#### Review

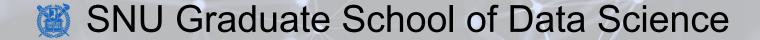
- Breadth-first traversal
  - Implementation using FIFO queue (deque in Python)
- Depth-first traversal
  - Implementation using recursion (or LIFO stack also using deque in Python)
  - Three types for different purposes
    - Preorder
    - Inorder
    - Postorder

**Computing Bootcamp** 

# Graphs

Lecture 18

Hyung-Sin Kim



#### **Contents**

Graph

- Graph Traversal
  - Depth-first Traversal Preorder

- Practice 10
  - Depth-first Traversal Postorder
  - Breadth-first Traversal

Summary

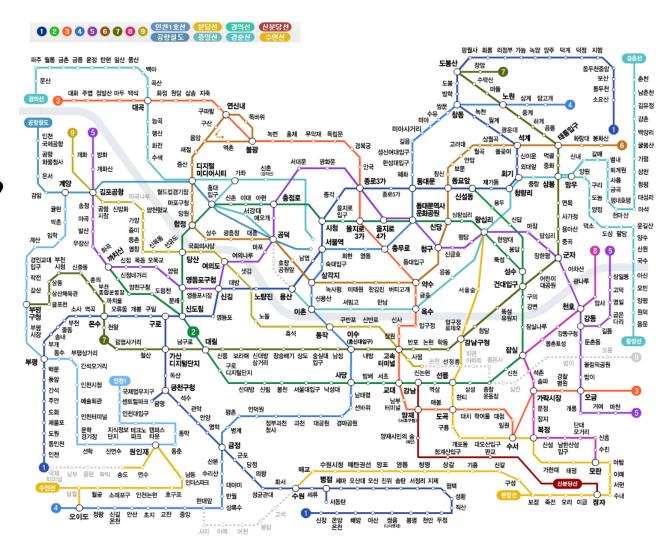


#### Trees are Great but...

 Trees are good for representing data with hierarchy

• Is Seoul Metro map hierarchical?

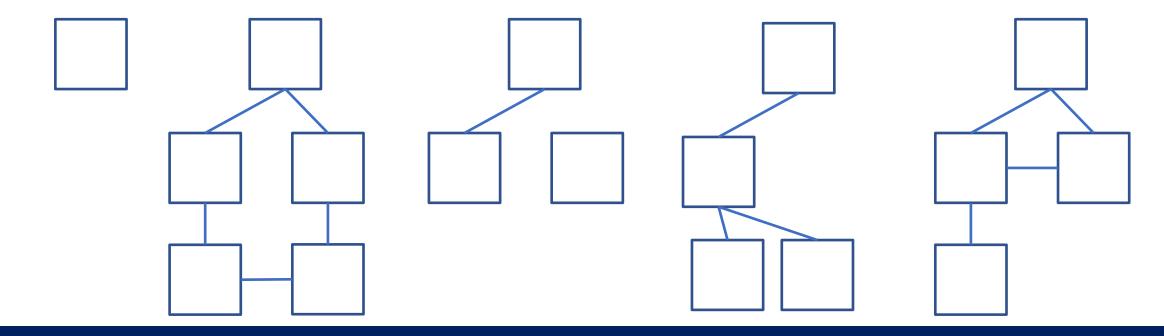
• When you want to travel from station A to station B, is there usually only one path?



#### **Trees**

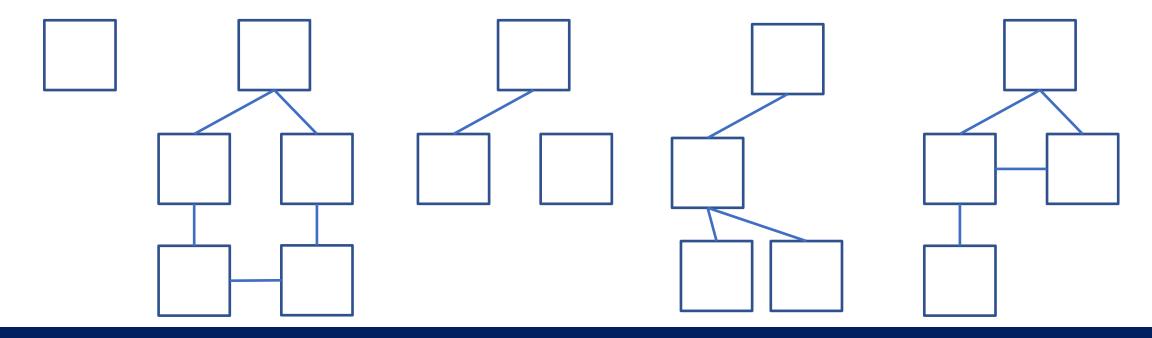
- A tree comprises a set of **nodes** that are **connected** (**linked**) to each other
- There is **only one path** between two nodes in a tree

Choose trees!



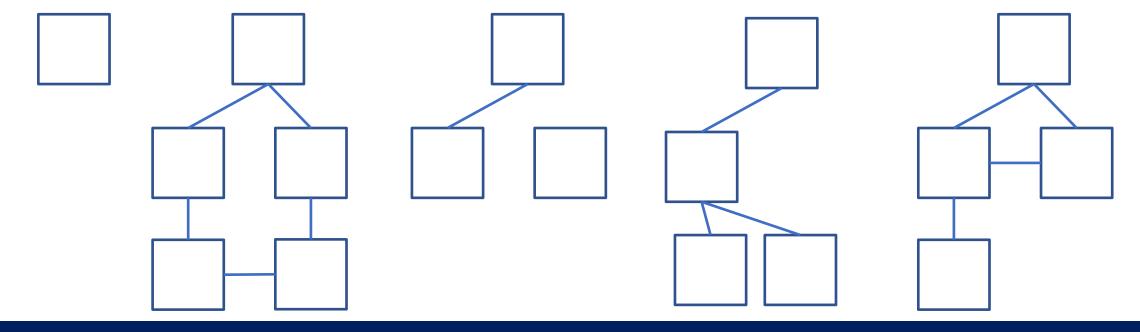
# Graphs

- A graph comprises a set of **nodes** and a set of **edges** (including zero edge), each of which connects two nodes
- Choose graphs!



