Week 11

Gillian McGinnis

11/20/2020

Cal Curve

```
lab_calcurve_x <- expression(paste("Concentration (", mu, "g/mL)"))</pre>
lab calcurve y <- ("Area of major chromatogram peak")</pre>
cal_curve <- ggplot(standard, aes(x = conc, y = area))+</pre>
  stat_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "red")+
  geom_point(shape = 1)+
  theme_few()+
  theme(text = element_text(family = "Times"))+
  labs(x = lab_calcurve_x, y = lab_calcurve_y)
ggsave("cal_curve.png", plot = cal_curve, path = "figures/")
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
## `geom smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'
curve results <- summary(lm(area ~ conc, data = standard))</pre>
model <- lm(area ~ conc, data = standard)
slope <- model$coefficients[2]</pre>
intercept <- model$coefficients[1]</pre>
slope_std <- summary(model)$coefficients[2,2]</pre>
intercept std <- summary(model)$coefficients[1,2]</pre>
equation <- tibble(slope, slope_std, intercept, intercept_std)</pre>
```

Calculating levoglucosan concentrations in each sample with propagated error

Calculating airborne levoglucosan concentrations in each sample with propogated error

```
all_airborne <- all_conc %>%
  mutate(air_conc = conc*2*70/24,
         air_error = air_conc*sqrt(
           (conc_error/conc)^2+
             ((sqrt((0.1^2)+(0.1)^2))/(1+1))^2 +
             (0.1/70)^2+
             (0.0007/24)^2
         ))
```

Stat analysis: averages with standard deviation, and 95CI

```
ci95 alt <- all airborne %>%
  group_by(loc_date) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(air_conc),
         sd = sd(air_conc),
        n = n()) %
  mutate(se = qnorm(0.975)*sd/sqrt(n),
         lower_ci = mean - se,
         upper_ci = mean + se) %>%
  mutate(loc = case_when(
   str_detect(loc_date, "E") ~ "East",
    str_detect(loc_date, "W") ~ "West"
  )) %>%
  mutate(date = case when(
   str_detect(loc_date, "1750") ~ "1750",
   str_detect(loc_date, "1950") ~ "1950",
   str_detect(loc_date, "2020") ~ "2020"
 ))
## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
lab_conc_airborne <- expression(paste("Airborne concentration (", mu, "g/m"^3*")"))
ci95_alt$loc <- factor(ci95_alt$loc, levels = c("West", "East"))</pre>
ci95 <- ggplot(ci95_alt, aes(x = date, y = mean, color = loc))+</pre>
  geom_point(position = position_dodge(width=0.9))+
  geom_errorbar(ymin = ci95_alt$lower_ci, ymax = ci95_alt$upper_ci, position = position_dodge(width=0.9
  expand_limits(ymin = 15, ymax = 60)+
  theme_few()+
  theme(text = element_text(family = "Times"))+
  labs(x = "Date", y = lab_conc_airborne, color = "Location")
ggsave("ci95.png", plot = ci95, path = "figures/")
```

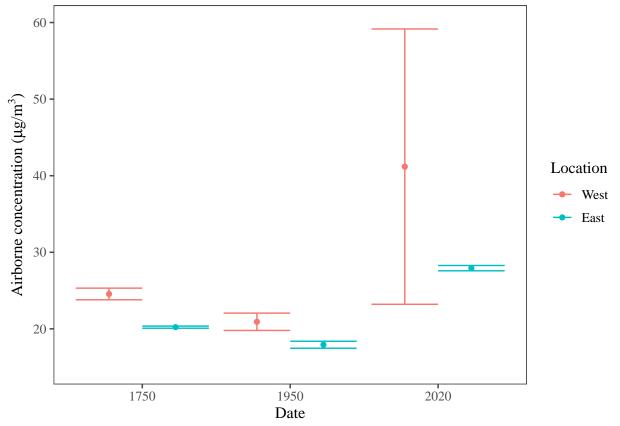
Stat test: Grubbs test for outliers

```
grubbs df <- all airborne %>%
  filter(loc date == "W2020")
grubbs.test(grubbs_df$conc)
##
##
   Grubbs test for one outlier
##
## data: grubbs_df$conc
## G = 1.1536480, U = 0.0018223, p-value = 0.04078
## alternative hypothesis: highest value 10.2013934404882 is an outlier
#p val = 0.04078, that's an outlier, fellers
\#source: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/45486159/several-qrubbs-tests-simultaneously-in-r
grubbs_all <- all_airborne %>%
  group by(loc date) %>%
 nest() %>%
  mutate(n = map_dbl(data, ~ nrow(.x)), # number of entries
         G = map(data, ~ grubbs.test(.x$conc)$statistic[[1]]), # G statistic
        U = map(data, ~ grubbs.test(.x$conc)$statistic[[2]]), # U statistic
         grubbs = map(data, ~ grubbs.test(.x$conc)$alternative), # Alternative hypotesis
         p_grubbs = map_dbl(data, ~ grubbs.test(.x$conc)$p.value)) %>% # p-value
  # Let's make the output more fancy
  mutate(G = signif(unlist(G), 3),
         U = signif(unlist(U), 3),
         grubbs = unlist(grubbs),
        p_grubbs = signif(p_grubbs, 3)) %>%
  select(-data) %>% # remove temporary column
  arrange(p_grubbs) %>%
  mutate(label = case_when(
   p_grubbs < 0.05 ~ "p < 0.05", # Reject null hypothesiss; diff is significant
   p_grubbs >= 0.05 ~ "Non-Sig" # Fail to reject null hyp; diff is not significant
  ))
grubbs_all
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
             loc_date [6]
## # Groups:
    loc_date
                 n
                       G
                               U grubbs
                                                                   p_grubbs label
##
     <fct> <dbl> <dbl>
                            <dbl> <chr>
                                                                      <dbl> <chr>
## 1 W2020
                 3 1.15 0.00182 highest value 10.2013934404882 ~
                                                                     0.0408 p < 0.~
## 2 E1750
                 3 1.15 0.00704 highest value 3.49098369328885 ~
                                                                     0.0802 Non-Sig
## 3 W1950
                 3 1.13 0.0478 lowest value 3.39463644992568 i~
                                                                     0.21
                                                                            Non-Sig
## 4 E2020
                 3 1.07 0.147 highest value 4.84408046065269 ~
                                                                     0.376 Non-Sig
## 5 W1750
                 3 1.06 0.157
                                 highest value 4.33218771032802 ~
                                                                     0.389 Non-Sig
## 6 E1950
                 3 1.01 0.231
                                 lowest value 3.00349468552656 i~
                                                                     0.479 Non-Sig
#only W2020 has a significant outlier!
```

