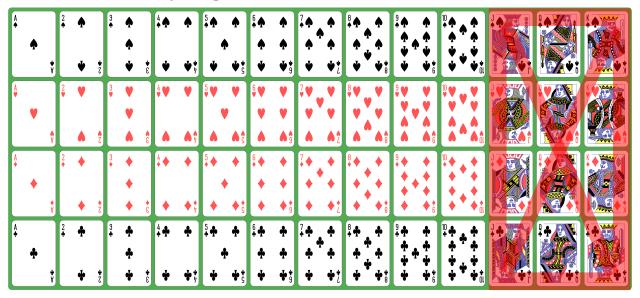
Model and Write a Program Simulating a Deck of Playing Cards



Overall Objective

- Create a modular object model of a deck (or collection) of playing cards with the following operations
 - Create a new deck of 40 playing cards
 - The initial order must be Spades 1-10, Hearts 1-10, Diamonds 1-10, Clubs 1-10
 - Shuffle (random sort order) the playing cards in the deck
 - Print the current order of the playing cards
- Create a short console test program that uses the card deck model in the following way:
 - Create a new deck of playing cards
 - Print the current order of the playing cards
 - Shuffle the playing cards
 - o Print out the current order of the playing cards
 - Shuffle the playing cards again
 - o Print out the current order of the playing cards to verify that the shuffle is random

Characteristics of Playing Cards to Consider

- Suit
 - Spade
 - o Heart
 - o Diamond
 - o Club
- Value
 - 1-10 (no face cards Jack/Queen/King)

Hints to Keep in Mind

- Think modular, reusable class structure.
 - Another developer should be able to pick up this class (or classes) and easily use it in their own application. Ex: Another developer is writing a poker game application with your deck.
 - Another developer should be able to extend this class (or classes) to add new operations without sacrificing other functions.
 - Remember product owners love to change requirements, so try to hardcode as little as possible to avoid messy changes later.
- Remember good programming practices
 - Single responsibility principle
 - Don't repeat yourself
 - Keep it simple and easily readable
- C# Hints:
 - Don't forget appropriate public/private modifiers on classes/properties/methods.
 - Iterating over an enumeration:
 - foreach(Suit suit in Enum.GetValues(typeof(Suit)))
 - foreach(var suit in Enum.GetValues(typeof(Suit)).Cast<Suit>()) // need Cast if using var
 - Random number generation:
 - var rng = new Random(); // only need to instantiate once in current scope
 - var num = rng.Next(i); // random integer between 0 and i-1
 - var num = rng.Next(i, j); // random integer between I and j-1
 - Console output
 - Console.WriteLine(String.Format("Some string with {0} printed inside", variable));
 - Console.WriteLine(\$"some string with {variable} printed inside"); // string interpolation
 - Console.ReadKey() is useful to be able to read your output before it disappears