# Graphs

- A graph comprises a set of **nodes** and a set of **edges** (including zero edge), each of which connects two nodes
- Choose graphs!
  - Yes, graph is more general than tree (all trees are graphs)



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# Simple Graphs

- A **simple** graph is a graph that does not have...
  - Loop: an edge that connects a node to itself node, such as (v,v)



• Parallel edge: two edges that connects the same nodes, such as e1 = (v,w) and e2 = (v,w)



• We only focus on simple graphs today ©

#### Terms and Terms ...

- **Vertex**: a node
  - V

- Edge: a pair of vertices
  - (v,w) where v and w are vertices
- Two vertices which have an edge between are adjacent
  - If a graph has an edge (v,w), vertices v and w are adjacent
- A path is a sequence of vertices connected by edges
  - If there are three edges in a graph, (v,w), (w,y), and (y,z), the graph has a path (v,w,y,z)

#### Terms and Terms ...

- A path with unique (non-repeated) vertices is a **simple** path
  - (v,w,y,v,z) is not simple, but (v,w,y,z) is simple
- A cycle is a path where the first and last vertices are the same
  - A path (v,w,y,v) is a cycle. Another path (v,w,y,z) is not a cycle
  - A graph having a cycle is a **cyclic** graph
  - A graph without a cycle is an **acyclic** graph
- If there is a path between two vertices, the two vertices are connected
  - If there is a path (v,w,y,z), vertices v and z are connected

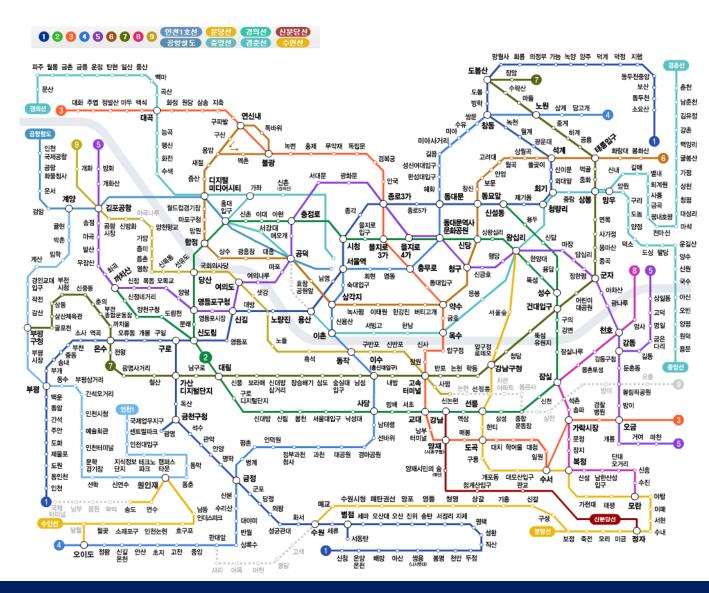
#### Terms and Terms ...

- An edge is either **undirected** (like a line) or **directed** (like an arrow)
  - If an edge (v,w) is undirected, v and w can reach each other
  - If an edge (v,w) is directed, v can go to w, not vice versa
    - We need another edge (w,v) so that w can go to v
- A graph with undirected edges is an undirected graph
- A graph with directed edges is a **directed graph**

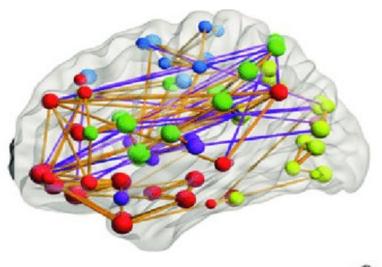
#### So... What is this?

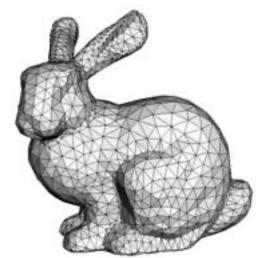
- Tree or graph?
- Connected or not?

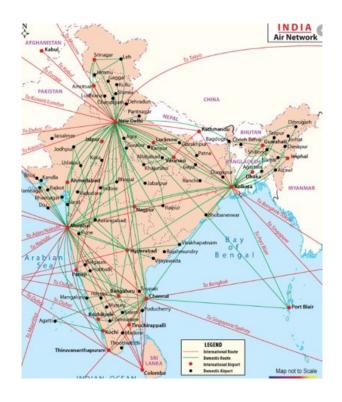
- Cyclic or acyclic?
- Undirected or directed?



# **Graphs in Practice**

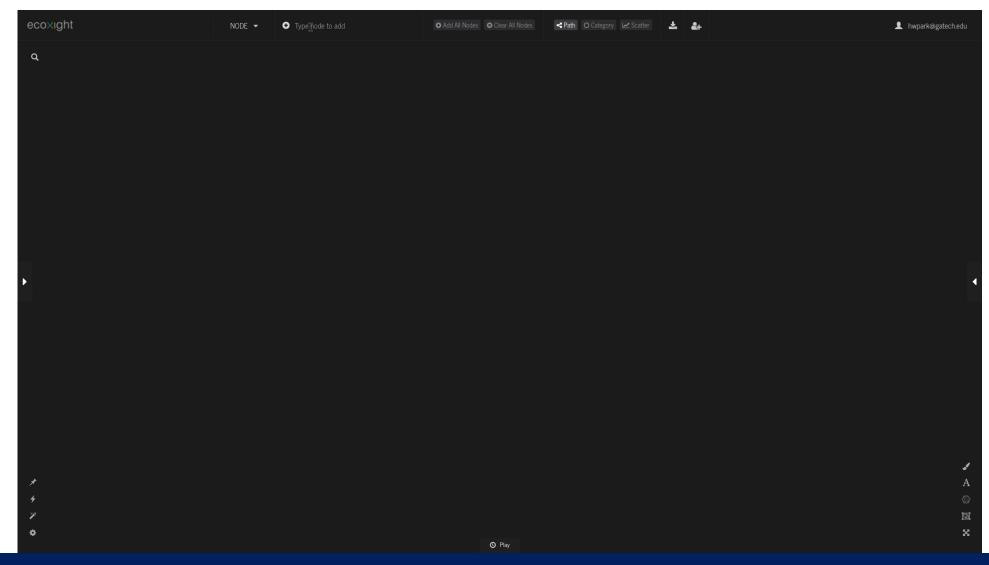




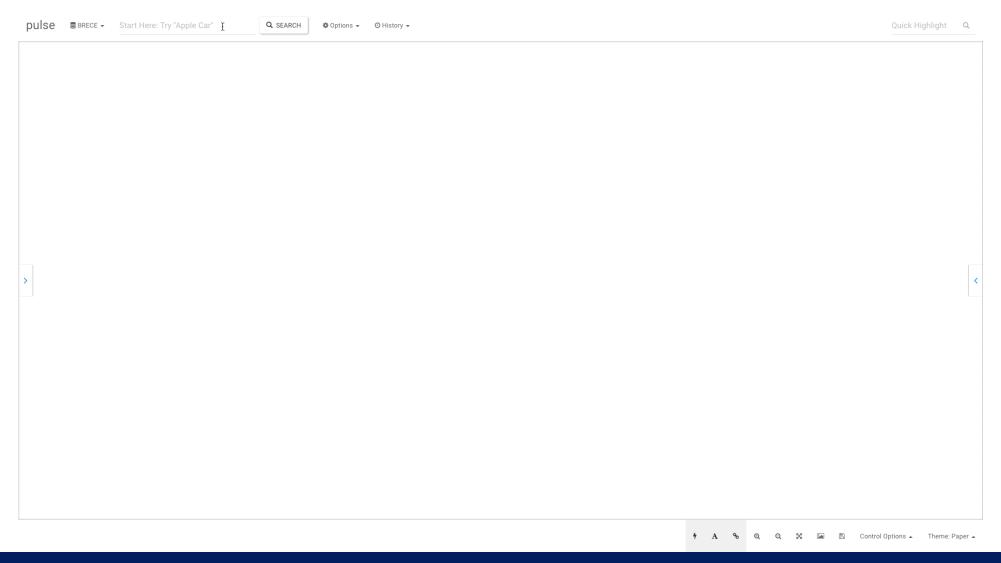




### Graph Visualization (Prof. Hyunwoo Park)



### Graph Visualization (Prof. Hyunwoo Park)



### **Graph Construction**

- Given vertices V and edges E, build relationship between the vertices
  - class undi\_graph():

```
• def __init__(self, V: list, E: list) -> None:
```

```
• self.V = V[:]
```

