Using parametric splines and Fourier series for seasonal effects

2024-03-15

- Using parametric splines for piece-wise polynomial curves
- and Fourier series for seasonal effects

Data set simulates data from Statistics Canada NPHS from 1994 to 2011. Participants were surveyed every 2 years for up to 7 occasions.

Some participants happened to give birth during the study but since data was collected every two years there was little data on individual longitudinal sleep patterns before and after birth.

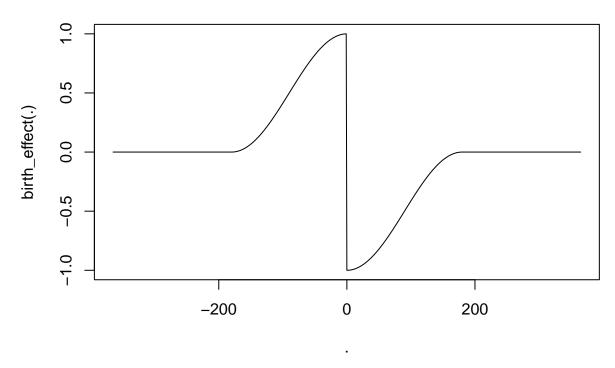
However, using mixed models with a parametric model for sleep behaviour before and after birth, it's possible to 'stitch' trajectories together to get a picture of individual predicted sleep trajectories.

```
library(spida2)
library(nlme)

Attaching package: 'nlme'
The following object is masked from 'package:spida2':
    getData
library(latticeExtra)
```

Loading required package: lattice

Hypothetical perinatal 'birth effect' on maternal sleep relative to days before and after birth



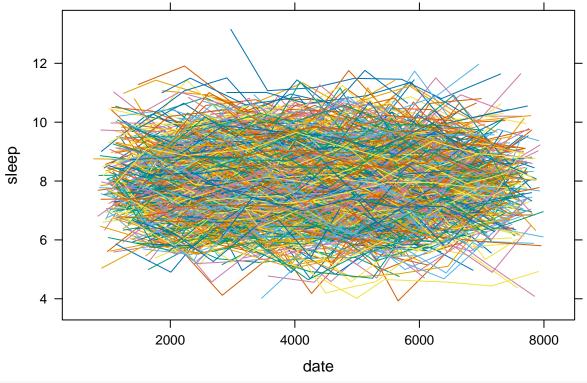
Generate a data set

Note that many women in the NPHS gave birth more than once. Here there is only one birth recorded per person.

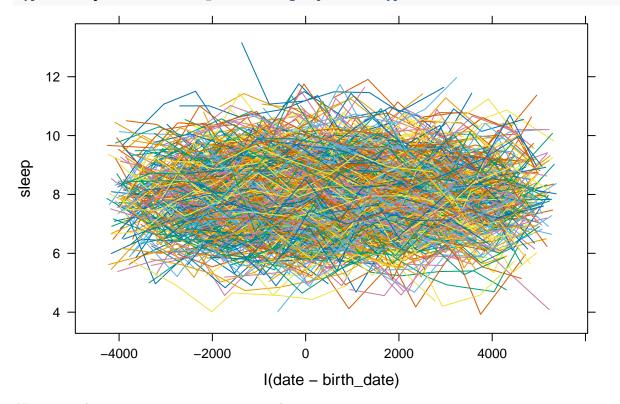
```
# sample(100000, 1)
{
  set.seed(4728)
 Nid <- 1000
                 # number of subjects
  Nobs <- 7
                 # observations per subject
  expand.grid(id = 1:Nid, obs = 1:Nobs) %>% # basic skeleton for data set
   within(
      {
        # date id registered
       reg_date <- sample(Nobs * 365, Nid, replace = TRUE)[id] # generating one value per id</pre>
        # dates id observed (approx every 2 years)
        date <- reg_date + obs*2*365 + sample(365, length(id), replace = TRUE) # generating one value
       birth_date <- reg_date + sample(365*14, Nid, replace = TRUE)[id]
                                                                                 # date giving birth
        ..plus <- runif(Nid)[id]
                                       # extra sleep pre birth
        ..minus <- runif(Nid)[id]
                                       # less sleep after birth
        ..birth_effect <- birth_effect( date - birth_date, ..plus, ..minus)</pre>
        ..seasonal <- .5 * cos(2*pi*(date-30)/365)
        ..sd_between <- 1
        ..sd_within < -.5
        sleep <- 8 + ..sd_between * rnorm(Nid)[id] + ..sd_within * rnorm(id) +</pre>
          ..birth_effect + ..seasonal
```

```
..plus <- ..minus <- ..birth_effect <- ..seasonal <- ..sd_between <- ..sd_within <- NULL
       }
     ) %>%
     sortdf(~id/date)-> dd
}
head(dd)
                        sleep birth_date date reg_date
           id obs
     1
                 1 7.088871
                                       5298 1197
                                                          288
            1
                                                          288
     1001
                 2 7.336316
                                       5298 1891
            1
     2001
            1
                 3 7.909879
                                       5298 2655
                                                          288
     3001
                 4 7.489981
                                       5298 3441
                                                          288
     4001
                 5 7.087731
                                       5298 4084
                                                          288
     5001
                 6 6.920117
                                       5298 4893
                                                          288
xqplot(dd)
                id
integer
                                                     obs
integer
                                                                                           sleep
numeric
1000
                                                                           7
                                     9
                                                                           9
900
                                     2
                                     4
                                                                           ω
                                     က
200
                                                                           9
   0.0
         0.2
              0.4
                  0.6
                         8.0
                                         0.0
                                               0.2
                                                    0.4
                                                         0.6
                                                               8.0
                                                                               0.0
                                                                                    0.2
                                                                                         0.4
                                                                                               0.6
         Fraction of 7000 obs.
                                               Fraction of 7000 obs.
                                                                                     Fraction of 7000 obs.
             birth_date
integer
                                                                                         reg_date
                                                      date
                                                     numeric
                                     0009
                                                                           1000
2000
                                     2000
0
         0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 Fraction of 7000 obs.
                                              0.2 0.4 0.6
                                                               8.0
                                                                                         0.4 0.6
                                                                                                    0.8
   0.0
                                         0.0
                                                                    1.0
                                                                               0.0
                                                                                    0.2
                                                                                                          1.0
                                                                                     Fraction of 7000 obs.
                                               Fraction of 7000 obs.
```

