week05-00-restaurant-example-recap

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1 George McNinch Math 87 - Spring 2025

2 Week 5 - Last week's Restaurant network flow example recapitulated

I'd like to recapitulate the "restaurant tablecloths" example, to show you a bit more of how we've represented the data describing the linear program that we use as parameters for the linear function.

So: we need the objective function, a vector c.

And we need our inequality constraints, determined by a matrix Aub and a vector bub

And we need equality constraints (coming from the conservation laws). These are described by a matrix Aeq and a vector beq (in fact, beq is the zero vector of the right size).

We first import the code we used to solve network flow problems. This main function is runNetworkFlow which takes as arguments vertices and edges.

Here vertices should be a list of strings.

And edges should be a list of python dictionaries each of the form:

```
{ "from": "from vertex",
  "to": "to vertex",
  "label": "edge label",
  "weight": 0,
  # "lower": 0,
  # "upper": np.inf
  }
```

where lower and or upper may be omitted.

My goal here is to show you how we can extract c, Aub, bub, etc. from the data vertices and edges. (Of course, this is precisely what the runNetworkFlow function does).

Here is the code, copied from the previous notebook:

```
[49]: import numpy as np from scipy.optimize import linprog from pprint import pprint
```

```
float_formatter = "{:.2f}".format
np.set_printoptions(formatter={'float_kind':float_formatter})
import math
def sbv(index,size):
   return np.array([1.0 if i == index else 0.0 for i in range(size)])
# objective vector
def objective(edges):
   return sum([e["weight"]*sbv(edges.index(e),len(edges)) for e in edges])
def getIncoming(vertex,edges):
   return [ e for e in edges if e["to"] == vertex ]
def getOutgoing(vertex,edges):
   return [ e for e in edges if e["from"] == vertex ]
def isSource(vertex,edges):
   return getIncoming(vertex,edges) == []
def isSink(vertex,edges):
   return getOutgoing(vertex,edges) == []
def interiorVertices(vertices, edges):
   return [ v for v in vertices if not( isSource(v,edges) or isSink(v,edges) )__
 \hookrightarrow
def conservationLaw(vertex,edges):
   ii = sum([ sbv(edges.index(e),len(edges)) for e in_
 →getIncoming(vertex,edges) ])
    oo = sum([ sbv(edges.index(e),len(edges)) for e in_
 return ii - oo
def conservationMatrix(vertices,edges):
   return np.array([conservationLaw(v,edges) for v in_
 →interiorVertices(vertices,edges) ])
def lowerBound(edge):
    if 'lower' in edge.keys():
       return edge['lower']
   else:
       return -math.inf
```

```
def upperBound(edge):
    if 'upper' in edge.keys():
        return edge['upper']
    else:
        return math.inf
def ineqConstraints(edges):
    m = np.array([*[ sbv(edges.index(e),len(edges))
                     for e in edges
                     if not upperBound(e) == math.inf ],
                  *[ -sbv(edges.index(e),len(edges))
                     for e in edges
                     if not lowerBound(e) == -math.inf ]
                 ])
    b = np.array([ *[ upperBound(e)
                      for e in edges
                      if not upperBound(e) == math.inf],
                   *[ -lowerBound(e)
                      for e in edges
                      if not lowerBound(e) == -math.inf]
                 ])
    return m,b
def reportEdge(edge):
    if "label" in edge.keys():
        return f"{edge['label']} ({edge['from']} --> {edge['to']})"
    else:
                    ({edge['from']} --> {edge['to']})"
        return f"
def runNetworkFlow(vertices,edges,maximize=False):
    obj = objective(edges)
    Aeq = conservationMatrix(vertices,edges)
    Aub,bub = ineqConstraints(edges)
    beq = np.zeros(len(interiorVertices(vertices,edges)))
    sgn = -1 if maximize else 1
    lr = linprog(sgn*obj,
                  A_eq = Aeq,
                  b_eq = beq,
                  A_ub = Aub,
                  b_ub = bub
                  )
```

```
if lr.success:
    optimal_value = sgn*lr.fun
    return [ f"optimal value: {optimal_value}" ] + [ (reportEdge(e), _____
    ofloat(lr.x[edges.index(e)])) for e in edges]
    else:
        print("Linear program failed")
```