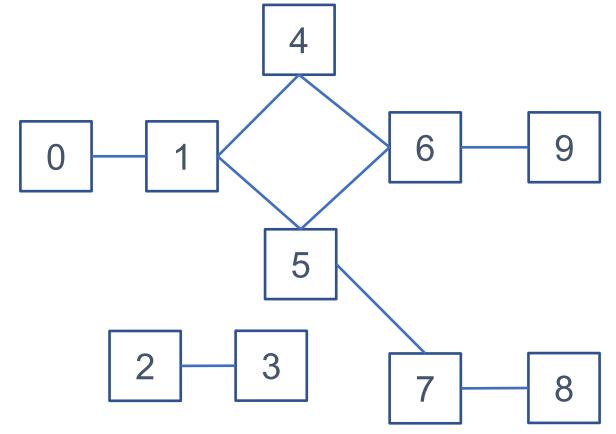
- self.neighbor = {}
- for v in V:
- self.neighbor[v] = []
- for (v, w) in E:
- self.neighbor[v].append(w)
- self.neighbor[w].append(v)

# **Graph Traversals**

Graphs have cycles and can be disconnected

We still should visit all nodes





#### Good news!

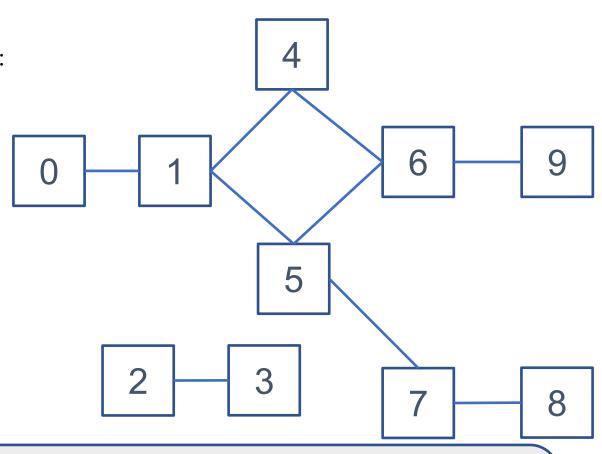
We can still use depth-first traversals and bread-first traversals, but a little bit differently ©

