## EX.NO:8 PAGE REPLACEMENT ALGORITHMS

**DATE:** 

#### AIM:

To write a C program for implementation of FIFO, LRU, and Optimal page replacement algorithm.

#### FIFO PAGE REPLACEMENT:

#### **ALGORITHM:**

```
STEP 1: Start.
```

STEP 2: Declare the necessary variables.

STEP 3: Enter the number of frames.

STEP 4: Enter the reference string end with zero.

STEP 5: FIFO page replacement selects the page that has been in memory the longest time and when the

page must be replaced the oldest page is chosen.

STEP 6: When a page is brought into memory, it is inserted at the tail of the queue.

STEP 7: Initially all the three frames are empty.

STEP 8: The page fault range increases as the no of allocated frames also increases.

STEP 9: Print the total number of page faults.

STEP 10: Stop

### **CODE:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
{
    char str[20];
    printf("Enter a reference string:");
    gets(str);
    int len=strlen(str);
    int pageFaults = 0;
    int frames = 3;
    int m, n, s, pages,i;
```

```
int incomingStream[20];
for(i=0;i< len;i++){
incomingStream[i]=str[i]-48;
}
pages = sizeof(incomingStream)/sizeof(incomingStream[0]);
printf(" Incoming \t\t Frame 1 \t\t Frame 2 \t\t Frame 3 ");
int temp[ frames ];
for(m = 0; m < frames; m++)
temp[m] = -1;
for(m = 0; m < pages; m++)
s = 0;
for(n = 0; n < frames; n++)
if(incomingStream[m] == temp[n])
{
s++;
pageFaults--;
pageFaults++;
if((pageFaults \leftarrow frames) && (s == 0))
temp[m] = incomingStream[m];
}
else if(s == 0)
temp[(pageFaults - 1) % frames] = incomingStream[m];
```

```
printf("\n");
printf("%d\t\t\t",incomingStream[m]);
for(n = 0; n < frames; n++)
{
    if(temp[n] != -1)
    printf(" %d\t\t\t", temp[n]);
    else
    printf(" - \t\t\t");
} }
printf("\nTotal Page Faults:\t%d\n", pageFaults);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

## **OUTPUT:**

### LRU PAGE REPLACEMENT:

## **ALGORITHM:**

STEP 1: Start.

STEP 2: Declare the size

STEP 3: Get the number of pages to be inserted

STEP 4: Get the value

STEP 5: Declare counter and stack

STEP 6: Select the least recently used page by counter value

```
STEP 7: Stack them according the selection.
STEP 8: Display the values
STEP 9: Stop.
CODE:
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{
int q[20],p[50],c=0,c1,d,f,i,j,k=0,n,r,t,b[20],c2[20];
printf("Enter no of pages:");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Enter the reference string:");
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
scanf("%d",&p[i]);
printf("Enter no of frames:");
scanf("%d",&f);
q[k]=p[k];
printf("\n\t\%\ d\n",q[k]);
c++;
k++;
for(i=1;i< n;i++)
{
c1=0;
for(j=0;j< f;j++)
if(p[i]!=q[j])
c1++;
if(c1==f)
{ c++;
if(k < f)
\{q[k]=p[i];
k++;
```

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```
for(j=0;j< k;j++)
printf("\t\%d",q[j]);
printf("\n");
}
else {
for(r=0;r< f;r++)
c2[r]=0;
for(j=i-1;j< n;j--)
{
if(q[r]!=p[j])
c2[r]++;
else
break;
} }
for(r=0;r<f;r++)
b[r]=c2[r];
for(r=0;r<f;r++)
{ for(j=r;j<f;j++)
\{if(b[r] < b[j])
{t=b[r]};
b[r]=b[j];
b[j]=t;
} }
for(r=0;r<f;r++)
\{ if(c2[r]==b[0]) \}
q[r]=p[i];
printf("\t\%d",q[r]);
}
printf("\n");
} }
```

```
printf("\nThe no of page faults is %d",c);
}
```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
Enter no of pages:20
Enter the reference string:7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2 3 0 3 2 1 2 0 1 7 0 1
Enter no of frames:3

7
7
7
1
7
1
2
0
1
2
0
3
2
0
3
4
0
2
4
3
2
4
3
2
0
3
2
1
0
7
1
The no of page faults is 12
```

### **OPTIMAL REPLACEMENT:**

#### **ALGORITHM:**

```
STEP 1: Start.
```

STEP 2: Declare the size

STEP 3: Get the number of pages to be inserted

STEP 4: Get the value

STEP 5: Declare counter and stack

STEP 6: Select the least frequently used page by counter value

STEP 7: Stack them according the selection.

