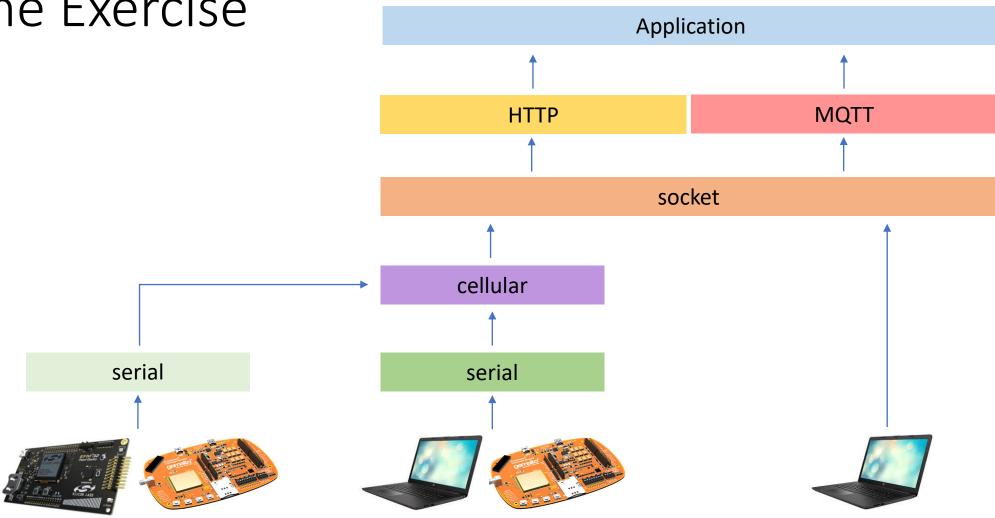
# WORKSHOP ON INTERNET OF THINGS 67612

# Exercise 5

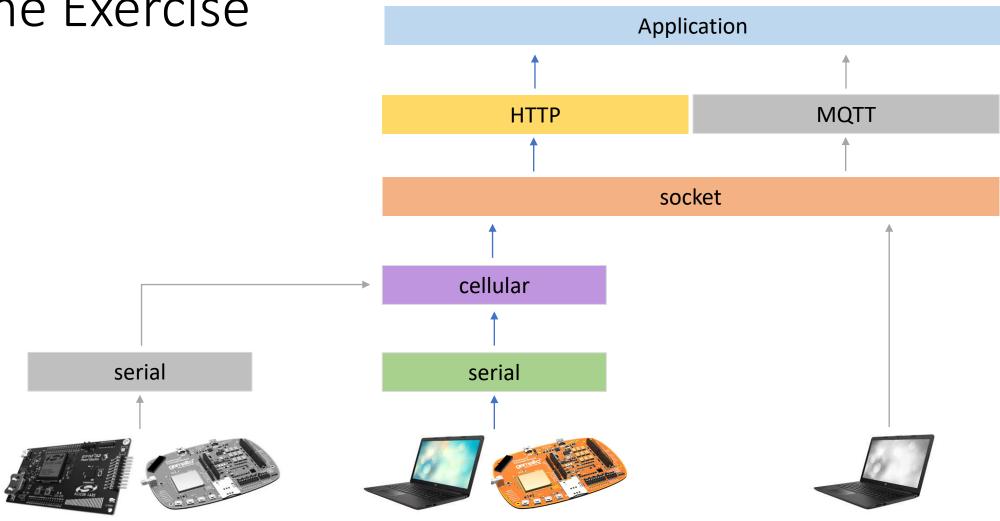
HTTP OVER CELLULAR

Prof. David Hay, Dr. Yair Poleg, Mr. Samyon Ristov

# The Exercise

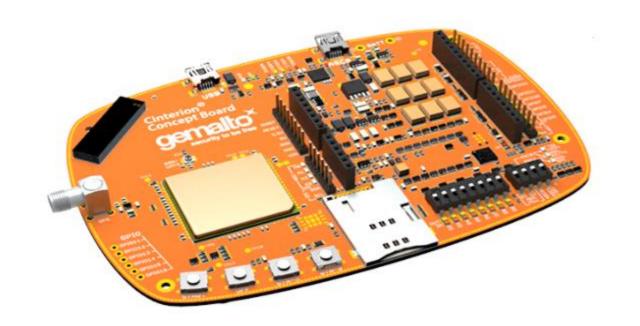


# The Exercise



#### The Exercise

- Initiate an internet connection
- Send HTTP GET and POST requests to an HTTP server
- Print the progress of the communication



#### Guidance

- Follow Cinterion EHS6 AT Command Set. You can start with chapter 10, Internet Service Commands, page 217.
- Commands to pay a special attention to: AT^SICS, AT^SISS, AT^SICI, AT^SISO, AT^SISC, AT^SIST, AT^SISR, AT^SISW, AT^SISI, AT^SISE
- You may want to be able to handle URCs (especially, "^SIS" URCs. Chapter 10.14 Internet Service URC "^SIS", page 255)
- Chapter 10.15, and especially 10.15.9 and 10.15.10 can help you with examples of transparent TCP socket

