LECTURE 15

Supplementary material

- 1. Exceptional endings in the Prepositional Case.
- 2. Conjugation of the verb "пить" (to drink).
- 3. Possessive Pronouns in the Prepositional Case.

Section 1:

Adjective ending "ем" (in Masculine and Neuter Singular forms) and ending "ей" (in Feminine Singular form) have certain exceptional cases. We use this ending with soft "ний" adjectives such as си́ний (blue), ра́нний (early) — си́нем and ра́ннем.

We also use this ending for adjectives that fall under the **7 letter spelling rule**, such as хоро́ший → хоро́шем. However, adjectives ending in "ий" preceded by letters г, к and х end in "ом" in the Prepositional Masculine and Neuter Singular forms, e.g.: ма́ленький → ма́леньком.

Another rule that we ought to keep in mind when dealing with these endings is the **stress spelling rule**, which states that unstressed o is replaced by e after ж, ч, ш, щ, ц. So, хоро́шая becomes хоро́шей rather than хоро́шой, because the o in the ending is not stressed, but большая becomes большо́й because it is stressed in the Feminine Singular form.

Section 2:

пить – to drink (1st conjugation)

я пью ты пьёшь он/она пьёт мы пьём вы пьёте они пьют

Section 3:

Possessive Pronouns in the Prepositional Case

	Му	Your	His	Her	Our		Y	our 7	heir
M.	мой моём	твой твоём	его́	eë	наш <mark>на́ц</mark>	цем	ваш	вашем	ΙИХ
F.	моя́ мое́й	твоя́ твое́й	его́	еë	на́ша <mark>на́ц</mark>	ıей	ва́ша	ва́шей	ИХ
N.	моё мо ём	твоё тво ём	его́	еë	нáше нáц	Јем	ваше	вашем	ИХ
Р.	мой МО ЙХ	твой ТВО ЙХ	его́	еë	наши на́ц	KNΠ	ваши	ваших	их

The above table contains Possessive Pronouns in the Nominative Case in black and Possessive Pronouns in the Prepositional case in colour. Remember that his/her/their forms do not change, e.g.:

Мы у́жинаем на его́ ку́хне. (We have dinner in his kitchen) Мы у́жинаем на на́шей ку́хне. (We have dinner in our kitchen)