## Readings for the Week of March 28, 2022

§3.6–10: Homogeneous linear systems (real, complex, double, multiple roots)

## **Problem Set 10**

(Due Monday, April 4, 2022, at 11:59pm.)

For a 10% penalty on your grade, you may hand in the problem set late, until Tuesday, April 5, 2022, 11:59 pm.

**1.** Let 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Find the indicated matrices or explain that this cannot be done.

(a) AB; (b) BA; (c) AC; (d) A(B-C); (e) AF; (f) BF; (g) FB

2. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is a generalized eigenvector of  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 4 \\ -2 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  for the eigenvalue 2.

Find the associated solution of  $D\vec{x} = A\vec{x}$ .

**3.** Find the general solution of 
$$D\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}$$
.

**4.** Find the general solution of 
$$D\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}$$
.

**5.** Find the general solution of 
$$D\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}$$
.

$$x_1' = 3x_1 - x_2 - 4x_4$$

**6.** Find the general solution of 
$$x_2 = 3x_2 - x_2 = 3x_2 - x_3 = 3x_2 - x_4 = 3x_2 - x_5 = 3$$

 $x_2' = 3x_2 - 4x_4$  $x_3' = 2x_3$  as well as the specific solution

$$x_4' = x_2 - x_4$$

satisfying 
$$x_1(0) = x_2(0) = x_3(0) = 1$$
,  $x_4(0) = 0$ .

7. Suppose A is a square matrix. Show that if  $(A - \lambda I)^2 \vec{v} = \vec{0}$  and  $(A - \lambda I) \vec{v} \neq \vec{0}$ , then  $\vec{v}_1 = (A - \lambda I) \vec{v}$  is an eigenvector of A.

(End of Homework 10)