#### Guidance

- To monitor and debug your HTTP session use the following tool:
  - Try surfing here with a browser or curl: https://en8wtnrvtnkt5.x.pipedream.net/
  - Inspect your request here: https://requestbin.com/r/en8wtnrvtnkt5

#### An example of a request over AT interface

```
AT^SICS=0, conType, "GPRS0"
AT^SICS=0, apn, "postm2m.lu"
AT^SICS=0, inactTO, "60"
AT^SISS=1, SrvType, "Socket"
AT^SISS=1, conId, "0"
AT^SISS=1, address, "socktcp://3.223.232.168:80; etx; timer=40"
AT^SISO=1
// check connection status, with or without URCs
AT^SIST=1
// some message goes here
// use +++ to exit transparent mode
AT^SISC=1
```

#### Tips:

- Pay special attention to \r (= CR = 0D) and \n (= LF = 0A)
- Some terminals send 0d instead of 0a. Putty (and most likely in "screen" as well), sends only 0a.
- In Windows, use Docklight to see the communication

Create a socket.h file with the following functions (same as ex1):

```
/*
 * Initializes the socket.
 * Host: The destination address
 * as DNS: en8wtnrvtnkt5.x.pipedream.net,
 * or as IPv4: 35.169.0.97.
 * Port: The communication endpoint, int, e.g.: 80.
 * Returns 0 on success, -1 on failure
 * /
int SocketInit(char *host, int port);
```

```
/*
  * Connects to the socket
  * (establishes TCP connection to the pre-defined host and port).
  * Returns 0 on success, -1 on failure
  */
int SocketConnect(void);
```

```
/*
  * Writes len bytes from the payload buffer
  * to the established connection.
  * Returns the number of bytes written on success, -1 on failure
  */
int SocketWrite(unsigned char *payload, unsigned int len);
```

```
/*
 * Reads up to max_len bytes from the established connection
 * to the provided buf buffer,
 * for up to timeout_ms (doesn't block longer than that,
 * even if not all max_len bytes were received).
 * Returns the number of bytes read on success, -1 on failure
 */
int SocketRead(unsigned char *buf, unsigned int max_len,
 unsigned int timeout_ms);
```

```
/*
  * Closes the established connection.
  * Returns 0 on success, -1 on failure
  */
int SocketClose(void);
```

```
/*
  * Frees any resources that were allocated by SocketInit
  */
void SocketDeInit(void);
```

- Implement these functions in a file called socket\_linux\_modem.c
- This file will use the cellular interface you've built in the previous exercises
- OK to assume a single thread, also OK to use global/static variables

Create a HTTP\_client.h file with the following functions (same as ex1):

```
/*
 * Initializes the client.
 * Host: The destination address
 * as DNS: en8wtnrvtnkt5.x.pipedream.net,
 * or as IPv4: 35.169.0.97.
 * Port: The communication endpoint, int, e.g.: 80.
 * Returns 0 on success, -1 on failure
 * /
int HTTPClientInit(char *host, int port);
```

```
/*
 * Writes a simple HTTP GET request to the given URL (e.g.: "/"),
 * and pre-defined host (appears in HTTP body) and port.
 * Reads up to response max_len bytes from
 * the received response to the provided response buffer.
 * The response buffer and the provided response max len
 * are used only for the payload part
 * (e.g.: {"success":true} - 16 bytes) and not the entire message.
 * i.e. response like HTTP/1.1 200 OK and headers are not included
 * Returns the number of bytes read on success, -1 on failure
 * /
int HTTPClientSendHTTPGetDemoRequest(char *url, char *response, int
response max len);
```

```
/*
 * Writes a simple HTTP POST request to the given URL (e.g.: "/"),
 * and pre-defined host (appears in HTTP body) and port.
 * The POST request sends the provided message len from the message buffer.
 * Reads up to response max_len bytes from the
 * received response to the provided response buffer.
 * The response buffer and the provided response max len
 * are used only for the payload part
 * (e.g.: {"success":true} - 16 bytes) and not the entire message.
 * i.e. response like HTTP/1.1 200 OK and headers are not included
 * Returns the number of bytes read on success, -1 on failure.
 * /
int HTTPClientSendHTTPPostDemoRequest(char *url, char *message, unsigned int
message len, char *response, int response max len);
```

```
/*
  * Closes any open connections and cleans all the defined and
allocated variables
  */
void HTTPClientDeInit(void);
```

- Implement these functions in a file called HTTP\_client.c
- In fact, you should be able just to copy your ex1 implementation and use it here
- OK to assume a single thread, also OK to use global/static variables

