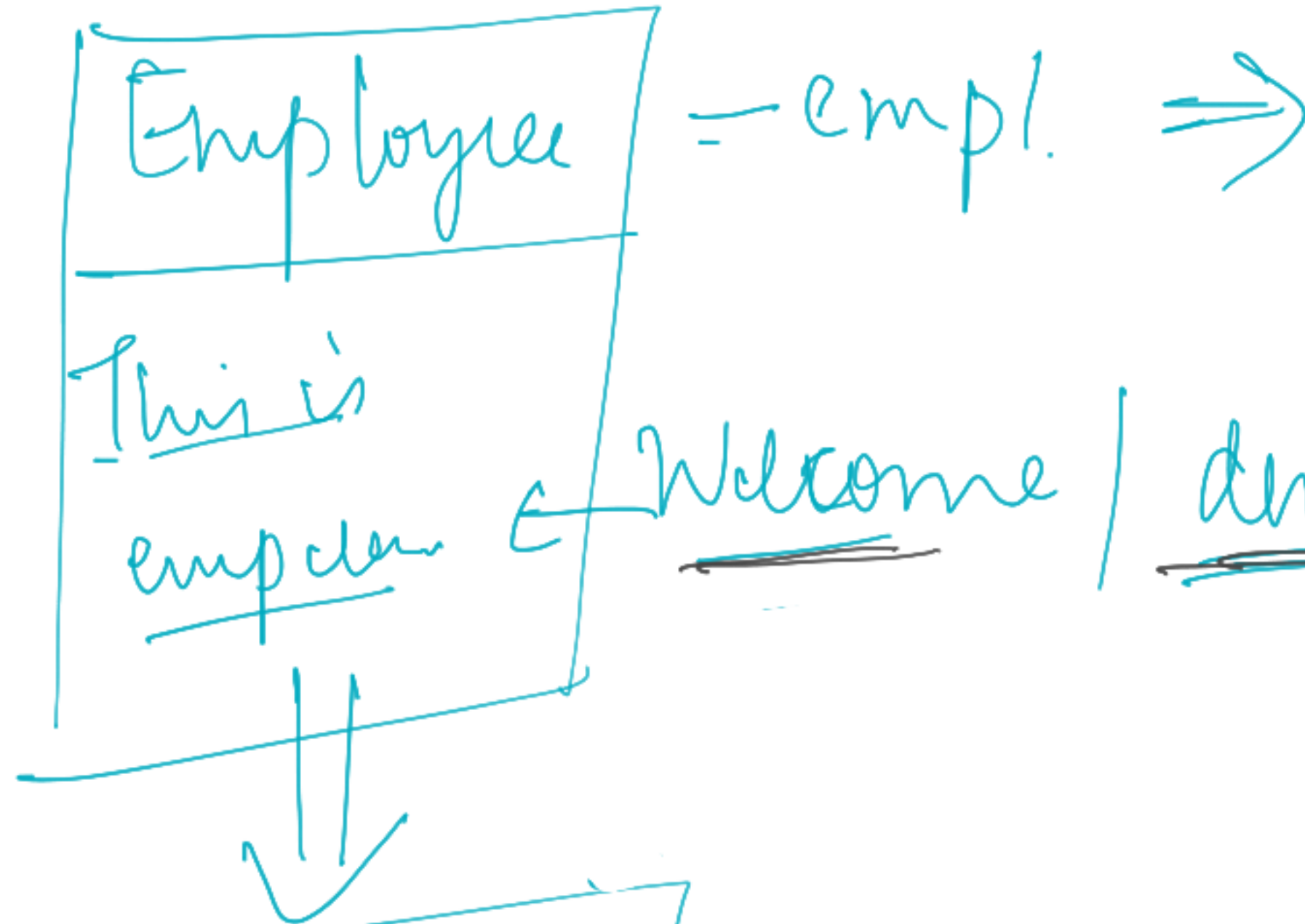
"This is child class"

p1.greet

c1.display
c1.greet

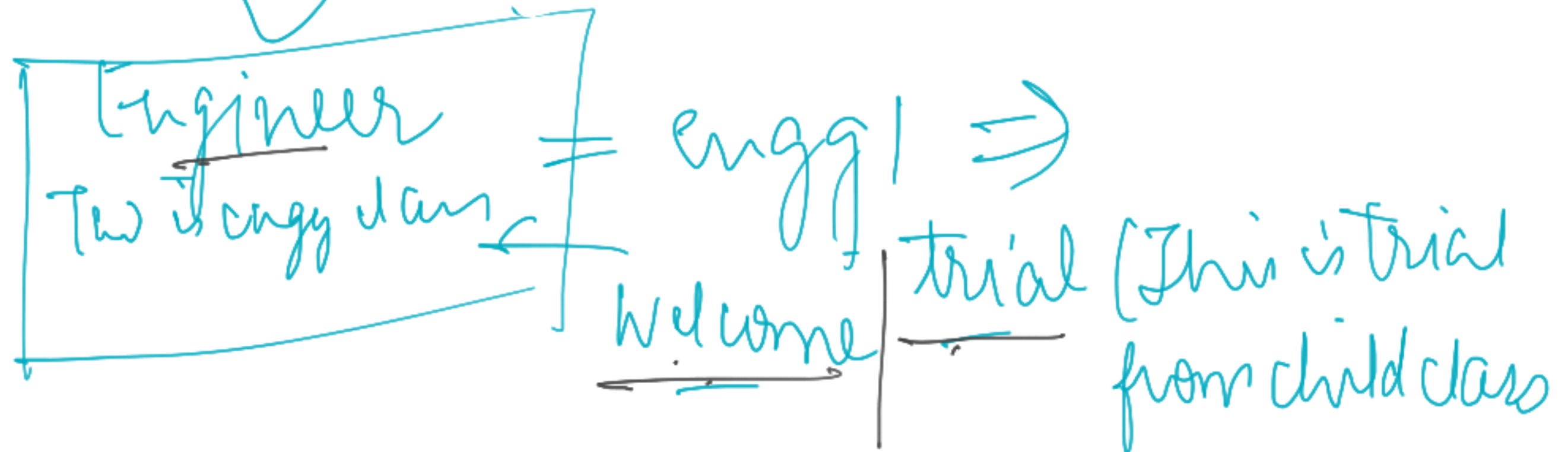
Parent

pl. welcome
demo



Child

cl. welcome
demo
trial



Employee



```
def __init__(self, empid):
```

```
    self.empid = empid
```

emp1 = Employee(1)

Engineer

```
def __init__(self, branch)
```

```
    self.branch = branch
```

engg1 = Engineer(1)

If both parent & child have different methods:
Child can access methods from both.

If both parent & child have same name methods:
parent and child will call their own method.

If both parent & child have constructors, both will call their own constructor.

If only the parent has the constructor, child will inherit from the parent.