PROCESS SCHEDULING

- ❖ CPU scheduling is used in multiprogrammed operating systems.
- ❖ By switching CPU among processes, efficiency of the system can be improved.
- ❖ Some scheduling algorithms are FCFS, SJF, Priority, Round-Robin, etc.
- ❖ Gantt chart provides a way of visualizing CPU scheduling and enables to understand better.

FIRST COME FIRST SERVE (FCFS):

- Process that comes first is processed first
- ❖ FCFS scheduling is non-preemptive
- ❖ Not efficient as it results in long average waiting time.
- ❖ Can result in starvation, if processes at beginning of the queue have long bursts.

SHORTEST JOB FIRST (SJF):

- Process that requires smallest burst time is processed first.
- ❖ SJF can be preemptive or non–preemptive
- ❖ When two processes require same amount of CPU utilization, FCFS is used to break the tie.
- ❖ Generally efficient as it results in minimal average waiting time.
- ❖ Can result in starvation, since long critical processes may not be processed.

PRIORITY:

- Process that has higher priority is processed first.
- ❖ Prioirty can be preemptive or non–preemptive
- ❖ When two processes have same priority, FCFS is used to break the tie.
- ❖ Can result in starvation, since low priority processes may not be processed.

ROUND ROBIN:

- ❖ All processes are processed one by one as they have arrived, but in rounds.
- ❖ Each process cannot take more than the time slice per round.
- * Round robin is a fair preemptive scheduling algorithm.
- ❖ A process that is yet to complete in a round is preempted after the time slice and put at the end of thequeue.
- ❖ When a process is completely processed, it is removed from the queue.

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EX.NO: 1a

FCFS SHEDULING

DATE: 03.02.2023

AIM:

To schedule snapshot of processes queued according to FCFS (First Come First Serve) scheduling.

ALGORITHM:

- 1. Define an array of structure process with members process, burst time, waiting time and ttime.
- 2. Get length of the ready queue, i.e., number of process (say n)
- 3. Obtain burst time for each process.
- 4. The waiting time for first process is 0.
- 5. Compute waiting time and turnaround time for each process as:
- a. waiting time (i+1) = waiting time (i) + burst time (i)
- b. turnaround time (i) = waiting time (i) + burst time(i)
- 6. Compute average waiting time and average turnaround time
- 7. Display the burst time, turnaround time and waiting time for each process.
- 8. Display GANTT chart for the above scheduling
- 9. Display average waiting time and average turnaround time
- 10. Stop

CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
//global variables
int n,wt[10],bt[10],tat[10];
//Calculating waiting time for each process
void waitingtime(){
       int i;
       wt[0]=0;
       for(i=1;i< n;i++)
               wt[i]=bt[i-1]+wt[i-1];
//Calculating turnaround time for each process
void turnaroundtime(){
       int i;
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               tat[i]=wt[i]+bt[i];
}
```

```
//Calculating the average waiting time and turnaround time
void average(){
       int twt=0,ttat=0;
       float awt, atat;
       int i;
       waitingtime();
       turnaroundtime();
       printf("Wating time and turnaround time for each process: \n");
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               printf("Process %d\t%d\t%d\n",i+1,wt[i],tat[i]);
               twt+=wt[i];
               ttat+=tat[i];
        }
       awt=(float)twt/n;
       atat=(float)ttat/n;
       printf("The average waiting time: %f\n",awt);
       printf("The average turnaround time: \% f \mid n", atat);
}
//Dispalying the gantt chart
void ganttchart(){
       int i;
       printf("The Gantt Chart \n");
       printf("| ");
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               printf("P%d | ",i+1);
       printf("\n0");
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               printf("%d ",tat[i]);
}
//Main function
int main(){
       int i:
       printf("\t\tFCFS Scheduling\n");
       printf("Enter the number of process : ");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       printf("Enter the burst time of the each process: \n");
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               printf("Process %d :",i+1);
               scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
        }
       average();
       ganttchart();
       return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
FCFS Scheduling
Enter the number of process : 3
Enter the burst time of the each process:
Process 1:24
Process 2 :3
Process 3 :3
Wating time and turnaround time for each process:
               0
                       24
Process 2
               24
                        27
Process 3
               27
                        30
The average waiting time: 17.000000
The average turnaround time: 27.000000
The Gantt Chart
P1 | P2 | P3 |
   24
       27
             30
Process exited after 8.082 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

RESULT:

Thus Waiting time and Turnaround time for processes based on FCFS scheduling was computed and the average waiting time was determined.

