

1. (a) Fill in your answers here. This is how you type things in-line in math mode,  $y = f(x)$ .  
 (b) Here's how you make an equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin(x)x^2$$

- (c) You can align multiple lines of math like this:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x - 12 \\ &= x^2(x - 4) + 3(x - 4) \\ &= (x^2 + 3)(x - 4) \end{aligned}$$

2. (a)  
 (b) Here's how you make a table to report your results

$x_0$	iters	$x_*$
1/2	•	•
2	•	•
10	•	•
-1/2	•	•
-5	•	•

Table 1: Newton's Method

$(x_0, x_1)$	iters	$x_*$
(0, 2)	•	•
(0, 10)	•	•
(-1, 2)	•	•
(-5, 5)	•	•
(-10, 2)	•	•

Table 2: Secant Method

$[x_L, x_R]$	iters	$x_*$
[0, 2]	•	•
[-5, 5]	•	•
[-10, 2]	•	•
[-1, 2]	•	•
[0, 1]	•	•

Table 3: Bisection Method

- (c)
- (d) Here's how you add an image to your homework: (don't forget to put axis labels and a title on your plot)

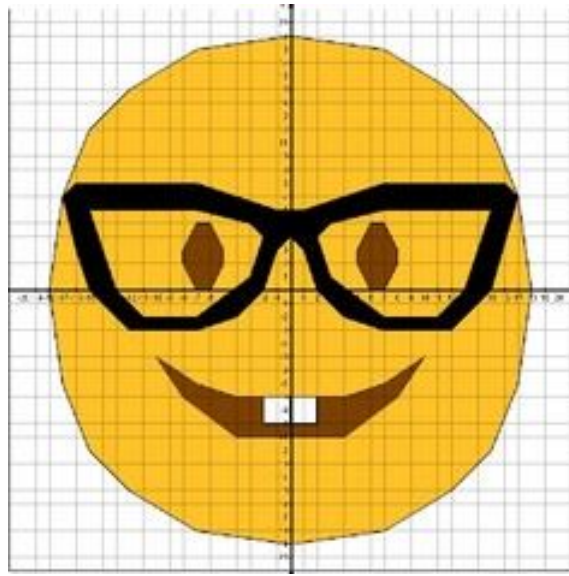


Figure 1: Math is fun!

This is how you do limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = ???$$

- (e)