Technical Report: Speech Buddy

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March 28th, 2017

Speech Buddy Project

Speech Buddy Github

Declaration of Joint Authorship

We, William Anderson, Kevin Dang and Sanjay Jerad, confirm that this work submitted for assessment is our own and is expressed in our own words.

William holds scrum master position. In charge of development at the back-end of the SpeechBuddy project.

Sanjay created the graphical user interface for the android application.

Kevin in charge of data storage for the project. Data stored in an external database.

Our team "Arrested Developers" agree that the Speech Buddy project is a group involvement, using every member's own ideas and knowledge throughout the entire duration of the build.

Any uses made within it of the works of any other author, in any form (ideas, equations, figures, texts, tables, programs), are properly acknowledged at the point of use. Any outside knowledge we used for the creation of the project, will be cited down in the references at the bottom of the TR. We acknowledge any work used that does not belong to us and respect their proper ownership.

It is mandatory that all sources of information be acknowledged in the TR. Plagiarism is unethical, irresponsible and criminal.

Proposal

Summary

An intelligent voice interface that is able to listen and interpret what the user has spoken. Input will be translated into text and stored in a Database.

Problem

The problem this project solves is that it helps users take simple notes, such as a grocery list or small reminders for when you don't have a pen and paper available. This project will help solved problems where people forget an important detail or appointment, by storing what the user says into a readable text format.

Similar to Apples Siri and Microsoft's Cortana.

Description

As students in the Computer Engineering Technology program, we will be integrating the knowledge and skills we have learned from our program into this Internet of Things themed capstone project. This proposal requests the approval to build the hardware portion that will connect to a Database as well as to a mobile device application. The internet connected hardware will include a custom PCB with sensors and actuators for speech recognition and voice recording. The Database will store what the user says in a readable format saved on a Database. The mobile device functionality will include storage for the recorded text and any reminders and will be further detailed in the mobile application proposal. we will be collaborating with the following company/department, we will not be collaborating with any companies at this moment. The hardware will be completed in CENG 317 Hardware Production Techniques independently and the application will be completed in CENG 319 Software Project. These will be integrated together in the subsequent term in CENG 355 Computer Systems Project.

Background

There are several applications and hardware out there that utilize speech as input, such as Apple's Siri, Microsoft's Cortana or Amazon's Alexa. Some other hardware and software similar to our projects are Digital pens. This piece of hardware records what users write down as input, and saves it in a text format on the computer. In this era there is not much mention of using a person's voice as input, and has not been a part a person's daily lives. You don't see people talking to their phone or microphone everywhere you look.

We have searched for prior art via Humber's IEEE subscription selecting "My Subscribed Content" and have found and read the below articles, which provides insight into similar efforts.

The first article contains information related to text-to-speech output in technology. (Karabetsos, Tsiakoulis, Chalamandaris, & Raptis, 2009)

The second article's information is about discriminating between vocal sounds and environment sounds. (Yuan-Yuan, Xue, & Bin, 2004)

The third article relates to the behaviour of speech with service robots. (Wang, Leung, Kurian, Kim, & Yoon, 2010)

In the Computer Engineering Technology program we have learned about the following topics from the respective relevant courses:

- · Java Docs from CENG 212 Programming Techniques In Java,
- Construction of circuits from CENG 215 Digital And Interfacing Systems,

- Rapid application development and Gantt charts from CENG 216 Intro to Software Engineering,
- Micro computing from CENG 252 Embedded Systems,
- SQL from CENG 254 Database With Java,
- Web access of Databases from CENG 256 Internet Scripting; and,
- Wireless protocols such as 802.11 from TECH152 Telecom Networks.

This knowledge and skill set will enable us to build the subsystems and integrate them together as my capstone project.

Methodology and Schedule

Phase 1 Hardware build.

Phase 2 System integration.

Phase 3 Demonstration to future employers.