And here is the code describing the vertices and edges for the restaurant example:

```
[3]: # usage requirements
     tt = \{1: 10,
          2: 10.
           3: 15,
           4: 20,
           5: 40,
           6: 40,
           7: 30
          }
     source = [ 'source' ]
     cleanVert = [ f"day {n} clean" for n in range(1,8) ]
     usedVert = [ f"day {n} used" for n in range(1,8) ]
     # in python, addition of lists amounts to concatentation
     \# e.g. [1,2] + [3,4] = [1,2,3,4].
     restaurant_vertices = source + cleanVert + usedVert
     edges_from_source = [ {"from": 'source',
                            "to": f"day {n} clean",
                            'label': "purchase",
                            "weight": 5}
                            for n in range(1,8)
                         ]
     edges_carryover = [ {"from": f"day {n} clean",
                          "to": f"day {n+1} clean",
                          "label": "carryover",
                          "weight": 0
                         }
                         for n in range (1,7)
```

```
edges_use = [ { "from": f"day {n} clean",
                "to": f"day {n} used",
                "label": "tablecloth use",
                "weight": 0,
                "lower": tt[n]
                for n in range(1,8)
edges_fast_laundry = [ { "from": f"day {n} used",
                         "to": f"day {n+1} clean",
                         "label": "fast laundry",
                         "weight": 2
                       }
                       for n in range(1,7)
                     ]
edges_slow_laundry = [ { "from": f"day {n} used",
                         "to": f"day {n+2} clean",
                         "label": "slow laundry",
                         "weight": 1
                         }
                        for n in range(1,6)
                    ]
restaurant_edges = edges_from_source + edges_carryover + edges_use +
 ⇔edges fast laundry + edges slow laundry
```

We keep the edges in the list restaurant_edges. We can see in what order the edges appear as follows:

```
[7]: for e in restaurant_edges:
    print(f"{e['from']} -> {e['to']}")
```

```
source -> day 1 clean
source -> day 2 clean
source -> day 3 clean
source -> day 4 clean
source -> day 5 clean
source -> day 6 clean
source -> day 7 clean
day 1 clean -> day 2 clean
day 2 clean -> day 3 clean
day 3 clean -> day 4 clean
day 4 clean -> day 5 clean
day 5 clean -> day 6 clean
day 6 clean -> day 7 clean
day 1 clean -> day 7 clean
day 5 clean -> day 7 clean
day 6 clean -> day 7 clean
day 1 clean -> day 1 used
day 2 clean -> day 2 used
```

```
day 3 clean -> day 3 used
     day 4 clean -> day 4 used
     day 5 clean -> day 5 used
     day 6 clean -> day 6 used
     day 7 clean -> day 7 used
     day 1 used -> day 2 clean
     day 2 used -> day 3 clean
     day 3 used -> day 4 clean
     day 4 used -> day 5 clean
     day 5 used -> day 6 clean
     day 6 used -> day 7 clean
     day 1 used -> day 3 clean
     day 2 used -> day 4 clean
     day 3 used -> day 5 clean
     day 4 used -> day 6 clean
     day 5 used -> day 7 clean
     And we can see the objective function:
[42]: c=objective(restaurant_edges)
      С
[42]: array([5.00, 5.00, 5.00, 5.00, 5.00, 5.00, 5.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
             0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 2.00, 2.00,
             2.00, 2.00, 2.00, 2.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00, 1.00])
     We can see the conservation matrix:
[43]: | ## remember that the rows of the conservation matrix are determined by the
      ⇔interior vertices
      ## so the length of the zero-vector veg should be the number of interior
       ⇔vertices.
      Aeq = conservationMatrix(restaurant vertices,restaurant edges)
      beq = np.zeros(len(interiorVertices(restaurant_vertices,restaurant_edges)))
      Aeq, beq
[43]: (array([[1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00],
              [0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, -1.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00],
              [0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, -1.00,
              0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00],
              [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00,
               -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
```

```
-1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00],
              [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               1.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00],
              [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00
              [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00]
               0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00],
              [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00],
              [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00],
              [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00]
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00],
              [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00]
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00],
              [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00]
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
               0.00, 0.00, 0.00, -1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00]
       array([0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00,
              0.00, 0.00]))
[44]: Aub, bub = ineqConstraints(restaurant_edges)
      Aub, bub
[44]: (array([[-0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
               -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -1.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
               -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
               -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00],
              [-0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00]
               -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -1.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
               -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00
               -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
              [-0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00]
               -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -1.00, -0.00, -0.00
               -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00
               -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00],
              [-0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00]
```

