

# Pallas Starter Projects

For computation libraries, you may choose between PyTorch and Tensorflow.

## 1 Predicting Flow

- **Dataset:** KITTI
- **Objective 1:** Given a pair of successive images  $I_t, I_{t+1}$  and their associated, label bounding boxes  $\{b_i^t\}_{i=1}^a, \{b_i^{t+1}\}_{i=1}^a$ , where  $a$  is the number of anchors per image, predict  $\{dx_i, dy_i\}_{i=1}^n$ . A simple linear model suffices.
- **Objective 2:** Given a pair of successive images  $I_t, I_{t+1}$  and their associated label bounding boxes from a state-of-the-art model, e.g. Faster-RCNN,  $\{\hat{b}_i^t\}_{i=1}^a, \{\hat{b}_i^{t+1}\}_{i=1}^a$ , predict  $\{dx_i, dy_i\}_{i=1}^n$ . A simple linear model with regularization suffices.
- Once you are done with these two tasks, you will then need server access to complete **Objective 3:** Amend a state-of-the-art model to output bounding boxes, *along with*  $dx, dy$  for each bounding box.

## 2 Learning Embedding

- **Dataset:** CIFAR10
- **Objective 1:** Given an image  $I \in R^d$ , learn a lower-dimensional embedding in  $R^{d'}$  such that  $d' \ll d$ , using  $g : R^d \rightarrow R^{d'}$ . i.e., Train  $\hat{I} = g^{-1}(g(I))$ . A linear embedding suffices.
- **Objective 2:** Given an the lower-dimensional embedding of an image  $g(I) \in R^{d'}$ , run classification. Again, a linear classifier suffices.  $\hat{y} = f(g(I))$ .
- Once you are done with these two tasks, you will then need server access to complete **Objective 3:** Train a state-of-the-art model to accept a lower-dimensional embedding as input.

### 3 Robustness to Noise

- **Dataset:** MNIST
- **Objective 1:** Train a simple neural network—3 layers, with 1 convolutional layer and 2 fully-connected layers on MNIST. Denote this predictor  $f$ . Compute  $\text{var}(Y) = \text{var}(f(X))$  (variance over the samples). Then, apply Gaussian noise  $\epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2 I)$  to the samples  $X + \epsilon$ , and compute variance of the output  $\text{var}(\tilde{Y}) = \text{var}(f(X + \epsilon))$ . Repeat for increasing variance in the Gaussian. Plot  $\text{var}(\tilde{Y})$  w.r.t. variance in the noise  $\sigma$ .
- **Objective 2:** Replace the convolutional layer with a shift module. Sample usage: [shiftresnet-cifar repository](#). Plot the output variance w.r.t. variance in the noise, on the same plot.
- Once you are done with these two tasks, you will then need server access to complete **Objective 3:** Repeat both experiments, one with convolutions, and one with shift, on CIFAR-10, then CIFAR-100. Other paths of experiments: apply high-variance noise to single pixels.