xyplot(sleep ~ date, dd, groups = id, type = '1')



xyplot(sleep ~ I(date-birth_date), dd, groups = id, type = 'l')

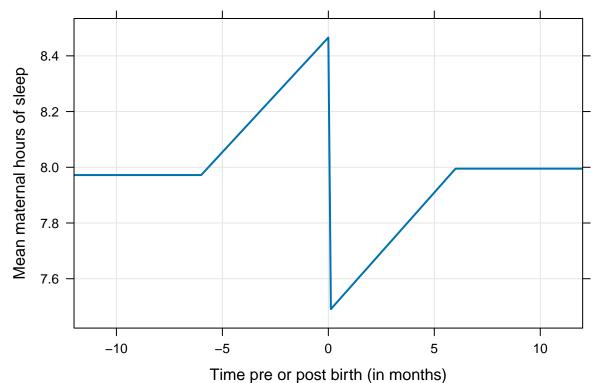


Note: one observation every two years on each person Between-person and within-person variation in sleep

```
fit <- lme(sleep ~ 1, dd, random = ~1 |id)
summary(fit)
   Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
     Data: dd
          AIC
                   BIC
                          logLik
     16048.53 16069.09 -8021.267
   Random effects:
    Formula: ~1 | id
           (Intercept) Residual
   StdDev:
             0.9974714 0.6156731
   Fixed effects: sleep ~ 1
                  Value Std.Error
                                    DF t-value p-value
    (Intercept) 7.987087 0.03238981 6000 246.5926
   Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
           Min
                        Q1
                                   Med
                                                          Max
                                                QЗ
   -3.85320384 -0.64160961 0.00633589 0.63204103 3.68567783
   Number of Observations: 7000
   Number of Groups: 1000
define a parametric spline using years as unit to avoid large numbers
sp <- function(y) {</pre>
 gsp(y, knots = c(-.5,0,.5), degree = c(0,1,1,0), c(0, -1, 0))
}
seq(-2,2,.1) %>% matplot(., sp(.), type ='b')
                                               222222222222222222
                                                     33333333333333333
            2222222222222222222
            111111111111111111
           -2
                            -1
                                             0
                                                                              2
                                                             1
sp(seq(-2,2,.1))
```