Phase 1 Hardware build

The hardware build will be completed in the fall term. It will fit within the CENG Project maximum dimensions of $12\ 13/16$ " x 6" x $2\ 7/8$ " (32.5cm x 15.25cm x 7.25cm) which represents the space below the tray in the parts kit. The highest AC voltage that will be used is 16Vrms from a wall adaptor from which $+/-\ 15$ V or as high as 45 VDC can be obtained. Maximum power consumption will be 20 Watts.

Phase 2 System integration

The system integration will be completed in the Winter term.

Phase 3 Demonstration to future employers

This project will showcase the knowledge and skills that we have learned to potential employers.

The tables below provide rough effort and non-labour estimates respectively for each phase. A Gantt chart will be added by week 3 to provide more project schedule details and a more complete budget will be added by week 4. It is important to start tasks as soon as possible to be able to meet deadlines.

Labour Estimates	Hrs	Notes
Phase 1		
Writing proposal.	9	Tech identification quiz.
Creating project schedule. Initial project team meeting.	9	Proposal due.
Creating budget. Status Meeting.	9	Project Schedule due.
Acquiring components and writing progress report.	9	Budget due.
Mechanical assembly and writing progress report. Status Meeting.	9	Progress Report due (components acquired milestone).
PCB fabrication.	9	Progress Report due (Mechanical Assembly milestone).
Interface wiring, Placard design, Status Meeting.	9	PCB Due (power up milestone).
Preparing for demonstration.	9	Placard due.
Writing progress report and	9	Progress Report due (Demonstrations at
demonstrating project.	-	Open House Saturday, November 7, 2015 from 10 a.m 2 p.m.).
Editing build video.	9	Peer grading of demonstrations due.
Incorporation of feedback from demonstration and writing progress report. Status Meeting.	9	30 second build video due.
Practice presentations	9	Progress Report due.

1st round of Presentations, Collaborators	9	Presentation PowerPoint file due.
present.		
and round of Presentations	9	Build instructions up due.
Project videos, Status Meeting.	9	30 second script due.
Phase 1 Total	135	
Phase 2		
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Initial integration.	9	Progress Report
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Testing.	9	Progress Report
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Incorporation of feedback.	9	Progress Report
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Testing.	9	Progress Report
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Prepare for demonstration.	9	Progress Report
Complete presentation.	9	Demonstration at Open House Saturday,
		April 9, 2016 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.
Complete final report. 1st round of	9	Presentation PowerPoint file due.
Presentations.		T' 1 ' 1 1' C' 11 1 .
Write video script. 2nd round of	9	Final written report including final budget
Presentations, delivery of project.		and record of expenditures, covering both
D 1		this semester and the previous semester.
Project videos.	9	Video script due
Phase 2 Total	135	
Phase 3	TDD.	
Interviews	TBD	
Phase 3 Total	TBD	
Matarial Estimator	0	No. 1 a a
Material Estimates	Cost	Notes
Phase 1		
Phase 1 A microcomputer composed of a	Cost \\$120.00	Notes Amazon
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Concluding Remarks

This proposal presents a plan for providing an IoT solution for better planning and helps people set reminders of important details. This is an opportunity to integrate the knowledge and skills developed in our program to create a collaborative IoT capstone project demonstrating my ability to learn how to support projects. I request approval of this project.

Abstract

This report contents information specifying a Voice interface build project. This project hopes to create a fully functioning Voice interface that will complete simple tasks given to it via speech detect. Similar to Apples Siri and Microsoft's Cortana. Information in regards to the build material and cost of this project are listed in this report. Material such as a raspberry Pi, USB microphone and mini speakers were used, in total the SpeechBuddy project's estimated cost is \$230. SpeechBuddy will help people with better planning and organization, letting them set info about important details. This project will roughly take up to 8 months to complete. Data is stored in an external database hosted on Firebase. The android application is a simply structure that displays the list the user created via voice input.

