## MIS 320 Database Management Systems: Assignment 6

- 1. This assignment is due on **Tuesday, April 23<sup>rd</sup>, 2024**. Please submit your assignment on Canvas as a file upload. Only **one submission per group** is needed. Include your complete **query and your query output from MySQL**.
- 3. Please indicate your **roster name** in your homework submission. **10 points will be deducted from your grade for missing your name.**
- 4. Submit your assignment as a pdf or doc or docx file. DO NOT use a google document. Make sure that it is posted by 11:59 PM on Tuesday, April 23<sup>rd</sup>.
- 5. This assignment has five questions. Each question is worth 10 points.

I pledge on my honor that I have not given or received any unauthorized assistance on this assignment.

## **Your Roster Names:**

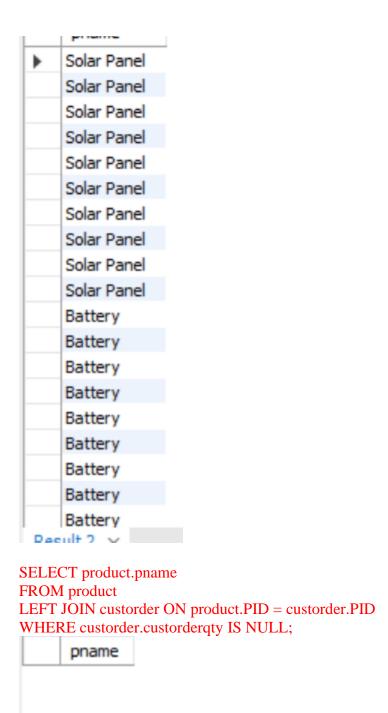
Tour Roster Hames.		
Sign: Janida Magallanes	Date: 4/22/2024	
Sign: Giselle Echeverria	Date: 4/22/2024	
Sign:	Date:	

1. Write a query to list the names of the products that are in at least one customer order. Modify this query to also include the products that are not in any order. Modify this query again to show only those products that are not in any order.

SELECT product.pname FROM product, custorder WHERE product.pid = custorder.pid;



SELECT product.pname FROM product LEFT JOIN custorder ON product.pid = custorder.pid;



2. Write a query to list ids and names of items that are in a particular product (you are free to choose any product). Use both joins and subqueries to accomplish this task. [so, you need to build two separate queries, each of which will produce the same result]

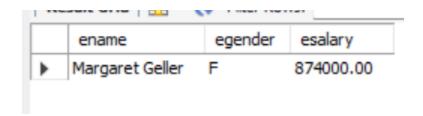
```
SELECT item.IID, item.IName
FROM item
INNER JOIN proditem ON proditem.IID = item.IID
INNER JOIN product ON product.PID = proditem.PID
WHERE product.PName = 'Battery';
SELECT item.IID, item.IName
FROM item
INNER JOIN proditem ON proditem.IID = item.IID
WHERE PID = (
 SELECT PID
 FROM product
 WHERE PName = 'Battery'
);
IID
             IName
            Cutter 1
 •
     41
     41
            Cutter 1
```

3. Write a query to list the total number projects for solar panel and crypto products as long as the project starts before January 15, 2019.

```
SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM project
WHERE project.prid IN
(SELECT empprojprod.prid
FROM empprojprod
INNER JOIN product ON product.pid = empprojprod.pid
WHERE product.pname = 'solar panel' OR product.pname = 'crypto')
AND project.prsdate < '2019-01-15';
```

4. Write a query to list the names, genders and salaries of employees who are associated with the highest and lowest nobillhours.

Select ename, egender, esalary From employee eu1 Where esalary>all
(select esalary
From employee eu2
Where eu1.esalary!=eu2.esalary);
Select ename, egender, esalary
From employee
Where esalary = (select min(esalary)
From employee);
Select ename, egender, esalary
From employee
Where esalary = (select max(esalary)
From employee);



5. Write a query to list in separate rows the names of customers who have placed product orders with quantities between 10 and 350, and suppliers who have placed item orders with before June 20, 2021, and financiers who have financed more than one product, and employees who have worked on two or more projects. [Hint: rename each name column (for customers, suppliers, and so on) and make it the same for all]

**SELECT** cname AS Names FROM customer JOIN custorder ON custorder.cid = customer.cid WHERE custorder.CustOrderQty BETWEEN 10 AND 350 **UNION SELECT** sname AS Names FROM supplier JOIN supporder ON supporder.sid = supplier.sid WHERE supporder.SuppOrderDate < '2021-06-20' **UNION** SELECT financier.fname AS Names FROM financier JOIN product ON financier.fid = product.fid GROUP BY financier.fname HAVING COUNT(product.pid) > 1 UNION SELECT employee.ename AS Names

FROM employee
JOIN empprojprod ON empprojprod.eid = employee.eid
JOIN project ON project.prid = empprojprod.prid
GROUP BY employee.ename
HAVING COUNT(project.prid) >= 2;

