

gmd_fourier_hw

November 9, 2017

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

sns.set_context('paper')
sns.set_style('darkgrid')
from matplotlib.pyplot import *
%matplotlib inline

from IPython.display import set_matplotlib_formats
set_matplotlib_formats('png', 'pdf')
plt.rcParams['savefig.dpi'] = 750

In [2]: x_array = np.arange(0.0, np.pi + np.pi/9.0, np.pi/9.0)
x_array_fine = np.linspace(0.0, np.pi, 1000)

In [3]: def eval_fourier_series(x, n, a=1.0, b=np.pi/2.0):
    a_0 = a*b/np.pi
    series_sum = a_0/2.0
    for i in range(1, int(n)+1):
        factor_1 = (2.0*a*b/np.pi)
        factor_2 = (1.0 - np.cos(float(i)*b))
        factor_3 = np.cos(i*x)
        denom = ((float(i)*b)**2.0)
        series_sum += factor_1*factor_2*factor_3/denom
    return series_sum

def eval_triangle(x, a=1.0, b=np.pi/2.0):
    return np.piecewise(x,
                        [np.abs(x) <= b, np.abs(x) > b],
                        [lambda x: a*(1.0 - np.abs(x)/b), 0.0])

def fourier_coefficients(n_array, a=1.0, b=np.pi/2.0):
    a_n_array = np.empty_like(n_array)
    for i in range(0, len(n_array)):
        n = int(n_array[i])
```

```

        if n == 0:
            a_n_array[i] = a*b/np.pi
        else:
            factor_1 = (2.0*a*b/np.pi)
            factor_2 = (1.0-np.cos(float(n)*b))
            denom = ((float(n)*b)**2.0)
            a_n_array[i] = factor_1*factor_2/denom
    return a_n_array

fourier_10 = eval_fourier_series(x_array, 10)
fourier_100 = eval_fourier_series(x_array, 100)

fourier_10_fine = eval_fourier_series(x_array_fine, 10)
fourier_100_fine = eval_fourier_series(x_array_fine, 100)

triangle_coarse = eval_triangle(x_array)
triangle_fine = eval_triangle(x_array_fine)

In [4]: plt.plot(x_array, triangle_coarse, 'ok', label=r'True  $f(x)$ ', alpha=1.0)
plt.plot(x_array_fine, triangle_fine, '-k')

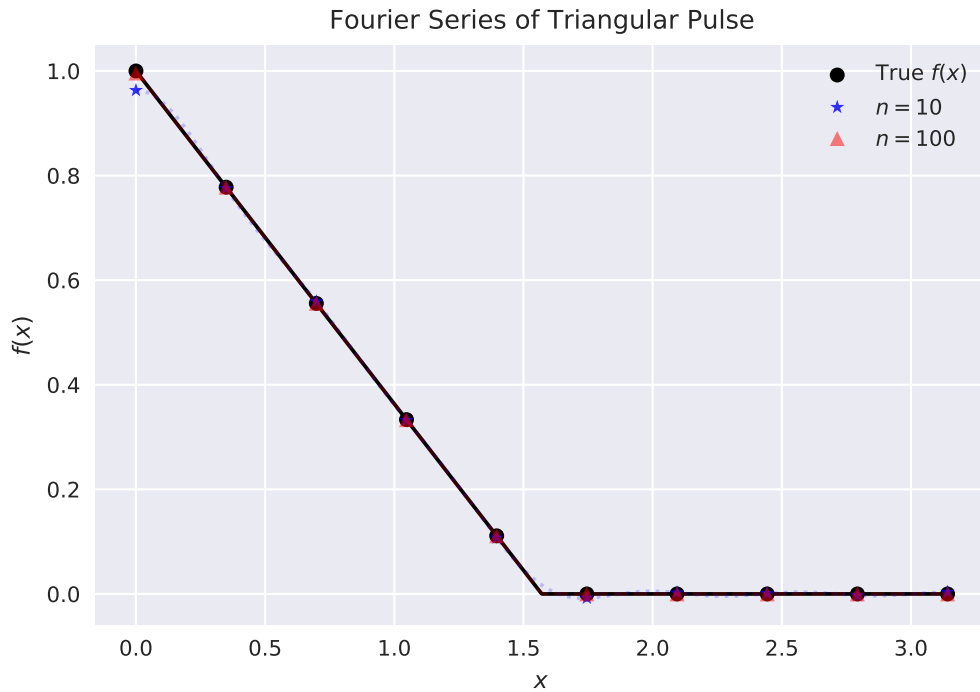
plt.plot(x_array, fourier_10, '*b', label=r' $n=10$ ', alpha=0.8)
plt.plot(x_array_fine, fourier_10_fine, ':b', alpha=0.2)

plt.plot(x_array, fourier_100, '^r', label=r' $n=100$ ', alpha=0.5)
plt.plot(x_array_fine, fourier_100_fine, '--r', alpha=0.2)

plt.xlabel(r' $x$ ')
plt.ylabel(r' $f(x)$ ')
plt.title('Fourier Series of Triangular Pulse')
plt.legend()

Out[4]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f0bdfd974a8>

```



```
In [5]: print('For n=10:', fourier_10, '\n')
        print('For n =100:', fourier_100, '\n')
        print('True f(x):', triangle_coarse, '\n')
        coeffs = fourier_coefficients(np.arange(0.0, 11.0, 1.0))
        for i in range(0, 11):
            string_1 = 'a_' + str(i) + ' is:'
            print(string_1, coeffs[i])
```

```
For n=10: [ 0.96306627  0.77556254  0.55929625  0.33199026  0.10723908 -0.0077829
 0.00229332  0.00098353 -0.00284597  0.00346149]
```

```
For n =100: [ 9.95947490e-01  7.77741967e-01  5.55601421e-01  3.33272229e-01
 1.11248108e-01  9.65068577e-05 -2.08661319e-05  6.53113856e-06
-1.53372504e-06  2.02500706e-07]
```

```
True f(x): [ 1.          0.77777778  0.55555556  0.33333333  0.11111111  0.          0.
 0.          0.          0.          ]
```

```
a_0 is: 0.5
a_1 is: 0.405284734569
a_2 is: 0.202642367285
a_3 is: 0.0450316371744
a_4 is: 0.0
a_5 is: 0.0162113893828
```

a_6 is: 0.0225158185872
a_7 is: 0.00827111703203
a_8 is: 0.0
a_9 is: 0.0050035152416
a_10 is: 0.00810569469139