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Illustrations and Diagrams

Introduction

Objective

The objective of this project is to create a usable voice interface that will help people with organization and planning. In this current age of time a mobile phone is carried everywhere and used 24/7. We want to utilize this aspect to create a unique interface with a virtual voice to help others in planning. If a piece of technology is with people the majority of the time, why not use that technology in an effort to help them.

Technical Problem

The problem solved by this project is that it helps users take simple notes, such as a grocery list or small reminders for when you don't have a pen and paper available. This project will help solved problems where people forget an important detail or appointment, by storing what the user says into a readable text format.

Some problems that were encountered in constructing the Speech Buddy, was trying to convert spoken words into text on the Raspberry Pi. We tackled this problem by first utilizing the "espeak" library on the Pi. This did not provide enough efficiency, until we discovered Amazon's Alexa voice service. This voice service allowed us to create specific tasks for the voice to do, making it easier to program speech conversion, and database storage. Another problem was connectivity, the Alexa voice service requires internet access, we have a wired connection using an Ethernet cable. Portability is a big issue.

Project Description

Database Specifications

Database Type

Firebase is the Database type that is used for Speech Buddy. Firebase is a JSON style Database that is organized via encrypted keys. It is incorporated directly in android studio for ease of use with mobile applications wanting to store data online.

Database Tables

There are three tables that are used in the Firebase.

- 1. Users
- 2. ListNames
- 3. ItemNames

Users is the table in which all users who sign up for our Speech Buddy Application are stored. They are given a key as a unique identifier.

ListNames is the table in which the names of list the user created are stored as strings. Each Users own Lists that they have created will be unique to them via an identification key within the table.

ItemNames is the table in which the items under each list are stored. Each Item is unique to the list name it was created under and the user that created it via an identification key within the table.

Database Alteration via User Case Examples

User case: The User Adds a list named "groceries" to their speech buddy.

Consequences: A string element "groceries" and key unique to the user are generated in a new row under the ListNames table.

User case: The User Creates an Account with username steve@abc.com and password "123"

Consequences: A string element (in mandatory email format) "steve@abc.com", a string password "123" and key unique to the newly made user are generated in a new row under the Users Table. All data manipulation under their account will use this identifier, and they must use these credentials to access the application.

User case: The User Adds an Item named "rice" to their "groceries" list.

Consequences: a string element "rice" and key unique to the user are generated in a new row under the ListNames table.

Mobile Application Specifications

Graphical User Interface Specifications

Login Activity: The login screen of the application is the first presented upon launching the application. The user may enter already existing credentials into EditText fields and login, or may choose to go to the sign up activity, both navigations via Buttons.

Sign Up Activity: The sign up screen of the application can be accessed from the login menu. It has two EditText fields for new credentials to be added, which upon submitting via Button will be verified by

the username and password guidelines and added to the user database. Incorrect EditText entries will be communicated via Toast message asking for re-entry.

List Activity: The list activity of the application is comprised of a single list, formatted appropriately, displayed across the width of the screen in both portrait and landscape orientation. It loads it's elements from the database dynamically. If the list length exceeds the screen size, the list becomes scrollable. The top right has the dropdown navigation menu, and add list/delete list buttons.

Items Activity: The item activity of the application is comprised of a single list, formatted appropriately, displayed across the width of the screen in both portrait and landscape orientation. It loads it's elements from the database dynamically. The elements it loads are specific to the parent list and user selected. If the list length exceeds the screen size, the list becomes scrollable. The top right has the dropdown navigation menu, and add item/item list buttons.

About Application Activity: A simple activity describing the purpose and contributors of the Speech Buddy Application via formatted TextViews.

Dropdown Navigation Menu: In the top right corner of post-login activities. Allows the user to Navigate to list pages, the about page, and logout. Also has an option to clear all data from the current users records to start anew.

Additional Note: For ease of use, users may also press and hold list/item elements to delete them. Any deleted list will also delete it's child items.