0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00], [0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00

```
-0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -1.00, -0.00,
       -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00
       -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00
       [-0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00]
       -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -1.00,
       -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
       -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
       [-0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
       -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00
       -1.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00
       -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00],
       [-0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00]
       -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
       -0.00, -1.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00,
       -0.00, -0.00, -0.00, -0.00]
array([-10, -10, -15, -20, -40, -40, -30]))
```

And we could have just directly run linprog to solve the linear program, with these data:

```
[52]:
              message: Optimization terminated successfully. (HiGHS Status 7: Optimal)
              success: True
               status: 0
                  fun: 435.0
                    x: [ 1.000e+01 1.000e+01 ... 0.000e+00 -0.000e+00]
                  nit: 21
                lower: residual: [ 1.000e+01 1.000e+01 ... 0.000e+00
                                   -0.000e+00]
                       marginals: [ 0.000e+00 0.000e+00 ... 3.000e+00
                                     0.000e+00]
                                                      inf ...
                upper: residual: [
                                           inf
                                                                   inf
                                           inf]
                       marginals: [ 0.000e+00 0.000e+00 ... 0.000e+00
                                     0.000e+00]
                eqlin: residual: [ 0.000e+00 0.000e+00 ... 0.000e+00
                                     0.000e+00]
```

To get detailed information about the optimal values of the *variables* (associated with the edges) you must inspect the x field of the result from linprog. The report you see when you just examine the result elides the details – you need to examine the values themselves. This can be done as follows:

Finally, notice that we get the same answer as runNetworkFlow:

```
[50]: runNetworkFlow(restaurant_vertices, restaurant_edges)
```

```
[50]: ['optimal value: 435.0',
       ('purchase (source --> day 1 clean)', 10.0),
       ('purchase (source --> day 2 clean)', 10.0),
       ('purchase (source --> day 3 clean)', 5.0),
       ('purchase (source --> day 4 clean)', 15.0),
       ('purchase (source --> day 5 clean)', 0.0),
       ('purchase (source --> day 6 clean)', 0.0),
       ('purchase (source --> day 7 clean)', 0.0),
       ('carryover (day 1 clean --> day 2 clean)', 0.0),
       ('carryover (day 2 clean --> day 3 clean)', 0.0),
       ('carryover (day 3 clean --> day 4 clean)', 0.0),
       ('carryover (day 4 clean --> day 5 clean)', 5.0),
       ('carryover (day 5 clean --> day 6 clean)', 0.0),
       ('carryover (day 6 clean --> day 7 clean)', 0.0),
       ('tablecloth use (day 1 clean --> day 1 used)', 10.0),
       ('tablecloth use (day 2 clean --> day 2 used)', 10.0),
       ('tablecloth use (day 3 clean --> day 3 used)', 15.0),
       ('tablecloth use (day 4 clean --> day 4 used)', 20.0),
       ('tablecloth use (day 5 clean --> day 5 used)', 40.0),
       ('tablecloth use (day 6 clean --> day 6 used)', 40.0),
       ('tablecloth use (day 7 clean --> day 7 used)', 40.0),
```

```
('fast laundry (day 1 used --> day 2 clean)', 0.0),
('fast laundry (day 2 used --> day 3 clean)', 0.0),
('fast laundry (day 3 used --> day 4 clean)', 0.0),
('fast laundry (day 4 used --> day 5 clean)', 20.0),
('fast laundry (day 5 used --> day 6 clean)', 40.0),
('fast laundry (day 6 used --> day 7 clean)', 40.0),
('slow laundry (day 1 used --> day 3 clean)', 10.0),
('slow laundry (day 2 used --> day 4 clean)', 10.0),
('slow laundry (day 3 used --> day 5 clean)', 15.0),
('slow laundry (day 4 used --> day 6 clean)', 0.0),
('slow laundry (day 5 used --> day 7 clean)', -0.0)]
```