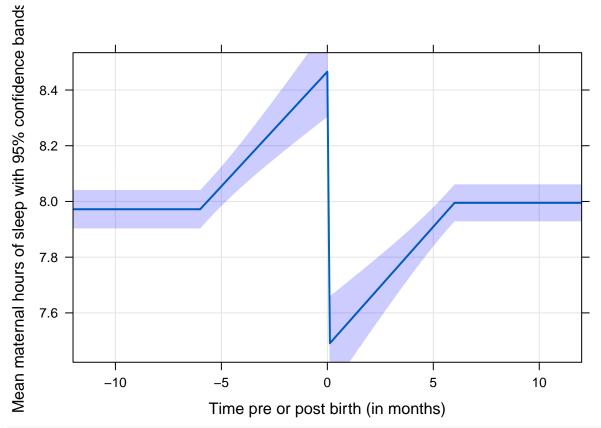
```
D1(0) C(0).0 C(0).1
f(-2)
         -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-1.9) -0.5
                        0.0
                   0
f(-1.8) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-1.7) -0.5
                        0.0
                   0
f(-1.6) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-1.5) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-1.4) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-1.3) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-1.2) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-1.1) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-1)
         -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-0.9) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-0.8) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-0.7) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-0.6) -0.5
                        0.0
                   0
f(-0.5) -0.5
                   0
                        0.0
f(-0.4) -0.4
                   0
                        0.0
f(-0.3) -0.3
                   0
                        0.0
f(-0.2) -0.2
                   0
                        0.0
f(-0.1) -0.1
                        0.0
                   0
f(0)
          0.0
                   0
                        0.0
f(0.1)
          0.1
                   1
                        0.1
          0.2
                        0.2
f(0.2)
                   1
f(0.3)
          0.3
                   1
                        0.3
f(0.4)
          0.4
                   1
                        0.4
f(0.5)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(0.6)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
          0.5
                        0.5
f(0.7)
                   1
f(0.8)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(0.9)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(1)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(1.1)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(1.2)
          0.5
                        0.5
                   1
f(1.3)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(1.4)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(1.5)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(1.6)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(1.7)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(1.8)
          0.5
                   1
                        0.5
f(1.9)
          0.5
                        0.5
          0.5
                        0.5
f(2)
attr(,"spline.attr")
attr(,"spline.attr")$knots
[1] -0.5 0.0 0.5
attr(,"spline.attr")$degree
[1] 0 1 1 0
attr(,"spline.attr")$smoothness
[1] 0 -1 0
attr(,"spline.attr")$lin
NULL
```

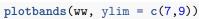
```
attr(,"spline.attr")$intercept
    [1] 0
   attr(, "spline.attr") $ signif
    [1] 3
    attr(,"class")
    [1] "gsp"
Use years as time units
dd <- within(dd,
             datey <- date /365
             birthy <- birth_date / 365
           })
fit <- lme(sleep ~ sp(datey - birthy) , dd, random = ~ 1 | id)</pre>
summary(fit)
   Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
      Data: dd
           ATC
                    BIC
                           logLik
      15985.45 16026.57 -7986.724
   Random effects:
    Formula: ~1 | id
            (Intercept) Residual
   StdDev: 0.9970469 0.6118624
   Fixed effects: sleep ~ sp(datey - birthy)
                                 Value Std.Error DF t-value p-value
    (Intercept)
                              8.465813 0.08105925 5997 104.43982 0.0000
    sp(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                              0.987491 0.15450552 5997
                                                          6.39130 0.0000
    sp(datey - birthy)C(0).0 -0.985077 0.11077282 5997 -8.89277 0.0000
    sp(datey - birthy)C(0).1 0.040963 0.22128064 5997 0.18512 0.8531
    Correlation:
                             (Intr) s(-b)D s(-b)C(0).0
    sp(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                             0.907
    sp(datey - birthy)C(0).0 -0.637 -0.682
    sp(datey - birthy)C(0).1 -0.617 -0.677 -0.063
   Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
             Min
                           Q1
                                       Med
                                                      QЗ
                                                                  Max
    -3.877379606 -0.646902798 0.002500854 0.631484893 3.660662143
   Number of Observations: 7000
   Number of Groups: 1000
Create a prediction data frame to show model prediction
pred \leftarrow data.frame(datey = seq(-2,2,.01), birthy = 0)
pred$fit <- predict(fit, newdata = pred, level = 0)</pre>
```

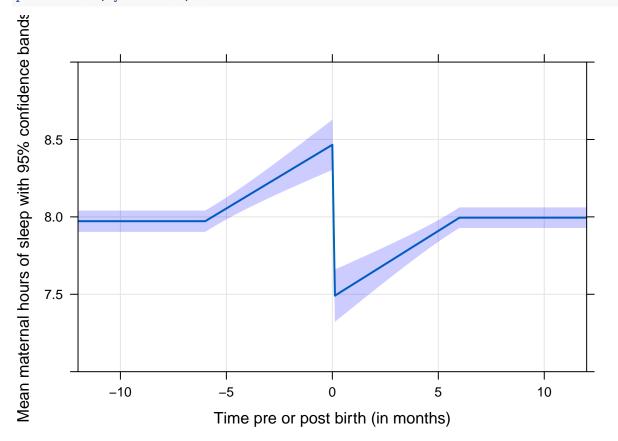


To add error bounds, since 'predict' won't provide them for 'lme' models

```
ww <- as.data.frame(wald(fit, pred = pred))</pre>
plotbands <- function(ww,...) {</pre>
xyplot(coef ~ I(12*datey), ww, type = '1', lwd = 2,
       xlim = c(-12,12),
       ...,
       lower = ww$L2,
                                   # added for panel.fit
       upper = ww$U2,
                                  # added for panel.fit
       subscripts = T,
                                 # added for panel.fit
       ylab = "Mean maternal hours of sleep with 95% confidence bands",
       xlab = "Time pre or post birth (in months)") +
    layer_(panel.grid(h = -1, v = -1)) +
    layer(panel.fit(..., alpha = .2))
plotbands(ww)
```