Database Integration

The Speech Buddy Application uses the integrated Firebase libraries in Android Studio to connect to the database. Once connected online, it actively retrieves data and adds dynamically updates the lists displayed within the application. All new elements added to the users lists and items are independently added to the database as soon as they are entered for optimal up to date accuracy within the database.

User Cases

Test case: 1 Creating tables

Purpose: Purpose is to observe if our application has created a table that contains the columns.

Columns we need are the ID and the name of all list the user created.

Precondition:

Steps:

Expected Result: Table should be created with an ID that auto increments, and content the names for each column

- · Have created a database
- Make the columns need for table (Strings)
- · CREATE table statement
- 1. Create a database using SQLite
- 2. Make column names
- 3. Create a String for the CREATE table
- 4. Run the statement using database.execSQL()
- 5. Go to where database saved and check if it is there
- 6. Open database see if table is there

Test case: 2

Insert data into Table

Purpose: Purpose is to observe if our application can allow users to enter data that will be stored in

a database Precondition:

Steps: Expected Result: Table should be created with an ID that auto increments and the String the user entered in the EditTextView for the correct column

- · Have created a database
- · Have the data needed to insert into table
- ID (auto incremented)
- List name (user enters this)
- 1. Get data to enter (list name) from EditTextView
- 2. Save data in table made variables
- 3. Insert the data into the table one row at a time
- 4. Go to where database saved and check if it is there
- 5. Open database see if table is there

Test case: 3

Delete data into Table

Purpose: Purpose is to let users remove any old list they have or mistakes they have made

Precondition:

Steps:

Expected Result: The data enter by the user should be deleted from the table

- · Have created a database
- Have the data you want to delete needed in the table
- 1. Get the name of the list/data user wants to delete from table
- 2. Create a DELETE statement using that name and the table name
- 3. Run the statement using database.delete()
- 4. Open database and table and see result

Test case: 4

Delete all data on database

Purpose: Remove all the data in the database if user wants a fresh restart with no data

Precondition:

Stens

Expected Result: Database will contain tables with no data

- · Have created a database
- · Have tables with data in them

- 1. Go into setting activity and click button
- 2. Confirm yes or no
- 3. Run delete Statement for all data in columns
- 4. Tables will still exist

Test case: 5 Blank inputs

Purpose: See what will be stored in the database if user enters blank items

Precondition:

Steps:

Expected Result: A blank entry will be created in the database

- · Have created a database
- Text box for user input
- 1. Go into mylists
- 2. Add a list will blank information
- 3. Open database to see result

Test case: 6

Delete using a blank input

Purpose: Observe what when user enters Blank, see how it affects the database

Precondition:

Steps:

Expected Result: Will look for a blank data in table and remove it, if it cannot find data do nothing

- · Have created a database
- Text box for user input
- 1. Go into mylists
- 2. Delete a list will blank information
- 3. Open database to see result

Test case: 7

User hits the back key on application

Purpose: To test if the application will close if user clicks the back key

Precondition:

Steps:

Expected Result: Application should prompt user if they want to exit the application

- · Run the application
- · VM of android phone
- 1. Run the application
- 2. clicks the back key

Test case: 8

Delete using a blank input

Purpose: Observe what when user enters Blank, see how it affects the database

Precondition:

Steps:

Expected Result: Will look for a blank data in table and remove it, if it cannot find data do nothing

- · Have created a database
- · Text box for user input
- 1. Go into mylists
- 2. Delete a list will blank information
- 3. Open database to see result

Test case: 9

Enter a list with the same name as another

Purpose: Test to see if database will create two data entries that are the same

Precondition:

Steps:

Expected Result: If you click any of the listnames with the same name, the item data is the same for

all of them

- · Have created a database
- Enter data for both list and item tables
- 1. Enter 2 entries with the same listname
- 2. Click one of them and enter an item

Application Work Contributions

William: The acting scrum master of the project. William is in charge of back-end development including Java and using libraries and API's. He manages the overall architecture and functionality of the project.