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# **Graph Traversal**

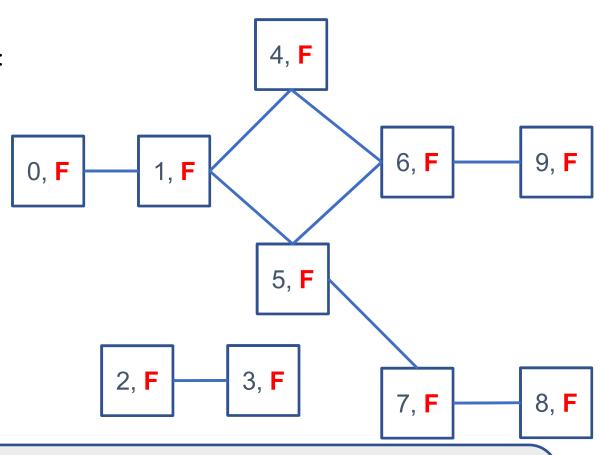
DFT - preorder

```
class undi_graph():
  def __DFTHelp(self, visited: list, v: int) -> None:
    if not visited[v]:
        visited[v] = True
        print(v)
        for w in self.neighbor[v]:
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def DFT(self) -> None:
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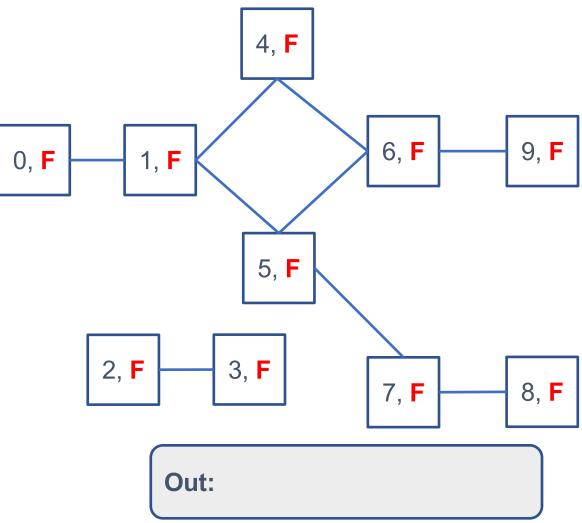
- Now we should mark the nodes we already visited to handle cycles
- 2. Now one \_\_DFTHelp call is **not enough** to traversal a **disconnected** graph

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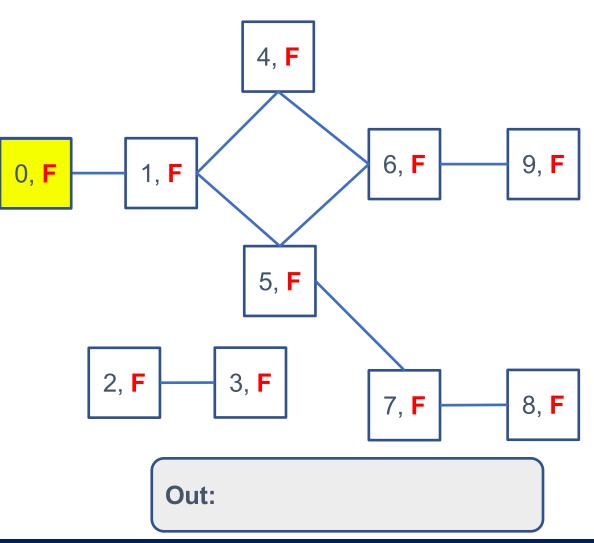


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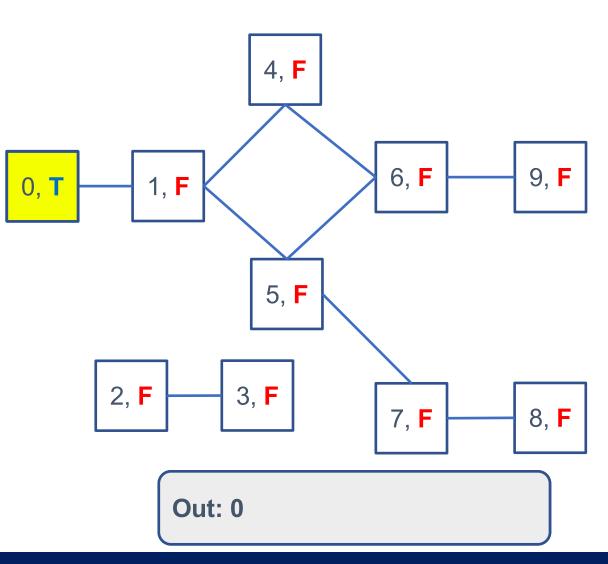