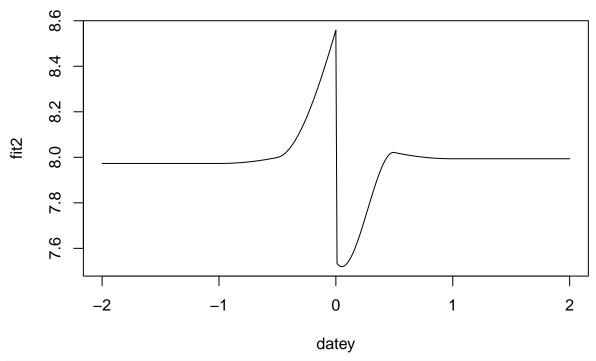




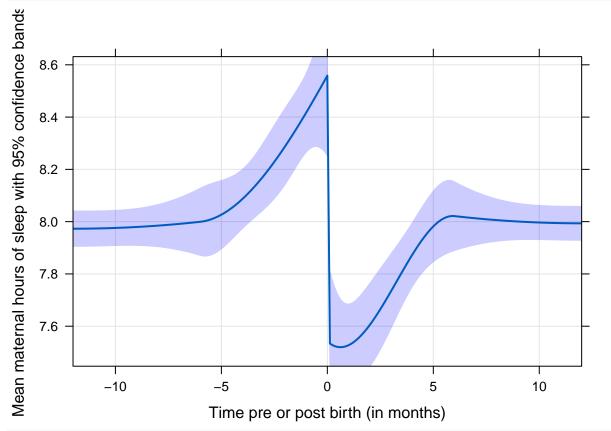


```
Try a different spline
```

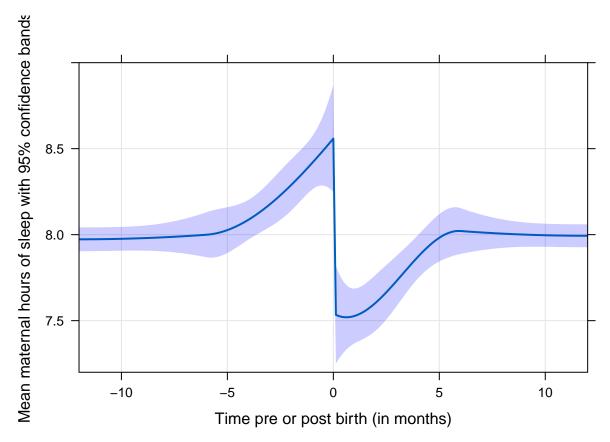
```
sp2 \leftarrow function(y) gsp(y, c(-1, -.5, 0, .5, 1), c(0,2,3,3,2,0), c(1,1,-1,1,1))
fit2 <- lme(sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) , dd, random = ~ 1 | id)
summary(fit2)
   Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
      Data: dd
         AIC
                  BIC
                         logLik
      15967.9 16036.42 -7973.948
   Random effects:
    Formula: ~1 | id
            (Intercept) Residual
             0.9971542 0.6118803
   StdDev:
   Fixed effects: sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy)
                                 Value Std.Error
                                                   DF t-value p-value
    (Intercept)
                               8.55861 0.15489 5993 55.25753 0.0000
    sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                               1.75659 2.02286 5993 0.86837 0.3852
    sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
                               1.05499 14.57452 5993 0.07239 0.9423
    sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
                              -8.98711 43.99968 5993 -0.20425 0.8382
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0 -1.01700 0.21748 5993 -4.67626 0.0000
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1 -2.64154 2.94118 5993 -0.89812 0.3692
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2 17.97831 21.12807 5993 0.85092 0.3948
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 -60.95171 63.63423 5993 -0.95784 0.3382
    Correlation:
                              (Intr) s2(-b)D1 s2(-b)D2 s2(-b)D3 s2(-b)C(0).0
    sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                              0.840
    sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
                              0.726 0.975
    sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
                              0.663 0.945
                                              0.994
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0 -0.685 -0.599
                                             -0.518
                                                      -0.474
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1 -0.577 -0.688
                                             -0.671
                                                      -0.650
                                                               -0.031
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2 -0.502 -0.672
                                                      -0.685
                                             -0.689
                                                                0.742
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 -0.457 -0.654
                                             -0.688
                                                      -0.692
                                                               -0.024
                             s2(-b)C(0).1 s2(-b)C(0).2
    sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
    sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
    sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2 -0.050
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 0.946
                                          -0.046
   Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
            Min
                          Q1
                                      Med
                                                    Q3
                                                                Max
    -3.877143934 -0.645090676 0.001593104 0.629206506 3.666263366
   Number of Observations: 7000
   Number of Groups: 1000
pred$fit2 <- predict(fit2, newdata = pred, level = 0)</pre>
with(pred, plot(datey, fit2, type = 'l'))
```







plotbands(ww, ylim = seq(7.2,9,.2))



fit and fit2 have different FE models so we must refit

We can compare these models with AIC or BIC but the p-value should not be interpreted since the neither model is nested in the other

Results: AIC favours the smaller model

The positions of knots can be estimated by trial and error and could be estimated more formally using non-linear models, which we might take up later.

