Recitation worksheet ODEs via integration

Math 51 Spring 2022

2022-01-27

Integrating factors: An alternative to "variation of parameters" for first-order linear ODEs.

This alternative is outlined briefly on (Nitecki and Guterman 1992, sec. 1.3, p. 28).

Consider the first order linear ODE

$$(\clubsuit) \quad \frac{dx}{dt} + r(t)x = q(t)$$

Put $\rho(t) = e^{R(t)}$ where $R(t) = \int r(t)dt$. If x = x(t) is a solution to (\clubsuit) , consider the function $u(t) = \rho(t)x(t)$.

The product rule shows that $\frac{du}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left[\rho(t)x(t) \right] = \rho(t)x' + r(t)\rho(t)x$. Multiplying (4) by $\rho(t)$ yields the equality

$$\rho(t)x' + r(t)\rho(t)x = \rho(t)q(t),$$

and we conclude that $u(t) = \rho(t)x(t)$ is a solution to the new ODE

$$(\diamondsuit) \quad \frac{du}{dt} = \rho(t)q(t).$$

We can now find all solutions u(t) to (\diamondsuit) simply by integration:

$$u(t) = \int \rho(t)q(t)dt$$

and then we may recover the solutions x(t) to (\clubsuit) simply by multiplying the solutions u(t) by $\rho(t)^{-1} = 1/\rho(t)$. The function $\rho(t)$ is called an *integrating factor*.

Bibliography

Nitecki, Zbigniew, and Martin Guterman. 1992. Differential Equations: A First Course. Saunders.

- 1. Consider $x' + x/t = t^2$.
 - a. Solve this equation using variation of parameters, and

b. Solve this equation using integrating factors.

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