

1. 0/1 Knapsack Problem: Packing a Survival Kit backpack

You are preparing a survival kit backpack for a hiking trip. The backpack can hold a maximum weight of 15kg, and you have a list of items with their respective weights and survival values (how useful they are). Determine which items to take so that the total weight does not exceed 15 kg and the survival value is maximized. Write a C++ program to implement 0/1 Knapsack algorithm to compute the best combination of items for maximum survival value.

You must choose from the following items:

| Item | Weight (kg) | Survival Value |
|---------------|-------------|----------------|
| First Aid Kit | 5 | 60 |
| Water Bottle | 3 | 50 |
| Food Supplies | 4 | 70 |
| Warm Clothes | 6 | 80 |
| Flashlight | 2 | 30 |
| Map & Compass | 1 | 20 |

```

1 // knapsack problem for max profit
2 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
3
4 using namespace std;
5
6 int main()
7 {
8     int n = 6, m = 15;
9     int p[n+1] = {0, 60, 50, 70, 80, 30, 20};
10    int wt[n+1] = {0, 5, 3, 4, 6, 2, 1};
11    int k[n+1][m+1];
12
13    for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++)
14    {
15        for (int w = 0; w <= m; w++)
16        {
17            if (i == 0 || w == 0)
18                k[i][w] = 0;
19            else if (wt[i] <= w)
20                k[i][w] = max(p[i] + k[i-1][w-wt[i]], k[i-1][w]);
21            else
22                k[i][w] = k[i-1][w];
23        }
24    }
25
26    int maxProfit = k[n][m];
27    cout << "Maximum Profit: " << maxProfit << endl;
28
29    int w = m;
30    vector<int> includedItems;
31
32    for (int i = n; i > 0 && w > 0; i--)
33    {
34        if (k[i][w] != k[i-1][w])
35        {
36

```

DP Table:

```

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 50 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60
0 0 50 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60
0 0 50 70 70 120 130 130 180 180 180
0 0 50 70 70 120 130 130 180 180 180
0 0 50 70 70 120 130 150 180 200 210
0 0 30 50 70 80 100 120 150 160 180 200 210 230
0 20 30 50 70 80 100 120 140 150 170 180 200 220 230

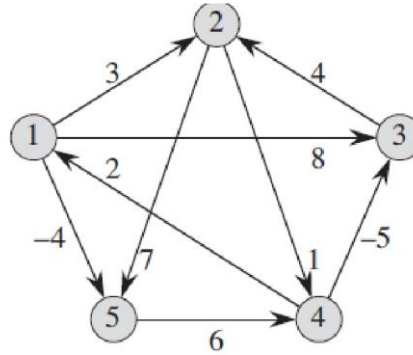
```

Included Items: 2 3 4 5

Maximum Profit: 230

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 0.160 s

- Write a C++ program to implement Floyd-Warshall algorithm to find the shortest paths between all vertices in the following directed weighted graph.



```

shortest_path.cpp - Code::Blocks 20.03
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Knapsack.cpp X shortest_path.cpp X
1 // shortest path finding
2 // Floyd-Warshall algorithm
3 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
4
5 using namespace std;
6
7 int main()
8 {
9     vector<vector<int>> A =
10     {
11         {0, 3, 8, INT_MAX, -4},
12         {INT_MAX, 0, INT_MAX, 1, 7},
13         {INT_MAX, 4, 0, INT_MAX, INT_MAX},
14         {2, INT_MAX, -5, 0, INT_MAX},
15         {INT_MAX, INT_MAX, INT_MAX, 6, 0}
16     };
17     int n = A.size();
18     for(int k=0; k<n; k++)
19     {
20         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
21         {
22             for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
23             {
24                 if (A[i][k] != INT_MAX && A[k][j] != INT_MAX)
25                     A[i][j] = min(A[i][j], A[i][k] + A[k][j]);
26             }
27         }
28     }
29     for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
30     {
31         for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
32         {
33             cout<<A[i][j]<<" ";
34         }
35         cout<<endl;
36     }
37     return 0;
38 }

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 0.135 s
Press any key to continue.

```