• Add declaration of the following functions in "cellular.h":

```
/*
  * Initialize an internet connection profile (AT^SICS)
  * with inactTO=inact_time_sec and
  * conType=GPRS0 and apn="postm2m.lu". Return 0 on success,
  * and -1 on failure.
  */
int CellularSetupInternetConnectionProfile(int inact_time_sec);
```

```
/*
 * Initialize an internal service profile (AT^SISS)
 * with keepintvl=keepintvl sec (the timer)
 * and SrvType=Socket
 * and conId=<CellularSetupInternetConnectionProfile id>
 * (if CellularSetupInternetConnectionProfile is already initialized.
 * Return error, -1, otherwise)
 * and Address=socktcp://IP:port;etx;time=keepintvl sec.
 * Return 0 on success, and -1 on failure.
 * /
int CellularSetupInternetServiceProfile(char *IP, int port, int
keepintvl sec);
```

```
/*
  * Connects to the socket (establishes TCP connection to the pre-
defined host and port).
  * Returns 0 on success, -1 on failure.
  */
int CellularConnect(void);
```

```
/*
  * Closes the established connection.
  * Returns 0 on success, -1 on failure.
  */
int CellularClose();
```

```
/*
  * Writes len bytes from payload buffer to the established connection
  * Returns the number of bytes written on success, -1 on failure
  */
int CellularWrite(unsigned char *payload, unsigned int len);
```

```
/*
 * Reads up to max len bytes from the established connection
 * to the provided buf buffer, for up to timeout ms
 * (doesn't block longer than that, even
 * if not all max len bytes were received).
 * Returns the number of bytes read on success, -1 on failure.
 * /
int CellularRead(unsigned char *buf, unsigned int max len, unsigned int
timeout ms);
```

- Create a program (main.c) that:
- Uses the implemented HTTP\_client.h (that uses socket.h (that uses cellular.h (that uses serial.io.h)))
- Connects to a hardcoded host and port (as requested by main.c)
- Sends HTTP GET request and prints both the HTTP level response (in HTTP\_client.c) and the application-level response (in main.c)
- Sends HTTP POST request with a requested message (hardcoded and requested by main.c), prints both the HTTP level response (in HTTP\_client.c) and the application-level response (in main.c)
- Closes the connection and exits
- Prints the progress of the communication. If any error occurs, print it as well.
- No need to use args

- You may use URCs to check socket connection status or decide to pull the status. Whatever you choose, do it explicitly and don't assume the modem comes in that state.
- i.e., use one of these:
- AT^SCFG="Tcp/WithURCs", "off"
- AT^SCFG="Tcp/WithURCs", "on"

GET example:

```
GET / HTTP/1.1\r\n
Host: en8wtnrvtnkt5.x.pipedream.net\r\n
\r\n
```

```
1 GET · / · HTTP/1.1CRLE
2 Host: · en8wtnrvtnkt5.x.pipedream.netCRLE
3 CRLE
```

■ If *URL* isn't "/" but "/IOT/class/2021/2022", then the request will be:

```
GET /IOT/class/2021/2022 HTTP/1.1\r\n
Host: en8wtnrvtnkt5.x.pipedream.net\r\n
\r\n
```

Pay attention that the host is used both for TCP (converted to IP) and HTTP

Received response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8
Date: Mon, 19 Oct 2020 19:41:20 GMT
x-pd-status: sent to primary
X-Powered-By: Express
Content-Length: 16
Connection: keep-alive
{"success":true}
```

- HTTPClientSendHTTPGetDemoRequest returns only: {"success":true}
  - The provided response\_max\_len is used only for the payload part ({"success":true} 16 bytes) and not the entire message.

#### POST example:

```
/ HTTP/1.1\r\n
                                 2 Host: en8wtnrvtnkt5.x.pipedream.net:80CRLF
Host: en8wtnrvtnkt5.x.pipedream.net:80\r\n
                                    Content-Type: text/plainCRLF
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
                                   User-Agent: GemaltoModemCRLF
User-Agent: GemaltoModem\r\n
                                   Cache-Control: no-cache CRLF
Cache-Control: no-cache\r\n
                                    Content-Length: 21 CRLF
Content-Length: 21\r\n
Connection: keep-alive\r\n
                                    Connection: keep-alive CRLF
\r\n
                                    CRLF
hello cellular world!
                                   hello cellular world!
               No \r\n at the end!
```

POST · / · HTTP/1.1CRLF

- By using HTTPClientSendHTTPPostDemoRequest the user controls:
  - URL of the POST request (e.g.: "/")
  - host and port (e.g.: "en8wtnrvtnkt5.x.pipedream.net:80")
  - Content-Length (e.g.: 21)
  - Message: hello cellular world!
- The user doesn't control any other parameters, like HTTP version and headers (which are hard-coded in your code).

#### Exercise #5

- Work & submit in pairs
- Make sure that your submissions works on the VM (try importing it as a new project)
- Deliverables:
  - Provide all the project files, and/or export the project
  - Create makefile or CMakeLists.txt (in CLion).
  - A README file with your names, email addresses, IDs and adequate level of documentation of the deliverables and software design-architecture-flow description
  - If anything special is needed (compilation instructions and environment requirements), add it to the README
- Pack all the deliverables as .zip or .tar and upload to Moodle
- Deadline: 23.11.2021, 23:59pm
- The grade will be based on code's functionality, description, and clear implementation

#### Contact

• Moodle's 'Workshop Discussions' forum is the best place for questions.

- But if needed, contact us personally:
- David Hay <a href="mailto:dhay@cs.huji.ac.il">dhay@cs.huji.ac.il</a>
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