Data Management Systems Introduction to Design Theory

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Agenda

- ► Functional Dependencies
- Data Anomalies
- ► Normal Forms:
 - 1. 1NF
 - 2. BCNF
 - 3. 3NF

Functional dependencies

"If two tuples of R agree on all of the attributes A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_n then they must also agree on all of another list of attributes B_1, B_2, \ldots, B_m . We write this FD formally as $A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_n \to B_1, B_2, \ldots, B_m$ and say that:

 $ightharpoonup A_1, A_2, ..., A_n$ functionally determine $B_1, B_2, ..., B_m$ "

Garcia-Molina, Ullman, Widom 2008

| Name | Year | Weeks | Degree |
|-------|-----------|-------|----------------------|
| NLP | 2021/2022 | 7 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Science |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | 6 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| DMS | 2020/2021 | 2 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2020/2021 | 4 | Business Analytics |
| | | | |

What is the **FD**?

| Name | Year | Weeks | Degree |
|-------|-----------|-------|----------------------|
| NLP | 2021/2022 | 7 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Science |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | 6 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| DMS | 2020/2021 | 2 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2020/2021 | 4 | Business Analytics |
| | - | | |

 $\textit{name year} \rightarrow \textit{weeks}$

| Name | Year | Weeks | Degree |
|-------|-----------|-------|----------------------|
| NLP | 2021/2022 | 7 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Science |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | 6 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| DMS | 2020/2021 | 2 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2020/2021 | 4 | Business Analytics |

What about: $name\ year \rightarrow degree$

Key

"We say a set of one or more attributes $\{A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n\}$ is a key for a relation R if:

- 1. Those attributes functionally determine all other attributes of the relation. That is, it is impossible for two distinct tuples of R to agree on all of A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_n .
- 2. No proper subset of $\{A_1, A_2, ..., A_n\}$ functionally determines all other attributes of R; i.e., a key must be **minimal**."

Garcia-Molina, Ullman, Widom 2008

Superkey

A Superkey satisfies the first condition:

1. Those attributes functionally determine all other attributes of the relation. That is, it is impossible for two distinct tuples of R to agree on all of A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_n ."

Garcia-Molina, Ullman, Widom 2008

| Name | Year | Weeks | Degree | Count |
|-------|-----------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| NLP | 2021/2022 | 7 | Business Analytics | 57 |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Business Analytics | 45 |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Science | 15 |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Management | 9 |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | 6 | Business Analytics | 58 |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | 6 | Actuarial Management | 19 |
| DMS | 2020/2021 | 2 | Business Analytics | 10 |
| D-Viz | 2020/2021 | 4 | Business Analytics | 80 |

the key: {name, year, degree} possible superkey: {name, year, weeks, degree}

Functional Dependencies

So what?

- Look for FDs;
- Use FDs to design better relation schemas;
- Pay attention to local FDs!

Data Anomalies

- Redundancy: unnecessary repetition of information;
- Update Anomalies: we may replace information of a tuple, but forget about others;
- ▶ Deletion Anomalies: after deleting, we may accidentally lose some other information.

Example Redundancy

| Name | Year | Term | Weeks | Degree |
|-------|-----------|------|-------|---------------------------|
| NLP | 2021/2022 | Т3 | 7 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Т3 | 6 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Т3 | 6 | Actuarial Science |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Т3 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | T1 | 6 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | T1 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| DMS | 2020/2021 | T2 | 2 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2020/2021 | T2 | 4 | Business Analytics |
| | | | | |

Example Update Anomalies

| Name | Year | Term | Weeks | Degree |
|-------|-----------|------|-------|---------------------------|
| NLP | 2021/2022 | Т3 | 7 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Т3 | 5 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Т3 | 6 | Actuarial Science |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | T3 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | T1 | 6 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | T1 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| DMS | 2020/2021 | T2 | 2 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2020/2021 | T2 | 4 | Business Analytics |
| | | | | |

Example Deletion Anomalies

| Name | Year | Term | Weeks | Degree |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------|-------|------------------------|
| XXX/P | <i>2021//2022</i> | 7/3/ | 7 | Bhusimess/Amalytics |
| D/M/\$/ | <i>2021//2022</i> | 7/3 | Ø | Bhusinhess/Ahnahytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Т3 | 6 | Actuarial Science |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Т3 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| D/-/V/i/z | <i>2021//2022</i> | 7/1/ | Ø | Bhusinhess/Ahnahytics |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | T1 | 6 | Actuarial Management |
| D/M/\$/ | <i>20/20///20/21</i> | 7/2/ | 2 | Błusiness/Amalytics |
| [<i>D</i>)/-/ <i>V/i/z</i> | 20/20///2021 | 7/2/ | 4 | Bhusinhess/Ahnallytics |
| | | | | |

Decomposition

A possible decomposition:

| Name | Year | Term | Weeks |
|-------|-----------|------|-------|
| NLP | 2021/2022 | T3 | 7 |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | T3 | 6 |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | T1 | 6 |
| DMS | 2020/2021 | T2 | 2 |
| D-Viz | 2020/2021 | T2 | 4 |

| Name | Year | Degree |
|-------|-----------|----------------------|
| NLP | 2021/2022 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Business Analytics |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Actuarial Science |
| DMS | 2021/2022 | Actuarial Management |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2021/2022 | Actuarial Management |
| DMS | 2020/2021 | Business Analytics |
| D-Viz | 2020/2021 | Business Analytics |
| | | |

References

- Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeff Ullman, and Jennifer Widom. Database Systems: The Complete Book, Pearson, 2008.
- ► Elmasri, Ramez, and Shamkant B. Navathe. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Global Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2016.