Adding seasonal effects with sin/cos pair harmonics

```
Sin <- function(x) cbind(sin(x), cos(x))
#
fit3 <- lme(sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(2*pi*datey) , dd, random = ~ 1 | id)</pre>
```

Error in lme.formula(sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(2 * pi * datey), : nlminb problem, convergen message = false convergence (8)

We can force *lme* to return an object:

```
Warning in lme.formula(sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(2 * pi * datey), : nlminb problem, converg
      message = false convergence (8)
but it's generally better to try an alternative optimizer
fit3o <- lme(sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(2*pi*datey) , dd, random = ~ 1 | id,
            control = list(opt = 'optim', msVerbose = T, verbose = T, returnObject = T))
    initial value 27836.131999
   final value 27836.131999
    converged
with the same result:
car::compareCoefs(fit3,fit3o)
   Calls:
    1: lme.formula(fixed = sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(2 * pi * datey),
      data = dd, random = ~1 | id, control = list(returnObject = TRUE))
    2: lme.formula(fixed = sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(2 * pi * datey),
      data = dd, random = ~1 | id, control = list(opt = "optim", msVerbose = T,
      verbose = T, returnObject = T))
                              Model 1 Model 2
                                8.500
                                        8.500
    (Intercept)
                                0.129
                                        0.129
    sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                                 1.10
                                         1.10
   SE
                                 1.67
                                         1.67
   sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
                                -0.43
                                        -0.43
                                12.04
                                        12.04
   sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
                                -7.76
                                        -7.76
                                36.34
                                        36.34
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0
                                -1.06
                                        -1.06
                                 0.18
                                         0.18
   sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1 -0.163 -0.163
   SE
                                2.431
                                        2.431
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2
                                 7.62
                                         7.62
                                17.46
                                        17.46
   sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3
                                -29.7
                                        -29.7
                                 52.6
                                         52.6
   Sin(2 * pi * datey)1
                              0.25487 0.25487
   SE
                              0.00925 0.00925
   Sin(2 * pi * datey)2
                               0.4213 0.4213
```

Also using 'ML' can give convergence:

SE

0.0092 0.0092

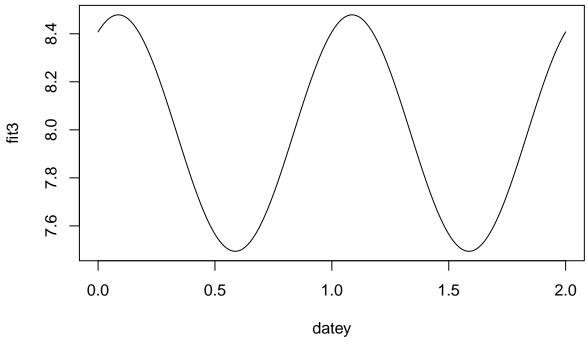
```
fit3 <- lme(sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(2*pi*datey) , dd, random = ~ 1 | id, method = 'ML')
Compare estimated models
summary(fit3)
   Linear mixed-effects model fit by maximum likelihood
      Data: dd
          ATC:
                  BIC
                          logLik
      13645.35 13727.6 -6810.676
   Random effects:
     Formula: ~1 | id
            (Intercept) Residual
    StdDev:
             0.9933905 0.504401
   Fixed effects: sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(2 * pi * datey)
                                   Value Std.Error
                                                    DF t-value p-value
    (Intercept)
                                8.500148
                                          0.12914 5991 65.82083 0.0000
    sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                               1.095116
                                          1.67092 5991 0.65540 0.5122
    sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
                               -0.429970 12.03848 5991 -0.03572 0.9715
    sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
                               -7.757804 36.34333 5991 -0.21346 0.8310
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0 -1.062551
                                          0.17968 5991 -5.91358 0.0000
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1
                              -0.162555
                                          2.43072 5991 -0.06688 0.9467
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2
                               7.623029 17.46120 5991 0.43657 0.6624
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 -29.658111 52.58728 5991 -0.56398 0.5728
                                          0.00925 5991 27.54351 0.0000
   Sin(2 * pi * datey)1
                               0.254869
   Sin(2 * pi * datey)2
                               0.421299
                                          0.00920 5991 45.79646 0.0000
    Correlation:
                              (Intr) s2(-b)D1 s2(-b)D2 s2(-b)D3 s2(-b)C(0).0
    sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                              0.832
    sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
                               0.719 0.975
    sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
                                              0.994
                               0.657 0.945
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0 -0.679 -0.599
                                             -0.518
                                                      -0.474
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1 -0.571 -0.688
                                             -0.671
                                                      -0.650
                                                               -0.032
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2 -0.497 -0.672
                                             -0.689
                                                      -0.685
                                                                0.742
                                             -0.687
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 -0.453 -0.653
                                                      -0.691
                                                               -0.025
                                             -0.003
   Sin(2 * pi * datey)1
                             -0.005 -0.006
                                                      -0.001
                                                                0.016
   Sin(2 * pi * datey)2
                             -0.007 -0.005
                                             -0.001
                                                       0.001
                                                                -0.015
                             s2(-b)C(0).1 s2(-b)C(0).2 s2(-b)C(0).3 S(2*p*d)1
    sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
    sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
    sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2 -0.051
    sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3  0.946
                                           -0.047
   Sin(2 * pi * datey)1
                             -0.013
                                           0.021
                                                        -0.020
   Sin(2 * pi * datey)2
                                          -0.026
                                                        0.025
                                                                      0.007
                               0.030
   Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
            Min
                          Q1
                                      Med
                                                     QЗ
                                                                 Max
    -3.743602439 -0.633286792 -0.003526948 0.642603214 3.533283785
```

