**Lab B: Reading Material**

Lab B is dedicated to dynamic data structures in C, program debugging via the use of valgrind(1) and patching of binary files.

**Dynamic data structures in C**

Dynamic data structures in C are usually built using pointers and C structures. Please read chapter [Complex types](http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/C_Programming/Complex_types) of the wikibook. Memory for dynamic data is allocated and released dynamically, on the heap. C library functions for memory management are described in chapter [Memory management](http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/C_Programming/Memory_management).

**Patching**

A convenient utility for inspecting binary files, called hexedit(1), is installed on the lab computers. Please read the **man** for the utility and familiarize yourself with hexedit by trying to view and edit a few different files.

**Debugging**

Please read the **man** page for valgrind(1), you can focus on the --leak-check, --show-reachable and -v parameters. valgrind can help you detect memory leaks and other types of errors (e.g. illegal access to memory address). A quick start guide can be found [here](http://valgrind.org/docs/manual/quick-start.html). For a complete list of error messages and their meaning - <http://valgrind.org/docs/manual/mc-manual.html>

**Input from stdin or other files**

You already know fgets(3) for getting "strings" from files (like stdin). Now you must also learn to use fread( ) (see man fread(3)) to read a pre-specified number of bytes from a file. In order to format printouts, you should be more familiar with printf(3). In order to parse strings efficiently and extract values of different types from them you should use sscanf(3).

**Other functions to learn**

You should also be familiar with memcmp( ), fseek( ) and fwrite( ).