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

```
#calibration curve; 2
cal_curve
## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'
   2000000 -
Area of major chromatogram peak
   1500000 -
   1000000 -
    500000 -
         0
                             2.5
                                                5.0
                                                                    7.5
                                                                                       10.0
                                        Concentration (µg/mL)
#concentration; 3
# units: \mug/mL
all_conc %>%
  select(loc_date, conc, conc_error)
      loc_date
##
                     conc conc_error
## 1
         E1750 3.456683 0.5596459
## 2
         E1750 3.490984 0.5651991
         E1750 3.453178 0.5590784
## 3
## 4
         E1950 3.075212 0.4978864
## 5
         E1950 3.141744 0.5086578
## 6
         E1950 3.003495 0.4862754
## 7
         E2020 4.739858 0.7673871
## 8
         E2020 4.780214 0.7739205
## 9
         E2020 4.844080 0.7842602
## 10
         W1750 4.102955 0.6642755
         W1750 4.194380 0.6790768
## 11
## 12
         W1750 4.332188 0.7013873
## 13
         W1950 3.646516 0.5903794
## 14
         W1950 3.721345 0.6024941
```

```
W1950 3.394636 0.5496007
## 16
        W2020 5.605667 0.9075559
## 17
        W2020 5.373193 0.8699201
## 18
        W2020 10.201393 1.6515398
#airborne conc; 4
# math: 2mL dilution factor (1mL water + 1mL ethanol), 70 b/c cut 1in^2, 24 hr
# units: µg/m^3
all_airborne %>%
select(loc_date, air_conc, air_error)
     loc date air conc air error
## 1
       E1750 20.16398 3.562497
## 2
        E1750 20.36407 3.597847
## 3
       E1750 20.14354 3.558884
        E1950 17.93874 3.169357
## 4
## 5
        E1950 18.32684 3.237924
## 6
       E1950 17.52039 3.095445
## 7
        E2020 27.64917 4.884908
## 8
        E2020 27.88458 4.926497
## 9
        E2020 28.25714 4.992316
## 10
        W1750 23.93390 4.228533
## 11
        W1750 24.46722 4.322753
## 12
        W1750 25.27109 4.464775
## 13
      W1950 21.27134 3.758135
## 14
      W1950 21.70785 3.835253
        W1950 19.80205 3.498552
## 15
## 16
        W2020 32.69973 5.777178
## 17
      W2020 31.34363 5.537600
## 18
      W2020 59.50813 10.513179
#stat tests; 5
# 95ci results
# units: µq/m^3
ci95_alt %>%
 select(loc_date, mean, sd, lower_ci, upper_ci)
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##
    loc_date mean
                       sd lower_ci upper_ci
##
    <fct>
             <dbl> <dbl>
                             <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
## 1 E1750
              20.2 0.122
                                      20.4
                              20.1
## 2 E1950
              17.9 0.403
                              17.5
                                      18.4
## 3 E2020
              27.9 0.307
                              27.6
                                      28.3
## 4 W1750
             24.6 0.673
                              23.8
                                      25.3
## 5 W1950
             20.9 0.998
                              19.8
                                      22.1
## 6 W2020
              41.2 15.9
                              23.2
# 95ci plot (avg conc w 95CI, units: μg/m^3)
ci95
```



```
# grubbs test for outliers (only W2020 is significant)
grubbs.test(grubbs_df$conc)
```

```
##
## Grubbs test for one outlier
##
## data: grubbs_df$conc
## G = 1.1536480, U = 0.0018223, p-value = 0.04078
## alternative hypothesis: highest value 10.2013934404882 is an outlier
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