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EX NO: 1b

SJF SCHEDULING

DATE:03.02.2023

AIM:

To schedule snapshot of processes queued according to SJF (Shortest Job First) scheduling.

ALGORITHM:

- 1. Define an array of structure process with members pid, btime, wtime & Define amp; ttime.
- 2. Get length of the ready queue, i.e., number of process (say n)
- 3. Obtain brime for each process.
- 4. Sort the processes according to their brime in ascending order.
 - a. If two process have same burst time, then FCFS is used to resolve the tie.
- 5. The waiting time for first process is 0.
- 6. Compute waiting time and turnaround time for each process as:

```
a. Waiting time (i+1) = Waiting time (i) + burst time (i)
```

- b. Turnaround time (i) = Waiting time (i) + burst time (i)
- 7. Compute average waiting time and average turnaround time.
- 8. Display burst time, turnaround time and waiting time for each process.
- 9. Display GANTT chart for the above scheduling
- 10. Display average waiting time and average turnaround time.
- 11. Stop

CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>

//global variable
int n,process[10],bt[10],wt[10],tat[10];

// Sort the burst time -- selection sort technique is used void sortbt(){
    int i,j,pos,temp;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        pos=i;
        for(j=i+1;j<n;j++){
            if(bt[j]<bt[pos])
            pos=j;
    }
</pre>
```

```
//burst time is swapped
               temp=bt[pos];
               bt[pos]=bt[i];
               bt[i]=temp;
               //Process number is swapped
               temp=process[pos];
               process[pos]=process[i];
               process[i]=temp;
        }
}
//Calculating the waiting time
void waitingtime(){
       int i;
       wt[0]=0;
       for(i=1;i< n;i++)
               wt[i]=bt[i-1]+wt[i-1];
}
//Calculating the turn around time
void turnaroundtime(){
       int i;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
               tat[i]=bt[i]+wt[i];
}
//Calculating the average waiting time and turnaround time
void average(){
       float awt, atat;
       int twt=0,ttat=0,i;
       sortbt();
       waitingtime();
       turnaroundtime();
       printf("Waiting time and Turn around time for each process: \n");
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               printf("Process %d:\t%d\t%d\n",process[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
               ttat+=tat[i];
               twt+=wt[i];
       awt=(float)twt/n;
       atat=(float)ttat/n;
       printf("The average of the waiting time: \% f \mid n",awt);
       printf("The average of the turnaround time : %f\n",atat);
//Displaying the gantt chart
void ganttchart(){
       int i;
       printf("| ");
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
               printf("P%d | ",process[i]);
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```

```
printf("\n0 ");
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
                printf("%d ",tat[i]);
}
//Main function
void main(){
        int i;
        clrscr();
        printf("\t\t\SJF\n");
        printf("Enter the number of the process: ");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        printf("Enter \ the \ burst \ time \ of \ the \ each \ process: \ \ \ \ "");
        for(i=0;i< n;i++)
                printf("Process%d: ",i+1);
                scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
                process[i]=i+1;
        }
        average();
        ganttchart();
        getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
SJF
Enter the number of the process: 3
Enter the burst time of the each process:
Process1: 24
Process2 : 3
Process3 : 3
Waiting time and Turn around time for each process:
                0
                        3
                3
                        6
Process 3:
Process 1:
                6
                        30
The average of the waiting time: 3.000000
The average of the turnaround time : 13.000000
P2 | P3 | P1 |
0
     3
          6
               30
```

Observation (20)	
Record(5)	
Total (25)	
Intial	

RESULT:

Thus Waiting time and Turnaround time for processes based on SJF scheduling was computed and the average waiting time was determined.