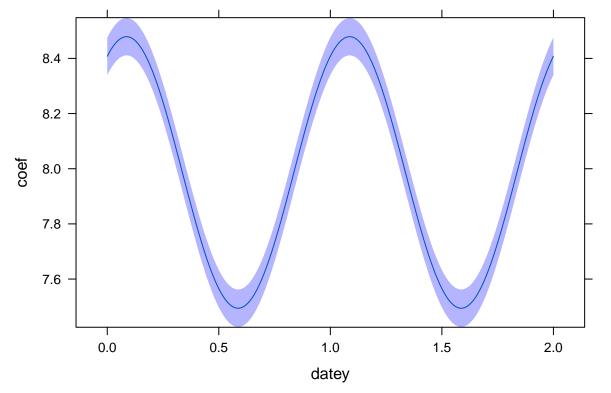
```
Number of Observations: 7000
Number of Groups: 1000
```

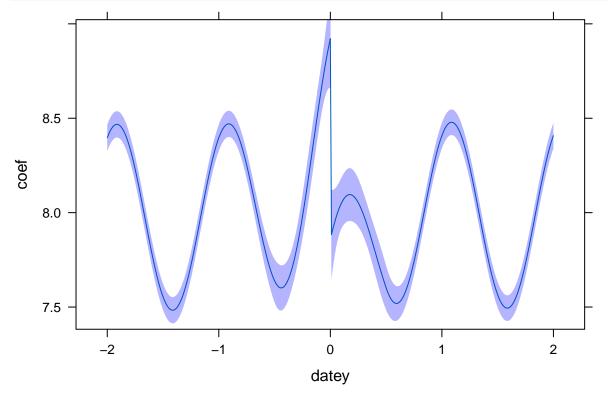
summary(fit3o)

```
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
  Data: dd
     AIC
              BIC
                     logLik
  13655.9 13738.12 -6815.948
Random effects:
Formula: ~1 | id
        (Intercept) Residual
StdDev: 0.9939113 0.504777
Fixed effects: sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(2 * pi * datey)
                              Value Std.Error DF t-value p-value
(Intercept)
                           8.500148
                                      0.12914 5991 65.81977 0.0000
sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                           1.095123
                                      1.67097 5991 0.65538 0.5122
sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
                          -0.429922 12.03884 5991 -0.03571 0.9715
sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
                          -7.757657 36.34439 5991 -0.21345 0.8310
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0 -1.062551 0.17969 5991 -5.91340 0.0000
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1 -0.162579
                                     2.43079 5991 -0.06688 0.9467
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2
                          7.623092 17.46172 5991 0.43656 0.6624
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 -29.658545 52.58882 5991 -0.56397 0.5728
Sin(2 * pi * datey)1
                           0.254869
                                     0.00925 5991 27.54273 0.0000
Sin(2 * pi * datey)2
                           0.421299 0.00920 5991 45.79514 0.0000
Correlation:
                         (Intr) s2(-b)D1 s2(-b)D2 s2(-b)D3 s2(-b)C(0).0
sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                          0.832
sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
                          0.719 0.975
sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
                          0.657 0.945
                                          0.994
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0 -0.679 -0.599
                                        -0.518
                                                -0.474
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1 -0.571 -0.688
                                         -0.671
                                                  -0.650
                                                          -0.032
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2 -0.497 -0.672
                                        -0.689
                                                 -0.685
                                                          0.742
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 -0.453 -0.653
                                         -0.687
                                                  -0.691 -0.025
Sin(2 * pi * datey)1
                         -0.005 -0.006
                                         -0.003
                                                  -0.001
                                                           0.016
Sin(2 * pi * datey)2
                         -0.007 -0.005
                                        -0.001
                                                   0.001
                                                           -0.015
                         s2(-b)C(0).1 s2(-b)C(0).2 s2(-b)C(0).3 S(2*p*d)1
sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2 -0.051
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 0.946
                                      -0.047
Sin(2 * pi * datey)1
                         -0.013
                                      0.021
                                                   -0.020
Sin(2 * pi * datey)2
                          0.030
                                      -0.026
                                                    0.025
                                                                 0.007
Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
                      Q1
                                  Med
-3.740828341 -0.632796684 -0.003509994 0.642116499 3.530681040
Number of Observations: 7000
Number of Groups: 1000
```

```
getG(fit3)
   Random effects variance covariance matrix
                (Intercept)
    (Intercept)
                    0.98682
      Standard Deviations: 0.99339
getG(fit3o)
   Random effects variance covariance matrix
                (Intercept)
    (Intercept)
                    0.98786
      Standard Deviations: 0.99391
getR(fit3)
    id 1
   Conditional variance covariance matrix
                   2
                            3
                                    4
    1 0.25442 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
    2 0.00000 0.25442 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
   3 0.00000 0.00000 0.25442 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
   4 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.25442 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
   5 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.25442 0.00000 0.00000
   6 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.25442 0.00000
   7 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.25442
      Standard Deviations: 0.5044 0.5044 0.5044 0.5044 0.5044 0.5044
getR(fit3o)
    id 1
   Conditional variance covariance matrix
                 2
                        3
                               4
   1 0.2548 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
   2 0.0000 0.2548 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
   3 0.0000 0.0000 0.2548 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
   4 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.2548 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
   5 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.2548 0.0000 0.0000
   6 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.2548 0.0000
   7 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.2548
      Standard Deviations: 0.50478 0.50478 0.50478 0.50478 0.50478 0.50478 0.50478
Estimating seasonal pattern:
preds <- data.frame(datey = seq(0,2,.01))</pre>
preds$birthy <- preds$datey - 2</pre>
                                  # to move birth out of the way
preds$fit3 <- predict(fit3, newdata = preds, level = 0)</pre>
with(preds, plot(datey, fit3, type = '1'))
```