Sanjay: In charge of the Graphical User Interface and User experience. Different Graphical interfaces for both mobile phones and tablets. Designs layouts and recommends functionality to William to be implemented.

Kevin: In charge of data storage, manipulation and maintenance. Created the Firebase database, as well as its internal structure and breakdown to be connected to via Firebase Java libraries.

Additional Web Specifications

Amazon Voice Services

The Speech Buddy Hardware utilizes Amazon Voice Libraries for voice input to be added to the database. In addition to the JavaScript classes built for Speech Buddy, Amazon Voice Services offers basic user searches via an online search engine and can answer simple questions. Use of Amazon Alexa "skill" creation to make use of the libraries to connect to the external Firebase database.

Firebase Database

The Speech Buddy Hardware and application will be utilizing Firebase databases for data storage. The service offers free (to a certain amount of traffic) data hosting and an appropriate size and speed for Speech Buddy's Requirements.

Build Instructions

Build Introduction

Speech Buddy is a voice interface intended to make storage and manipulation of data easier, as well as perform simple various tasks via voice commands. It is intended to make simple everyday tasks, such as adding items to your calendar, easier, as well as inquiries of online information.

System Diagram:

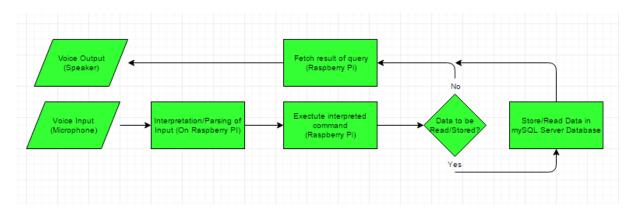


Figure 1:

Build Time

Assuming you have to do no research as you are following our pre-made build method, The approximate time it will take to build a working Speech Buddy is about four to five hours, assuming parts delivery time is not included.

Mechanical Assembly

Setup your raspberry Pi by following the build instruction included in your kit. Connect your external speaker into the pi's 3.5 mm jack and the USB microphone into a USB 2.0 slot. Use acrylic cement to bond case together. The file for the case design can be found on the Speech Buddy website here, the laser cut design is called "casemodel(10).json". If you intent to put Speech Buddy permanently in it's case, it is important to wire the power cord through the designated power slot in the case before sealing the box.

Software Setup

Ensure you have a fresh copy of Rasbian Jesse installed on your Micro SD card for your raspberry pi operating system. Open a terminal on your Pi and type in the command "sudo alsamixer". Select Advanced Options, then Audio Options. Set to force Output through 3.5mm jack.

Speech Buddy uses Amazon Voice Services (AVS). Make sure you have an amazon developer account before continuing, then follow the voice services installation guide provided here:

Amazon Voice Setup (Do Not install the wake word activation). why?

Base on the AVS link provided, the setup is as follows:

First login to your amazon developer account and go to "Alexa". Create a security profile and register a product, when completed this will create a ProductID, ClientID, and ClientSecret. Remember these values for later. Throughout the Voice Setup it will need information for the "web setting" in the Security profile. Enter "https://localhost:3000" for the Allowed Origins, and "https://localhost:3000/authresponse" for the Allowed Return URLs, under "web settings".

On the Raspberry Pi, clone the AVS:

```
git clone https://github.com/alexa/alexa-avs-sample-app.git
```

Navigate the directory created, and edit the "automated_install.sh" and add the ProductID, ClientID, and ClientSecret you got when creating the security profile, to the file. Run this file to install AVS on the Pi, this will roughly take 30 minutes to install AVS.

