

CSE18R272-LAB MANUAL

KALASALINGAM ACADEMY OF RESEARCH AND EDUCATION

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND EDUCATION

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Section: A5

Course name: java programming

Course Code: CSE18R272

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Create a class called Invoice that a hardware store might use to represent an invoice for an item sold at the store. An Invoice should include four pieces of information as instance variables-a part number(type String),a part description(type String),a quantity of the item being purchased (type int) and a price per item (double). Your class should have a constructor that initializes the four instance variables. Provide a set and a get method for each instance variable.

In addition, provide a method named getInvoice Amount that calculates the invoice amount (i.e., multiplies the quantity by the price per item), then returns the amount as a double value. If the quantity is not positive, it should be set to 0. If the price per item is not positive, it should be set to 0.0. Write a test application named InvoiceTest that demonstrates class Invoice's capabilities.

Source Code:

```
class Employee{
    String firstname;
    String lastname;
    double salary;
    public Employee(String fn,String ln,double sal){
        firstname = fn;
        lastname = ln;
        if(salary<0){
            salary=0.0;
        }
        else{
            salary = sal;
        }
    }
    void setFn(String fn){
        firstname = fn;
    }
    void setLn(String ln){
        lastname=ln;
    }
}
```

```

void setSal(double sal){
    if(salary<0){
        salary=0.0;
    }
    else{
        salary = sal;
    }
}

String getFn(){
    return firstname;
}

String getLn(){
    return lastname;
}

double getsal(){
    return salary;
}

double sal(int percent){
    salary+=salary*((percent/100.0));

    return salary;
}

}

public class Main
{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Employee em1 = new Employee("Gnana Prakash"," Kodali ",40000);
        Employee em2 = new Employee("prakash"," k ",50000);

        System.out.println(em1.getFn() + em1.getLn() +em1.getsal());
    }
}

```

```

        System.out.println(em2.getFn() + em2.getLn() +em2.getsal());

        double s = em1.sal(10);

        System.out.println("Annual salary is " + (s*12));

        double s2 = em2.sal(15);

        System.out.println("Annual salary is " + (s2*12));

    }

}

```

2.) Create a class called Invoice that a hardware store might use to represent an invoice for an item sold at the store. An Invoice should include four pieces of information as instance variables-a part number(type String),a part description(type String),a quantity of the item being purchased (type int) and a price per item (double). Your class should have a constructor that initializes the four instance variables. Provide a set and a get method for each instance variable.

In addition, provide a method named getInvoice Amount that calculates the invoice amount (i.e., multiplies the quantity by the price per item), then returns the amount as a double value. If the quantity is not positive, it should be set to 0. If the price per item is not positive, it should be set to 0.0. Write a test application named InvoiceTest that demonstrates class Invoice's capabilities.

Source Code:

```

class Invoice{
    String partnumber;
    String partdescription;
    double price;
    int quantity;
    public Invoice(String pno,String pds,double rate,int qu){
        partnumber = pno;
        partdescription = pds;
        price = rate;
        quantity = qu;
        if(price<0){
            price=0.0;

```

```
}  
else{  
    price = rate;  
}  
if(quantity<0){  
    quantity=0;  
}  
else{  
    quantity = qu;  
}  
}  
void setPno(String pno){  
    partnumber = pno;  
}  
void setPds(String pds){  
    partdescription = pds;  
}  
void setPrice(double rate){  
    if(price<0){  
        price=0.0;  
    }  
    else{  
        price = rate;  
    }  
}  
void setQu(int qu){  
    if(quantity<0){  
        quantity=0;  
    }  
    else{  
        quantity = qu;  
    }  
}
```

```

    }
}
String getPno(){
    return partnumber;
}
String getPds(){
    return partdescription;
}
double getPrice(){
    return price;
}
int getQuant(){
    return quantity;
}
double getInvoice(){
    return (price*quantity);
}

}

public class Main
{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Invoice i = new Invoice("HP","Mouse",500,50);
        System.out.println("the invoice of " + i.getPno() + " " +i.getPds()+ " " +i.getPrice()+ "
"+i.getQuant());
        double bill = i.getInvoice();
        System.out.println("the net amount is "+ bill );

    }
}

```