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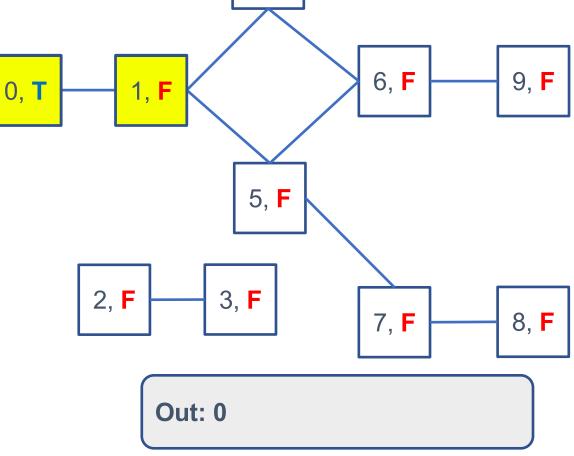


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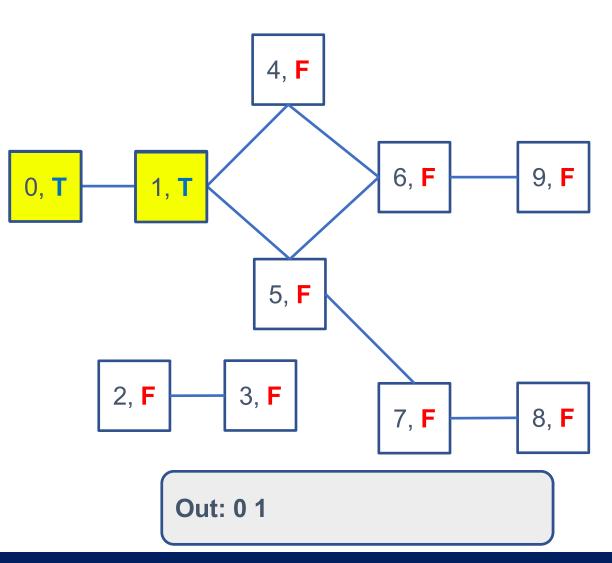


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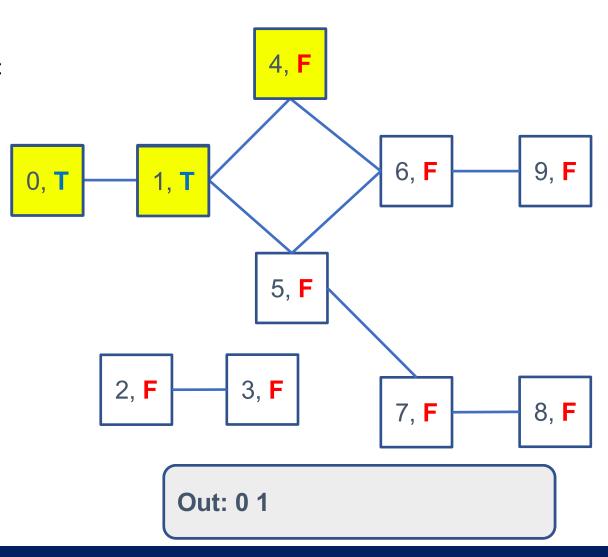


4, **F** 

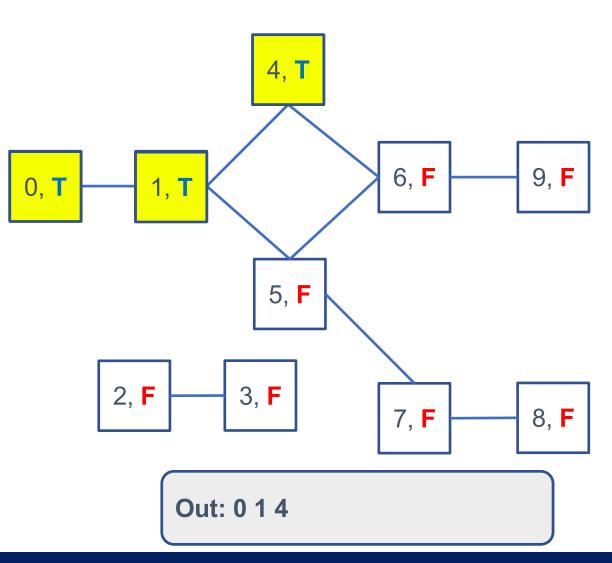
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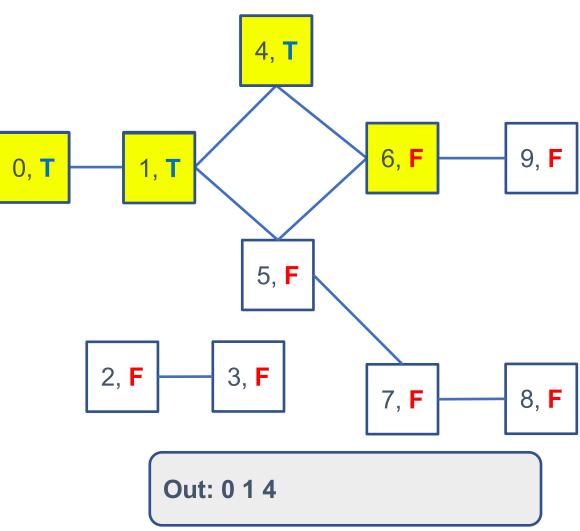
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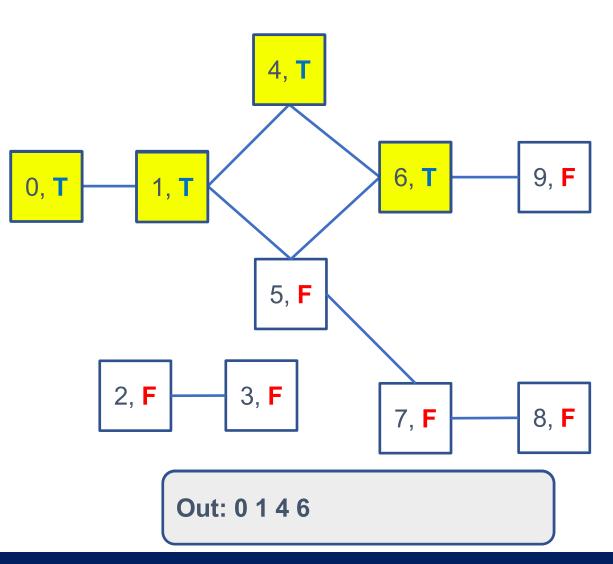
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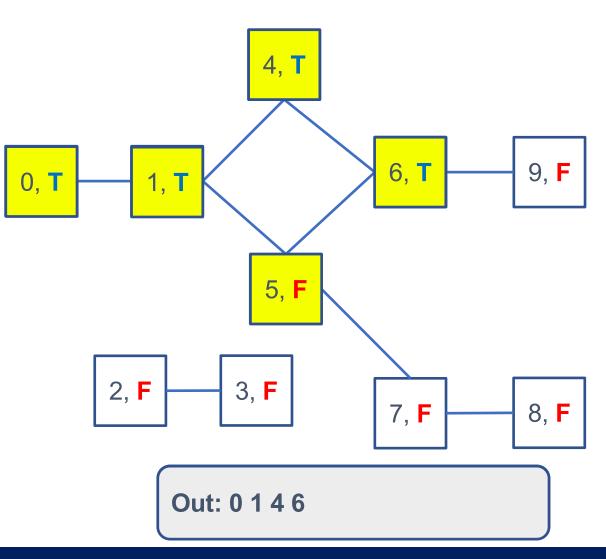
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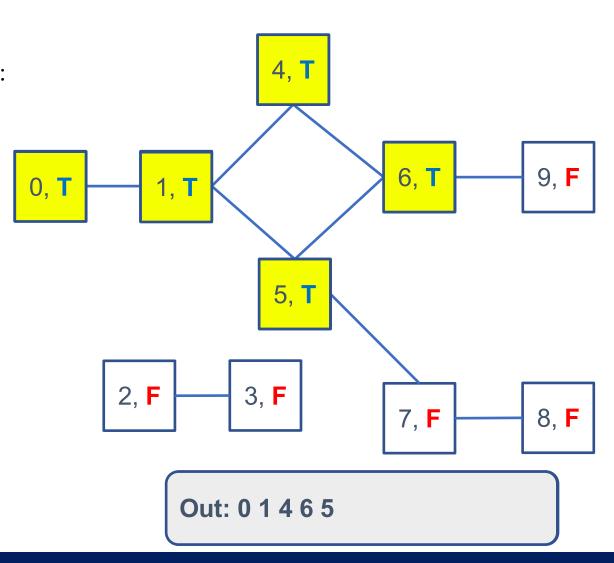
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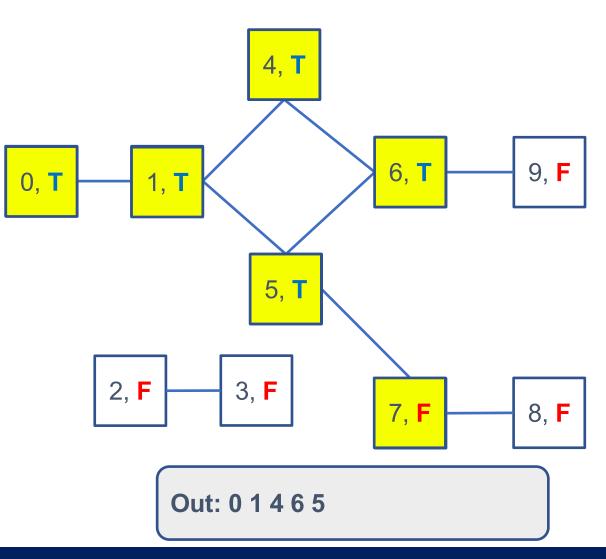
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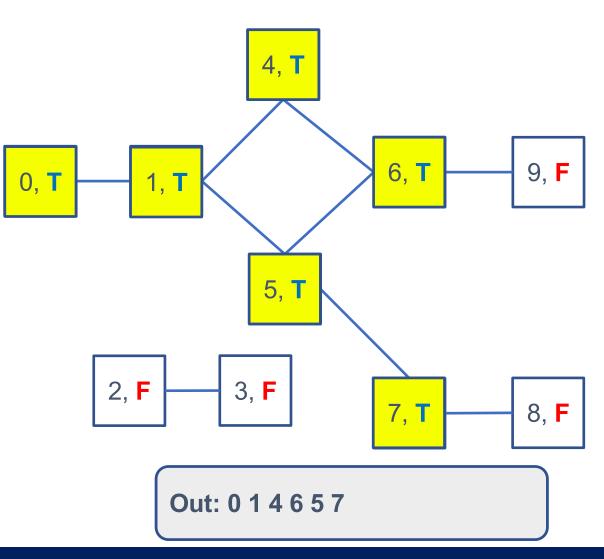
