Readings

- §5.4 Further Properties of the Laplace Transform and Inverse Transform
- §5.5 Functions Defined in Pieces

Upcoming Deadlines:

Tuesday, April 20, 11:59 p.m.: Quiz 11 (§5.4 §5.5, Canvas) Friday, April 30, 5 p.m.: Homework 12 (Gradescope)

Homework Exercises:

1. (Laplace transforms)

Calculate the Laplace transforms of the following functions.

(a)
$$\frac{1}{2}t^2 \sin 5t$$

(b)
$$t^n e^{mt}$$

(b)
$$t^n e^{mt}$$
 (c) $t e^{2t} \sin 4t$

2. (Inverse transforms)

Calculate the inverse transforms of the following functions.

(a)
$$\frac{s+1}{s^2+6s+9}$$

(a)
$$\frac{s+1}{s^2+6s+9}$$
 (b) $\frac{1}{s^2+4s+13}$

3. (Initial-value problem)

Use the Laplace transform to solve the initial-value problem:

$$(D^2 + 2D + 2)x = 0$$
, $x(0) = x'(0) = 1$.

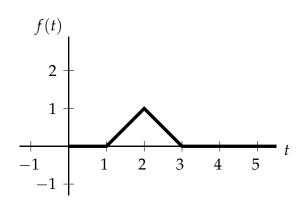
4. (Laplace transforms of step functions)

For each of the following fuctions, (i) express f(t) in step-function notation and (ii) find the Laplace transform $\mathcal{L}[f(t)]$.

(a)
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t-3 & \text{for } t < 3, \\ 0 & \text{for } t \ge 3. \end{cases}$$

(a)
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t - 3 & \text{for } t < 3, \\ 0 & \text{for } t \ge 3. \end{cases}$$
 (b) $f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2 & \text{for } t < 1, \\ t^2 - 1 & \text{for } 1 \le t < 2, \\ t^2 - 2 & \text{for } 2 \le t. \end{cases}$

(c) f(t) with the graph below.



5. (Inverse transforms involving step functions)

Find the inverse transform of the following functions.

(a)
$$\frac{se^{-\pi s}}{s^2 + 7}$$

(b)
$$\frac{e^{-(s+1)}}{s+1}$$

(a)
$$\frac{se^{-\pi s}}{s^2 + 2}$$
 (b) $\frac{e^{-(s+1)}}{s+1}$ (c) $\frac{e^{-2s}}{s(s+1)}$

6. (Initial-value problem involving a step-function)

Use the Laplace tranform to solve the initial-value problem:

$$(D^3 - D)x = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } t < 2, \\ 0 & \text{for } t \ge 2, \end{cases}$$
 $x(0) = x'(0) = x''(0) = 0.$

(End of Homework 12)