Combines seasonal and birth effects showing predicted patterns for a birth on January 1.

To isolate seasonal and birth effects we would need to reparameterize the model to allow unlinking the variable used for calendar date from the variable used for time pre/post birth.

This is left as an exercise. (Challenge: medium)

Fitting higher harmonics

```
Linear mixed-effects model fit by REML
Data: dd
    AIC BIC logLik
13690.76 13800.38 -6829.378

Random effects:
Formula: ~1 | id
    (Intercept) Residual
```

StdDev: 0.9938603 0.5048109

```
Fixed effects: sleep ~ sp2(datey - birthy) + Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey) + Sin(2 *
                                                                                    2 * pi * datey
                                                DF t-value p-value
                               Value Std.Error
(Intercept)
                            8.497015
                                      0.12920 5987 65.76594 0.0000
sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                           1.022949
                                      1.67225 5987 0.61172 0.5407
sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
                           -0.993524 12.04851 5987 -0.08246 0.9343
sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
                           -9.476648 36.37328 5987 -0.26054 0.7945
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0
                          -1.061064
                                      0.17975 5987 -5.90301 0.0000
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1 -0.067145
                                      2.43268 5987 -0.02760 0.9780
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2
                           8.057741 17.47070 5987 0.46121 0.6447
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 -27.625040 52.62973 5987 -0.52489 0.5997
Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)1
                           0.254924
                                      0.00926 5987 27.54186 0.0000
                                      0.00921 5987 45.78260 0.0000
Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)2
                           0.421517
Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)1
                          -0.010929
                                      0.00932 5987 -1.17309 0.2408
Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)2
                           -0.001708
                                      0.00913 5987 -0.18709 0.8516
Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1
                           -0.009974
                                      0.00922 5987 -1.08218 0.2792
Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datev)2
                          -0.007817
                                      0.00918 5987 -0.85177 0.3944
 Correlation:
                          (Intr) s2(-b)D1 s2(-b)D2 s2(-b)D3 s2(-b)C(0).0
sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
                           0.832
sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
                           0.719 0.975
sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
                           0.657 0.945
                                          0.994
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0 -0.679 -0.599
                                          -0.518
                                                  -0.474
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1 -0.571 -0.688
                                         -0.671
                                                  -0.650
                                                           -0.031
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2 -0.497 -0.672
                                         -0.689
                                                  -0.685
                                                            0.742
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 -0.453 -0.654
                                         -0.687
                                                  -0.691
                                                           -0.025
Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)1 -0.006 -0.006
                                         -0.003
                                                  -0.001
                                                            0.016
Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)2 -0.007 -0.006
                                         -0.002
                                                   0.000
                                                           -0.015
                                          0.030
                                                   0.030
Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)1
                          0.019 0.029
                                                           -0.007
Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)2
                          0.012 0.015
                                          0.013
                                                   0.012
                                                           -0.022
Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1
                         -0.011 -0.007
                                          -0.006
                                                   -0.006
                                                            0.006
Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)2
                                           0.020
                                                    0.020
                                                            -0.003
                          0.014 0.017
                          s2(-b)C(0).1 s2(-b)C(0).2 s2(-b)C(0).3 S(1*2*p*d)1
sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2 -0.051
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3 0.946
                                       -0.047
Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)1 -0.013
                                       0.021
                                                   -0.019
Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)2
                                       -0.026
                                                    0.026