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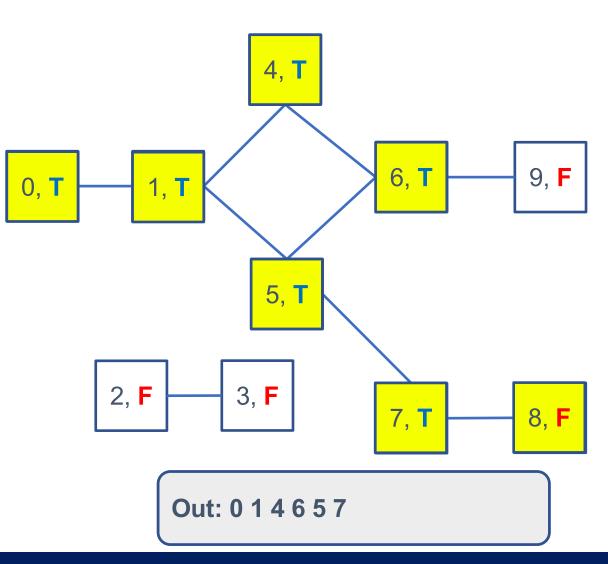
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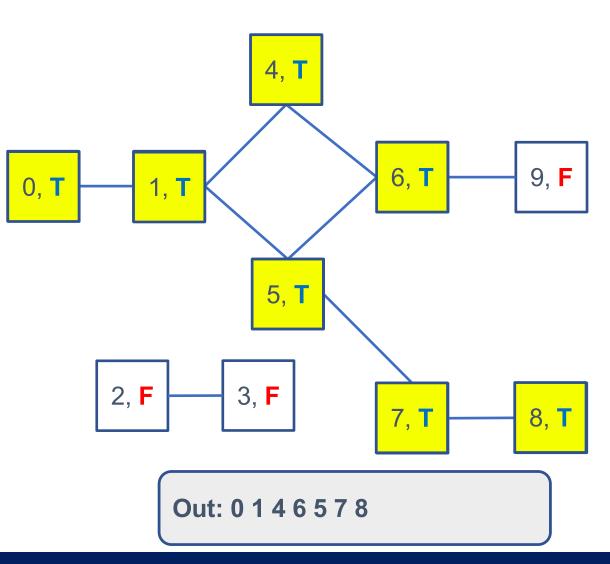
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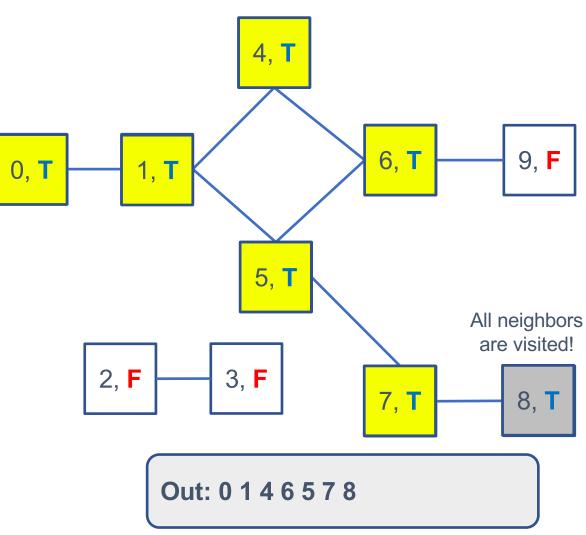
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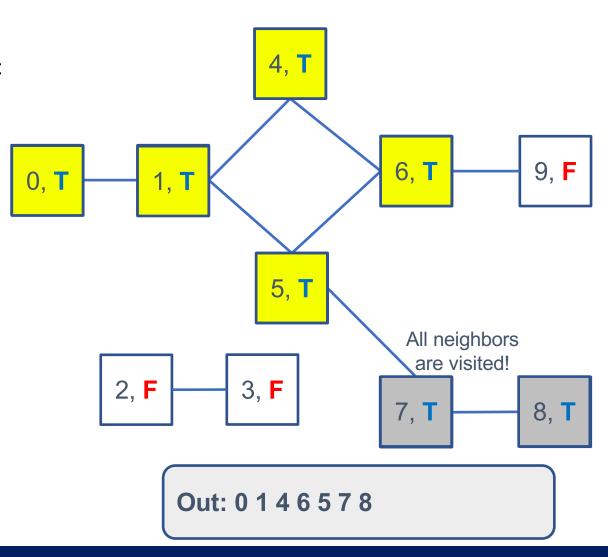
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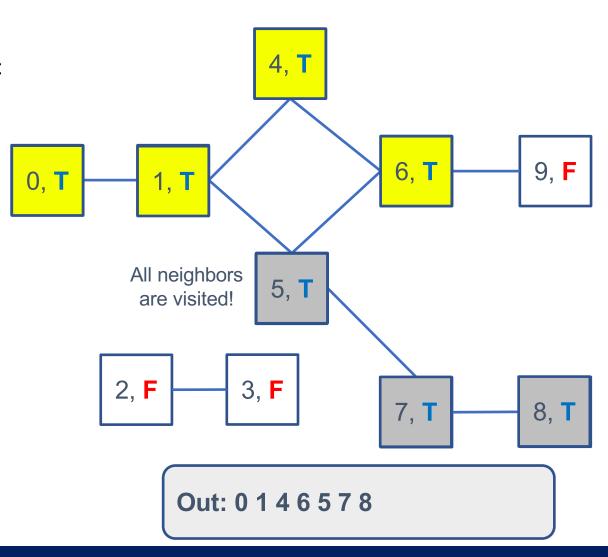
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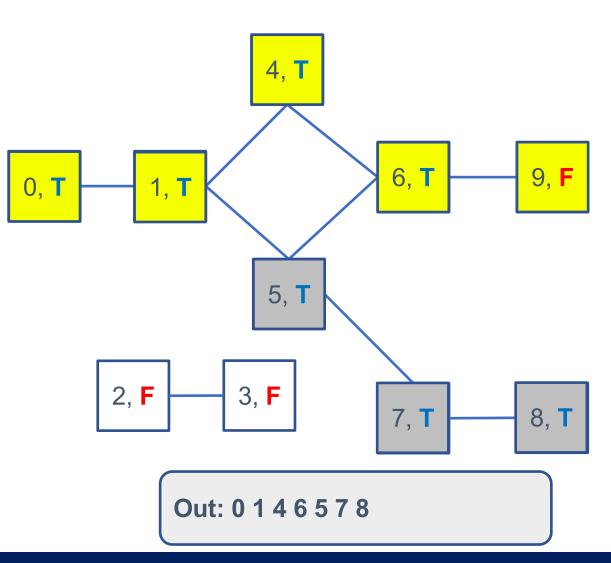
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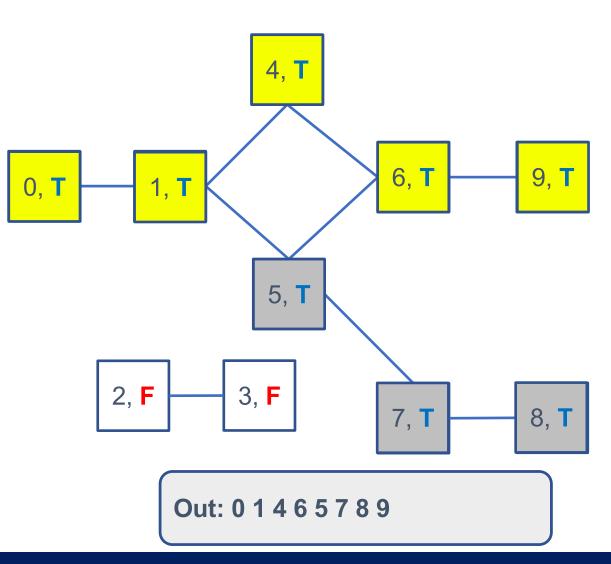
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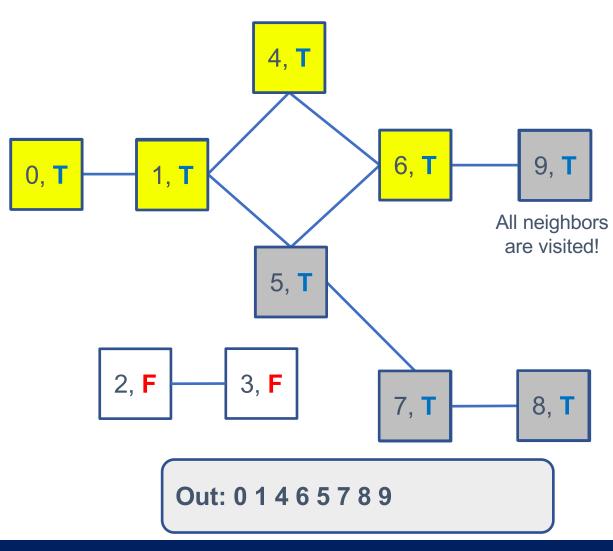
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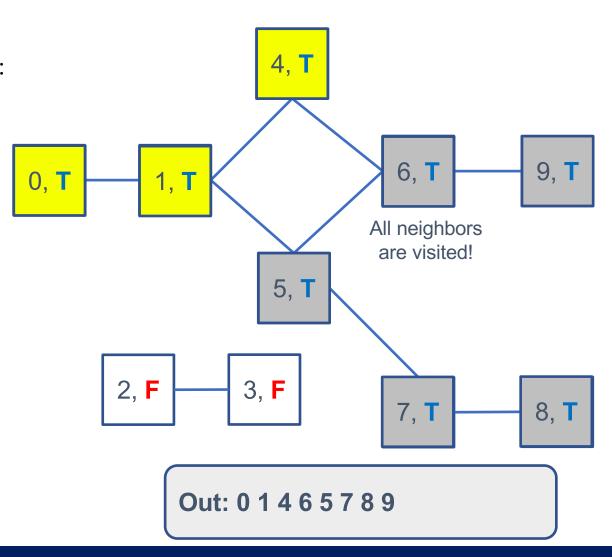
