

Math 4939 March 17, 2021

Consider the model:

```
fit <- lm(mathach ~ ses + cvar(ses, school), hs)
wald(fit)
```

	numDF	denDF	F.value	p.value		
	3	1974	2811.078	<.00001		
	Estimate	Std.Error	DF	t-value	p-value	Lower 0.95
(Intercept)	12.931172	0.142416	1974	90.797963	<.00001	12.651820
ses	2.223185	0.223174	1974	9.961687	<.00001	1.785505
cvar(ses, school)	3.288688	0.419322	1974	7.842871	<.00001	2.466328
	Upper 0.95					
(Intercept)	13.210425					
ses	2.660866					
cvar(ses, school)	4.111048					

1. Draw a diagram showing the estimated relationship between 'mathach' and 'ses' for values of ses ranging from -2 to 2, for:

- a school with mean ses equal to 0, and for
- a school with mean ses equal to 1.

Be sure to indicate clearly where the estimated coefficients in the model appear in the diagram.

2. In what sense is the model:

```
fit2 <- lm(mathach ~ dvar(ses, school) + cvar(ses, school), hs)
```

equivalent to the former model. Explain clearly.

Quig 7