                                                                 0.008
                          0.031
Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)1
                         -0.030
                                                   -0.026
                                                                -0.004
                                      -0.014
Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)2
                          0.005
                                       -0.026
                                                    0.010
                                                                 0.013
Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1
                          0.011
                                      -0.001
                                                                 0.006
                                                    0.009
                                      -0.004
Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)2
                         -0.021
                                                   -0.024
                                                                -0.012
                          S(1*2*p*d)2 S(2*2*p*d)1 S(2*2*p*d)2 S(3*2*p*d)1
sp2(datey - birthy)D1(0)
sp2(datey - birthy)D2(0)
sp2(datey - birthy)D3(0)
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).0
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).1
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).2
```

```
sp2(datey - birthy)C(0).3
   Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)1
   Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)2
   Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)1 -0.015
   Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)2
                             0.017
                                         -0.001
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1
                            0.012
                                         -0.003
                                                     -0.017
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)2 -0.028
                                         0.020
                                                     0.013
                                                                -0.006
   Standardized Within-Group Residuals:
            Min
                          Q1
                                      Med
                                                    QЗ
   -3.749540694 -0.631159258 -0.004632081 0.641790295 3.523068562
   Number of Observations: 7000
   Number of Groups: 1000
We can test higher harmonics with a Wald test or with a LR test
wald(fit4, 'Sin\\(3')
           numDF denDF
                        F-value p-value
               2 5987 0.9537905 0.38534
   Sin\(3
                            Estimate Std.Error DF t-value p-value Lower 0.95
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1 -0.009974 0.009216 5987 -1.082177 0.27922 -0.028041
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)2 -0.007817 0.009177 5987 -0.851774 0.39437 -0.025807
                            Upper 0.95
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1 0.008094
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)2 0.010173
wald(fit4, 'Sin\\([23]')
              numDF denDF F-value p-value
   Sin\\([23] 4 5987 0.8226071 0.51051
                            Estimate Std.Error DF t-value p-value Lower 0.95
   Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)1 -0.010929 0.009316 5987 -1.173091 0.24081 -0.029193
   Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)2 -0.001708 0.009129 5987 -0.187089 0.85160 -0.019605
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1 -0.009974 0.009216 5987 -1.082177 0.27922 -0.028041
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)2 -0.007817 0.009177 5987 -0.851774 0.39437 -0.025807
                            Upper 0.95
   Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)1 0.007335
   Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey) 2 0.016189
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1 0.008094
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)2 0.010173
wald(fit4, 'Sin\\([123]')
               numDF denDF F-value p-value
   Sin\\([123]
                   6 5987 473.4823 < .00001
                            Estimate Std.Error DF
                                                     t-value
                                                              p-value Lower 0.95
   Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)1 0.254924 0.009256 5987 27.541861 <.00001 0.236779
   Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)2 0.421517 0.009207 5987 45.782595 <.00001 0.403468
   Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)1 -0.010929 0.009316 5987 -1.173091 0.24081 -0.029193
   Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)2 -0.001708 0.009129 5987 -0.187089 0.85160 -0.019605
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1 -0.009974 0.009216 5987 -1.082177 0.27922 -0.028041
   Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)2 -0.007817 0.009177 5987 -0.851774 0.39437 -0.025807
                            Upper 0.95
   Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)1 0.273069
   Sin(1 * 2 * pi * datey)2 0.439566
```

```
Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)1 0.007335
    Sin(2 * 2 * pi * datey)2 0.016189
    Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)1 0.008094
    Sin(3 * 2 * pi * datey)2 0.010173
anova(update(fit3, method = 'ML'), update(fit4, method = "ML"))
                                Model df
                                              AIC
                                                       BIC
                                                              logLik
                                                                       Test L.Ratio
    update(fit3, method = "ML")
                                    1 12 13645.35 13727.59 -6810.676
    update(fit4, method = "ML")
                                    2 16 13650.06 13759.71 -6809.027 1 vs 2 3.29655
                                p-value
    update(fit3, method = "ML")
    update(fit4, method = "ML") 0.5095
```

Note how close the p-values are from the two tests