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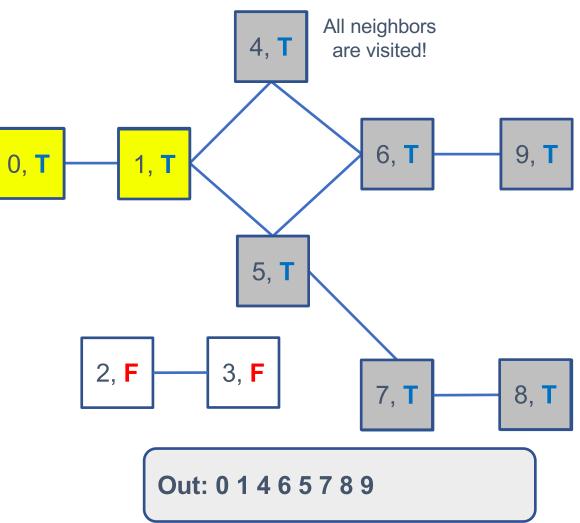
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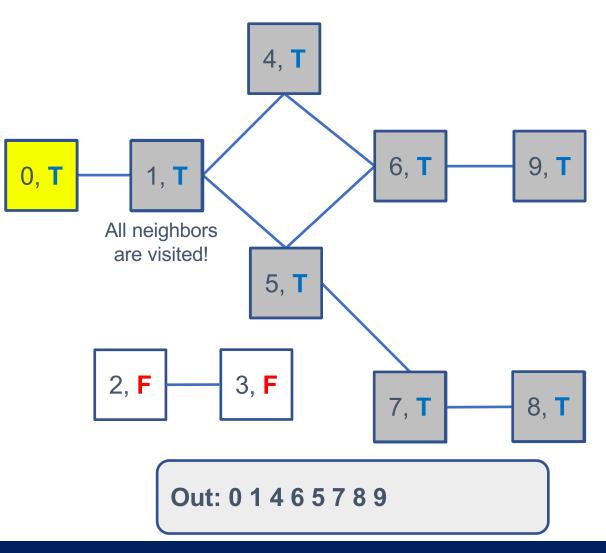
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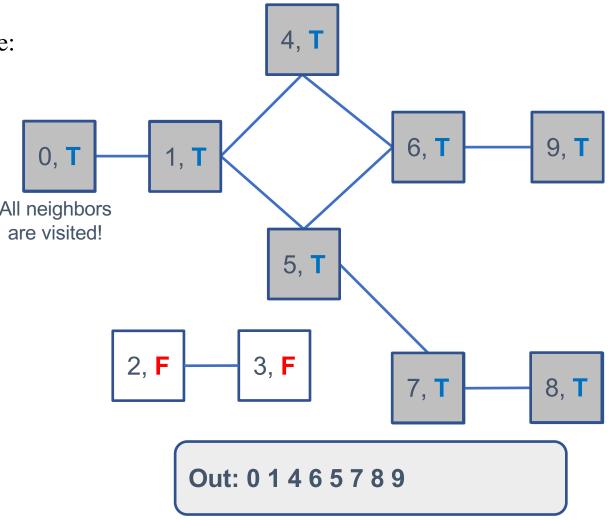
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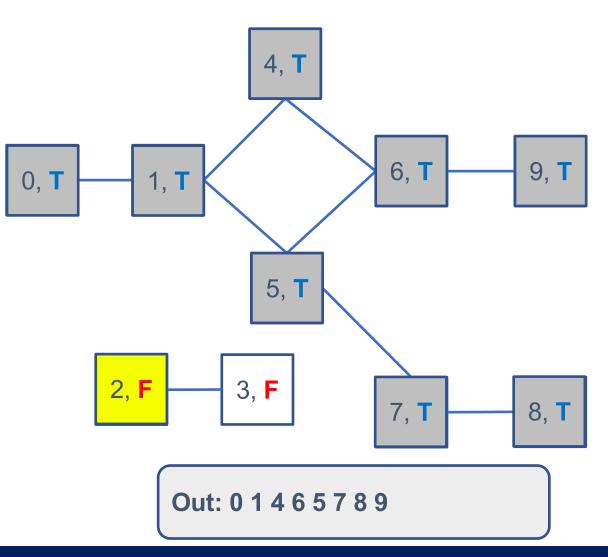
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  def __DFTHelp(self, visited: list, v: int) -> None:
     if not visited[v]:
        visited[v] = True
        print(v)
        for w in self.neighbor[v]:
            self.__DFTHelp(visited, w)
def DFT(self) -> None:
     if self.V:
        visited = \{\}
         for v in self.V:
             visited[v] = False
         for v in self.V:
              self.__DFTHelp(visited, v)
```