Alexa Skill with Lamdba

Login to Amazon Web Services (AWS) and go the the console, and search for "Lambda". This service will allow use to create a skill for our Alexa. When in the Lambda page go ahead and create a Lambda function. For the blueprint, click on a blank function. Click on the broken box on the screen and select "Alexa Skills Kit" after hit next. Enter the name and description you want to use, they are not important. Select "Python 2.7" for the Runtime, this is the coding language that the Alexa skill will be using. The actual code of the Speech Buddy skill will be located on our website here, copy the code into the "Lambda function code" section. Moving onto the next portion is setting up the handler and role. Leave the Handler name as is, and choose "Create a custom role" for the Role. This will open up a new tab, select "Create a new IAM Role" for IAM Role and enter a name for it, there is further setup for this but that will be discussed later. After this click allow on the bottom right, this will take you back to configuring the function. Skip the Advanced settings and hit next, hit Create Function.

Take note of the ARN on the top right when you finished creating the function. this is important for later so remember it. There you go you have created an Alexa skill for the Speech Buddy, but you are not done yet. You have created the skill, but still need to connect to the actual Alexa itself.

To connect the Alexa Skill:

Login to your Amazon developer account and click on ALEXA tab. Click "Alexa Skills Kit", you will see a button on the top right, "Add a New Skill" click that. Leave everything as it is and just enter a Name and Invocation Name for the skill. For the interaction Model the Intent Schema and Sample Utterances can be found on our website here, copy them into the Models. Now the important part, in the Configuration, check the "AWS Lambda ARN", after check "North America". Enter the ARN code that was generated when creating the Lambda function.

It is complete now you have connected the Lambda Skill to the Alexa.

As discussed before there is further setup required for the IAM Role. To do this go to the console page on your AWS account, and search for "IAM". When in the IAM page click the "Roles" tab on the left hand side. Select the Role you are using for the Lambda function after selecting, click on the button "Attach Policy". Find the "AmazonDynamoDBFullAccess" and add this Policy to the Role. This Policy will allow for the Lamdba function to access another AWS service, DynamoDB, we will be using this service to store information on a database. The setup for the database will be discussed later in the Build Instructions.

Database Setup

To set up the database for the Alexa skill use this link, database setup. The link is tailored to the owners own project, so using this as a reference guide you can setup the database for your own specifications. Setup is as follows:

The Speech Buddy uses an online database hosted by Amazon Web Services (AWS), called DynamoDB. To use this service you will be required to have a AWS account. When you login into your AWS account

make sure your location on the top right is "North Virginia", if it is not, change it to this. Some services on the AWS are only available in this area. Go to the console page and search for "DynamoDB".

When you are in the DynamoDB page click on the "Create table" button. Enter the name of the table you would like to use, in our case "ListNames", and enter a primary key. The primary key will be the first column of the table, enter "NameId".

After entering the information for table name and primary key click "create" on the bottom right. Give some time for the table to create, and you are done.

To connect the Alexa skill to the DynamoDB database you will need to enter the following code into the lambda function:

```
import boto3
dynamodb = boto3.resource('dynamodb')
table = dynamodb.Table('table name here')
```

Power Up and Testing

To Run AVS open two terminals on the Raspberry Pi:

First Terminal enter:

```
cd ~/Desktop/alexa-avs-sample-app/samples
cd companionService && npm start
```

Second Terminal enter:

```
cd ~/Desktop/alexa-avs-sample-app/samples
cd javaclient && mvn exec:exec
```

A Graphical User Interface (GUI) will appear, follow the instructions on the GUI.

Run the Software to make speech buddy listen as directed above. Speech Buddy will output a basic tone if it is working. It currently has basic capabilities such as simple mathematics, google queries, and time and weather updates. Speech Buddy's location may be incorrect. Test this by asking the current time or weather, and change your location in your amazon profile accordingly.

Conclusion

References

Karabetsos, S., Tsiakoulis, P., Chalamandaris, A., & Raptis, S. (2009). Embedded unit selection text-to-speech synthesis for mobile devices. IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics, 55(2), 613–621. https://doi.org/10.1109/TCE.2009.5174430

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Yuan-Yuan, S., Xue, W., & Bin, S. (2004). Several features for discrimination between vocal sounds and other environmental sounds. In 2004 12th european signal processing conference (pp. 2099–2102).