STEP 8: Display the values

STEP 9: Stop.

## CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int search(int key, int frame_items[], int frame_occupied)
{
  for (int i = 0; i < frame_occupied; i++)
  if (frame_items[i] == key)
  return 1;
  return 0;</pre>
```

```
}
void printOuterStructure(int max_frames){
printf("Incoming ");
for(int i = 0; i < max\_frames; i++)
printf("\tFrame%d\t", i+1);
}
void printCurrFrames(int item, int frame_items[], int frame_occupied, int max_frames){
printf("\n%d \t\t", item);
for(int i = 0; i < max\_frames; i++){
if(i < frame_occupied)</pre>
printf(" %d \t\t", frame_items[i]);
else
printf(" - \t \t '');
int predict(int ref_str[], int frame_items[], int refStrLen, int index, int frame_occupied)
int result = -1, farthest = index;
for (int i = 0; i < frame_occupied; i++) {
int j;
for (j = index; j < refStrLen; j++)
if (frame_items[i] == ref_str[j])
if (j > farthest) {
farthest = j;
result = i;
break;
 }
if (j == refStrLen)
```

```
return i;
}
return (result == -1) ? 0 : result;
}
void optimalPage(int ref_str[], int refStrLen, int frame_items[], int max_frames)
{
int frame_occupied = 0;
printOuterStructure(max_frames);
int hits = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < refStrLen; i++) {
if (search(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied)) {
hits++;
printCurrFrames(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied, max_frames);
continue;
if (frame_occupied < max_frames){
frame_items[frame_occupied] = ref_str[i];
frame_occupied++;
printCurrFrames(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied, max_frames);
}
else {
int pos = predict(ref_str, frame_items, refStrLen, i + 1, frame_occupied);
frame_items[pos] = ref_str[i];
printCurrFrames(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied, max_frames);
 }
 }
printf("\nNo. of Page Faults: %d", refStrLen - hits);
}
int main()
{
int i;
char str[20];
```

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```
printf("Enter a reference string:");
  gets(str);
int len=strlen(str);
int ref_str[20];
for(i=0;i<len;i++){
  ref_str[i]=str[i]-48;
}
  int refStrLen = sizeof(ref_str) / sizeof(ref_str[0]);
  int max_frames = 3;
  int frame_items[max_frames];
  optimalPage(ref_str, refStrLen, frame_items, max_frames);
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

## **OUTPUT:**

7 0 - 1 7 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1		Frame1	Frame2	Frame3
7 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 3 3 2 0 3 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1	,			
2 0 1 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1	)		Θ	
2 0 1 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1			Θ	1
2 0 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 9 3 3 9 3 2 9 3 3 9 3 2 9 1 2 9 1 2 9 1 2 9 1 7 9 9 1 7 9 9 1		2	Θ	1
2 0 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 9 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1 7 0 1	)	2	Θ	
2 4 3 2 4 3 2 4 3 2 9 3 2 9 3 2 9 3 2 9 1 2 9 1 2 9 1 2 9 1 7 9 1 7 9 1		2	Θ	
2 4 3 2 4 3 2 9 3 2 9 3 2 9 3 2 9 1 2 9 1 2 9 1 2 9 1 7 9 1 7 9 1		2	Θ	
2 4 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1 7 0 1	1	2	4	
2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1 7 0 1	2	2	4	
2 0 3 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1 7 0 1	3	2	4	
2 0 3 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1 7 0 1	)	2	Θ	3
2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1 7 0 1	3	2	Θ	
2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1 7 0 1	2	2	Θ	3
2 0 1 2 0 1 7 0 1 7 0 1		2	Θ	1
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2	Θ	1
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	)	2	Θ	1
7 0 1		2	Θ	1
7 0 1	,	7	Θ	1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	)	7	Θ	1
o. of Page Faults: 9		7	Θ	1
	lo. of Page	Faults: 9		

Observation (20)	
Record(5)	
Total (25)	
Intial	

# **RESULT:**

Thus the c program for implementing Paging technique for memory management are executed successfully and the outputs are verified