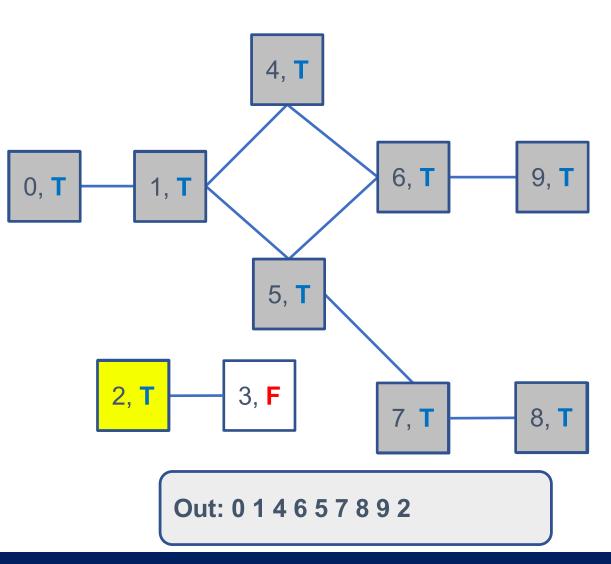
```
class undi_graph():
  def __DFTHelp(self, visited: list, v: int) -> None:
    if not visited[v]:
        visited[v] = True
        print(v)
        for w in self.neighbor[v]:
                                                               All neighbors
            self.__DFTHelp(visited, w)
                                                                are visited!
def DFT(self) -> None:
    if self.V:
        visited = \{\}
         for v in self.V:
             visited[v] = False
         for v in self.V:
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```



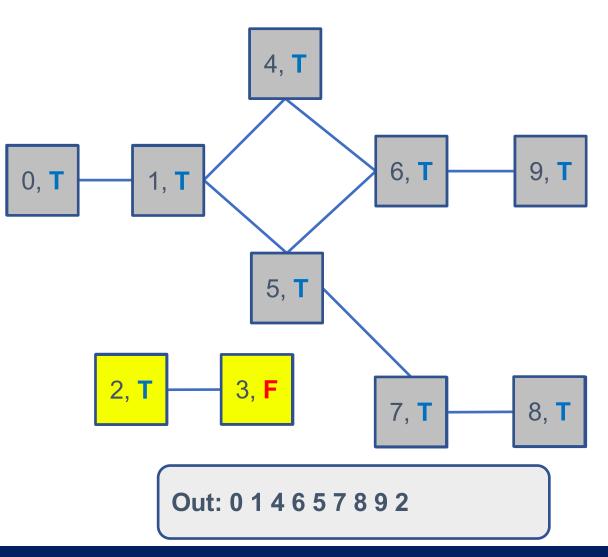
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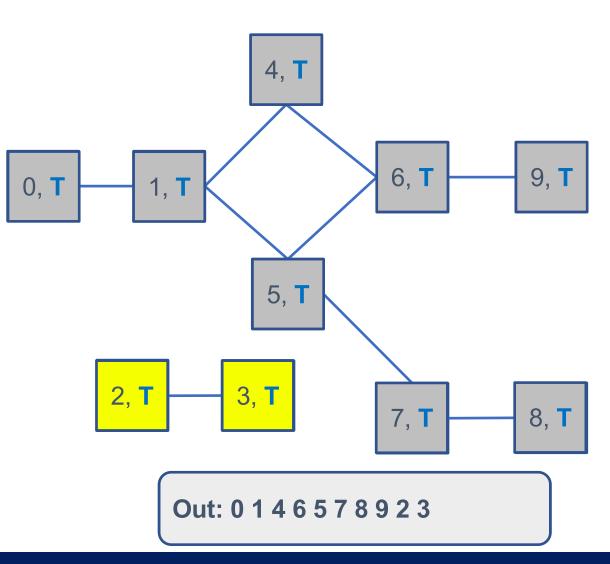
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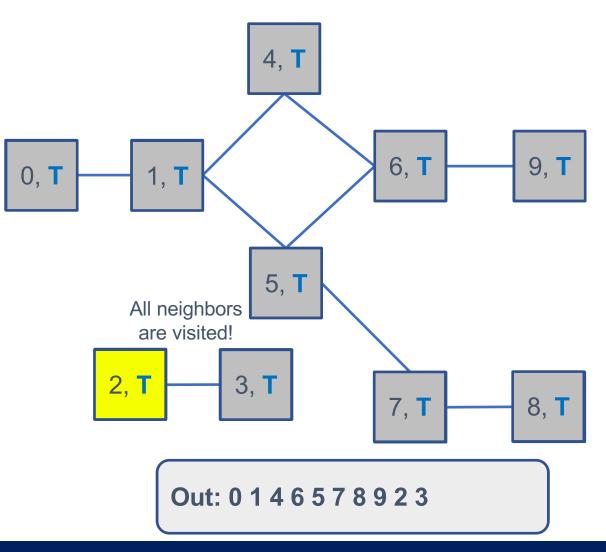
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              self.__DFTHelp(visited, v)
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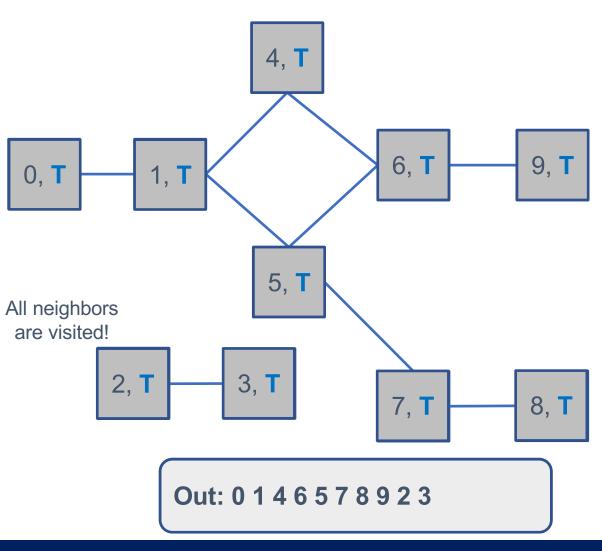
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         for v in self.V:
             visited[v] = False
         for v in self.V:
              self.__DFTHelp(visited, v)
```



```
class undi_graph():
 def __DFTHelp(self, visited: list, v: int) -> None:
    if not visited[v]:
       visited[v] = True
                                                                                                           6, T
       print(v)
       for w in self.neighbor[v]:
           self.__DFTHelp(visited, w)
                                                   All vertices are
                                                                                            5, T
def DFT(self) -> None:
                                                        visited!!!
    if self.V:
        visited = \{\}
                                                                                         3, T
        for v in self.V:
            visited[v] = False
        for v in self.V:
             self.__DFTHelp(visited, v)
                                                                                 Out: 0 1 4 6 5 7 8 9 2 3
```

# Depth-First Traversal

When you want to know if two vertices are connected

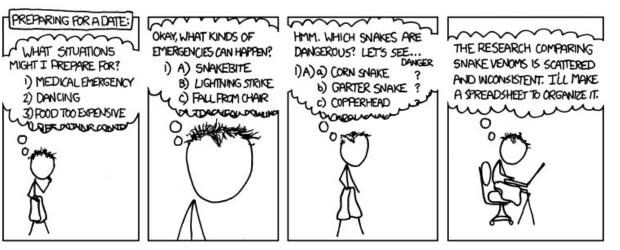
When you want to know if all vertices in a graph are connected

When you want to know how many disjoint islands are in a graph

When you want to know if a graph has a cycle

## **Depth-First Traversal**

https://xkcd.com/761/





USING DEPTH-FIRST SEARCHES.

# Summary

- Graph is a more general concept than tree
  - Cycle and disconnection
- Graph traversals are a bit different from tree traversals but their core ideas are the same
  - Depth first traversals
  - Breadth first traversals

Graph traversals are the most common tools for solving graph problems

Thanks!